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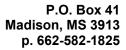
Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Canton Public School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canton Public School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Canton Public School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canton Public School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-13, 53-55, 56, 57, 58 and 59, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Canton Public School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2020, on our consideration of the Canton Public School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Canton Public School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Canton Public School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

JD CPA. PLLC

Madison, Mississippi March 26, 2020 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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The following discussion and analysis of Canton Public School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$1,137,816, including a prior period adjustment of (\$116,615), which represents a 9% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$4,297,337, including a prior period adjustment of (\$2,794,347), which represents a 55% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$31,971,299 and \$31,372,900, or 81% and 81% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$7,576,476, or 19% of total revenues for 2019, and \$7,320,144, or 19% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$40,568,976 and \$40,196,034 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$7,576,476 for 2019 and \$7,320,144 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$31,971,299 for 2019 and \$31,372,900 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$28,111,830 in revenues and \$24,194,240 in expenditures for 2019, and \$27,765,784 in revenues and \$24,335,762 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,270,285 from 2018 to 2019, including a prior period adjustment of (\$100,250), and increased by \$1,147,471 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$3,344,654 for 2019 and increased by \$8,305,288 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due to the disposal of buildings, mobile equipment, and furniture and equipment, coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, excluding compensated absences, decreased by \$2,560,000 for 2019 and decreased by \$390,000 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$2,851 for 2019 and increased by \$70,233 for 2018.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

#### **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$13,297,934 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	e
Current assets	\$ 16,668,977	\$	16,424,179	1.49	%
Restricted assets	4,762,886		5,244,581	(9.18)	%
Capital assets, net	68,460,325		71,804,979	(4.66)	%
Total assets	89,892,188	_	93,473,739	(3.83)	%
Deferred outflows of resources	3,502,306		5,775,378	(39.36)	%
Current liabilities	697,654		2,860,465	(75.61)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	59,081,667		61,784,344	(4.37)	%
Net OPEB liability	2,673,198		2,886,565	(7.39)	%
Net pension liability	 42,601,696		42,791,941	(0.44)	%
Total liabilities	105,054,215	_	110,323,315	(4.78)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	1,638,213		1,085,920	50.86	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	14,139,096		15,236,969	(7.21)	%
Restricted	6,489,773		5,534,172	17.27	%
Unrestricted	(33,926,803)		(32,931,259)	(3.02)	%
Total net position	\$ (13,297,934)	\$	(12,160,118)	(9.36)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (33,926,803)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	43,506,762
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 9,579,959

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$3,344,654.
- The principal retirement of \$2,560,000 of long-term debt.

# Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$39,547,775 and \$38,693,044, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$40,568,976 for 2019 and \$40,196,034 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2019	 Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	е
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 426,231	\$ 437,382	(2.55)	%
Operating grants and contributions	7,150,245	6,882,762	3.89	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	15,566,063	15,328,930	1.55	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	15,448,440	15,254,048	1.27	%
Investment earnings	542,624	34,624	1,467.19	%
Sixteenth section sources	293,110	186,924	56.81	%
Other	 121,062	 568,374	(78.70)	%
Total revenues	39,547,775	38,693,044	2.21	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	16,776,793	16,071,410	4.39	%
Support services	13,818,988	12,789,482	8.05	%
Non-instructional	2,296,023	2,492,077	(7.87)	%
Sixteenth section	78,328	40,324	94.25	%
Pension expense	4,899,021	5,939,352	(17.52)	%
OPEB expense	117,361	157,591	(25.53)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 2,582,462	 2,705,798	(4.56)	%
Total expenses	 40,568,976	 40,196,034	0.93	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 (1,021,201)	 (1,502,990)	32.06	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(12,160,118)	(7,862,781)	(54.65)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 (116,615)	 (2,794,347)	95.83	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (12,276,733)	(10,657,128)	(15.20)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (13,297,934)	\$ (12,160,118)	(9.36)	%

#### Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total I	Percentage		
	 2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ 16,776,793	\$	16,071,410	4.39 %
Support services	13,818,988		12,789,482	8.05 %
Non-instructional	2,296,023		2,492,077	(7.87) %
Sixteenth section	78,328		40,324	94.25 %
Pension Expense	4,899,021		5,939,352	(17.52) %
OPEB Expense	117,361		157,591	(25.53) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	2,582,462		2,705,798	(4.56) %
Total expenses	\$ 40,568,976	\$	40,196,034	0.93 %
	Net (Expe	nse) l	Revenue	Percentage
	 2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ (14,125,335)	\$	(13,547,968)	(4.26) %
Support services	(11,583,937)		(10,850,121)	(6.76) %
Non-instructional	380,744		365,264	4.24 %
Sixteenth section	(65, 128)		(40,324)	(61.51) %
Pension Expense	(4,899,021)		(5,939,352)	17.52 %
OPEB Expense	(117,361)		(157,591)	25.53 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (2,582,462)		(2,705,798)	4.56 %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (32,992,500)	\$	(32,875,890)	(0.35) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$32,992,500 for 2019 and \$32,875,890 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$15,566,063 for 2019 and \$15,328,930 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$15,448,440 for 2019 and \$15,254,048 for 2018). In addition, there was \$293,110 and \$186,924 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$542,624 for 2019 and \$34,624 for 2018.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$21,104,158, an increase of \$1,911,040, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$116,615) and a decrease in inventory of \$5,922. \$8,368,177, or 40% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$12,735,981, or 60% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,270,285. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$5,370, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$16,365) and a decrease in inventory of \$5,922. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund
Title I-A Basic Fund
21st CCLC Grant Fund
Three Mill Notes Retirement Fund

Increase (Decrease)
no increase or decrease
no increase or decrease
646.125

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$87,064,988, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a decrease of \$2,907,242 from 2018, due primarily to the disposal of buildings, mobile equipment and furniture and equipment. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$18,604,663, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$2,077,735, resulting in total net capital assets of \$68,460,325.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	je 
Land	\$ 68,710	\$ 68,710	0.00	%
Construction in Progress	-	25,169,526	(100.00)	%
Buildings	64,399,741	42,160,637	52.75	%
Building improvements	524,214	581,160	(9.80)	%
Improvements other than buildings	2,237,774	2,401,370	(6.81)	%
Mobile equipment	415,915	466,338	(10.81)	%
Furniture and equipment	 813,971	 957,238	(14.97)	%
Total	\$ 68,460,325	\$ 71,804,979	(4.66)	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2019, the District had \$59,081,667 in outstanding long-term debt, including bond premium, of which \$2,658,973 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$2,560,000 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$2,851 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	Change	<u> </u>
General obligation bonds payable	\$	34,260,000	\$	36,025,000	(4.90)	%
Certificates of participation payable	Ψ	14,860,000	Ψ	15,480,000	(4.01)	
Three mill notes payable		545,000		720,000	(24.31)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		7,000,000		7,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		179,450		182,301	(1.56)	%
Bond Premiums		2,237,217		2,377,043	(5.88)	%
Total	\$	59,081,667	\$	61,784,344	(4.37)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Canton Public School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Canton Public School District, 403 East Lincoln Street, Canton, MS 39046.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2019	Governmental
	 Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,354,534
Due from other governments	1,289,502
Inventories	24,941
Restricted assets	4,762,886
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	68,710
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	64,399,741
Building improvements	524,214
Improvements other than buildings	2,237,774
Mobile equipment	415,915
Furniture and equipment	 813,971
Total Assets	 89,892,188
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt	95,961
Deferred outflows - pensions	3,210,452
Deferred outflows - OPEB	195,893
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,502,306
Link West	
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	314,449
Unearned revenue	13,256
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	369,949
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	000,010
Capital related liabilities	2,530,600
Non-capital related liabilities	128,373
Net OPEB liability	117,442
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	117,442
Capital related liabilities	50,335,800
·	
Capital related bond premiums	2,237,217
Non-capital related liabilities	3,849,677
Net pension liability	42,601,696
Net OPEB liability	 2,555,756
Total Liabilities	 105,054,215
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	1,292,435
Deferred inflows - OPEB	, ,
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 345,778 1,638,213
Total Deletted Illiows of Nesources	 1,030,213
Net Position	4.4
Net investment in capital assets	14,139,096
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	2,656,975
Debt service	3,326,520
Forestry improvements	83,665
Unemployment benefits	64,113
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section	358,500
Unrestricted	 (33,926,803)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (13,297,934)

Statement of Activities	10						Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 20	19		F	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		_	•	Operating	Capital	_	140t i Obition
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	_	Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$	16,776,793 \$	149,418 \$	2,502,040 \$	-	\$	(14, 125, 335)
Support services		13,818,988	-	2,235,051	-		(11,583,937)
Non-instructional		2,296,023	263,613	2,413,154	-		380,744
Sixteenth section		78,328	13,200	-	-		(65,128)
Pension expense		4,899,021	-	-	-		(4,899,021)
OPEB expense		117,361	-	-	-		(117,361)
Interest on long-term liabilities		2,582,462	-	-			(2,582,462)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	40,568,976 \$	426,231 \$	7,150,245 \$		\$	(32,992,500)
			General Revenue	s:			
			General purp	ose levies			12,467,945
			Debt purpose	e levies			3,098,118
			Unrestricted g	rants and contribu	tions:		
			State				14,964,661
			Federal				483,779
				nvestment earnings	i		542,624
			Sixteenth sect	tion sources			293,110
			Other			_	121,062
			lotal Gene	eral Revenues		_	31,971,299
			Change in Net Po	osition			(1,021,201)
				ginning, as previou	sly reported		(12,160,118)
			Prior Period Adj	iustments		_	(116,615)
			Net Position - Be	ginning, as restate	ed		(12,276,733)
			Net Position (defi	cit) - Ending		\$	(13,297,934)

			Governmental	Funds			
Balance Sheet							Exhibit C
June 30, 2019							
		Major I	unds		T 1000 100	011	<b>.</b>
		General	Title I-A Basic	21st CCLC Grant	Three Mill Notes Retirement	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets	-						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,615,137 \$	_	\$ - \$	- \$	3,105,173 \$	15,720,310
Cash with fiscal agents	·	_	_	· _ ·	3,710,802	686,308	4,397,110
Due from other governments		419,845	348,255	113,834	8,615	398,953	1,289,502
Due from other funds		757,465	-	-	-	-	757,465
Inventories		-	_	_	_	24,941	24,941
Total assets	\$	13,792,447 \$	348,255	\$ 113,834 \$	3,719,417 \$	4,215,375 \$	22,189,328
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	234,438 \$	2,983	\$ 8,926 \$	- \$	68,102 \$	314,449
Due to other funds		-	345,272	104,634	34,539	273,020	757,465
Unavailable revenue		-	-	274	-	12,982	13,256
Total Liabilities		234,438	348,255	113,834	34,539	354,104	1,085,170
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory		-	-	-	-	24,941	24,941
Permanent fund principal		-	-	-	-	358,500	358,500
Restricted:							
Debt service		-	-	-	3,684,878	11,591	3,696,469
Capital projects		-	-	-	-	686,427	686,427
Forestry improvement purposes		-	-	-	-	83,665	83,665
Grant activities		-	-	-	-	544,745	544,745
Unemployment benefits		-	-	-	-	64,113	64,113
Food service		-	-	-	-	2,080,013	2,080,013
Sixteenth section		-	-	-	-	7,276	7,276
Assigned:							
District initiatives/special projects		5,106,047	-	-	-	-	5,106,047
Activity funds		83,785	-	-	-	-	83,785
Unassigned		8,368,177	-	-	-	-	8,368,177
Total Fund Balances		13,558,009			3,684,878	3,861,271	21,104,158
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	13,792,447 \$	348,255	\$ 113,834 \$	3,719,417 \$	4,215,375 \$	22,189,328

CANTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT  Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of June 30, 2019	f Net Position	Exhibit C-1
Julie 30, 2013		
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	21,104,158
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$ 68,710 76,924,238 1,423,651 4,089,901 914,351 3,644,137 (18,604,663)	68,460,325
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	•	
Net pension liability	(42,601,696)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	3,210,452 (1,292,435)	(40,683,679)
3. Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability	(2,673,198)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	195,893 (345,778)	(2,823,083)
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds Other bonds payable Notes payable Certificates of participation Compensated absences Unamortized charges Unamortized premiums	(34,260,000) (7,000,000) (545,000) (14,860,000) (179,450) 95,961 (2,237,217)	
Accrued interest payable	(369,949)	(59,355,655)
Net Position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(13,297,934)

#### Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit D For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Major Funds Three Mill Notes Other Total Title I-A Basic 21st CCLC Grant General Retirement Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds Revenues: Local sources 12,952,485 \$ 921,973 \$ 2,714,868 \$ \$ - \$ - \$ 16,589,326 State sources 14,661,622 1,310,194 15,971,816 6.626.868 Federal sources 160.079 1.805.479 185,275 351,579 4.124.456 Sixteenth section sources 337,644 22,121 359,765 Total Revenues 28,111,830 1,805,479 185,275 1,273,552 8,171,639 39,547,775 Expenditures: Instruction 14,042,583 1,040,903 146,337 1,671,147 16,900,970 Support services 10,063,855 517,431 33,791 2 052 963 12.668.040 Noninstructional services 10,595 12,354 2,287,303 2,310,252 1,121 78,328 Sixteenth section 77,207 Facilities acquisition and construction 308,615 308,615 Debt service: 175,000 2,560,000 Principal 2,385,000 Interest 446,537 2,233,362 2,679,899 Other 10,500 16,390 5,890 Total Expenditures 24,194,240 1,570,688 180,128 627,427 10,950,011 37,522,494 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 3,917,590 234,791 5,147 646,125 (2,778,372)2,025,281 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 466,494 466,494 Payments held by escrow agent Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent (466,494) (466,494) Sale of transportation equipment 8,045 8,045 Sale of other property 75 176 251 Operating transfers in 283,997 3,102,901 3,386,898 Operating transfers out (2,839,172)(234,791)(5,147)(307,788)(3,386,898)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (234,791)(5, 147)2,795,289 8,296 (2,547,055)Net Change in Fund Balances 1,370,535 646,125 16,917 2,033,577 Fund Balances: July 1, 2018, as previously reported 12,287,724 3,038,753 3,866,641 19,193,118 (116,615) Prior period adjustments (100, 250)(16, 365)July 1, 2018, as restated 12,187,474 3,038,753 3,850,276 19,076,503

13,558,009 \$

- \$

(5,922)

21,104,158

(5,922)

3,861,271 \$

3,684,878 \$

- \$

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Increase (Decrease) in inventory

June 30, 2019

CANTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activitie	s	
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	2,033,577
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
<ol> <li>Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:</li> </ol>		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 489,858 (2,077,735)	(1,587,877)
<ol> <li>In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.</li> </ol>		(1,756,777)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Payments of debt principal	2,560,000	
Accrued interest payable	14,874	2,574,874
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:	0	
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(4,899,021) 2,512,345	(2,386,676)
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(117,361) 123,157	5,796
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require th use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:	е	
Change in compensated absences	2,851	
Change in inventory	(5,922)	
Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	98,953	95,882
Change in Net Position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(1,021,201)

Fiduciary Funds			
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities		Exhibit E	
June 30, 2019			
		Agency Funds	
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,602,256	
Total Assets	\$	1,602,256	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,576,278	
Due to student clubs		25,978	
Total Liabilities	\$	1,602,256	

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# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Canton since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Canton Public School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### Blended component unit

The Canton Public School District Leasing Authority ("the Authority") as explained in the following paragraph is considered to be a blended component unit as determined by Section 2100 of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* and is included in the district's reporting entity.

The Authority is governed by a five member board which is appointed by the school district's governing board. Although it is legally separate from the school district, it is reported as if it is part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide financing for the renovation, improvement, construction, and equipping of certain school facilities. Therefore, all of the Authority's assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources and uses have been included in the government-wide financial statements of the school district (see Note 14).

# B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

- Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
  preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
  by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I-A Basic Fund - This is a special revenue fund that is used to account for federal sources received and expenditures incurred related to the District's Title I Program.

21st CCLC Grant Fund - This is a special revenue fund that is used to account for federal sources received and expenditures incurred related to the District's 21st Century Grant Program.

Three Mill Notes Retirement Fund - This is a debt service fund that is used to account for local sources received and expenditures incurred for the repayment of the District's limited tax refunding notes payable. This fund is also used to account for federal sources received for interest reimbursement and expenditures incurred for the sinking fund payment and interest payment on the Qualified School Construction Bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds (agency funds) which focus on assets and liabilities only. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual club.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for accounts payable type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

#### E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

#### 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair market value.

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

#### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

#### 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund. Unspent proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt at fiscal year end are also included in restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Land	¢	0	0
	\$	U	•
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

(\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows from advance refunding of debt, deferred outflows related to pensions, and deferred outflows related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB.

See Note 16 for further details.

#### 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

#### 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

#### 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 20% of general fund revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

# Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$15,720,310 and \$1,602,256, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$18,294,799 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of the school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$4,397,110.

## Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I-A Basic Fund	\$ 345,272
	21st CCLC Grant Fund	104,634
	Three Mill Notes Retirement Fund	34,539
	Other governmental funds	 273,020
Total		\$ 757,465

The primary purpose of the interfund receivables and payables was to close out federal program funds as part of routine year-end closing procedures. All inter-fund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 2,839,172
Title I-A Basic Fund	General Fund	45,447
	Other governmental funds	189,344
21st CCLC Grant Fund	General Fund	5,147
Other governmental funds	General Fund	233,403
	Other governmental funds	 74,385
Total		\$ 3,386,898

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, vocational expenditure transfers, unemployment compensation transfers, the transfer of expendable sixteenth section sources, cost pool transfers, debt service transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

#### Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$365,776 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent balance totaling \$3,710,802 of the Three Mill Notes Retirement Fund (which includes the QSCB Sinking Fund balances). The restricted assets also represent the cash with fiscal agent balance totaling \$686,308 of the Building Project Fund resulting from unspent proceeds of long-term debt.

# Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Completed Construction	Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:	_	17 172010	increases	Decreases	CONSTRUCTION	0/00/2019
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$	68,710 \$	\$	\$	\$	68,710
Construction-in-progress		25,169,526	308,615		(25,478,141)	-
Total non-depreciable capital assets	_	25,238,236	308,615	-	(25,478,141)	68,710
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings		54,370,762		2,924,665	25,478,141	76,924,238
Building improvements		1,423,651				1,423,651
Improvements other than buildings		4,089,901				4,089,901
Mobile equipment		1,171,876	38,012	295,537		914,351
Furniture and equipment		3,677,804	143,231	176,898		3,644,137
Total depreciable capital assets		64,733,994	181,243	3,397,100	25,478,141	86,996,278
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		12,210,125	1,513,582	1,199,210		12,524,497
Building improvements		842,491	56,946			899,437
Improvements other than buildings		1,688,531	163,596			1,852,127
Mobile equipment		705,538	58,882	265,984		498,436
Furniture and equipment		2,720,566	284,729	175,129		2,830,166
Total accumulated depreciation		18,167,251	2,077,735	1,640,323	-	18,604,663
Total depreciable capital assets, net		46,566,743	(1,896,492)	1,756,777	25,478,141	68,391,615
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	71,804,979 \$	(1,587,877) \$	1,756,777 \$	- \$	68,460,325

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	1,728,138	
Support services		213,419	
Non-instructional		136,178	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	2,077,735	

# Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

						Amounts
		Balance			Balance	due within
		7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2019	one year
Α.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 3,435,000 \$	\$	830,000 \$	2,605,000 \$	845,000
	General obligation bonds payable - FY15 issue	32,590,000		935,000	31,655,000	995,000
	Total general obligation bonds	36,025,000	-	1,765,000	34,260,000	1,840,000
В.	Certificates of participation payable	15,480,000		620,000	14,860,000	635,000
C.	Three mill notes payable	720,000		175,000	545,000	175,000
D.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	7,000,000			7,000,000	-
E.	Compensated absences payable	 182,301		2,851	179,450	8,973
	Total	\$ 59,407,301 \$	- \$	2,562,851 \$	56,844,450 \$	2,658,973
	Add: Bond premium	2,377,043		139,826	2,237,217	
	Total	\$ 61,784,344 \$	- \$	2,702,677 \$	59,081,667 \$	2,658,973

# A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
1. General obligation refunding					
bonds, Series 2012	2.0-2.5%	5/1/2012	4/1/2022	\$ 5,185,000	\$ 1,940,000
2. General obligation refunding					
bonds, Series 2012B	1.0-2.25%	8/30/2012	4/1/2022	1,765,000	665,000
<ol><li>General obligation bonds,</li></ol>					
Series 2015	4.0-5.0%	6/9/2015	6/30/2035	33,500,000	31,655,000
Total				\$ 40,450,000	\$ 34,260,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. General obligation refunding bonds issued on May 1, 2012:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 630,000 \$	46,925 \$	676,925
2021	650,000	32,750	682,750
2022	 660,000	16,500	676,500
Total	\$ 1,940,000 \$	96,175 \$	2,036,175

This debt will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund.

2. General obligation refunding bonds issued on August 30, 2012:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 215,000 \$	13,875 \$	228,875
2021	220,000	9,575	229,575
2022	 230,000	5,175	235,175
Total	\$ 665,000 \$	28,625 \$	693,625

This debt will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund.

3. General obligation bonds issued on June 9, 2015:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 995,000 \$	1,437,675 \$	2,432,675
2021	1,045,000	1,386,675	2,431,675
2022	1,095,000	1,333,175	2,428,175
2023	1,350,000	1,272,050	2,622,050
2024	1,420,000	1,202,800	2,622,800
2025 - 2029	9,325,000	5,093,037	14,418,037
2030 - 2034	13,335,000	2,499,600	15,834,600
2035	 3,090,000	77,250	3,167,250
Total	\$ 31,655,000 \$	14,302,262 \$	45,957,262

This debt will be retired from the 2015 Bond Issue Retirement Fund.

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 1,840,000 \$	1,498,475 \$	3,338,475
2021	1,915,000	1,429,000	3,344,000
2022	1,985,000	1,354,850	3,339,850
2023	1,350,000	1,272,050	2,622,050
2024	1,420,000	1,202,800	2,622,800
2025 – 2029	9,325,000	5,093,037	14,418,037
2030 - 2034	13,335,000	2,499,600	15,834,600
2035	 3,090,000	77,250	3,167,250
Total	\$ 34,260,000 \$	14,427,062 \$	48,687,062

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2019, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 13% of property assessments as of October 1, 2018.

# B. Certificates of participation payable

As more fully explained in Note 14, certificates of participation have been issued by the school district. Certificates of participation currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date		Amount Issued		Amount Outstanding
Certificates of Participation,     Series 2010	2.0-4.75%	9/15/2010	9/1/2030	\$	15.000.000	\$	12.970.000
Certificates of Participation,	2.0-4.7070	3/10/2010	3/1/2030	Ψ	13,000,000	Ψ	12,370,000
Series 2017	3.125%	10/31/2017	11/1/2032		2,000,000		1,890,000
Total				\$	17,000,000	\$	14,860,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Certificates of participation issued on September 15, 2010:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 525,000 \$	567,353 \$	1,092,353
2021	545,000	546,938	1,091,938
2022	565,000	524,737	1,089,737
2023	1,055,000	492,338	1,547,338
2024	1,100,000	448,550	1,548,550
2025 - 2029	6,250,000	1,454,869	7,704,869
2030 - 2031	 2,930,000	140,837	3,070,837
Total	\$ 12,970,000 \$	4,175,622 \$	17,145,622

This debt will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund - COPs.

2. Certificates of participation issued on October 31, 2017:

2021       115,000       55,625       170,62         2022       115,000       52,031       167,03         2023       120,000       48,437       168,43         2024       125,000       44,688       169,68         2025 - 2029       675,000       163,281       838,28         2030 - 2033       630,000       50,000       680,000	Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022       115,000       52,031       167,03         2023       120,000       48,437       168,43         2024       125,000       44,688       169,68         2025 - 2029       675,000       163,281       838,28         2030 - 2033       630,000       50,000       680,000	2020	\$ 110,000 \$	59,063 \$	169,063
2023       120,000       48,437       168,43         2024       125,000       44,688       169,68         2025 - 2029       675,000       163,281       838,28         2030 - 2033       630,000       50,000       680,000	2021	115,000	55,625	170,625
2024       125,000       44,688       169,68         2025 - 2029       675,000       163,281       838,28         2030 - 2033       630,000       50,000       680,000	2022	115,000	52,031	167,031
2025 – 2029       675,000       163,281       838,28         2030 – 2033       630,000       50,000       680,000	2023	120,000	48,437	168,437
2030 – 2033 630,000 50,000 680,00	2024	125,000	44,688	169,688
	2025 - 2029	675,000	163,281	838,281
Total \$ 1,800,000 \$ 473,125 \$ 2,363,12	2030 - 2033	 630,000	50,000	680,000
10tai ψ 1,090,000 φ 473,123 φ 2,303,12	Total	\$ 1,890,000 \$	473,125 \$	2,363,125

This debt will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund - COPs.

Total certificates of participation payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 635,000 \$	626,416 \$	1,261,416
2021	660,000	602,563	1,262,563
2022	680,000	576,768	1,256,768
2023	1,175,000	540,775	1,715,775
2024	1,225,000	493,238	1,718,238
2025 - 2029	6,925,000	1,618,150	8,543,150
2030 - 2033	 3,560,000	190,837	3,750,837
Total	\$ 14,860,000 \$	4,648,747 \$	19,508,747

# C. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	(	Outstanding
Limited Tax Refunding						
Notes, Series 2011	2.0-3.125%	11/15/2011	4/1/2022	\$ 1,660,000	\$	545,000
Total				\$ 1,660,000	\$	545,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 175,000 \$	16,588 \$	191,588
2021	180,000	11,337	191,337
2022	 190,000	5,938	195,938
Total	\$ 545,000 \$	33,863 \$	578,863

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Notes Retirement Fund.

# D. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 15, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
<ol> <li>Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2010</li> <li>Qualified School Construction</li> </ol>	6.09%	1/7/2011	1/7/2026	\$ 3,000,000	\$	3,000,000
Bonds, Series 2011	6.09%	11/8/2011	11/8/2026	4,000,000		4,000,000
Total				\$ 7,000,000	\$	7,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2010, issued on January 7, 2011:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ - \$	182,700 \$	182,700
2021	-	182,700	182,700
2022	-	182,700	182,700
2023	-	182,700	182,700
2024	-	182,700	182,700
2025 – 2026	 3,000,000	365,400	3,365,400
Total	\$ 3,000,000 \$	1,278,900 \$	4,278,900

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Notes Retirement Fund.

2. Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2011, issued on November 8, 2011:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ - \$	243,600 \$	243,600
2021	-	243,600	243,600
2022	-	243,600	243,600
2023	-	243,600	243,600
2024	-	243,600	243,600
2025 - 2027	 4,000,000	730,800	4,730,800
Total	\$ 4,000,000 \$	1,948,800 \$	5,948,800

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Notes Retirement Fund.

Total qualified school construction bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ - \$	426,300 \$	426,300
2021	-	426,300	426,300
2022	-	426,300	426,300
2023	-	426,300	426,300
2024	-	426,300	426,300
2025 - 2027	 7,000,000	1,096,200	8,096,200
Total	\$ 7,000,000 \$	3,227,700 \$	10,227,700

# E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 7 – Other Commitments

Operating leases:

The school district has several operating leases for the following:

- 1. Twelve (12) Ricoh Copiers
- 2. Postage Meter Central Office

Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019, amounted to \$39,407.

Future lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 43,848
2021	33,998
2022	32,831
2023	 8,905
Total	\$ 119,582

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$2,512,345, \$2,576,105 and \$2,600,903, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$42,601,696 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.256128 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was a decrease of 0.001292 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,899,021. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 185,770	\$ 180,494
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		905,301
Changes of assumptions	25,264	23,371
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	487,073	183,269
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,512,345	
Total	\$ 3,210,452	\$ 1,292,435

\$2,512,345 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 814,253
2021	(154,581)
2022	(1,062,418)
2023	(191,582)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of		 _	_
the net pension liability	\$ 56,094,209	\$ 42,601,696	\$ 31,387,636

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$123,157 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$2,673,198 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.34557539 percent. This was a decrease of 0.02232313 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$117,361. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,443	\$
Changes of assumptions		190,471
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	67,293	155,307
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	123,157	
Total	\$ 195,893	\$ 345,778

\$123,157 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (51,849)
2021	(51,849)
2022	(51,849)
2023	(51,849)
2024	(48,874)
Thereafter	(16,772)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	4.50%

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2018 Prior Measurement Date 2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	urrent	
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount	1% Increase
		(2.89%)	R	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,963,174	\$	2,673,198	\$ 2,423,810

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare		
		Cost Trend				
				Rates		
	1	% Decrease		Current		1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,476,265	\$	2,673,198	\$	2,896,858

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Note 10 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 165,805
2021	10,002
2022	7,502
2023	7,502
2024	7,502
2025 - 2029	31,569
2030 - 2034	26,419
2035 - 2039	23,069
2040 - 2044	21,326
Thereafter	 9,198
Total	\$ 309,894

# **Note 11 – Prior Period Adjustments**

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

# **Exhibit B - Statement of Activities**

Explanation	Amount
To record a repayment to a state agency of prior year funds, record a prior year expenditure, and correct prior year receivable balances at the governmental fund level	\$ (116,615)
Total	\$ (116,615)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To record a prior year expenditure and correct a prior year receivable	\$ (100,250)
Other governmental funds	To record a repayment to a state agency of prior year funds and correct a prior year receivable	(16,365)
Total		\$ (116,615)

# Note 12 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

#### Note 13 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 14 - Trust Certificates

A trust agreement dated September 15, 2010, was executed by and between the school district and Duncan-Williams, Inc., Memphis, Tennessee, as trustee. The trust agreement authorized the issuance of trust certificates in the principal amount of \$15,000,000 to provide financing for the construction and renovation of school buildings and related facilities and equipment (the "project").

A trust agreement dated October 31, 2017, was executed by and between the school district and Trustmark National Bank, Madison, Mississippi, as trustee. The trust agreement authorized the issuance of trust certificates in the principal amount of \$2,000,000 to provide financing for the construction and renovation of school buildings and related facilities and equipment (the "project").

The projects are leased to the school district in accordance with the provisions of the Emergency School Leasing Authority Act as described in Section 37-7-351, et seq., Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The leases represent capital leases under which ownership of the projects will transfer to the school district upon complete retirement of the trust certificates. The school district is obligated to make lease payments to the trustee in an amount equal to the debt service requirements for the trust certificates. The lease rental payments by the school district are used by the trustee to pay the principal and interest payments due on the trust certificates.

It is not anticipated the projects will have sufficient value to satisfy the certificates in the event the school district defaults under the lease; therefore, the source of payment of the certificates is the responsibility of the school district. See Note 6 for details regarding the debt service requirement on the trust certificates.

Using the guidance provided in Section 2100 of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* dealing with defining the reporting entity, the trust accounts created by this trust agreement were deemed to constitute an inseparable part of the school district. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources/uses of the trust accounts created by this trust agreement are part of the school district's financial statements, thereby eliminating the effects of the lease agreement for financial reporting purposes.

#### Note 15 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the subsidy payments amounted to \$351,579.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2019 was \$3,710,802. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Qualified school construction bonds issued on January 7, 2011:

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 200,000
2021	200,000
2022	200,000
2023	200,000
2024	200,000
2025 - 2026	 400,000
Total	\$ 1,400,000

Qualified school construction bonds issued on November 8, 2011:

Year Ending June 30		Amount
2020	\$	266.667
2021	Ψ	266,667
2022		266,667
2023		266,667
2024		266,667
2025 – 2027		799,996
Total	\$	2,133,331

Total qualified school construction bonds sinking fund payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 466,667
2021	466,667
2022	466,667
2023	466,667
2024	466,667
2025 – 2027	 1,199,996
Total	\$ 3,533,331

#### Note 16 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$14,139,096 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt and deferred bond premiums. The \$95,961 balance of deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 3 years. The \$2,237,217 balance of the deferred bond premiums at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as a decrease in an expense and will increase the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 16 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$33,926,803) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$2,512,345 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$698,107 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$33,926,803) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,292,435 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$33,926,803) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$123,157 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$72,736 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$33,926,803) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$345,778 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

# Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position/Balance Sheet date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position/Balance Sheet date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the School District through March 26, 2020 and determined that no events requiring disclosure have occurred.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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#### Required Supplementary Information

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Positive (Negative) Original **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources 13,037,892 \$ 12,952,485 \$ 12,952,485 \$ (85,407)\$ 14,682,470 14,661,622 State sources 14,661,622 (20,848)Federal sources 420,667 160,079 160,079 (260,588)337,644 337,644 Sixteenth section sources 304,000 33,644 Total Revenues 28,445,029 28,111,830 28,111,830 (333, 199)Expenditures: Instruction 14,979,492 14,042,583 14,042,583 936,909 10,982,889 10,063,855 919,034 Support services 10,063,855 Noninstructional services 35,000 10,595 10,595 24,405 Sixteenth section 61,000 77,207 77,207 (16,207)Total Expenditures 26,058,381 24,194,240 24,194,240 1,864,141 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 2,386,648 3,917,590 3,917,590 1,530,942 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of transportation equipment 8,045 8,045 8,045 Sale of other property 75 75 75 Operating transfers in 3,283,446 2,920,884 283,997 (362, 562)(2,636,887)(5,476,059) 194,316 Operating transfers out (5,670,375)(2,839,172)2,636,887 (2,386,929)(2,547,055)(2,547,055)(160, 126)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,370,535 1,370,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (281)1,370,816 Fund Balances: July 1, 2018, as previously reported 12,287,724 12,287,724 12,287,724 Prior period adjustments (100, 250)(100, 250)(100, 250)July 1, 2018, as restated 12,287,724 12,187,474 12,187,474 (100, 250)June 30, 2019 12,287,443 \$ 13,558,009 \$ 13,558,009 \$ 1,270,566 \$

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

# Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I-A Basic Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Varian Positive (N	
	Bı	ıdgetec	d Amounts	Actual	_	Original	Final
	Orig	jinal	Final	(GAAP Basis	s)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:							
Federal sources	\$ 2,410	),607	\$ 2,376,598	\$ 1,805,479	\$	(34,009) \$	(571,119)
Total Revenues	2,410	),607	2,376,598	1,805,479		(34,009)	(571,119)
Expenditures:							
Instruction	1,256	5,326	1,424,876	1,040,903		(168,550)	383,973
Support services	716	5,194	589,994	517,431		126,200	72,563
Noninstructional services	52	2,766	36,961	12,354		15,805	24,607
Total Expenditures	2,025	5,286	2,051,831	1,570,688		(26,545)	481,143
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	38	5,321	324,767	234,791		(60,554)	(89,976)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers out	(385	5,321)	(324,767)	(234,791)		60,554	89,976
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(38	5,321)	(324,767)	(234,791)		60,554	89,976
Net Change in Fund Balances							
Fund Balances: July 1, 2018							
June 30, 2019	\$	- 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

# Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule 21st CCLC Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variar Positive (N	
	E	Budgeted Ai	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Or	iginal	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Federal sources	\$	- \$	250,000	\$ 185,275 \$	250,000 \$	(64,725)
Total Revenues		-	250,000	185,275	250,000	(64,725)
Expenditures:						
Instruction		-	194,984	146,337	(194,984)	48,647
Support services		-	45,766	33,791	(45,766)	11,975
Noninstructional services		-	2,000	-	(2,000)	2,000
Total Expenditures		-	242,750	180,128	(242,750)	62,622
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		-	7,250	5,147	7,250	(2,103)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers out		-	(7,250)	(5,147)	(7,250)	2,103
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(7,250)	(5,147)	(7,250)	2,103
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	-	-	
Fund Balances: July 1, 2018		_	-	-	-	
June 30, 2019	\$	- \$	- 9	- \$	- \$	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.25612	28% 0.257420%	0.254388%	0.241217%	0.234653%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 42,601	,696 42,791,941	45,440,049	37,287,391	28,482,578
District's covered payroll	16,356	5,222 16,513,670	16,273,803	15,069,829	14,338,483
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	260	.46% 259.13%	6 279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62	.54% 61.49%	6 57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

#### Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

**PERS** 

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,512,345	2,576,105	2,600,903	2,563,124	2,373,498
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 2,512,345	2,576,105	2,600,903	2,563,124	2,373,498
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	15,951,397	16,356,222	16,513,670	16,273,803	15,069,829
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	0.34557539	0.36789852
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,673,198	2,886,565
District's covered-employee payroll		15,630,140	16,528,669
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of its covered-employee payroll	а	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

#### Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 123,157	123,059
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 123,157	123,059
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	
District's covered-employee payroll	15,951,397	16,356,222
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.77%	0.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

# CANTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

## **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### <u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### 2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

# CANTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

#### **OPEB Schedules**

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

# CANTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Price inflation 3% Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50% Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75% Pre-Medicare Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims 5.00% Pre-Medicare Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims 2023 Pre-Medicare Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, 3.56%

including price inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **Supplementary Information** Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Catalog of Federal Federal Grantor/ Domestic Pass-through Pass-through Grantor/ Assistance Entity Identifying Federal Program Title No. Number Expenditures U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: 185MS326N1099 School breakfast program 10.553 695,909 National school lunch program 10.555 185MS326N1099 1,883,391 46,216 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 185MS326N1099 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 2,625,516 2,625,516 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 2,625,516 U.S. Department of Defense Direct Program: Reserve Officers' Training Corps 12.xxx N/A 27,879 Total U.S. Department of Defense 27,879 Federal Communications Commissions Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the Universal Service Fund 32.xxx N/A 97,006 97,006 **Total U.S. Federal Communications Commissions U.S. Department of Education** Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 ES010A170024 2,213,946 Title II - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants ES367A180023 169,583 84.367 Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment 84.424 ES424A170025 44,221 English Language Acquisition Grants 85.365 ES365A180024 56,801 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 S287C180024 185,276 Rehabilitation Services Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States V048A180024 84.048 47,851 2,717,678 Subtotal Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states 84.027 H027A170108 763,082 18,200 Special education - preschool grants H173A170113 84.173 Total special education cluster 781,282 3,498,960 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education 6,216,638 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Medical assistance program 93.778 1805MS5ADM 25 928 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 25,928 Total U.S Department of Health and Human Services 25,928 Total for All Federal Awards 6,275,289

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

# CANTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

# (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Canton Public School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Canton Public School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Canton Public School District.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Canton Public School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 23,251,845 14,270,649	17,490,357 2,953,951	1,289,381 356,511	1,839,189 47,273	2,632,918 10,912,914
Total	\$ 37,522,494	20,444,308	1,645,892	1,886,462	13,545,832
Total number of students *	 3,353				
Cost per student	\$ 11,191	6,097	491	563	4,040

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

# **CANTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT**

# Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 12,952,485 \$	12,581,196 \$	12,076,651 \$	11,612,024
Intermediate sources	-	-	-	9,272
State sources	14,661,622	14,764,573	15,026,378	14,640,362
Federal sources	160,079	228,444	184,904	221,003
Sixteenth section sources	337,644	191,571	381,927	223,112
Total Revenues	28,111,830	27,765,784	27,669,860	26,705,773
Expenditures:				
Instruction	14,042,583	14,036,935	13,620,013	16,793,416
Support services	10,063,855	10,190,371	9,916,519	9,881,354
Noninstructional services	10,595	70,022	3,240	9,500
Sixteenth section	77,207	38,434	66,851	37,700
Total Expenditures	24,194,240	24,335,762	23,606,623	26,721,970
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	3,917,590	3,430,022	4,063,237	(16, 197)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance loss recovery	-	-	40,083	1,312
Sales of transportation equipment	8,045	-	-	- '
Sales of other property	75	-	-	- '
Operating transfers in	283,997	298,219	319,087	237,772
Operating transfer out	(2,839,172)	(2,580,770)	(2,632,004)	(2,241,998)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,547,055)	(2,282,551)	(2,272,834)	(2,002,914)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,370,535	1,147,471	1,790,403	(2,019,111)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period as previously reported	12,287,724	11,140,253	9,352,290	11,371,401
Prior period adjustments	(100,250)	-	(2,440)	- '
Beginning of period, as restated	12,187,474	11,140,253	9,349,850	11,371,401
End of Period	\$ 13,558,009 \$	12,287,724 \$	11,140,253 \$	9,352,290

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

# CANTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

# Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
All Governmental Funds
Last Four Years
UNAUDITED

	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 16,589,326 \$	16,245,101 \$	15,274,553 \$	15,043,411
Intermediate sources	-	-	-	9,272
State sources	15,971,816	16,035,845	16,026,923	15,639,010
Federal sources	6,626,868	6,219,601	6,334,029	7,021,712
Sixteenth section sources	359,765	192,497	405,159	234,070
Total Revenues	39,547,775	38,693,044	38,040,664	37,947,475
Expenditures:				
Instruction	16,900,970	16,704,847	15,975,357	19,359,757
Support services	12,668,040	13,214,767	12,298,261	13,494,293
Noninstructional services	2,310,252	3,120,598	2,405,697	2,518,801
Sixteenth section	78,328	40,324	81,371	41,655
Facilities acquistion and construction	308,615	9,250,776	15,717,245	4,734,471
Debt service:				
Principal	2,560,000	2,390,000	2,175,655	1,901,995
Interest	2,679,899	2,662,866	2,731,420	2,702,026
Other	16,390	115,090	16,505	16,864
Total Expenditures	37,522,494	47,499,268	51,401,511	44,769,862
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	2,025,281	(8,806,224)	(13,360,847)	(6,822,387)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued	_	2,000,000	_	
Insurance loss recovery	_	-	40,083	1,312
Payments held by escrow agent	466,494	466,463	466,665	466,666
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(466,494)	(466,463)	(466,665)	(466,666)
Sales of transportation equipment	8,045	(400,400)	(400,000)	(400,000)
Sales of other property	251	2,104	_	
Operating transfer in	3,386,898	3,135,873	3,312,612	3,264,696
Operating transfer out	(3,386,898)	(3,135,873)	(3,312,612)	(3,264,696)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	8,296	2,002,104	40,083	1,312
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,033,577	(6,804,120)	(13,320,764)	(6,821,075)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period as previously reported	19,193,118	25,995,542	39,412,921	46,235,287
Prior period adjustments	(116,615)	-	(88,188)	-,,,
Beginning of period, as restated	19,076,503	25,995,542	39,324,733	46,235,287
Increase (decrease) in inventory	(5,922)	1,696	(8,427)	(1,291)
End of Period	\$ 21,104,158 \$	19,193,118 \$	25,995,542 \$	39,412,921

\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

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P.O. Box 41 Madison, MS 39130 p: 662-582-1825

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Canton Public School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canton Public School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise Canton Public School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2020.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Canton Public School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Canton Public School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Canton Public School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

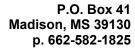
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Canton Public School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

D CPA. PLLC

Madison, Mississippi March 26, 2020





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Canton Public School District

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Canton Public School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Canton Public School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Canton Public School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of independent auditors' results section of the accompanying summary schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## **Management's Responsibility**

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Canton Public School District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Canton Public School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Canton Public School District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Canton Public School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Canton Public School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Canton Public School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Canton Public School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

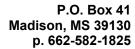
The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

ID CPA. PLLC

Madison, Mississippi March 26, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S	REPORT ON COMPLIAN	ICE WITH STATE LAWS	AND REGULATIONS

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Canton Public School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canton Public School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Canton Public School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following immaterial instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. Our findings and recommendations and your responses are as follows:

#### Finding 1

#### Criteria:

Under the re-employment provisions of Section 25-11-127, Miss. Code of 1972, as amended, PERS Form 4B must be filed in the PERS office within five (5) days from the date of reemployment.

#### Condition:

During the testing of retired personnel, it was noted that some re-hired employees' forms were not filed with the PERS office within five (5) days of re-employment of a PERS service retiree.

#### Cause:

The school district failed to implement a system to ensure the PERS Form 4B were filed in a timely manner.

#### Effect:

The district was not in compliance with the Section 25-11-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

#### Recommendation:

PERS Form 4B must be properly completed and submitted to the PERS office within five (5) days from the date of re-employment and within (5) days from the termination of such reemployment and employees must not be paid in excess of the maximum amount allowed.

#### Response:

The District will strengthen internal controls to ensure Form 4Bs are submitted within five (5) days.

## Finding 2

## Criteria:

Section 31-7-305, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states: "payments should be delivered to the vendor no later than 45 days of receipt of an undisputed invoice and receipt, inspection and approval of the goods and services."

## Condition:

Multiple instances of invoices examined were paid over 45 days after receipt.

#### Cause:

Procedures need to be implemented and followed to ensure compliance with State laws.

#### Effect:

The district was not in compliance with the Section 31-7-305, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

# Recommendation:

We recommend that the school district comply with Section 31-7-305, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and ensure that payments are made timely.

#### Response:

The District will strengthen internal controls to ensure invoices are paid within 45 days after receipt.

## Finding 3

#### Criteria:

Section 25-4-25, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972), provides that "Each of the following individuals shall file a statement of economic interest with the commission in accordance with the provisions of this chapter: a) Persons elected by popular vote .... " Section 25-4-29, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972), provides that "I.) Required statements hereunder shall be filed as follows: a.) Every incumbent public official required ... to file a statement of economic interest shall file such statement with the commission on or before May 1 of each year that such official hold office, regardless of duration ... 2.) Any person who fails to file a statement of economic interest within thirty (30) days of the date of the statement is due shall be deemed delinquent by the commission ... a fine of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) per day, not to exceed a total fine of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000) shall be assessed against the delinquent filer for each day thereafter in which the statement of economic interest is not properly filed. The commission shall enroll such assessment as a civil judgement with the circuit clerk in the delinquent filer's County of residence ... "

#### Condition:

During our test work we noted instances where district board members were not in compliance with the required filing of their respective statement of economic interest forms.

# Cause:

The school district failed to implement a system to ensure the Statement of Economic Interests were filed in a timely manner.

#### Effect:

The district was not in compliance with the Section 25-4-25, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

#### Recommendation:

The School Board members should file the Statement of Economic Interest annually, no later than May 1st of each year that such official holds office, regardless of the duration.

#### Response:

The district will implement proper controls to ensure proper and timely completion of the statement of economic interest forms by its board members.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the findings in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The Canton Public School District's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

9D CPA. PLLC

Madison, Mississippi March 26, 2020 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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# CANTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fin	nancial Statements:		
1.	Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:		
	a. Material weakness(es) identified? (Yes/No)	No	
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? (Yes/None re	reported) None reported	
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? (Y	res/No) No	
Fee	deral Awards:		
4.	Internal control over major programs:		
	a. Material weakness(es) identified? (Yes/No)	No	
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? (Yes/None re	reported) None reported	
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major pro	grams: Unmodified	
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? (Yes/No)	d in accordance No	
7.	Identification of major programs:		
	<u>CFDA Numbers</u> <u>Name of Federal</u>	Program or Cluster	
	10.553; 10.555; 10.559 Child Nutrition Clu	uster	
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and typ	pe B programs: \$750,000	
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? (Yes/No)	No	
10.	Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summatof prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).	ary schedule No	

# Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.