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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

PAYN AND LEGGETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, INC.

Member of Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

207 SOUTH RAILROAD AVENUE BROOKHAVEN, MISSISSIPPI 39601 PHONE (601) 833-1456 FAX (601) 833-9896

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Copiah County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Copiah County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Copiah County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Copiah County School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 5-13, 43-45, 46, 47, 48 and 49, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Copiah County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2020, on our consideration of the Copiah County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Copiah County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Copiah County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Payn and Leggett, CPAs

Paya & Leggett CPAS

Brookhaven, Mississippi

February 28, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Copiah County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$1,078,767, which represents a 15% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$3,238,874, including a prior period adjustment of (\$2,009,303), which represents an 85% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$18,028,127 and \$17,752,892, or 79% and 78% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,721,528, or 21% of total revenues for 2019, and \$4,923,007, or 22% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$23,828,422 and \$23,905,470 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$4,721,528 for 2019 and \$4,923,007 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$18,028,127 for 2019 and \$17,752,892 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$18,056,709 in revenues and \$17,795,807 in expenditures for 2019, and \$17,357,382 in revenues and \$17,276,414 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$380,789 from 2018 to 2019, and increased by \$467,157 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$71,799 for 2019 and decreased by \$64,939 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, excluding compensated absences, decreased by \$89,299 for 2019 and decreased by \$516,150 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$14,054 for 2019 and increased by \$9,199 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during

the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$8,149,691 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	e
	June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Change	
Current assets	\$ 18,452,565	\$ 18,144,244	1.70	%
Restricted assets	775,666	771,731	0.51	%
Capital assets, net	5,433,943	5,505,742	(1.30)	%
Total assets	24,662,174	 24,421,717	0.98	%
Deferred outflows of resources	2,523,946	 3,481,393	(27.50)	%
Current liabilities	543,542	493,493	10.14	%
Long-term debt outstanding	269,643	372,996	(27.71)	%
Net OPEB liability	2,008,083	2,016,032	(0.39)	%
Net pension liability	31,558,235	31,252,982	0.98	%
Total liabilities	34,379,503	34,135,503	0.71	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 956,308	838,531	14.05	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	5,246,259	5,228,759	0.33	%
Restricted	2,465,684	2,574,009	(4.21)	%
Unrestricted	 (15,861,634)	 (14,873,692)	(6.64)	%
Total net position	\$ (8,149,691)	\$ (7,070,924)	(15.26)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (15,861,634)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	31,998,680
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 16,137,046

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$71,799.
- The principal retirement of \$89,299 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$22,749,655 and \$22,675,899, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$23,828,422 for 2019 and \$23,905,470 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2019	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	ge
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 475,755	\$ 452,951	5.03	%
Operating grants and contributions	4,245,773	4,470,056	(5.02)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	3,841,927	3,778,259	1.69	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	13,610,877	13,571,000	0.29	%
Investment earnings	286,629	137,887	107.87	%
Sixteenth section sources	175,372	199,351	(12.03)	%
Other	113,322	66,395	70.68	%
Total revenues	22,749,655	22,675,899	0.33	%
Expenses:	 			
Instruction	10,309,254	10,256,584	0.51	%
Support services	8,260,077	7,610,985	8.53	%
Non-instructional	1,817,710	1,859,502	(2.25)	%
Sixteenth section	45,743	55,649	(17.80)	%
Pension expense	3,293,693	4,002,675	(17.71)	%
OPEB expense	92,153	96,292	(4.30)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 9,792	23,783	(58.83)	%
Total expenses	23,828,422	 23,905,470	(0.32)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	(1,078,767)	(1,229,571)	12.26	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(7,070,924)	(3,832,050)	(84.52)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	<u> </u>	 (2,009,303)	100.00	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(7,070,924)	(5,841,353)	(21.05)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (8,149,691)	\$ (7,070,924)	(15.26)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total i	Percentage		
		2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$	10,309,254	\$	10,256,584	0.51 %
Support services		8,260,077		7,610,985	8.53 %
Non-instructional		1,817,710		1,859,502	(2.25) %
Sixteenth section		45,743		55,649	(17.80) %
Pension Expense		3,293,693		4,002,675	(17.71) %
OPEB Expense		92,153		96,292	(4.30) %
Interest on long-term liabilities		9,792		23,783	(58.83) %
Total expenses	\$	23,828,422	\$	23,905,470	(0.32) %
				D	
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
		2019	nse)	2018	Percentage Change
Instruction			1se) 		_
Instruction Support services	\$	2019		2018	Change
	\$	2019 (8,743,107)		2018 (8,710,738)	Change (0.37) %
Support services	\$	2019 (8,743,107) (6,885,809)		2018 (8,710,738) (6,400,349)	Change (0.37) % (7.58) %
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2019 (8,743,107) (6,885,809) (41,393)		2018 (8,710,738) (6,400,349) 307,023	Change (0.37) % (7.58) % (113.48) %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$	2019 (8,743,107) (6,885,809) (41,393) (40,947)		2018 (8,710,738) (6,400,349) 307,023 (55,649)	Change (0.37) % (7.58) % (113.48) % 26.42 %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section Pension Expense	\$	2019 (8,743,107) (6,885,809) (41,393) (40,947) (3,293,693)		2018 (8,710,738) (6,400,349) 307,023 (55,649) (4,002,675)	(0.37) % (7.58) % (113.48) % 26.42 % 17.71 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$19,106,894 for 2019 and \$18,982,463 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,841,927 for 2019 and \$3,778,259 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$13,610,877 for 2019 and \$13,571,000 for 2018). In addition, there was \$175,372 and \$199,351 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$286,629 for 2019 and \$137,887 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$18,686,284, an increase of \$261,447, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$2,975. \$15,743,064, or 84% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,943,220, or 16% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$380,789. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$21,706. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>
Child Nutrition Fund	\$ (141,048)
Title I Fund	no increase or decrease

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$14,998,015, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$251,190 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$9,564,072, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$335,150, resulting in total net capital assets of \$5,433,943.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	J	une 30, 2019	lune 30, 2018	Percentaç Change	-
Land	\$	264,952	\$ 229,922	15.24	%
Buildings		3,544,206	3,658,049	(3.11)	%
Building improvements		100,964	106,903	(5.56)	%
Improvements other than buildings		25,059	29,575	(15.27)	%
Mobile equipment		1,372,485	1,385,793	(0.96)	%
Furniture and equipment		126,277	95,500	32.23	%
Total	\$	5,433,943	\$ 5,505,742	(1.30)	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$269,643 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$92,385 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$89,299 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$14,054 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Percenta Change	_
Three mill notes payable	\$	187,684	\$	276,983	(32.24)	%
Compensated absences payable		81,959		96,013	(14.64)	%
Total	\$	269,643	\$	372,996	(27.71)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Copiah County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Copiah County School District, 254 W. Gallatin, Hazlehurst, MS 39083.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2019	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,940,684
Due from other governments	490,885
Inventories	20,996
Restricted assets	775,666
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	004.050
Land	264,952
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: Buildings	3,544,206
Building improvements	100,964
Improvements other than buildings	25,059
Mobile equipment	1,372,485
Furniture and equipment	126,277
Total Assets	24,662,174
Deferred Outflows of Resources	0.440.444
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,412,144
Deferred outflows - OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>111,802</u> 2,523,946
	2,323,946
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	541,947
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	1,595
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	00.005
Capital related liabilities	92,385
Non-capital related liabilities	4,098
Net OPEB liability	85,154
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	95,299
Non-capital related liabilities	77,861
Net pension liability	31,558,235
Net OPEB liability	1,922,929
Total Liabilities	34,379,503
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	795,494
Deferred inflows - OPEB	160,814
Total deferred inflows of resources	956,308
Net Position	
Net Investment in capital assets	5,246,259
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	1,414,213
Debt service	225,834
Forestry improvements	176,452
Unemployment benefits	90,108
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section	559,077
Unrestricted	(15,861,634)
Total Net Position	\$ (8,149,691)

Statement of Activities										Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 2	019				Р	rogram Revenu	es			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			_			Operating		Capital		
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$	10,309,254	\$	298,500	\$	1,267,647	\$	-	\$	(8,743,107)
Support services		8,260,077		32,250		1,342,018		-		(6,885,809)
Non-instructional		1,817,710		140,209		1,636,108		•		(41,393)
Sixteenth section		45,743		4,796		-		-		(40,947)
Pension expense		3,293,693		•		-		•		(3,293,693)
OPEB expense		92,153		-		-		-		(92,153)
Interest on long-term liabilities	·	9,792		-		•		·	_	(9,792)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	23,828,422	\$	475,755	\$	4,245,773	\$	-	\$	(19,106,894)
				General Reven	ues	3 :				
				General p	urpo	ose levies				3,742,237
				Debt purp	•					99,690
						ants and contri	but	ions:		r
				State	•					13,559,143
				Federal						51,734
				Unrestricted	l in	vestment earnir	ngs			286,629
				Sixteenth s	ect	ion sources				175,372
				Other						113,322
				Total Ge	ene	ral Revenues			_	18,028,127
				Change in Net	Po	sition				(1,078,767)
				Net Position - I	Beg	ginning				(7,070,924)
				Net Position - I	Enc	ding			\$	(8,149,691)

	Gover	nme	ental Funds					
Balance Sheet								Exhibit C
June 30, 2019								
	 		Major Funds		-	Other		Total
	General		Child Nutrition	Title I		Other Governmental		Total Governmental
	Fund		Fund	Fund		Funds		Funds
Assets	 							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,107,281	\$	1,321,122 \$		\$	1,287,775	\$	18,716,178
Cash with fiscal agents						172		172
Due from other governments	213,688		3,266	170,805		101,880		489,639
Due from other funds	288,453					8,493		296,946
Inventories			20,996					20,996
Total assets	16,609,422		1,345,384	170,805		1,398,320		19,523,931
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 371,667	\$	57,037	47,300	\$	65,943	\$	541,947
Due to other funds	8,493		82,581	123,505		81,121		295,700
Total Liabilities	380,160		139,618	170,805		147,064	_	837,647
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory			20,996					20,996
Permanent fund principal						559,077		559,077
Restricted:								
Debt service						227,429		227,429
Ad valorem	10,257							10,257
Forestry improvement purposes						176,452		176,452
Grant activities						198,190		198,190
Unemployment benefits						90,108		90,108
Child nutrition			1,184,770					1,184,770
Assigned:								
Activity funds	310,381							310,381
School improvements	165,560							165,560
Unassigned	 15,743,064							15,743,064
Total Fund Balances	16,229,262		1,205,766	0		1,251,256		18,686,284
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 16,609,422	\$	1,345,384	170,805	\$	1,398,320	\$	19,523,931

Governmental Funds								
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position								
June 30, 2019	_							
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	18,686,284						
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:								
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:								
Land	264.952							
Buildings	9,277,574							
Building improvements	148,476							
Improvements other than buildings	112,900							
Mobile equipment	4,244,100							
Furniture and equipment	950,013							
Accumulated depreciation	(9,564,072)	5,433,943						
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(31,558,235)							
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	2,412,144							
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(795,494)	(29,941,585)						
3. Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	(2,008,083) 111,802							
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(160,814)	(2,057,095)						
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		(2,007,000)						
Notes payable	(187,684)							
Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	(81,959)	/271 220\						
Accided interest payable	(1,595)	(271,238)						
Net position of governmental activities		(8,149,691)						
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	<u>-</u>							

COPIAH COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

			Funds			
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Cha	nges in	Fund Balances				Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019		I	Major Funds			
		<u>'</u>	Child		Other	Total
		General	Nutrition	Title I	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:			-	_		
Local sources	\$	4,369,756 \$	180,693 \$	-	\$ 127,310	\$ 4,677,759
State sources		13,460,031	18,369	-	587,006	14,065,406
Federal sources		51,734	1,678,842	1,380,978	679,692	3,791,246
Sixteenth section sources		175,188	•	•	7,633	182,821
Total Revenues		18,056,709	1,877,904	1,380,978	1,401,641	22,717,232
Expenditures:						
Instruction		10,274,431	-	647,804	691,202	11,613,437
Support services		7,362,756	118,205	669,390	592,389	8,742,740
Noninstructional services		92,493	1,815,191	40,748	•	1,948,432
Sixteenth section		28,444	•	-	17,299	45,743
Facilities acquisition and construction		35,030	-	-	-	35,030
Debt service:						
Principal		0	-	-	89,299	89,299
Interest		2,653	•	•	7,899	10,552
Total Expenditures		17,795,807	1,933,396	1,357,942	1,398,088	22,485,233
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		260,902	(55,492)	23,036	3,553	231,999
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Insurance recovery		32,250	-	-	•	32,250
Operating transfers in		129,311	-	-	41,847	171,158
Other financing sources		173	-	-	-	173
Operating transfers out		(41,847)	(82,581)	(23,036)	(23,694)	(171,158)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		119,887	(82,581)	(23,036)	18,153	32,423
Net Change in Fund Balances		380,789	(138,073)	-	21,706	264,422
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2018		15,848,473	1,346,814	-	1,229,550	18,424,837
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory			(2,975)			(2,975

Governmental Funds				
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,				Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities				
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			s	264,422
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are			J	204,422
different because:				
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In to current period, these amounts are: 				
Capital outlay	\$	267,973		
Depreciation expense	_	(335,150	<u>)</u>	(67.177
In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the chang position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.	ge in net			(4,622
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, whi repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of govern funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded de the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred an amortized in the statement of activities:	nmental report bt and			(
Payments of debt principal		89,299		
Accrued interest payable	_	760	_	90,059
. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activites do not provide or requise of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:				
Pension expense		(3,293,693)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,924,013	_	(1,369,680
Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activites do not provide or requir use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:				
OPEB expense		(92,153)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		89,306		(2,847
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current fi resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. The activities include:			_	
Change in compensated absences		14.054		
Change in inventory reserve		(2,975		11,079
Rounding amount			_	(1)
hange in net position of governmental activities			\$	(1,078,767)
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.				

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	 Exhibit E
June 30, 2019	
	Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 906,171
Total Assets	\$ 906,171
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 867,258
Due to other governments	1,393
Due to other funds	1,246
Due to student clubs	 36,274
Total Liabilities	\$ 906,171

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Copiah County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Child Nutrition Fund – This fund accounts for the federal revenues and expenditures associated with federal funding for Child Nutrition programs.

Title I Fund – This fund accounts for the federal revenues and expenditures associated with federal funding for Title I programs.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement and results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement and results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report the student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement and results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings	•	50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

^(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports \$2,412,144 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$111,802 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports \$795,494 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$160,814 related to its OPEB plan.

See Note 8, 9 and 14 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide, financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds. Currently there is no committed fund balance of the school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by board policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents.

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$18,716,178 and \$906,171 respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$20,564,255 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$172.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	\$ 82,581
General Fund	Title I Fund	123,505
General Fund	Other governmental funds	81,121
General Fund	Fiduciary Funds	1,246
Other governmental funds	General Fund	 8,493
Total		\$ 296,946

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-end.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 41,847
Child Nutrition Fund	General Fund	82,581
Title I Fund	General Fund	23,036
Other governmental funds	General Fund	 23,694
Total		\$ 171,158

The primary purpose of inter-fund transfers was to transfer General Fund monies to various other governmental funds for operating purposes, and the indirect cost allocation from the General Fund. These transfers were consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$550,584, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. Also, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents balance; totaling \$172 of the MAEP limited obligation bonds debt service funds, respectively. In addition, restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$224,910 of the debt service funds that is restricted for future debt service requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:	-				
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$	229,922 \$	35,030 \$	\$	264,952
Construction-in-progress		•			<u>-</u>
Total non-depreciable capital assets		229,922	35,030	-	264,952
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings		9,277,574			9,277,574
Building improvements		148,476			148,476
Improvements other than buildings		112,900			112,900
Mobile equipment		4,071,991	172,109		4,244,100
Furniture and equipment		905,962	60,834	16,783	950,013
Total depreciable capital assets		14,516,903	232,943	16,783	14,733,063
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		5,619,525	113,843		5,733,368
Building improvements		41,573	5,939		47,512
Improvements other than buildings		83,325	4,516		87,841
Mobile equipment		2,686,198	185,417		2,871,615
Furniture and equipment		810,462	25,435	12,161	823,736
Total accumulated depreciation		9,241,083	335,150	12,161	9,564,072
Total depreciable capital assets, net		5,275,820	(102,207)	4,622	5,168,991
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	5,505,742 \$	(67,177) \$	4,622 \$	5,433,943

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 114,977
Support services	200,866
Non-instructional	19,307
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 335,150

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	 Balance 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2019	Amounts due within one year
A. Three mill notes payable	 276,983	-	89,299	187,684	92,385
B. Compensated absences payable	 96,013	<u>.</u>	14,054	81,959	4,098
Total	\$ 372,996 \$	- \$	103,353 \$	269,643 \$	96,483

A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
Three mill notes	3.40%	5/6/2011	10/1/2020	\$ 869,634	\$	187,684
Total				\$ 869,634	\$	187,684

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 92,385 \$	4,811 \$	97,196
2021	 95,299	1,620	96,919
Total	\$ 187,684 \$	6,431 \$	194,115

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Fund.

B. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Other Commitments

Operating leases:

The school district has several operating leases for copy machines.

- 1. Fourteen copiers, \$3,815 monthly lease payment
- 2. Three copiers, \$1,175 monthly lease payment

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

- 3. Two copiers, \$362 monthly lease payment
- 4. Five copiers, \$188.92 monthly lease payment
- 5. Two copiers, \$330 monthly lease payment
- 6. Two copiers, \$299 monthly lease payment

Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019 amounted to \$72,103.

Future lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 68,495
2021	 45,780
Total	\$ 114,275

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,924,013, \$1,897,242 and \$1,899,555, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$31,558,235 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.189733 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an increase of 0.001727 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,293,693. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 136,211	\$ 131,823
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		646,585
Changes of assumptions	18,450	17,086
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	333,470	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,924,013	
Total	\$ 2,412,144	\$ 795,494

\$1,924,013 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 519,489
2021	(6,952)
2022	(677,983)
2023	(141,917)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$ 41,553,140	\$ 31,558,235	\$ 23,251,149

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues publicly available financial report that can be obtained http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$89,306 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$2,008,083 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.25959312 percent. This was an increase of 0.00264579 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$92,153. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,089	\$
Changes of assumptions		143,080
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	18,407	17,734
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	89,306	
Total	\$ 111,802	\$ 160,814

\$89,306 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$ (28,462)
2021	(28,462)
2022	(28,462)
2023	(28,462)
2024	(21,872)
Thereafter	(2,598)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent			
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 inflation	percent,	including	wage
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	4.50%			
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%			

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2018 Prior Measurement Date 2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			(Jurrent	
	1	1% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase
		(2.89%)	F	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,225,910	\$	2,008,083	\$ 1,820,745

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
			Rates	
	•	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,860,148	\$ 2,008,083	\$ 2,176,094

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 10 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
2020	\$	28,298
2021		19,622
2022		4,321
2023		4,321
2024		3,781
2025 - 2029		18,815
2030 – 2034		13,847
2035 - 2039		11,963
2040 – 2044		7,464
Total	\$	112,432
	_	

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 12 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 58 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 14 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$15,861,634) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,924,013 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$488,131 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$15,861,634) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$795,494 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$15,861,634) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$89,306 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$22,496 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$15,861,634) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$160,814 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Copiah County School District evaluated the activity of the district through February 28, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

Issue Date	Interest Rate	<u>Amount</u>	Type of Financing	Source of Financing
07/25/2019	2.440%	\$1,500,000	Limited Tax Note Capital Improvements	Capital One Public Funding

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources 4,438,963 \$ 4,314,945 \$ 4,369,756 \$ (124,018) \$ 54,811 State sources 13,524,883 13,464,142 13,460,031 (60,741)(4,111)Federal sources 75,000 51,734 51,734 (23, 266)Sixteenth section sources 454,500 175,192 175,188 (279,308)(4) Total Revenues 18,493,346 18,006,013 18,056,709 (487, 333)50,696 Expenditures: 10,274,431 1,130,580 279,467 Instruction 11,684,478 10,553,898 547,399 3,932,666 Support services 11,842,821 7,910,155 7,362,756 89,778 12,805 Noninstructional services 195,076 105,298 92,493 38,866 28,444 34,634 10,422 Sixteenth section 73,500 Facilities acquisition and construction 181,500 35,030 35,030 146,470 0 Debt service: Interest 5,000 5,000 2,653 2,347 Total Expenditures 23,982,375 18,648,247 17,795,807 5,334,128 852,440 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 260,902 over (under) Expenditures (5,489,029)(642, 234)4.846.795 903,136 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bonds and notes issued 500.000 (500,000)Insurance recovery 32,250 32,250 32,250 975,294 4,869 (850, 852)Operating transfers in 980,163 129,311 Other financing sources 173 173 Operating transfers out (885, 250)(887, 280)(41,847)(2,030)845,433 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 590,044 125,133 119,887 (464,911)(5,246)Net Change in Fund Balances (4,898,985)(517, 101)380,789 4,381,884 897,890 Fund Balances: July 1, 2018 900,616 14,947,857 15,848,473 15,848,473 June 30, 2019 \$ 10,048,872 \$ 15,331,372 \$ 16,229,262 \$ 5,282,500 \$ 897,890

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Child Nutrition Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

roi die feat cinded dulle 30, 2019							_	Variand Positive (N		
•	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Original	Final		
		Original		Final	(0	AAP Basis))	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:										
Local sources	\$	192,000	\$	180,696	\$	180,693	\$	(11,304) \$	(3)	
State sources		20,000		18,369		18,369		(1,631)	-	
Federal sources		1,607,000		1,678,842		1,678,842		71,842		
Total Revenues		1,819,000		1,877,907		1,877,904		58,907	(3)	
Expenditures:										
Support services		201,308		138,663		118,205		62,645	20,458	
Noninstructional services		2,729,681		1,866,257		1,815,191		863,424	51,066	
Total Expenditures		2,930,989		2,004,920		1,933,396		926,069	71,524	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over (under) Expenditures		(1,111,989)		(127,013)		(55,492)		984,976	71,521	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Operating transfers out		(100,000)		(91,000)		(82,581)		9,000	8,419	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(100,000)		(91,000)		(82,581)		9,000	8,419	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,211,989)		(218,013)		(138,073)		993,976	79,940	
Fund Balances:										
July 1, 2018		1,370,785		1,343,839		1,346,814		(26,946)	2,975	
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		· ·		-		(2,975)		-	(2,975)	
June 30, 2019	\$	158,796	\$	1,125,826	\$	1,205,766	\$	967,030 \$	79,940	

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Varian	ces
				Positive (N	egative)
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	1,963,158	1,392,978	1,380,978	(570,180)	(12,000)
Total Revenues	1,963,158	1,392,978	1,380,978	(570,180)	(12,000)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	986,110	654,470	647,804	331,640	6,666
Support services	877,560	674,524	669,390	203,036	5,134
Noninstructional services	47,149	40,948	40,748	6,201	200
Total Expenditures	1,910,819	1,369,942	1,357,942	540,877	12,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	52,339	23,036	23,036	(29,303)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	(40,425)	(23,036)	(23,036)	17,389	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(40,425)	(23,036)	(23,036)	17,389	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	11,914	_	-	(11,914)	
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2018		-	-	•	-
June 30, 2019	\$ 11,914 \$	· -	\$ - \$	(11,914) \$	-

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Districtly according of the cost according limiting	2019 0.189733%	2018 0.188006%	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.189733%	0.188006%	0.185985%	0.185558%	0.181883%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 31,558,235	31,252,982	33,221,565	28,683,608	22,077,266
District's covered payroll	12,045,981	12,060,667	11,897,892	11,592,603	11,114,000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	261.98%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.535%	61.490%	57.468%	61.704%	67.208%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS **PERS**

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	1,924,013	1,897,242	1,899,555	1,873,918	1,825,835
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,924,013	1,897,242	1,899,555	1,873,918	1,825,835
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	12,215,956	12,045,981	12,060,667	11,897,892	11,592,603
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	2019 % 0.25959312%	2018 0.25694733%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,008,083	2,016,032
District's covered-employee payroll	11,741,220	12,060,667
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.103%	16.716%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.1291%	0.0000%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPER

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	89,306	85,946
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 89,306	85,946
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	Ö
District's covered-employee payroll	12,215,956	12,045,981
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.7311%	0.7135%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

COPIAH COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

COPIAH COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price Inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return Entry age
Level percentage of payroll, open
36.6 years
5-year smoothed market
3.00 percent
3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation
7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2017: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2017</u>: None

2018: None

COPIAH COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

Amortization method

Level dollar

Amortization period

30 years, open

Asset valuation method

Market Value of Assets

Price inflation

3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation

3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

7.75%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

5.00%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

2023

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

pension plan investment expense,

3.56%

including price inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Inform	ation		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019			
Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Pass-through Entitiy Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program		195MS326N1099	\$ 456,265
National school lunch program Total child nutrition cluster	10.555	195MS326N1099	1,222,577 1,678,842
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,678,842 1,678,842
U.S. Department of the Interior			
Direct Program:	45.006	NI/A	20 245
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	N/A	28,245 28,245
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			20,243
Federal Communications Commission Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	. N/A	22,383
Total Federal Communications Commission			22,383
U.S. Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies		ES010A180024	1,470,187
Career and technical education - basic grants to states		V048A180024	36,987 1,054
Rural education English language acquisition grants		ES358B180024 ES365A180024	3,808
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Subtotal		ES424A180025	8,412 1,520,448
Special education cluster:	84 027	H027A180108	521,991
Special education - grants to states Special education - preschool grants		H173A180113	18,229
Total special education cluster	01.170	7117071100110	540,220
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,060,668
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,060,668
Social Security Administration Direct Program: Disability insurance / SSI Cluster			
Social Security Disability Insurance	96.001	N/A	1,106
Total Social Security Administration			1,106
Total of all Federal Awards			3,791,244

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Copiah County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Copiah County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Copiah County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Copiah County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 16,775,934 5,709,299	12,429,593 1,596,879	687,143 435,685	1,303,859 156,281	2,355,339 3,520,454
Total	\$ 22,485,233	14,026,472	1,122,828	1,460,140	5,875,793
Total number of students *	2,395				
Cost per student	\$ 9,388	5,856	469	610	2,453

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	4,369,756	\$ 4,121,147 \$	4,115,212 \$	4,005,203
State sources		13,460,031	12,964,470	12,651,371	12,570,977
Federal sources		51,734	73,243	361,417	122,084
Sixteenth section sources		175,188	198,522	209,977	388,056
Total Revenues		18,056,709	17,357,382	17,337,977	17,086,320
Expenditures:					
Instruction		10,274,431	10,086,157	9,885,532	9,737,745
Support services		7,362,756	7,071,746	6,768,056	7,257,920
Noninstructional services		92,493	84,929	135,611	92,491
Sixteenth section		28,444	28,815	8,439	14,171
Facilities acquisition and construction		35,030	-	•	73,150
Debt service:					
Interest		2,653	4,767	4,770	4,770
Total Expenditures		17,795,807	17,276,414	16,802,408	17,180,247
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				•	
over (under) Expenditures	_	260,902	80,968	535,569	(93,927)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery		32,250	-	135,200	415,229
Operating transfers in		129,311	433,487	171,939	116,535
Other financing sources		173	•	•	•
Operating transfers out		(41,847)	(47,298)	(31,305)	(40,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		119,887	386,189	275,834	491,764
Net Change in Fund Balances		380,789	467,157	811,403	397,837
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period	_	15,848,473	15,381,316	14,569,913	14,172,076
End of Period	\$	16,229,262	\$ 15,848,473 \$	15,381,316 \$	14,569,913

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

Name			2019	2018*	2017*		2016*
State sources 14,065,406 13,956,589 13,510,831 13,448,903 Federal sources 3,791,246 4,084,467 4,434,131 4,118,359 Sixteenth section sources 128,221 21,822 22,2107 443,357 Total Revenues 22,717,232 22,675,899 22,603,625 22,329,690 Expenditures: Instruction 11,613,437 11,364,260 11,207,758 11,043,198 Support services 8,742,740 8,297,369 7,848,585 8,431,167 Noninstructional services 1,948,432 1,941,691 1,979,661 1,919,260 Sixteenth section 45,743 55,649 46,773 68,532 Facilities acquisition and construction 35,030 - - 73,150 Debt service: 21,000 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,625 29,834 43,915 59,012 Total Expenditures 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 Other Einancing Sources (Uses): Insurance recovery 32,250	Revenues:						
Federal sources 3,791,246 4,084,677 4,343,131 4,118,359 Sixteenth section sources 182,821 214,822 232,107 443,357 Total Revenues 22,717,232 22,675,899 22,603,625 22,329,690 Expenditures: Instruction 11,613,437 11,364,260 11,207,758 11,043,198 Support services 8,742,740 8,297,369 7,848,585 8,431,167 Noninstructional services 1,948,432 1,941,691 1,979,661 1,919,260 Sixteenth section 45,743 55,649 46,773 68,532 Facilities acquisition and construction 35,030 - - 73,150 Debt service: Principal 89,299 516,150 502,853 489,383 Interest 10,552 29,834 43,915 59,012 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance recovery 32,250 - 135,200 415,	Local sources	\$	4,677,759	\$ 4,420,021	\$ 4,426,556	\$	4,319,071
Sixteenth section sources 182,821 214,822 232,107 443,357 Total Revenues 22,717,232 22,675,899 22,603,625 22,329,690 Expenditures: Instruction 11,613,437 11,364,260 11,207,758 11,043,198 Support services 8,742,740 8,297,369 7,848,585 8,431,167 Noninstructional services 1,948,432 1,941,691 1,979,661 1,919,260 Sixteenth section 45,743 55,649 46,773 68,532 Facilities acquisition and construction 35,030 - - 73,150 Debt service: Principal 89,299 516,150 502,853 489,383 Interest 10,552 29,834 43,915 59,012 Total Expenditures 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 32,250 - 135,200 415,229 Operating transfers in 171,158 480,785 203,244 156,535 Operating transfers out	State sources		14,065,406	13,956,589	13,510,831		13,448,903
Expenditures:	Federal sources		3,791,246	4,084,467	4,434,131		4,118,359
Expenditures:	Sixteenth section sources		182,821	214,822	232,107		443,357
Instruction 11,613,437 11,364,260 11,207,758 11,043,198 Support services 8,742,740 8,297,369 7,848,585 8,431,167 Noninstructional services 1,948,432 1,941,691 1,979,661 1,919,260 Sixteenth section 45,743 55,649 46,773 68,532 Facilities acquisition and construction 35,030 - - 73,150 Debt service: Principal 89,299 516,150 502,853 489,383 Interest 10,552 29,834 43,915 59,012 Total Expenditures 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 171,158 480,785 203,244 156,535 Other financing sources 173 (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances:	Total Revenues	_	22,717,232	22,675,899	22,603,625		22,329,690
Support services 8,742,740 8,297,369 7,848,585 8,431,167 Noninstructional services 1,948,432 1,941,691 1,979,661 1,919,260 Sixteenth section 45,743 55,649 46,773 68,532 Facilities acquisition and construction 35,030 - - 73,150 Debt service: Principal 89,299 516,150 502,853 489,383 Interest 10,552 29,834 43,915 59,012 Total Expenditures 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance recovery 32,250 - 135,200 415,229 Operating transfers in 171,158 480,785 203,244 156,535 Other financing sources 173 (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 </td <td>Expenditures:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Expenditures:						
Noninstructional services 1,948,432 1,941,691 1,979,661 1,919,260 Sixteenth section 45,743 55,649 46,773 68,532 Facilities acquisition and construction 35,030 - - 73,150 Debt service: Principal 89,299 516,150 502,853 489,383 Interest 10,552 29,834 43,915 59,012 Total Expenditures 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance recovery 32,250 - 135,200 415,229 Operating transfers in 171,158 480,785 203,244 156,535 Other financing sources 173 (171,158) (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,21	Instruction		11,613,437	11,364,260	11,207,758		11,043,198
Sixteenth section 45,743 55,649 46,773 68,532 Facilities acquisition and construction 35,030 - - - 73,150 Debt service: Principal 89,299 516,150 502,853 489,383 Interest 10,552 29,834 43,915 59,012 Total Expenditures 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance recovery 32,250 - 135,200 415,229 Operating transfers in Other financing sources 173 489,785 203,244 156,535 Other financing sources 173 (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: 289inning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093<	Support services		8,742,740	8,297,369	7,848,585		8,431,167
Facilities acquisition and construction 35,030 - - 73,150 Debt service: 89,299 516,150 502,853 489,383 Interest 10,552 29,834 43,915 59,012 Total Expenditures 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 32,250 - 135,200 415,229 Operating transfers in Other financing sources 173 480,785 203,244 156,535 Other financing sources (Uses) 173 (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: Beginning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	Noninstructional services		1,948,432	1,941,691	1,979,661		1,919,260
Debt service: Principal 89,299 516,150 502,853 489,383 Interest 10,552 29,834 43,915 59,012 Total Expenditures 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance recovery 32,250 - 135,200 415,229 Operating transfers in 171,158 480,785 203,244 156,535 Other financing sources 173 (171,158) (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: Beginning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	Sixteenth section		45,743	55,649	46,773		68,532
Principal Interest 89,299 516,150 502,853 489,383 Interest Interest 10,552 29,834 43,915 59,012 Total Expenditures 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 32,250 - 135,200 415,229 Insurance recovery 32,250 - 135,200 415,229 Operating transfers in 171,158 480,785 203,244 156,535 Operating transfers out (171,158) (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: 280,4422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: 29,442,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) <td>Facilities acquisition and construction</td> <td></td> <td>35,030</td> <td>-</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>73,150</td>	Facilities acquisition and construction		35,030	-	•		73,150
Interest 10,552 29,834 43,915 59,012 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 245,988 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 245,9	Debt service:						
Total Expenditures 22,485,233 22,204,953 21,629,545 22,083,702 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 32,250 - 135,200 415,229 Operating transfers in Other financing sources 173 203,244 156,535 Other financing Sources (Uses) (171,158) (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: Beginning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	Principal		89,299	516,150	502,853		489,383
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance recovery 32,250 - 135,200 415,229 Operating transfers in 171,158 480,785 203,244 156,535 Other financing sources 173 Operating transfers out (171,158) (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: Beginning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	Interest		10,552	29,834	43,915		59,012
over (under) Expenditures 231,999 470,946 974,080 245,988 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance recovery 32,250 - 135,200 415,229 Operating transfers in 171,158 480,785 203,244 156,535 Other financing sources 173 (203,244) (156,535) Operating transfers out (171,158) (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: 8 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	Total Expenditures	_	22,485,233	 22,204,953	21,629,545		22,083,702
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance recovery 32,250 - 135,200 415,229 Operating transfers in 171,158 480,785 203,244 156,535 Other financing sources 173 (203,244) (156,535) Operating transfers out (171,158) (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: 8 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Insurance recovery 32,250 - 135,200 415,229 Operating transfers in Other financing sources 171,158 480,785 203,244 156,535 Other financing sources (173 (171,158) (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: Beginning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	over (under) Expenditures		231,999	 470,946	974,080		245,988
Operating transfers in Other financing sources 171,158 480,785 203,244 156,535 Other financing sources 173 (171,158) (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: Beginning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in Other financing sources 171,158 480,785 203,244 156,535 Other financing sources 173 (171,158) (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: Beginning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	Insurance recovery		32,250	-	135,200		415,229
Operating transfers out (171,158) (480,785) (203,244) (156,535) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: Beginning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		171,158	480,785	203,244		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: Beginning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	Other financing sources		173				·
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 32,423 0 135,200 415,229 Net Change in Fund Balances 264,422 470,946 1,109,280 661,217 Fund Balances: Beginning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	Operating transfers out		(171,158)	(480,785)	(203,244)		(156,535)
Fund Balances: Beginning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	32,423	0	 135,200		415,229
Fund Balances: Beginning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467							
Beginning of period 18,424,837 17,952,093 16,839,344 16,176,660 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	Net Change in Fund Balances		264,422	470,946	1,109,280		661,217
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467	Fund Balances:						
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (2,975) 1,798 3,469 1,467			18.424.837	17 952 093	16 839 344		16 176 660
	gg p		3, .2 .,507	 ,002,000	. 5,000,014		
End of Period \$ 18,686,284 \$ 18,424,837 \$ 17,952,093 \$ 16,839,344	Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		(2,975)	1,798	3,469		1,467
	End of Period	\$	18,686,284	\$ 18,424,837	\$ 17,952,093	\$_	16,839,344

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

PAYN AND LEGGETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, INC.

Member of Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

207 SOUTH RAILROAD AVENUE BROOKHAVEN, MISSISSIPPI 39601 PHONE (601) 833-1456 FAX (601) 833-9896

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Superintendent and School Board Copiah County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Copiah County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Copiah County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Copiah County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Copiah County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Copiah County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Copiah County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Payn and Leggett, CPAs

Brookhaven, Mississippi

February 28, 2020

PAYN AND LEGGETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, INC.

Member of Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

207 SOUTH RAILROAD AVENUE BROOKHAVEN, MISSISSIPPI 39601

PHONE (601) 833-1456 FAX (601) 833-9896

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Superintendent and School Board Copiah County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Copiah County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Copiah County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Copiah County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Copiah County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Copiah County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Copiah County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Copiah County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Copiah County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Copiah County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Copiah County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Payn and Leggett, CPAs

Leggett, CPAS

Brookhaven, Mississippi

February 28, 2020

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PENDENT AU	DITOR'S REPOR	RT ON COMP	PLIANCE W	ITH STATE L	AWS AND REG	GULATI
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PAYN AND LEGGETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, INC.

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207 SOUTH RAILROAD AVENUE BROOKHAVEN, MISSISSIPPI 39601 PHONE (601) 833-1456 FAX (601) 833-9896

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Copiah County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Copiah County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Copiah County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Payn and Leggett, CPAs

Brookhaven, Mississippi

February 28, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fina	ancial St	atements:		
1.	Туре с	of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified
2.	Interna			
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?	?	None Reported
3.	Nonco	mpliance material to financial stat	tements noted?	No
Fed	leral Aw	ards:		
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:		
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?	?	None Reported
5.	Туре с	Unmodified		
6.		udit findings disclosed that are rec CFR 200.516(a)?	quired to be reported in accordance	No
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:		
	<u>CFDA</u>	Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>er</u>
	84.010)	Title I Grants to Local Educational A	Agencies
8.	Dollar	threshold used to distinguish betw	ween type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
9.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes
10.	award		uestioned costs relative to federal to prepare a summary schedule h 2CFR 200.511(b).	No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.