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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

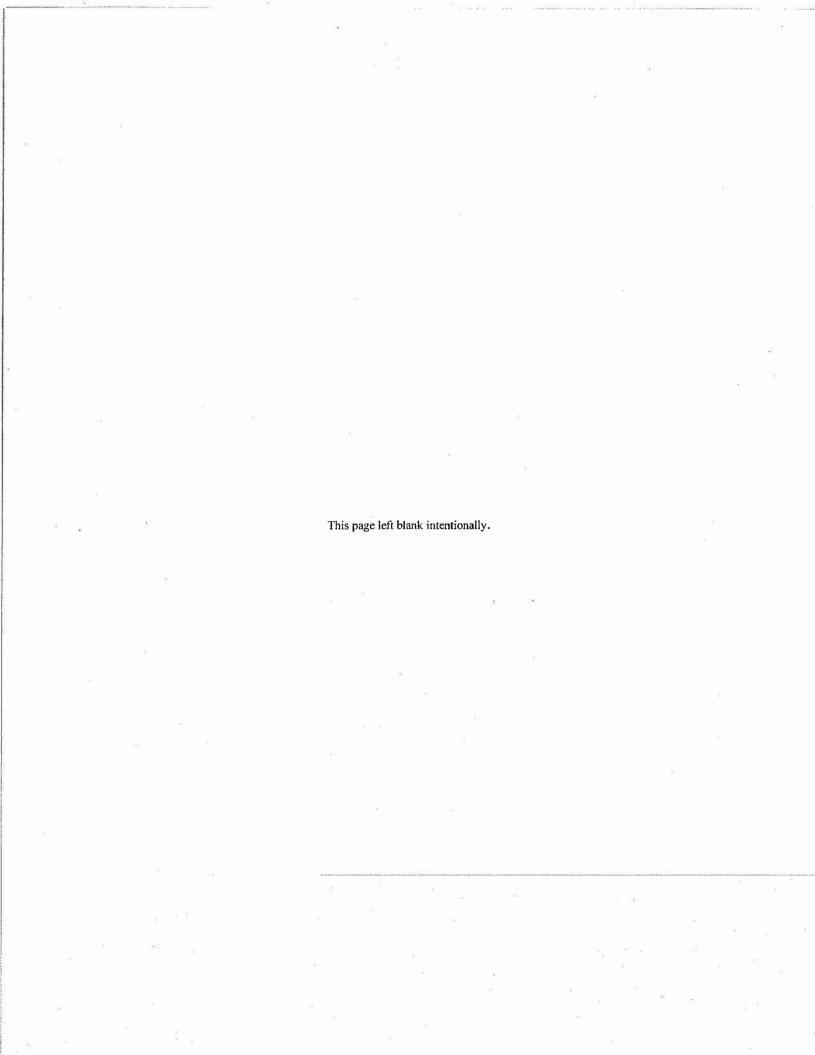
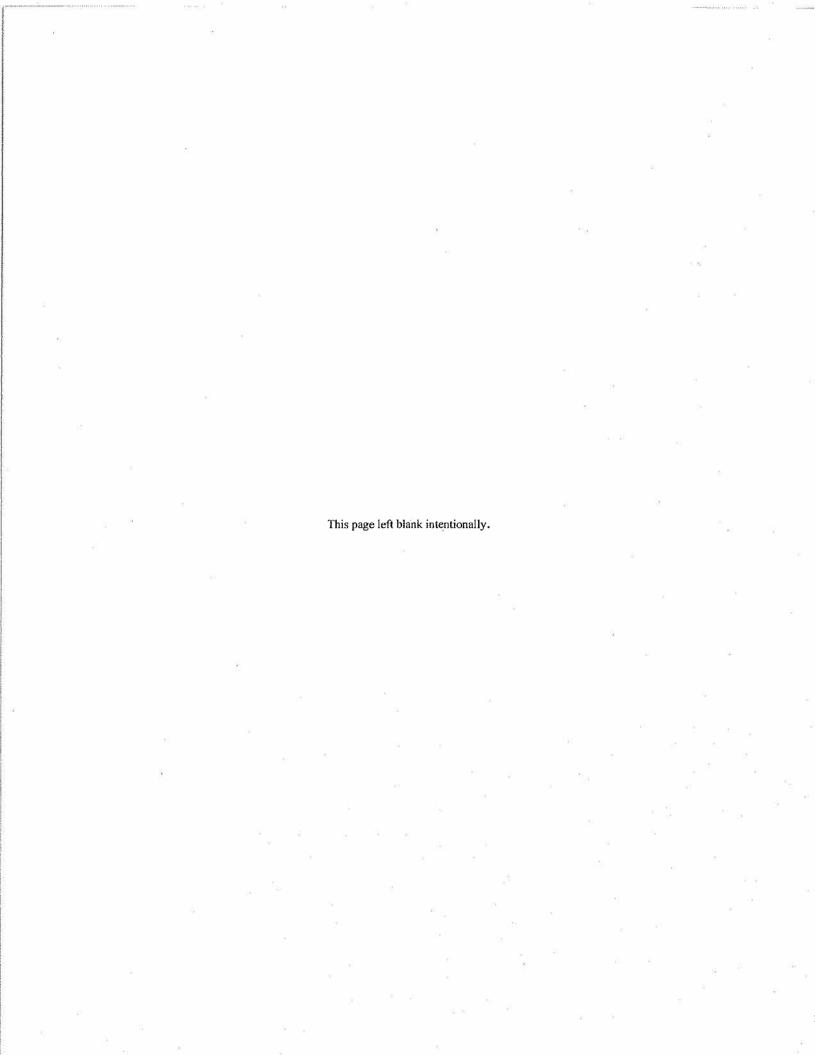


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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Coahoma County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coahoma County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Coahoma County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coahoma County School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Coahoma County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Funds, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated July 17, 2020, on my consideration of the Coahoma County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coahoma County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Coahoma County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC Ridgeland, MS July 17, 2020 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

The following discussion and analysis of Coahoma County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 increased \$2,151,978, including a prior period adjustment of (\$86,268), which represents a 28% increase from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$1,775,739, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,682,292), which represents a 30% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$13,602,818 and \$12,994,364, or 79% and 77% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,579,777, or 21% of total revenues for 2019, and \$3,809,099, or 23% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$14,944,349 and \$16,896,910 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$3,579,777 for 2019 and \$3,809,099 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$13,602,818 for 2019 were adequate to provide for these programs. General revenues of \$12,994,364 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$13,527,594 in revenues and \$11,871,299 in expenditures for 2019, and \$12,843,410 in revenues and \$11,183,036 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,566,449, including a prior period adjustment of (\$69,770) from 2018 to 2019, and increased by \$1,648,637 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$86,988 for 2019 and decreased by \$332,144 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to an increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt increased by \$4,943,466 for 2019, including a decrease in liability for compensated absence and decreased by \$175,074 for 2018. This increase for 2019 was due primarily to the issuance of a limited tax promissory note in the amount of \$4,950,000. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$6,534 for 2019 and decreased by \$13,074 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support

services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds — Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds — Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules,

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$5,610,424 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, issuance of new debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

		June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	e
Current assets	\$	12,801,566	\$ 11,333,836	12.95	%
Restricted assets		6,899,442	1,968,137	250.56	%
Capital assets, net		4,334,478	4,421,466	(1.97)	%
Total assets		24,035,486	17,723,439	35.61	%
Deferred outflows of resources		1,559,827	 1,846,930	(15.54)	%
Current liabilities		1,754,166	1,226,333	43.04	%
Long-term debt outstanding		5,015,629	72,163	6850.42	%
Net OPEB liability		1,504,470	1,694,275	(11.20)	%
Net pension liability		19,689,113	22,620,450	(12.96)	%
Total liabilities		27,963,378	25,613,221	9.18	%
Deferred inflows of resources		3,242,359	1,719,550	88.56	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	•	4,334,478	4,421,466	(1.97)	%
Restricted	1	1,618,202	1,641,690	(1.43)	%
Unrestricted		(11,563,104)	(13,825,558)	16.36	%
Total net position	\$	(5,610,424)	\$ (7,762,402)	27.72	%.

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (11,563,104)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability	
and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	22,876,115
and deferred inflows	
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 11,313,011

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$86,988.
- Increase in long-term debt in the amount of \$4,950,000.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$17,182,595 and \$16,803,463, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$14,944,349 for 2019 and \$16,896,910 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

		Year Ended		Year Ended	Percentage	e
		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	Change	
Revenues:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	155,956	\$	164,953	(5.45)	%
Operating grants and contributions		3,423,821		3,644,146	(6.05)	1 %
General revenues:						
Property taxes		5,567,209		4,781,900	16.42	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		6,768,574		7,136,681	(5.16)) %
Investment earnings		115,950		157,051	(26.17)	%
Sixteenth section sources		1,151,085		917,591	25.45	%
Other		0		1,141	(100.00)	%
Total revenues		17,182,595	-	16,803,463	2.26	%
Expenses:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Instruction		6,109,418		6,039,784	1.15	%
Support services		6,527,112		6,511,567	0.24	%
Non-instructional		1,362,748		1,469,700	(7.28)	%
Sixteenth section		150,367		145,388	3.42	
Pension expense		742,966		2,643,462	(71.89)	%
OPEB expense		49,865		84,443	(40.95)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		1,873		2,566	(27.01)	%
Total expenses	····	14,944,349		16,896,910	(11.56)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		2,238,246		(93,447)	2,495.20	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(7,762,402)		(5,986,663)	(29.66)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		(86,268)		(1,682,292)	94.87 [´]	
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(7,848,670)		(7,668,955)	(2.34)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(5,610,424)	\$	(7,762,402)	27.72	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Expenses				Percentage
*		2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$	6,109,418	\$	6,039,784	1.15 %
Support services		6,527,112		6,511,567	0.24 %
Non-instructional		1,362,748		1,469,700	(7.28) %
Sixteenth section	÷	150,367		145,388	3.42 %
Pension Expense		742,966		2,643,462	(71.89) %
OPEB Expense		49,865		84,443	(40.95) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	·	1,873		2,566	(27.01) %
Total expenses		14,944,349	<u>\$</u>	16,896,910	(11.56) %
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
•		2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$	(4,936,666)	\$	(4,667,687)	(5.76) %
Support services		(5,588,380)		(5,644,222)	0.99 %
Non-instructional		105,545		99,957	(5.59) %
Sixteenth section		(150,367)		(145,388)	(3.42) %
Pension Expense		(742,966)		(2,643,462)	71.89 %
OPEB Expense		(49,865)		(84,443)	40.95 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		(1,873)		(2,566)	27.01 %
Total net (expense) revenue		(11,364,572)	\$	(13,087,811)	13.17 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$11,364,572 for 2019 and \$13,087,811 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$5,567,209 for 2019 and \$4,781,900 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$6,768,574 for 2019 and \$7,136,681 for 2018). In addition, there was \$1,151,085 and \$917,591 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$115,950 for 2019 and \$157,051 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$17,948,715, an increase of \$6,494,834, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$98,801) and a decrease in inventory of \$6,681. \$10,717,153 or 60% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$7,231,562 or 40% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,566,449, including a prior period adjustment of (\$69,770). The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$6,390, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$29,031). The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	 Increase (Decrease)
Child Nutrition Fund	\$ (15,325)
Title I-A Basic Fund	no increase or decrease
EHA Part B Fund	no increase or decrease
Capital Projects 2019 Fund	4,950,100

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$13,393,895, including land, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$216,341 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$9,059,417, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$348,948, resulting in total net capital assets of \$4,334,478.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	J	une 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018	Percentage Change
Land	\$	27,423	\$	27,423	0.00 %
Buildings		2,206,001		2,274,392	(3.01) %
Building improvements		1,236,657		1,337,784	(7.56) %
Improvements other than buildings		14,061		0	N/A
Mobile equipment		801,755		694,660	15.42 %
Furniture and equipment		48,581		87,207	(44.29) %
Total	\$	4,334,478	\$	4,421,466	(1.97) %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had 5,015,629 of long-term debt, of which \$445,250 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$6,534 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

Parcantage

		June 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018_	Change	0
Limited Tax Promissory Note		4,950,000		0	N/A	
Compensated absences payable		65,629		72,163	(9.05)	%
Total	<u>\$</u>	5,015,629	\$	72,163	6,850.42	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Coahoma County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools. The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Coahoma County School District, P.O. Box 820, Clarksdale, Mississippi 38614.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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	·			Governmental Activities
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	•			\$ 11,884,658
Due from other governments				847,805
Other receivables, net			•	42,757
Inventories			•	26,346
Restricted assets (Note 4)				6,899,442
Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 5)		•		27,423
Depreciable capital assets, net (Note 5)		•		4,307,055
Total Assets				24,035,486
Deferred Outflows of Resources				,
Deferred outflow - pensions (Note 7)				1,487,935
Deferred outflow - OPEB (Note 8)				71,892
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources				1,559,827
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities				872,904
Interest payable on long-term liabilities				1,873
Deferred revenue (Note 12)				621,759
Other payables (Note 13)				257,630
Long-term liabilities (Due within one year) (Note 6)				
Capital related liabilities				440,000
Non-capital related liabilities				5,250
Net OPEB liability (Note 8)				67,191
Long-term liabilities (Due beyond one year) (Note 6)				, ,
Capital related liabilities				4,510,000
Non-capital related liabilities				60,379
Net OPEB liability (Note 8)				1,437,279
Net pension liability (Note 7)				19,689,113
Total Liabilities				
				27,963,378
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows - pensions (Note 7)				2,985,931
Deferred inflows - OPEB (Note 8)				256,428
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			•	3,242,359
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets				4,334,478
Restricted net position				
Expendable				
School-based activities				808,614
Debt service				288,102
Capital Projects				100
Forestry improvements				41,687
Unemployment benefits				42,599
Non-expendable				
Sixteenth section				437,100
Unrestricted				(11,563,104)
Total Net Position				\$ (5,610,424)
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this stater	nent.			<u></u>

		Program Revenu	es	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
		- 108.000.100,000	Operating	Position
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 6,109,418	85,531	1,087,221	(4,936,666)
Support services	6,527,112		938,732	(5,588,380)
Non-instructional	1,362,748	70,425	1,397,868	105,545
Sixteenth section	150,367			(150,367)
Pension expense	742,966			(742,966)
OPEB expense	49,865		•	(49,865)
Interest on long-term liabilities	1,873			(1,873)
Total Governmental Activities	14,944,349	155,956	3,423,821	(11,364,572)
	General Revenues	•		
·	Taxes			•
•	General purpos	e levies		5,566,869
	Debt purpose le	evies		340
	Unrestricted grant	ts and contribution	s	
	State			6,682,588
	Federal			85,986
	Unrestricted inves	stment earnings		115,950
	Sixteenth section	sources		1,151,085
	Total General	Revenues		13,602,818
	Changes in Net Posit	tion		2,238,246
	Net Position - Begin	ning, as previously	reported	(7,762,402)
	Prior Period Adjus	stments (Note 10)	-	(86,268)
	Net Position - Begins	ning - as restated		(7,848,670)
	Net Position - Ending	g		\$ (5,610,424)

Coahoma County School District Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Major Funds						
	General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Title I-A Basic Fund	EHA Part B Fund	Capital Projects 2019 Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Due from other governments	\$ 11,884,658 128,288	574,562 20	61,005	18,789	4,950,100	1,294,986	18,784,100
Other receivables, net Due from other funds (Note 3) Inventories	678,348	29,257 22,653	2,731	406		11,288 23,479 3,693	11,288 734,221 26,346
Total Assets	12,691,294	626,492	323,300	256,423	4,950,100	1,556,151	20,403,760
Liabilities Liabilities Accounts payable & accrued liabilities Due to other funds (Note 3) Deferred revenue Other payable	603,627 87,268 621,759	43,524 55,889 150,052	69,996 253,304	22,477 233,946		133,280 72,345 107,578	872,904 702,752 621,759 257,630
Total Liabilities	1,312,654	249,465	323,300	256,423	0	313,203	2,455,045
Fund Balances Nonspendable Inventory Permanent fund principal Restricted Debt service		22,653				3,693 437,100 289,975	26,346 437,100 289,975
Capital projects Forestry improvements Unemployment benefits Grant activities Ad valorem escrow	621,759	354,374			4,950,100	41,687 42,599 427,894	4,950,100 41,687 42,599 782,268 621,759
Assigned School activities Unassigned	39,728 10,717,153						39,728 10,717,153
Total Fund Balances	11,378,640	377,027	0	0	4,950,100	1,242,948	17,948,715
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 12,691,294	626,492	323,300	256,423	4,950,100	1,556,151	20,403,760

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit C-1

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

		Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 17,948,715
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land	27,423	
Buildings	5,359,618	
Building improvements	4,517,643	
Improvement other than buildings	15,979	
Mobile equipment	2,649,919	
Furniture and equipment	823,313	
Accumulated depreciation	(9,059,417)	4,334,478
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability	(19,689,113)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	1,487,935	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(2,985,931)	(21,187,109)
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability	(1,504,470)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	71,892	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(256,428)	(1,689,006)
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Three mill notes payable	(4,950,000)	
Compensated absences	(65,629)	
Accrued interest payable	(1,873)	(5,017,502)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (5,610,424)

COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Funds						
	General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Title I-A Basic Fund	EHA Part B Fund	Capital Projects 2019 Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues							
Local sources	\$ 5,747,662	84,298				76,889	5,908,849
State Sources Federal common	6,549,158	000	! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !			263,265	6,812,423
Sixteenth section sources	85,986 1,144,788	1,138,838	1,120,277	479,412		485,725 6,297	3,310,238 1,151,085
Total Revenues	13,527,594	1,223,136	1,120,277	479,412	0	832,176	17,182,595
Expenditures							
Instruction	6,015,042		251,582	223,378		378,133	6,868,135
Support services	5,708,838	184,463	717,310	255,062		164,713	7,030,386
Sixteenth section	1,804 145,615	1,047,317	140,145	972		283,887 4,752	1,474,125 150,367
Total Expenditures	11,871,299	1,231,780	1,109,037	479,412	0	831,485	15,523,013
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,656,295	(8,644)	11,240	0	0	691	1,659,582
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Insurance loss recoveries (Note 14)	8,815				4,950,000		4,950,000
Sale of transportation equipment	5,000						5,000
Operating transfers in (Note 3)	11,381				100	22,091	33,572
Other financing sources	28,724						28,724
Operating transfers out (Note 3) Other financing uses	(22,191) (51,805)		(11,240)			(141)	(33,572) (51,805)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(20,076)	0	(11,240)	0	4,950,100	21,950	4,940,734
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,636,219	(8,644)	0	0	4,950,100	22,641	6,600,316
Fund Balances			•	•	•		
July 1, 2018, as previously reported Prior period adjustments (Note 10)	9,812,191	392,352	o	0	0	1,249,338 (29,031)	11,453,881 (98,801)
July 1, 2018, as restated	9,742,421	392,352	0	0	0	1,220,307	11,355,080
Decrease in reserve for inventory		(6,681)		***************************************			(6,681)
June 30, 2019	\$ 11,378,640	377,027	0	0	4,950,100	1,242,948	17,948,715
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement	part of this statemen	į,					

		Amount
Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 6,600,316
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, those amounts are:		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	253,500 (348,948)	(95,448)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.	·	(4,073)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Bonds and notes issued Accrued interest payable	(4,950,000) (1,873)	(4,951,873)
Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Pension expense Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(742,966) 1,415,111	672,145
Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: OPEB expense	(49,865)	
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current	67,191	17,326
financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve	6,534 (6,681)	(147)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	•	\$ 2,238,246

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 1,000	37,432
Due from other funds (Note 3)		39,731
Total Assets	1,000	77,163
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,698
Due to other funds (Note 3)		71,200
Due to student clubs		4,265
Total Liabilities	0	77,163
Net Position		
Reserved for endowments	1,000	
Total Net Position	\$ 1,000	

Coahoma County School District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit F

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds
Additions	\$ 0
Deductions	0
Changes in Net Position	0
Net Position July 1, 2018	1,000
June 30, 2019	S 1,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, the School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories.
 Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Child Nutrition Fund - This Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the Federal funds whose use is restricted for the child nutrition food service program.

Title I-A Basic Fund - This Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the Federal funds whose use is restricted for services associated with providing supplemental educational service to students.

EHA Part B Fund - This special revenue fund is financed with federal funds and is used to account for the activities associated with providing special education students with appropriate services.

Capital Projects 2019 - This capital projects fund is used to account for construction and renovation projects in the school district and is financed with the proceeds of a 3 mill note.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing account for payroll and payroll related transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing - This fund is used as a clearing account for non-payroll transactions.

Student Club Accounts - These funds are used to account for the transaction of student clubs.

McTeer Scholarship Fund - This fund accounts for funds available for scholarships.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> - Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting, issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014, issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Ca _l Pol	oitalization icy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent of education and/or the business manager pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the district to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of an amount not less than 7% of district revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the district shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$18,784,100 and \$38,432, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Major fund - Child Nutrition Fund	\$ 55,889
•	Major fund - Title I-A Basic Fund	253,304
	Major fund - EHA Part B Fund	233,946
	Other governmental funds	64,009
	Fiduciary funds	71,200
Major fund - Child Nutrition Fund	General Fund	20,921
· ·	Other governmental funds	8,336
Major fund - Title I-A Basic Fund	General Fund	2,731
Major fund - EHA Part B Fund	General Fund	406
Other governmental funds	General Fund	23,479
Fiduciary funds	General Fund	39,731
Total		\$ 773,952

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year end closing adjustments.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	 Amount
General Fund	Major fund - Captial Projects 2019 Fund	\$ 100
	Other governmental funds	22,091
Major fund - Title I-A Basic Fund	General Fund	11,240
Other governmental funds	General Fund	 141
Total		\$ 33,572

The transfer out of the General Fund was for the purpose of funding the unemployment funds and various other funds in the Other Governmental Funds. The transfer from the Major fund – Title I-A Basic Fund was for indirect cost.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance (\$6,899,442) of various special revenue, capital projects fund and debt service funds

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

which are legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:	17 17 2010	Hicreases	Decreases	Aujustiikiits	0/30/2017
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 27,423				27,423
Total non-depreciable capital assets	27,423	0	0	0	27,423
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	5,359,618				5,359,618
Building improvements	4,517,643				4,517,643
Improvements other than buildings	0			15,979	15,979
Mobile equipment	2,396,419	253,500	(38,827)	38,827	2,649,919
Furniture and equipment	876,451		(19,038)	(34,100)	823,313
Total depreciable capital assets	13,150,131	253,500	(57,865)	20,706	13,366,472
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	3,085,226	68,391			3,153,617
Building improvements	3,179,859	101,127			3,280,986
Improvements other than buildings	0	639		1,279	1,918
Mobile equipment	1,701,759	146,405	(34,944)	34,944	1,848,164
Furniture and equipment	789,244	32,386	(18,848)	(28,050)	774,732
Total accumulated depreciation	8,756,088	348,948	(53,792)	8,173	9,059,417
Total depreciable capital assets, net	4,394,043	(95,448)	(4,073)	12,533	4,307,055
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,421,466	(95,448)	(4,073)	12,533	4,334,478

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 135,126
Support services	183,650
Non-instructional	30,172
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 348,948

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2019	Amounts due within one year
A. Limited tax notes, 2019	\$	0	4,950,000		4,950,000	440,000
B. Compensated absences payable		72,163		6,534	65,629	5,250
Total	<u>\$</u>	72,163	4,950,000	6,534	5,015,629	445,250

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

A. Limited tax notes

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Limited tax notes, 2019	4.95	6/26/2019	6/1/2036	\$ 4,950,000	4,950,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

\$ 440,000		
440,000	170,892	610,892
265,000	167,321	432,321
275,000	157,490	432,490
280,000	147,287	427,287
290,000	136,899	426,899
1,415,000	519,029	1,934,029
1,375,000	269,903	1,644,903
610,000	34,131	644,131
\$ 4,950,000	1,602,952	6,552,952
\$	275,000 280,000 290,000 1,415,000 1,375,000 610,000	275,000 157,490 280,000 147,287 290,000 136,899 1,415,000 519,029 1,375,000 269,903 610,000 34,131

This debt will be paid from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

B. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,415,111, \$1,190,558 and \$1,374,870, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$19,689,113 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was .118374 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was a decrease of .017702 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$742,966. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	•		-	
experience	\$	64,184	\$	291,036
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		0		66,399
Changes of assumptions		8,640		8,086
Changes in proportion and differences between				
District contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		0		2,620,410
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	1,415,111		0_
Total	\$	1,487,935	\$	2,985,931

\$1,415,111 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (1,151,250)
2021	(1,151,250)
2022	(594,007)
2023	(16,600)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation

3.00 percent

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Salary increases

3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return

7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of		(6.75%)		(7.75%)		(8.75%)	
the net pension liability	\$	25,924,912	\$	16,698,113	\$	14,506,341	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 8 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$67,191 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,504,470 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was .19448905 percent. This was a decrease of .02144978 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$49,865. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 3,063 0	\$ 0 107,197
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	0	0
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,638	149,231
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	67,191	0
Total	\$ 71,892	\$ 256,428

\$67,191 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June	30:	
2020	\$	(48,338)
2021		(48,338)
2022		(48,338)
2023		(48,338)
2024		(44,350)
Thereafter		(14,025)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	4.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Measurement Date	3.89%
Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Measurement Date	2018
Prior Measurement Date	2017
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of	
OPEB plan investment expense,	
including inflation	
Measurement Date	3.89%
Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Health Care Cost Trends	
Medicare Supplement Claims	7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate
Pre-Medicare	rate of 4.75% by 2028
	27

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

		C	urrent	
	1% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1% Increase
	 (2.89%)	(3	.89%)	 (4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,667,668	\$	1,504,470	\$ 1,364,115

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	 1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,393,637	\$ 1,504,470	\$ 1,630,345

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 943,234
2021	897,736
2022	675,061
2023	581,460
2024	296,360
2025 - 2029	56,690
2030 - 2034	55,940
2035 — 2039	53,076
2040 - 2044	262,880
Total	\$ 3,822,437

Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

	Explanation	 Amount
1.	Error correction - adjustment to capital assets	\$ 12,533
2.	Error correction - adjustment to assets/liabilitues	(98,801)
	Total	\$ (86,268)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	 Amount
General Fund	Error correction - adjustments to assets/liabilities	\$ (69,770)
Other governmental funds	Error correction - adjustments to assets	(29,031)
Total		\$ (98,801)

Note 11 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Note 12 - Unearned Revenue

For the 2017-18 fiscal year the school district collected ad valorem taxes for operations of \$621,759 for which the school district was not legally entitled. The excess collections were not placed in escrow for the purpose of reducing the ad valorem request for operations in the subsequent fiscal year as required by state law. The school district intends to reduce the ad valorem request for operations during the 2019-20 fiscal year. The financial statements were adjusted accordingly to reflect the liability since this was a matter of material noncompliance for that period and had a direct effect on the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 13 - Other Payables

The annual financial and compliance audit of the school district for the 2017-18 FY resulted in questioned cost related to the federal program Child Nutrition Cluster (\$150,052) and the Supporting Effective Instruction - State Grants (\$104,887). The school district has been informed by the pass through grant agency (Mississippi Department of Education) that these reported amounts will be repaid to the Mississippi Department of Education. The financial statements were adjusted accordingly to reflect the liability since the questioned cost was a matter of material noncompliance and had a direct effect on the financial statements. For more details see the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Other Payables	Exhibit A/C
Child Nutrition Cluster	\$ 150,052
Supporting Effective Instruction - State Grants	104,887
Other miscellaneous payables	2,691
Total	\$ 257,630

Note 14 - Insurance loss recoveries

The School District received \$8,815 in insurance loss recoveries related to building and bus damage during the 2018-2019 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and allocated among the expense functions based on the following percentages:

Insu	rance Loss		
Re	coveries	Percentage	Expense Function
\$	3,850	44%	Instruction
	4,965	56%	Support services
	0	0%	Non-instructional
\$	8,815	100%	

Note 15 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 16 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$11,563,104) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,415,111 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$72,824 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$11,563,104) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$2,985,931 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$11,563,104) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$67,191 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$4,701 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$11,563,104) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$256,428 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be

COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through July 17, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

On August 13, 2019, the school board accept a bid for construction and renovation of school district facilities for \$6,071,000. The projects will be funded with the \$4,950,000 proceeds of the limited tax notes issued in the current year. The balance of the contract will be funded with local funds.

On or about March 6, 2020, the Governor of the State of Mississippi declared that all academic programs of all public school districts be closed until further notice due to the global pandemic caused by the COVID-19 virus. A subsequent declaration by the Governor closed the academic programs for the remainder of the school year. The financial impact to the school district due to the Governor's recommended citizen shelter in place and the required closure of certain businesses is expected to be minimal for the 2019-20 FY. The financial impact to the 2020-21 FY, if any, has not been determined as of the date of the report.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original to Final Final (GAAP Basis) to Actual Revenues Local sources 5,570,125 5,988,184 5,747,662 418,059 (240,522)State sources 151,819 6,585,455 6,737,274 6.549.158 (188,116)Federal sources 2,000 500 85,986 (1,500)85,486 Sixteenth section sources 1,298,555 1,300,058 1,144,788 1,503 (155,270)Total Revenues 569,881 (498, 422)13,456,135 14,026,016 13,527,594 Expenditures Instruction 6,850,500 6,990,709 6,015,042 (140,209)975,667 Support services 5,975,250 6,019,631 5,708,838 (44,381)310,793 Noninstructional services 5,000 5,458 1,804 (458)3,654 Sixteenth section 70,500 75,900 (5,400)(69,715)145,615 Facilities acquisition and construction 13,000 (5,000)18,000 18,000 0 **Total Expenditures** 12,914,250 13,109,698 11,871,299 (195,448)1,238,399 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 541,885 916,318 1,656,295 374,433 739,977 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 Insurance loss recoveries 0 8,815 8,815 0 Sale of transportation equipment 0 5,000 5,000 0 Operating transfers in 890,000 890,000 11,381 (878,619) 0 Other financing sources 28,724 28,724 Operating transfers out (775,000)(775,000)(22,191)0 752,809 Other financing uses 0 (51,805)(51,805)0 115,000 115,000 (135,076)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (20,076)Net Change in Fund Balances 1,636,219 Fund Balances July 1, 2018, as previously reported 9,812,191 Prior period adjustments (69,770)9,742,421 July 1, 2018, as restated June 30, 2019 \$ 11,378,640

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - Child Nutrition Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Varianc Positive (N	
		Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues						
Local sources	\$	70,500	73,900	84,298	3,400	10,398
Federal sources		1,250,000	1,130,500	1,138,838	(119,500)	8,338
Total Revenues	_	1,320,500	1,204,400	1,223,136	(116,100)	18,736
Expenditures						
Support services		185,000	195,741	184,463	(10,741)	11,278
Noninstructional services		950,000	999,955	1,047,317	(49,955)	(47,362)
Total Expenditures	_	1,135,000	1,195,696	1,231,780	(60,696)	(36,084)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	185,500	8,704	(8,644)	(176,796)	(17,348)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					•	
Operating transfers out		(50,000)	(50,000)	0	0	50,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(50,000)	(50,000)	0	0	50,000
Net Change in Fund Balances				(8,644)		
Fund Balances						
July 1, 2018				392,352		
Decrease in reserve for inventory		•		(6,681)		
June 30, 2019		•	\$	377,027		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - Title I-A Basic Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Varianc Positive (N	
		Budgete	d Amounts	- Actual	Original	Final
. •	_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues			·			
Federal sources	\$	1,100,000	1,133,886	1,120,277	33,886	(13,609)
Total Revenues	_	1,100,000	1,133,886	1,120,277	33,886	(13,609)
Expenditures				•		
Instruction		450,000	484,768	251,582	(34,768)	233,186
Support services		995,000	1,066,622	717,310	(71,622)	349,312
Noninstructional services		245,000	255,972	140,145	(10,972)	115,827
Total Expenditures		1,690,000	1,807,362	1,109,037	(117,362)	698,325
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(590,000)	(673,476)	11,240	(83,476)	684,716
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers out		(12,000)	(13,809)	(11,240)	(1,809)	2,569
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(12,000)	(13,809)	(11,240)	(1,809)	2,569
Net Change in Fund Balances				0		
Fund Balances						
July 1, 2018				0		
June 30, 2019			\$	0		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - EHA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Varia Positive	nces (Negative)
		Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues						
Federal sources	\$	610,000	611,153	479,412	1,153	(131,741)
Total Revenues		610,000	611,153	479,412	1,153	(131,741)
Expenditures						
Instruction		295,000	307,395	223,378	(12,395)	84,017
Support services		260,000	272,186	255,062	(12,186)	17,124
Noninstructional services		4,627	4,627	972	0	3,655
Total Expenditures		559,627	584,208	479,412	(24,581)	104,796
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		50,373	26,945	0	(23,428)	(26,945)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u></u>	0	0	0	0	. 0
Net Change in Fund Balances		50,373	26,945	0	(23,428)	(26,945)
Fund Balances						
July 1, 2018				0		
June 30, 2019			\$	<u> </u>	· ·	

COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.118374%	0.136076%	0.141408%	0.140926%	0.139128%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	89	19,689,113	22,620,450	25,259,000	21,784,379	16,887,591
District's covered payroll	↔	7,559,289	8,729,333	9,046,248	8,804,222	8,501,416
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	€5	1,415,111	1,190,558	1,374,870	1,424,784	1,386,665
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,415,111	1,190,558	1,374,870	1,424,784	1,386,665
Contribution deficiency (excess)		0	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	↔	8,984,832	7,559,289	8,729,333	9,046,248	8,804,222
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.19448905%	0.21593883%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,504,470	1,694,275
Covered employee payroll	\$ 7,559,289	8,729,333
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	19.90%	19.41%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.13%	0.00%
The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.		

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 67,191	72,229
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	67,191	72,229
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0
Covered employee payroll	\$ 8,984,832	7,559,289
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.75%	%96.0

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 75 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-18, and, until a full 10year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

Amortization method

Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period

36.6 years

Asset valuation method

5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation

3.00 percent

Salary increase Investment rate of return 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation

7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2017: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

2018: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

Amortization method

Level dollar

Amortization period

30 years, open

Asset valuation method

Market Value of Assets

Price inflation

3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation

3.25% to 18.50%

COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2023
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56%

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	195MS326N1099	\$ 419,145
National school lunch program	10.555	195MS326N1099	812,637
Summer food service program for children	10.559	195MS326N1099	225,366
Total child nutrition cluster			1,457,148
Fresh fruits and vegetable program	10.582	195MS326L1603	58,522
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			1,515,670
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,515,670
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I - grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A180024	1,174,502
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A180024	12,355
Rural education	84.358	ES358B180024	1,803
Supporting effective instruction - state grants	84.367	ES367A180023	69,235
Student support and academic enrichment program	84.424	ES424A180025	21,046
Total			1,278,941
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A180108	479,412
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A180113	72,211
Total special education cluster			551,623
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			1,830,564
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,830,564
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	1905MS5ADM	5,176
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			5,176
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			5,176
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 3,351,410

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$76,069 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

(5) Other Items

For each federal grant passed though the Mississippi Department of Education, the school district has elected to use the pass-through entity identifying number as provided by the Mississippi Department of Education for the most recent and significant grant year.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Instruction and Other Student			
Expenditures	Total	Instructional Expenditures	General ' Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 11,913,541 3,609,472	8,121,859 948,491	944,615 549,808	856,057 8,579	1,991,010 2,102,594
Total	15,523,013	9,070,350	1,494,423	864,636	4,093,604
Total number of students	1,147				
Cost per student	\$ 13,534	7,908	1,303	754	3,569

Notes to the schedule.

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnal descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

Total number of students - the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year.

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OTHER INFORMATION

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COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

Local sources \$5,747,662 \$0,13,895 \$5,34,783 4,958,497 \$158 tes sources \$6,549,158 \$6,791,378 7,748,347 7,303,684 \$120,545 \$24,837 27,772 \$158 teenth section sources \$1,144,788 917,592 \$1,019,572 988,256 \$1,048 \$120,545 \$24,837 \$27,772 \$2,000 \$13,278,209 \$1,418 \$13,289 \$1,418 \$13,299 \$1,418 \$13,299 \$1,418 \$13,299 \$1,418 \$13,299 \$1,418 \$13,299 \$1,299,209 \$1	D.	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
State sources 6,549,158 6,791,378 7,748,347 7,303,684 Federal sources 85,986 120,545 24,837 27,772 Sixteenth section sources 1,144,788 917,592 1,019,572 988,256 Total Revenues 13,527,594 12,843,410 14,127,539 13,278,209 Expenditures 1 1,504,22 5,843,842 6,723,871 7,406,550 Support services 5,708,838 5,168,317 5,332,925 5,704,465 Noministructional services 1,804 7,729 3,635 11,418 Sixteenth section 145,615 145,338 153,017 152,548 Facilities acquisition and construction 0 0 74,406 94,448 Interest 0 0 74,406 94,448 Interest 0 0 3,077 7,392 Total Expenditures 11,871,299 11,183,366 12,290,931 13,376,821 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,656,295 1,660,374 1,836,608 (98,	Revenues	0 5 5 45 660	5.012.005	5 22 4 502	4.050.405
Federal sources 85,986 120,545 24,837 27,772 Sixteenth section sources 1,144,788 917,592 1,019,572 988,256 Total Revenues 13,527,594 12,843,410 14,127,539 13,278,209 Expenditures 1 1,015,042 5,843,842 6,723,871 7,406,550 Support services 5,708,838 5,168,317 5,332,925 5,704,465 Nominstructional services 1,804 7,729 3,635 11,418 Sixteenth section 145,615 145,388 153,017 152,548 Facilities acquisition and construction 0 17,760 0 0 Debt service 0 0 0 74,406 94,448 Interest 0 0 0 3,077 7,392 Total Expenditures 11,871,299 11,183,036 12,290,931 13,376,821 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,656,295 1,660,374 1,836,608 (98,612) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,1381 11,792 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Sixteenth section sources					
Total Revenues 13,527,594 12,843,410 14,127,539 13,278,209		•	·		·
Expenditures	Sixteenth section sources	1,144,788	917,592	1,019,572	988,256
Instruction	Total Revenues	13,527,594	12,843,410	14,127,539	13,278,209
Instruction	Expenditures				
Support services 5,708,838 5,168,317 5,332,925 5,704,465 Noninstructional services 1,804 7,729 3,635 11,418 Sixteenth section 145,615 145,338 153,017 152,548 Facilities acquisition and construction 0 17,760 0 0 Debt service 0 0 74,406 94,448 Interest 0 0 3,077 7,392 Total Expenditures 11,871,299 11,183,036 12,290,931 13,376,821 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,656,295 1,660,374 1,836,608 (98,612) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8,815 1,141 9,332 0 Sale of transportation equipment 5,000 0 0 0 Operating transfers in 11,381 11,792 206,647 70,404 Other financing sources 28,724 0 0 0 Operating transfers out (22,191) (24,670) (47,167) (36,725) Other f	Instruction	6,015,042	5,843,842	6,723,871	7,406,550
Noninstructional services	Support services	5,708,838	5,168,317		·
Sixteenth section 145,615 145,388 153,017 152,548 Facilities acquisition and construction 0 17,760 0 0 Debt service 0 17,760 0 0 Principal 0 0 74,406 94,448 Interest 0 0 3,077 7,392 Total Expenditures 11,871,299 11,183,036 12,290,931 13,376,821 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,656,295 1,660,374 1,836,608 (98,612) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8,815 1,141 9,332 0 Sale of transportation equipment 5,000 0 0 0 0 Operating transfers in 11,381 11,792 206,647 70,404 0	Noninstructional services				
Facilities acquisition and construction 0 17,760 0 0 Debt service Principal 0 0 74,406 94,448 Interest 0 0 3,077 7,392 Total Expenditures 11,871,299 11,183,036 12,290,931 13,376,821 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,656,295 1,660,374 1,836,608 (98,612) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8,815 1,141 9,332 0 Sale of transportation equipment 5,000 0 0 0 0 Operating transfers in 11,381 11,792 206,647 70,404 0	Sixteenth section	•			
Debt service	Facilities acquisition and construction		•		· ·
Principal Interest 0 0 74,406 1,307 94,448 1,309 Total Expenditures 11,871,299 11,183,036 12,290,931 13,376,821 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,656,295 1,660,374 1,836,608 (98,612) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Insurances loss recoveries 8,815 1,411 9,332 0 Sale of transportation equipment 5,000 0 0 0 0 Operating transfers in 11,381 11,792 206,647 70,404 0		-	,		_
Interest 0 0 3,077 7,392 Total Expenditures 11,871,299 11,183,036 12,290,931 13,376,821 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,656,295 1,660,374 1,836,608 (98,612) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Insurances loss recoveries 8,815 1,411 9,332 0 Sale of transportation equipment 5,000 0 0 0 0 Sale of transportation equipment 5,000 0 <td< td=""><td></td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>74.406</td><td>94.448</td></td<>		0	0	74.406	94.448
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,656,295 1,660,374 1,836,608 (98,612) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Insurances loss recoveries 8,815 1,141 9,332 0 Sale of transportation equipment 5,000 0 0 0 0 Operating transfers in 11,381 11,792 206,647 70,404 Other financing sources 28,724 0 0 0 Operating transfers out (22,191) (24,670) (47,167) (36,725) Other financing uses (51,805) 0 (58,729) (39,592) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (20,076) (11,737) 110,083 (5,913) Net Change in Fund Balances 1,636,219 1,648,637 1,946,691 (104,525) Fund Balances 9,812,191 8,163,554 6,277,335 6,358,934 Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421	<u>-</u>			•	·
Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8,815 1,141 9,332 0 Sale of transportation equipment 5,000 0 0 0 0 Operating transfers in 11,381 11,792 206,647 70,404 Other financing sources 28,724 0 0 0 Operating transfers out (22,191) (24,670) (47,167) (36,725) Other financing uses (51,805) 0 (58,729) (39,592) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (20,076) (11,737) 110,083 (5,913) Net Change in Fund Balances 1,636,219 1,648,637 1,946,691 (104,525) Fund Balances 9,812,191 8,163,554 6,277,335 6,358,934 Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860	Total Expenditures	11,871,299	11,183,036	12,290,931	13,376,821
Insurances loss recoveries 8,815 1,141 9,332 0 Sale of transportation equipment 5,000 0 0 0 Operating transfers in 11,381 11,792 206,647 70,404 Other financing sources 28,724 0 0 0 Operating transfers out (22,191) (24,670) (47,167) (36,725) Other financing uses (51,805) 0 (58,729) (39,592) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (20,076) (11,737) 110,083 (5,913) Net Change in Fund Balances 1,636,219 1,648,637 1,946,691 (104,525) Fund Balances 9,812,191 8,163,554 6,277,335 6,358,934 Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,656,295	1,660,374	1,836,608	(98,612)
Insurances loss recoveries 8,815 1,141 9,332 0 Sale of transportation equipment 5,000 0 0 0 Operating transfers in 11,381 11,792 206,647 70,404 Other financing sources 28,724 0 0 0 Operating transfers out (22,191) (24,670) (47,167) (36,725) Other financing uses (51,805) 0 (58,729) (39,592) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (20,076) (11,737) 110,083 (5,913) Net Change in Fund Balances 1,636,219 1,648,637 1,946,691 (104,525) Fund Balances 9,812,191 8,163,554 6,277,335 6,358,934 Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of transportation equipment 5,000 0 0 0 Operating transfers in 11,381 11,792 206,647 70,404 Other financing sources 28,724 0 0 0 Operating transfers out (22,191) (24,670) (47,167) (36,725) Other financing uses (51,805) 0 (58,729) (39,592) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (20,076) (11,737) 110,083 (5,913) Net Change in Fund Balances 1,636,219 1,648,637 1,946,691 (104,525) Fund Balances 9,812,191 8,163,554 6,277,335 6,358,934 Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860		8 815	1 141	0 332	0
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Other financing sources 28,724 0 0 0 Operating transfers out (22,191) (24,670) (47,167) (36,725) Other financing uses (51,805) 0 (58,729) (39,592) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (20,076) (11,737) 110,083 (5,913) Net Change in Fund Balances 1,636,219 1,648,637 1,946,691 (104,525) Fund Balances July 1 9,812,191 8,163,554 6,277,335 6,358,934 Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860		•	•	•	•
Operating transfers out Other financing uses (22,191) (24,670) (47,167) (36,725) Other financing uses (51,805) 0 (58,729) (39,592) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (20,076) (11,737) 110,083 (5,913) Net Change in Fund Balances 1,636,219 1,648,637 1,946,691 (104,525) Fund Balances July 1 9,812,191 8,163,554 6,277,335 6,358,934 Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860		•			
Other financing uses (51,805) 0 (58,729) (39,592) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (20,076) (11,737) 110,083 (5,913) Net Change in Fund Balances 1,636,219 1,648,637 1,946,691 (104,525) Fund Balances July 1 9,812,191 8,163,554 6,277,335 6,358,934 Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860			-	-	•
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (20,076) (11,737) 110,083 (5,913) Net Change in Fund Balances 1,636,219 1,648,637 1,946,691 (104,525) Fund Balances July 1 9,812,191 8,163,554 6,277,335 6,358,934 Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860	- ·				
Net Change in Fund Balances 1,636,219 1,648,637 1,946,691 (104,525) Fund Balances July 1 9,812,191 8,163,554 6,277,335 6,358,934 Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860					
Fund Balances July 1 9,812,191 8,163,554 6,277,335 6,358,934 Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(20,076)	(11,737)	110,083	(5,913)
July 1 9,812,191 8,163,554 6,277,335 6,358,934 Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860	Net Change in Fund Balances	1,636,219	1,648,637	1,946,691	(104,525)
Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860	Fund Balances				
Prior period adjustments (69,770) 0 0 22,926 Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860		9,812,191	8,163,554	6,277,335	6,358,934
Fund reclassification 0 0 (60,472) 0 July 1, as restated 9,742,421 8,163,554 6,216,863 6,381,860	•		_	0	
				(60,472)	
	July 1. as restated	9,742 421	8 163 554	6 216 863	6.381.860
June 30 \$ 11,378,640 9,812,191 8,163,554 6,277,335	y,	2,7 12,121	0,100,007	0,210,000	0,001,000
	June 30	\$ 11,378,640	9,812,191	8,163,554	6,277,335

^{*} Source - Prior year audit reports.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	2019		2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues					
Local sources	-	08,849	5,136,304	5,735,578	5,610,506
State sources		12,423	7,402,929	8,195,083	7,987,305
Federal sources		10,238	3,345,497	3,667,135	3,152,049
Sixteenth section sources	1,15	51,085	917,592	1,029,111	999,311
Total Revenues	17,13	32,595	16,802,322	18,626,907	17,749,171
Expenditures					
Instruction	6,86	58,135	6,804,150	7,668,511	8,241,647
Support services	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	30,386	6,573,516	6,908,132	7,110,999
Noninstructional services		74,125	1,412,182	1,401,834	1,421,408
Sixteenth section		50,367	145,388	165,401	172,566
Facilities acquisition and construction		0	17,760	0	0
Debt service		•	,	•	•
Principal		0	162,000	699,406	703,448
Interest		0	3,839	23,808	50,463
Other		0	0	3,040	3,040
Total Expenditures	15,52	23,013	15,118,835	16,870,132	17,703,571
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,65	59,582	1,683,487	1,756,775	45,600
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds of loans	4,95	50,000	0	0	0
Insurances loss recoveries	,	8,815	1,141	9,332	0
Sale of transportation equipment		5,000	0	0	0
Other financing sources	2	8,724	0	0	0
Operating transfers in		3,572	36,462	276,246	173,955
Operating transfers out		3,572)	(36,462)	(276,246)	(173,955)
Other financing uses	-	1,805)	(150,052)	(58,729)	(39,592)
T (104 F) (77)		<u> </u>			(70.707)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,94	0,734	(148,911)	(49,397)	(39,592)
Net Change in Fund Balances	6,60	0,316	1,534,576	1,707,378	6,008
Fund Balances					
July 1	11,45	3,881	9,914,617	8,263,522	8,194,687
Prior period adjustments		8,801)	0	(60,472)	59,925
July 1, as restated	11,35	5,080	9,914,617	8,203,050	8,254,612
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(6,681)	4,688	4,189	2,902
June 30	\$ 17,94	8,715	11,453,881	9,914,617	8,263,522
•					

^{*} Source - Prior year audit reports.

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, MS 39158 Phone: 601.941.6649 Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Coahoma County School District

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Coahoma County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Coahoma County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated July 17, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Coahoma County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Coahoma County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Coahoma County School District's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. I consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be material weaknesses. [2019-005, 2019-006, 2019-007 and 2019-008].

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. I consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be significant deficiencies. [2019-001, 2019-002, 2019-003 and 2019-004].

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Coahoma County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other

matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Coahoma County School District's Response to Findings

Coahoma County School District's response to the findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying Auditee's Corrective Action Plan. Coahoma County School District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles I Shivers, CPA, LIC

Ridgeland, MS July 17, 2020

CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, MS 39158 Phone: 601.941.6649 Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Coahoma County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Coahoma County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Coahoma County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Coahoma County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Coahoma County School District's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Coahoma County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of Coahoma County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Coahoma County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Coahoma County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered Coahoma County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Coahoma County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items [2019-009 and 2019-010] that I consider to be significant deficiencies.

Coahoma County School District's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying Auditee's Corrective Action Plan. Coahoma County School District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, I express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC Ridgeland, MS July 17, 2020 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, MS 39158

Phone: 601.941.6649 Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Coahoma County School District

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coahoma County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Coahoma County School District's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated July 17, 2020. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and my audit of the financial statements disclosed the following immaterial instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. My findings and recommendations and Coahoma County School District's responses are as follows:

Finding No. 1:

CONDITION: Upon the review of board minutes, inspection of documents and inquiry of school officials it was determined that the school board properly advertised for bids for depositories and bids were received. However, there is no indication in the board minutes that the school board officially accepted and approved a depository bid in accordance with state law.

CRITERIA: The school board must advertise, approve school depositories in accordance with state law (Section 37-7-333) and document such action in the board minutes.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition is an absence of controls to provide assurance the school board complies with state law in selecting school depositories.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of the condition is apparent non-compliance with state law. RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that controls be established to provide a high degree of assurances that school depositories are advertised, selected by the school board in accordance with state law and documented in the board minutes. SCHOOL DISTRICT REPSONSE: Controls will be established to provide a high degree of assurance that school depositories are advertised, selected by the board in accordance with state law and documented in the board minutes.

Finding No. 2:

CONDITION: State law requires that certain school officials be bonded at specific amounts. During the course of testing it was noted that all five principals were not bonded, the superintendent was not bonded, the purchase agent (superintendent) was not bonded, the assistant purchase agent (assistant superintendent) was not bonded and three board members were not bonded. This is a repeat finding from the 2018 FY audit. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.

CRITERIA: State law requires that board members, principals, the superintendent and the purchase agent(s) be bonded (Section 37-6-15, 37-9-27, 37-9-31 and 37-39-21).

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition is an absence of controls to monitor and properly bond school officials as required by state law.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of this condition could result in misappropriation of assets (should it occur) and the school district not being in a position to seek restitution due to an absence of surety bonds.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that school officials who are required by state law to have surety bonds be properly bonded. It is also recommended that controls be established to provide a high degree of assurances that surety bonds be monitored and acquired as necessary in accordance with state law.

SCHOOL DISTRICT REPSONSE: All school officials who are required by state law to have surety bonds will be properly bonded. Controls will be established to provide a high degree of assurance that surety bonds be monitored and acquired as necessary in accordance with state law.

Finding No. 3:

CONDITION: Based upon the review of correspondence from PERS, it was noted that one PERS retiree was compensated \$7,756.81 more than the allowed amount. Also, it was noted that Form 4B for reemployment for two retirees was dated beyond the five days as required by PERS.

CRITERIA: The salaries for reemployment of PERS retirees must be subject to the limitations indicated on the PERS Form 4B. Also, the PERS Form 4B must be dated within five days of reemployment.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition is an oversight by the school district.

EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of the condition is apparent non-compliance with state law.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the salary paid to PERS retirees that are reemployed be limited to the amount stated on the PERS Form 4B. Also, the PERS Form 4B must be dated within five days of reemployment.

SCHOOL DISTRICT REPSONSE: Salaries paid to PERS retirees that are reemployed will be limited to the amount stated on the PERS Form 4B. Also, the PERS forms will be submitted within five days of reemployment.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The Coahoma County School District's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited and, accordingly, I express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

Ridgeland, MS July 17, 2020

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1.	Type of auditor's report issued on the basic financial statements:	Unmodified
2.	Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements noted?	No
3.	Internal control over financial reporting: a. Material weaknesses identified? b. Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes Yes
	Federal Awards:	
4.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified
5.	Internal control over major programs: a. Material weaknesses identified? b. Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	No Yes
6.	Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	
7.	Federal program identified as major program:	
	Child nutrition cluster CFDA #: 10.553 CFDA #: 10.555 CFDA #: 10.559	·
8.	The dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
9.	Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	No
10.	Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal Awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).	Yes

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses.

Finding 2019-001

CONDITION: The test of payroll expenditures determined that one employee was paid \$17,578 more than the school board approved salary.

CRITERIA: Accounting controls should be designed and implemented such that district employees are paid that which the school board has set as documented in the board minutes.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition appears to be an error and oversight by school district management.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of this condition resulted in an employee being paid more that the salary set by the school board.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that due diligence and caution be exercised in determining the salaries approved by the board and ultimately being paid to district employees.

VIEWS OF MANAGEMENT: In agreement. See district response at Corrective Action Plan in this report.

COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Finding 2019-002

CONDITION: The school district operates with a dual system of reporting and accounting for employee's time. The manual system is used as the official time reporting system, but staff are also required to clock in and out using the automated system. This is a repeat finding from the 2018 FY audit. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.

CRITERIA: Only one system of reporting and accounting for employees time should be utilized. The system should provide a high degree of assurance of accuracy regarding the time reported.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition is an inadequately designed system of accounting controls.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of the condition could result in errors in the calculation of payroll and accounting for sick or personal leave.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the district begin using the automated time system as the official time reporting system.

VIEWS OF MANAGEMENT: In agreement. See district response at Corrective Action Plan in this report.

Finding 2019-003

CONDITION: During the course of documenting and testing system controls for taking year-end inventory at the high school, it was noted that all required signatures for asset forms were not acquired in a significant number of instances. This is a repeat finding from the 2018 FY audit. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.

CRITERIA: Inventory asset forms require the signature of both the employee with custody of the asset and the high school principal.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition is a failure of controls over the year-end inventory process at the high school.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of this condition could result in the occurrence of errors or misappropriation of assets that would not be prevented or detected during the normal course of business.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the year-end inventory at all locations be completed and approved by signature of the employee charged with custody of the asset and the principal or department head.

VIEWS OF MANAGEMENT: In agreement. See district response at Corrective Action Plan in this report.

Finding 2019-004

CONDITION: During the course of documenting and testing the system controls, it was noted there is an absence of accountability over blank checks. This is a repeat finding from the 2018 FY audit. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.

CRITERIA: The district needs a system of accountability over blank checks (both used and unused) that provides a high degree of assurance that all checks are secure, accounted for and intact.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition is an absence of controls over the security and accountability of blank checks.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of this condition could result in the occurrence of errors or misappropriation of assets that would not be prevented or detected during the normal course of business.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that all blank checks be kept in a secure and locked location with limited access by district staff. A check log is needed to account for all checks that are issued to accounts payable, payroll and perhaps others that notes the beginning and ending check numbers of checks issued and the initial and date of both employees.

VIEWS OF MANAGEMENT: In agreement. See district response at Corrective Action Plan in this report.

Control deficiencies that are considered to be material weaknesses.

Finding 2019-005

CONDITION: During the audit, several discrepancies were noted with the account balances on the district's financial statement that required adjustments of a material nature:

- The year end accrued payroll of \$646,351 was not recorded in the financial statements.
- Interest income of \$174,962 on 16th section interest funds was recorded as local funds rather than revenue from 16th section sources.

COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

- E-rate revenue of \$78,399 was not recorded on the financial statements.
- The cash balance/bank balance reconciliation for the payroll clearing account contained a net unsupported reconciling item of \$17,374.

CRITERIA: Management is responsible for establishing an internal control system that ensures strong financial accountability and safeguarding of assets. A critical aspect of financial management is the maintenance of accurate accounting records.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of this condition is a result of not properly implementing the designed system of accounting controls.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of this condition resulted in the financial statements being materially misstated. The auditor proposed adjustments which were approved by the management to correct the noted errors, except for the matter with the payroll clearing account which remains uncorrected.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that due diligence be exercised throughout the year with bank reconciliations and accounting for transactions and at year end as part of financial statement closeout.

VIEWS OF MANAGEMENT: In agreement. See district response at Corrective Action Plan in this report.

Finding 2019-006

CONDITION: Both the business manager and the accounts payable clerk have access to the general journal and are making entries into the accounting system independently with no involvement, oversight or review. This is a repeat finding from the 2018 FY audit. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.

CRITERIA: Access to the general journal should be limited and there should be review and oversight procedures to provide a high degree of assurance that the journal entry is necessary, proper and posted correctly.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition is an absence of controls surrounding access to the general journal.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of this condition could result in the occurrence of errors or misappropriation of assets that would not be prevented or detected during the normal course of business.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the business manager prepare the journal entry, the accounts payable clerk post the entry and the business manager review the posted entry for correctness and accuracy.

VIEWS OF MANAGEMENT: In agreement. See district response at Corrective Action Plan in this report.

Finding 2019-007

CONDITION: The business manager is listed as a signature authority on school bank accounts. This authority creates a situation of the performance of too many incompatible functions (lack of segregation of duties). This is a repeat finding from the 2018 FY audit. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.

CRITERIA: A system of adequate accounting controls would not have the business manager as a signature authority.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition is a system of ineffective accounting controls.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of this condition could result in the occurrence of errors or misappropriation of assets that would not be prevented or detected during the normal course of business.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the business manager not be permitted to have signature authority on district bank accounts.

VIEWS OF MANAGEMENT: In agreement. See district response at Corrective Action Plan in this report.

Finding 2019-008

CONDITION: For the 2018-2019 fiscal year the business manager also carried out the duties and responsibilities of the payroll clerk. The duties and responsibilities of these two positions being performed by one employee creates a situation of the performance of too many incompatible functions (lack of segregation of duties). This is a repeat finding from the 2018 FY audit. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.

CRITERIA: A suitably designed system of accounting controls would be such that the duties and responsibilities of the business manager and payroll clerk be performed by two individuals.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition was the absence of employment of a payroll clerk.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of this condition could result in the occurrence of errors or misappropriation of assets that would not be prevented or detected during the normal course of business.

COAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the school district employ a payroll clerk with suitable skills and knowledge for the performance of that position.

VIEWS OF MANAGEMENT: In agreement. See district response at Corrective Action Plan in this report.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses.

Finding 2019-009

Program CFDA No.: 10.553

CFDA program title: Child Nutrition Cluster

10.555

Passed through the Mississippi Department of Education

10.559

Compliance Requirement: Allowable Cost and Cost Principles

CRITERIA: Uniform Guidance 200,430 requires that salaries allocated between federal and nonfederal funds be supported by time records that support the allocation of the salary.

CONDITION: Upon testing salaries of the program it was noted that one staff member's salary was allocated between program fund and local funds. There were no time records to support the allocation of the salary.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is an absence of controls to provide assurance that allocated salaries are supported by time records.

EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of the condition results in questioned cost regarding compliance with program requirements.

QUESTIONED COSTS: The questioned cost of \$31,268 was determined by identifying that portion of the salary paid from program funds plus the fringe benefits paid on the salary.

PREVALANCE OF FINDING: This appears to be an isolated matter.

REPEAT FINDING: This is a repeat finding from the 2018 FY audit. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that allocated salaries be documented by time records that support the allocation as required by Uniform Guidance 200.430.

VIEWS OF MANAGEMENT: In agreement. See district response at Corrective Action Plan in this report.

Finding 2019-010

Program CFDA No.: 84.367

CFDA program title: Supporting Effective Instruction – State Grants

Passed through the Mississippi Department of Education

Compliance Requirement: Cash Management

CRITERIA: When complying with Uniform Guidance Section 200.300(b)(3), a federal reimbursable program should not have a cash balance.

CONDITION: The program had a cash balance of \$106,826 at June 30, 2019.

CAUSE: The cause of this condition is an apparent failure of controls related to requesting reimbursement of funds.

EFFECT OF CONDITION: This condition results in questioned cost to the district.

QUESTIONED COSTS: Questioned cost of \$104.877 was determined based on the fiscal year-end cash balance in the program as of June 30, 2018. There are no additional questioned cost for the year ended June 30, 2019.

PREVALANCE OF FINDING: This condition appears to be an ongoing matter since there was a material cash balance at the beginning of the fiscal year.

REPEAT FINDING. This is a repeat finding from the 2018 FY audit. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that controls be established and implemented to ensure that requests for reimbursement be based on the previous month's expenditures which complies with Uniform Guidance Section 200.300(b)(3).

VIEWS OF MANAGEMENT: In agreement. See district response at Corrective Action Plan in this report.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND SUMMARY OF PRIOR FEDERAL AUDIT FINDINGS

Dr. Ilean Richards, Interim Superintendent

Committed to Caring...Dedicated to Excellence

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Corrective Action Plan

July 17, 2020

As required by 2 CFR 200.511 (c), the Coahoma County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Finding 2019-001

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action:
 - Superintendent, Human Resources Director and Finance Director
- b. Description of correction action to be taken:
 - Due diligence and cautions will be exercised in determining the salaries are approved by the board and ultimately being paid to the district employees.
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action:
 - July 1, 2020

Finding 2019-002

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action:
 - Time Management Clerk with assistance from Technology Director and Payroll Manager
- b. Description of correction action to be taken:
 - The district will use the automated time system as the official time reporting system
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action:
 - This matter was corrected effective July 1, 2019.

Finding 2019-003

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action:
 - Director of Finance and Principal
- b. Description of correction action to be taken:
 - The high school principal will review and approve all inventory asset forms as required by the signature on the form.
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action:
 - This matter was corrected effective July 1, 2019

Finding 2019-004

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action:
 - · Director of Finance
- b. Description of correction action to be taken:
 - All blank checks will be kept in a secure and locked location with limited access by
 district staff (Director of Finance and Superintendent). A check log ledger has been
 created and will be used to account for all checks that are issued to accounts payable,
 payroll, and others (cover checks) that notes the beginning and ending check numbers
 of checks issued and the initial and date of both employees.
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action:
 - This matter was corrected effective July 1, 2019.

Finding 2019-005

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action:
 - Director of Finance
- b. Description of correction action to be taken:
 - Due diligence will be exercised throughout the year with bank reconciliations and accounting for transactions and at year end as part of financial statement closeout.
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action:
 - July 1, 2020

Finding 2019-006

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action:
 - Director of Finance
- b. Description of correction action to be taken:
 - The director of finance will prepare the journal entry. The accounts payable clerk will
 post the entry and the finance director will review the posted entry for correctness and
 accuracy. If the accounts payable clerk prepares the journal entry and the accounts
 payable clerk will review the posted entry for correctness and accuracy.
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action:
 - This matter was corrected effective July 1, 2019.

Finding 2019-007

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action:
 - Superintendent
- b. Description of correction action to be taken:
 - The Finance Director will not be permitted to have signature authority on district bank accounts; instead the signatures will be that of the superintendent and the assistant superintendent.
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action:
 - This matter was corrected effective July 1, 2019.

Finding 2019-008

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action:
 - Superintendent
- b. Description of correction action to be taken:
 - The school district has employed a payroll clerk with suitable skills and knowledge for the performance of that position.
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action:
 - This matter was corrected effective July 1, 2019.

Finding 2019-009

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action:
 - Director of Finance and Payroll Manager
- b. Description of correction action to be taken:
 - Allocated salaries will be documented by time records that support the allocations as required by Uniform Guidance 200.430
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action:
 - This matter was corrected effective July 1, 2019.

Finding 2019-010

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action:
 - Federal Programs Director and Director of Finance
- b. Description of correction action to be taken:
 - Controls will be established and implemented to ensure that requests for reimbursement be based on the previous month's expenditures (which complies with Uniform Guidance).
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action:
 - This matter was corrected effective July 1, 2019.

Superintendent of Education

Dr. Ilean Richards, Interim Superintendent

1555 Lee Drive P. O. Box 820 Clarksdale, MS 38614 Email: irichards@coahoma.k12.ms.us

Phone: 662-624-5448 Fax: 662-624-5512

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

July 17, 2020

As required by 2 CFR 200.511(b), the Coahoma County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings as of June 30, 2019.

<u>Finding</u>	Status
2018 – 001	Not Corrected. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.
2018 –002	Not Corrected. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.
2018 -003	Corrected.
2018 – 004	Not Corrected. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.
2018 - 005	Corrected.
2018 – 006	Corrected.
2018 - 007	Corrected.
2018 – 008	Not Corrected. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.
2018 – 009	Not Corrected. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.

2018 - 010	Not Corrected. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.
2018 - 011	Corrected.
2018 - 012	Not Corrected. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.
2018 – 013	Not Corrected. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.
2018 - 014	Corrected.
2018 - 015	Corrected.
2018 - 016	Not Corrected. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.
2018 – 017	Not Corrected. Due to the timing of the 2018 FY audit, this matter was unable to be corrected by management in the 2019 FY.
Sincerally	

Superintendent of Education