

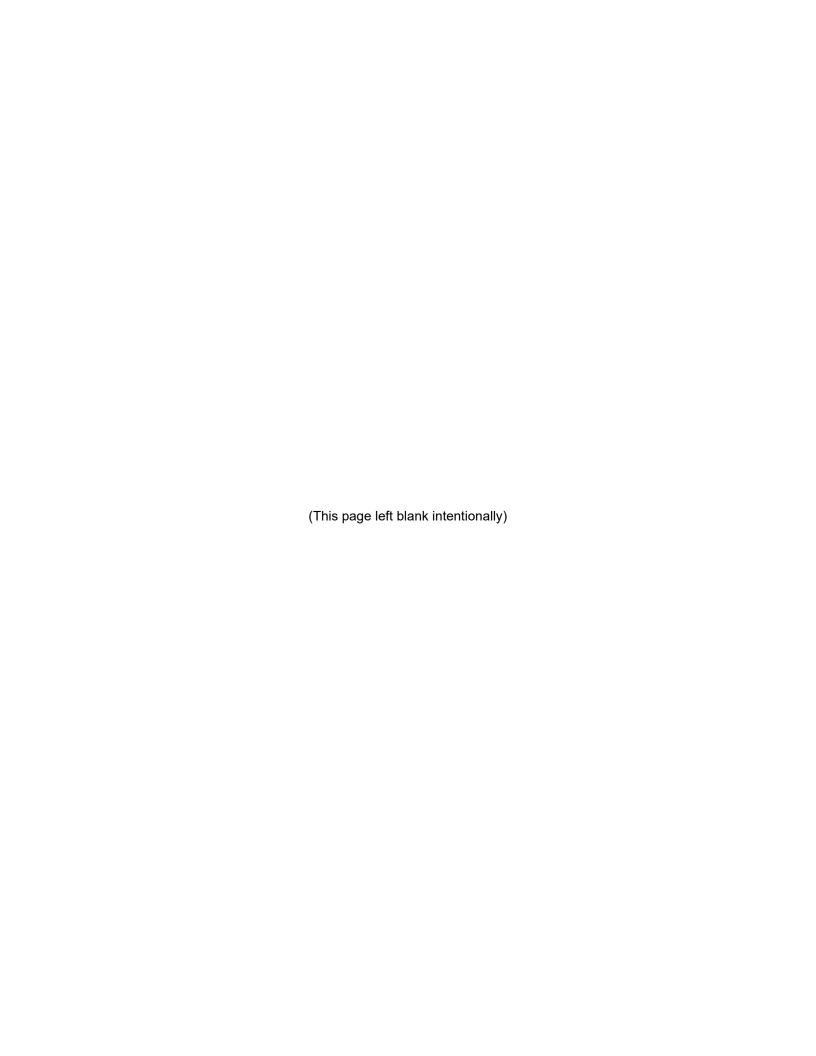
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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Hazlehurst City School District

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hazlehurst City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hazlehurst City School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hazlehurst City School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-13, 49-52, 53, 54, 55 and 56, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hazlehurst City School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 27, 2020, on our consideration of the Hazlehurst City School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hazlehurst City School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hazlehurst City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

90 CPA. PLLC

Madison, Mississippi August 27, 2020 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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The following discussion and analysis of Hazlehurst City School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

## **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$2,197,303, including a prior period adjustment of (\$17,743), which represents a 51% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$2,616,976, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,200,527), which represents a 153% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$11,746,639 and \$11,401,808, or 79% and 78% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,105,841, or 21% of total revenues for 2019, and \$3,287,068, or 22% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$17,032,040 and \$16,105,325 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$3,105,841 for 2019 and \$3,287,068 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$11,746,639 for 2019 and \$11,401,808 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$11,432,846 in revenues and \$12,191,148 in expenditures for 2019, and \$10,885,335 in revenues and \$10,783,129 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$1,230,945 from 2018 to 2019, including a prior period adjustment of (\$16,129) and decreased by \$136,335 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$5,389 for 2019 and decreased by \$404,783 for 2018. The increase for 2019 was due to the addition of mobile equipment during the fiscal year.
- Total long-term debt decreased by \$263,553 for 2019 and decreased by \$278,635 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$9,553 for 2019 and decreased by \$29,635 for 2018.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

# **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

## **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

## Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

## **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

## Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

# **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$6,527,186 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	е
	June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Change	
Current assets	\$ 9,551,986	\$ 10,618,833	(10.05)	%
Restricted assets	1,796,268	1,571,378	14.31	%
Capital assets, net	5,793,140	5,787,751	0.09	%
Total assets	17,141,394	17,977,962	(4.65)	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 2,798,361	 4,352,692	(35.71)	%
Current liabilities	225,135	148,905	51.19	%
Long-term debt outstanding	4,167,801	4,431,354	(5.95)	%
Net OPEB liability	1,472,054	1,394,470	5.56	%
Net pension liability	 19,758,639	19,855,647	(0.49)	%
Total liabilities	 25,623,629	 25,830,376	(0.80)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 843,312	 830,161	1.58	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	1,969,140	1,807,251	8.96	%
Restricted	3,446,432	3,122,343	10.38	%
Unrestricted	 (11,942,758)	(9,259,477)	(28.98)	%
Total net position	\$ (6,527,186)	\$ (4,329,883)	(50.75)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (11,942,758)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	19,275,644
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 7,332,886

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$5,389.
- The principal retirement of \$254,000 of long-term debt.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$19,758,639.
- Recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$ 1,472,054.

# Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$14,852,480 and \$14,688,876, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$17,032,040 for 2019 and \$16,105,325 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

		Year Ended June 30, 2019	 Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentaç Change	ge 
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	165,363	\$ 215,366	(23.22)	%
Operating grants and contributions		2,940,478	3,071,702	(4.27)	%
General revenues:					
Property taxes		4,293,699	4,371,249	(1.77)	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		6,679,347	6,672,484	0.10	%
Investment earnings		203,255	128,027	58.76	%
Sixteenth section sources		426,841	159,835	167.05	%
Other		143,497	 70,213	104.37	%
Total revenues		14,852,480	 14,688,876	1.11	%
Expenses:					
Instruction		6,910,487	5,863,989	17.85	%
Support services		6,282,689	6,291,032	(0.13)	%
Non-instructional		950,125	1,034,236	(8.13)	%
Sixteenth section		38,187	46,983	(18.72)	%
Pension expense		2,655,939	2,679,064	(0.86)	%
OPEB expense		109,674	98,428	11.43	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		84,939	 91,593	(7.26)	%
Total expenses		17,032,040	16,105,325	5.75	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(2,179,560)	 (1,416,449)	(53.87)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(4,329,883)	(1,712,907)	(152.78)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		(17,743)	(1,200,527)	98.52	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(4,347,626)	 (2,913,434)	(49.23)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(6,527,186)	\$ (4,329,883)	(50.75)	%

# **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Expenses				Percentage			
		2019		2018	Change			
Instruction	\$	6,910,487	\$	5,863,989	17.85 %			
Support services		6,282,689		6,291,032	(0.13) %			
Non-instructional		950,125		1,034,236	(8.13) %			
Sixteenth section		38,187		46,983	(18.72) %			
Pension Expense		2,655,939		2,679,064	(0.86) %			
OPEB Expense		109,674		98,428	11.43 %			
Interest on long-term liabilities		84,939		91,593	(7.26) %			
Total expenses	\$	17,032,040	\$	16,105,325	5.75 %			
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage			
		2019		2018	Change			
Instruction	\$	(5,717,059)	\$	(4.00=.044)				
0		(3,717,039)	Ψ	(4,907,811)	16.49 %			
Support services		(5,717,059)	Ψ	(4,907,811) (5,162,538)	16.49 % 5.44 %			
Support services Non-instructional		,	Ψ					
• •		(5,443,457)	Ψ	(5,162,538)	5.44 %			
Non-instructional		(5,443,457) 76,951	Ψ	(5,162,538) 167,117	5.44 % (53.95) %			
Non-instructional Sixteenth section		(5,443,457) 76,951 7,918	Ψ	(5,162,538) 167,117 (45,940)	5.44 % (53.95) % (117.24) %			
Non-instructional Sixteenth section Pension Expense		(5,443,457) 76,951 7,918 (2,655,939)	Ψ 	(5,162,538) 167,117 (45,940) (2,679,064)	5.44 % (53.95) % (117.24) % (0.86) %			

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$13,926,199 for 2019 and \$12,818,257 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$4,293,699 for 2019 and \$4,371,249 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$6,679,347 for 2019 and \$6,672,484 for 2018). In addition, there was \$426,841 and \$159,835 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$203,255 for 2019 and \$128,027 for 2018.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11,173,311, a decrease of \$920,513, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$17,743) and a decrease in inventory of \$5,829. \$7,535,208, or 67% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The remaining fund balance of \$3,638,103, or 33% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,230,945, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$16,129). The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$87,994, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$1,614) and a decrease in inventory of \$5,829. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Fund	no increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	no increase or decrease
Title IV-B 21st Century Fund	no increase or decrease
QSCB Investment Fund	\$ 222,438

## **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$12,306,991, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$312,657 from 2018 due primarily to the purchase of mobile equipment. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$6,513,851, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$413,959, resulting in total net capital assets of \$5,793,140.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	J	une 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentage Change
Land	\$	25,000	\$ 25,000	0.00 %
Buildings		1,645,047	1,685,101	(2.38) %
Building improvements		2,915,376	3,090,775	(5.67) %
Improvements other than buildings		211,260	221,320	(4.55) %
Mobile equipment		973,199	707,331	37.59 %
Furniture and equipment		23,258	58,224	(60.05) %
Total	\$	5,793,140	\$ 5,787,751	0.09 %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2019, the District had \$4,167,801 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$263,940 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$254,000 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$9,553 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2019	Jı	ıne 30, 2018	Percenta Change	•
Three mill notes payable	\$	610,000	\$	805,000	(24.22)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		3,519,000		3,578,000	(1.65)	%
Compensated absences payable		38,801		48,354	(19.76)	%
Total	\$	4,167,801	\$	4,431,354	(5.95)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

## **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Hazlehurst City School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Hazlehurst City School District, 119 Robert McDaniel Drive, Hazlehurst, MS 39083.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2019	
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,910,675
Due from other governments	569,042
Inventories	30,654
Prepaid items	41,615
Restricted assets	1,796,268
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	05.000
Land	25,000
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	4 045 047
Buildings	1,645,047
Building improvements	2,915,376
Improvements other than buildings	211,260 973,199
Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment	23,258
Total Assets	
	17,141,394
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,509,265
Deferred outflows - OPEB	289,096
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,798,361
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	141,291
Due to other governments	33,652
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	50,192
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	162,000
Capital related liabilities	162,000
Non-capital related liabilities	101,940 59,953
Net OPEB liability  Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	59,955
Capital related liabilities	3,662,000
Non-capital related liabilities	241,861
Net pension liability	19,758,639
Net OPEB liability	1,412,101
Total Liabilities	25,623,629
Deferred inflows of Resources	720 405
Deferred inflows - pensions	738,425
Deferred inflows - OPEB	104,887
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	843,312
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,969,140
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	913,273
Debt service	2,164,807
Forestry improvements	207,371
Unemployment benefits	29,457
Non-expendable:	10.1 - 0.1
Sixteenth section	131,524
Unrestricted	(11,942,758)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (6,527,186)

Statement of Activities			LDISTRICT			Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	1					EXIIIDIT B
						Net (Expense)
						Revenue and
						Changes in
		F	Program Revenues		_	Net Position
			Operating	Capital		
F (	_	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	_	Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction \$	6,910,487 \$	52,658 \$	1,140,770 \$	-	\$	(5,717,059)
Support services	6,282,689	-	839,232	-		(5,443,457)
Non-instructional	950,125	66,600	960,476	-		76,951
Sixteenth section	38,187	46,105	-	-		7,918
Pension expense	2,655,939	-	-	-		(2,655,939)
OPEB expense	109,674	-	-	-		(109,674)
Interest on long-term liabilities	84,939	-	<u>-</u>		_	(84,939)
Total Governmental Activities \$	17,032,040 \$	165,363 \$	2,940,478 \$		\$	(13,926,199)
		General Revenue	٥٠			
		Taxes:	5.			
		General purp	nose levies			4,072,683
		Debt purpose				221,016
			rants and contribu	tione:		221,010
		State	iants and continu	dons.		6,638,022
		Federal				41,325
			vestment earnings	•		203,255
		Sixteenth sec	•	•		426,841
		Other	iion oodiooo			143,497
			eral Revenues		_	11,746,639
						,,
		Change in Net Po	osition		_	(2,179,560)
		Net Position - Be	ginning, as previou	sly reported		(4,329,883)
		Prior Period Adj	ustments		_	(17,743)
		Net Position - Be	ginning, as restate	ed	_	(4,347,626)
		Net Position (defi	cit) - Ending		\$	(6,527,186)

#### **Governmental Funds** Exhibit C **Balance Sheet** June 30, 2019 Major Funds Title IV-B QSCB Other Total IDEA Part B General Title I 21st Century Investment Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds Assets 7,336,008 \$ Cash and cash equivalents - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,710,796 \$ 9,046,804 1,659,678 1,660,139 Cash with fiscal agents 461 113,936 Due from other governments 45,037 68,611 49,135 73,220 349,939 Due from other funds 393,746 3,246 787 33,155 431,084 150 Inventories 30,654 30,654 Prepaid items 41,615 41,615 Total assets 7,885,766 \$ 48,283 \$ 69,398 \$ 49,285 \$ 1,659,678 \$ 1,847,825 \$ 11,560,235 Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 133,812 \$ 1,428 \$ 3,769 \$ 150 \$ - \$ 2,132 \$ 141,291 33,652 46,855 65,629 49,135 50,362 245,633 Due to other funds **Total Liabilities** 167,464 48,283 69,398 49,285 52,494 386,924 **Fund Balances:** Nonspendable: Inventory 30,654 30,654 Permanent fund principal 131,524 131,524 Prepaid items 41,615 41,615 Restricted: 1,659,678 Debt service 555,321 2,214,999 207,371 Forestry improvement purposes 207,371 202,067 Grant activities 202,067 Unemployment benefits 29,457 29,457 Food service 634,332 634,332 Other purposes 4,605 4,605 Assigned: Activity funds 141,479 141,479 Unassigned 7,535,208 7,535,208 7,718,302 1,659,678 11,173,311 **Total Fund Balances** 1,795,331 7,885,766 \$ 48,283 \$ 69,398 \$ 49,285 \$ Total Liabilities and Fund Balances 1,659,678 \$ 1,847,825 \$ 11,560,235

HAZLEHURST CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds				
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019				
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 11,173,311		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:				
<ol> <li>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>				
Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$ 25,000 4,621,662 4,384,975 251,500 2,364,677 659,177 (6,513,851)	5,793,140		
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	Э			
Net pension liability	(19,758,639)			
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	2,509,265 (738,425)	(17,987,799)		
3. Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Net OPEB liability	(1,472,054)			
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	289,096 (104,887)	(1,287,845)		
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:				
Other bonds payable Notes payable	(3,519,000) (610,000)			
Compensated absences	(38,801)			
Accrued interest payable	(50,192)	(4,217,993)		
Net Position of governmental activities		\$ (6,527,186)		

		Governmental	Funds				
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Chang	ges in Fund Balances						Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	Major Funds						
	Title IV-B QSCB			Other	Total		
	General	Title I	IDEA Part B	21st Century	Investment	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$ 4,376,797 \$	58 \$	- \$	- \$	32,658 \$	308,005 \$	4,717,518
State sources	6,500,527	-	-	-	-	482,096	6,982,623
Federal sources	90,676	914,413	363,538	52,251	-	1,216,325	2,637,203
Sixteenth section sources	464,846	-	-	-	-	50,290	515,136
Total Revenues	11,432,846	914,471	363,538	52,251	32,658	2,056,716	14,852,480
Expenditures:							
Instruction	6,295,550	510,767	110,067	38,025	-	771,129	7,725,538
Support services	5,774,665	340,503	252,871	14,226	-	258,953	6,641,218
Noninstructional services	574	51,508	600	-	-	950,531	1,003,213
Sixteenth section	24,277	-	-	-	-	13,910	38,187
Debt service:							
Principal	59,000	-	-	-	-	195,000	254,000
Interest	35,650	-	-	-	-	48,243	83,893
Other	1,432	-	-	-	-	1,940	3,372
Total Expenditures	12,191,148	902,778	363,538	52,251	-	2,239,706	15,749,421
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	(758,302)	11,693	-	-	32,658	(182,990)	(896,941
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Payments held by escrow agent	-	-	-	-	189,780	-	189,780
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(189,780)	-	-	-	-	-	(189,780
Operating transfers in	47,693	-	-	-	-	340,059	387,752
Operating transfers out	(314,427)	(11,693)	-	-	-	(61,632)	(387,752
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(456,514)	(11,693)	-	-	189,780	278,427	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,214,816)	-	-	-	222,438	95,437	(896,941
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2018, as previously reported	8,949,247	-	-	-	1,437,240	1,707,337	12,093,824
Prior period adjustments	(16,129)	-	-	-	-	(1,614)	(17,743
July 1, 2018, as restated	8,933,118	-	-	-	1,437,240	1,705,723	12,076,081
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	-	-	-	-	-	(5,829)	(5,829
June 30, 2019	\$ 7,718,302 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	1,659,678 \$	1,795,331 \$	11,173,311

HAZLEHURST CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	3	
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(896,941)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
<ol> <li>Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:</li> </ol>		
Capital outlay	\$ 431,469	
Depreciation expense	(413,959)	17,510
<ol> <li>In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.</li> </ol>		(12,121)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	254,000 2,326	256,326
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
Dension synence	(2 GEE 020)	
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(2,655,939) 1,156,219	(1,499,720)
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
OPEB expense	(109,674)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	61,336	(48,338)
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:	3	
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory	9,553 (5,829)	3,724
Change in Net Position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(2,179,560)

Fiduciary Funds					
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position				Exhibit E	
June 30, 2019					
	Pri	vate-Purpose		Agency	
	Trust Funds		Funds		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,110	\$	789,098	
Due from other funds		-		33,652	
Other receivables				854	
Total Assets		26,110	\$	823,604	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-	\$	604,501	
Due to other funds		-		219,103	
Total Liabilities		-	\$	823,604	
Net Position					
Reserved for endowments		26,110			
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	26,110			

# **Fiduciary Funds** Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position **Exhibit F** For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Private-Purpose Trust Funds **Additions** Interest on investments Contributions and donations from private sources **Total Additions Deductions** Scholarships awarded **Total Deductions** Change in Net Position **Net Position** July 1, 2018 26,110

26,110

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

June 30, 2019

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# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

# A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Hazlehurst since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Hazlehurst City School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

# B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal sources received and expenditures incurred related to the District's Title I Program.

IDEA Part B Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal sources received and expenditures incurred related to the District's Special Education Program.

Title IV-B 21st Century Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal sources received and expenditures incurred related to the District's 21st Century Fund.

QSCB Investment Fund - This is a debt service fund that accounts for sinking fund payments made by the District, and the investment of such funds to be used for the repayment of the District's qualified school construction bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Scholarship Fund - This is a fund used to report a trust arrangement, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income benefit students through the awarding of scholarships.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for non-payroll type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> - Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year

basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

## D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

## E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

# 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

## 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

## 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

# 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other

inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

## 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

## 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$	0	0	
	Ψ	•	•	
Buildings		50,000	40 years	
Building improvements		25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years	
Leased property under capital leases		*	*	

(\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

## 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element,

deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB.

See Note 14 for further details.

#### 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

#### 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose,

benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

#### 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 7% of district maintenance revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

#### Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$9,046,804 and \$815,208, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$10,460,610 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$1,660,139.

#### Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 46,855
	IDEA Part B Fund	65,629
	Title IV-B 21st Century Fund	49,135
	Other governmental funds	50,362
	Fiduciary funds	181,765
Title I Fund	Fiduciary funds	3,246
IDEA Part B Fund	Fiduciary funds	787
Title IV-B 21st Century Fund	Fiduciary funds	150
Other governmental funds	Fiduciary funds	33,155
Fiduciary funds	General Fund	33,652
Total		\$ 464,736

The primary purpose of the inter-fund receivables and payables was to close out federal program funds as part of routine year-end closing procedures. The other inter-fund receivables and payables were to report funds due to and from the accounts payable and payroll clearing funds (agency funds) and various governmental funds. All inter-fund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 314,427
Title I Fund	General Fund	11,693
Other governmental funds	General Fund	36,000
	Other governmental funds	 25,632
Total		\$ 387,752

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, transfers to the unemployment compensation fund, and other routine operating transfers.

#### Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$136,129 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent balance totaling \$1,659,678 of the QSCB Investment Fund and the cash with fiscal agent balance totaling \$461 in the General Fund resulting from payments to a sinking fund for the repayment of the transportation equipment loan.

#### Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:		77 172010	IIICIEases	Decreases	0/30/2019
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$	25,000 \$	\$	\$	25,000
Total non-depreciable capital assets	Ψ	25,000 ¢	<u>Ψ</u>	<u>Ψ</u>	25,000
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings		4,621,662			4,621,662
Building improvements		4,384,975			4,384,975
Improvements other than buildings		251,500			251,500
Mobile equipment		1,933,208	431,469		2,364,677
Furniture and equipment		777,989		118,812	659,177
Total depreciable capital assets		11,969,334	431,469	118,812	12,281,991
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		2,936,561	40,054		2,976,615
Building improvements		1,294,200	175,399		1,469,599
Improvements other than buildings		30,180	10,060		40,240
Mobile equipment		1,225,877	165,601		1,391,478
• •				100 001	
Furniture and equipment		719,765	22,845	106,691	635,919
Total accumulated depreciation		6,206,583	413,959	106,691	6,513,851
Total depreciable capital assets, net		5,762,751	17,510	12,121	5,768,140
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	5,787,751 \$	17,510 \$	12,121 \$	5,793,140

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	<u></u>	Amount
Governmental activities:		
Instruction	\$	43,924
Support services		367,596
Non-instructional		2,439
Total depreciation expense	\$	413,959

#### Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

						Amounts
		Balance			Balance	due within
		 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2019	one year
A.	Three mill notes payable	\$ 805,000 \$	\$	195,000 \$	610,000 \$	200,000
В.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	3,578,000		59,000	3,519,000	62,000
C.	Compensated absences payable	 48,354		9,553	38,801	1,940
	Total	\$ 4,431,354 \$	- \$	263,553 \$	4,167,801 \$	263,940

#### A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	C	<u>Dutstanding</u>
Limited Tax Notes,						
Series 2016	2.00%	12/15/2016	12/1/2021	\$ 995,000	\$	610,000
Total				\$ 995,000	\$	610,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 200,000 \$	10,200 \$	210,200
2021	205,000	6,150	211,150
2022	 205,000	2,050	207,050
Total	\$ 610,000 \$	18,400 \$	628,400

This debt will be retired from the Limited Tax Note Debt Service Fund.

#### B. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	(	<u>Dutstanding</u>
<ol> <li>QSCB, Series 2009</li> <li>QSCB, Series 2012</li> </ol>	1.19% 5.00%	11/24/2009 10/24/2012	9/15/2024 10/24/2027	\$ 2,865,000 990,000	\$	2,865,000 654,000
Total				\$ 3,855,000	\$	3,519,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

#### 1. QSCB, Series 2009 issued on November 24, 2009:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ - \$	34,094 \$	34,094
2021	-	34,094	34,094
2022	-	34,094	34,094
2023	-	34,094	34,094
2024	-	34,094	34,094
2025	 2,865,000	34,094	2,899,094
Total	\$ 2,865,000 \$	204,564 \$	3,069,564

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Investment Fund (Debt Service Fund) and Educational Enhancement Building and Buses Fund (Special Revenue Fund).

The School District has pledged a portion of future Educational Enhancement Fund revenues to pay the annual sinking fund payments for the qualified school construction bonds payable. Proceeds of the bonds were used to improve various school facilities. The annual sinking fund

payments on the bonds are expected to require 100% of future Educational Enhancement Building and Buses Fund revenues until the final sinking fund payment is made on September 15, 2024.

#### 2. QSCB, Series 2012 issued on October 24, 2012:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 62,000 \$	32,700 \$	94,700
2021	64,000	29,600	93,600
2022	67,000	26,400	93,400
2023	70,000	23,050	93,050
2024	72,000	19,550	91,550
2025 – 2028	 319,000	40,700	359,700
Total	\$ 654,000 \$	172,000 \$	826,000

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund (General Fund).

Total qualified school construction bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 62,000 \$	66,794 \$	128,794
2021	64,000	63,694	127,694
2022	67,000	60,494	127,494
2023	70,000	57,144	127,144
2024	72,000	53,644	125,644
2025 – 2028	 3,184,000	74,794	3,258,794
Total	\$ 3,519,000 \$	376,564 \$	3,895,564

#### C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <a href="https://www.pers.ms.gov">www.pers.ms.gov</a>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions

and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,156,219, \$1,194,797 and \$1,206,827, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$19,758,639 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.118792 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was a decrease of 0.000652 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,655,939. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 77,816	\$ 83,750
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		553,658
Changes of assumptions	11,723	9,495
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,263,507	91,522
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,156,219	
Total	\$ 2,509,265	\$ 738,425

\$1,156,219 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 1,036,196
2021	162,221
2022	(494,942)
2023	(88,854)

Inflation

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

3.00 percent

Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected

rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of		 <u> </u>	 
the net pension liability	\$ 26.016.458	\$ 19.758.639	\$ 14.557.565

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$61,336 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,472,054 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.19029845 percent. This was an increase of 0.01257041 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$109,674. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 2,997	\$ 104,887
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		ŕ
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	224,763	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	61,336	
Total	\$ 289,096	\$ 104,887

\$61,336 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

#### Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$ 24,811
2021	24,811
2022	24,811
2023	24,811
2024	20,050
Thereafter	3,579

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation

Long-term Investment Rate of 4.50%

Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2018 Prior Measurement Date 2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Measurement Date 3.89%
Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	urrent	
	•	1% Decrease		iscount	1% Increase
		(2.89%)	R	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,631,735	\$	1,472,054	\$ 1,334,723

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare		
		Cost Trend				
				Rates		
	1	1% Decrease Current			1% Increase	
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,363,608	\$	1,472,054	\$	1,595,217

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 163,010
2021	163,010
2022	163,010
2023	163,010
2024	 163,010
Total	\$ 815,050

#### Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	 Amount
To record a prior year expenditure and correct negative balance in claims payable from prior year at the governmental fund level	\$ (17,743)
Total	\$ (17,743)

#### Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund Other governmental funds	To record a prior year expenditure To correct negative balance in claims payable from prior year	\$ (16,129) (1,614)
Total		\$ (17,743)

#### Note 11 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

#### Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 58 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

#### Note 13 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the subsidy payments amounted to \$29,815.

For the QSCB, Series 2009 issued on November 24, 2009, the school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2019 was \$1,659,678. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
2020	\$	206,000
2021		206,000
2022		206,000
2023		206,000
2024		206,000
2025		206,000
Total	\$	1,236,000
	-	

For the QSCB, Series 2012 issued on October 24, 2012, annual principal and interest payments are due on the anniversary of the date of issuance. The interest component consists of the annual interest that accrues at the per annum interest rate approved in the agreement. The district is, however, eligible for a direct cash subsidy to reimburse a portion of the interest paid on the QSCB.

#### Note 14 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$11,942,758) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,156,219 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$1,353,046 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$11,942,758) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$738,425 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$11,942,758) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$61,336 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$227,760 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$11,942,758) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$104,887 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

#### Note 15 – State Compliance Testing

The Mississippi Office of the State Auditor (OSA) has elected to perform procedures in relation to purchasing and compliance with state laws. This report should be viewed in conjunction with the report from OSA in order to gain a comprehensive understanding of the School District's operations. This report and OSA's report will be available on OSA's website at <a href="http://www.osa.ms.gov/reports">http://www.osa.ms.gov/reports</a>.

#### Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position/Balance Sheet date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position/Balance Sheet date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the School District through August 27, 2020 and determined that the following subsequent events had occurred which required disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

Subsequent to June 30, 2019, the School District Board of Trustees and Superintendent in March adhered to Governor Tate Reeves' Executive order to close schools for through the remainder of the school year. This was in response to the recent COVID-19 (coronavirus) worldwide pandemic.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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#### Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

1 of the four Endod Sand Co, 2010					Variand Positive (No	
		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	4,338,203 \$	4,340,253 \$	4,376,797 \$	2,050 \$	36,544
State sources		6,480,724	6,500,527	6,500,527	19,803	-
Federal sources		155,035	60,861	90,676	(94,174)	29,815
Sixteenth section sources		401,482	464,846	464,846	63,364	
Total Revenues	_	11,375,444	11,366,487	11,432,846	(8,957)	66,359
Expenditures:						
Instruction		5,858,732	6,295,550	6,295,550	(436,818)	-
Support services		5,382,262	4,972,063	5,774,665	410,199	(802,602)
Noninstructional services		-	574	574	(574)	-
Sixteenth section		71,100	33,877	24,277	37,223	9,600
Facilities acquisition and construction		2,000,000	801,524	-	1,198,476	801,524
Debt service:						
Principal		57,433	57,433	59,000	=	(1,567)
Interest		244,924	228,430	35,650	16,494	192,780
Other		3,000	-	1,432	3,000	(1,432)
Total Expenditures		13,617,451	12,389,451	12,191,148	1,228,000	198,303
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		(2,242,007)	(1,022,964)	(758,302)	1,219,043	264,662
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		-	-	(189,780)	-	(189,780)
Operating transfers in		950,000	393,726	47,693	(556,274)	(346,033)
Operating transfers out		(1,048,497)	(654,441)	(314,427)	394,056	340,014
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(98,497)	(260,715)	(456,514)	(162,218)	(195,799)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,340,504)	(1,283,679)	(1,214,816)	1,056,825	68,863
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2018, as previously reported		10,214,629	9,183,376	8,949,247	(1,031,253)	(234, 129)
Prior period adjustments		<u>-</u>	(98,487)	(16, 129)	(98,487)	82,358
July 1, 2018, as restated		10,214,629	9,084,889	8,933,118	(1,129,740)	(151,771)
June 30, 2019	\$	7,874,125 \$	7,801,210 \$	7,718,302 \$	(72,915)\$	(82,908)

#### Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Variances

	_				Positive (Negative)	
	_	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	- \$	- \$	58 \$	- \$	58
Federal sources		1,200,451	1,143,297	914,413	(57,154)	(228,884)
Total Revenues	_	1,200,451	1,143,297	914,471	(57,154)	(228,826)
Expenditures:						
Instruction		571,286	657,945	510,767	(86,659)	147,178
Support services		460,288	407,383	340,503	52,905	66,880
Noninstructional services		93,592	66,276	51,508	27,316	14,768
Total Expenditures		1,125,166	1,131,604	902,778	(6,438)	228,826
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		75,285	11,693	11,693	(63,592)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers out		(40,384)	(11,693)	(11,693)	28,691	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(40,384)	(11,693)	(11,693)	28,691	
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	34,901	-	-	(34,901)	
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2018	_	20,006	-	-	(20,006)	
June 30, 2019	\$	54,907 \$	- \$	- \$	(54,907)\$	

## Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

·						Variances			
	_					Positive	egative)		
		Budgete	d Ar	nounts		Actual	Original		Final
		Original		Final	(G	AAP Basis)	to Final		to Actual
Revenues:									
Federal sources	\$	577,015	\$	605,865	\$	363,538	28,850	\$	(242,327)
Total Revenues		577,015		605,865		363,538	28,850		(242,327)
Expenditures:									
Instruction		178,675		224,532		110,067	(45,857)		114,465
Support services		278,812		380,233		252,871	(101,421)		127,362
Noninstructional services		1,100		1,100		600	-		500
Total Expenditures		458,587		605,865		363,538	(147,278)		242,327
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures		118,428		-		-	(118,428)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers in		-		-		-	-		-
Operating transfers out		-		-		-	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-	-		
Net Change in Fund Balances		118,428		_		-	(118,428)		
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2018		89,005				-	(89,005)		
June 30, 2019	\$	207,433	\$		\$	- \$	(207,433)	\$	_

## Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title IV-B 21st Century Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

,		Variances Positive (Negative)			
	 Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ - \$	250,000	\$ 52,251 \$	250,000	(197,749)
Total Revenues	-	250,000	52,251	250,000	(197,749)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	-	182,850	38,025	(182,850)	144,825
Support services	 -	61,131	14,226	(61,131)	46,905
Total Expenditures	-	243,981	52,251	(243,981)	191,730
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 -	6,019	-	6,019	(6,019)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	 -	(6,019)	-	(6,019)	6,019
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -	(6,019)	-	(6,019)	6,019
Net Change in Fund Balances	 -	-	-	-	
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2018	 -	-		-	
June 30, 2019	\$ - \$	-	\$ - \$	- \$	

#### Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.118792%	0.119444%	0.103354%	0.098603%	0.104152%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 19,758,639	19,855,647	18,461,605	15,242,079	12,642,146
District's covered payroll	7,586,013	7,662,394	6,611,829	6,160,140	6,364,197
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

#### Required Supplementary Information

## SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

**PERS** 

Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	_	1,156,219	1,194,797	1,206,827	1,041,363	970,222
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	1,156,219	1,194,797	1,206,827	1,041,363	970,222
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	-	-	-	_
District's covered payroll		7,341,073	7,586,013	7,662,394	6,611,829	6,160,140
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	0.19029845	0.17772804
strict's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		1,472,054	1,394,470
District's covered-employee payroll		8,607,069	7,984,832
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.13	-

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

#### Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

**Last 10 Fiscal Years** 

		2019	2018	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	61,336	59,448	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 61,336		59,448	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	<u> </u>	
District's covered-employee payroll		7,341,073	7,586,013	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.84%	0.78%	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### HAZLEHURST CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### <u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

# HAZLEHURST CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### (2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

#### **OPEB Schedules**

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

## HAZLEHURST CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25% to 18.50%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2023
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information								
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards								
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019								
·	Catalog of							
	Federal							
Federal Grantor/	Domestic	Pass-through						
Pass-through Grantor/	Assistance	Entity Identifying	Federal					
Program Title	No.	Numer	Expenditures					
U.S. Department of Agriculture								
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:								
Child nutrition cluster:	10.553	10EMC226N11000	\$ 254.571					
School breakfast program National school lunch program	10.555	185MS326N1099 185MS326N1099	\$ 254,571 719,047					
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	185MS326N1099	15,687					
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	1031110320111033	989,305					
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			989,305					
U.S. Department of Defense								
Direct Program:								
Reserve Officers' Training Corps	12.xxx	N/A	49,351					
Total U.S. Department of Defense			49,351					
U.S. Department of Education								
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:								
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	ES010A170024	914,413					
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A180024	10,917					
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	ES424A180025	31,983					
Twenty First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	ES287C180024	52,251					
Rehabilitation Service	84.126	H126A180034	3,812					
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	ES367A170023	169,777					
			1,183,153					
Special education cluster:	a., aa=							
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A170108	363,538					
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A170113	10,530					
Total special education cluster  Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			374,068 1,557,221					
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,557,221					
Total 6.5. Department of Education			1,557,221					
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services								
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			41,326					
Medical assistance program	93.778	1805MS5ADM	41,326					
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			41,326					
Total U.S Department of Health and Human Services								
			\$ 2,637,203					
Total for All Federal Awards			Ψ					
Total for All Federal Awards								

#### HAZLEHURST CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Hazlehurst City School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Hazlehurst City School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Hazlehurst City School District.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Hazlehurst City School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 10,875,601 4,873,820	7,671,219 1,213,057	741,534 482,719	700,518 10,581	1,762,330 3,167,463
Total	\$ 15,749,421	8,884,276	1,224,253	711,099	4,929,793
Total number of students *	 1,334				
Cost per student	\$ 11,806	6,660	918	533	3,695

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

## Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 4,376,797	4,394,654 \$	4,252,537 \$	3,551,145
State sources	6,500,527	6,219,778	6,543,343	6,601,708
Federal sources	90,676	91,302	118,733	228,395
Sixteenth section sources	464,846	179,601	236,576	321,541
Total Revenues	11,432,846	10,885,335	11,151,189	10,702,789
Expenditures:				
Instruction	6,295,550	5,529,276	5,393,416	4,514,182
Support services	5,774,665	5,118,552	4,869,077	4,201,417
Noninstructional services	574			
Sixteenth section	24,277	36,268	26,895	40,921
Debt service:				
Principal	59,000	59,000	202,000	197,000
Interest	35,650	38,600	50,813	
Other	1,432	1,433	13,869	55,623
Total Expenditures	12,191,148	10,783,129	10,556,070	9,009,143
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(758,302)	102,206	595,119	1,693,646
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Notes issued		-	995,000	- [
Insurance recovery		-	303,495	-
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(189,780)	(203, 324)	(205,969)	
Operating transfers in	47,693	41,450	89,376	76,020
Operating transfers out	(314,427)	(74, 199)	(233,663)	(328,736)
Other financing uses		(2,468)	(159,658)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(456,514)	(238,541)	788,581	(252,716)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,214,816)	(136,335)	1,383,700	1,440,930
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	8,949,247	9,085,582	7,668,707	6,227,777
Fund reclassification	//a /a-:	-	-	
Prior period adjustment	(16,129)	<u> </u>	33,175	
Beginning of period, as restated	8,933,118	9,085,582	7,701,882	6,227,777
End of Period	\$ 7,718,302	8,949,247 \$	9,085,582 \$	7,668,707

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

## Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				_
Local sources \$	4,717,518	4,761,674 \$	4,568,133 \$	3,859,761
State sources	6,982,623	6,957,073	7,019,074	7,032,953
Federal sources	2,637,203	2,787,114	3,636,279	3,720,718
Sixteenth section sources	515,136	183,015	260,062	347,815
Total Revenues	14,852,480	14,688,876	15,483,548	14,961,247
Expenditures:				
Instruction	7,725,538	6,708,584	6,895,088	5,961,540
Support services	6,641,218	6,261,312	6,273,497	5,748,396
Noninstructional services	1,003,213	1,102,990	1,117,552	1,004,080
Sixteenth section	38,187	46,983	40,374	82,248
Debt service:				
Principal	254,000	249,000	202,000	224,937
Interest	83,893	99,870	81,305	90,513
Other	3,372	3,173	13,869	1,489
Total Expenditures	15,749,421	14,471,912	14,623,685	13,113,203
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(896,941)	216,964	859,863	1,848,044
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Notes issued	-	-	995,000	-
Insurance recovery	-	-	303,495	-
Payment held by QSCB debt escrow agent	189,780	203,324	205,969	205,989
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(189,780)	(203, 324)	(205,969)	(205,989)
Operating transfers in	387,752	146,343	349,381	446,948
Operating transfers out	(387,752)	(146,343)	(349,381)	(446,948)
Other financing uses		(2,468)	(160,367)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,468)	1,138,128	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(896,941)	214,496	1,997,991	1,848,044
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	12,093,824	11,872,328	9,836,262	7,982,834
Prior period adjustment	(17,743)	<u> </u>	32,568	1,107
Beginning of period, as restated	12,076,081	11,872,328	9,868,830	7,983,941
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	(5,829)	7,000	5,507	4,277
End of Period \$	11,173,311	12,093,824 \$	11,872,328 \$	9,836,262

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Hazlehurst City School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hazlehurst City School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise Hazlehurst City School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 27, 2020.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hazlehurst City School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hazlehurst City School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hazlehurst City School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did identify deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings for Questioned Costs as Finding 2019-001; 2019-002 and 2019-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hazlehurst City School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Hazlehurst City School District's Response to Finding

The Hazlehurst City School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Auditee's Corrective Action Plan. The Hazlehurst City School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

9D CPA. PLLC

Madison, Mississippi August 27, 2020





## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Hazlehurst City School District

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hazlehurst City School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Hazlehurst City School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Hazlehurst City School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of independent auditors' results section of the accompanying summary schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

## **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Hazlehurst City School District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hazlehurst City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hazlehurst City School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Hazlehurst City School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Hazlehurst City School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Hazlehurst City School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hazlehurst City School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

9D CPA, PLLC

Madison, Mississippi August 27, 2020 (This page left blank intentionally)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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## Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:		
1.	Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	a. Material weakness(es) identified? (Yes/No)	Yes
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? (Yes/None reported)	No
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? (Yes/No)	No
Fe	deral Awards:	
4.	Internal control over major programs:	
	a. Material weakness(es) identified? (Yes/No)	No
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? (Yes/None reported)	None reported
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? (Yes/No)	No
7.	Identification of major programs:	
	<u>CFDA Numbers</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluste</u>	<u>:r</u>
	10.553; 10.555; 10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster	
	84.027; 84.173 Special Education Cluster	
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? (Yes/No)	No
10.	Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). (Yes/No)	No

## Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests disclosed the following finding related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by Government Auditing Standards:

#### **Material Weakness**

## Finding 2019-001

#### Criteria:

Management is responsible for establishing an internal control system that ensures strong financial accountability and safeguards district's funds.

#### Condition:

During our testing, we noted that the district made a purchase that exceeded the board approved contractual amount without subsequent board approval.

#### Cause:

This is the result from a weakness in internal controls to ensure purchasing guidelines were met.

#### Effects:

The district increases the risk of an improper purchase with district funds not being detected and prevented in a timely manner. This could result in district's funds being misused by overpayment of expenses.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend the district's management strengthen internal controls to ensure that purchasing guidelines are properly followed.

## Views of Management:

See management's Corrective Action Plan.

#### **Finding 2019-002**

## Criteria:

Management is responsible for establishing an internal control system that ensures strong financial accountability and safeguards district's funds.

#### Condition:

During our testing of general disbursements, we noted instances where a purchase order was dated after an invoice date.

#### Cause:

This is the result from a weakness in internal control that ensures purchasing guidelines are met.

## Effect:

Lack of adequate internal controls over general disbursements could result in expenditures being made that were not properly authorized and misappropriation of public funds.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend the district implement controls and procedures to ensure that all expenditures are properly authorized prior to goods being ordered or services being rendered.

## Views of Management:

See management's Corrective Action Plan.

## **Finding 2019-003**

#### Criteria:

Management has the responsibility of designing, implementing and monitoring internal controls that provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting.

## Condition:

During our testing we noted that bank reconciliations had adjustments after year-end closeout and FETS were submitted.

#### Cause:

The cause of the condition appears to be lack of review of year-end journal entries posted to the general ledger. Management is aware of the control weakness but did not take sufficient steps to monitor or reduce those risks.

## Effect:

The effect of the condition results in a control deficiency of the district's financial reporting as it relates to properly recording liabilities and timely and accurately reconciling of bank accounts.

## Recommendation:

We recommend that the district strengthens internal controls to ensure that accounting entries are properly made and reviewed and bank accounts are timely and accurately reconciled.

## Views of Management:

See management's Corrective Action Plan.

## Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN



# **Hazlehurst City School District**

Excellence is the Expectation
Cloyd Garth, Jr., Superintendent
119 Robert McDaniel Drive Hazlehurst, MS 39083
PH: 601.894.1152 | FAX: 601.894.3170 | Web: www.hazlehurst.k12.ms.us

**BUSINESS SERVICES** 

#### **AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN**

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (UG), the Hazlehurst City School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Cost for the year ended June 30, 2019:

## Finding

#### 2019-001

## Corrective Action Plan Details

A. Contact person responsible for corrective action:

Name: Sherry Terry Title: Business Manager

B. Description of corrective action planned:

The district will strengthen controls and properly monitor its purchasing practices to ensure purchasing rules are followed.

C. Anticipated completion date of corrective action:

**Immediately** 

#### 2019-002

## Corrective Action Plan Details

A. Contact person responsible for corrective action:

Name: Sherry Terry Title: Business Manager

B. Description of corrective action planned:

The district will implement stronger controls and procedures to ensure that all expenditures are properly authorized prior to goods being ordered or services being rendered.

C. Anticipated completion date of corrective action:

Immediately



# Hazlehurst City School District

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**BUSINESS SERVICES** 

2019-003

## Corrective Action Plan Details

A. Contact person responsible for corrective action:

Name: Sherry Terry Title: Business Manager

B. Description of corrective action planned:

The district will strengthen internal controls to ensure that accounting entries are properly made and reviewed and bank accounts are timely and accurately reconciled.

C. Anticipated completion date of corrective action: Immediately

Truly,

Superintendent

Business Manager