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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Town of Shannon, Mississippi

For the year ended September 30, 2019

TOWN OF SHANNON, MISSISSIPPI TABLE OF CONTENTS September 30, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	<u>.</u> 1
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements	, 3
Notes to the Financial Statements	. 5
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:	
Schedule of Investments	10
Schedule of Surety Bonds for Town Officials	11
Schedule of Long-Term Debt	12
REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL:	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	13
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations	15
Schedule of Findings and Responses	16



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Partners Gary Franks, CPA Bryon Wilemon, CPA Jonathan Hagood, CPA Michael Little, CPA

Rudolph Franks, CPA (1933-2019)

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Shannon, Mississippi

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of the Town of Shannon, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1. This includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

As described more fully in Note 1, the Town of Shannon, Mississippi has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Mississippi Office

of the State Auditor, which practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effect on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Town of Shannon, Mississippi as of September 30, 2019, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended. Further, the Town of Shannon, Mississippi has not presented management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedules that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash balances of each fund of the Town of Shannon, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2019 and the respective cash receipts and disbursements for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of the Town of Shannon, Mississippi taken as a whole. Supplemental information is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplemental information section is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. The information in those schedules has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2020, on our consideration of the Town of Shannon, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

This report is intended for the information of the Town's management and the Office of the Mississippi State Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Franks, Franks, Wilcomon & Hagood P.A.

FRANKS, FRANKS, WILEMON & HAGOOD, P.A. Tupelo, Mississippi December 8, 2020

TOWN OF SHANNON, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS For the year ended September 30, 2019

	ļ		Governmen	Governmental Activities			Bus.	Business-Type Activities	ies	
2			Special	Capital			Water and	se C		Total Government-
	ļ	General	Revenue	Projects	Total	į	System	System	Total	Wide
RECEIPTS: Ad Valorem Taxes: Property Taxes Auto Taxes	↔	143,099 \$ 46,182	3,402 8	₩	\$ 146,501 46,182	+ S	€		₩	, 146,501 46.182
Intergovernmental Revenues: State Shared Revenues:										
General Municipal Aid		874			874	4				874
Sales Tax .		132,330			132,330	0				132,330
Liquor Privilege Tax		2,250			2,250	0				2,250
Gasoline Tax		5,149			5,149	0				5,149
TVA In Lieu of Tax		14,228			14,228	ထ				14,228
Homestead Exemption										
မှ Reimbursement		11,846	193		12,039	G				12,039
Fire Protection			10,346		10,346	(C)				10,346
Other Intergovernmental Revenues:										
County Fire Allocation			33,220		33,220	0				33,220
Charges for Services							396,174	327,691	723,865	723,865
Fines and Forfeits: Police Fines		35,198			35,198	æ				35,198
Miscellaneous Receipts:					¥.		,		390	285
Franchise Tax on Utilities		77,596	÷		77,596	(O	207	9	207	965'77
Privilege Tax Revenue		2,982			2,982	2			9	2,982
Interest Income		1,009	64		1,073	8	463	936	1,399	2,472
Park and Recreation Fees		4,522			4,522	~			(14) 	4,522
Proceeds from Sale of Equipment Other Income		16,573 18.991			16,573 18,991	ر د	1,020	510	1,530	18,103 18,991
Total Receipts	ē	512,829	47,225	0	560,054	4 	397,922	329,137	727,059	1,287,113

TOWN OF SHANNON, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS For the year ended September 30, 2019

		Governmental Activities	l Activities		Bu	Business-Type Activities	ies	
					Water and			Total
		Special	Capital		Sewer	Gas		Government-
	General	Revenue	Projects	Total	System	System	Total	Wide
DISBURSEMENTS: General Administration and Finance	\$ 139,374 \$	€9	€9	139,374 \$	€ €			\$ 139,374
rubiic Salety.	750 A55			33/ 237				334 937
Fire	40.875			40.875				40.875
Public Works	44,683			44.683				44.683
Park and Recreation	12,874			12,874				12,874
Business-Type Operating Expenses Customer Deposits					357,573	269,287	626,860	626,860
Interest Expense	8,858			8,858	3,743	14,499	18,242	27,100
Total Disbursements	580,901	0	0	580,901	361,316	284,118	645,434	1,226,335
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements	(68,072)	47,225	0	(20,847)	36,606	45,019	81,625	60,778
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	لند							
Loans Repaid: Principal	(26,000)			(26,000)	(6,636)	(12,123)	(18,759)	(44,759)
Capital Outlay Transfers	(15,606) 62,659	(3,444)		(19,050) 62,659	(12,550) (41,774)	(6,275) (20,885)	(18,825) (62,659)	(37,875)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	21,053	(3,444)	0	17,609	(60,960)	(39,283)	(100,243)	(82,634)
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over Disbursements and Other								
Financing Uses	(47,019)	43,781	0	(3,238)	(24,354)	5,736	(18,618)	(21,856)
Cash Basis Fund Balance - Beginning	328,073	112,313	1,630	442,016	475,021	531,542	1,006,563	1,448,579
Cash Basis Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 281,054 \$	156,094 \$	1,630 \$	438,778 \$	450,667 \$	537,278	\$ 987,945	\$ 1,426,723

See notes to the financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General Information

The Town operates under the mayor/board of aldermen form of government and provides services as authorized by law.

Basis of Accounting

The Town of Shannon prepares its financial statements on the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting as permitted by the Mississippi Office of the State Auditor. This basis of accounting differs from generally accepted accounting principles in that revenues are recognized when received rather than when measurable and available as net current assets and expenditures are recognized when the funds are disbursed rather than when the liability is incurred. Consequently, these financial statements are not intended to present financial position or results of operations in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Under this basis of accounting, the Town has elected to omit substantially all government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, management discussion and analysis, required supplemental information, and other supplemental information required under generally accepted accounting principles.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of cash receipts and disbursements displays information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. The statement distinguishes between those activities of the Town that are governmental, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and those that are considered business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of cash receipts and disbursements presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Town's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the Town. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods and services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Town, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Town.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial Statement Presentation

The Town reports the following governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the Town performs for its citizens. General tax revenues and other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the Town are included in this fund. The fund is charged with all cost of operating the government for which a separate fund has not been established.

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specific expenditure purposes. Special Revenue Funds include the Fire Insurance Fund and the Home Grant Program Fund.

Capital Projects Fund – Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources such as proceeds from the sale of bonds, bond anticipation notes, capital notes, transfers from governmental funds, and federal and state grants, all provided for the specific purpose of constructing, reconstructing or acquiring permanent or semi-permanent capital improvements. The Town Hall Building Fund is a Capital Project Fund.

The Town reports the following proprietary funds:

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary Funds are used to account for operations which are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user changes, or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination or revenues earned, expenses incurred or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control accountability, or other purposes. Proprietary funds include the Water and Sewer Fund and the Gas Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Receipts and disbursements were classified according to requirements for small towns in the State of Mississippi as prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor. Revenue for governmental and proprietary funds are recorded when they are received. Expenditures for governmental funds are recorded when paid.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND OTHER DEPOSITS

Deposits

The carrying amount of the City's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2019, was \$1,426,723, and the bank balance was \$1,464,001. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's entire bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with state law at year end. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions are held in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5 Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the City's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Investments

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City's investment policy is limited to complying with the State's investment statutes. The State law has not addressed an interest rate risk; however, the City's policy is to hold all investments to maturity, thereby reducing any interest rate risk.

Credit risk: The City and its component units are allowed, by State statute, to invest excess funds in any bonds or other direct obligations of the United States of America, of the State of Mississippi, or of any county or municipality of Mississippi, when such county or municipal bonds have been properly approved; or in obligations issued or guaranteed in full as to principal and interest by the United States of America which are subject to a repurchase agreement with a qualified depository; or in interest-bearing time certificates of deposit with any financial institution approved for the deposit of state funds. It is the City's policy to limit its investments to those allowed by the State statute.

Concentration of credit risk: The City complies with the State statute regarding investments; as a result, concentration risk is limited.

Custodial credit risk: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To minimize this risk, the City's requires that all negotiable instruments be held in safekeeping in the trust department of a bank. The City's investments are insured or registered, or are securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes, except motor vehicles, attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied October 1 become delinquent February 1 of the following year. Property taxes are recognized as revenues when they are received. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes, except motor vehicle taxes. Motor vehicle taxes are collected by the County Tax Collector and remitted to the Town.

NOTE 4 - LONG TERM DEBT

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of September 30, 2019, including interest payments of \$219,716 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended		MDA-CAP	COP	FHA		
September 30,		Loans	Loans	Loans	Interest	Total
2020	\$	7,342 \$	27,000 \$	11,754 \$	26,824 \$	72,920
2021		7,566	28,000	12,325	25,114	73,005
2022		7,796	29,000	12,923	23,336	73,055
2023		8,033	31,000	13,551	21,473	74,057
2024		8,277	32,000	14,208	19,522	74,007
2025-2029		45,320	106,000	82,083	67,717	301,120
2030-2034		53,681	-	104,039	33,042	190,762
2035				42,265	2,688	44,953
	\$_	138,015 \$	253,000 \$	293,148 \$	219,716 \$	903,879

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Town of Shannon contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employee Retirement System, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1(800) 444 PERS.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary and the Town of Shannon is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The Town of Shannon's contributions to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$63,619, \$58,155, and \$55,497, respectively, equal to the required contributions for the year.

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

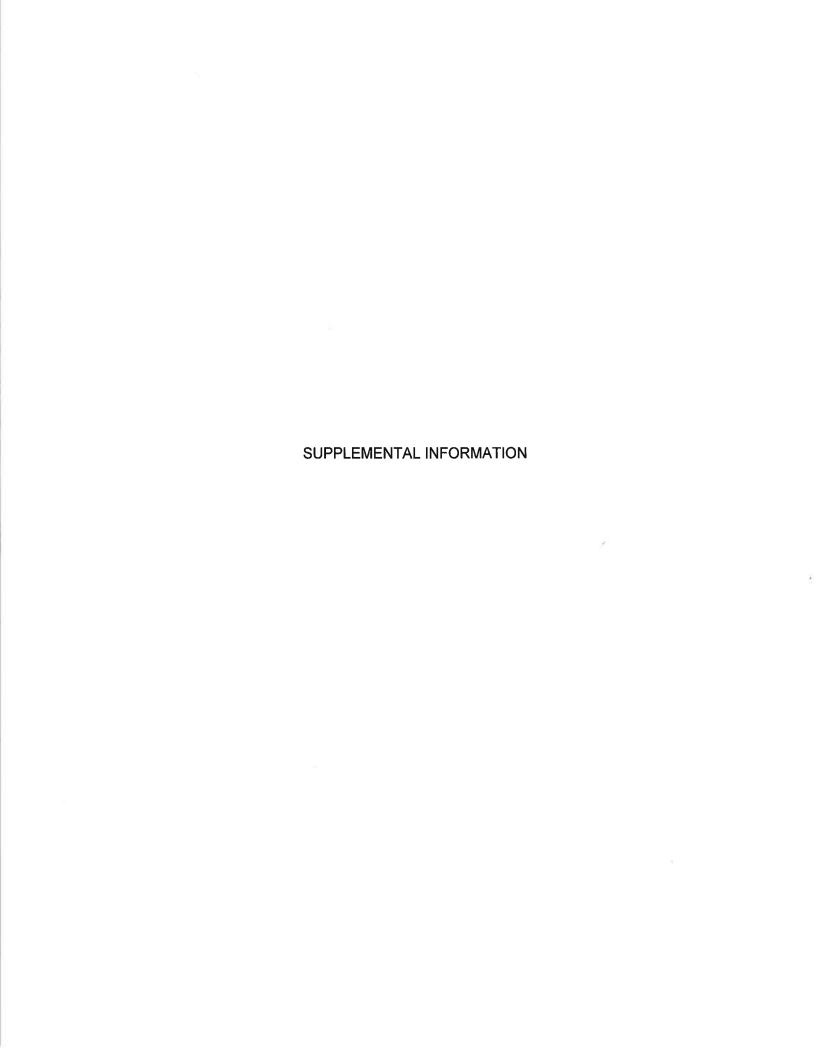
The Town of Shannon is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs of the Town except for certain employment practices liabilities, certain environmental liabilities, worker's compensation liabilities funded through a public entity risk pool, and catastrophic natural disasters that may exceed insurance coverages for which the Town retains the risk of loss.

Risk of loss related to workers compensation for injuries to Town employees is covered through the Mississippi Municipal Workers' Compensation Group, a public entity risk pool. The pool was formed on March 28, 1989, by the Mississippi Nonprofit Corporation Act, pursuant to Section 71-3-75, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972), to provide public entities within the State of Mississippi workers compensation and employer's liability coverage. The Town pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage based on total payroll. The participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. Expenditures and claims are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered. For insured programs there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTE 7 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Date of Management Evaluation

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 8, 2020, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.



TOWN OF SHANNON, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS September 30, 2019

Ownership	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Acquisition Date	Maturity Date	Other Information		Investment Cost/Value
GOVERNMENTA	L FUNDS:						
General Fund	Certificate of Deposit	0.295%	12/26/18	12/26/19	Renasant Bank	\$	21,587
General Fund	Certificate of Deposit	0.644%	10/14/18	10/14/19	Renasant Bank	,	142,805
Total Investment	ts - Governmental Funds						164,392
PROPRIETARY F	FUNDS:						
Water Fund	Certificate of Deposit	0.295%	12/26/18	12/26/19	Renasant Bank		106,151
Gas Fund	Certificate of Deposit	0.295%	12/26/18	12/26/19	Renasant Bank		329,624
Total Investment	ts - Proprietary Funds						435,775
Total Investment	ts - All Funds					\$ [600,167

TOWN OF SHANNON, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS FOR TOWN OFFICIALS September 30, 2019

Name	Position	Company	Bond
Kizzy Davis	City Clerk	St. Paul Surety	\$ 75,000
Satoria Isby	Deputy City Clerk	St. Paul Surety	75,000
Satoria Isby	Court Clerk	St. Paul Surety	50,000
Mary Lee Helms	Utility Clerk	St. Paul Surety	75,000
Desiree Kershner	Chief of Police	St. Paul Surety	50,000
S. "Bo" Westmoreland	Park & Rec. Director	St. Paul Surety	50,000
Ronnie Hallmark	Mayor	MS Municipal Bond Program	50,000
Carl Trice	Alderman	MS Municipal Bond Program	25,000
Paul Lyles	Alderman	MS Municipal Bond Program	25,000
Debrah Johnson	Alderman	MS Municipal Bond Program	25,000
Lucy Marie Blair	Alderman	MS Municipal Bond Program	25,000
Bryant Thompson	Alderman	MS Municipal Bond Program	25,000

TOWN OF SHANNON, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT For the year ended September 30, 2019

DEFINITION AND PURPOSE	-	Balance Outstanding Oct. 1, 2018	. 12	Transac The F (Borrowed)		•	Balance Outstanding Sept. 30, 2019
Notes Payable:							
CAP 2011 - Town Hall Loan	\$	279,000	\$	0	\$	26,000	\$ 253,000
FHA - Natural Gas System Bond		305,271		0		12,123	293,148
MDA - Capital Improvements Loan	8-	144,651		0		6,636	138,015
TOTAL	\$_	728,922	\$	0	\$_	44,759	\$ 684,163

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Partners

Rudolph Franks, CPA (1933-2019)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Shannon, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of the Town of Shannon, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Shannon, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Shannon, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Shannon, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Shannon, Mississippi's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be material weaknesses. [Finding No. 2019-02].

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses to be a significant deficiency. [Finding No. 2019-01].

REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Shannon, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item [Finding No. 2019-02].

Town of Shannon, Mississippi's Response to Findings

Town of Shannon, Mississippi's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Town of Shannon, Mississippi's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Franks, Franks, Wilcom + Hagood P.A.

FRANKS, FRANKS, WILEMON & HAGOOD, P.A. Tupelo, Mississippi

December 8, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Mayor and Board of Alderman Town of Shannon, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statement of the Town of Shannon, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Government Auditing Standards.

As required by the State legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of those procedures and our audit of the basic financial statement disclosed the following material instance of noncompliance with state laws and regulations. Our findings and recommendations and your responses are included in the Schedule of Findings and Responses as finding 2019-02 on page 16. This finding was also listed on the Schedule of Findings and Responses in the prior year.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on a subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

This report is intended for the information of management and the Office of the State Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Franks, Franks, Wilcom + Hagood P.A.

FRANKS, FRANKS, WILEMON & HAGOOD, P.A. Tupelo, Mississippi December 8, 2020

TOWN OF SHANNON, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES September 30, 2019

Finding No. 2019-01 Internal Control (Significant Deficiency)

Criteria: The Town is to establish an internal control structure to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements.

Cause of Condition: The size of the Town's work force does not permit proper segregation of duties in various areas of the accounting system. The Town has only a few employees which makes proper segregation of duties impractical.

Recommendation: The Board should remain as involved as possible in oversight responsibility.

Response: The Board will attempt to closely monitor the activities of the Town.

<u>Finding No. 2019-02</u> Fixed Assets (Material Weakness and Noncompliance)

Criteria: The Town is required, by State statutes, to maintain adequate subsidiary records substantiating the existence, completeness, and valuations of its fixed assets.

Cause of Condition: The Town did not conduct inventory observations of fixed assets needed to maintain accountability of assets and prepare a complete listing of assets. The Town's listing is not complete.

Recommendation: The Town should conduct year-end inventory observations of its fixed assets needed to maintain accountability of assets. The Town should also prepare a complete fixed asset listing; substantiating the valuation, location, description, and inventory tag numbers of its fixed assets. The Town should ensure all new assets purchased are tagged and properly accounted for on the fixed asset listing when the assets are placed in service.

Response: The Town will conduct year-end inventory observations of their fixed assets. Also, the Town will continue to develop a complete listing of all fixed assets to comply with State statutes.