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# FOREST MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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# L. Reeves CPA, PLLC

# CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 305 PARK RIDGE DRIVE BRANDON, MS 39042 601-624-0777

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Forest Municipal School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Forest Municipal School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Forest Municipal School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted this audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Forest Municipal School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 7-14, 53, 54-55, and 56-57, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Forest Municipal School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated March 13, 2020, on my consideration of the Forest Municipal School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control

over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Forest Municipal School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Forest Municipal School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi

Ad Chairs

March 13, 2020

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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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The following discussion and analysis of Forest Municipal School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$536,213, including a prior period adjustment of \$16,668, which represents a 5% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$2,492,026, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,230,442), which represents a 31% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$11,980,874 and \$11,933,337, or 81% and 82% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,876,566, or 19% of total revenues for 2019, and \$2,696,480, or 18% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$15,410,321 and \$15,891,401 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$2,876,566 for 2019 and \$2,696,480 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$11,980,874 for 2019 and \$11,933,337 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$11,776,976 in revenues and \$11,889,033 in expenditures for 2019, and \$11,662,254 in revenues and \$11,838,915 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$90,107 from 2018 to 2019, including a prior period adjustment of \$16,668, and decreased by \$150,760 from 2017 to 2018, including a prior period adjustment of (\$4,542).
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$215,347 for 2019 and decreased by \$90,743 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to the disposal of mobile equipment coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, excluding compensated absences payable, decreased by \$445,000 for 2019 and decreased by \$495,953 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$10,357 for 2019 and increased by \$3,395 for 2018.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

#### **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### **Net Position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$11,042,636 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	је
	 June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Change	
Current assets	\$ 4,618,742	\$ 4,133,375	11.74	%
Restricted assets	270,092	265,447	1.75	%
Capital assets, net	 8,162,689	8,378,036	(2.57)	%
Total assets	13,051,523	 12,776,858	2.15	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 1,743,748	 2,501,493	(30.29)	%
Current liabilities	900,557	318,702	182.57	%
Long-term debt outstanding	3,625,835	4,060,478	(10.70)	%
Net OPEB liability	1,315,181	1,296,846	1.41	%
Net pension liability	 18,791,598	19,577,040	(4.01)	%
Total liabilities	 24,633,171	 25,253,066	(2.45)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,204,736	 531,708	126.58	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	4,643,689	4,414,036	5.20	%
Restricted	1,251,247	1,252,983	(0.14)	%
Unrestricted	 (16,937,572)	 (16,173,442)	(4.72)	%
Total net position	\$ (11,042,636)	\$ (10,506,423)	(5.10)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (16,937,572)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	19,567,767
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 2,630,195

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$215,347.
- The principal retirement of \$445,000 of long-term debt.

#### Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$14,857,440 and \$14,629,817, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$15,410,321 for 2019 and \$15,891,401 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2019	 Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	je 
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 160,879	\$ 178,196	(9.72)	%
Operating grants and contributions	2,715,687	2,518,284	7.84	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	4,617,318	4,483,115	2.99	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	7,145,291	7,240,118	(1.31)	%
Investment earnings	69,075	19,844	248.09	%
Sixteenth section sources	145,792	174,196	(16.31)	%
Other	3,398	16,064	(78.85)	%
Total revenues	 14,857,440	 14,629,817	1.56	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	6,906,562	6,826,455	1.17	%
Support services	5,300,550	5,157,642	2.77	%
Non-instructional	1,079,923	1,027,280	5.12	%
Sixteenth section	73,901	69,091	6.96	%
Pension expense	1,880,378	2,631,480	(28.54)	%
OPEB expense	76,524	75,207	1.75	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 92,483	104,246	(11.28)	%
Total expenses	 15,410,321	 15,891,401	(3.03)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 (552,881)	(1,261,584)	56.18	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(10,506,423)	(8,014,397)	(31.09)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 16,668	 (1,230,442)	101.35	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (10,489,755)	(9,244,839)	(13.47)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (11,042,636)	\$ (10,506,423)	(5.10)	%

#### **Governmental Activities**

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total	Expens	ses	D	_
	 2019		2018	Percentage Change	е
Instruction	\$ 6,906,562	\$	6,826,455	1.17	%
Support services	5,300,550		5,157,642	2.77	%
Non-instructional	1,079,923		1,027,280	5.12	%
Sixteenth section	73,901		69,091	6.96	%
Pension Expense	1,880,378		2,631,480	(28.54)	%
OPEB Expense	76,524		75,207	1.75	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 92,483		104,246	(11.28)	%
Total expenses	\$ 15,410,321	\$	15,891,401	(3.03)	%
	 Net (Expe	nse) R	evenue		
	 2019		2018	Percentage Change	е
Instruction	\$ (5,908,339)	\$	(5,817,494)	(1.56)	%
Support services	(4,492,368)		(4,502,008)	0.21	%
Non-instructional	(10,044)		(1,078)	(831.73)	%
Sixteenth section	(73,619)		(63,408)	(16.10)	%
Pension Expense	(1,880,378)		(2,631,480)	28.54	%
OPEB Expense	(76,524)		(75,207)	(1.75)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (92,483)		(104,246)	11.28	%
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (12,533,755)	\$	(13,194,921)	5.01	%

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$12,533,755 for 2019 and \$13,194,921 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$4,617,318 for 2019 and \$4,483,115 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$7,145,291 for 2019 and \$7,240,118 for 2018). In addition, there was \$145,792 and \$174,196 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$69,075 for 2019 and \$19,844 for 2018.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,015,732, a decrease of \$96,001, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$16,668 and a decrease in inventory of \$2,579. \$2,724,981, or 68% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$1,290,751, or 32% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$90,107, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$16,668. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$19,030. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>		Increase (Decrease)
Food Service Fund	\$	34,904
Title I-A Basic Fund	\$	3,179
Vo-Tech Maintenance Fund	\$	(24,947)

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions made during the fiscal year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared to total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$15,587,512, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a increase of \$109,915 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$7,424,823, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$408,759, resulting in total net capital assets of \$8,162,689.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Percentage Change
Land	\$ 15,485	\$ 15,485	0.00 %
Buildings	5,716,914	5,861,955	(2.47) %
Building improvements	1,008,642	1,081,890	(6.77) %
Improvements other than buildings	523,852	550,408	(4.82) %
Mobile equipment	742,130	727,926	1.95 %
Furniture and equipment	 155,666	 140,372	10.90 %
Total	\$ 8,162,689	\$ 8,378,036	(2.57) %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2019, the District had \$3,625,835 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$465,342 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$445,000 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$10,357 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Jı	une 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018	Change	•
Certificates of participation payable	\$	2,140,000	\$	2,315,000	(7.56)	%
Three mill notes payable		1,379,000		1,649,000	(16.37)	%
Compensated absences payable		106,835		96,478	10.74	%
Total	\$	3,625,835	\$	4,060,478	(10.70)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Forest Municipal School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Forest Municipal School District, 325 Cleveland Street, Forest, MS 39074.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2019	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,196,490
Due from other governments	388,595
Other receivables, net Inventories	7,551 26,106
Restricted assets	270,092
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	210,032
Land	15,485
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	,
Buildings	5,716,914
Building improvements	1,008,642
Improvements other than buildings	523,852
Mobile equipment	742,130
Furniture and equipment	155,666
Total Assets	13,051,523
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows of Resources  Deferred outflows - pensions	1,598,424
Deferred outflows - OPEB	145,324
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,743,748
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	872,585
Unearned revenue	517
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	27,455
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	21,100
Capital related liabilities	460,000
Non-capital related liabilities	5,342
Net OPEB liability	55,559
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	3,059,000
Non-capital related liabilities	101,493
Net pension liability	18,791,598
Net OPEB liability	1,259,622
Total Liabilities	24,633,171
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	1,111,027
Deferred inflows - OPEB	93,709
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,204,736
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	4,643,689
Restricted for:	, .,
Expendable:	
School-based activities	635,979
Debt service	275,342
Capital improvements	7,822
Forestry improvements	34,904
Unemployment benefits	27,137
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section	270,063
Unrestricted	(16,937,572)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (11,042,636)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities							Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	,		F	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	_	Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section Pension expense OPEB expense Interest on long-term liabilities	\$	6,906,562 \$ 5,300,550 1,079,923 73,901 1,880,378 76,524 92,483	103,536 \$ - 57,061 282	894,687 \$ 808,182 1,012,818	- - - - -	\$	(5,908,339 (4,492,368 (10,044 (73,619 (1,880,378 (76,524 (92,483
Total Governmental Activities	\$	15,410,321 \$	160,879 \$	2,715,687 \$	-	\$	(12,533,755)
			General Revenues Taxes: General purpos Debt purpos	pose levies	one:		4,440,804 176,514
			State Federal Unrestricted ir Sixteenth sect Other	vestment earnings	oris.		7,085,482 59,809 69,075 145,792 3,398 11,980,874
			Change in Net Pos	sition			(552,881)
			Net Position - Beg Prior Period Adji	inning, as previousl ustments	y reported		(10,506,423) 16,668
			Net Position - Beg	inning, as restated			(10,489,755)
			Net Position (defic	it) - Ending		\$	(11,042,636)

		Governmental F	unds			
Balance Sheet						Exhibit C
June 30, 2019						
	 Major F	unds			0.11	
	General	Food Service	Title I-A Basic	Vo-Tech Maintenance	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,001,135 \$	566,366 \$	22,655 \$	187,368 \$	689,029 \$	4,466,553
Cash with fiscal agents	-	-	-	-	29	29
Due from other governments	136,652	699	98,196	3,653	149,395	388,595
Other receivables, net	7,551	-	-	-	-	7,551
Due from other funds	208,353	-	-	-	-	208,353
Inventories	-	26,106	-	-	-	26,106
Total assets	\$ 3,353,691 \$	593,171 \$	120,851 \$	191,021 \$	838,453 \$	5,097,187
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 616,661 \$	34,086 \$	22,595 \$	187,390 \$	11,853 \$	872,585
Due to other funds	_	-	95,077	-	113,276	208,353
Unavailable revenue - federal programs	-	-	-	-	517	517
Total Liabilities	616,661	34,086	117,672	187,390	125,646	1,081,455
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	_	26,106	_	-	-	26,106
Permanent fund principal	-	-	-	-	270,063	270,063
Restricted:						
Debt service	-	-	-	-	302,797	302,797
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	7,822	7,822
Forestry improvement purposes	-	-	-	-	34,904	34,904
Grant activities	-	532,979	3,179	3,631	70,084	609,873
Unemployment benefits	-	-	-	-	27,137	27,137
Assigned:						
Activity funds	12,049	-	-	-	-	12,049
Unassigned	2,724,981	-	-	-	-	2,724,981
Total Fund Balances	2,737,030	559,085	3,179	3,631	712,807	4,015,732
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,353,691 \$	593,171 \$	120,851 \$	191,021 \$	838,453 \$	5,097,187

Governmental Funds  Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net	Positio	on	Exhibit C-1
June 30, 2019			
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	4,015,732
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$	15,485 10,160,975 1,831,208 663,898 2,170,745 745,201 (7,424,823)	8,162,689
<ol><li>Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</li></ol>			
Net pension liability		(18,791,598)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to futuperiods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	ıre		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		1,598,424 (1,111,027)	(18,304,201)
<ol><li>Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</li></ol>			
Net OPEB liability		(1,315,181)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		145,324 (93,709)	(1,263,566)
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Notes payable Certificates of participation Compensated absences Accrued interest payable		(1,379,000) (2,140,000) (106,835) (27,455)	(3,653,290)
		_	
Net Position of governmental activities		<u>\$</u>	(11,042,636)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit D For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Major Funds Vo-Tech Other Total General Food Service Title I-A Basic Maintenance Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds Fund Revenues: Local sources 4,425,299 \$ 66,228 \$ 162,443 \$ 181,358 \$ 4,835,328 - \$ 7,285,357 7,136,170 149,187 State sources Federal sources 59,809 1,281,410 587,067 647,337 2,575,623 Sixteenth section sources 155,698 5,434 161,132 Total Revenues 11,776,976 1,347,638 587,067 162,443 983,316 14,857,440 Expenditures: Instruction 6,714,770 429,208 187,390 338,429 7,669,797 Support services 4,869,870 291,767 153,022 337,052 5,651,711 1,033,635 Noninstructional services 3,976 1,016,246 7,899 5,514 Sixteenth section 73,901 62,801 11,100 Debt service: Principal 175,000 270,000 445,000 Interest 61.116 34,025 95.141 Other 1,500 1,500 Total Expenditures 11,889,033 1,308,013 590,129 187,390 996,120 14,970,685 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (112,057)39,625 (3,062)(24,947)(12,804)(113,245) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of transportation equipment 3,155 3,155 19,275 129,771 Operating transfers in 28,034 82,462 Operating transfers out (2,142)(129,771) (25,907)(13,034)(88,688)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 5,282 (2,142)6,241 3,155 (6,226)Net Change in Fund Balances (106,775) 37,483 3,179 (24,947) (19,030)(110,090) Fund Balances: July 1, 2018, as previously reported 2,827,137 524,181 28,578 731,837 4,111,733 Prior period adjustments 16,668 16,668 28,578 731,837 July 1, 2018, as restated 2,843,805 524,181 4,128,401 (2,579) Increase (Decrease) in inventory (2,579)

2,737,030 \$

559,085 \$

3,179 \$

3,631 \$

712,807 \$

4,015,732

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

June 30, 2019

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019		Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(110,090)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
<ol> <li>Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:</li> </ol>		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 202,690 (408,759)	(206,069)
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		(9,278)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is firs issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		•
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	445,000 4,158	449,158
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(1,880,378) 1,234,457	(645,921)
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 (76,524) 58,779	(17,745)
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory	 (10,357) (2,579)	(12,936)
Change in Net Position of governmental activities	<u> </u>	(552,881)
	<u> </u>	· '

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	Exhibit E
June 30, 2019	
	Agency
	 Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 87,223
Due from other governments	2,477
Total Assets	\$ 89,700
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 19,742
Due to student clubs	69,958
Total Liabilities	\$ 89,700

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Forest, Mississippi, since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Forest Municipal School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### Blended component unit

The Forest Municipal School District Leasing Authority ("the Authority") as explained in the following paragraph is considered to be a blended component unit as determined by Section 2100 of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* and is included in the district's reporting entity.

The Authority is governed by a five-member board which is appointed by the school district's governing board. Although it is legally separate from the school district, it is reported as if it is part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide financing for the renovation, improvement, construction, and equipping of certain school facilities. Therefore, all of the Authority's assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources and uses have been included in the government-wide financial statements of the school district (see Note 13).

### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Food Service Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for revenues received for the operations of the child nutrition program.

Title I-A Basic Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal sources received and expenditures incurred related to the district's Title I Program.

Vo-Tech Maintenance Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for the revenues and related expenditures supporting the vocational education of students in the district who attend a vocational complex operated jointly with Scott County School District.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds (agency funds) which focus on assets and liabilities only. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for non-payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

#### E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

#### 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

#### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

#### Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as a deferred outflow related to pensions and a deferred outflow related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as a deferred inflow related to pensions and a deferred inflow related to OPEB.

See Note 16 for further details.

#### 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

#### 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

#### 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$4,466,553 and \$87,223, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$5,318,481 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$29.

#### Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I-A Basic Fund	\$ 95,077
	Other governmental funds	 113,276
Total		\$ 208,353

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows. All interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Title I-A Basic Fund	\$ 3,334
	Other governmental funds	22,573
Food Service Fund	Other governmental funds	2,142
Title I-A Basic Fund	General Fund	13,034
Other governmental funds	General Fund	15,000
	Title I-A Basic Fund	15,941
	Other governmental funds	57,747
Total		\$ 129,771

Operating transfers were for the following: indirect costs, unemployment compensation transfers, debt service transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

#### Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$270,063 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent balance totaling \$29 of the Capital Projects 3021 Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

## Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:	 77 172010	inorcases	Beereases	0/00/2010
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 15,485 \$	\$	\$	15,485
Total non-depreciable capital assets	15,485	-	-	15,485
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	10,160,975			10,160,975
Building improvements	1,831,208			1,831,208
Improvements other than buildings	663,898			663,898
Mobile equipment	2,122,787	140,733	92,775	2,170,745
Furniture and equipment	683,244	61,957		745,201
Total depreciable capital assets	 15,462,112	202,690	92,775	15,572,027
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	4,299,020	145,041		4,444,061
Building improvements	749,318	73,248		822,566
Improvements other than buildings	113,490	26,556		140,046
Mobile equipment	1,394,861	117,251	83,497	1,428,615
Furniture and equipment	 542,872	46,663		589,535
Total accumulated depreciation	7,099,561	408,759	83,497	7,424,823
Total depreciable capital assets, net	8,362,551	(206,069)	9,278	8,147,204
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,378,036 \$	(206,069) \$	9,278 \$	8,162,689

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 142,348
Support services	140,758
Non-instructional	125,653
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 408,759

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2019	due within one year
A. Certificates of participation payable	\$	2,315,000 \$	\$		2,140,000 \$	185,000
B. Three mill notes payable	•	1,649,000	·	270,000	1,379,000	275,000
C. Compensated absences payable		96,478	10,357		106,835	5,342
Total	\$	4,060,478 \$	10,357 \$	445,000 \$	3,625,835 \$	465,342

#### A. Certificates of participation payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, certificates of participation have been issued by the school district. Certificates of participation currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	(	Dutstanding
Trust Certificate, Series 2014	2.64%	5/1/2014	5/1/2028	\$ 2,950,000	\$	2,140,000
Total				\$ 2,950,000	\$	2,140,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 185,000 \$	56,496 \$	241,496
2021	190,000	51,612	241,612
2022	200,000	46,596	246,596
2023	205,000	41,316	246,316
2024	240,000	35,904	275,904
2025 – 2028	1,120,000	72,732	1,192,732
Total	\$ 2,140,000 \$	304,656 \$	2,444,656

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund (General Fund).

The certificates of participation payable are secured by an irrevocable pledge of certain revenues the district receives from the State of Mississippi in the form of sales tax revenues for buildings and buses from the Education Enhancement Fund ("EEF") created under Section 37-61-33 Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). The amount of the annual pledge is \$57,452, which is 100% of such expected revenues. The pledge will begin July 1, 2013 and will remain in effect until June 30, 2024. Such EEF funds are currently pledged to the District's Three Mill Notes Payable, Series 2013 and Series 2016 through June 30, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
1. Limited-tax note, Series 2013	2.14%	8/15/2013	8/15/2023	\$ 1,700,000	\$	894,000
2. Limited-tax note, Series 2016	1.98%	5/6/2016	5/6/2024	790,000		485,000
Total				\$ 2,490,000	\$	1,379,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Three mill notes payable issued on August 15, 2013:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 170,000 \$	19,132 \$	189,132
2021	174,000	15,494	189,494
2022	179,000	11,770	190,770
2023	183,000	7,939	190,939
2024	 188,000	4,023	192,023
Total	\$ 894,000 \$	58,358 \$	952,358

This debt will be retired from the Note Retirement Fund (Fund 4021).

2. Three mill notes payable issued on May 6, 2016:

Year Ending		_	
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 105,000 \$	9,603 \$	114,603
2021	105,000	7,524	112,524
2022	110,000	5,445	115,445
2023	110,000	3,267	113,267
2024	 55,000	1,089	56,089
Total	\$ 485,000 \$	26,928 \$	511,928

This debt will be retired from the Note Retirement Fund (Fund 4021).

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total three mill notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 275,000 \$	28,735 \$	303,735
2021	279,000	23,018	302,018
2022	289,000	17,215	306,215
2023	293,000	11,206	304,206
2024	 243,000	5,112	248,112
Total	\$ 1,379,000 \$	85,286 \$	1,464,286

#### C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public-school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,234,457, \$1,136,321 and \$1,189,896, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$18,791,598 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.112978 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was a decrease of 0.00479 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,880,378. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 82,963	\$ 82,575
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		410,169
Changes of assumptions	11,558	10,474
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share	269,446	607,809
of contributions		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,234,457	
Total	\$ 1,598,424	\$ 1,111,027

\$1,234,457 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 189,882
2021	(208, 362)
2022	(644,073)
2023	(84,507)

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

			Current	
	1% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase
	 (6.75%)		Rate (7.75%)	 (8.75%)
District's proportionate share	_	·		
of the net pension liability	\$ 24,743,142	\$	18,791,598	\$ 13,845,079

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan publicly available financial report that obtained issues can http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$58,779 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,315,181 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.17001890 percent. This was an increase of 0.00473329 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$76,524. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 2,678	\$ 93,709
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		35,109
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	83,867	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	58,779	
Total	\$ 145,324	\$ 93,709

\$58,779 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (1,467)
2021	(1,467)
2022	(1,467)
2023	(1,467)
2024	(1,145)
Thereafter	(151)

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including wage

inflation

Long-term Investment Rate of 4.50%

Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2018 Prior Measurement Date 2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(2.89%)	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,457,846	\$ 1,315,181	\$ 1,192,485

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healincare	
			Cost Trend	
			Rates	
	1	% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,218,293	\$ 1,315,181	\$ 1,425,219

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OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 119,956
2021	114,616
2022	113,968
2023	108,510
2024	102,179
2025-2029	489,166
2030-2034	445,554
2035-2039	331,884
2040-2044	251,412
Thereafter	324,981
Total	\$ 2,402,226

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To correct prior year expenditures in the Sixteenth Section Interest Funds and the District Maintenance Fund at the governmental fund level	\$ 16,668
Total	\$ 16,668

#### Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To correct prior year expenditures in the Sixteenth Section Interest Funds and the District Maintenance Fund	\$ 16,668
Total		\$ 16,668

### Note 11 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

#### Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 58 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

#### Note 13 - Trust Certificates

A trust agreement dated May 1, 2014, was executed by and between the school district and Forest Municipal Schools Leasing Authority, as trustees.

The trust agreement authorized the issuance of trust certificates in the principal amount of \$2,950,000. Approximately \$2,925,000 was used to provide financing for the construction and renovation of school buildings and related facilities and equipment (the "project"); the remainder of approximately \$25,000 was used to pay the cost of issuance.

The project is leased to the school district in accordance with the provisions of the Emergency School Leasing Authority Act as described in Section 37-7-351, et seq., Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The lease represents a capital lease under which ownership of the project will transfer to the school district upon complete retirement of the trust certificates. The school district is obligated to make lease payments to the trustee in an amount equal to the debt service requirements for the trust certificates. The lease rental payments by the school district are used by the trustee to pay the principal and interest payments due on the trust certificates.

It is not anticipated the project will have sufficient value to satisfy the certificates in the event the school district defaults under the lease; therefore, the source of payment of the certificates is the responsibility of the school district. See Note 6 for details regarding the debt service requirement on the trust certificates.

Using the guidance provided in Section 2100 of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* dealing with defining the reporting entity, the trust accounts created by this trust agreement were deemed to constitute an inseparable part of the school district. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources/uses of the trust accounts created by this trust agreement are part of the school district's financial statements, thereby eliminating the effects of the lease agreement for financial reporting purposes.

#### Note 14 – Alternative School Consortium

The school district entered into an Alternative School Agreement dated August 19, 1994, creating the East Central Alternative School Consortium. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the following: Newton County School District, Newton Municipal School District, Forest Municipal School District, Scott County School District, Kemper County School District, Philadelphia Public School District, and Enterprise Municipal School District.

Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), allows two or more adjacent school districts to enter into a contract to operate an alternative school program. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the alternative school program. Transportation for students attending the alternative school program will be the responsibility of the individual school district sending the students.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The Newton County School District has been designated as the lead school district for the East Central Alternative School Consortium, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

#### Note 15 - Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated August 3, 1971, creating the Forest Scott County Career and Technology Center. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The consortium includes the Forest Municipal School District and the Scott County School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The Scott County School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Forest Scott County Career and Technology Center, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

## Note 16 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$16,937,572) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,234,457 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$363,967 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as pension expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 3 years. The \$1,111,027 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as a reduction of pension expense and will increase the unrestricted net position amount over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$16,937,572) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$58,779 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$86,545 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as OPEB expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 6 years. The \$93,709 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as a reduction of OPEB expense and will increase the unrestricted net position amount over the next 6 years.

#### Note 17 - State Compliance Testing

The Mississippi Office of the State Auditor (OSA) has elected to perform procedures in relation to purchasing and compliance with state laws. This report should be viewed in conjunction with the report from OSA in order to gain a comprehensive understanding of the School District's operations. This report and OSA's report will be available on OSA's website at http://www.osa.ms.gov/reports.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Note 18 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Forest Municipal School District evaluated the activity of the district through March 13, 2020 and determined that no subsequent events have occurred that would require disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

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## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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## Required Supplementary Information

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				_	Positive (N	egative)
		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	4,833,260 \$	4,425,299 \$	4,425,299 \$	(407,961)\$	_
State sources		7,117,196	7,136,170	7,136,170	18,974	-
Federal sources		74,000	59,809	59,809	(14,191)	-
Sixteenth section sources		134,000	155,698	155,698	21,698	-
Total Revenues		12,158,456	11,776,976	11,776,976	(381,480)	
Expenditures:						
Instruction		6,820,549	6,714,770	6,714,770	105,779	-
Support services		4,919,737	4,869,870	4,869,870	49,867	-
Noninstructional services		4,800	3,976	3,976	824	-
Sixteenth section		46,953	45,377	62,801	1,576	(17,424)
Debt service:						
Principal		175,000	175,000	175,000	-	_
Interest		61,116	61,116	61,116	-	-
Other		1,500	1,500	1,500	-	-
Total Expenditures		12,029,655	11,871,609	11,889,033	158,046	(17,424)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		128,801	(94,633)	(112,057)	(223,434)	(17,424)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Sale of transportation equipment		2,500	3,155	3,155	655	-
Operating transfers in		185,429	213,065	28,034	27,636	(185,031)
Operating transfers out		(156,029)	(210,938)	(25,907)	(54,909)	185,031
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		31,900	5,282	5,282	(26,618)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		160,701	(89,351)	(106,775)	(250,052)	(17,424)
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2018, as previously reported		2,843,805	2,843,805	2,827,137	-	(16,668)
Prior period adjustments		-	<u>-</u>	16,668	-	16,668
July 1, 2018, as restated	_	2,843,805	2,843,805	2,843,805	-	
June 30, 2019	\$	3,004,506 \$	2,754,454 \$	2,737,030 \$	(250,052)\$	(17,424)

## Required Supplementary Information

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Food Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				_	Positive (Negative)	
		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	102,600 \$	66,228 \$	66,228 \$	(36,372)\$	-
Federal sources		1,095,000	1,281,410	1,281,410	186,410	-
Total Revenues		1,197,600	1,347,638	1,347,638	150,038	
Expenditures:						
Support services		273,409	291,767	291,767	(18,358)	-
Noninstructional services		981,203	1,016,246	1,016,246	(35,043)	-
Total Expenditures		1,254,612	1,308,013	1,308,013	(53,401)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(57,012)	39,625	39,625	96,637	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out		_	(2,142)	(2,142)	(2,142)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(2,142)	(2,142)	(2,142)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(57,012)	37,483	37,483	94,495	
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2018		524,181	524,181	524,181	-	
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	_	-	(2,579)	(2,579)	(2,579)	
June 30, 2019	\$	467,169 \$	559,085 \$	559,085 \$	91,916 \$	_

## Required Supplementary Information

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I-A Basic Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgeted Amounts Actu	ıal		(Negative)
Budgeted Amounts Actu	ıal	0-1-1-	
Budgeted Amounts Actu		Original	Final
Original Final (GAAP B	Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:	,		
Federal sources \$ 666,063 \$ 587,067 \$ 587,	,067 \$	(78,996)	\$ -
Total Revenues 666,063 587,067 587,	,067	(78,996)	-
Expenditures:			
Instruction 416,887 429,208 429,	,208	(12,321)	-
Support services 212,291 153,022 153,	,022	59,269	-
Noninstructional services 11,475 7,899 7,	,899	3,576	-
Total Expenditures 640,653 590,129 590,	,129	50,524	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
over (under) Expenditures 25,410 (3,062) (3,	,062)	(28,472)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Operating transfers in - 19,275 19,	,275	19,275	-
Operating transfers out (29,400) (13,034) (13,	,034)	16,366	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (29,400) 6,241 6,	,241	35,641	-
Net Change in Fund Balances         (3,990)         3,179         3,	,179	7,169	-
Fund Balances:			
July 1, 2018	-	-	-
June 30, 2019 <u>\$ (3,990)</u> \$ 3,179 \$ 3,	,179 \$	7,169	-

## Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Vo-Tech Maintenance Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			_	Positive (N	legative)
	 Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 180,001 \$	162,443 \$	162,443 \$	(17,558)\$	
Total Revenues	 180,001	162,443	162,443	(17,558)	
Expenditures:					
Instruction	 215,000	187,390	187,390	27,610	
Total Expenditures	 215,000	187,390	187,390	27,610	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 (34,999)	(24,947)	(24,947)	10,052	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	 -	-	-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 	-	-		
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (34,999)	(24,947)	(24,947)	10,052	
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2018	 28,578	28,578	28,578	-	
June 30, 2019	\$ (6,421)\$	3,631 \$	3,631 \$	10,052 \$	-

## **Required Supplementary Information**

## Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.112978%	0.117768%	0.114%	0.114%	0.110%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$	18,791,598	19,577,040	20,363,247	17,622,152	13,351,986
District's covered payroll	7,214,737	7,554,894	7,266,720	7,105,017	6,727,740
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability asa percentage of its covered payroll	260.46%	259.13%	280.23%	248.02%	198.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

## Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of District Contributions
PERS
Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Lust 10 1 1500	11 10010			
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,234,457	1,136,321	1,189,896	1,144,508	1,119,040
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,234,457	1,136,321	1,189,896	1,144,508	1,119,040
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	7,837,822	7,214,737	7,554,894	7,266,720	7,105,017
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

## Required Supplementary Information

# Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	_	2019 0.17001890%	2018 0.16528561%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,315,181	1,296,846
District's covered - employee payroll		7,214,737	7,425,828
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll		18.23%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.13%	0.00%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

# Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	_	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	58,779 \$	55,286
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined			
contribution		58,779	55,286
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	<u> </u>
District's covered - employee payroll		7,837,822	7,554,894
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		0.75%	0.73%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Pension Schedules

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### <u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

> Actuarial cost method Entry age

Level percentage of payroll, open Amortization method

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset valuation method 5-vear smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

#### **OPEB Schedules**

(1) Changes of assumptions

> 2017: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

> 2018: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The (3) Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 5.00%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2023

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

pension plan investment expense, 3.56%

including price inflation

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## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Supplementary Information Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Catalog of Federal Federal Grantor/ Domestic Pass-through Grantor/ Assistance Pass-through Entity Federal Program Title Identifying Number Expenditures No. **U.S. Department of Agriculture** Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: 10.553 354,423 School breakfast program 195MS326N1099 \$ National school lunch program 10.555 195MS326N1099 827.134 National school lunch program - donated commodities 10.555 88,558 195MS326N1099 5,972 Summer food service program for children 10.559 195MS326N1099 1,276,087 Total child nutrition cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 1,276,087 1,276,087 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies 84.010 ES010A160024 33,396 Title I grants to local educational agencies 84 010 FS010A170024 133.491 Title I grants to local educational agencies 84.010 ES010A180024 456,238 84.358 ES358B160024 5,968 Rural education Rural education 84.358 ES358B170024 18.849 84.358 ES358B180024 Rural education 11.225 84.365 ES365A170024 34.103 English language acquisition grants ES365A170024 English language acquisition grants 84.365 1,134 English language acquisition grants 84.365 ES365A180024 45,977 ES367A160023 Supporting effective instruction state grants 84.367 8,122 Supporting effective instruction state grants 84.367 ES367A170023 31,969 Supporting effective instruction state grants 84.367 ES367A180023 49,821 Student support and academic enrichment 84.424 ES424A160025 33,796 Student support and academic enrichment 84.424 ES424A170025 11,619 Student support and academic enrichment 84.424 ES424A180025 24,590 Subtotal 900,298 Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states 84.027 H027A170108 309,811 84.027 H027A180108 27,080 Special education - grants to states 84.173 H173A170113 24.577 Special education - preschool grants Special education - preschool grants 84.173 H173A180113 230 Total special education cluster 361,698 1.261.996 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education 1,261,996 U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Medical assistance program 93.778 1805MS5ADM 30,955 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 30,955 **Total Department of Social Security** 30,955 U. S. Department of Social Security Direct Program: Social security disability insurance 96.001 04-19-04MSD100 798 **Total Department of Social Security** 798 2,569,836 \$ **Total for All Federal Awards**

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

## Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 10,675,485 4,295,200	7,375,876 1,460,503	825,274 113,900	852,023 17,120	1,622,312 2,703,677
Total	\$ 14,970,685	8,836,379	939,174	869,143	4,325,989
Total number of students *	 1,443				
Cost per student	\$ 10,375	6,124	651	602	2,998

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Forest Municipal School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Forest Municipal School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Forest Municipal School District.

## (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and using the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

## (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Forest Municipal School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds

#### (1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and using the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

# OTHER INFORMATION

# Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:					,
Local sources	\$	4,425,299	4,193,318	4,200,419	4,234,836
State sources		7,136,170	7,245,667	7,278,943	7,396,377
Federal sources		59,809	46,038	47,645	47,140
Sixteenth section sources		155,698	177,231	148,301	160,828
Total Revenues		11,776,976	11,662,254	11,675,308	11,839,181
Expenditures:					
Instruction		6,714,770	6,668,643	6,559,258	6,159,190
Support services		4,869,870	4,748,572	4,529,054	4,598,218
Noninstructional		3,976	7,287	4,213	3,607
Sixteenth section		62,801	67,586	55,938	80,649
Facilities acquisition and construction			43,725		
Debt service:					
Principal		175,000	234,953	254,080	245,190
Interest		61,116	66,639	74,745	82,727
Other		1,500	1,510	1,500	3,000
Total Expenditures		11,889,033	11,838,915	11,478,788	11,172,581
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		(112,057)	(176,661)	196,520	666,600
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance loss recoveries			1,219		6,827
Sale of transportation equipment		3,155	15,224	2,702	-,
Sale of other property		2,122	,	1,219	
Operating transfers in		28,034	39,000	32,000	30,001
Operating transfers out		(25,907)	(25,000)	(154,988)	(77,950)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		5,282	30,443	(119,067)	(41,122)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(106,775)	(146,218)	77,453	625,478
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		2,827,137	2,977,897	2,900,444	2,274,966
Prior period adjustments		16,668	(4,542)		
Beginning of period, as restated		2,843,805	2,973,355	2,900,444	2,274,966
En Laf Data I	_	0.707.000	0.007.107	0.077.007	0.000.444
End of Period	\$	2,737,030	2,827,137	2,977,897	2,900,444

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

# Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 4,835,328	4,686,276	4,700,517	4,857,705
State sources	7,285,357	7,436,742	7,380,779	7,502,984
Federal sources	2,575,623	2,321,659	2,481,506	2,574,984
Sixteenth section sources	161,132	183,921	152,209	162,737
Total Revenues	 14,857,440	14,628,598	14,715,011	15,098,410
Expenditures:				
Instruction	7,669,797	7,507,106	7,540,355	7,308,119
Support services	5,651,711	5,556,359	5,432,994	5,427,626
Noninstructional	1,033,635	972,818	1,087,489	991,353
Sixteenth section	73,901	69,091	57,817	80,952
Facilities acquisition and construction		106,945	591,981	369,101
Debt service:				
Principal	445,000	495,953	511,080	398,190
Interest	95,141	106,811	119,855	115,469
Other	1,500	1,510	1,500	3,000
Total Expenditures	 14,970,685	14,816,593	15,343,071	14,693,810
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (113,245)	(187,995)	(628,060)	404,600
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Notes Issued				790,000
Insurance loss recoveries		1,219		6,827
Sale of transportation equipment	3,155	15,224	2,702	
Sale of other property			1,219	
Operating transfers in	129,771	352,779	257,254	293,693
Operating transfers out	(129,771)	(352,779)	(257,254)	(293,693)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,155	16,443	3,921	796,827
Not Change in Fund Palances	(440,000)	(474 550)	(604.420)	4 204 427
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (110,090)	(171,552)	(624,139)	1,201,427
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	4,111,733	4,268,669	4,904,732	3,693,844
Prior period adjustments	16,668	(4,542)	1,001,102	0,000,011
Beginning of period, as restated	 4,128,401	4,264,127	4,904,732	3,693,844
3 3 1 /	 , -, -	, - ,	,, -	
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(2,579)	19,158	(11,924)	9,461
End of Period	\$ 4,015,732	4,111,733	4,268,669	4,904,732

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

# REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

# L. Reeves CPA, PLLC

# CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 305 PARK RIDGE DRIVE BRANDON, MS 39042 601-624-0777

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Superintendent and School Board Forest Municipal School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Forest Municipal School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Forest Municipal School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated March 13, 2020.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Forest Municipal School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Forest Municipal School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Forest Municipal School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Forest Municipal School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi

March 13, 2020

# L. Reeves CPA, PLLC

# CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 305 PARK RIDGE DRIVE BRANDON, MS 39042 601-624-0777

# Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Forest Municipal School District

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Forest Municipal School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the district's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Forest Municipal School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Forest Municipal School District's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Forest Municipal School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of Forest Municipal School District's compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In my opinion, Forest Municipal School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Forest Municipal School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered Forest Municipal School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Forest Municipal School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi

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March 13, 2020

INDEPENDENT	AUDITOR'S RE	PORT ON COM	IPLIANCE WIT	H STATE LAWS	AND REGULATION	S

# L. Reeves CPA, PLLC

# CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 305 PARK RIDGE DRIVE BRANDON, MS 39042 601-624-0777

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Forest Municipal School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Forest Municipal School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Forest Municipal School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed the following instance of noncompliance. The noncompliance is reported in finding number 1 below.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

# Finding 1

CRITERIA: Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Mississippi Code 1972 Ann., requires procurement card to be distributed to all eligible teachers. "Teacher" means any employee of the school board of a school district... who is required by law to obtain a teacher's license from the State Department of Education and who is assigned to an instructional area of work as defined by the department, but shall not include a federally funded teacher.

CONDITION: One instance was noted in which a federally funded teacher was issued an EEF procurement card.

CAUSE: An oversight by the district caused the non-compliance.

EFFECT: The District failed to comply with Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Mississippi Code 1972 Ann. .

RECOMMENDATION: The district should comply with Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Mississippi Code 1972 Ann. and make payments to vendors timely.

RESPONSE: The District agrees with the finding. The District also agrees that an oversight by the District caused the non-compliance. The District shall enhance procedures to ensure oversight does not occur again.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The Forest Municipal School District's response to the finding included in this report was not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC

Ad Chair

Brandon, MS March 13, 2020

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:							
1.	Type of	Unmodified					
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:						
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	?	No			
	b.	o. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?					
3.	Noncor	No					
Fede	eral Awa	ırds:					
4.	Interna	control over major programs:					
	a.	?	No				
	b.	None reported					
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified						
6.	6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?						
7.	Identification of major programs:						
	<u>CFDA</u>	<u>Numbers</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>er</u>			
	10.553	; 10.555; 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster				
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000						
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes						
10	Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal No awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).						

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

## Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.