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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board George County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the George County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the George County School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-14, 47-51, 52, 53, 54, and 55, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the George County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 27, 2020 on our consideration of the George County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the George County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering George County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

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Belzoni, Mississippi

January 27, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The following discussion and analysis of George County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the George County School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the George County School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the George County School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$2,751,527, including a prior period adjustment of (\$30,470), and which represents a 10.7% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$5,182,019, including a prior period adjustment of (\$739,292), which represents a 25.3% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$28,112,379 and \$26,967,561, or 80% and 81% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$6,915,181, or 20% of total revenues for 2019, and \$6,428,611, or 19% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$37,748,617 and \$37,838,899 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$6,915,181 for 2019 and \$6,428,611 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$28,112,379 for 2019 and \$26,967,561 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$28,370,480 in revenues and \$27,546,480 in expenditures for 2019, and \$26,507,612 in revenues and \$26,534,195 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$71,596 from 2018 to 2019, and decreased by \$971,271 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$674,515, including a prior period adjustment of (\$30,470), for 2019 and decreased by \$712,357, including a prior period adjustment of (\$40,137), for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due to capital additions net of the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt increased by \$482,260 for 2019 and decreased by \$547,694, including a prior period adjustment of \$584,712, for 2018. This increase for 2019 was due primarily to issuing 3 mill notes payable and shortfall notes payable net of the principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$24,786 for 2019 and increased by \$60,400 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$28,440,742 as of June 30, 2019.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	l 20 0040	l 20 0040	Percentag	-
	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Change	
Current assets	\$ 4,030,390	\$ 4,018,597	0.29	%
Restricted assets	4,402,530	3,219,454	36.75	%
Capital assets, net	 24,160,986	 24,835,501	-2.72	%
Total assets	 32,593,906	 32,073,552	1.62	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 5,124,276	 6,157,490	-16.78	%
Current liabilities	358,685	56,251	537.65	%
Long-term debt outstanding	9,626,126	9,115,080	5.61	%
Net OPEB liability	3,428,617	3,356,202	2.16	%
Net pension liability	 51,163,850	 50,115,217	2.09	%
Total liabilities	64,577,278	62,642,750	3.09	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,581,646	 1,277,507	23.81	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	14,985,986	15,995,501	-6.31	%
Restricted	5,982,049	5,161,210	15.90	%
Unrestricted	 (49,408,777)	(46,845,926)	-5.47	%
Total net position	\$ (28,440,742)	\$ (25,689,215)	-10.71	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ ((49,408,777)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from		
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred		
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB		51,049,837
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the		
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$	1,641,060

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$674,515.
- The principal retirement of \$375,000 of long-term debt.
- Issuing 3 mill notes payable for \$710,000.
- Issuing shortfall notes payable for \$151,260.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$35,027,560 and \$33,396,172, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$37,748,617 for 2019 and \$37,838,899 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

		Year Ended June 30, 2019		Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	ge
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	1,207,265	\$	1,094,733	10.28	%
Operating grants and contributions		5,707,916		5,333,878	7.01	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		7,027,496		6,697,219	4.93	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		20,647,716		19,942,608	3.54	%
Investment earnings		124,797		62,124	100.88	%
Sixteenth section sources		161,378		99,239	62.62	%
Other		150,992		166,371	(9.24)	%
Total revenues		35,027,560		33,396,172	4.88	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		19,046,850		18,347,596	3.81	%
Support services		10,161,585		9,843,317	3.23	%
Non-instructional		2,352,199		2,361,238	(0.38)	%
Sixteenth section sources		22,423		14,913	50.36	%
Pension expense		5,822,970		6,932,949	(16.01)	%
OPEB expense		201,513		193,857	3.95	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		141,077	-	145,029	(2.72)	%
Total expenses		37,748,617	-	37,838,899	(0.24)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(2,721,057)	-	(4,442,727)	38.75	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(25,689,215)		(20,507,196)	(25.27)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		(30,470)	-	(739,292)	95.88	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(25,719,685)		(21,246,488)	(21.05)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(28,440,742)	\$	(25,689,215)	(10.71)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total I	Percentage				
	 2019		2018	Change		
Instruction	\$ 19,046,850	\$	18,347,596	3.81 %		
Support services	10,161,585		9,843,317	3.23 %		
Non-instructional	2,352,199		2,361,238	(0.38) %		
Sixteenth section	22,423		14,913	50.36 %		
Pension Expense	5,822,970		6,932,949	(16.01) %		
OPEB Expense	201,513		193,857	3.95 %		
Interest on long-term liabilities	141,077		145,029	(2.72) %		
Total expenses	\$ 37,748,617	\$	37,838,899	(0.24) %		
	 Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage		
	Net (Exper 2019	nse)	Revenue 2018	Percentage Change		
Instruction	\$ ` ` `	nse) 		_		
Instruction Support services	\$ 2019		2018	Change		
	\$ 2019 (15,431,333)		2018 (15,289,336)	(0.93) %		
Support services	\$ 2019 (15,431,333) (9,094,056)		2018 (15,289,336) (8,735,936)	Change (0.93) % (4.10) %		
Support services Non-instructional	\$ 2019 (15,431,333) (9,094,056) (120,064)		2018 (15,289,336) (8,735,936) (98,268)	Change (0.93) % (4.10) % (22.18) %		
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$ 2019 (15,431,333) (9,094,056) (120,064) (22,423)		2018 (15,289,336) (8,735,936) (98,268) (14,913)	Change (0.93) % (4.10) % (22.18) % (50.36) %		
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section Pension Expense	\$ 2019 (15,431,333) (9,094,056) (120,064) (22,423) (5,822,970)		2018 (15,289,336) (8,735,936) (98,268) (14,913) (6,932,949)	Change (0.93) % (4.10) % (22.18) % (50.36) % 16.01 %		

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$30,833,436 for 2019 and \$31,410,288 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$7,027,496 for 2019 and \$6,697,219 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$20,647,716 for 2019 and \$19,942,608 for 2018). In addition, there was \$161,378 and \$99,239 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$124,797 for 2019 and \$62,124 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$8,137,531, an increase of \$903,730, which includes an increase in inventory of \$11,033. \$1,748,443 or 21% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$6,389,088 or 79% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$71,596. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$71,270, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Child Nutrition Fund	\$ 55,238
Title I Fund	No increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	No increase or decrease
Early Learning Collaborative Fund	No increase or decrease
3 Mill Debt Service Fund	\$ 480,158
QSCB 2009 Sinking Fund	\$ 166,563
QSCB 2013 Sinking Fund	\$ 58,905

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the George County School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$45,357,662, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$208,860 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$21,196,676, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$975,347, resulting in total net capital assets of \$24,160,986.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

 lune 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	_
\$ 522,157	\$	522,157	0.00	%
19,850,512		20,402,482	(2.71)	%
1,757,498		1,856,704	(5.34)	%
367,354		386,377	(4.92)	%
1,508,794		1,418,879	6.34	%
 154,671		248,902	(37.86)	%
\$ 24,160,986	\$	24,835,501	(2.72)	%
	19,850,512 1,757,498 367,354 1,508,794 154,671	\$ 522,157 \$ 19,850,512 1,757,498 367,354 1,508,794 154,671	\$ 522,157 \$ 522,157 19,850,512 20,402,482 1,757,498 1,856,704 367,354 386,377 1,508,794 1,418,879 154,671 248,902	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 Change \$ 522,157 \$ 522,157 0.00 19,850,512 20,402,482 (2.71) 1,757,498 1,856,704 (5.34) 367,354 386,377 (4.92) 1,508,794 1,418,879 6.34 154,671 248,902 (37.86)

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$9,626,126 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$438,749 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$24,786 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018	Percenta Change	_
General obligation bonds payable	\$	3,465,000	\$	3,600,000	(3.75)	%
Three mill notes payable		710,000		240,000	195.83	%
Shortfall notes payable		151,260		-	N/A	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		5,000,000		5,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		299,866		275,080	9.01	%
Total	\$	9,626,126	\$	9,115,080	5.61	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The George County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the George County School District, 5152 Main Street, Lucedale, MS 39452.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	 Exhibit A
June 30, 2019	Governmental
	 Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,895,083
Due from other governments	1,076,939
Inventories	58,368
Restricted assets	4,402,530
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	E22 4E7
Land Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	522,157
Buildings	19,850,512
Building improvements	1,757,498
Improvements other than buildings	367,354
Mobile equipment	1,508,794
Furniture and equipment	154,671
Total Assets	 32,593,906
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	4,725,325
Deferred outflows - OPEB	 398,951
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,124,276
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	295,389
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	63,296
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	390,000
Non-capital related liabilities	48,749
Net OPEB liability	156,113
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	8,785,000
Non-capital related liabilities	402,377
Net pension liability	51,163,850
Net OPEB liability	 3,272,504
Total Liabilities	 64,577,278
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	1,337,350
Deferred inflows - OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	 244,296 1,581,646
	 1,361,040
Net Position	14 005 006
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	14,985,986
Expendable:	
School-based activities	1 202 010
	1,292,010
Debt service	3,997,382
Forestry improvements	387,033
Unemployment benefits	110,657
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section principal	194,967
Unrestricted	 (49,408,777)
Total Net Position	\$ (28,440,742)

Statement of Activities	40						Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 20	119		F	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating	Capital		
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$	19,046,850 \$	827,035 \$	2,788,482 \$	-	\$	(15,431,333)
Support services		10,161,585	-	1,067,529	-		(9,094,056)
Non-instructional		2,352,199	380,230	1,851,905	-		(120,064)
Sixteenth section		22,423	-	-	-		(22,423)
Pension expense		5,822,970	-	-	-		(5,822,970)
OPEB expense		201,513	-	-	-		(201,513)
Interest on long-term liabilities		141,077	-	-	-	_	(141,077)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	37,748,617 \$	1,207,265 \$	5,707,916 \$		\$	(30,833,436)
			General Revenue	es:			
			Taxes:				
			General pur	pose levies			6,259,522
			Debt purpos				767,974
				grants and contribu	ıtions:		,
			State				20,302,449
			Federal				345,267
			Unrestricted i	nvestment earning	S		124,797
			Sixteenth sec	_			161,378
			Other				150,992
			Total Gen	eral Revenues		_	28,112,379
			Change in Net P	osition			(2,721,057)
			Net Position - Be	eginning, as previo	usly reported		(25,689,215)
			Prior period adjus	stments			(30,470)
			Net Position - Be	eginning, as restate	ed	_	(25,719,685)
			Net Position - Er	nding		\$	(28,440,742)

					Governmen	tal Funds							
Balance Sheet													Exhibit (
June 30, 2019													
			OFTH			or Funds		MIII Dala	0000 0000		0000 0040	Other	T-1-1
		General	Child Nutrition	Title I	IDEA Part B	Early Learning Collaborative		Mill Debt Service	QSCB 2009 Sinking		QSCB 2013 Sinking	Other Governmental	Total Governmenta
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund		Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets		T UTIO	Tunu	i unu	i unu	i dila		Tuliu	T dild		1 unu	i unus	i unus
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,176,007 \$	1,168,453 \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	978,864	\$ -	\$	- \$	1,644,322 \$	4,967,646
Cash with fiscal agents	*	-	-	-		-	*	-	14,510	*	218	-	14,728
Investments		-	-	_	_	-		_	1,092,000		1,223,239	_	2,315,239
Due from other governments		486,391	1,427	213,200	158,040	132,265		14,400			-	71,216	1,076,939
Due from other funds		454,052	, -	-	· -	-		· -			-	· -	454,052
Inventories		-	58,368	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	58,368
Total assets		2,116,450	1,228,248	213,200	158,040	132,265		993,264	1,106,510		1,223,457	1,715,538	8,886,972
Liabilities and Fund Balances													
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	24,264 \$	- \$	10,418 \$	4,206 \$	60,525	\$	-	\$ -	\$	180,000 \$	15,976 \$	295,389
Due to other funds		-	-	202,782	153,834	71,740		-	-		-	25,696	454,052
Total Liabilities		24,264	-	213,200	158,040	132,265		-			180,000	41,672	749,44
Fund Balances													
Nonspendable:													
Inventory		-	58,368	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	58,368
Permanent fund principal		-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	194,967	194,967
Restricted:													
Debt service		-	-	-	-	-		993,264	1,106,510		1,043,457	917,447	4,060,678
Grant activities		-	1,169,880	-	-	-		-	-		-	63,762	1,233,642
Forestry improvements		-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	387,033	387,033
Unemployment benefits		-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	110,657	110,65
Assigned:													
Activity funds		343,743	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	343,743
Unassigned		1,748,443	-	-	-	-							1,748,443
Total Fund Balances		2,092,186	1,228,248	-	-	-		993,264	1,106,510		1,043,457	1,673,866	8,137,531
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,116,450 \$	1,228,248 \$	213,200 \$	158,040 \$	132,265	\$	993,264	\$ 1,106,510	\$	1,223,457 \$	1,715,538 \$	8,886,972

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of No June 30, 2019 Total fund balances for governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: 1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation 2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability Deferred outflow s and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable	et Position	Exhibit C-1
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: 1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation 2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability		
different because: 1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation 2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability	\$	8,137,531
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability 		
Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation 2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability		
Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation 2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability	522,157	
Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation 2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability	33,666,730	
Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation 2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability	3,098,165	
Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation 2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability	1,198,905	
Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation 2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability	4,791,613	
 Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability 	2,080,092	
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability	(21,196,676)	24,160,986
to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(51,163,850)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	4,725,325	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,337,350)	(47,775,875)
3 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(3,428,617) 398,951 (244,296)	(3,273,962)
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: General obligation bonds payable Three mill notes payable Shortfall notes payable Qualified school construction bonds Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	(3,465,000) (710,000) (151,260) (5,000,000) (299,866) (63,296)	(9,689,422)
Net position of governmental activities		

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit D

•				Major	Funds					
	General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Title I Fund	IDEA Part B Fund	Early Learning Collaborative Fund	3 Mill Debt Service Fund	QSCB 2009 Sinking Fund	QSCB 2013 Sinking Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	1 unu	1 unu	i dila	i dila	runa	runa	1 unu	T dild	i unus	1 dilas
Local sources	\$ 7,225,533 \$	387,909	- \$	- \$	- (\$ 396,002 \$	\$ 22,778	\$ 58,905	\$ 407,615	\$ 8,498,742
State sources	20,614,906	19,082	_	-	294,811	-	-	· -	921,083	21,849,882
Federal sources	353,815	1,945,475	904,465	901,576	-	-	-	_	397,916	4,503,247
Sixteenth section sources	176,226	-	· <u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-	9,009	185,235
Total Revenues	28,370,480	2,352,466	904,465	901,576	294,811	396,002	22,778	58,905	1,735,623	35,037,106
Expenditures:										
Instruction	18,029,179	-	574,649	599,988	286,247	-	-	-	1,776,867	21,266,930
Support services	9,515,144	150,278	488,299	283,111	8,564	255,477	-	-	431,867	11,132,740
Noninstructional services	1,641	2,050,411	8,548	-	-	-	-	-	8,648	2,069,248
Sixteenth section	516	-	-	-	-	-			21,907	22,423
Debt service:										
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	240,000	-	-	135,000	375,000
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	4,150	-	-	122,782	126,932
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,350	-	500	2,850
Total Expenditures	27,546,480	2,200,689	1,071,496	883,099	294,811	499,627	2,350	-	2,497,571	34,996,123
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over (under) Expenditures	824,000	151,777	(167,031)	18,477	-	(103,625)	20,428	58,905	(761,948)	40,983
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Bonds and notes issued	710,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	151,260	861,260
Operating transfers in	479,985	3,918	189,746	1,875	-	731,731	146,135	-	1,374,445	2,927,835
Other financing sources	2,623	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,623
Operating transfers out	(1,945,012)	(111,490)	(22,715)	(18,477)	-	(147,948)	-	-	(682,193)	(2,927,835)
Other financing uses		-	-	(1,875)	-	-	-	-	(10,294)	(12,169)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(752,404)	(107,572)	167,031	(18,477)	-	583,783	146,135	-	833,218	851,714
Net Change in Fund Balances	71,596	44,205	-	-	-	480,158	166,563	58,905	71,270	892,697
July 1, 2018	2,020,590	1,173,010	-	-	-	513,106	939,947	984,552	1,602,596	7,233,801
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		11,033	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,033
June 30, 2019	\$ 2,092,186 \$	1,228,248 \$	s - \$	- \$	- (\$ 993,264	\$ 1,106,510	\$ 1,043,457	\$ 1,673,866	\$ 8,137,531

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019		Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	892,697
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 338,255 (975,347)	(637,092)
 In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold. 		(6,953)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, w hile the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, how ever, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt w hen debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		(0,555)
Bonds and notes issued Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	(861,260) 375,000 (11,295)	(497,555)
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense	(5,822,970)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:	3,409,969	(2,413,001)
OPEB expense	(201,513)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:	156,113	(45,400)
Change in compensated absences	(24,786)	
Change in inventory reserve	11,033	(13,753)

Fiduciary Funds				
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities		Exhibit E		
June 30, 2019				
		Agency Funds		
Assets		_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,531,698		
Total Assets	\$	1,531,698		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,466,672		
Due to student clubs		65,026		
Total Liabilities	\$	1,531,698		

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, George County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
 by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Child Nutrition Fund – This fund accounts for the food service activity of the school district.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

IDEA Part B Fund – This fund provides revenues for children with disabilities with a free and appropriate education.

Early Learning Collaborative – This fund accounts for the district's pre-school and early learning program.

3 Mill Debt Service Fund – This debt service fund accounts for the transactions related to the three mill notes payable.

2009 QSCB Fund – This fund accounts the sinking fund activities of the 2009 qualified school construction bonds.

2013 QSCB Fund – This fund accounts the sinking fund activities of the 2013 qualified school construction bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired. Investments for the District are reported at fair value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$4,725,325 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$398,951 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$1,337,350 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$244,296 related to its OPEB plan.

See Note 14 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$4,967,646 and \$1,531,698, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$14,728.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Government securities Trustmark - Construction Bonds	AA+	1-5 years	\$ 1,091,782
Common Trust Fund 2012-A	Unrated	Less than one year	1,223,457
Total			\$ 2,315,239

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

 U.S. government securities and Common Trust Fund type of investments of \$2,315,239 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	Value	Investments
U.S. Government Securities Trustmark - Construction Bonds	\$ 1,091,782	47%
Common Trust Fund 2012-A	 1,223,457	53%
Total	\$ 2,315,239	100%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General fund	Title I fund	\$ 202,782
	IDEA Part B fund	153,834
	Early learning collaborative	71,740
	Other governmental funds	 25,696
Total		\$ 454,052

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend and.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General fund	IDEA Part B fund	\$ 1,875
	3 mill debt service fund	710,000
	Other governmental funds	1,233,137
Child nutrition fund	General fund	111,490
Title I fund	General fund	22,715
IDEA Part B Fund	General fund	18,477
3 mill debt service fund	QSCB 2009 sinking fund	146,135
	Other governmental funds	1,813
Other governmental funds	General fund	327,303
	Child nutrition fund	3,918
	Title I fund	189,746
	3 mill debt service fund	21,731
	Other governmental funds	 139,495
Total		\$ 2,927,835

The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$194,967, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

In addition, restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$1,877,596 of the debt service funds that is restricted for future debt service requirements.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents and investment balance, totaling \$14,510 and \$1,092,000, respectively, of the 2009 QSCB Bond Fund.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents and investment balance, totaling \$218 and \$1,223,239, respectively, of the 2013 QSCB Bond Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:	-	77 172010	increases	Decreases	rajastinonts	0/30/2013
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$	522,157 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	522,157
Total non-depreciable capital assets		522,157	-	-	-	522,157
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	3	3,666,730	-	-	-	33,666,730
Building improvements	;	3,098,165	-	-	-	3,098,165
Improvements other than buildings		1,198,905	-	-	-	1,198,905
Mobile equipment		4,549,079	316,300	(73,766)	-	4,791,613
Furniture and equipment	:	2,113,766	21,955	(61,858)	6,229	2,080,092
Total depreciable capital assets	4	4,626,645	338,255	(135,624)	6,229	44,835,505
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	1:	3,264,248	551,970	-	-	13,816,218
Building improvements		1,241,461	99,206	-	-	1,340,667
Improvements other than buildings		812,528	19,023	-	-	831,551
Mobile equipment	;	3,130,200	252,451	(67,432)	(32,400)	3,282,819
Furniture and equipment		1,864,864	52,697	(61,239)	69,099	1,925,421
Total accumulated depreciation	2	0,313,301	975,347	(128,671)	36,699	21,196,676
Total depreciable capital assets, net	2	4,313,344	(637,092)	(6,953)	(30,470)	23,638,829
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2	4,835,501 \$	(637,092) \$	(6,953) \$	(30,470) \$	24,160,986

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 319,170
Support services	248,347
Non-instructional	 407,830
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 975,347

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2019	Amounts due within one year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 3,600,000 \$	- \$	(135,000) \$	3,465,000 \$	160,000
В.	Three mill notes payable	240,000	710,000	(240,000)	710,000	230,000
C.	Shortfall notes payable	-	151,260	-	151,260	48,749
D.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	-
E.	Compensated absences payable	275,080	24,786	-	299,866	
	Total	\$ 9,115,080 \$	886,046 \$	(375,000) \$	9,626,126 \$	438,749

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the George County School District. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
					_
1. General obligation bonds, 2013	3.54%	8/15/2013	8/15/2032	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 3,465,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 160,000 \$	117,626 \$	277,626
2021	160,000	112,826	272,826
2022	160,000	108,026	268,026
2023	160,000	103,226	263,226
2024	170,000	98,276	268,276
2025-2029	980,000	400,707	1,380,707
2030-2033	 1,675,000	115,772	1,790,772
Total	\$ 3,465,000 \$	1,056,459 \$	4,521,459

This debt will be retired from the general obligation bond debt service fund.

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the George County School District is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2019, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 2% of property assessments as of October 1, 2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Dutstanding
1. Limited tax notes payable,						
Series 2017	1.35-1.45%	8/15/2017	3/15/2019	\$ 575,000	\$	-
Limited tax notes payable,						
Series 2019	2.4-3.1%	4/9/2019	4/9/2022	710,000		710,000
Total				\$ 1,285,000	\$	710,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 230,000 \$	19,930 \$	249,930
2021	235,000	14,410	249,410
2022	 245,000	7,595	252,595
Total	\$ 710,000 \$	41,935 \$	751,935

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Fund.

C. Shortfall notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	0	utstanding
1. FY 2018 Ad Valorem						
Shortfall Notes Payable	3.39%	7/23/2018	7/23/2021	\$ 151,260	\$	151,260
Total				\$ 151,260	\$	151,260

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 48,749 \$	5,128 \$	53,877
2021	50,401	3,475	53,876
2022	52,110	1,767	53,877
Total	\$ 151,260 \$	10,370 \$	161,630

This debt will be retired from the Shortfall Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

D. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the George County School District that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Dutstanding
QSCB, series 2009	0%	11/5/2009	9/15/2024	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000
QSCB, series 2013	0%	8/15/2013	6/18/2028	3,000,000	3,000,000
Total				\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$3,409,969, \$3,093,850 and \$3,045,995, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$51,163,850 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was .307605 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an increase of .0061 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,822,970. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	218,660	211,382
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,054,001
Changes of assumptions	29,587	27,352
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	1,067,109	44,615
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 3,409,969	
Total	\$ 4,725,325 \$	1,337,350

\$3,409,969 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 1,022,174
2021	142,478
2022	(956,556)
2023	(230,090)
Total	\$ (21,994)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	<u>Target</u> Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	 	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
the net pension liability	\$ 67,368,110	\$ 51,163,850	\$ 37,695,972

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$156,113 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$3,428,617 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was .4432315 percent. This was an increase of .0155 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$201,513. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	6,982	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	244,296
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	235,856	-
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 156,113	
Total	\$ 398,951 \$	244,296

\$156,113 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (762)
2021	(762)
2022	(762)
2023	(762)
2024	376
Thereafter	 1,214
Total	\$ (1,458)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
-----------	--------------

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation

Long-term Investment Rate of 4.50%

Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2018 Prior Measurement Date 2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

of OPEB plan investment expensincluding inflation

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	Jurrent	
	1	1% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase
		(2.89%)	F	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	3,800,537	\$	3,428,617	\$ 3,108,755

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare			
			Cost Trend				
			Rates				
	1	% Decrease		Current		1% Increase	
Net OPEB liability	\$	3,176,033	\$	3,428,617	\$	3,715,481	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 9 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
2222	_	
2020	\$	51,343
2021		47,243
2022		40,203
2023		30,977
2024		18,650
2025-2029		93,250
2030-2034		69,960
Thereafter		218,366
Total	\$	569,992

Note 10 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To adjust capital assets to subsidiary ledger	\$ (30,470)
Total	\$ (30,470)

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 12 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. The school district did not apply for any subsidies for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2019 was \$1,106,510 and \$1,223,457, respectively. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

QSCB series 2009

QSCB series 2013

Year Ending		Year Ending	
June 30	Amount	June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 154,000	2020	\$ 185,000
2021	154,000	2021	190,000
2022	154,000	2022	200,000
2023	154,000	2023	200,000
2024	154,000	2024	200,000
2025	154,000	2025-2028	865,000
Total	\$ 924,000	Total	\$ 1,840,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 14 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$49,408,777) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$3,409,969 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$1,315,356 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$49,408,777) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,337,350 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$49,408,777) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$156,113 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$242,838 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$49,408,777) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$244,296 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through January 27, 2020 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources 6,236,362 \$ 7,227,542 \$ 7,225,533 \$ 991,180 \$ (2,009)State sources 20,544,813 20,614,906 20,614,906 70,093 Federal sources 283,097 353,815 353,815 70,718 174,215 176,226 Sixteenth section sources 108,190 66,025 2,011 **Total Revenues** 27,172,462 28,370,478 28,370,480 1,198,016 **Expenditures:** Instruction 17,858,739 18,026,954 18,029,179 (168, 215)(2,225)9,485,198 9,502,384 9,515,144 (12,760)Support services (17, 186)Noninstructional services 250 1,642 1,641 (1,392)1 Sixteenth section 775 516 516 259 Facilities acquisition and construction 11,798 (11,798)11,798 (198,332) Total Expenditures 27,344,962 27,543,294 27,546,480 (3,186)Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (172,500)827,184 824,000 999,684 (3,184)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bonds and notes issued 710.000 710,000 710.000 Operating transfers in 5,477,612 4,285,565 479,985 (3,805,580)(1,192,047)Other financing sources 5,672 2,623 5,672 (3,049)Operating transfers out (6,443,713)(5,739,940)(1,945,012)703,773 3,794,928 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (966, 101)(738,703)(752,404)227,398 (13,701)Net Change in Fund Balances (1,138,601)71,596 1,227,082 (16,885)88,481 July 1, 2018 2,139,690 2,020,168 2,020,590 (119,522)422 June 30, 2019 1,001,089 \$ 2,108,649 \$ 2,092,186 \$ 1,107,560 \$ (16,463)

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Child Nutrition Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Variances Positive (Negative)		
	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 389,000 \$	387,910 \$	387,909 \$	(1,090)\$	(1)	
State sources	20,000	-	19,082	(20,000)	19,082	
Federal sources	 1,980,000	1,945,475	1,945,475	(34,525)		
Total Revenues	 2,389,000	2,333,385	2,352,466	(55,615)	19,081	
Expenditures:						
Support services	150,909	150,279	150,278	630	1	
Noninstructional services	 2,108,933	2,032,743	2,050,411	76,190	(17,668)	
Total Expenditures	 2,259,842	2,183,022	2,200,689	76,820	(17,667)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	 129,158	150,363	151,777	21,205	1,414	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in	-	3,918	3,918	3,918	-	
Operating transfers out	(135,000)	(111,490)	(111,490)	23,510	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (135,000)	(107,572)	(107,572)	27,428	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,842)	42,791	44,205	48,633	1,414	
July 1, 2018	1,171,597	1,173,010	1,173,010	1,413	-	
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory	 -	11,033	11,033	11,033		
June 30, 2019	\$ 1,165,755 \$	1,226,834 \$	1,228,248 \$	61,079 \$	1,414	

Required Supplementary Information

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				_	Positive (N	legative)
		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Federal sources	\$	1,216,595 \$	1,229,390 \$	904,465 \$	12,795 \$	(324,925)
Total Revenues		1,216,595	1,229,390	904,465	12,795	(324,925)
Expenditures:						
Instruction		722,690	655,719	574,649	66,971	81,070
Support services		479,949	530,808	488,299	(50,859)	42,509
Noninstructional services		5,839	15,047	8,548	(9,208)	6,499
Total Expenditures		1,208,478	1,201,574	1,071,496	6,904	130,078
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		8,117	27,816	(167,031)	19,699	(194,847)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in		_	_	189,746	-	189,746
Operating transfers out		(8,117)	(24,608)	(22,715)	(16,491)	1,893
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(8,117)	(24,608)	167,031	(16,491)	191,639
Net Change in Fund Balances		_	3,208	_	3,208	(3,208)
July 1, 2018		-	-	-	-	
June 30, 2019	\$	- \$	3,208 \$	- \$	3,208 \$	(3,208)

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Varian Positive (N	
	Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:	 				
Federal sources	\$ 982,860 \$	984,942 \$	901,576 \$	2,082 \$	(83,366)
Total Revenues	 982,860	984,942	901,576	2,082	(83,366)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	779,106	614,100	599,988	165,006	14,112
Support services	 181,841	350,588	283,111	(168,747)	67,477
Total Expenditures	 960,947	964,688	883,099	(3,741)	81,589
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 21,913	20,254	18,477	(1,659)	(1,777)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in	_	_	1,875	_	1,875
Operating transfers out	(17,784)	(20,254)	(18,477)	(2,470)	1,777
Other financing uses	-	-	(1,875)		(1,875)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (17,784)	(20,254)	(18,477)	(2,470)	1,777
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,129			(4,129)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,129	-	-	(4,129)	-
July 1, 2018	 -	-	-	-	
June 30, 2019	\$ 4,129 \$	- \$	- \$	(4,129)\$	

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Early Learning Collaborative Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Totale Tour Ended Carlo GG, 2010			Varian Positive (N			
		Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Ori	ginal	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
State sources	\$	- \$	341,850 \$	294,811 \$	341,850 \$	(47,039)
Total Revenues		-	341,850	294,811	341,850	(47,039)
Expenditures:						
Instruction		-	333,285	286,247	(333,285)	47,038
Support services		-	8,565	8,564	(8,565)	1
Total Expenditures		-	341,850	294,811	(341,850)	47,039
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		-	-	<u> </u>	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		_	_	_	_	_
· ·						
July 1, 2018	-	-	-	-	-	
June 30, 2019	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2019 0.3076050% 51,163,850	2018 0.301474% 50,115,217	2017 0.297722% 53,180,584	2016 0.295996% 45,755,145	2015 0.283241% 33,986,874
District's covered payroll	\$ 19,643,492	19,339,650	19,046,025	18,487,295	17,307,511
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.50%	196.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,409,969	3,093,850	3,045,995	2,999,749	2,911,749
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 3,409,969	3,093,850	3,045,995	2,999,749	2,911,749
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	
District's covered payroll	\$ 21,650,597	19,643,492	19,339,650	19,046,025	18,487,295
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	 2019 0.44323150%	2018 0.42775473%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,428,617	3,356,202
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 19,643,492	19,339,650
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.454%	17.354%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.12911%	0.0000%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018 *
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 156,113	143,080
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 156,113	143,080
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 21,650,597	19,643,492
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.7211%	0.7284%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2023
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GEORGE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT **Supplementary Information** Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Catalog of Federal Federal Grantor/ Domestic Federal Pass-through Grantor/ Assistance Pass-through Entity Program Title No. Identifying Number Expenditures U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program 10.553 195MS326N1099 589.184 National school lunch program 10.555 195MS326N1099 1,356,291 Summer food service program for children 195MS326N1099 10.559 7,862 Total child nutrition cluster 1,953,337 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 1,953,337 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 1,953,337 U.S. Department of Interior Direct program: Payment in lieu of taxes 15.226 N/A 186,599 Total U.S. Department of Interior 186,599 **U.S.** Department of Defense Direct Program: Reserve Officers' Training Corps 12.xxx N/A 53,801 Total U.S. Department of Defense 53,801 Federal Communications Commission Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund N/A 44,224 32.xxx **Total Federal Communications Commission** 44,224 **U.S.** Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: ES010A180024 Title I grants to local educational agencies 84.010 904,465 Career and technical education - basic grants to states 84.048 V048A180024 33,161 Education for homeless children and youth 84.196 ES196A180025 21,755 Rural education 84.358 ES358B180024 37,819 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 ES367A180023 209,971 Student Support and Academic Enrichment 84.424 ES424A180025 18,591 Subtotal 1,225,762 Special education cluster: 84.027 Special education - grants to states H027A180108 947,591 Special education - preschool grants 84.173 H173A180113 31,290 Total special education cluster 978,881 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 2,204,643 Total U.S. Department of Education 2,204,643 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Medical assistance program 93.778 1905MS5ADM 60,643

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education

Total for All Federal Awards

Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

60,643

60,643

4,503,247

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the George County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the George County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the George County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The George County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$163,234 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 28,400,951 6,595,172	21,933,307 2,138,430	1,214,953 483,132	2,131,146 15,727	3,121,545 3,957,883
Total	\$ 34,996,123	24,071,737	1,698,085	2,146,873	7,079,428
Total number of students *	 3,651				
Cost per student	\$ 9,585	6,593	465	588	1,939

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 7,225,533	\$ 6,792,522	\$ 6,236,992	\$ 6,065,227
State sources	20,614,906	19,427,741	19,933,070	19,759,913
Federal sources	353,815	205,649	431,829	194,276
Sixteenth section sources	176,226	81,700	244,434	58,935
Total Revenues	 28,370,480	26,507,612	26,846,325	26,078,351
Expenditures:				
Instruction	18,029,179	17,312,332	16,989,608	16,918,835
Support services	9,515,144	9,219,045	8,997,841	9,552,404
Noninstructional services	1,641	2,796	1,877	-
Sixteenth section	516	22	156	1,835
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	15,000
Debt service:				
Principal	 			519,166
Total Expenditures	 27,546,480	26,534,195	25,989,482	27,007,240
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 824,000	(26,583)	856,843	(928,889)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued	710,000	575,000	-	_
Insurance recovery	-	10,463	4,298	3,188
Sale of transportation equipment	-	60	-	-
Operating transfers in	479,985	218,372	1,164,697	158,831
Other financing sources	2,623	-	4,834	500,000
Operating transfers out	(1,945,012)	(1,742,429)	(1,244,510)	(1,346,126)
Other financing uses	-	(6,154)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(752,404)	(944,688)	(70,681)	(684,107)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 71,596	(971,271)	786,162	(1,612,996)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	2,020,590	2,991,861	2,225,715	3,831,695
Prior period adjustments	_,0_0,000	_,00.,001	(20,016)	7,016
Beginning of period, as restated	2,020,590	2,991,861	2,205,699	3,838,711
End of Period	\$ 2,092,186	\$ 2,020,590	\$ 2,991,861	\$ 2,225,715

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
All Governmental Funds
Last Four Years
UNAUDITED

		2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	8,498,742 \$	8,020,289	\$ 7,402,510	\$ 7,365,423
State sources		21,849,882	20,861,970	21,221,669	20,961,703
Federal sources		4,503,247	4,414,504	4,634,557	4,629,636
Sixteenth section sources		185,235	100,615	274,601	58,935
Total Revenues	_	35,037,106	33,397,378	33,533,337	33,015,697
Expenditures:					
Instruction		21,266,930	20,246,672	19,666,923	19,794,972
Support services		11,132,740	10,770,540	10,537,839	11,230,102
Noninstructional services		2,069,248	2,050,467	2,068,647	2,159,445
Sixteenth section		22,423	14,913	37,139	23,827
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		-	-	-	15,000
Principal		375,000	1,767,806	857,564	1,392,499
Interest		126,932	149,646	180,396	174,971
Other		2,850	5,040	2,600	29,277
Total Expenditures		34,996,123	35,005,084	33,351,108	34,820,093
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		40,983	(1,607,706)	182,229	(1,804,396)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds and notes issued		861,260	575,000	-	-
Insurance recovery		-	10,463	4,298	3,188
Sale of transportation equipment		-	12,499	-	-
Operating transfers in		2,927,835	3,031,181	2,411,886	2,240,336
Other financing sources		2,623	-	4,834	500,000
Operating transfers out		(2,927,835)	(3,031,181)	(2,411,886)	(2,240,336)
Other financing uses		(12,169)	(11,669)	=	=
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		851,714	586,293	9,132	503,188
Net Change in Fund Balances		892,697	(1,021,413)	191,361	(1,301,208)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		7,233,801	8,256,495	8,073,112	9,360,921
Prior period adjustments		-	-	(26,078)	34,057
Beginning of period, as restated		7,233,801	8,256,495	8,047,034	9,394,978
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	_	11,033	(1,281)	 18,100	(20,658)
End of Period	\$	8,137,531 \$	7,233,801	\$ 8,256,495	\$ 8,073,112

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board George County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the George County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the George County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the George County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the George County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the George County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the George County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we did note certain instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations that we reported to management of the school district in a separate letter dated January 27, 2020 which is included in this report.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi January 27, 2020

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board George County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the George County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the George County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. George County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the George County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the George County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the George County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the George County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the George County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the George County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the George County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi January 27, 2020

INDEPENDENT	Γ AUDITOR'S REPORT	ON COMPLIANCE V	WITH STATE LAWS A	ND REGULATIONS

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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10 South Bancroft Street

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board George County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the George County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise George County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following instance of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations:

Finding:

During our testing of the forestry escrow fund, we noted that the district failed to credit 15% of the proceeds of one of its timber sales to the forestry escrow fund. The entire timber sale was recorded in the sixteenth section interest fund.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the District comply with Miss. Code Section 29-3-47 by transferring 15% of all sixteenth section timber sales to the forestry escrow account.

School District's Response:

The District will put procedures in place and or continue to monitor existing policies to help ensure compliance with state laws and regulations.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The George County School District's response to the finding included in this report was not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi January 27, 2020 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:							
1.	. Type of auditor's report issued:						
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:						
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No			
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	d?	None reported			
3.	Nonco	mpliance material to financial stater	ments noted?	No			
Fed	leral Awa	ards:					
4.	Interna	l control over major programs:					
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No			
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	d?	None reported			
5.	Type o	f auditor's report issued on complia	nce for major programs:	Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance N with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?							
7.	Ident	ification of major programs:					
	CFD.	A Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Clus	<u>ster</u>			
	84.02	27	Special Education – grants to sta	tes			
	84.17	73	Special Education – preschool gr	ants			
	84.0	10	Title I – grants to local educationa	al agencies			
8.	Dolla	r threshold used to distinguish betw	veen type A and type B programs:	\$750,000			
9.	9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?						
10.	 Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). 						

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.