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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420

Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

10 South Bancroft Street

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Grenada School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Grenada School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Grenada School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-14, 45-49, 50, 51, 52, and 53, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Grenada School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2019 on our consideration of the Grenada School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Grenada School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Grenada School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

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Belzoni, Mississippi

October 28, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The following discussion and analysis of Grenada School District's financial performance provides an overview of the Grenada School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Grenada School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Grenada School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$3,796,076, which represents a 40% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$9,052,402, including a prior period adjustment of (\$3,661,319), which represents a 2,138% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$28,770,476 and \$27,417,762, or 78% and 77% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$8,260,861, or 22% of total revenues for 2019, and \$8,230,582, or 23% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$40,827,413 and \$41,039,427 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$8,260,861 for 2019 and \$8,230,582 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$28,770,476 for 2019 and \$27,417,762 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$28,185,704 in revenues and \$29,395,495 in expenditures for 2019, and \$27,128,355 in revenues and \$28,672,293 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$1,328,877 from 2018 to 2019, and decreased by \$1,568,084, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,658), from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$763,523 for 2019 and decreased by \$172,564 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due to capital additions net of the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt had no change for 2019 and decreased by \$520,000 for 2018. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$9,737 for 2019 and increased by \$1,918 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$13,271,816 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	ge
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Change	
Current assets	\$ 21,193,710	\$ 22,484,140	-5.74	%
Restricted assets	1,832,242	1,516,313	20.84	%
Capital assets, net	20,939,722	21,703,245	-3.52	%
Total assets	43,965,674	45,703,698	-3.80	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 4,389,586	11,061,509	-60.32	%
Current liabilities	117,490	81,239	44.62	%
Long-term debt outstanding	2,210,423	2,220,160	-0.44	%
Net OPEB liability	3,816,457	3,808,510	0.21	%
Net pension liability	 53,691,563	 53,728,305	-0.07	%
Total liabilities	59,835,933	59,838,214	0.00	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,791,143	 6,402,733	-72.03	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	18,939,722	19,703,245	-3.88	%
Restricted	3,892,754	3,574,629	8.90	%
Unrestricted	(36,104,292)	(32,753,614)	-10.23	%
Total net position	\$ (13,271,816)	\$ (9,475,740)	-40.06	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (36,104,292)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	54,909,577
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 18,805,285

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$763,523.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$37,031,337 and \$35,648,344, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$40,827,413 for 2019 and \$41,039,427 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2019	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentage Change	e
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,049,813	\$ 1,012,916	3.64	%
Operating grants and contributions	7,211,048	7,217,666	(0.09)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	7,653,835	7,618,312	0.47	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	19,562,205	19,066,610	2.60	%
Investment earnings	729,980	250,286	191.66	%
Sixteenth section sources	459,582	447,107	2.79	%
Other	 364,874	 35,447	929.35	%
Total revenues	 37,031,337	 35,648,344	3.88	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	19,712,148	18,913,549	4.22	%
Support services	13,453,395	12,901,726	4.28	%
Non-instructional	2,060,719	1,883,262	9.42	%
Sixteenth section	63,644	79,284	(19.73)	%
Pension expense	5,307,674	7,019,910	(24.39)	%
OPEB expense	209,527	213,450	(1.84)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 20,306	 28,246	(28.11)	%
Total expenses	40,827,413	 41,039,427	(0.52)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	(3,796,076)	(5,391,083)	29.59	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(9,475,740)	(423,338)	(2,138.34)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 	 (3,661,319)	100.00	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (9,475,740)	 (4,084,657)	(131.98)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (13,271,816)	\$ (9,475,740)	(40.06)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total I	Percentage		
		2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$	19,712,148	\$	18,913,549	4.22 %
Support services		13,453,395		12,901,726	4.28 %
Non-instructional		2,060,719		1,883,262	9.42 %
Sixteenth section		63,644		79,284	(19.73) %
Pension Expense		5,307,674		7,019,910	(24.39) %
OPEB Expense		209,527		213,450	(1.84) %
Interest on long-term liabilities		20,306		28,246	(28.11) %
Total expenses	\$	40,827,413	\$	41,039,427	(0.52) %
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
		Net (Exper 2019	nse)	Revenue 2018	Percentage Change
Instruction	<u> </u>		nse) 		_
Instruction Support services	\$	2019		2018	Change
	\$	2019 (14,956,883)		2018 (14,230,003)	Change (5.11) %
Support services	\$	2019 (14,956,883) (12,170,262)		2018 (14,230,003) (11,568,293)	Change (5.11) % (5.20) %
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2019 (14,956,883) (12,170,262) 161,744		2018 (14,230,003) (11,568,293) 282,679	Change (5.11) % (5.20) % 42.78 %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$	2019 (14,956,883) (12,170,262) 161,744 (63,644)		2018 (14,230,003) (11,568,293) 282,679 (31,622)	Change (5.11) % (5.20) % 42.78 % (101.26) %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section Pension Expense	\$	2019 (14,956,883) (12,170,262) 161,744 (63,644) (5,307,674)		2018 (14,230,003) (11,568,293) 282,679 (31,622) (7,019,910)	Change (5.11) % (5.20) % 42.78 % (101.26) % 24.39 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$32,566,552 for 2019 and \$32,808,845 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$7,653,835 for 2019 and \$7,618,312 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$19,562,205 for 2019 and \$19,066,610 for 2018). In addition, there was \$459,582 and \$447,107 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$729,980 for 2019 and \$250,286 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$22,923,502, a decrease of \$1,010,546, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$3,189. \$14,816,733 or 65% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$8,106,769 or 35% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,328,877. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$318,215, which includes a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$3,189, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Fund	No increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	\$ 116
Twenty First Century Fund	No increase or decrease
Adult Basic Education Fund	No increase or decrease

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the Grenada School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$42,320,313, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents a decrease of \$353 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$21,380,591, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$973,421, resulting in total net capital assets of \$20,939,722.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	J	une 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentage Change	_
Land	\$	148,900	\$ 148,900	0.00 %)
Construction in progress		102,735	-	N/A %)
Buildings		17,387,903	18,816,558	(7.59) %)
Building improvements		1,526,709	764,883	99.60 %)
Improvements other than buildings		637,471	675,051	(5.57) %)
Mobile equipment		666,013	830,345	(19.79) %)
Furniture and equipment		469,991	467,508	0.53 %)
Total	\$	20,939,722	\$ 21,703,245	(3.52) %	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$2,210,423 in outstanding long-term debt, of which none is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$9,737 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	 June 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018	Percenta Change	_
Three mill notes payable	\$ 2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable	 210,423		220,160	(4.42)	
Total	\$ 2,210,423	\$	2,220,160	(0.44)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Grenada School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Grenada School District, P.O. Box 1940, Grenada, MS 38901.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2019	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,244,049
Cash with fiscal agents	43,120
Investments	5,480,243
Due from other governments	1,287,192
Inventories	66,176
Other receivables, net	72,930
Restricted assets	1,832,242
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	148,900
Construction in progress	102,735
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	47.007.000
Buildings	17,387,903
Building improvements	1,526,709
Improvements other than buildings	637,471
Mobile equipment	666,013
Furniture and equipment	469,991
Total Assets	43,965,674
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4 040 700
Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB	4,040,799
Total deferred outflows of resources	348,787
	4,389,586
Liabilities	100 150
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	102,450
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	15,040
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Net OPEB liability	170,840
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	2,000,000
Non-capital related liabilities	210,423
Net pension liability	53,691,563
Net OPEB liability	3,645,617
Total Liabilities	59,835,933
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	1,519,213
Deferred inflows - OPEB	271,930
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,791,143
Net Position	40,000,700
Net investment in capital assets	18,939,722
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	1,614,427
Debt service	1,527,950
Forestry improvements	70,940
Unemployment benefits	387,394
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section principal	292,043
· ·	·
Unrestricted	(36,104,292)

Statement of Activities							Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 20	19	_	F	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating	Capital		
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:							
	\$	19,712,148 \$	756,447 \$	3,998,818 \$	-	\$	(14,956,883)
Support services	·	13,453,395	, <u> </u>	1,283,133	-		(12,170,262)
Non-instructional		2,060,719	293,366	1,929,097	_		161,744
Sixteenth section		63,644	-	-	_		(63,644)
Pension expense		5,307,674	_	_	_		(5,307,674)
OPEB expense		209,527	_	_	_		(209,527)
Interest on long-term liabilities		20,306	-	-			(20,306)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	40,827,413 \$	1,049,813 \$	7,211,048 \$		\$	(32,566,552)
			General Revenue	es:			
			General pur	pose levies			7,507,583
			Debt purpos	•			146,252
				grants and contribu	itions:		0,202
			State	granto ana contino			19,228,920
			Federal				333,285
				nvestment earning	s		729,980
			Sixteenth sec	•			459,582
			Other				364,874
				neral Revenues		_	28,770,476
			Change in Net P	osition			(3,796,076)
			Net Position - Bo	eginning			(9,475,740)
			Net Position - E	nding		\$	(13,271,816)

				mental Funds	31			
Balance Sheet June 30, 2019			veiiii	mentar r unus				Exhibit C
				Major Funds				
				IDEA	Twenty First	Adult Basic	Other	Total
	General	Title I		Part B	Century	Education	Governmental	Governmental
	 Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,383,044 \$	-	\$	- ;	\$ -	\$ 228 \$	2,467,105 \$	14,850,377
Cash with fiscal agents	43,114	-		-	-	-	139	43,253
Investments	5,480,243	-		-	-	-	1,225,905	6,706,148
Due from other governments	437,137	258,166		112,038	80,929	101,868	297,054	1,287,192
Due from other funds	676,440	-		-	-	-	-	676,440
Other receivables, net	72,930	-		-	-	-	-	72,930
Inventories	 -	-		-	-	-	66,176	66,176
Total assets	 19,092,908	258,166		112,038	80,929	102,096	4,056,379	23,702,516
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 77,200 \$	2,671	\$	3,027	\$ 1,034	\$ 228 \$	18,414 \$	102,574
Due to other funds	-	255,495		108,895	79,895	101,868	130,287	676,440
Total Liabilities	77,200	258,166		111,922	80,929	102,096	148,701	779,014
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	-	-		-	-	-	66,176	66,176
Permanent fund principal	-	-		-	-	-	292,043	292,043
Restricted:								
Debt service	-	-		-	-	-	1,542,990	1,542,990
Grant activities	-	-		116	-	-	1,548,135	1,548,251
Forestry improvements	-	-		-	-	-	70,940	70,940
Unemployment benefits	-	-		-	-	-	387,394	387,394
Assigned:								
Building improvement	3,738,129	-		-	-	-	-	3,738,129
Activity funds	460,846	-		-	-	-	-	460,846
Unassigned	14,816,733	-		-	-	-	_	14,816,733
Total Fund Balances	19,015,708	-		116	-	-	3,907,678	22,923,502
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 19,092,908 \$	258,166	\$	112,038	\$ 80,929	\$ 102,096 \$	4,056,379 \$	23,702,516

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of N June 30, 2019	let Position	Exhibit C-1
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	22,923,502
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: 1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
therefore are not reported in the funds: Land Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation 2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	148,900 102,735 33,026,973 1,982,449 969,171 3,437,171 2,652,914 (21,380,591)	20,939,722
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	4,040,799 (1,519,213)	(51,169,977)
3 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	(3,816,457)	(2.720.600)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB 4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Capital lease obligations Qualified school construction bonds Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	(271,930) (2,000,000) (210,423) (15,040)	(3,739,600) (2,225,463)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(13,271,816)

GRENADA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Exhibit D

	Major Funds									
					IDEA	Twenty First		Adult Basic	Other	Total
	General		Title I		Part B	Century		Education	Governmental	Governmental
	 Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund		Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:										
Local sources	\$ 8,339,944	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,036,751	\$ 9,376,695
State sources	18,686,212		-		-	-		-	2,006,740	20,692,952
Federal sources	344,399		1,577,221		880,789	224,474		519,496	2,533,920	6,080,299
Sixteenth section sources	 815,149		-		-	-		-	60,812	875,961
Total Revenues	 28,185,704		1,577,221		880,789	224,474		519,496	5,638,223	37,025,907
Expenditures:										
Instruction	16,251,167		1,123,856		453,307	174,436		497,599	2,801,507	21,301,872
Support services	13,122,240		375,805		403,820	49,563		22,125	495,761	14,469,314
Noninstructional services	466		44,241		298	475		-	2,043,108	2,088,588
Sixteenth section	21,622		-		-	-		-	42,022	63,644
Facilities acquisition and construction	-		-		-	-		-	102,735	102,735
Debt service:										
Principal	-		-		-	-		-	-	-
Interest	-		-		-	-		-	18,800	18,800
Other	-		-		-	-		-	1,300	1,300
Total Expenditures	29,395,495		1,543,902		857,425	224,474		519,724	5,505,233	38,046,253
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over (under) Expenditures	 (1,209,791)		33,319		23,364	-		(228)	132,990	(1,020,346)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Sale of transportation equipment	7,202		-		-	-		-	357	7,559
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent	-		-		-	-		-	142,944	142,944
Operating transfers in	251,008		-		-	-		228	385,000	636,236
Other financing sources	7,932		-		-	-		-	-	7,932
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	-		-		-	-		-	(142,944)	(142,944)
Other financing uses	-		-		-	-		-	(2,502)	(2,502)
Operating transfers out	(385,228)		(33,319)		(23,248)	-		-	(194,441)	(636,236)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(119,086)		(33,319)		(23,248)	-		228	188,414	12,989
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,328,877)		-		116	-		-	321,404	(1,007,357)
July 1, 2018	20,344,585		-		-	-		-	3,589,463	23,934,048
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	-				-	-		-	(3,189)	(3,189)
June 30, 2019	\$ 19,015,708	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	116	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 3,907,678	\$ 22,923,502

Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019			Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(1,007,357)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	230,942 (973,421)	(742,479)
 In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, w hile in governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets s 			(21,044)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental fund while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refundebt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:	ded		(= ,, = : ,)
Accrued interest payable		(206)	(206)
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	or	(5,307,674) 3,314,823	(1,992,851)
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: OPEB expense		(209,527)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		170,840	(38,687)
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of cur financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governm funds. These activities include:			
Change in compensated absences		9,737	
Change in inventory reserve		(3,189)	6,548
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(3,796,076)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ <u>-</u>	(3,796,07

Fiduciary Funds					
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities		Exhibit E			
June 30, 2019					
		Agency Funds			
Assets		_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	902,930			
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	902,930			
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	707,761			
Due to student clubs		195,169			
Total Liabilities	\$	902,930			

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Grenada School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
 by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund educational services to low-income, program eligible students.

IDEA Part B Fund – This fund provides revenues for children with disabilities with a free and appropriate education.

Twenty-First Century Fund – This is a federally funded special revenue fund for Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers grant.

Adult Basic Education Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund the Adult Basic Education program.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Permanent Funds - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired. Investments for the District are reported at fair value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

^(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$4,040,799 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$348,787 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$1,519,213 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$271,930 related to its OPEB plan.

See Note 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$14,850,377 and \$902,930, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$43,253.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Government securities Corporate Bonds Municipal Bonds Trustmark - Construction Bonds Common Trust 2012-A	AA+ Unrated AA- Unrated	1-5 years 1-5 years 1-5 years Less than 1 year	\$ 1,855,466 1,357,511 2,267,266 1,225,905
Total	Ornated	Loss than 1 year	\$ 6,706,148

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

 U.S. government securities type of investments of \$6,706,148 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments:

Issuer		Fair Value	% of Total Investments
U.S. Government Securities	\$	1,855,466	28%
Corporate Bonds		1,357,511	20%
Municipal Bonds		2,267,266	34%
Trustmark - Construction Bonds Common Trus	t		
2012-A		1,225,905	18%
Total	\$	6,706,148	100%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General fund	Title I fund	\$ 255,495
	IDEA Part B fund	108,895
	Twenty first century fund	79,895
	Adult basic education fund	101,868
	Other governmental funds	 130,287
Total		\$ 676,440

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General fund	Adult basic education fund	\$ 228
	Other governmental funds	385,000
Title I fund	General fund	33,319
IDEA Part B fund	General fund	23,248
Other governmental funds	General fund	 194,441
Total		\$ 636,236

The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$292,043, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$314,161 of the debt service funds that is restricted for future debt service requirements.

Also, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents and investment balance, totaling \$133 and \$1,225,905 respectively, of the QSCB Sinking Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance				Balance
	 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:					
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 148,900 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	148,900
Construction in progress	 -	102,735	-	-	102,735
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 148,900	102,735	-	-	251,635
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	33,857,036	-	-	(830,063)	33,026,973
Building improvements	1,152,386	-	-	830,063	1,982,449
Improvements other than buildings	969,171	-	-	-	969,171
Mobile equipment	3,651,966	-	(214,795)	-	3,437,171
Furniture and equipment	2,541,207	128,207	(16,500)	-	2,652,914
Total depreciable capital assets	42,171,766	128,207	(231,295)	-	42,068,678
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	15,040,478	598,592	-	-	15,639,070
Building improvements	387,503	68,237	-	-	455,740
Improvements other than buildings	294,120	37,580	-	-	331,700
Mobile equipment	2,821,621	143,453	(193,916)	-	2,771,158
Furniture and equipment	2,073,699	125,559	(16,335)	-	2,182,923
Total accumulated depreciation	 20,617,421	973,421	(210,251)	-	21,380,591
Total depreciable capital assets, net	21,554,345	(845,214)	(21,044)	-	20,688,087
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 21,703,245 \$	(742,479) \$	(21,044) \$	- \$	20,939,722

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount	
Governmental activities:		
Instruction	\$	671,546
Support services		224,959
Non-instructional		76,916
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	973,421

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	Ju	Spent to ine 30, 2019	Remaining Commitment
Roofing project	\$	102,735 \$	201,398
Total construction in progress	\$	102,735 \$	201,398

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded by the Capital Projects Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts due
	 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2019	within one year
A. Three mill notes payable	\$ 2,000,000 \$	- \$	- \$	2,000,000 \$	-
B. Compensated absences payable	 220,160	-	(9,737)	210,423	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 2,220,160 \$	- \$	(9,737) \$	2,210,423 \$	-

A. Three mill notes payable

This debt is a Qualified School Construction Bond but is classified as a Three Mill Note according to the financial institution's repayment agreement. See Note 8 for required sinking fund payments.

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	(Outstanding
Three mill note, Series 2009	0.94%	12/17/2009	9/15/2024	\$ 2,000,000	\$_	2,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	ď	¢	18.800 \$	10 000
	\$	- \$	-, +	18,800
2021		-	18,800	18,800
2022		-	18,800	18,800
2023		-	18,800	18,800
2024		-	18,800	18,800
2025		2,000,000	18,800	2,018,800
Total	\$	2,000,000 \$	112,800 \$	2,112,800

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

B. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 7 – Other Commitments

Operating leases:

The school district has several operating leases for copy machines.

Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019, amounted to \$74,821. Future lease payments for this lease are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
0000	•	
2020	\$	67,683
2021		53,840
2022		2,300
Total	\$	123,823

Note 8- Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2019 was \$1,226,038. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period will be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
0000	
2020	143,000
2021	143,000
2022	143,000
2023	143,000
2024	143,000
2025	143,000
Total	\$ 858,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 vears of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$3,314,823, \$3,246,708 and \$3,265,613, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$53,691,563 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was .322802 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was a decrease of .0004 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,307,674. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	231,981	226,622
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,122,100
Changes of assumptions	31,720	29,108
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	462,275	141,383
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	3,314,823	
Total	\$ 4,040,799 \$	1,519,213

\$3,314,823 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 838,434
2021	(102,010)
2022	(1,288,208)
2023	 (241,453)
Total	\$ (793,237)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease (6.75%)	 Discount Rate (7.75%)	 1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 70,696,382	\$ 53,691,563	\$ 39,558,313

Current

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$170.840 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$3,816,457 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was .49336911 percent. This was an increase of .008 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$209,527. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$	\$	
experience		7,772	-
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-	-
Changes of assumptions		-	271,930
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions		170,175	-
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	170,840	
Total	\$	348,787 \$	271,930

\$170,840 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (18,724)
2021	(18,724)
2022	(18,724)
2023	(18,724)
2024	(15,670)
Thereafter	 (3,417)
Total	\$ (93,983)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	4.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2018 2017
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

		(Jurrent	
	1% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase
	(2.89%)	F	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 4,230,448	\$	3,816,457	\$ 3,460,412

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare Cost Trend		
	Rates					
	1% Decrease Current				1% Increase	
Net OPEB liability	\$	3,535,301	\$	3,816,457	\$	4,135,770

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 11 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 58 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$36,104,292) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$3,314,823 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$725,976 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$36,104,292) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,519,213 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$36,104,292) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$170,840 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$177,947 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$36,104,292) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$271,930 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 14 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
2020	Ф	4.40.040
2020	\$	149,942
2021		131,131
2022		103,806
2023		89,686
2024		89,686
2025-2029		136,474
2030-2035		26,932
Thereafter		36,100
Total	\$	763,757

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through October 28, 2019 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				_	Positive (N	legative)
		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	8,342,347 \$	8,339,943 \$	8,339,944 \$	(2,404) \$	1
State sources		18,631,757	18,686,211	18,686,212	54,454	1
Federal sources		377,822	344,399	344,399	(33,423)	-
Sixteenth section sources		497,994	815,149	815,149	317,155	
Total Revenues		27,849,920	28,185,702	28,185,704	335,782	2
Expenditures:						
Instruction		16,499,325	16,251,159	16,251,167	248,166	(8)
Support services		13,018,543	13,122,240	13,122,240	(103,697)	-
Noninstructional services		4,939	466	466	4,473	-
Sixteenth section		13,163	21,623	21,622	(8,460)	1
Total Expenditures	_	29,535,970	29,395,488	29,395,495	140,482	(7)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		(1,686,050)	(1,209,786)	(1,209,791)	476,264	(5)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Sale of transportation equipment		-	7,202	7,202	7,202	-
Operating transfers in		1,105,497	504,847	251,008	(600,650)	(253,839)
Other financing sources		-	7,932	7,932	7,932	-
Operating transfers out		(1,113,614)	(639,067)	(385,228)	474,547	253,839
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(8,117)	(119,086)	(119,086)	(110,969)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,694,167)	(1,328,872)	(1,328,877)	365,295	(5)
July 1, 2018		20,344,585	20,344,585	20,344,585	-	
June 30, 2019	\$	18,650,418 \$	19,015,713 \$	19,015,708 \$	365,295 \$	(5)

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Operating transfers out

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Federal sources 1,407,081 \$ 1,919,375 \$ 1,577,221 \$ 512,294 \$ (342, 154) 1,407,081 **Total Revenues** 1,919,375 1,577,221 512,294 (342, 154)**Expenditures:** Instruction 988,602 1,408,492 1,123,856 (419,890)284,636 Support services 320,437 402,586 375,805 (82, 149)26,781 Noninstructional services 54,680 70,599 44,241 (15,919)26,358 Total Expenditures 1,363,719 1,881,677 1,543,902 (517,958)337,775 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 43,362 37,698 (5,664)33,319 (4,379)Other Financing Sources (Uses): 4,379

Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(43,362)	(37,698)	(33,319)	5,664	4,379
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	-	-	-
July 1, 2018		-	-	-	-	
June 30, 2019	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-

(43, 362)

(37,698)

(33,319)

5,664

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Varian	
	5		<u>-</u>	Positive (N	
	 Budgeted A		Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 993,810 \$	1,177,277 \$	880,789 \$	183,467 \$	(296,488)
Total Revenues	 993,810	1,177,277	880,789	183,467	(296,488)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	588,905	656,187	453,307	(67,282)	202,880
Support services	374,723	494,195	403,820	(119,472)	90,375
Noninstructional services	 443	580	298	(137)	282
Total Expenditures	964,071	1,150,962	857,425	(186,891)	293,537
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 29,739	26,315	23,364	(3,424)	(2,951)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	(29,739)	(26,315)	(23,248)	3,424	3,067
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(29,739)	(26,315)	(23,248)	3,424	3,067
			440		440
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	116	-	116
July 1, 2018	 -	-	-	-	
June 30, 2019	\$ - \$	- \$	116 \$	- \$	116

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Twenty First Century Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

,				Variar Positive (N	
	 Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					_
Federal sources	\$ 5,319 \$	255,051 \$	224,474 \$	249,732 \$	(30,577)
Total Revenues	5,319	255,051	224,474	249,732	(30,577)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	1,615	188,732	174,436	(187,117)	14,296
Support services	2,516	64,091	49,563	(61,575)	14,528
Noninstructional services	 -	1,000	475	(1,000)	525
Total Expenditures	 4,131	253,823	224,474	(249,692)	29,349
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 1,188	1,228		40	(1,228)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	 (1,188)	(1,228)	-	(40)	1,228
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,188)	(1,228)	-	(40)	1,228
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-	-
July 1, 2018	 -	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
June 30, 2019	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Adult Basic Education Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

1 01 1110 1011 211000 00110 00, 2010					
				Varian	ices
			-	Positive (N	legative)
	 Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal revenue	\$ 498,734 \$	519,496 \$	519,496 \$	20,762 \$	
Total Revenues	 498,734	519,496	519,496	20,762	
Expenditures:					
Instruction	475,091	497,599	497,599	(22,508)	-
Support services	 23,643	22,125	22,125	1,518	
Total Expenditures	 498,734	519,724	519,724	(20,990)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 -	(228)	(228)	(228)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in	-	228	228	228	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -	228	228	228	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-	-
July 1, 2018	 -	-	-	-	
June 30, 2019	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	 2019 0.3228020%	2018 0.323209%	2017 0.316843%	2016 0.318904%	2015 0.319176%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 53,691,563	53,728,305	56,596,071	49,296,270	38,742,122
District's covered payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as	\$ 20,614,019	20,734,051 259.13%	20,269,206 279.22%	19,923,295 247.43%	19,503,283 198.64%
a percentage of its covered payroll					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,314,823	3,246,708	3,265,613	3,192,400	3,137,919
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 3,314,823	3,246,708	3,265,613	3,192,400	3,137,919
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	
District's covered payroll	\$ 21,046,495	20,614,019	20,734,051	20,269,206	19,923,295
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	 2019 0.49336911%	2018 0.48540223%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,816,457	3,808,510
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 20,614,019	21,807,787
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	18.514%	17.464%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.12911%	0.0000%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018 *
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 170,840	162,362
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 170,840	162,362
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 21,046,495	19,069,526
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.8117%	0.8514%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2023
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019			
	Catalog of		
	Federal		
Federal Grantor/	Domestic		
Pass-through Grantor/	Assistance	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Program Title	No.	Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	195MS326N1099	\$ 519,626
National school lunch program	10.555	195MS326N1099	1,503,517
Total child nutrition cluster			2,023,143
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,023,143
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,023,143
U.S. Department of Defense			
Passed-through Grenada County, Mississippi			
Flood control projects	12.106	N/A	22,170
Total U.S. Department of Defense			22,170
U.S. Department of Interior			
Direct program:			
Payment in lieu of taxes	15.226	N/A	218,940
Total U.S. Department of Interior			218,940
Federal Communications Commission			
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:			
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	N/A	53,508
Total Federal Communications Commission			53,508
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:			
Rehabilitation services - vocational rehabilitation grants to states	84.126	H126A180034	2,366
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Se	ervices		2,366
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Adult Education -basic grants to states	84.002	N/A	519,496
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A180024	1,577,221
Career and Technical Education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A180024	52,084
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	ES287AC180024	224,474
Rural education Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.358 84.367	ES358B180024 ES367A180023	71,324 16,557
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	ES424A180025	38,811
Subtotal	04.424	L3424A 100023	2,499,967
Special education cluster:			2,400,001
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A180108	889,420
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A180113	50,648
Total special education cluster			940,068
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			3,440,035
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,442,401
Corporation for National and Community Service			
Passed-through the Mississippi Institutes of Higher Learning:			
AmeriCorps	94.006	18AC199575	279,241
Total passed-through Mississippi Institutes for Higher Learning			279,241
Total Corporation for National and Community Service			279,241
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	1905MS5ADM	38,668
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			38,668
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			38,668
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 6,078,071

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Grenada School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Grenada School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Grenada School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Grenada School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$160,338 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 29,763,608 8,282,645	21,860,203 3,152,942	1,150,197 395,681	2,319,415 76,621	4,433,793 4,657,401
Total	\$ 38,046,253	25,013,145	1,545,878	2,396,036	9,091,194
Total number of students *	 4,008				
Cost per student	\$ 9,493	6,241	386_	598	2,268

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	8,339,944	\$ 8,213,457	\$ 8,379,425	\$ 8,147,730
State sources		18,686,212	18,115,371	18,546,386	18,621,606
Federal sources		344,399	343,267	359,568	987,250
Sixteenth section sources		815,149	456,260	439,562	519,972
Total Revenues		28,185,704	27,128,355	27,724,941	28,276,558
Expenditures:					
Instruction		16,251,167	15,984,873	16,331,184	15,832,513
Support services		13,122,240	12,522,984	12,179,186	12,073,296
Noninstructional services		466	612	575	979
Sixteenth section		21,622	25,953	3,917	160,140
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	137,871	-	
Total Expenditures		29,395,495	28,672,293	28,514,862	28,066,928
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		(1,209,791)	(1,543,938)	(789,921)	209,630
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recoveries		_	-	27,114	16,346
Sale of transportation equipment		7,202	601	5,611	-
Sale of other property		, -	718	3,152	_
Operating transfers in		251,008	221,433	503,681	235,490
Other financing sources		7,932	-	, -	, -
Operating transfers out		(385,228)	(245,240)	(1,120,379)	(173,748)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(119,086)	(22,488)	(580,821)	78,088
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(1,328,877)	(1,566,426)	(1,370,742)	287,718
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		20,344,585	21,912,669	23,283,411	22,995,693
Prior period adjustments		-	(1,658)	· · · · -	· · ·
Beginning of period, as restated		20,344,585	21,911,011	23,283,411	22,995,693
End of Period	\$	19,015,708	\$ 20,344,585	\$ 21,912,669	\$ 23,283,411
	_				

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 9,376,695	\$ 9,181,461	\$ 8,868,225 \$	8,600,451
State sources	20,692,952	19,936,132	20,395,423	20,469,303
Federal sources	6,080,299	5,989,651	5,903,223	6,590,671
Sixteenth section sources	875,961	538,801	488,930	583,896
Total Revenues	37,025,907	35,646,045	35,655,801	36,244,321
Expenditures:				
Instruction	21,301,872	20,406,519	20,133,641	19,561,146
Support services	14,469,314	13,907,902	13,686,849	13,763,024
Noninstructional services	2,088,588	1,917,576	2,014,505	1,916,347
Sixteenth section	63,644	79,284	47,481	211,680
Facilities acquisition and construction	102,735	691,404	276,531	· -
Debt service:	- ,	, .	-,	
Principal	_	520,000	245,000	235,000
Interest	18,800	33,848	43,593	53,193
Other	1,300	2,650	2,650	2,650
Total Expenditures	38,046,253	37,559,183	36,450,250	35,743,040
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (1,020,346)	(1,913,138)	(794,449)	501,281
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recoveries	_	_	27,114	16,346
Payment from QSCB debt service agent	142,944	143,000	143,000	-
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(142,944)	(143,000)	(143,000)	_
Sale of transportation equipment	7,559	601	5,611	_
Sale of other property	- ,,,,,,	1,698	3,152	_
Operating transfers in	636,236	466,673	1,624,060	409,238
Other financing sources	5,430	-		-
Operating transfers out	(636,236)	(466,673)	(1,624,060)	(409,238)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 12,989	2,299	35,877	16,346
Total Cities Financing Courses (Cocc)	 12,000	2,200	00,077	10,040
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (1,007,357)	(1,910,839)	(758,572)	517,627
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	23,934,048	25,866,105	26,608,401	26,086,154
Prior period adjustments	20,001,010	(11,494)	(3,575)	20,000,101
Beginning of period, as restated	23,934,048	25,854,611	26,604,826	26,086,154
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 (3,189)	(9,724)	19,851	4,620
End of Period	\$ 22,923,502	\$ 23,934,048	\$ 25,866,105 \$	26,608,401

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street
Belzoni, Mississippi 39038
Office: (662) 247-2416
Fax: (662) 247-2420

10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

ax. (002) 247-2420

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Grenada School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Grenada School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Grenada School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Grenada School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Grenada School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Grenada School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Grenada School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

October 28, 2019

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778

Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Grenada School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Grenada School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Grenada School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Grenada School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Grenada School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Grenada School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Grenada School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Grenada School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Grenada School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Grenada School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Grenada School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

October 28, 2019

INDEPENDEN'	T AUDITOR'S REPC	PRT ON COMPLIA	ANCE WITH STAT	E LAWS AND REG	SULATIONS

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420

Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

10 South Bancroft Street

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Grenada School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Grenada School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Grenada School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

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Belzoni, Mississippi

October 28, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:								
1.	Туре о	Unmodified						
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:							
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No				
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	None reported					
3.	Nonco	ments noted?	No					
Fed	eral Awa	ards:						
4.	Interna	l control over major programs:						
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No				
	b.	None reported						
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:							
6.	6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?							
7.	7. Identification of major programs:							
	CFD/	<u>ster</u>						
	84.02	tes						
	84.17	73	Special Education – preschool gr	ants				
	94.00	06	AmeriCorps					
8.	Dolla	\$750,000						
9.	Audit	Yes						
10.	 Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). 							

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.