

The following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor, but was prepared by and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor by a private CPA firm. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.

Franklin County School District

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

> Fortenberry & Ballard, PC Certified Public Accountants

Franklin County School District TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE	3#
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL	
STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	4
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	8
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Exhibit A - Statement of Net Position	17
Exhibit B - Statement of Activities	18
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit C - Balance Sheet	19
Exhibit C-1 - Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
to the Statement of Net Position	20
Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances	21
Exhibit D-1 - Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	22
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit E - Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	23
Exhibit F - Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	24
Notes to the Financial Statements	26
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of District Contributions (PERS)	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	
Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB)	
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	53
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	57
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures -	20
Governmental Funds	50
	39
OTHER INFORMATION	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
General Fund, Last Four Years	61
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years	62
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial	
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	64
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and	
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	66
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	69

FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT

FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Superintendent and School Board Franklin County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Franklin County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Franklin County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Franklin County School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 8 - 15 and 48 - 55, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Franklin County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2019, on our consideration of the Franklin County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Franklin County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Franklin County School District's internal control over financial reporting are porting and compliance.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC December 17, 2019

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Franklin County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$735,650, which represents a 35% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$2,431,198, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,253,061), due primarily to the recording of the net OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows, which represents a 746% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$10,998,296 and \$11,246,184, or 80% and 81% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,803,245, or 20% of total revenues for 2019, and \$2,711,884, or 19% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$14,537,191 and \$15,136,205 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$2,803,245 for 2019 and \$2,711,884 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$10,998,296 for 2019 and \$11,246,184 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$10,698,579 in revenues and \$10,769,914 in expenditures for 2019, and \$11,335,965 in revenues and \$10,918,035 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$348,387 from 2018 to 2019, and increased by \$165,811, including a prior period adjustment of \$8,541, from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$220,142 for 2019 and decreased by \$176,059 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due to the disposal of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$1,240 for 2019 and decreased by \$7,138 for 2018. The decrease
 for 2019 and 2018 was due to the decrease in the liability for compensated absences.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether

its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts.* Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental

funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$2,840,823 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

	,	June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	-
Current assets	\$	5,323,770	\$ 5,701,146	(6.62)	%
Restricted assets		6,940,493	6,524,770	6.37	%
Capital assets, net		6,357,167	6,577,309	(3.35)	%
Total assets		18,621,430	 18,803,225	(0.97)	%
Deferred outflows of resources		1,427,112	 2,130,323	(33.01)	%
Current liabilities		85,415	79,232	7.80	%
Long-term debt outstanding		101,690	102,930	(1.20)	%
Net OPEB liability		1,281,607	1,306,088	(1.87)	%
Net pension liability		20,532,405	 20,516,094	0.08	%
Total liabilities		22,001,117	 22,004,344	(0.01)	%
Deferred inflows of resources		888,248	 1,034,377	(14.13)	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		6,357,167	6,577,309	(3.35)	%
Restricted		8,575,445	8,104,632	5.81	%
Unrestricted		(17,773,435)	 (16,787,114)	(5.88)	%
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(2,840,823)	\$ (2,105,173)	(34.94)	%

Table 1Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (17,773,435)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	21,275,148
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 3,501,713

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$220,142.
- Decrease in long-term debt in the amount of \$1,240.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$13,801,541 and \$13,958,068, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$14,537,191 for 2019 and \$15,136,205 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

	 Year Ended June 30, 2019		Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	je
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 424,609	\$	530,034	(19.89)	%
Operating grants and contributions	2,378,636		2,181,850	9.02	%
General revenues:					
Property taxes	2,865,245		2,927,015	(2.11)	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	7,030,719		7,189,547	(2.21)	%
Investment earnings	381,318		48,085	693.01	%
Sixteenth section sources	566,629		1,038,998	(45.46)	%
Other	 154,385	_	42,539	262.93	%
Total revenues	 13,801,541		13,958,068	(1.12)	%
Expenses:					
Instruction	7,030,301		6,951,058	1.14	%
Support services	4,901,644		5,078,329	(3.48)	%
Non-instructional	681,363		669,401	1.79	%
Sixteenth section	21,040		83,510	(74.81)	%
Pension expense	1,815,194		2,254,349	(19.48)	%
OPEB expense	54,086		60,051	(9.93)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 33,563		39,507	(15.05)	%
Total expenses	 14,537,191		15,136,205	(3.96)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 (735,650)		(1,178,137)	37.56	%
Net Position (deficit), July 1, as previously reported	 (2,105,173)		326,025	(745.71)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 -		(1,253,061)	100.00	%
Net Position (deficit), July 1, as restated	 (2,105,173)		(927,036)	(127.09)	%
Net Position (deficit), June 30	\$ (2,840,823)	\$	(2,105,173)	(34.94)	%

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost

presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

	 Total	Percentage	
	 2019	 2018	Change
Instruction	\$ 7,030,301	\$ 6,951,058	1.14 %
Support services	4,901,644	5,078,329	(3.48) %
Non-instructional	681,363	669,401	1.79 %
Sixteenth section	21,040	83,510	(74.81) %
Pension expense	1,815,194	2,254,349	(19.48) %
OPEB expense	54,086	60,051	(9.93) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 33,563	 39,507	(15.05) %
Total expenses	\$ 14,537,191	\$ 15,136,205	(3.96) %

Table 3Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Net (Expe	Percentage	
	2019	 2018	Change
Instruction	\$ (5,755,038)	\$ (5,674,410)	(1.42) %
Support services	(4,256,964)	(4,496,580)	5.33 %
Non-instructional	128,765	46,687	175.80 %
Sixteenth section	52,134	53,889	(3.26) %
Pension expense	(1,815,194)	(2,254,349)	19.48 %
OPEB expense	(54,086)	(60,051)	9.93 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (33,563)	 (39,507)	15.05 %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (11,733,946)	\$ (12,424,321)	5.56 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$11,733,946 for 2019 and \$12,424,321 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$2,865,245 for 2019 and \$2,927,015 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$7,030,719 for 2019 and \$7,189,547 for 2018). In addition, there was \$566,629 and \$1,038,998 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$381,318 for 2019 and \$48,085 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12,178,848, an increase of \$32,164, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$3,691. \$3,306,537, or 27% of the fund

balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$8,872,311, or 73% is either nonspendable, restricted or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$348,387. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$77,975, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$3,691. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	 Increase (Decrease)
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	\$ 302,576

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the fiscal year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared to total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$14,244,927, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a decrease of \$23,749 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$7,887,760, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$423,536, resulting in total net capital assets of \$6,357,167.

	J	une 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Change
Land	\$	86,590	\$ 86,590	0.00 %
Buildings		2,142,063	2,218,077	(3.43) %
Building improvements		2,864,369	3,036,231	(5.66) %
Improvements other than buildings		240,131	255,765	(6.11) %
Mobile equipment		934,076	893,743	4.51 %
Furniture and equipment		89,938	86,903	3.49 %
Total	\$	6,357,167	\$ 6,577,309	(3.35) %

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Percentage

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$101,690 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$5,085 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$1,240 from the

prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentage Change
Compensated absences payable	\$ 101,690	\$ 102,930	(1.20) %

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Franklin County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Franklin County School District, P.O. Box 605, Meadville, MS 39653.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019		•
Julie 30, 2019	Governmental	
	Activities	
Assets	Activities	-
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,938,987	
Due from other governments	369,085	
Inventories	15,698	
Restricted assets	6,940,493	
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	, ,	
Land	86,590	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		
Buildings	2,142,063	
Building improvements	2,864,369	
Improvements other than buildings	240,131	
Mobile equipment	934,076	
Furniture and equipment	89,938	_
Total Assets	18,621,430	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - pensions	1,368,076	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	59,036	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,427,112	
	, ,	-
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	84,316	
Unearned revenue	1,099	
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		
Non-capital related liabilities	5,085	
Net OPEB liability	54,412	
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		
Non-capital related liabilities	96,605	
Net pension liability	20,532,405	
Net OPEB liability	1,227,195	
Total Liabilities	22,001,117	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows - pensions	769,018	
Deferred inflows - OPEB	119,230	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	888,248	_
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	6,357,167	
Restricted for:		
Expendable:	005 000	
School-based activities	365,983	
Forestry improvements	507,268	
Unemployment benefits	35,785	
Non-expendable:	7 666 400	
Sixteenth section	7,666,409	
Unrestricted	(17,773,435)	
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (2,840,823)	<u>/</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit A

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015		Program	n Re	venues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction	\$ 7,030,301 \$	234,247	\$	1,041,016	\$ (5,755,038)
Support services	4,901,644	-		644,680	(4,256,964)
Non-instructional	681,363	117,188		692,940	128,765
Sixteenth section	21,040	73,174		-	52,134
Pension expense	1,815,194	-		-	(1,815,194)
OPEB expense	54,086	-		-	(54,086)
Interest on long-term liabilities	33,563	-		-	 (33,563)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 14,537,191 \$	424,609	\$	2,378,636	\$ (11,733,946)

Exhibit B

General Revenues: Taxes:	
General purpose levies	2,865,245
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	6,669,421
Federal	361,298
Unrestricted investment earnings	381,318
Sixteenth section sources	566,629
Other	154,385
Total General Revenues	 10,998,296
Change in Net Position	(735,650)
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning	 (2,105,173)
Net Position (Deficit) - Ending	\$ (2,840,823)

FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT **Governmental Funds**

Balance Sheet June 30 2010

June	30,	20	19

June 30, 2019	Major Funds				
		Iviajui	Sixteenth	Other	Total
		General	Section Principal	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,886,568	§ 1,177,561 \$	1,052,419 \$	6,116,548
Cash with fiscal agents		-	71,045	-	71,045
Investments		-	5,691,887	-	5,691,887
Due from other governments		120,567	-	248,518	369,085
Due from other funds		219,465	-	748	220,213
Advance to other funds		-	725,916	-	725,916
Inventories		-	-	15,698	15,698
Total assets	\$	4,226,600 \$	5 7,666,409 \$	1,317,383 \$	13,210,392
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	75,728 \$	5 - \$	8,588 \$	84,316
Due to other funds		-	-	220,213	220,213
Advances from other funds		725,916	-	-	725,916
Deferred revenue		1,000	-	99	1,099
Total Liabilities		802,644	-	228,900	1,031,544
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory		-	-	15,698	15,698
Permanent fund principal		-	6,940,493	-	6,940,493
Advances		-	725,916	-	725,916
Restricted:					
Forestry improvement purposes		-	-	507,268	507,268
Grant activities		-	-	79,710	79,710
Unemployment benefits		-	-	35,785	35,785
Food service		-	-	270,575	270,575
Assigned:					
Capital improvements		-	-	179,447	179,447
Activity funds		117,419	-	-	117,419
Unassigned		3,306,537	-	-	3,306,537
Total Fund Balances		3,423,956	7,666,409	1,088,483	12,178,848
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,226,600 \$	5 7,666,409 \$	1,317,383 \$	13,210,392

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit C

FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Po June 30, 2019	sition	Exhibit C-1
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	12,178,848
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:		
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 		
Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$ 86,590 6,420,289 4,296,572 632,114 2,375,550 433,812 (7,887,760)	6,357,167
 Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 		
Net pension liability	(20,532,405)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	1,368,076 (769,018)	(19,933,347)
 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 	:	
Net OPEB liability	(1,281,607)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	59,036 (119,230)	(1,341,801)
 Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: 		
Compensated absences	_	(101,690)
Net Position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(2,840,823)

FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Exhibit D

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	alances			Exhibit D
	Major	Funds		
		Sixteenth	Other	Total
	General	Section Principal	Governmental	Governmental
	 Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 3,218,435 \$	- \$	175,687 \$	3,394,122
State sources	6,514,809	-	602,378	7,117,187
Federal sources	391,228	-	1,900,938	2,292,166
Sixteenth section sources	 574,107	345,867	78,092	998,066
Total Revenues	 10,698,579	345,867	2,757,095	13,801,541
Expenditures:				
Instruction	6,503,320	-	1,322,218	7,825,538
Support services	4,230,948	-	990,412	5,221,360
Noninstructional services	2,083	-	673,103	675,186
Sixteenth section Debt service:	-	-	21,040	21,040
Interest	33,563	-	-	33,563
Total Expenditures	 10,769,914	-	3,006,773	13,776,687
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (71,335)	345,867	(249,678)	24,854
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of transportation equipment	11,001	-	-	11,001
Operating transfers in	56,200	-	411,804	468,004
Operating transfers out	 (344,253)	(43,291)	(80,460)	(468,004)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (277,052)	(43,291)	331,344	11,001
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (348,387)	302,576	81,666	35,855
Fund Balances:				
July 1, 2018	3,772,343	7,363,833	1,010,508	12,146,684
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	 -	-	(3,691)	(3,691)
June 30, 2019	\$ 3,423,956 \$	7,666,409 \$	1,088,483 \$	12,178,848
				-

FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019		Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 35,855
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 224,493 (423,536	
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		(21,099)
 Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do no provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include: 	ot	
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(1,815,194 1,263,941	
4. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(54,086 56,427	
5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory	1,240 (3,691	
Change in Net Position of governmental activities		\$ (735,650)

Fiduciar	Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	Exhibit	Ε
June 30, 2019		
Assets	Private-Purpose Agency Trust Funds Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 855 \$ 417,48 65,202	1
Total Assets	66,057 \$ 417,48	1
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 397,36	0
Due to student clubs	20,12	1
Total Liabilities	\$ 417,48	1
Net Position Reserved for endowments	66,057	
Total Net Position	\$ 66,057	

FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Fiduciary Funds		
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	Exhibit F	
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019		
	Private-Purpose	
	Trust Funds	
Additions		
Interest on investments	\$ 211	
Total Additions	211	
Deductions		
Scholarships awarded	1,500	
Total Deductions	1,500	
Change in Net Position	(1,289)	
Net Position	07.040	
July 1, 2018	67,346	
June 30, 2019	\$ 66,057	

Franklin County School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Franklin County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund - This is a permanent fund used to account for resources from sixteenth section lands that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds - These various funds account for earnings on investments and contributions and donations from private sources and scholarships awarded to students.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> - Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as a deferred outflow related to pensions and a deferred outflow related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as a deferred inflow related to pensions and a deferred inflow related to OPEB.

See Note 12 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the business manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 7% of revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$6,116,548 and \$418,336, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$6,869,066 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$71,045. Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments in the governmental funds.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
Asset Backed Securities U.S. Treasury/Agency Securities	N/A Various	1 to 15 years 1 to 15 years	\$ 2,354,645 3,337,242
Total			\$ 5,691,887

.

As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments in the fiduciary funds.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
Certificates of deposit	N/A	1 year	\$ 65,202

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

- Asset backed securities of \$2,354,645 and U.S. Treasury/Agency Securities of \$3,337,242 in the governmental funds are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Certificates of deposit of \$65,202 in the fiduciary funds are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 219,465
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	 748
Total		\$ 220,213

The primary purpose of the inter-fund balances was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows. All inter-fund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	General Fund	\$ 725,916

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The interest rate on the sixteenth section principal loans payable as of June 30, 2019 is four percent.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 - 2029	\$ 106,897 106,897 106,897 106,897 100,193 198,135	\$ 29,036 24,761 20,485 16,209 11,933 17,547	\$ 135,933 131,658 127,382 123,106 112,126 215,682
Total	\$ 725,916	\$ 119,971	\$ 845,887

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 344,253
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	General Fund	43,291
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	12,909
	Other Governmental Funds	 67,551
Total		\$ 468,004

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, vocational and special education expenditure transfers, unemployment compensation transfers, the transfer of expendable sixteenth section resources, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, cash with fiscal agent balance, and investment balance, totaling \$1,177,561, \$71,045, and \$5,691,887, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 86,590 \$	\$	\$	86,590
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 86,590	-	-	86,590
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	6,420,289			6,420,289
Building improvements	4,296,572			4,296,572
Improvements other than buildings	632,114			632,114
Mobile equipment	2,388,264	194,136	206,850	2,375,550
Furniture and equipment	444,847	30,357	41,392	433,812
Total depreciable capital assets	 14,182,086	224,493	248,242	14,158,337
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	4,202,212	76,014		4,278,226
Building improvements	1,260,341	171,862		1,432,203
Improvements other than buildings	376,349	15,634		391,983
Mobile equipment	1,494,521	133,118	186,165	1,441,474
Furniture and equipment	357,944	26,908	40,978	343,874
Total accumulated depreciation	7,691,367	423,536	227,143	7,887,760
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 6,490,719	(199,043)	21,099	6,270,577
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,577,309 \$	(199,043) \$	21,099 \$	6,357,167

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 80,485
Support services	303,925
Non-instructional	 39,126
Total depreciation expense	\$ 423,536

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

				Amounts
	Balance		Balance	due within
	7/1/2018	Reductions	6/30/2019	one year
A. Compensated absences payable	\$ 102,930 \$	1,240 \$	101,690 \$	5,085

A. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,263,941, \$1,241,589 and \$1,246,967, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$20,532,405 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.123444 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an increase of 0.000027 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,815,194. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 92,023	\$ 86,536
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		372,314
Changes of assumptions	12,112	11,665
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		298,503
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,263,941	
Total	\$ 1,368,076	\$ 769,018

\$1,263,941 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 39,987
2021	(127,500)
2022	(485,035)
2023	(92,335)
Total	\$ (664,883)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share	 · · · · ·	 	
of the net pension liability	\$ 27,035,285	\$ 20,532,405	\$ 15,127,652

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues obtained publicly available financial report that can be а at http://knowvourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$56,427 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,281,607 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.16567863 percent. This was a decrease of 0.00078496 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$54,086. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,609	\$
Changes of assumptions		91,317
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		27,913
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	56,427	
Total	\$ 59,036	\$ 119,230

\$56,427 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (23,721)
2021	(23,721)
2022	(23,721)
2023	(23,721)
2024	(18,803)
Thereafter	(2,934)
Total	\$ <u>(116,621)</u>

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	4.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2018 2017
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	Current		
	1	1% Decrease	C	Discount		1% Increase
		(2.89%)	Rate (3.89%)			(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,420,630	\$	1,281,607	\$	1,162,043

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare					
	Cost Trend					
			Rates			
		1% Decrease	Current			1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,187,192	\$	1,281,607	\$	1,388,836

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

Note 9 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 88,755
2021	75,234
2022	54,235
2023	47,961
2024	1,618
2025 – 2029	6,589
2030 - 2034	6,589
2035 – 2039	6,589
2040 - 2044	6,589
2045 - 2049	6,589
Thereafter	 20,962
Total	\$ 321,710

Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 11 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Property Trust (MSBAPT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 49 school districts and covers losses associated with property damage to the physical assets owned by the member districts. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Casualty Trust (MSBACT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 49 school districts and covers liability related losses the member may be responsible for through General Liability, Automobile Liability and School Board Legal Liability. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

Note 12 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,773,435) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,263,941 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. The \$104,135 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,773,435) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$769,018 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,773,435) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$56,427 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$2,609 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,773,435) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$119,230 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 13 – State Compliance Testing

The Mississippi Office of the State Auditor (OSA) has elected to perform procedures in relation to purchasing and compliance with state laws. This report should be viewed in conjunction with the report from OSA in order to gain a comprehensive understanding of the School District's operations. This report and OSA's report will be available on OSA's website at http://www.osa.ms.gov/reports.

Note 14 – Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Franklin County School District evaluated the activity of the district through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Varian	
			-	Positive (Ne	0 /
	 Budgeted A		Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:				- · · · •	
Local sources	\$ 3,196,938 \$	3,218,435 \$	3,218,435 \$	21,497 \$	-
State sources	6,484,818	6,514,809	6,514,809	29,991	-
Federal sources	197,365	391,228	391,228	193,863	-
Sixteenth section sources	 524,550	574,107	574,107	49,557	-
Total Revenues	 10,403,671	10,698,579	10,698,579	294,908	-
Expenditures:					
Instruction	6,705,760	6,503,320	6,503,320	202,440	-
Support services	4,660,288	4,230,948	4,230,948	429,340	-
Noninstructional services	8,000	2,083	2,083	5,917	-
Sixteenth section	1,000	-	-	1,000	-
Debt service:					
Principal	113,147	-	-	113,147	-
Interest	 33,563	33,563	33,563	-	-
Total Expenditures	 11,521,758	10,769,914	10,769,914	751,844	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 (1,118,087)	(71,335)	(71,335)	1,046,752	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Sale of transportation equipment	-	11,001	11,001	11,001	-
Operating transfers in	2,512,498	1,091,245	56,200	(1,421,253)	(1,035,045)
Operating transfers out	(2,832,293)	(1,379,298)	(344,253)	1,452,995	1,035,045
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (319,795)	(277,052)	(277,052)	42,743	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (1,437,882)	(348,387)	(348,387)	1,089,495	-
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2018	 3,772,343	3,772,343	3,772,343	-	-
June 30, 2019	\$ 2,334,461 \$	3,423,956 \$	3,423,956 \$	1,089,495 \$	-

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	 2019 0.123444%	2018 0.123417%	2017	2016	2015 0.125656%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 20,532,405	20,516,094	22,679,477	19,814,564	15,252,338
District's covered payroll	7.883.105	7.917.251	8.122.400	8.008.114	7,678,203
District's covered payron	7,885,105	7,917,251	8,122,400	8,008,114	7,078,205
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of District Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Contractually required contribution	\$ 2019 1,263,941	2018 1,241,589	2017 1,246,967	2016 1,279,278	2015 1,261,278
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,263,941	1,241,589	1,246,967	1,279,278	1,261,278
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -			-	
District's covered payroll	8,025,022	7,883,105	7,917,251	8,122,400	8,008,114
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,281,607	1,306,088
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.16567863%	0.16646359%
District's covered-employee payroll	7,493,532	7,478,751 **
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.
** The amount used to calculate this figure was based on the Implicit Rate Subsidy at measurement date as it relates to contributions.

Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	56,427	55,680 **
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		56,427	55,680 **
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		-
District's covered-employee payroll		8,230,900	7,214,363
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee pa	yroll	0.69%	0.77%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

** The amounts reflected above only deal with the Implicit Rate Subsidy as it relates to contributions.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u> 2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	36.6 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25% to 18.50%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2023
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	Pass-through	Catalog of Federal	
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Entity	Domestic	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	Identifying	Assistance	Federal
PROGRAM TITLE	Numbers	Number	Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:		10 770 4	201 5 00
School Breakfast Program	195MS326N1099	10.553	,
National School Lunch Program	195MS326N1099	10.555	548,797
Summer Food Service Program for Children	195MS326N1099	10.559	18,759
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			769,336
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			769,336
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:		10.550	7 (10
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	185MS350N8103	10.579	7,640
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			7,640
Passed-through Franklin County Board of Supervisors:		10.557	225.050
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	15CA11080700002	10.665	325,059
Total passed-through Franklin County Board of Supervisors			325,059
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			1,102,035
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			
Direct Program:			
Reserve Officers' Training Corps		12.xxx	65,085
Total U.S. Department of Defense			65,085
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:	E5010 A 19002 A	84.010	424,405
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	ES010A180024	84.010	434,405
	V048A180024	84.048	16,951
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	ES287C180024	84.287	155,614
Rural Education	S358B180024	84.358	28,250
Sutudent Support and Academic Enrichment Program	ES424A180025 S367A180023	84.424	33,147
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Subtotal	\$36/A180023	84.367	78,802
Subtotal			747,169
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	H027A180108	84.027	373,895
Positive Behavior Specialists	H027A180108	84.027A	2,843
Special Education - Preschool Grants	H173A180113	84.173	35,313
Total Special Education Cluster			412,051
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			1,159,220
Total U. S. Department of Education			1,159,220
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			
Medical Assistance Program	1905MSSADV	93.778	35,155
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education	17031VISSAD V	73.110	35,155
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			35,155
Total 0.5. Department of Heatin and Human Services			35,155
TOTAL FOR ALL FEDERAL AWARDS		9	2,361,495

The notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the school district under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the school district, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the school district.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The school district did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities of \$51,261 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures		Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other Total	\$ 	11,015,778 2,760,909 13,776,687	8,036,630 935,576 8,972,206	783,723 236,882 1,020,605	825,136 65,787 890,923	1,370,289 1,522,664 2,892,953
Total number of students *	_	1,184				
Cost per student	\$	11,635	7,578	862	752	2,443

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Sudent Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditures functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years

	2019	2018	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 3,218,435	3,278,128	3,311,833	3,250,182
State sources	6,514,809	6,688,900	6,878,494	7,035,008
Federal sources	391,228	415,584	290,221	538,279
Sixteenth section sources	574,107	953,353	1,364,286	626,565
Total Revenues	10,698,579	11,335,965	11,844,834	11,450,034
Expenditures:				
Instruction	6,503,320	6,494,901	6,607,750	6,574,377
Support services	4,230,948	4,380,688	4,599,614	4,335,501
Noninstructional services	2,083	2,939	3,645	34,462
Sixteenth section	-	-	500	500
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	9,901	-
Debt service:				
Interest	33,563	39,507	46,110	53,662
Total Expenditures	10,769,914	10,918,035	11,267,520	10,998,502
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over				
(under) Expenditures	(71,335)	417,930	577,314	451,532
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	-	-	1,325,000	14,742
Sale of transportation equipment	11,001	7,883	4,233	-
Sale of other property	-	-	503	1,025
Operating transfers in	56,200	51,342	54,127	159,283
Operating transfers out	(344,253)	(319,885)	(970,244)	(307,347)
Other financing uses	-		-	(91)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(277,052)	(260,660)	413,619	(132,388)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(348,387)	157,270	990,933	319,144
Fund Balances:				
July 1, as previously reported	3,772,343	3,606,532	2,624,350	2,305,206
Prior period adjustment	-	8,541	(8,751)	-
July 1, as restated	3,772,343	3,615,073	2,615,599	2,305,206
June 30,	\$ 3,423,956	3,772,343	3,606,532	2,624,350

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years

		2019	2018	2017*	2016*
Revenues:	-				
Local sources	\$	3,394,122	3,369,683	3,419,679	3,355,595
State sources		7,117,187	7,292,160	7,440,753	7,553,390
Federal sources		2,292,166	2,079,236	2,000,722	2,654,459
Sixteenth section sources		998,066	1,216,989	1,645,162	871,391
Total Revenues	-	13,801,541	13,958,068	14,506,316	14,434,835
Expenditures:					
Instruction		7,825,538	7,731,093	7,745,309	7,999,733
Support services		5,221,360	5,352,657	5,536,694	5,188,281
Noninstructional services		675,186	673,594	726,302	791,584
Sixteenth section		21,040	83,510	146,111	84,541
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	-	49,501	435,359
Debt service:					
Interest		33,563	39,507	46,110	53,662
Total Expenditures	•	13,776,687	13,880,361	14,250,027	14,553,160
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over					
(under) Expenditures		24,854	77,707	256,289	(118,325)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery		_	_	1,325,000	14,742
Sale of transportation equipment		11,001	7,883	4,233	1,025
Sale of other property		-	-	503	-
Operating transfers in		468,004	406,227	1,084,507	593,412
Operating transfers out		(468,004)	(406,227)	(1,084,507)	(593,412)
Other financing uses		-		-	(91)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•	11,001	7,883	1,329,736	15,676
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	35,855	85,590	1,586,025	(102,649)
Fund Balances:					
July 1, as previously reported		12,146,684	12,052,059	10,469,270	10,570,148
Prior period adjustment		-	8,541	(5,652)	-
July 1, as restated	-	12,146,684	12,060,600	10,463,618	10,570,148
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	-	(3,691)	494	2,416	1,771
June 30,	\$	12,178,848	12,146,684	12,052,059	10,469,270
Julie Ju,	Ψ	12,170,040	12,170,007	12,052,057	10,707,270

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

"UNAUDITED"

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Superintendent and School Board Franklin County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Franklin County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Franklin County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

1929 Spillway Road, Suite B Brandon, Mississippi 39047 Telephone 601-992-5292 Fax 601-992-2033

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Franklin County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC December 17, 2019

Certified Public Accountants

FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Franklin County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Franklin County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Franklin County School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Franklin County School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of the auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Franklin County School District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the school district's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for its major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the school district's compliance.

1929 Spillway Road, Suite B Brandon, Mississippi 39047 Telephone 601-992-5292 Fax 601-992-2033

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Franklin County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Franklin County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Franklin County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies and corrected, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC December 17, 2019

Certified Public Accountants

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No.

Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major programs:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified.
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No.
- 7. Identification of major program:

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553, 10.555 & 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes.
- 10. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b). No.

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.