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AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT

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Certified Public Accountants

Member of:

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Amory Separate School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Amory Separate School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Amory Separate School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Amory Separate School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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luka, Mississippi Phone: (662)423-505**7**

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 5-12, 44-47, 48-49, and 50-51, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Amory Separate School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

The Sparks CPA Firm, A.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 13, 2020 on our consideration of the Amory Separate School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Amory Separate School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Amory Separate School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Booneville, Mississippi

April 13, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Amory Separate School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$634,982, which represents a 4.43% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$1,484,651, including a prior period adjustment of \$1,304,227, which represents a 11.55% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$12,338,315 and \$12,549,643, or 77.37% and 80.33% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,609,520, or 22.63% of total revenues for 2019, and \$3,072,934, or 19.67% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$16,582,817 and \$15,803,001 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$3,609,520 for 2019 and \$3,072,934 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$12,338,315 for 2019 and \$12,549,643 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$11,935,622 in revenues and \$11,849,783 in expenditures for 2019, and \$11,696,916 in revenues and \$11,037,799 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$206,129 from 2018 to 2019 and increased by \$786,680 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$43,537 for 2019 and, decreased by \$63,754 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due to the addition of capital assets coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$154,338 for 2019 and decreased by \$748,182 for 2018. This decrease for 2019 was due primarily to the issuance of a shortfall note coupled with principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$6,563 for 2019 and decreased by \$616 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between the them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial

statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$14,975,681 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

		June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Percentage Change	
Current assets	\$	3,322,648	\$ 3,807,204	(12.73)	%
Restricted assets		124,936	38	328,678.95	%
Capital assets, net		5,499,948	5,543,485	(0.79)	%
Total Assets		8,947,532	9,350,727	(4.31)	%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	1,483,131	2,354,088	(37.00)	%
Current liabilities		89,124	373,951	(76.17)	%
Long-term debt outstanding		2,639,109	2,793,447	(5.53)	%
Net OPEB liability		1,285,657	1,297,423	(0.91)	%
Net pension liability	_	20,625,217	20,613,009	0.06	%
Total Liabilities	-	24,639,107	25,077,830	(1.75)	%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	767,237	967,684	(20.71)	%
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets		3,335,948	2,992,485	11.48	%
Restricted		1,047,177	821,754	27.43	%
Unrestricted	_	(19,358,806)	(18,154,938)	(6.63)	%
Total Net Position	\$.	(14,975,681)	\$ (14,340,699)	(4.43)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (19,358,806)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability, including the deferred outflows and	
deferred inflows	21,194,980
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net	
OPEB liability effect	\$ 1,836,174

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$43,537.
- The increase of \$154,338 in long-term debt (including an increase of \$6,563 in compensated absences).

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$15,947,835 and \$15,622,577, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$16,582,817 for 2019 and \$15,803,001 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

		Year Ended		Year Ended	Percentage	•
		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	Change	
Revenues:	•			_		
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	528,553	\$	414,436	27.54	%
Operating grants and contributions		3,023,484		2,601,015	16.24	%
Capital Grants and Contributions		57,483		57,483	0.00	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		3,648,454		3,263,714	11.79	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		8,608,180		8,965,545	(3.99)	%
Investment earnings		8,868		8,795	0.83	%
Sixteenth Section		40,321		5,286	662.79	%
Other	_	32,492		306,303	(89.39)	%
Total revenues		15,947,835		15,622,577	2.08	%
Expenses:	_			_		
Instruction		7,618,415		7,377,387	3.27	%
Support services		5,750,944		4,620,550	24.46	%
Non-instructional		1,079,133		1,035,250	4.24	%
Pension expense		1,944,323		2,574,203	(24.47)	%
OPEB expense		59,836		63,630	(5.96)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	130,166	_	131,981	(1.38)	%
Total expenses		16,582,817		15,803,001	4.93	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(634,982)		(180,424)	(251.94)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	_	(14,340,699)		(12,856,048)	(11.55)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	_		_	(1,304,227)	100.00	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	_	(14,340,699)		(14,160,275)	(1.27)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(14,975,681)	\$	(14,340,699)	(4.43)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	Expe	nses	Percentage
	\$ 7,618,415 \$ 7,37° 5,750,944 4,620			2018	Change
Instruction	\$	7,618,415	\$	7,377,387	3.27 %
Support services		5,750,944		4,620,550	24.46 %
Non-instructional		1,079,133		1,035,250	4.24 %
Pension expense		1,944,323		2,574,203	(24.47) %
OPEB expense		59,836		63,630	(5.96) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	130,166	_	131,981	(1.38) %
Total expenses	\$ _	16,582,817	\$ _	15,803,001	4.93 %
	_	Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	_	2019	_	2018	Change

	_	Net (Exper	nse)	Revenue	Percentage	
	-	2019		2018	Change	
Instruction	\$	(6,033,953)	\$	(6, 177, 143)	2.32	%
Support services		(4,899,760)		(3,866,976)	(26.71)	%
Non-instructional		94,741		(24,577)	485.49	%
Pension expense		(1,944,323)		(2,574,203)	24.47	%
OPEB expense		(59,836)		(63,630)	5.96	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	-	(130,166)		(23,538)	(453.00)	%
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ ₌	(12,973,297)	\$	(12,730,067)	(1.91)	%

- Net cost of governmental activities ((\$12,973,297) for 2019 and (\$12,730,067) for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,648,454 for 2019 and \$3,263,714 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$8,608,180 for 2019 and \$8,965,545 for 2018).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$8,868 for 2019 and \$8,795 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,406,184, a decrease of \$65,348, which includes an increase in inventory of \$5,355. \$2,311,283 or 67.86% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$1,094,901 or 32.14% is either nonspendable, restricted or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$206,129. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$234,450. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increas	se (Decrease)
Title I, Part A Fund		-
EHA Part B Fund		-
Food Service Fund		(37,027)

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$16,087,767, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$181,979 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$10,587,819, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$225,516, resulting in total net capital assets of \$5,499,948.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Jı	une 30, 2019	Ju	une 30, 2018	Change
Land	\$	79,885		79,885	0.00 %
Buildings		4,842,137		4,909,359	(1.37) %
Improvements other than buildings		64,477		65,779	(1.98) %
Mobile equipment		397,762		358,051	11.09 %
Furniture and equipment		115,687		130,411	(11.29) %
Total	\$	5,499,948	\$	5,543,485	(0.79) %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$2,639,109 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$427,298 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$6,563 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	 June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Change	•
Three mill notes payable	\$ 652,000	\$ 829,000	(21.35)	%
Shortfall Notes Payable	358,764	132,665	170.43	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable	1,512,000	1,722,000	(12.20)	%
Compensated absences payable	 116,345	 109,782	5.98	%
Total	\$ 2,639,109	\$ 2,793,447	(5.53)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Amory Separate School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial control is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

Enrollment for the 2018-2019 year decreased by 8.04% to 1,635 students.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Amory Separate School District P.O. Box 330, Amory, Mississippi, 38821.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	June 30, 2019	
		Governmental
		Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,949,987
Due from other governments		333,858
Other receivables		508
Inventories		38,295
Restricted assets		124,936
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		
Land		79,885
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		
Buildings		4,842,137
Improvements other than buildings		64,477
Mobile equipment		397,762
Furniture and equipment		115,687
Total Assets		8,947,532
Total / leoste		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - pension		1,416,815
Deferred outflows - OPEB		66,316
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,483,131
Total Deletted Outflows of Nesources		1,400,101
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		41,400
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		47,724
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		41,124
		207 000
Capital related liabilities		297,000
Non-capital related liabilities		130,298
Net OPEB liability		57,833
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		1 007 000
Capital related liabilities		1,867,000
Non-capital related liabilities		344,811
Net pension liability		20,625,217
Net OPEB liability		1,227,824
Total Liabilities		24,639,107
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows - pension		672,029
Deferred inflows - OPEB		95,208
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		767,237
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		3,335,948
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		
School-based activities		404,526
Debt service		86,101
Capital projects		364,793
Ad valorem		163,317
Unemployment benefits		28,440
Unrestricted		(19,358,806)
Total Net Position	\$	(14,975,681)
. 5.6	Ψ	(**,****)

Net (Expense)

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Program Revenu	es			Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		•		•		•		•		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:																		
Instruction	\$	7,618,415	\$	220,247	\$	1,364,215	\$	-	\$	(6,033,953)								
Support services		5,750,944		-		851,184		-		(4,899,760)								
Non-instructional		1,079,133		308,306		808,085		57,483		94,741								
Pension expense		1,944,323		-		-		-		(1,944,323)								
OPEB expense		59,836		-		-		=		(59,836)								
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	130,166		-		-		-	-	(130,166)								
Total Governmental Activities	\$	16,582,817	\$_	528,553	\$	3,023,484	\$_	57,483	\$_	(12,973,297)								
					G	General Revenues:												
						Taxes:												
						General purpose levi	ies			3,337,689								
						Debt purpose levies				310,765								
						Unrestricted grants and	d co	ntributions:										
						State				8,454,872								
						Federal				153,308								
						Unrestricted investmer Sixteenth Section	nt ea	rnings		8,868								
						Other				40,321 32,492								
						Total General Reve	nue	9	-	12,338,315								
						Total Ocheral Neve	iiuo	9	-	12,000,010								
						Change in Net Position	1		_	(634,982)								
						Net Position - Beginnir	ng		_	(14,340,699)								
						Net Position - Ending			\$_	(14,975,681)								

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

Major Funds

				iviajo	ıı u	iius						
	_	General Fund	_	Title I, Part A Fund	_	EHA Part B Fund	_	Food Service Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventories	\$	2,530,655 3 168,416 152,268	\$	- 80,987 - -	\$	- 37,086 - -	\$	361,438 - - 38,295	\$	182,830 47,369 - -	\$	3,074,923 333,858 152,268 38,295
Total Assets	\$	2,851,339	\$_	80,987	\$_	37,086	\$	399,733	\$	230,199	\$_	3,599,344
Liabilities and Fund Balances		_					-					
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	33,673 S	\$	- 80,987	\$	- 37,086	\$	- -	\$	7,727 33,687	\$	41,400 151,760
Total Liabilities	_	33,673		80,987	_	37,086	_	-	_	41,414		193,160
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Inventory		-		-		-		38,295		-		38,295
Restricted: Debt service Unemployment benefits		-								133,825 28,440		133,825 28,440
Ad valorem Grant activities Assigned:		163,317 -		-		-		361,438		4,793		163,317 366,231
Capital improvements Student activities Unassigned		83,008 260,058 2,311,283		- - -		- - -		- - -		21,727 - -		104,735 260,058 2,311,283
Total Fund Balances		2,817,666	_	-	_	-	_	399,733	-	188,785	_	3,406,184
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ <u></u>	2,851,339	\$_	80,987	\$_	37,086	_\$	399,733	\$	230,199	- _\$_	3,599,344

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Amount
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 3,406,184
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Land \$ 79,885 Buildings \$ 13,509,448 Improvements other than buildings \$ 136,281 Mobile equipment \$ 1,762,375 Furniture and equipment \$ 599,778 Accumulated depreciation \$ (10,587,819)	5,499,948
 Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability (20,625,217) 	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (672,029)	(19,880,431)
 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB liability (1,285,657) 	
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB 66,316 Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (95,208)	(1,314,549)
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Three mill notes payable Shortfall notes payable Qualified school construction bond Compensated absences (652,000) (158,764) (1,512,000) (116,345)	
Accrued interest payable (47,724)	(2,686,833)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (14,975,681)

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Major Funds

Revenues:	General Fund	Title I, Part A Fund	_	EHA Part B Fund		Food Service Fund		Other Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
Local sources	\$ 3,618,196 \$		\$		\$	308,306	Φ	361,366	φ	4,287,868
State sources	8,123,797	-	φ	-	φ	9,229	φ	1,033,950	Φ	9,166,976
Federal sources	153,308	701,862		453,106		808,085		336,307		2,452,668
Sixteenth section sources	40,321	701,002		455,100		000,000		330,307		2,452,666 40,321
Total Revenues	11,935,622	701,862	-	453,106	-	1,125,620		1,731,623	-	15,947,833
Total Nevertues	11,933,022	701,002	-	455,100	-	1,123,020		1,731,023	-	15,947,655
Expenditures:										
Instruction	7,068,709	392,283		183,751		=		860,534		8,505,277
Support services	4,779,327	296,673		269,205		-		743,773		6,088,978
Noninstructional services	1,747	6,798		150		1,134,002		-		1,142,697
Debt service:										
Principal	-	=		-		-		429,934		429,934
Interest	<u> </u>	-	_	-		-		120,683		120,683
Total Expenditures	11,849,783	695,754	_	453,106	_	1,134,002		2,154,924		16,287,569
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	85,839	6,108		-		(8,382)		(423,301)		(339,736)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			_		•				-	
Notes issued	249.605	_		_		_		19.428		269.033
Operating transfers in	40,146	_		_		_		226,944		267,090
Operating transfers out	(169,461)	(6,108)		_		(34,000)		(57,521)		(267,090)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	120,290	(6,108)	-	=	-	(34,000)	•	188,851	-	269,033
3 (- ,		(-,,	-		-	(- ,,	-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	206,129		_	-		(42,382)	-	(234,450)	-	(70,703)
Fund Balances:										
July 1, 2018	2,611,537		_	-		436,760		423,235	-	3,471,532
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	-	-		-		5,355		-		5,355
June 30, 2019	\$ 2,817,666 \$	-	\$ _	-	\$	399,733	\$	188,785	\$	3,406,184

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Amount
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (70,703)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement		
of activities are different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Capital outlay	\$ 181,979	
Depreciation expense	(225,516)	(43,537)
This issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Notes Issued	(269,033)	
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	429,934 (9,483)	151,418
Accided interest payable	(9,463)	131,410
3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Pension expense for the current year	(1,944,323)	
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	1,275,374	(668,949)
4. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
OPEB expense	(59,836)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	57,833	(2,003)
5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences	(6,563)	
Change in inventory reserve	5,355	(1,208)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (634,982)

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2019

June 30, 20	119	Agency Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	591,313
Total Assets		591,313
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds		544,566 508
Due to student clubs		46,239
Total Liabilities	\$	591,313

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Amory since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Amory Separate School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Title I, Part A Fund</u> – This is a special revenue fund that accounts for the funds associated with Title I federal grant funds.

<u>EHA, Part B Fund</u> – This is a special revenue fund that accounts for the revenue and expenditures of the federal special education program.

<u>Food Service Fund</u> – This is a special revenue fund that accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the School Food Service and Child Nutrition program.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

<u>Payroll Clearing Fund</u> – This fund is used as a clearing account for salaries and related salary expenditures payable and the payment of those payables.

<u>Accounts Payable Clearing Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the District's claims payable and the payment of those claims

<u>Student Club Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for activity of various student clubs in the District.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> – Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
	_	
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

^{*} The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district has four types of deferred outflows all related to the district's pension and OPEB liabilities: (1) the difference between expected and actual experience, (2) changes of assumptions, (3) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and (4) district contributions subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district has four types of deferred inflows all related to the district's pension and OPEB liabilities: (1) the difference between expected and actual experience, (2) changes of assumptions, (3) net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and (4) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions.

See Note 7 and 8 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is by resolution of the Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent and business manager pursuant to authorization established by the district's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with the financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$3,074,923 and \$591,313, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$4,391,016 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I – Part A Fund	\$ 80,987
General Fund	EHA Part B Fund	37,086
General Fund	Other governmental funds	33,687
General Fund	Fiduciary Funds	508
Total		\$ 152,268

The amounts due to or due from other funds primarily represent amounts loaned between funds for timing differences between revenues and expenditures and cash balances.

The fiduciary fund loan resulted from interest earned but not transferred to the General Fund.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In		Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$	169,461
Title I – Part A Fund	General Fund		6,108
Food Service Fund	General Fund		34,000
Other governmental funds	General Fund		38
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	_	57,483
Total		\$	267,090

The primary purpose of inter-fund transfers was to provide funds for daily operations. All transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets balance of \$124,936 represents the debt service funds whose balances are restricted for future debt service requirements.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2018		Increases		Decreases		Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:							
Non-depreciable capital assets:							
Land	\$ 79,885	\$		\$		\$	79,885
Total non-depreciable capital assets	79,885					-	79,885
Depreciable capital assets:							
Buildings	13,509,448		-		-		13,509,448
Improvements other							
than buildings	136,281		-		-		136,281
Mobile equipment	1,611,375		151,000		-		1,762,375
Furniture and equipment	568,799		30,979			_	599,778
Total depreciable capital assets	15,825,903		181,979				16,007,882
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	8,600,089		67,222				8,667,311
•	0,000,009		01,222		_		0,007,311
Improvements other	70 500		4 000				74.004
than buildings	70,502		1,302		-		71,804
Mobile equipment	1,253,324		111,289		-		1,364,613
Furniture and equipment	438,388	_	45,703	_			484,091
Total accumulated depreciation	10,362,303		225,516				10,587,819
Total depreciable capital assets, net	5,463,600		(43,537)		-		5,420,063
Governmental activities capital assets,		-		•			
net	\$ 5,543,485	\$	(43,537)	\$		\$	5,499,948

	 Amount
Governmental Activities:	
Instruction	\$ 20,419
Support services	192,953
Non-instructional	12,144
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 225,516

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/18	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/19	Due within one year
Α	Three mill notes payable	\$ 829,000	\$ -	\$ 177,000	\$ 652,000	\$ 87,000
В	Shortfall notes payable	132,665	269,033	42,934	358,764	130,298
C D	Qualified school construction bonds Compensated absences	1,722,000	-	210,000	1,512,000	210,000
U	payable	109,782	 6,563	 -	116,345	
		\$ 2,793,447	\$ 275,596	\$ 429,934	\$ 2,639,109	\$ 427,298

A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate(s)	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Three mill limited tax note, Series 2016	2.25%	07/17/16	7/12/2026	1,170,000	\$652,000
Total			\$	1,170,000	\$652,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Three mill notes payable issue of 07/01/16.

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 87,000 \$	15,384 \$	102,384
2021	89,000	13,427	102,427
2022	91,000	11,424	102,424
2023	93,000	9,240	102,240
2024	95,000	7,008	102,008
2025-2027	197,000	7,128	204,128
Total	\$ 652,000 \$	63,611 \$	715,611

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Debt Service Fund.

B. Shortfall notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Shortfall note, Shortfall note, Total	2.97% 4.12%	8/22/2017 8/3/2018	8/22/2020 8/3/2021	\$ 132,665 269,033 401,698	\$ 89,731 269,033 358,764

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Shortfall note, Series 2017:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 44,209 \$	2,665 \$	46,874
2021	45,522	1,352	46,874
Total	\$ 89,731 \$	4,017 \$	93,748

This debt will be retired from the Shortfall Notes Retirement Fund.

2. Shortfall note, Series 2018:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 86,089 \$	11,084 \$	97,173
2021	89,615	7,558	97,173
2022	93,329	3,845	97,174
Total	\$ 269,033 \$	22,487 \$	291,520

This debt will be retired from the Shortfall Notes Retirement Fund.

Total shortfall notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending				
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	130,298 \$	13,749 \$	144,047
2021		135,137	8,910	144,047
2022		93,329	3,845	97,174
Total	\$_	358,764 \$	26,504. \$	385,268

C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 12, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds payable, series 2010 Total	5.65%	10/22/10	08/01/25	\$ <u>3,000,000</u> \$ <u>3,000,000</u>	\$ <u>1,512,000</u> \$ 1,512,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 210,000 \$	85,428 \$	295,428
2021	210,000	73,563	283,563
2022	216,000	61,698	277,698
2023	218,000	49,494	267,494
2024	218,000	37,177	255,177
2024-2026	440,000	37,290	477,290
Total	\$ 1,512,000 \$	344,650 \$	1,856,650

This debt will be retired from the QSCB 2010 Retirement Fund.

D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees

and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019, was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,275,374, \$1,247,202, and \$1,252,059, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$20,625,217 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.124002 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an increase of 0.000002 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,944,323. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 90,419	\$ 86,946
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	409,999
Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between	12,170	11,392
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	38,852	163,692
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$ 1,275,374 1,416,815	\$ 672,029

\$1,275,374 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	108,403
2021	(58,979)
2022	(487,258)
2023	(92,754)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.25 – 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100.00	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions

will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	Current						
		1% Decrease		Discount		1% Increase	
		(6.75%)		Rate (7.75%)		(8.75%)	
District's proportionate share		<u> </u>		· ·			
of the net pension liability	\$	27,157,492	\$	20,625,217	\$	15,196,033	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan publicly available financial report that obtained http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before

January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$57,833 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,285,657 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.16620246 percent. This was a decrease of 0.00080246 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$59,836. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,618	\$ _
Changes of assumptions	-	91,605
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	_	· -
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	5,865	3,603
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	57,833	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 66,316	\$ 95,208

\$57,833 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$ (17,670)
2021	(17,670)
2022	(17,670)
2023	(17,670)
2024	(13,943)
2025	(2,102)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	4.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2018 2017
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(2.89%)	(3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,425,117	\$ 1,285,657	\$ 1,165,714

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,190,942	\$ 1,285,657	\$ 1,393,223

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$ 4,520
2021	4,520
2022	2,149
2023	2,149
2024	2,149
2025-2029	10,744
2030-2034	9,003
2035-2039	8,076
2040-2044	2,838
Total	\$ 46,148

Note 10 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 58 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 12 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB's) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When that stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the subsidy payment amounted to \$80,739.

The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U.S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. This district promises to pay interest on such principal amount from the date of this Note or from the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid at the rate of interest per annum set forth above on October 22 of each year, commencing October 22, 2011. However, the United States Treasury reimburses the district for the amount of interest paid on the principal amount.

Note 13 - Effects of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$19,358,806) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,275,374 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$141,441 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$19,358,806) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$672,029 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$19,358,806) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$57,833 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$8,483 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$19,358,806) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$95,208 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 14 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Amory Separate School District evaluated the activity of the district for potential recognition and disclosure through April 13, 2020 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) and determined that no subsequent events have occurred that require disclosure in the notes to the financial statements. No adjustments were considered necessary to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variances			
	_	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Positive (Negative)			
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	Original to Final	Final to Actual		
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$	3,721,825	3,623,196	3,618,196	(98,629)	(5,000)		
State sources		8,118,151	8,123,797	8,123,797	5,646	-		
Federal sources		158,500	153,308	153,308	(5,192)	-		
Sixteenth Section sources		5,200	40,321	40,321	35,121	-		
Total Revenues		12,003,676	11,940,622	11,935,622	(63,054)	(5,000)		
Expenditures:								
Instruction		7,184,790	7,083,282	7,068,709	101,508	14,573		
Support services		4,431,200	4,817,343	4,779,327	(386,143)	38,016		
Noninstructional services		-	1,747	1,747	(1,747)	-		
Total Expenditures		11,615,990	11,902,372	11,849,783	(286,382)	52,589		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	387,686	38,250	85,839	(349,436)	47,589		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				_				
Notes issued		_	249.605	249,605	249,605	_		
Indirect Costs		15,000	40,108	-	25,108	(40,108)		
Operating transfers in		-	38	40,146	38	40,108		
Operating transfers out		(171,000)	(169,461)	(169,461)	1,539	-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(156,000)	120,290	120,290	276,290			
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	231,686	158,540	206,129	(73,146)	47,589		
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2018	_	2,254,185	2,611,537	2,611,537	357,352			
June 30, 2019	\$	2,485,871 \$	2,770,077 \$; 2,817,666 <u>\$</u>	S 284,206 \$	47,589		

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title I, Part A Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

							Variar	псе	s
		Budget	ted Ar	nounts	Actual		Positive (N	Veç	gative)
		Original	_	Final	(GAAP Basis)		Original to Final		Final to Actual
Revenues:									
Federal sources	\$	508,000	\$	845,142	\$ 701,862	\$	337,142	\$	(143,280)
Total Revenues		508,000		845,142	 701,862	-	337,142	-	(143,280)
Expenditures:									
Instruction		261,354		499,898	392,283		(238,544)		107,615
Support services		241,154		329,741	296,673		(88,587)		33,068
Noninstructional services		5,492		9,125	6,798		(3,633)		2,327
Total Expenditures		508,000	_	838,764	 695,754	- :	(330,764)		143,010
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures				6,378	6,108		6 270		(270)
Over (Orider) Experiditures	_	-	-	0,376	 0,100		6,378	-	(270)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers out		-		(6,378)	 (6,108)		(6,378)		270
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(6,378)	 (6,108)		(6,378)	-	270
Net Change in Fund Balances	_			-	 			-	
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2018		_		-	 			_	
June 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$		\$_	

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule - EHA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Varian	ces	3
	 Budgeted	d Amounts		Actual	Positive (N	leg	ative)
	Original	Final		(GAAP Basis)	Original to Final		Final to Actual
Revenues:							
Federal sources	\$ 397,934 \$	542,358	\$	453,106	\$ 144,424	\$	(89,252)
Total Revenues	397,934	542,358	_	453,106	144,424	_	(89,252)
Expenditures:							
Instruction	163,499	236,856		183,751	(73,357)		53,105
Support services	230,935	304,319		269,205	(73,384)		35,114
Noninstructional services	 3,500	1,183	_	150	 2,317	_	1,033
Total Expenditures	 397,934	542,358	_	453,106	 (144,424)	_	89,252
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 		_		 <u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u> _
Net Change in Fund Balances	 -		_	-	 	_	-
Fund Balances: July 1, 2018	 <u>-</u> _			<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u> _
June 30, 2019	\$ <u> </u>	3	\$_	_	\$ <u>-</u>	\$_	

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Food Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

								Varianc		
	_	Budget	eted Amounts			Actual		Positive (Negative)		
		Original		Final		(GAAP Basis)		Original to Final	Final to Actual	
Revenues:										
Local sources	\$	311,000	\$	308,306	\$	308,306	\$	(2,694) \$	-	
State sources		10,000		9,229		9,229		(771)	-	
Federal sources	_	741,326		808,085	_	808,085		66,759		
Total Revenues	_	1,062,326	_	1,125,620	_	1,125,620		63,294		
Expenditures:										
Noninstructional services		1,047,326		1,160,204		1,134,002		(112,878)	26,202	
Total Expenditures		1,047,326	_	1,160,204	_	1,134,002		(112,878)	26,202	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	15,000	_	(34,584)	_	(8,382)		(49,584)	26,202	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Operating transfers out		(15,000)		(34,000)		(34,000)		(19,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(15,000)	_	(34,000)	_	(34,000)		(19,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	-	_	(68,584)	_	(42,382)	-	(68,584)	26,202	
Fund Balances:										
July 1, 2018	_	310,089	_	436,760	_	436,760		126,671		
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory		-		5,355		5,355		5,355	-	
June 30, 2019	\$_	310,089	\$_	373,531	\$	399,733	\$	63,442	26,202	

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	_	2019 0.124002%	2018 0.124000%	2017 0.123400%	2016 0.130600%	2015 0.121800%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	20,625,217	20,613,009	22,042,322	20,188,185	14,783,440
District's covered payroll	\$	7,918,743	7,949,581	7,895,479	8,157,943	7,442,165
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		260.46%	259.30%	279.18%	247.47%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	1,275,374	1,247,202	1,252,059	1,243,538	1,284,876
contractually required contribution		1,275,374	1,247,202	1,252,059	1,243,538	1,284,876
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _		-	-	-	<u> </u>
District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of		8,097,622	7,918,743	7,949,581	7,895,479	8,157,943
covered payroll		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.16620246%	0.16540000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,285,657	1,297,423
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,431,967	7,430,967
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.30%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.13%	0.00%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	57,833	55,311
determined contribution		57,833	55,311
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _		
District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-		7,506,944	7,431,967
employee payroll		0.77%	0.74%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions.

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Change of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price Inflation Salary increase

Investment rate of return

Entry age
Level percentage of payroll, open
36.6 years
5-year smoothed market
3.00 percent
3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation
7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT **Notes to the Required Supplementary Information** For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 5.00%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2023

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

pension plan investment expense,

including price inflation

3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	195MS326N1099 \$	184,837
National school lunch program	10.555	195MS326N1099 _	623,249
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		_	808,086
Total passed through Mississippi Department of Education		_	808,086
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		_	808,086
Federal Communications Commission			
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:			
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.XXX	N/A	37,801
Total Federal Communications Commission		_	37,801
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A180024	701,862
Career and technical education-basic grants to states	84.048	V048A180024	21,030
Rural education	84.358	ES358B180024	60,619
Supporting effective instruction state grants	84.367	ES367A180023	88,827
School improvement grant	84.377	N/A	10,133
Student support and academic enrichment program	84.424	ES424A180025	45,048
Subtotal		_	927,519
Special education cluster:			
Special education-grants to states	84.027	H027A170108	453,106
Special education-positive behavior	84.027A	H027A170108	3,724
Special education-preschool grants	84.173	H173A170113	29,912
Total special education cluster		_	486,742
Total passed through Mississippi Department of Education		_	1,414,261
Total U.S. Department of Education		_	1,414,261
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Pass-Through Mississippi Department of Education			
Medicaid cluster:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	1805MS5ADM	38,966
Total Medicaid cluster		_	38,966
Total passed through Mississippi Department of Education		_	38,966
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		_	38,966
		-	
Total for All Federal Awards		\$	2,299,114
I Otal IVI All I CUCIAI AWalus		[⊅] =	2,233,114

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the Amory Separate School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Amory Separate School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Amory Separate School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Non-Cash Awards

The Amory Separate School District is the recipient of certain non-cash assistance in the form of donated commodities received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Revenues and expenditures are recorded for the value of commodities received. In addition, the Amory Separate School District may receive certain other non-cash assistance from federal and state awarding agencies. The amount of non-cash assistance received at June 30, 2019 was \$82,172.

(4) Indirect Cost Rate

The Amory Separate School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 11,122,578 5,164,991	8,513,139 1,284,363	630,119 179,393	925,791 31,407	1,053,529 3,669,828
Total	\$ 16,287,569	9,797,502	809,512	957,198	4,723,357
Total number of students *	1,635				
Cost per student	\$ 9,961	5,992	495	585	2,889

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administrative Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year.

OTHER INFORMATION

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund, Last Four Years

		2019		2018*	2017*		2016*
Revenues:	_		-		 		
Local sources	\$	3,618,196	\$	3,334,364	\$ 3,209,612	5	2,846,459
State sources		8,123,797		8,168,364	8,067,223		8,139,642
Federal sources		153,308		188,903	193,406		179,661
Sixteenth Section Sources	_	40,321		5,285	 16,240		10,847
Total Revenues	_	11,935,622	-	11,696,916	 11,486,481	_	11,176,609
Expenditures:							
Instruction		7,068,709		6,964,460	6,881,464		6,698,808
Support services		4,779,327		4,039,925	3,918,702		3,530,903
Noninstructional services		1,747		33,414	5,260		35,548
Total Expenditures	_	11,849,783		11,037,799	 10,805,426	Ξ	10,265,259
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	_	85,839	_	659,117	 681,055	_	911,350
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Bonds and notes issued		249,605		132,665	-		-
Insurance recovery		-		74,960	-		-
Operating transfers in		40,146		90,614	9,000		10,000
Operating transfers out	_	(169,461)		(170,676)	 (172,690)		(150,296)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	120,290		127,563	 (163,690)	_	(140,296)
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	206,129	_	786,680	 517,365		771,054
Fund Balances:							
Beginning of period		2,611,537		1,824,857	1,307,492		536,438
End of period	\$_	2,817,666	\$	2,611,537	\$ 1,824,857	<u> </u>	1,307,492

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years

		2019	2018*	2017*		2016*
Revenues:	_				•	
Local sources	\$	4,287,868	\$ 3,918,289	\$ 3,849,811		3,612,323
State sources		9,166,976	9,405,633	9,177,361		9,290,115
Federal sources		2,452,668	2,218,410	2,086,357		1,983,622
Sixteenth section sources	_	40,321	 5,285	16,240	_	10,847
Total Revenues	_	15,947,833	15,547,617	15,129,769	-	14,896,907
Expenditures:						
Instruction		8,505,277	8,270,068	8,036,795		7,867,764
Support services		6,088,978	4,913,302	4,853,025		4,508,393
Noninstructional services		1,142,697	1,091,738	1,081,636		1,070,939
Debt service:						
Principal		429,934	880,847	1,346,586		744,731
Interest		120,683	145,554	167,893		209,333
Other	_	-	-	12,298		9,595
Total Expenditures	_	16,287,569	 15,301,509	15,498,233		14,410,755
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	_	(339,736)	 246,108	(368,464)	-	486,152
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Bonds and notes issued		269,033	132,665	1,170,000		-
Insurance recovery		-	74,960	-		-
Operating transfers in		267,090	318,774	877,632		232,146
Operating transfers out	_	(267,090)	(318,774)	(877,632)	_	(232,146)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	269,033	 207,625	1,170,000	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(70,703)	 453,733	801,536	-	486,152
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of period	_	3,471,532	3,015,253	2,209,318	_	1,718,529
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	_	5,355	2,546	4,399		4,637
End of period	\$_	3,406,184	\$ 3,471,532	\$ 3,015,253	\$	2,209,318

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND	COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Amory Separate School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Amory Separate School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Amory Separate School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 13, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Amory Separate School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Amory Separate School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Amory Separate School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Amory Separate School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Corinth, Mississippi Phone: (662)286-7082 Muscle Shoals, Alabama Phone: (256)314-5082

luka, Mississippi Phone: (662)423-505**7**

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C.

Booneville, Mississippi

April 13, 2020



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Amory Separate School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Amory Separate School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Amory Separate School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Amory Separate School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Amory Separate School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles*, and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Amory Separate School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Amory Separate School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Amory Separate School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

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Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Amory Separate School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Amory Separate School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Amory Separate School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C. Certified Public Accountants Booneville, Mississippi

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C.

April 13, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUD	ITORS' REPOF LAWS AND RI		I STATE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Amory Separate School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Amory Separate School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Amory Separate School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 13, 2020 We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following immaterial instance of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. Our finding and recommendation and your response is as follows:

Finding: Amory Separate School District's ad valorem tax receipts exceed the allowable amount; however, the school district did not place this excess in an escrow account and is not in compliance with Section 37-57-107.

Recommendation: Per Section 37-57-107, if ad valorem tax receipts exceed the allowable amount, the excess must be placed in an escrow account and used in the calculation of the subsequent year request.

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luka, Mississippi Phone: (662)423-505**7** Response: The school district accepted the adjustment to reserve fund balance and will comply with these provisions in the future.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The Amory Separate School District's response to the finding included in this report was not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

The Sparks CPA Firm, F.C.

Booneville, Mississippi

April 13, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

AMORY SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section 1: Summary of Auditors' Results

Fin	an	ادند	Sta	tam	ents:
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1. Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards:

4. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weaknesses identified?

b. Significant deficiencies identified?

None reported

 Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)

No

7. Identification of major programs:

Child Nutrition Cluster

84.010 Title I grants to local education agencies

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B: \$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

No

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.