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CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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FINANCIAL SECTION



WATKINS, WARD and STAFFORD

Professional Limited Liability Company Certified Public Accountants James L. Stafford, CPA
Harry W. Stevens, CPA
S. Keith Winfield, CPA
William B. Staggers, CPA
Michael W. McCully, CPA
R. Steve Sinclair, CPA
Marsha L. McDonald, CPA
Wanda S. Holley, CPA
Wanda S. Holley, CPA
Kobin Y. McCormick, CPA/PFS
J. Randy Scrivner, CPA
Kimberly S. Caskey, CPA
Susan M. Lummus, CPA
Thomas J. Browder, CPA

Stephen D. Finke, CPA
John N. Russell, CPA
Thomas A. Davis, CPA
Anita L. Goodrum, CPA
Ricky D. Allen, CPA
Jason D. Brooks, CPA
Robert E. Cordle, Jr., CPA
Perry C. Rackley, Jr., CPA
Jerry L. Gammel, CPA
Michael C. Knox, CPA
Clifford P. Stewart, CPA
Edward A. Maxwell, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Columbus Columbus, Mississippi

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbus, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbus, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, schedule of City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of the City's contributions on pages 4-11 and 46-48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Columbus, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as listed in the contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2020, on our consideration of the City of Columbus, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of the compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Columbus, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Columbus, Mississippi December 11, 2020 Watkins Ward and Stafford, Puc

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

This section of the City of Columbus' Financial Report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the City of Columbus' financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$11,368,465. Of this amount \$2,852,739 may be used to meet the City of Columbus' ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The \$(37,452,981) of unassigned net position shown on the statement of net position includes a \$40,076,924 reduction in net position as a result of GASB No. 68, which requires employers to disclose their share of the plan's unfunded pension liability. The plan is administered by PERS of Mississippi.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Columbus governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,480,510, an increase of \$1,122,439 in comparison to the prior year.
- The City of Columbus' total debt is \$25,669,892 (exclusive of compensated absences). Of that total, approximately \$4,681,889 of debt is for capital assets purchased under lease purchase agreements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts –management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents schedules for bonded indebtedness and other long-term notes and a schedule of surety bonds for municipal officers. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City of Columbus.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City of Columbus' overall financial status. (Pages 14-15)
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City of Columbus' operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The Governmental Funds statements tell how general government services such as public safety were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The City of Columbus has four Governmental Fund types: the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects. (Pages 17-20)

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. (Pages 23-44)

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the City of Columbus' financial statements, including the portion of the City of Columbus they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and content of each of the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Figure A-1

Major Features of the City of Columbus' Governmental-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Stat	ements
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire City Government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as Police, Fire, and Public Works	To account for resources held for the benefit of others
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position; Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet; Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Net Position; Statement of Changes in Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included
Type of inflow-outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payments are due during the year or soon thereafter	All collections and deductions during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City of Columbus as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City of Columbus' net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the City of Columbus' assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the City of Columbus' financial health or position.

• Over time, increases or decreases in the City of Columbus' net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

- To assess the overall health of the City of Columbus, the reader should consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City of Columbus' property tax base.
- Governmental activities Most of the City of Columbus' basic services are included here, such as police, fire, public works, agency appropriations, and general administration. Property taxes, sales and use taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Component Units The City includes two separate legal entities in its report The City of Columbus, Mississippi Light and Water Department, Electric Division and The City of Columbus, Mississippi Light and Water Department, Water Division.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City of Columbus' most significant funds—not the City as a whole. The "fund" level is where the basic unit of financial organization and operation within the City of Columbus exists. Funds are accounting tools that are used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. They are the basic budgetary and accounting entities.

- Some funds are required by the state law and by covenants.
- The City Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The City of Columbus has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the City of Columbus' basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash, and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that help determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City of Columbus' programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the governmental-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them. The measurement focus of the governmental funds is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balance of financial resources) rather than upon net income determination. These funds are maintained on a modified accrual basis of accounting (explained further in the notes to the financial statements under "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies"). The basic financial statements for governmental funds are the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. The City of Columbus utilizes four types of governmental funds: the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Project Funds.
- Fiduciary funds—Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties
 outside the City and are not available to support City programs. The City of Columbus has two
 fiduciary fund types (private purpose trust and agency) that are presented on Pages 21 and 22 of
 this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Government-wide Financial Analysis

A comparative analysis of government-wide data is presented in Tables A-1 through A-4.

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City of Columbus' assets exceeded liabilities by \$11,597,261 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A substantial portion, 382%, of the City's governmental activities net position reflects its investment in capital assets (such as land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; however, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position:

- Governmental long-term debt decrease of \$1,254,390 (exclusive of unfunded pension liability).
- Capital asset net decrease of \$2,010,014 for Governmental activities.

Table A-1
City of Columbus Net Position

0.	Governmenta	Increase/	
	2019	2018	(Decrease)
Cash and Other Assets	9,583,896	8,820,952	762,944
Capital Assets	56,702,099	58,712,113	(2,010,014)
Total Assets	66,285,995	67,533,065	(1,247,070)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,594,462	2,771,312	(1,176,850)
Other Liabilities	1,185,254	1,550,941	(365,687)
Long-term Liabilities	54,980,525	55,233,851	(253,326)
Total Liabilities	56,165,779	56,784,792	(619,013)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	346,213	685,408	(339,195)
Net Position:			
Invested in Capital Assets			
Net of Related Debt	43,412,543	43,493,673	(81,130)
Restricted	5,408,903	5,284,299	124,604
Unrestricted	(37,452,981)	(35,943,795)	(1,509,186)
Total Net Position	11,368,465	12,834,177	(1,465,712)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Changes in net position. Approximately 34.4 percent of the City of Columbus' revenue comes from property taxes, with 75.5 percent of all revenue coming from some type of tax. (See Table A-2). Another 18.1 percent comes from fees charged for services, and the balance is from operating and capital grants and contributions and investment earnings.

Table A-2 and the narrative that follows consider the operations of governmental activities.

Table A-2 Changes in the City's Net Position

	Governmenta	l Activities	Increase/
	2019	2018	(Decrease)
Revenue			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 5,219,045	3,758,904	1,460,141
Operating Grants & Contributions	710,279	204,261	506,018
Capital Grants & Contributions	484,587	416,337	68,250
General Revenues:	· ·		-
Property Taxes	9,925,803	9,812,818	112,985
Other Taxes	11,870,712	12,515,711	(644,999)
Investment Income	84,697	45,989	38,708
Other	573,428	327,506	245,922
Total Revenue	28,868,551	27,081,526	1,787,025
Expenses			
General Government	3,834,391	3,376,844	457,547
Public Safety	13,396,766	13,981,941	(585,175)
Public Works	6,780,096	7,292,187	(512,091)
Urban & Economic Development	1,623,921	1,455,000	168,921
Cemetary	115,577	125,698	(10,121)
Garage	835,841	832,333	3,508
Agency Appropriations	610,770	714,421	(103,651)
Culture & Recreation	2,142,716	3,007,501	(864,785)
Interest on Debt	987,042	969,869	17,173
Other on Long-term Debt	7,143	7,403	(260)
Total Expenses	30,334,263	31,763,197	(1,428,934)
ncrease (Decrease) in Net Position	(1,465,712)	(4,681,671)	3,215,959
Net Position - Beginning	12,834,177	17,515,848	(4,681,671)
Net Position - Ending	\$ 11,368,465	12,834,177	(1,465,712)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities decreased net assets by \$1,236,916. Key elements of this are as follows:

The largest funding sources for the City's governmental activities, as a percent of total revenues, are other taxes (41.1%) and property taxes (34.4%).

The largest expense categories for the City's governmental activities are public safety (44.2%) and public works (22.3%).

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City's Governmental Funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund - The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,852,739. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the fund balance, reserved and unreserved, to total fund expenditures. The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$1,004,027 during the current fiscal year. These amounts do not account for the effects of the net pension liability discussed earlier.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$3,900,555, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. The net decrease in fund balance during the year in the Debt Service Fund was \$404,777.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the construction and reconstruction of general public improvements, excluding projects related to business-type activities, which are accounted for elsewhere. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance was a surplus of \$28,404. The net increase in the fund balance during the current year in the Capital Projects Fund was \$59,943.

Special Revenue Fund — The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the programs and projects primarily funded by grants from the federal and state governments. At the end of the current fiscal year, no special revenue funds were available for future expenditures. The net change in the fund balance during the current year in the Special Revenue Fund was zero.

Budgetary Highlights

The City's annual budget, which is prepared on an operating basis, included estimated revenues and annual appropriations for the Governmental Funds. The total 2018-2019 operating budget charges amounted to \$32,942,582.

The City's total tax millage rate for the 2019 fiscal year was 47.59 mills. The breakdown of the millage rate is General Fund 36.47 mills, Police and Firemen's Retirement 5.82 mills, and General Obligation bonds 5.30 mills.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets – In accordance with GASB 34, the City has recorded depreciation expense associated with all of its capital assets, including infrastructure. The City's investment in capital assets for governmental activities as of September 30, 20199, amounted to \$119,765,375, net of accumulated depreciation of \$63,063,276. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress.

Table A-3
City of Columbus Capital Assets

	Governmen 2019	Increase/ (Decrease)	
Land	\$ 7,832,208	7,646,708	185,500
Buildings	22,863,112	22,863,112	-
Improv. Other Than Buildings	5,471,051	5,471,051	S.
Machinery & Equipment	14,005,968	13,652,395	353,573
Infrastructure	69,034,020	69,034,020	S#1
Construction-in-Progress	559,016	364,663	194,353
Accumulated Depreciation	(63,063,276)	(60,319,836)	(2,743,440)
Total	\$ 56,702,099	58,712,113	(2,010,014)

Long-Term Debt – At year-end, the City had \$25,669,892 in bonds and notes outstanding. More detailed information about the City of Columbus' long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table A-4
City of Columbus Outstanding Debt

		Government	Increase/	
		2019	2018	(Decrease)
General Obligation Bonds	\$	5,475,000	4,875,000	600,000
Special Assessment Bonds		12,190,246	12,997,996	(807,750)
TIF Bonds		2,833,123	3,033,647	(200,524)
Notes Payable		489,634	693,549	(203,915)
Capital Lease Obligations		4,681,889	5,275,891	(594,002)
Total	_\$_	25,669,892	26,876,083	(1,206,191)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City considered current year operational expenses and estimated increases based on economic factors when establishing the fiscal year 2020 budget. The total budgeted appropriation for the City operations in the governmental activities is \$32,942,582 (which includes \$24,077,391 in the general fund).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

CONTACTING THE CITY OF COLUMBUS FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City of Columbus' finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information please contact the City of Columbus' Secretary-Treasurer, Post Office Box 1408, Columbus, MS 39703.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements:
 - Governmental funds
 - Fiduciary funds

In addition, the notes to financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to the user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Net Position September 30, 2019

	Primary		
	Governmen	t Major Comp	onent Units
	Government		Water
	Activities	Department	Department
ASSETS			3
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,372,1	76 4,025,666	3,632,081
Investments, Restricted		,	4,238,813
Receivable, Net	598,1	27 6,469,065	1,474,468
Landfill Receivable	55,4	144	. ,
Intergovernmental Receivable	1,582,5		
Fines Receivable	15,0	011	
Inventory		778,491	169,890
Prepaid Expense		64,279	156,429
Notes Receivable	2,960,5		ŕ
Other Assets		1,339,290	150,600
Capital Assets:			,
Land and Construction in Progress	8,391,2	24 1,900,797	201,607
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	48,310,8		50,208,649
Total Assets	66,285,9		60,232,537
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unamortized Loss on Bond Defeasance		372,688	234,287
Deferred Outflows Related to		2.2,000	231,201
- Net Pension Liability	1,594,4	62 451,584	632,206
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,594,4		866,493
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	966,3	96 5 209 705	1 470 725
Customer Deposits	900,3	7 7	1,470,735
Other Liabilities	210 0	3,296,487	134,226
Long-term Liabilities:	218,8	68 47,858	
Due Within One Year	2,233,6	09 671,166	1,951,290
Due in More than One Year	23,936,19		14,049,590
Unfunded Pension Liability	28,810,7		6,948,831
Total Liabilities	56,165,7		24,554,672
DEFENDED THE OWN OF DESCRIPTIONS			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows Related to	0.44.0		
- Net Pension Liability Other	346,2		83,503
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	246.0	441,015	7,150
Total Deterred Inflows of Resources	346,2	1,267,173	90,653
<u>NET POSITION</u>			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	43,412,54	21,345,518	34,643,663
Restricted for:			
Expendable:			
Capital Improvements	28,40		
City-based Activities	1,698,81	2	
Debt Service	3,681,68	37	2,441,632
Unemployment Benefits			6,386
Unrestricted - Unassigned	(37,452,98		(637,976)
Total Net Position	\$ 11,368,46		36,453,705

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

		-		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) R	evenue and Changes in	Net Position
			Charges	Operating	Capital		Major Compo	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Primary Government	Electric	Water
Primary Government		LAPAUTCS .	- derites -	Contributions	Contributions	Government	Department	Department
Governmental Activities								
General Government	\$	3,834,391	1,433,891	567,306		\$ (1,833,194)		
Public Safety		13,396,766	620,913	104,948	22,525	(12,648,380)		
Public Works		6,780,096	2,269,593	38,025	44,964	(4,427,514)		
Cemetery		115,577	57,640		**	(57,937)		
Culture and Recreation		2,142,716	558,483		225,000	(1,359,233)		
Conservation, Urban and Economic Development		1,623,921	278,525	3	192,098	(1,153,298)		
Intergovernmental Garage		835,841	160	<u></u>	152,050	(835,841)		
Agency Appropriations		610,770	196	20	12.0	(610,770)		
Interest on Long-term Debt		987,042			100	(987,042)		
Other on Long-term Debt		7,143	9.000	-		(7,143)		
I otal Primary Government		30,334,263	5,219,045	710,279	484,587	(23,920,352)		
	-							
Major Component Units								
Electric Department		40,205,523	39,788,595				(416,928)	
Water Department	-	10,553,910	10,976,545					422,635
Total Major Component Units	\$	50,759,433	50,765,140				(416,928)	422,635
		ral Revenues						
		xes						
		Property Taxes				9,925,803		
		Sales and Use Taxe	\$			9,748,367		
		Other Taxes				2,122,345		
			not Restricted to Spe	ecific Programs				
		estment Income				84,697	25,811	87,772
	Ott				4	573,428	610,216	88,872
		Total General Reve	nues			22,454,640	636,027	176,644
		Change in Net Pos	ition			(1,465,712)	219,099	599,279
	Net Pe	osition, October I,	2018			12,834,177	18,148,430	35,854,426
	Net Po	osition, September :	30, 2019			\$ 11,368,465	18,367,529	36,453,705

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements,

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds September 30, 2019

	·	General	Digital Water Meter Debt Service Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,821,238		2,550,938	4,372,176
Landfill Receivable	Ψ	55,444	22	2,550,956	4,372,176 55,444
Intergovernment Receivables		1,319,934	151	262,620	1,582,554
Loans Receivable			2,556,726	403,858	2,960,584
Fines Receivable		15,011	=,000,720	105,050	15,011
Other Receivables		542,135	-	55,992	598,127
Due from Other Funds	-	145,501		434,848	580,349
Total Assets	\$	3,899,263	2,556,726	3,708,256	10,164,245
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable		792,871		173,515	966,386
Due to Other Funds		116,653	72,705	390,991	580,349
Compensated Absences	-	137,000			137,000
Total Liabilities		1,046,524	72,705	564,506	1,683,735
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for:					
Capital Improvements				28,404	28,404
Debt Service		2	2,484,021	1,416,534	3,900,555
Other Commitments			*	1,698,812	1,698,812
Unassigned	-	2,852,739			2,852,739
Total Fund Balances	-	2,852,739	2,484,021	3,143,750	8,480,510
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,899,263	2,556,726	3,708,256	10,164,245

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2019

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	8,480,510
Amounts reported for governmental activities in Statement of Net Position are diffe	erent because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Governmental Capital Assets	119,765,375		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(63,063,276)		56,702,099
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Long-Term Liabilities	(54,843,525)		
Accrued Interest Payable	(218,868)		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,594,462		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(346,213)	_	(53,814,144)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		_\$	11,368,465

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

DEVENUE	General	Digital Water Meter Debt Service Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Property Taxes	0.656.504		1.040.040	
Licenses and Permits	8,656,584		1,269,219	9,925,803
Intergovernmental Revenues	599,637	00.001	4.044.540	599,637
•	11,045,088	80,921	1,916,543	13,042,552
Charges for Governmental Services Fines and Forfeits	2,591,339) -	139,526	2,730,865
Interest Income	383,634	340	2,060	385,694
	77,824	:-)	6,873	84,697
Other Revenues	1,993,281		106,022	2,099,303
Total Révenues	25,347,387	80,921	3,440,243	28,868,551
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	3,267,232	2	632,017	3,899,249
Public Safety	11,336,474		341,065	11,677,539
Public Works	5,126,852		128,636	5,255,488
Cemetery	115,577	<u></u>		115,577
Culture and Recreation	1,383,674	¥	603,138	1,986,812
Conservation, Urban and Economic Development	1,136,932		72,937	1,209,869
Intergovernmental-Garage	784,240	2	-,	784,240
Agency Appropriations	610,770	· ·	2	610,770
Debt Service:	, , , , ,			0.0,770
Principal	423,907	263,366	1,317,644	2,004,917
Interest	29,208	100,160	865,140	994,508
Paying Agent Fees	1,687	,	5,456	7,143
Total Expenditures	24,216,553	363,526	3,966,033	28,546,112
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				2010 101712
(Under) Expenditures	1,130,834	(282,605)	(525,790)	322,439
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds of Debt	200,000		600,000	800,000
Transfers from Other Departments	1,202,422		730,149	1,932,571
Transfers to Other Departments	(1,529,229)	950 920	(403,342)	(1,932,571)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(126,807)		926,807	800,000
The same I make mg Doubles (Cases)	(120,007)		920,807	800,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,004,027	(282,605)	401,017	1,122,439
Fund Balances, October 1, 2018	1,848,712	2,766,626	2,742,733	7,358,071
Fund Balances, September 30, 2019	\$ 2,852,739	2,484,021	3,143,750	8,480,510

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 1,122,439
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:		
Expenditures for Capital Assets	733,426	
Less Current Year Depreciation	(2,743,440)	(2,010,014)
Bond and loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of borrowed principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds:		
Bond and Loan Proceeds	(800,000)	
Principal Payments	2,004,917	
Amortization of Bond Premiums	2,750	
Amortization of Bond Discounts	(1,476)	1,206,191
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in Unfunded Pension Liability	(1,838,719)	
Change in long-term Compensated Absences	48,199	
Change in Accrued Interest Payable	6,192	(1,784,328)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Funds		\$ (1,465,712)

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2019

	Private-	
	Purpose	Agency
	Trust	Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 242,701	1,139,337
Receivables (Net)	8.	61,561
Total Assets	242,701	1,200,898
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		905,672
Other Liabilities		295,226
Total Liabilities	<u></u>	1,200,898
NET POSITION		
Net Position	\$ 242,701	

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Private- Purpose Trust
ADDITIONS Revenues	·
Interest Income	\$ 25,860
Total Revenues	25,860
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers to Other Departments	21,330
Total Other Financing Sources	21,330
Total Additions	4,530
Change in Net Position	4,530
Net Position, October 1, 2018	238,171
Net Position, September 30, 2019	\$ 242,701

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the City of Columbus (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

b. The Financial Reporting Entity

The citizens of Columbus, Mississippi, have elected to operate under a Mayor-City Council form of government as permitted by Mississippi Statutes 21-8-1.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic - but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities.

Based on the criteria above, the component units of the City, for GAAP purposes, include the Columbus Light and Water Department (Electric and Water Division). The Electric and Water Divisions were created to provide electric, water, and sewer services to residents of the City. The governing bodies of the Electric and Water Division are appointed by the City Council. Both the Electric and Water Divisions were audited separately and the complete audited financial statements may be obtained from each respective administrative office.

Component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. Each component unit is considered major and is therefore shown separately.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

c. Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The City's public safety, public works, sanitary landfill, solid waste, care and maintenance of public property, health and welfare, conservation, urban and economic development, central garage, and general government services are classified as governmental activities. The City does not have any business type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is presented on a consolidated basis by column and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions (police, fire, public works, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, utility, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (police, fire, etc.). Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales or use taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

d. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1. Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is based upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

- **a. General Fund** is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- **b. Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- c. Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.
- **d.** Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type/proprietary funds).

2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support City programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statement by type (private-purpose trust and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

e. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual:

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

f. Financial Statement Amounts

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The City defines cash equivalents as short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturity dates of three months or less.

2. Inventory:

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. <u>Capital Assets</u>:

Capital assets are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 years
Mobile equipment	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5-10 years
Other infrastructure	20 - 30 years
Leased property under capital leases	* years

(*) The useful lives will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed.

4. Fund Balances:

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as restricted, assigned, or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the City:

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the City Council pursuant to authorization established by the City's approved fund balance policy.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the city's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the city's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

5. Revenues:

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Property taxes are billed and collected within the same period in which the taxes are levied. Subsidies and grants, which finance either capital or current operations, are reported as nonoperating revenue based on GASB No. 33. In applying GASB No. 33 to grant revenues, the provider recognizes liabilities and expenses and the recipient recognizes receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as advances by the provider and deferred revenue by the recipient.

6. Expenditures:

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Inventory costs are reported in the period when inventory items are used, rather than in the period purchased.

7. Compensated Absences:

The City accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employeerelated costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

8. Interfund Activity:

Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

9. Basis of Budgeting:

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 15, the CFO submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at least one week prior to adoption of the budget in the City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Budgets for the General, Special, Capital Projects, and Debt Funds are adopted on the cash basis.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council.

10. <u>Self-insurance Reserves</u>:

The City is self-insured for medical coverage. Medical coverage is provided by a combined fully-funded gap policy and self-funded major medical. The breakdown of coverage is as follows:

Self-funded claims
Fully-funded excess coverage insurance

\$500 - \$50,000 \$50,000 +

Insurance reserves are calculated on an undiscounted basis based on actual claim data and estimates of incurred but not reported claims developed utilizing historical claim trends. Projected settlements and incurred but not reported claims are estimated based on pending claims, historical trends, and data. Though the City does not expect them to do so, actual settlements and claims could have an adverse effect on the results of operations and financial condition.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

11. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include depreciation expense and net pension liability.

NOTE 2: CASH, OTHER DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All of the City's funds eligible to be included in the State's collateral pool were properly included and were fully collateralized as of September 30, 2019.

The bank balance of the City's deposits with financial institutions was \$6,319,493 on September 30, 2019, and the carrying amount was \$5,754,214. Of the \$5,754,214 carrying amount, \$4,372,176 is shown on the Statement of Net Position and the remaining \$1,382,038 is shown on the Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds.

Custodial Credit Risk — Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the City. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the City.

NOTE 3: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2019, are:

A. Due from/to other funds

	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
General Fund	\$ 145,501	116,653
Digital Water Meter Debt Fund		72,705
Other Governmental Funds	434,848	390,991
Total Funds	\$ <u>580,349</u>	580,349

The amounts due to or due from other funds primarily represent amounts loaned between funds for timing differences between revenues and expenditures and cash balances.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund	\$ 1,202,422	1,529,229
Other Governmental Funds	730,149	403,342
	\$ <u>1,932,571</u>	<u>1,932,571</u>

All inter-fund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

NOTE 4: NOTES RECEIVABLE

On the Statement of Net Position, notes receivable from Columbus Light & Water in the amount of \$2,960,584 consists of a \$403,858 receivable from the Electric Division and \$2,556,726 due from the Water Division.

NOTE 5: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance 9/30/2018	Additions	Retire- ments	Completed Construction	Adjustments	Balance 9/30/2019
Governmental Activities		11				
Non-depreciable Capital Assets						
Land	\$ 7,646,708	185,500	-		5 .7 ./	7,832,208
Construction in Progress	364,663	194,353	-		:	559,016
Total Non-depreciable Capital Assets	8,011,371	379,853				8,391,224
Depreciable Capital Assets						
Buildings	22,863,112	45	(<u>-2</u>)		a	22,863,112
Equipment	12,021,880	353,573		*		12,375,453
Improvements Other than Buildings	5,471,051	=	74	2	· ·	5,471,051
Infrastructure	69,034,020		596			69,034,020
Leased Property Under Capital Lease	1,630,515	. 2				1,630,515
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	111,020,578	353,573			-	111,374,151
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Buildings	8,505,476	466,585				8,972,061
Equipment	9,147,194	607,414				9,754,608
Improvements Other than Buildings	866,706	218,842				1,085,548
Infrastructure	41,156,478	1,200,469				42,356,947
Leased Property Under Capital Lease	643,982	250,130	-			894,112
Total Accumulated Depreciation	60,319,836	2,743,440				63,063,276
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	50,700,742	(2,389,867)		Vii.		48,310,875
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 58,712,113	(2,010,014)				56,702,099

			Amount
Governmental Activities:			
General Government	*	\$	72,046
Public Safety		25	698,911
Public Works			1,387,100
Culture and Recreation			178,770
Conservation, Urban and Economic Development			406,613
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities		\$	2,743,440

NOTE 5: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)</u>

Discretely presented component units

Activity for Columbus Light and Water Department–Electric Division for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at
	6/30/2018	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2019
Distribution Plant	\$50,031,212	1,014,927	(182,414)	50,863,725
General Plant	5,921,295	312,165		6,233,460
	55,952,507	1,327,092	(182,414)	57,097,185
Construction work in progress	215,931	1,539,896		1,755,827
	56,168,438	2,866,988	(182,414)	58,853,012
Accumulated depreciation	(28,244,741)	(2,179,576)	287,228	(30,137,089)
Total Net Plant and Equipment	\$27,923,697	687,412	104,814	28,715,923

Depreciation in the discretely presented component unit, Columbus Light and Water-Electric Division, for the fiscal year June 30, 2019 was \$1,980,699.

Activity for Columbus Light and Water Department-Water Department for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at
	<u>09/30/2018</u>	Additions	Deletions	09/30/2019
Wastewater Treatment Plant	\$18,975,768	8	=	18,975,768
Utility Plant in Service	98,230,826	948,351	(27,530)	99,151,647
General Plant	2,633,278	197,774		2,831,052
	119,839,872	1,146,125	(27,530)	120,958,467
Construction work in Progress	256,089	586,316	(790,979)	51,426
	120,095,961	1,732,441	(818,509)	121,009,893
Accumulated depreciation	(67,516,848)	(3,110,319)	27,530	(70,599,637)
Total Net Plant and Equipment	\$52,579,113	\$(1,377,878)	\$(790,979)	\$50,410,256

Depreciation in the discretely presented component unit, Columbus Light and Water-Water Division, for the fiscal year September 30, 2019 was \$3,003,777.

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 9/30/2018	Additions	Re- ductions	A 32	Balance	Within One
General Obligation Bonds	9/30/2018	Additions	ductions	Adjustments	9/30/2019	Year
	4 075 000					
General Obligation Note, Series 2014	4,875,000		200,000		4,675,000	400,000
General Obligation Note, Series 2019		800,000	-		800,000	-
Special Assessment Bonds Payable						
Mississippi Development Bank, 2010	5,695,000		510,000		5,185,000	515,000
Add: Premiums	32,996			(2,750)	30,246	2,750
Mississippi Development Bank, 2013	1,770,000		145,000		1,625,000	150,000
Mississippi Development Bank, 2016	5,500,000		150,000		5,350,000	150,000
Tax Increment Financing Bonds						
Tax Increment Financing Bonds, 2015	1,990,000		145,000		1,845,000	90,000
Less: Discounts	(20,353)			1,476	(18,877)	(1,476)
Tax Increment Financing Bonds, 2016	1,064,000		57,000		1,007,000	60,000
Notes Payable						-
Mississippi Development Authority, 200	09 60,171		4,901		55,270	5,008
Mississippi Development Authority, 201	84,735		26,134		58,601	26,634
Mississippi Development Authority, 201	98,642		22,879		75,763	23,360
Columbus Light & Water Department	450,000		150,000		300,000	150,000
Capital Leases						ŕ
Bankfirst, Lease Purchase Note	270,511		54,927		215,584	61,341
Regions Bank, Lease Purchase Note	1,320,023		110,644		1,209,379	114,227
Regions Bank, Lease Purchase Note	2,766,626		263,366		2,503,260	216,290
Regions Bank, Lease Purchase Note	19,764		15,321		4,443	4,443
Regions Bank, Lease Purchase Note	53,785		38,531		15,254	15,255
Trustmark National Bank	845,183		111,214		733,969	113,777
Compensated Absences	548,106		48,199		499,907	137,000
Total	\$ 27,424,189	800,000	2,053,116	(1,274)	26,169,799	2,233,609

Disclosure of future maturities for all long-term liabilities is contained in the other supplemental information that follows the notes to financial statements.

All liabilities of The City of Columbus are secured by the full faith and credit of the municipality.

The outstanding issue of general obligation bonds, series 2014, is due in annual installments ranging from \$163,403 to \$638,938 through the year 2029 with 3.25% annual interest.

The outstanding issue of general obligation bonds, series 2019, is due in full at final maturity on July 1, 2026. Interest of 3.34% is due annually beginning July 1, 2021.

The outstanding issues of special assessment bonds are due in annual installments ranging from \$115,000 to \$999,180 each through various dates, the last of which is the year 2031. Interest rates range from 2.0% to 4.55%.

The outstanding issues of tax increment financing bonds are due in annual installments ranging from \$80,000 to \$295,000 each through various dates, the last of which is the year 2032. Interest rates range from 5.75% to 7.125%

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The notes payable with Mississippi Development Authority dated June 12, 2007, consist of monthly payments in the amount of \$2,760.40 for 120 months with 2.0% annual interest.

The notes payable with Mississippi Development Authority dated September 17, 2009, terms consist of monthly payments in the amount of \$505.88 for 240 months with 2.0% annual interest.

The notes payable with Mississippi Development Authority dated February 1, 2012, terms consist of monthly payments in the amount of \$2,300.34 for 120 months with 2.0% annual interest.

The notes payable with Mississippi Development Authority dated August 5, 2010, terms consist of monthly payments in the amount of \$2,054.95 for 120 months with 2.0% annual interest.

The capital lease agreement with Regions Bank dated May 17, 2012, terms consist of monthly payments in the amount of \$4,440.40 for 60 months with 2.09% annual interest.

The outstanding capital lease agreements with Regions Equipment Finance Corporation terms consist of quarterly payments ranging from \$37,891 to \$72,705, or monthly payments ranging from \$1,115 to \$3,000, the last of which is the year 2029. Interest rates range from 1.99% to 3.20%.

The outstanding capital lease agreements with Trustmark National Bank terms consist of monthly payments ranging from \$3,612 to \$10,777, the last of which is the year 2025. Interest rates range from 1.62% to 2.28%.

The outstanding note payable with Columbus Light & Water Department terms consist of annual payments ranging from \$100,000 to \$150,000, the last of which is the year 2020.

The capital lease agreement with Bankfirst Financial Services dated February 6, 2018, terms consist of monthly payments in the amount of \$5,494 for 60 months with 2.40% annual interest.

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Discretely presented component units

Long-term debt for Columbus Light and Water-Electric Division at June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

		alance at /30/2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 06/30/2019	Due Within One Year
Notes Payable to City of						
Columbus for Construction	\$	602,196	=	(158,034)	\$ 444,162	151,166
Mississippi Development Bank Special Obligation Bonds - Series 2009 dated August 5, 2009 Mississippi Development Bank		398,372	71,628	æ	470,000	470,000
Revenue Refunding Bonds -						
Series 2017 dated February 9, 2017	-	6,525,977		(18,271)	6,507,706	50,000
Total Long-term Debt	<u>\$</u>	7,526,545	71,628	(176,305)	\$ 7,421,868	671,166

Long-term debt for Columbus Light and Water-Water Division at September 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

	Balance at <u>06/30/2018</u>	Additions	Reductions	Balance at <u>06/30/2019</u>	Due Within One Year
Special Obligation Bonds 2017 Series Total Special Obligation Bonds	\$ 5,609,004 5,609,004		(1,540,353)	<u>4,068,651</u> 4,068,651	1,625,000 1,625,000
Revenue Refunding Bonds					
2012 Series	557,804	**	(557,804)		-
2015 Series	9,499,627		(124,124)	9,375,503	120,000
Total Revenue Refunding Bonds	10,057,431		(681,928)	9,375,503	120,000
Other Long-term Debt City of Columbus -					
Water Meter Project Total Other Long-term Debt	2,766,626	<u>-</u>	(209,900)	2,556,726	206,290
Total Long-term Debt	18,433,061		(2,432,181)	16,000,880	1,951,290

NOTE 7: DISABILITY RELIEF FUND

In the past, the City has sponsored and administered the Policemen's and Firemen's Disability Relief Fund. It was accounted for as a separate Pension Trust Fund. Effective July 1, 1987, this fund was administered by the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS). All required contributions and property taxes are being transferred monthly. The Pension Fund is funded by contributions from employees and from a tax assessment of 5.67 mills. The City is not obligated to fund the Pension Trust Fund with any general fund resources. Benefits are paid to the participants or beneficiaries based on a percentage of the base pay when the person qualifies. The City has no unfunded pension liability with respect to the Pension Trust Fund.

The contribution made for active and retired employees for the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017, were \$1,100,734, \$1,061,098, and \$1,030,986, respectively.

NOTE 8: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u>

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011). plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of September 30, 2019 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The City's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$1,669,730, \$1,697,735, and \$1,575,411, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$28,810,726 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.163772 percent.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,838,719. At September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 8: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

]	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
actual experience	\$	17,044	(31,013)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			(315,200)
Changes of assumptions		282,464	
Change in proportion percentage		842,166	
City contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	452,788	
	\$_	1,594,462	(346,213)

\$452,788 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30,	
2020	\$ 689,532
2021	6,153
2022	(31,759)
2023	131,535
	\$ 795,461

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00 - 18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTE 8: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Morality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018. The experience report is dated October 9, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27	%	4.90	%
International Equity	22		4.75	
Global Equity	12		5.00	
Fixed Income	20		1.50	
Real Assets	10		4.00	
Private Equity	8		6.25	
Cash	1		0.25	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 8: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

				Current		
		1% Decrease (6.75%)		Discount Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)
City's proportionate share of The net pension liability	Φ.	27,070,600	Φ.	20.010.726	Φ.	21 222 222
1	2	37,872,698	\$	28,810,726	\$	21,330,882

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

NOTE 9: <u>JOINT VENTURES AND OTHER</u>

The City of Columbus and Lowndes County, Mississippi, are in several significant joint ventures. The following is a brief description of each joint venture:

I.	Name:	Columbus Redevelopment Authority
	Purpose:	To lead a major restoration project in Columbus.
	Government:	A board made up of five members appointed by the Mayor and City.
	Financing:	Bond issued for Columbus Redevelopment Authority that includes an agreement with the City to include in its General Fund budget sufficient monies to repay the principal and interest of the Bond. In August 2017, the council voted to earmark one mill for the Urban Renewal Project for 2017 and 1.75 in 2018 and thereafter for the next 2 years until the bonded debt has been satisfied.
	Degree of Control Over Budgeting and	,
	Financing:	N/A
II.	Name:	Columbus/Lowndes County Library
	Purpose:	To operate a public library
	Government:	A board made up of ten members appointed by the Mayor and City Council (5) and the Lowndes County Board of Supervisors (5).
	Financing:	Taxes levied by both the City and County.

NOTE 9: JOINT VENTURES AND OTHER (CONTINUED)

Degree of Control Over Budgeting and

Financing: A budget is submitted to the City Council and Board of

Supervisors for review and approval. After reviewing the budget the governing bodies advise the Library Board how much they

will provide for the operation of the Library.

III. Name:

Columbus/Lowndes County Convention and Visitors Bureau Purpose: To promote tourism within the City and County.

Government: A board made up of nine members appointed by the Mayor and

> City Council (4); the Board of Supervisors for Lowndes County (4); and the County and City jointly appoint one individual at

Financing: A special two percent (2%) sales tax on certain restaurants and

hotels has been designated to be used to promote tourism in

Columbus and Lowndes County.

Degree of Control Over Budgeting and

Financing: N/A

The City also participates jointly with two surrounding counties and cities in providing partial funding for the Golden Triangle Regional Airport. The City appoints one of the five commissioners.

The City also is participating jointly with several surrounding cities and counties in the Golden Triangle Regional Solid Waste Management Authority, Inc. The purpose of the Authority is to provide a regional solid waste disposal facility. The City appoints ten of the thirty-eight board members. The City, as well as other surrounding cities and counties, has guaranteed certain debt of the Authority.

The above joint ventures are considered as separate reporting entities by the City's administration. Accordingly, the joint ventures have not been included in these financial statements, except the funding of each has been recorded as expenditures.

The City participates with the County in the Columbus/Lowndes Airport located on Highway 69. The County reimburses the City for 50% of any expenses exceeding revenue.

The City and County also share in the operation of the E-911 salaries expense.

The City, through an interlocal agreement, assigns certain personnel, and provides office space and utilities to the Metro Narcotics Unit.

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Under GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risks Financing and Related Insurance Issues, a liability for claims must be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and that the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. As of the date of this audit report, there were no known claims above the amount of coverage purchased for risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and the destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters at September 30, 2019; therefore, no liability has been accrued at this time.

NOTE 11: PROPERTY TAX

The Mayor and Board of Alderman, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the succeeding year. The City taxes are collected and remitted to the City by the Lowndes County Tax Collector.

The distribution of taxes to funds was made in accordance with prescribed tax levies, and uncollected taxes were properly handled.

Delinquent taxes are not recorded as assets.

NOTE 12: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City, after consultation with counsel, that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various Federal and State agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise is not believed to be material.

NOTE 13: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of

NOTE 13: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of City of Columbus, Mississippi evaluated the activity of the city through December 11, 2020, and determined that the following subsequent events are required to be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements:

Since the advent of the COVID-19 pandemic in March 2020, the City of Columbus has maintained relative operative normalcy. To date, national COVID-19 related regulation has not significantly adversely impacted operations. As of the date of the audit report, management declines to speculate on when the return to pre-COVID-19 operations will occur, but does not anticipate a material impact on normal operations for the city.

On December 10, 2020, The City was notified that The Office of the State Auditor of Mississippi has received a check in settlement of The City's claim against the bonding company for the misappropriation of City funds by The City's former CFO. The Office of the State Auditor will release the funds to The City at a later date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

DEVENIMO	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive(Negative)
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$ 8,758,300	0 617 000	0 656 501	20 506
Licenses and Permits	-,,	8,617,988	8,656,584 599,637	38,596
	557,000	636,537	,	(36,900)
Intergovernmental Revenues	11,689,289	12,130,821	11,045,088	(1,085,733)
Charges for Services	2,155,465	1,810,080	2,591,339	781,259
Fines and Forfeits	374,020	433,121	383,634	(49,487)
Interest Income	21,000	77,824	77,824	
Miscellaneous Revenues	262,300	256,269	1,993,281	1,737,012
Total Revenues	23,817,374	23,962,640	25,347,387	1,384,747
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General Government	4,702,013	4,207,520	3,267,232	940,288
Public Safety	11,516,875	11,332,522	11,336,474	(3,952)
Public Works	4,786,395	5,038,893	5,126,852	(87,959)
Cemetery	99,500	115,577	115,577	
Culture and Recreation	262,425	337,150	1,383,674	(1,046,524)
Conservation, Urban and Economic Development	735,156	990,130	1,136,932	(146,802)
Intergovernmental-Garage	794,673	807,676	784,240	23,436
Agency Appropriations	772,800	558,116	610,770	(52,654)
Debt Service	407,554	454,802	454,802	
Total Expenditures	24,077,391	23,842,386	24,216,553	(374,167)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(260,017)	120,254	1,130,834	1,010,580
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds of Debt		£\$3	200,000	200,000
Transfers from Other Departments	260,000	804,341	1,202,422	398,081
Transfers to Other Departments	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(1,529,229)	(1,529,229)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	260,000	804,341	(126,807)	(931,148)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(17)	924,595	1,004,027	79,432
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,275,285	4,275,285	1,848,712	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,275,268	5,199,880	2,852,739	(2,347,141)

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	-	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	\$	28,810,726	27,809,662	25,292,826	26,457,216	22,769,212
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability		0.163772%	0.167196%	0.152152%	0.148116%	0.147297%
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,665,423	10,677,041	9,760,641	9,475,346	9,202,286
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		270.13%	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57_47%	61.70%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 9/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of the City's Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years

	-	2019	2018	2017	2016	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,669,730	1,697,735	1,575,411	1,566,462	1,458,235
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,669,730	1,697,735	1,575,411	1,566,462	1,458,235
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_					
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,328,849	10,780,512	10,002,615	9,945,790	9,258,635
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		16.17%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

Required City contributions were 15.75% through June 30, 2018. Effective July 1, 2019, ther required contribution increased to 17.40%

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 9/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information

NOTE 1 – GENERAL INFORMATION

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the City's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the City Council of the City, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the various departments, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the encumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the City Council that the budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The City's budget is prepared in accordance with the requirements established by the Office of the State Auditor of Mississippi. These requirements require revenues to be budgeted based on actual cash receipts and expenditures to be budgeted based on actual expenses including those incurred and paid within 30 days after year end. The comparison of budget and actual is based on budget as required by the OSA and on actual based on modified accrual accounting. The variance between the two reporting methods is not considered to be material to the comparison.

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget and Actual presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund.

NOTE 3 - EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended September 30, 2019:

Excess		
\$	55,153	
	24,137	
	567	
	1,384,372	
	72,323	
	363,526	
	312,166	
	118,481	
	115,760	
	8,366	
	\$	\$ 55,153 24,137 567 1,384,372 72,323 363,526 312,166 118,481 115,760

The excess expenditures over budget in the above funds is a violation of Section 21-35-15 Miss Code Ann. (1972).

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Notes to Required Supplementary Information

NOTE 4 – UNBUDGETED FUNDS

The following were unbudgeted funds that had expenditures for the year ended September 30, 2019:

Fund	Expenditures
Parks and Recreations	\$ 1,036,361
Municipal Resource	52,500
Storm 2019	560,504
Series 2014 Bonds	189,426
BEP Program	69,161
TAP Grant Hwy 82 & 2nd Street Renovation	54,551
2014 Bonds - Infrastructual Improvements	10,230
2016 Bonds - Infrastructual Improvements	189

Pension Schedules

NOTE 1 - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

In 2016, the assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

In 2017, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives. The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. Finally, the percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Notes to Required Supplementary Information

NOTE 1 - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

In 2019 the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PUBS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following small adjustments. For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% from ages 75 to 119. Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally. The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to Pub T.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments. For males, 137% of male rates at all ages, and for females, 155% of female rates at all ages. The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75% and the wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%. Withdrawal rates, preretirement morality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

NOTE 2 - CHANGES OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

NOTE 3 – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method
Amortization method

Remaining amortization period

A distribution pe

Asset valuation method

Price inflation

Salary increase

Investment rate of return

Entry age

Level percentage of payroll, open

38.4 years

5-year smoothed market

3.00 percent

3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation

7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness - Governmental Activites September 30, 2019

	Maturity Interest		Balance	Transa	Balance	
Name and Date	Date	Date Percent	10/1/18	Issued	Redeemed	9/30/19
neral Obligation, Special Obligation, and Governmental Activities:	TIF Bonds					
Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2010	2019	2.75	510,000		510,000	
conganon 201100 20110	2020	3.75	515,000		510,000	515,000
	2021	4.00	530,000			530,000
	2022	4.25	350,000			350,000
	2023	4.25	360,000			360,000
	2024	4.25	375,000			375,000
	Thereafter	4.25	3,055,000			3,055,000
Total			5,695,000		510,000	5,185,000
Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2013						
Special Congation Bollas, Series 2013	2019	4.55	145,000		145,000	72
	2020	4.55	150,000		143,000	150,000
	2021	4.55	155,000			155,000
	2022	4.55	165,000			165,000
	2023	4.55	170,000			170,000
	2024	4.55	180,000			180,000
	Thereafter	4.55	805,000			805,000
Total	Thorcartor	4.55	1,770,000		145,000	1,625,000
General Obligation Note, Series 2014						
General Congation Note, Beries 2014	2019	3.25	200,000		200,000	18
	2020	3.25	400,000		200,000	400,000
	2020	3.25	500,000			500,000
	2022	3.25	500,000			500,000
	2023	3.25	500,000			500,000
	2023	3.25	500,000			500,000
	Thereafter	3.25	2,275,000			2,275,000
Total	Thoroattor	3.23	4,875,000		200,000	4,675,000
Tax Increment Financing, Series 2015						
Tax merement Financing, Series 2015	2019	6.00	145,000		145,000	2
	2020	6.00	90,000		,	90,000
	2021	6.00	100,000			100,000
	2022	6.00	105,000			105,000
	2023	6.00	110,000			110,000
	2024	7.125	115,000			115,000
361	Thereafter	7.125	1,325,000		10.	1,325,000
Total			1,990,000		145,000	1,845,000
Tax Increment Financing, Series 2016	2019	5.75	57,000		57,000	2
3010	2020	5.75	60,000		2,,000	60,000
	2021	5.75	64,000			64,000
	2022	5.75	68,000			68,000
	2023	5.75	72,000			72,000
	2024	5.75	76,000			76,000
	Thereafter	5.75	667,000			667,000
Total		5.75	1,064,000		57,000	1,007,000
- 		-	1,007,000		37,000	1,007,000

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness - Governmental Activites September 30, 2019

	Maturity	Saturity Interest Balance		Trans	Balance	
Name and Date	Date Percent		10/1/18	Issued	Redeemed	9/30/19
Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2016	2019	2.48	150,000		150,000	
	2020	2.48	150,000		,	150,000
	2021	2.48	150,000			150,000
	2022	2.48	150,000			150,000
	2023	2.48	235,000			235,000
	2024	2.48	275,000			275,000
	Thereafter	2.48	4,390,000			4,390,000
Total			5,500,000		150,000	5,350,000
General Obligation Note, Series 2019	2019	3.34				110
	2020	3.34	(a)			
	2021	3.34	0.00			o *
	2022	3.34				69
	2023	3.34				9=
	2024	3.34	S.			ju s
	Thereafter	3.34	31.	800,000		800,000
Total				800,000	-	800,000
al General Obligation, Special Obliga	tion, and TIF	Bonds				
Governmental Activities			\$ 20,894,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 1,207,000	\$ 20,487,000

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Long-Term Notes - Governmental Activities September 30, 2019

2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024	2,00 2,00 2,00 2,00	4,901 5,008 5,110	Issued	Redeemed 4,901	9/30/2019
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024	2.00 2.00 2.00	5,008		4,901	
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024	2.00 2.00 2.00	5,008		4,901	
2021 2022 2023 2024	2.00 2.00	,			
2022 2023 2024	2.00	5 110			5,008
2023 2024		3,110			5,110
2024	0.00	5,213			5,213
	2.00	5,318			5,318
	2.00	5,425			5,425
Thereafter	2.00	29,196	19		29,196
		60,171		4,901	55,270
2010	2.00	26 134		26 134	
				20,134	26,634
					27,171
		,			4,796
2022	2,00	84,735		26,134	58,601
2010	• • • •			** ***	
				22,879	20.040
					23,360
		-			23,832
		•			24,313
2023	2.00			00.050	4,258
		98,642	•	22,879	75,763
2019	0.05	150.000		150.000	
		,		100,000	150,000
					150,000
	0.00	450,000		150,000	300,000
ities	ā	\$ 693,548	\$ -	\$ 203,914	\$ 489,634
i	2019 2020 2021 2022 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2019 2020 2021	2020 2.00 2021 2.00 2022 2.00 2019 2.00 2020 2.00 2021 2.00 2022 2.00 2022 2.00 2023 2.00 2019 0.05 2020 0.05 2021 0.05	2020 2.00 26,634 2021 2.00 27,171 2022 2.00 4,796 84,735 84,735 2019 2.00 22,879 2020 2.00 23,360 2021 2.00 23,832 2022 2.00 24,313 2023 2.00 4,258 98,642 98,642 2019 0.05 150,000 2020 0.05 150,000 2021 0.05 150,000 450,000 450,000	2020 2.00 26,634 2021 2.00 27,171 2022 2.00 4,796 84,735 - 2019 2.00 22,879 2020 2.00 23,360 2021 2.00 23,832 2022 2.00 24,313 2023 2.00 4,258 98,642 - 2019 0.05 150,000 2020 0.05 150,000 2021 0.05 150,000 450,000 -	2020 2.00 26,634 2021 2.00 27,171 2022 2.00 4,796 84,735 - 26,134 2019 2.00 22,879 22,879 2020 2.00 23,360 2021 2.00 23,832 2022 2.00 24,313 2023 2.00 4,258 98,642 - 22,879 2019 0.05 150,000 150,000 2020 0.05 150,000 150,000 2021 0.05 150,000 - 150,000 450,000 - 150,000

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Capital Lease Obligations - Governmental Activities September 30, 2019

	Maturity	Interest	Balance	Tran	Balance	
Payee	Date	Percent	10/1/2018	Issued	Redeemed	9/30/2019
Regions Equipment Finance Corp	2019	3.00	110,644		110.644	
Brone Equipment I manoe Corp	2020	3.00	114,227		110,644	114 227
	2021	3.00	117,926			114,227
	2022	3.00	121,746			117,926
	2023	3.00	125,688			121,746
	2024	3.00	129,759			125,688
	Thereafter	3.00	600,033			129,759
Total	moreatter	5.00	1,320,023		110,644	1,209,379
Regions Equipment Finance Corp	2019	3.01	263,366		263,366	F#
	2020	3.01	216,290			216,290
	2021	3.01	222,874			222,874
	2022	3.01	229,658			229,658
	2023	3.01	236,649			236,649
	2024	3.01	243,853			243,853
	Thereafter	3.01	1,353,936			1,353,936
Total		9	2,766,626		263,366	2,503,260
Regions Equipment Finance Corp	2019	1.00	16 201			
Regions Equipment Pinance Corp		1.99	15,321		15,321	383
Total	2020	1.99	4,443			4,443
Total			19,764	_ -	15,321	4,443
Regions Equipment Finance Corp	2019	1.99	38,531		38,531	
	2020	1.99	15,254		30,331	15,254
Total			53,785	-	38,531	15,254
Trustmark National Bank	2019	2.28	111,214		111,214	2
	2020	2.28	113,777			113,777
	2021	2.28	116,399			116,399
	2022	2.28	119,080			119,080
	2023	2.28	121,824			121,824
	2024	2.28	124,631			124,631
	Thereafter	2.28	138,258			138,258
Total		-	845,183		111,214	733,969
Bankfirst Financial Services	2019	2.40	54,927		54,927	
12	2020	2.40	61,341	×	0 1,527	61,341
	2021	2.40	62,864			62,864
	2022	2.40	64,411			64,411
	2023	2.40	26,968			26,968
Total		-	270,511	150	54,927	215,584
		-				
Total Capital Lease Obilgations, Gove	rnmental Activities	-	\$ 5,275,892	\$ -	\$ 594,003	\$ 1 691 000
	· ····································	-	3,213,092	· -	3 394,003	\$ 4,681,889

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI September 30, 2019 September 30, 2019

000°05 \$	State Auto Property and Insurance Company	Blanket Bond Covering All Employees	Proprietary Fund – Electric & Water Department
000'001\$	State Auto Property and Insurance Company	Blanket Bond All Employees	All departments under jurisdiction of Mayor and City Council
000'0\$\$	Travelers	Chief of Police	Fred Shelton
000'001\$	Western Surety Company	CEO	Deliah Vaughn
000'001\$	Western Surety Company	Councilman	William E. Gavin
000'001\$	Western Surety Company	Councilman	Stephen Jones
000'001\$	Western Surety Company	Councilman	Pierre Beard
000'001\$	Western Surety Company	Councilman	Charles E. Box
000'001\$	Western Surety Company	Councilman	Joseph W. Mickens
000'001\$	Western Surety Company	Councilman	Ethel Taylor Stewart
000'05 \$	Western Surety Company	Mayor	Robert Smith
Bond	Сотралу		

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended September 30, 2019

172,848,1	\$,	\$			Total Expenditures of Federal Awards
£28,69			BEb-005V	14.225 1ann	Department of Housing and Urban Development: Passed Through State of Mississippi: Blight Elimination Program Total Department of Housing and Urban Developn
00\$'II 00\$'II		•	2018-DJ-BX-0375	857.91	Department of Justice: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Total Department of Justice
898'S 898'S 898'S	\$ 	\$	08696-Md 60869-Md 60869-Md 60869-Md 60869-Md 60869-Md 60869-Md 60869-Md	9E0.79 9E0.79 9E0.79 9E0.79 9E0.79 9E0.79 9E0.79	Department of Homeland Security: Passed Through State of Mississippi: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance
Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Sub-Recipients		Pass-Through Grantor's Mumber	Number CFDA Federal	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards September 30, 2019

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Columbus, Mississippi under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2019. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Columbus, Mississippi, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited to reimbursement.

The City has no indirect cost allocations and has not made an election to adopt the rate allowed by the uniform guidance.

Pass-through grantor identifying numbers are presented where available.

IN YCCOBDYNCE MILH CONEKNWENT VUDITING STANDARDS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER

Stephen D. Flake, CPA
John M. Hussell, CPA
Aniha L. Goodrum, CPA
Ricky D. Allen, CPA
Hason D. Brooke, CPA
Robert E. Cordle, Jr., CPA
Perry C. Rackley, Jr., CPA
Jerry L. Gammel, CPA
Jerry L. Gammel, CPA
Jerry L. Gammel, CPA
Jerry C. Siewart, CPA
Jerry C. Siewart, CPA
Jerry C. Siewart, CPA
Jerry C. Siewart, CPA
Jerry C. Maxwell, CPA
Jerry C. Maxwell, CPA

James L. Stafford, CPA

S. Kelith Winfield, CPA
S. Kelith Winfield, CPA
William B. Staggers, CPA
William B. Staggers, CPA
Michael W. McCully, CPA
M. Steve Sinclair, CPA
Maraha L. McDonald, CPA
Wanda S. Holley, CPA
Wanda S. Holley, CPA
William S. Castey, CPA
William M. Lummus, CPA

Трошяз Л. Втомdег, СРА

WATKINS, WARD and STAFFORD

Professional Limited Liability Company Certified Public Accountants



DEBEORMED IN VCCORDVNCE MILH CONERNMENT VIDITING STANDARDS ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council The City of Columbus Columbus, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the information of the City of Columbus, Mississippi, as of and for the each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbus, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2020. Columbus, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Columbus, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Columbus, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Columbus, Mississippi's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following to be significant deficiencies:

2019-001. Significant Deficiency (Repeat of prior year finding)

Transfers were made from The City's General Fund bank account that were not approved by the City Council.

Recommendation

We recommend The City implement policies and procedures to ensure that all disbursements from the bank accounts are approved by the City Council.

Management's Response to Finding

The City has implemented policies and procedures that ensure that all disbursements are approved by the City

Sound

Auditors' Note

This matter has been referred to the Investigative Division of the Office of the State Auditor of Mississippi.

See Note 13, Subsequent Events.

2019-002. Significant Deficiency (Repeat of prior year finding)

The City of Columbus does not maintain adequate records for fixed assets. There is not a subsidiary ledger. The City does not perform an annual physical inventory. The City also does not maintain property control tags.

Recommendation

The City of Columbus needs to implement a subsidiary ledger for fixed assets. An annual physical inventory

needs to be performed. All fixed assets need to be marked with a property control tag.

Management's Response to Finding

The City of Columbus is currently working on implementing a fixed asset subsidiary ledger.

2019-003. Significant Deficiency (Repeat of prior year finding)

The City of Columbus does not maintain adequate internal control over landfill gate receipts.

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The City of Columbus should design and implement a system of internal controls that allows management to

monitor landfill gate receipts.

Management's Response to Finding

The City of Columbus has designed and implemented internal controls over the landfill.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Columbus, Mississippi's financial statements are from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

City of Columbus, Mississippi's Response to Findings

City of Columbus, Mississippi's responses to the findings identified in our audit were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Watkins Ward and Staffad, Pue

Columbus, Mississippi December 11, 2020

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DAILORM CHIDANCE.

BROCKAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL CHIPAGE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL CHIPAGE

Stephon D. Finke, CPA
John N. Russell, CPA
John R. Russell, CPA
Amins L. Goodrum, CPA
Jason D. Allen, CPA
Jason D. Allen, CPA
Perry C. Rackley, Jr., CPA
Jerry C. Rackley, Jr., CPA
Jerry C. Gammel, CPA
Jerry C. Gammel, CPA
Jerry C. Stewart, CPA
Jerry C. Stewart, CPA
Jerry C. Stewart, CPA
Jerry D. Stewart, CP

James L. Sinflord, CPA
Harry W. Stevens, CPA
S. Keith Winfled, CPA
Millsm B. Staggers, CPA
Michael W. McCully, CPA
R. Steve Sinclair, CPA
R. Steve Sinclair, CPA
Marsha L. McDonald, CPA
Marsha L. McDonald, CPA
J. Rands S. Holley, CPA
Robin Y., McCormick, CPA
Robin Y., McCormick, CPA
Stoken M. McDonald, CPA
Susan M. Lumnus, CPA
Susan M. Lumnus, CPA
Susan M. Lumnus, CPA
Thomas J. Browder, CPA

WATKINS, WARD and STAFFORD Professional Limited Liability Company

Prosessional Limited Liability Company Certissed Public Accountants



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council The City of Columbus Columbus, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Columbus' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the City of Columbus' major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2019. The City of Columbus' major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City of Columbus' major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of sates of America; the compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Columbus' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Columbus' compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, The City of Columbus, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Columbus is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Columbus' internal control over compliance

with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Columbus's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies. We did not identify any compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Watkins Ward and Staffad, Pue

Columbus, Mississippi December 11, 2020

MITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE

Edward A. Maxwell, CPA Clifford P. Stewart, CPA Jerry L. Gammel, CPA Michael C. Knox, CPA Clifford P. Stowert CPA Perry C. Rackley, Jr., CPA Jason D. Brooks, CPA Robert E. Cordle, Jr., CPA Perret G. Porkley, L., CPA Thomas A. Davis, CPA Anica L. Goodrum, CPA Ricky D. Allen, CPA John M. Russell, CPA Stephen D. Flake, CPA

Susan M. Lummus, CPA Thomas J. Browder, CPA Kimberly S. Caskey, CPA Robin Y. McCormick, CPA/PFS J. Randy Scrivner, CPA Wanda S. Holley, CPA R, Steve Sinclair, CPA Marsha L. McDonald, CPA James L. Stafford, CPA Harry W. Stevens, CPA S. Keith Winfield, CPA William B. Staggers, CPA Michael W. McCully, CPA B. Steve Startjeir, CPA B. Steve Startjeir, CPA

WATKINS, WARD and STAFFORD

Certified Public Accountants Professional Limited Liability Company



MITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE

Columbus, Mississippi The City of Columbus The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. America and the procedures prescribed by the State Auditor, and accordingly, included such tests of the conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2020. We of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, which collectively comprise the City of Columbus, units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Columbus, Mississippi, as We have audited the financial statements of governmental activities, the discretely presented component

City's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. Our procedures As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we

regulations. Our findings and recommendations, and your responses are as follows: audit of the financial statements disclosed the following instances of noncompliance with state laws and The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our

Budgetary Process (Repeat of prior year finding)

fund and amend the budget as prescribed. amended their 2019 budget on July 22, 2020. We recommend that the City adopt a budget for each 25 requires that the budget be amended if needed, by October of the next fiscal year. The City preparing a budget for each fund, or staying within the sums named in their budget. Section 21-35times keep within the sums named in their budget. The City did not meet the requirement of fund. Section 21-35-15 of the Mississippi Code states that the governing authorities shall at all of the revenues, expenses and working cash balances estimated for the next fiscal year, for each of the State of Mississippi prepare, and when necessary, revise a fiscal year budget that reflects all Section 21-35-5 of the Mississippi Code requires that the governing authorities of each municipality

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions

funds as prescribed. implement procedures to prepare and, when necessary, amend the budget for each of the City's The City understands that they did not meet the requirements stated above. Management will

Economic Interest Statements

During our audit, it was noted that all of The City's elected officials were not current in their filing of Economic Interest statements with the Mississippi Ethics Commission as required by state law.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions

All of The City's elected officials filed their delinquent Economic Interest Statements and their filings were up to date as of the audit report date.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council, management and Mississippi State Auditor's office, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Watkins Ward and Staffad, Puc

Columbus, Mississippi December 11, 2020

SCHEDNTE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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Section 1: Summary of Auditors' Results:

: were not approved	2019-001 Statement of Condition (Repeat of Prior Year Finding) Transfers were made from The City's General Fund bank account that
	Significant Deficiencies Not Considered to be Material Weaknesses
	Section 2: Findings Relating to the Financial Statements
oV	9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?
000°05L\$	B programs:
	8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type
ance, CFDA 97.036	a. Department of Homeland Security, Disaster Grants - Public Assist
	7. Federal programs identified as major programs:
oN	accordance with Section 200.511 of the Uniform Guidance?
	6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in
None reported	material weaknesses?
oV	a. Material weakness(es) identified? b. Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be
	5. Internal control over major programs:
Unmodified	programs:
1 2.1 11	4. Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal
	Federal Awards:
Xes	material weaknesses?
ONI	a. Material weakness(es) identified that are not considered to be b. Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be
οM	a. Material weakness(es) identified?
	3. Internal control over financial reporting:
oM	2. Material noncompliance relating to the financial statements?
Unmodified	1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements:
	Financial Statements
	STREET STREET OF AUGUST WESTERS

Transfers were made from The City's General Fund bank account that were not approved 7016-0

by the City Council.

EOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI

Section 2: Findings Relating to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Criteria

All disbursements from the General Fund bank account must be approved by the City

Council.

Recommendation

The City needs to implement policies and procedures to ensure that all disbursements from, the bank accounts are approved by the City Council.

Resbouse

The City has implemented policies and procedures that endure that all disbursements are

approved by the City Council.

Auditors, Note

This matter has been referred to the Investigative Division of the Office of the State

Auditor of Mississippi. See Note 13, Subsequent Events.

2019-002 Statement of Condition (Repeat of Prior Year Finding)

The City of Columbus does not maintain adequate records for fixed assets. There is not a subsidiary ledger. The City does not perform an annual physical inventory. The City also

does not maintain property control tags.

Criteria

The fixed asset subsidiary ledger of fixed assets is the responsibility of the City of Columbus, Mississipping The assets the responsibility of the City of Columbus,

Mississippi. Therefore, the City should be maintaining this ledger.

Recommendation

The City of Columbus needs to implement a subsidiary ledger for fixed assets. An annual physical inventory needs to be performed. All fixed assets need to be marked with a property

control tag.

Kesbouse

The City of Columbus is currently working on implementing a fixed asset subsidiary ledger.

2019-003 Statement of Condition (Repeat of Prior Year Finding)

The City of Columbus does not maintain and implement a system of internal controls over

landfill gate receipts.

Criteria

Internal controls over landfill gate receipts is the responsibility of the City of Columbus, Mississippi. Therefore, the City should implement a system of internal controls over landfill

gate receipts.

EOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI

Section 2: Findings Relating to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Recommendation

The City of Columbus should design and implement a system of internal controls that allow management to monitor landfill gate receipts

Response

The City of Columbus has designed and implemented internal controls over the landfill.

Section 3: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

No findings to report.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 SOMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS CILA OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI

100-8102

Bank Statements

in it's financial records. reconciliation process enables the City to make adjusting entries to correct any mistakes required bank accounts be reconciled to the general ledger on a monthly basis. The for ensuring that all assets of the City are properly safeguarded. Proper internal control Bank Statements should be reconciled to the general ledger. Management is responsible Statement of Condition

The City's bank accounts were not reconciled to the general ledger.

Recommendation

are reconciled monthly to the general ledger. We recommend the City implement policies and procedures to ensure all bank accounts

Status

reconciled to the general ledger on a monthly basis. The City has implemented policies and procedures to ensure all bank accounts are

Municipal Court, Time Sheet 200-8102

and out on their time sheet. in or out daily on their time sheet. The work program supervisor signs offenders in In the Municipal Court division, offenders enrolled in the work program do not sign Statement of Condition

should verify their presence daily. hours worked under the direct supervision of the work program supervisor, who Offenders enrolled in the work program should sign in and out daily, and note the Recommendation

The Municipal Court has implemented new procedures to correct this finding.

Municipal Court, Credit Hours 2018-003

receiving credit for hours worked on days when the offender and work program In the Municipal Court division, some offenders enrolled in the work program are Statement of Condition

supervisor were not present.

EOK THE VEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI

2018-003 Municipal Court, Credit Hours (continued)

Recommendation

Time Sheets that are submitted to the Municipal Court division for work program completion credit should be reviewed by a second officer that is familiar and involved with the work program. The reviewing officer should sign the time sheet as having been reviewed. Any discrepancies that come to the reviewer's attention should be investigated.

Status
The Municipal Court division has implemented new procedures to correct this finding.

2018-004 Transfers

Statement of Condition

Transfers were made from The City's General Fund bank account that were not approved by the City Council.

Recommendation

The City needs to implement policies and procedures to ensure that all disbursements from, the bank accounts are approved by the City Council.

Status

This City has implemented policies and procedures that ensure that all disbursements are approved by the City Council. This matter has been referred to the Investigative Division of the Office of the State Auditor of Mississippi. This is still a finding in the current year. See Finding 2019, 001

current year. See Finding 2019-001.

2018-005 Fixed Assets

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Statement of Condition

The City of Columbus does not maintain adequate records for fixed assets. There is not a subsidiary ledger. The City does not perform an annual physical inventory. The City also does not maintain property control tags.

Recommendation

The City of Columbus needs to implement a subsidiary ledger for fixed assets. An annual physical inventory needs to be performed. All fixed assets need to be marked with a property control tag

with a property control tag.

Status

The City of Columbus is currently working on implementing a fixed asset subsidiary ledger. This is still a finding in the current year. See Finding 2019-002.

EOK THE VEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI

Landfill Gate Receipts

2018-006

Statement of Condition
The City of Columbus does not maintain adequate internal controls over landfill gate receipts.

Recommendation

The City of Columbus should design and implement a system of internal controls that allow management to monitor landfill gate receipts.

Status
The City of Columbus has designed and implemented internal controls over the landfill. This is still a finding in the current year. See Finding 2019-003.