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COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	13
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Exhibit A – Statement of Net Position	14
Exhibit B – Statement of Activities	15
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	40
Exhibit C – Balance Sheet	16
Exhibit C-1 – Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	17
Exhibit D – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	18
Exhibit D – Statement of Nevertues, Experioratives and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit D-1 – Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of	10
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	19
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit E – Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	20
Notes to the Financial Statements	21
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	45
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	46
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Title I Fund	47
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	48
Schedule of the District Contributions (PERS)	49
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	50
Schedule of the District Contributions (OPEB)	51 52
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	52
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	55
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	56
Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds	58
,	
OTHER INFORMATION	59
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund,	
Last Four Years	60
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All	- 4
Governmental Funds, Last Four Years	61
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE	62
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting	02
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	63
- Colonia in Accordance in the Colonia in Colon	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program;	
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	65
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS	
AND REGULATIONS	67
SCHEDI II E OE EINDINGS AND OHESTIONED COSTS	70
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	70
SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS	73
	, 0

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Columbia School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbia School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Columbia School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbia School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate

Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 4-12 and 46-51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Columbia School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2020, on our consideration of the Columbia School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Columbia School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Columbia School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi March 13, 2020 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Columbia School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$556,098, including a prior period adjustment of \$1,789, which represents a 14% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$2,647,108, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,361,351), which represents a 217% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$13,755,744 and \$13,683,209, or 78% and 80% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,969,752, or 22% of total revenues for 2019, and \$3,424,835, or 20% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$18,283,383 and \$18,393,801 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$3,969,752 for 2019 and \$3,424,835 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$13,755,744 for 2019 and \$13,683,209 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$13,329,588 in revenues and \$13,062,521 in expenditures for 2019, and \$12,714,073 in revenues and \$12,511,965 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$213,682 from 2018 to 2019, and increased by \$230,297 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$691,385 for 2019 and increased by \$4,307,181 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, excluding bond premium, decreased by \$410,424 for 2019 and decreased by \$670,822 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$28,576 for 2019 and decreased by \$32,822 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$4,422,925 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	e
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Change	
Current assets	\$ 2,540,787	\$ 2,483,524	2.31	%
Restricted assets	11,542,641	11,877,175	(2.82)	%
Capital assets, net	 18,528,682	 19,220,067	(3.60)	%
Total assets	32,612,110	33,580,766	(2.88)	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 1,641,214	 2,399,412	(31.60)	%
Current liabilities	154,847	572,635	(72.96)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	13,159,083	13,581,534	(3.11)	%
Net OPEB liability	1,340,651	1,419,310	(5.54)	%
Net pension liability	22,437,379	 23,443,474	(4.29)	%
Total liabilities	 37,091,960	 39,016,953	(4.93)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	1,584,289	 830,052	90.87	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	8,711,560	9,318,326	(6.51)	%
Restricted	13,729,081	13,435,838	2.18	%
Unrestricted	 (26,863,566)	 (26,620,991)	(0.91)	%
Total net position	\$ (4,422,925)	\$ (3,866,827)	(14.38)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (26,863,566)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	23,721,105
Unrestricted net position (deficit), exclusive of the net pension liability and net	
OPEB liability effect	\$ (3,142,461)

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$691,385.
- The principal retirement of \$439,000 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$17,725,496 and \$17,108,044, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$18,283,383 for 2019 and \$18,393,801 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2019	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	_
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 484,421	\$ 458,195	5.72	%
Operating grants and contributions	3,485,331	2,966,640	17.48	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	4,828,851	4,745,814	1.75	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	8,503,398	8,474,787	0.34	%
Investment earnings	201,382	204,540	(1.54)	%
Sixteenth section sources	144,045	232,090	(37.94)	%
Other	 78,068	25,978	200.52	%
Total revenues	17,725,496	17,108,044	3.61	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	8,974,430	8,445,295	6.27	%
Support services	5,981,688	5,604,053	6.74	%
Non-instructional	1,090,440	1,169,509	(6.76)	%
Pension expense	1,839,593	2,734,164	(32.72)	%
OPEB expense	64,807	80,131	(19.12)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	332,425	 360,649	(7.83)	%
Total expenses	 18,283,383	18,393,801	(0.60)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 (557,887)	(1,285,757)	56.61	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(3,866,827)	(1,219,719)	(217.03)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	1,789	(1,361,351)	100.13	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (3,865,038)	 (2,581,070)	(49.75)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (4,422,925)	\$ (3,866,827)	(14.38)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total I	Percentage		
		2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$	8,974,430	\$	8,445,295	6.27 %
Support services		5,981,688		5,604,053	6.74 %
Non-instructional		1,090,440		1,169,509	(6.76) %
Pension Expense		1,839,593		2,734,164	(32.72) %
OPEB Expense		64,807		80,131	(19.12) %
Interest on long-term liabilities		332,425		360,649	(7.83) %
Total expenses		18,283,383	\$	18,393,801	(0.60) %
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
		Net (Exper 2019	nse)	Revenue 2018	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$	· · · · ·	1 se) 		•
Instruction Support services	\$	2019		2018	Change
	\$	2019 (6,840,099)		2018 (6,749,819)	Change 1.34 %
Support services	\$	2019 (6,840,099) (5,239,624)		2018 (6,749,819) (4,985,960)	Change 1.34 % 5.09 %
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2019 (6,840,099) (5,239,624) 2,917		2018 (6,749,819) (4,985,960) (58,243)	Change 1.34 % 5.09 % (105.01) %
Support services Non-instructional Pension Expense	\$	2019 (6,840,099) (5,239,624) 2,917 (1,839,593)		2018 (6,749,819) (4,985,960) (58,243) (2,734,164)	Change 1.34 % 5.09 % (105.01) % (32.72) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$14,313,631 for 2019 and \$14,968,966 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$4,828,851 for 2019 and \$4,745,814 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$8,503,398 for 2019 and \$8,474,787 for 2018). In addition, there was \$144,045 and \$232,090 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$201,382 for 2019 and \$204,540 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$14,023,388, an increase of \$137,640, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$1,789 and a decrease in inventory of \$12,119. \$60,131, or less than 1% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for

the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$13,963,257, or 99% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$213,682. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$319,671, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$12,119. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Fund	\$ 24
QSCB Bond Retirement Fund	\$ 224,132
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	\$ 19,473

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the fiscal year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$27,385,239, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$20,408 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$8,856,557, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$758,566, resulting in total net capital assets of \$18,528,682.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentage Change
Land	\$ 826,960	\$ 826,960	0.00 %
Buildings	10,270,940	10,553,152	(2.67) %
Building improvements	6,255,862	6,527,856	(4.17) %
Improvements other than buildings	437,456	459,208	(4.74) %
Mobile equipment	520,365	630,967	(17.53) %
Furniture and equipment	 217,099	 221,924	(2.17) %
Total	\$ 18,528,682	\$ 19,220,067	(3.60) %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$12,942,592 in outstanding long-term debt, excluding bond premium of \$216,491, of which \$470,130 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$439,000 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$28,576 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	<u>J</u>	lune 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018	Percenta Change	_
General obligation bonds payable	\$	9,185,000	\$	9,475,000	(3.06)	%
Three mill notes payable		555,000		704,000	(21.16)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		3,000,000		3,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		202,592		174,016	16.42	%
Total	\$	12,942,592	\$	13,353,016	(3.07)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Columbia School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Columbia School District, 613 Bryan Avenue, Columbia, MS 39429.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Exhibit A

	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,668,041
Due from other governments	837,534
Other receivables, net	2,298
Inventories	32,914
Restricted assets	11,542,641
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	826,960
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	10,270,940
Building improvements	6,255,862
Improvements other than buildings	437,456
Mobile equipment	520,365
Furniture and equipment	217,099
Total Assets	32,612,110
Deferred Outflows of Bossures	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4 500 005
Deferred outflows - pensions	1,530,865
Deferred outflows - OPEB	110,349
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,641,214
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	60,040
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	94,807
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	460,000
Non-capital related liabilities	10,130
Net OPEB liability	58,640
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	9,280,000
Capital related bond premiums	216,491
Non-capital related liabilities	3,192,462
Net pension liability	22,437,379
Net OPEB liability	1,282,011
Total Liabilities	37,091,960
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	1,436,012
Deferred inflows - OPEB	148,277
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,584,289
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	8,711,560
Restricted for:	-, ,
Expendable:	
School-based activities	106,609
Debt service	2,452,101
Unemployment benefits	210,784
Non-expendable:	210,704
Sixteenth section	10,959,587
Unrestricted	
	(26,863,566)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (4,422,925)

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit B

,					F	Program Rever	ues	;		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		•				Operating		Capital		
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$	8,974,430	\$	266,399	\$	1,867,932	\$	-	\$	(6,840,099)
Support services	•	5,981,688	•	, -	·	742,064	•	-	•	(5,239,624)
Non-instructional		1,090,440		218,022		875,335		-		2,917
Pension expense		1,839,593		· -		· <u>-</u>		-		(1,839,593)
OPEB expense		64,807		-		-		-		(64,807)
Interest on long-term liabilities		332,425		-		-		-		(332,425)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	18,283,383	\$	484,421	\$	3,485,331	\$		\$	(14,313,631)
				General Re	ven	ues:				
				Taxes:						
					al pi	urpose levies				4,105,981
						ose levies				722,870
				•		d grants and co	ontr	ibutions:		,
				State						8,427,597
				Federa	al					75,801
				Unrestri	cted	d investment e	arni	ngs		201,382
						ection sources		3		144,045
				Other						78,068
				Tota	l Ge	eneral Revenue	es			13,755,744
				Change in I	Net	Position				(557,887)
				Net Positio	n - l	Beginning, as	pre\	iously reported		(3,866,827)
						Adjustments				1,789
				Net Positio	n - l	Beginning, as	rest	ated		(3,865,038)
				Net Positio	n (d	leficit) - Ending)		\$	(4,422,925)

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet June 30, 2019 Exhibit C

		Maj	or Fu	unds					
				QSCB	Sixteenth	n Sectio	n	Other	Total
	General	Title I	E	Sond Retirement	Princ	Principal		Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund		Fund	Fu	nd		Funds	Funds
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 523,314	\$ 24	\$	-	\$ 9,7	41,679	\$	1,284,072	\$ 11,549,089
Cash with fiscal agents	-	-		1,661,593		-		-	1,661,593
Due from other governments	173,504	215,598		-		-		448,432	837,534
Other receivables, net	-	-		-		-		2,298	2,298
Due from other funds	626,203	-		-		-		11,370	637,573
Advance to other funds	-	-		-	1,2	23,497		-	1,223,497
Inventories	 -	-		-		-		32,914	32,914
Total assets	\$ 1,323,021	\$ 215,622	\$	1,661,593	\$ 10,9	65,176	\$	1,779,086	\$ 15,944,498
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 39,393	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$	20,647	\$ 60,040
Due to other funds	-	215,598		-		5,589		416,386	637,573
Advances from other funds	1,223,497	-		-		-		-	1,223,497
Total Liabilities	 1,262,890	215,598		-		5,589		437,033	1,921,110
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Inventory	=	-		-		-		32,914	32,914
Permanent fund principal	=	-		-	9,7	36,090		-	9,736,090
Advances	-	=		-	1,2	23,497		-	1,223,497
Restricted:									
Debt service	-	-		1,661,593		-		885,315	2,546,908
Capital projects	-	-		-		-		139,369	139,369
Grant activities	-	24		-		-		73,671	73,695
Unemployment benefits	-	-		-		-		210,784	210,784
Unassigned	 60,131	-				-			60,131
Total Fund Balances	60,131	24		1,661,593	10,9	59,587		1,342,053	14,023,388
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,323,021	\$ 215,622	\$	1,661,593	\$ 10,9	65,176	\$	1,779,086	\$ 15,944,498

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Rec June	Exhibit C-1		
Tota	I fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 14,023,388
	ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are rent because:		
1.	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
	Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment	\$ 826,960 16,239,268 6,799,850 607,920 2,066,914	
	Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	844,327 (8,856,557)	18,528,682
2.	Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(0,000,001)	10,020,002
	Net pension liability	(22,437,379)	
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	1,530,865 (1,436,012)	(22,342,526)
3.	Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Net OPEB liability	(1,340,651)	
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	110,349	
4.	Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	(148,277)	(1,378,579)
	General obligation bonds	(9,185,000)	
	Other bonds payable	(3,000,000)	
	Notes payable	(555,000)	
	Compensated absences	(202,592)	
	Unamortized premiums	(216,491)	
	Accrued interest payable	(94,807)	(13,253,890)
Net	Position of governmental activities	_	\$ (4,422,925)

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit D

		Major	Fun	ds				
				QSCB	Six	teenth Section	Other	Total
	General	Title I	Во	nd Retirement	t	Principal	Governmental	Governmental
	 Fund	Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$ 4,321,439	\$ -	\$	33,216	\$	- \$	1,094,439 \$	5,449,094
State sources	8,748,959	-		-		-	669,781	9,418,740
Federal sources	75,801	861,379		-		-	1,632,807	2,569,987
Sixteenth section sources	 183,389	-		-		104,286	-	287,675
Total Revenues	 13,329,588	861,379		33,216		104,286	3,397,027	17,725,496
Expenditures:								
Instruction	7,717,093	710,809		-		-	1,146,867	9,574,769
Support services	5,286,118	215,034		-		-	687,360	6,188,512
Noninstructional services	-	9,275		-		-	1,018,641	1,027,916
Debt service:								
Principal	-	-		-		-	439,000	439,000
Interest	59,310	-		25,200		-	257,111	341,621
Other	 -	-		4,958		-	750	5,708
Total Expenditures	13,062,521	935,118		30,158		-	3,549,729	17,577,526
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures	 267,067	(73,739)		3,058		104,286	(152,702)	147,970
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Payments held by escrow agent	-	-		190,917		-	-	190,917
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	-	-		(190,917)		-	-	(190,917)
Operating transfers in	159,986	91,974		221,074		-	45,214	518,248
Operating transfers out	(213,371)	(20,000)		-		(84,813)	(200,064)	(518,248)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(53,385)	71,974		221,074		(84,813)	(154,850)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	 213,682	(1,765)		224,132		19,473	(307,552)	147,970
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2018, as previously reported	(153,551)	-		1,437,461		10,940,114	1,661,724	13,885,748
Prior period adjustments	-	1,789		-		-	-	1,789
July 1, 2018, as restated	(153,551)	1,789		1,437,461		10,940,114	1,661,724	13,887,537
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	-	-		-		-	(12,119)	(12,119)
June 30, 2019								

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds

Exhibit D-1

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 147,970 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: 1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay \$ 76,273 Depreciation expense (758, 566)(682, 293)2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund (9,092)balance by the cost of the assets sold. 3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Payments of debt principal 439,000 Accrued interest payable 2,877 441.877 4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include: Pension expense (1,839,593)Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 1,414,616 (424,977)5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include: OPEB expense (64,807)Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 62,103 (2,704)6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences (28,576)Change in inventory (12, 119)Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts 12,027 (28,668)Change in Net Position of governmental activities \$ (557,887)

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2019

Exhibit E

	 Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 756,053
Total Assets	\$ 756,053
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 716,960
Due to student clubs	 39,093
Total Liabilities	\$ 756,053

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Columbia since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Columbia School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
 by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal sources received and expenditures incurred related to the district's Title I program.

QSCB Bond Retirement Fund - This is a debt service fund that accounts for local sources and transfers received from other funds and expenditures incurred for the sinking fund payment and interest payment related to the Qualified School Construction Bonds.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund - This is a permanent fund used to account for the non-expendable resources generated from the sale of non-renewable resources on sixteenth section lands.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds (agency funds) which focus on assets and liabilities only. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for non-payroll type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications

recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other

inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund. Unspent proceeds of long-term debt issued are also included in restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Ca Po	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings	Ψ	50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a

future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB. See Note 16 for further details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB. See Note 16 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy. There are no assigned fund balances during the current fiscal year.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 10% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance. Currently, the district has not achieved this goal. However, they plan to work toward this goal by budgeting and reducing cost in an effort to reach that goal within the next few years.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$11,549,089 and \$756,053, respectively. The carrying amount of deposits reported in the government-wide financial statements included cash and cash equivalents of \$1,668,041 and a portion of restricted assets in the amount of \$9,881,048 (see Note 4).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$12,910.864 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$1,661,593.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 215,598
	Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	5,589
	Other governmental funds	405,016
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	 11,370
Total		\$ 637,573

The primary purpose of the inter-fund balances is to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows.

B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	General Fund	\$ 1,223,497
Total		\$ 1,223,497

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The interest rate on the sixteenth section principal loans payable as of June 30, 2019 is four percent.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 101,906	\$ 48,940	\$ 150,846
2021	105,982	44,864	150,846
2022	110,222	40,624	150,846
2023	114,631	36,215	150,846
2024	119,216	31,630	150,846
2025 - 2029	 671,540	82,690	754,230
Total	\$ 1,223,497	\$ 284,963	\$ 1,508,460

C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	QSCB Bond Retirement Fund	\$ 168,157
	Other governmental funds	45,214
Title I Fund	General Fund	20,000
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	General Fund	84,813
Other governmental funds	General Fund	55,173
	Title I Fund	91,974
	QSCB Bond Retirement Fund	 52,917
Total		\$ 518,248

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, the transfer of expendable sixteenth section sources, unemployment compensation transfers, debt service transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$9,741,679 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. The restricted assets also represent the cash with fiscal agent balance totaling \$1,661,593 of the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund. Cash and cash equivalents totaling \$23,756 in the Construction Project Fund and \$115,613 in the Construction Fund - 2nd Issuance Fund resulting from unspent proceeds of long-term debt is also included in restricted assets.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:		7/1/2016	IIICIEases	Decreases	0/30/2019
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$	826,960 \$	\$	\$	826,960
Total non-depreciable capital assets	Ψ	826,960 826,960	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	826,960
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings		16,239,268			16,239,268
Building improvements		6,799,850			6,799,850
Improvements other than buildings		607,920			607,920
Mobile equipment		2,115,409		48,495	2,066,914
Furniture and equipment		775,424	76,273	7,370	844,327
Total depreciable capital assets		26,537,871	76,273	55,865	26,558,279
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		5,686,116	282,212		5,968,328
Building improvements		271,994	271,994		543,988
Improvements other than buildings		148,712	21,752		170,464
Mobile equipment		1,484,442	105,753	43,646	1,546,549
Furniture and equipment		553,500	76,855	3,127	627,228
Total accumulated depreciation		8,144,764	758,566	46,773	8,856,557
Total depreciable capital assets, net		18,393,107	(682,293)	9,092	17,701,722
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	19,220,067 \$	(682,293) \$	9,092 \$	18,528,682

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	449,956	
Support services		178,398	
Non-instructional		130,212	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	758,566	

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2019	Amounts due within one year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 9,475,000 \$	\$	290,000 \$	9,185,000 \$	305,000
В.	Three mill notes payable	704,000		149,000	555,000	155,000
C.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	3,000,000			3,000,000	-
D.	Compensated absences payable	 174,016	28,576		202,592	10,130
	Total	\$ 13,353,016 \$	28,576 \$	439,000 \$	12,942,592 \$	470,130
	Add: Bond premium	 228,518	-	12,027	216,491	
	Total	\$ 13,581,534 \$	28,576 \$	451,027 \$	13,159,083 \$	470,130

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
General obligation bonds, Series 2017	2.65%	6/30/2017	6/30/2021	\$ 115,000	\$	50,000
 General obligation bonds, Series 2016 Total 	2.25%-3.0%	8/15/2016	8/1/2036	\$ 9,635,000 9,750,000	\$	9,135,000 9,185,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. General obligation bonds issued on June 30, 2017:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 25,000 \$	1,325 \$	26,325
2021	 25,000	662	25,662
Total	\$ 50,000 \$	1,987 \$	51,987

This debt will be retired from the Bond - 2nd Issue Fund (Debt Service Fund).

 General obligation bonds issued on August 15, 2016: Year Ending

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 280,000 \$	221,812 \$	501,812
2021	300,000	215,288	515,288
2022	315,000	208,369	523,369
2023	390,000	200,437	590,437
2024	390,000	191,662	581,662
2025 - 2029	2,405,000	809,193	3,214,193
2030 - 2034	3,115,000	489,369	3,604,369
2035 - 2037	 1,940,000	81,150	2,021,150
Total	\$ 9,135,000 \$	2,417,280 \$	11,552,280

This debt will be retired from the Bond Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 305,000 \$	223,137 \$	528,137
2021	325,000	215,950	540,950
2022	315,000	208,369	523,369
2023	390,000	200,437	590,437
2024	390,000	191,662	581,662
2025 - 2029	2,405,000	809,193	3,214,193
2030 - 2034	3,115,000	489,369	3,604,369
2035 - 2037	 1,940,000	81,150	2,021,150
Total	\$ 9,185,000 \$	2,419,267 \$	11,604,267

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2019, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 11% of property assessments as of October 1, 2018.

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
Three mill note,						
Series 2009	3.85%	6/17/2008	6/1/2023	\$ 1,900,000	\$	555,000
Total				\$ 1,900,000	\$	555,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 155,000 \$	21,367 \$	176,367
2021	129,000	15,400	144,400
2022	132,000	10,434	142,434
2023	 139,000	5,351	144,351
Total	\$ 555,000 \$	52,552 \$	607,552

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Fund (Debt Service Fund).

C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 14, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date		Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds, Series 2010	0.84%	1/15/2010	0/15/2024	¢	3,000,000	\$	3,000,000
Total	0.64%	1/15/2010	9/15/2024	\$	3,000,000		3,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ - \$	25,200 \$	25,200
2021	-	25,200	25,200
2022	-	25,200	25,200
2023	-	25,200	25,200
2024	-	25,200	25,200
2025	 3,000,000	25,200	3,025,200
Total	\$ 3,000,000 \$	151,200 \$	3,151,200

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,414,616, \$1,356,776 and \$1,424,893, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$22,437,379 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net

pension liability was 0.134897 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was a decrease of 0.00613 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,839,593. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 102,408	\$ 98,883
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		434,549
Changes of assumptions	13,841	13,045
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share		889,535
of contributions		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,414,616	
Total	\$ 1,530,865	\$ 1,436,012

\$1,414,616 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (78,730)
2021	(354,027)
2022	(786, 103)
2023	(100,903)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding

expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	 (6.75%)	 Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of		 _	_
the net pension liability	\$ 29,543,590	\$ 22,437,379	\$ 16,531,179

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$62,103 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,340,651 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.17331152 percent. This was a decrease of 0.00758235 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$64,807. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,730	\$
Changes of assumptions		95,524
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	45,516	52,753
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	62,103	
Total	\$ 110,349	\$ 148,277

\$62,103 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (18,844)
2021	(18,844)
2022	(18,844)
2023	(18,844)
2024	(18,103)
Thereafter	(6,552)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of	4.50%

Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2018 Prior Measurement Date 2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	urrent	
	•	1% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase
		(2.89%)	R	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,486,079	\$	1,340,651	\$ 1,215,579

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
			Rates	
	1% Decrease		Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,241,886	\$ 1,340,651	\$ 1,452,820

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

By agreement, the Marion County School Board manages the 16th section lands that are located within the boundaries of the Columbia School District. Sufficient information is not available to disclose future rentals from these lands. However, during the fiscal year the district did not collect any revenue from rents and leases from these lands and does not expect any substantial revenue in future years.

Note 10 - Deficit Fund Balance of Individual Funds

The District Maintenance Fund, included in the General Fund for financial reporting purposes, has a deficit fund balance in the amount of (\$267,860). The deficit fund balance of the District Maintenance Fund is a result of advances from the 16th Section Principal Fund totaling \$1,223,497. This deficit fund balance is not in violation of state law.

Note 11 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To correct prior year expenditures at the governmental fund level	\$ 1,789
Total	\$ 1,789

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
Title I Fund	To correct prior year expenditures	\$ 1,789
Total		\$ 1,789

Note 12 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 13 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 14 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the subsidy payments amounted to \$0.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2019 was \$1,661,593. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 200,000
2021	220,798
2022	220,798
2023	220,798
2024	220,798
2025	 220,797
Total	\$ 1,303,989

Note 15 – Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated April 4, 1991, creating the Columbia-Marion County Career Center. This center was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The center includes the Columbia School District and the Marion County School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The Marion County School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Columbia-Marion County Career Center, and the operations of the center are included in its financial statements.

Note 16 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$8,711,560 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from deferred bond premiums. The \$216,491 balance of the deferred bond premiums at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as a decrease in an expense and will increase the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 18 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$26,863,566) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,414,616 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$116,249 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$26,863,566) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,436,012 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$26,863,566) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$62,103 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$48,246 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$26,863,566) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$148,277 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 17 - Juvenile Detention Center Education Program

The Columbia School District shares in the cost of a Juvenile Detention Center with the Jones County Juvenile Detention Center. This program was in accordance with Section 43-21-321, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) which states a sponsoring school district must provide educational services to youths detained in juvenile detention centers. It was approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Columbia School District, East Jasper County School District, George County School District, Greene County School District, Jones County School District, Lamar County School District, Laurel School District, Marion County School District, Wayne County School District, and West Jasper County School District. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the juvenile detention center program. The Laurel School District has been designated as the lead school district for the Jones County Juvenile Detention Center and the operations of the program are included in its financial statements.

Note 18 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Columbia School District evaluated the activity of the district through March 13, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

June 30, 2019

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original (GAAP Basis) to Final Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources \$ 3,949,169 4,346,232 4,321,439 397,063 (24,793)8,492,119 8,748,959 8,748,959 State sources 256,840 Federal sources 63,000 75,801 75,801 12,801 Sixteenth section sources 183,389 183,389 208,817 (25,428)**Total Revenues** 12,713,105 13,354,381 13,329,588 641,276 (24,793)**Expenditures:** Instruction 7,459,270 7,717,093 7,717,093 (257,823)Support services 5,256,979 5,286,118 5,286,118 (29, 139)Debt service: Principal 250,880 250,880 Interest 59,310 59,310 59,310 **Total Expenditures** 13,026,439 13,062,521 13,062,521 (36,082)Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 291,860 267,067 605,194 (24,793)(313, 334)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in 603,511 586,418 159,986 (17,093)(426, 432)Operating transfers out (569, 194)(586, 287)(213, 371)(17,093)372,916 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 34,317 131 (53,385)(34, 186)(53,516)Net Change in Fund Balances (279,017)291,991 213,682 571,008 (78,309)Fund Balances: July 1, 2018 201,509 (153,551)201,509 (355,060)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

493,500

60,131

772,517

(433, 369)

(279,017) \$

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

							Varia		
						_	Positive	(Nec	
	 Budgete	ed Am	ounts	-	Actual		Original		Final
	 Original		Final		(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:									
Federal sources	\$ 748,509	\$	861,379	\$	861,379	\$	112,870	\$	-
Total Revenues	 748,509		861,379		861,379		112,870		
Expenditures:									
Instruction	709,410		710,809		710,809		(1,399)		-
Support services	232,785		215,034		215,034		17,751		-
Noninstructional services	15,500		9,275		9,275		6,225		-
Total Expenditures	957,695		935,118		935,118		22,577		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures	 (209,186)		(73,739)		(73,739)		135,447		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers in	-		91,974		91,974		91,974		-
Operating transfers out	(20,000)		(20,000)		(20,000)		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(20,000)		71,974		71,974		91,974		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(229, 186)		(1,765)		(1,765)		227,421		
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2018, as previously reported	-		1,789		-		1,789		(1,789)
Prior period adjustments	-		-		1,789		-		1,789
July 1, 2018, as restated	-		1,789		1,789		1,789		-
June 30, 2019	\$ (229,186)	\$	24	\$	24	\$	229,210	\$	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Columbia School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.134897%	0.141027%	0.141987%	0.143957%	0.141459%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	22,437,379 \$	23,443,474 \$	25,362,424 \$	22,252,913 \$	17,170,532
District's covered payroll	\$	8,614,451 \$	9,046,940 \$	9,083,283 \$	8,993,613 \$	8,643,867
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability						
(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		260.4621%	259.1315%	279.2209%	247.4302%	198.6441%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		62.535%	61.490%	57.468%	61.704%	67.208%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Columbia School District Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of District Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	_	2019		2018	_	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,414,616 \$	5	1,356,776	\$	1,424,893 \$	1,430,617 \$	1,416,494
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,414,616		1,356,776		1,424,893	1,430,617	1,416,494
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	<u> </u>	-	\$	\$	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	8,981,689 \$	5	8,614,451	\$	9,046,940 \$	9,083,283 \$	8,993,613
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75%		15.75%		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Columbia School District Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	 0.17331152%	0.18089387%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,340,651 \$	1,419,310
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,838,762 \$	8,127,064
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Columbia School District Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 62,103	\$ 60,507
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	62,103	60,507
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,981,689	\$ 8,614,451
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.69%	0.70%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price Inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return Entry age
Level percentage of payroll, open
36.6 years
5-year smoothed market
3.00 percent
3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation
7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 5.00%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2023

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

pension plan investment expense, 3

including price inflation

3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title U.S. Department of Agriculture	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program National school lunch program Summer Food Service Program for Children Total child nutrition cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.553 10.555 10.559	195MS326N1099 195MS326N1099 195MS326N1099	\$ 214,021 585,851 11,382 811,254 811,254 811,254
U.S. Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies 21st Century Community Learning Centers Rural Education Supporting Effective Instruction state grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment program Subtotal Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states Special education - preschool grants Total special education cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education	84.010 84.287 84.358 84.367 84.424 84.027 84.173	ES010A180024 ES287C180024 ES358B180024 ES367A180023 ES424A180025 H027A180108 H173A180113	902,527 279,954 28,299 104,627 55,049 1,370,456 474,766 38,055 512,821
Total U.S. Department of Education U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Medical assistance program Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services U.S. Department of Social Security Administration Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Social Security Disability Insurance Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Social Security Administration	93.778 96.001	1905MS5ADM 04-09-04MSDI00	1,883,277 1,883,277 1,883,277 33,038 33,038 33,038 756 756 756
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 2,728,325

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Columbia School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Columbia School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Columbia School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Columbia School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 12,447,149 5,130,377	9,739,883 1,990,956	389,897 103,241	700,886 11,035	1,616,483 3,025,145
Total	\$ 17,577,526	11,730,839	493,138	711,921	4,641,628
Total number of students *	 1,629				
Cost per student	\$ 10,790	7,201	303	437	2,849

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 4,321,439 \$	4,119,372 \$	4,043,338 \$	4,079,980
State sources	8,748,959	8,270,024	8,577,496	8,591,625
Federal sources	75,801	75,693	91,482	113,033
Sixteenth Section sources	 183,389	248,984	44,142	30,592
Total Revenues	 13,329,588	12,714,073	12,756,458	12,815,230
Expenditures:				
Instruction	7,717,093	7,331,770	7,451,878	7,742,041
Support services	5,286,118	5,111,236	5,086,215	5,117,937
Debt Service:				
Interest	 59,310	68,959	84,736	82,070
Total Expenditures	13,062,521	12,511,965	12,622,829	12,942,048
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 267,067	202,108	133,629	(126,818)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Payments to QSCB debt escrow agent				(124,812)
Operating transfers in	159,986	232,374	172,631	155,907
Operating transfers out	(213,371)	(204, 185)	(464,276)	(5,046)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(53,385)	28,189	(291,645)	26,049
Net Change in Fund Balances	 213,682	230,297	(158,016)	(100,769)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period	 (153,551)	(383,848)	(225,832)	(125,063)
End of Period	\$ 60,131 \$	(153,551) \$	(383,848) \$	(225,832)

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISCTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 5,449,094	\$ 5,284,121	\$ 5,109,110 \$	5,369,603
State sources	9,418,740	8,925,424	9,097,081	9,069,964
Federal sources	2,569,987	2,516,005	2,472,525	2,770,508
Sixteenth section sources	287,675	382,494	200,556	182,642
Total Revenues	 17,725,496	17,108,044	16,879,272	17,392,717
Expenditures:				
Instruction	9,574,769	9,024,229	9,056,634	9,538,640
Support services	6,188,512	5,851,254	5,604,525	5,692,298
Noninstructional services	1,027,916	1,241,793	940,950	948,868
Facilities acquisition and construction		4,865,227	4,210,089	
Debt service:				
Principal	439,000	638,000	305,000	811,000
Interest	341,621	477,298	158,246	176,186
Other	5,708	9,710	106,022	6,290
Total Expenditures	17,577,526	22,107,511	20,381,466	17,173,282
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	147,970	(4,999,467)	(3,502,194)	219,435
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued			9,750,000	
Payment held by escrow agent	190,917	203,408	205,029	179,153
Premiums on bonds issued	190,917	203,400	252,572	179,100
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(190,917)	(203,408)	(205,029)	(179,153)
Operating transfers in	518,248	492,475	692,223	163,953
Operating transfers out	(518,248)	(492,475)	(692,223)	(163,953)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	10,002,572	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	147,970	(4,999,467)	6,500,378	219,435
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	13,885,748	18,883,955	12,879,406	12,654,993
Prior period adjustments	1,789	(5,100)	(503,919)	, ,
Beginning of period, as restated	 13,887,537	18,878,855	12,375,487	12,654,993
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(12,119)	6,360	8,090	4,978
End of Period	\$ 14,023,388	\$ 13,885,748	\$ 18,883,955 \$	12,879,406

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Columbia School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Columbia School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Columbia School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Columbia School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKernja CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi March 13, 2020



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Columbia School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Columbia School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Columbia School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Columbia School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Columbia School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Columbia School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide legal determination of Columbia School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Columbia School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Columbia School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Columbia School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKernzie CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi March 13, 2020

NDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	3



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Columbia School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbia School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Columbia School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss, Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following immaterial instance of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. Our finding and recommendation and your response are as follows:

State Legal Finding 001

Criteria:

Section 25-11-127, Miss. Code of 1972, as amended, requires that the school district files the PERS Form 4B (Re-employment of PERS Service Retiree Certification/Acknowledgement) within 5 days of employment if the prospective employee is a PERS retiree.

Condition:

During the testing of retired personnel, we noted 7 out of 8 instances in which re-hired employees' forms were not filed timely. The district was not properly submitting the form 4B's each year.

Cause:

A system was not in place to ensure the forms were submitted and timely.

Effect:

Not filing or Untimely filing of forms could result in employees being paid in excess of the amount allowed and causing adverse effects on retiree's retirement benefits.

Recommendation:

PERS Form 4B must be properly completed by the PERS service retiree and the appointing authority of the PERS covered agency employing such service retiree with the PERS office within five (5) days from the date of re-employment and within (5) days from the termination of such reemployment and employees must not be paid in excess of the maximum amount allowed.

Response:

All rehired retirees will fill out the proper and necessary paperwork including form 4B.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the findings in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The Columbia School District's response to the finding included in this report was not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

McKernje CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi March 13, 2020 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fina	ancial St	atements:				
1.	Type of auditor's report issued:			Unmodified		
2.	2. Internal control over financial reporting:					
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?	No			
	b.	o. Significant deficiencies identified?				
3.	Nonco	No				
Fed	leral Awa	ards:				
4.	. Internal control over major programs:					
	a.	Material weakness identified?	Material weakness identified?			
	b.	None reported				
5.	5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:					
6.	Any au with 2	No				
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:				
	<u>CFDA</u>	<u>r</u>				
	84.010	encies				
	10.553	8; 10.555; 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster			
8.	B. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:			\$750,000		
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			No		
10.	O. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of Yes Yes					

prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Columbia School District 613 Bryan Avenue Columbia, Mississippi 39429 Jason Harris, Superintendent Kimberly Rogers, Business Manager

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

As required by the Uniform Guidance, the Columbia School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary of prior year audit findings follow up for the year ended June 30, 2019:

<u>Finding</u> <u>Status</u>

2018-001 Corrected