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JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Jones County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jones County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Jones County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jones County School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 4-12 and 48-53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information,

although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Jones County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 21, 2020, on our consideration of the Jones County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Jones County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Jones County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brown CPA, PLLC Ridgeland, Mississippi February 21, 2020 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Jones County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 increased \$7,023,029, including a prior period adjustment of \$1,721,629, which represents a 37% increase from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$4,967,882, including a prior period adjustment of (\$8,246,118) due primarily to the recording of the net OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows, which represents a 35% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$67,629,851 and \$65,964,561, or 83% and 83% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$13,703,308, or 17% of total revenues for 2018, and \$13,609,913, or 17% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$76,031,759 and \$76,296,238 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$13,703,308 for 2019 and \$13,609,913 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$67,629,851 for 2019 were adequate to provide for these programs and general revenues of \$65,964,561 for 2018 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$63,942,433 in revenues and \$57,107,869 in expenditures for 2019, and \$61,742,057 in revenues and \$54,459,599 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$5,455,766 from 2018 to 2019, including a prior period adjustment of (\$249,547) and a decrease of inventory of \$42, and increased by \$3,227,856 from 2017 to 2018, including a prior period adjustment of \$2,796 and an increase of inventory of \$42.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$375,713 for 2019 and decreased by \$1,435,502 for 2018. The increase for 2019 was due to the additions of building improvements along with depreciation for the current period.
- Long-term debt, including compensated absences, decreased by \$3,499,545 for 2019 and decreased by \$6,177,248 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$40,627 for 2019 and decreased by \$131,265 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred

outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$12,200,287 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentaç Change	-
Current assets	\$ 37,726,821	\$ 31,992,806	17.92	%
Restricted assets	12,548,508	10,949,176	14.61	%
Capital assets, net	70,211,361	69,835,648	0.54	%
Total assets	 120,486,690	112,777,630	6.84	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 8,489,371	 11,918,294	(28.77)	%
Current liabilities	6,497,871	6,008,471	8.15	%
Long-term debt outstanding	22,335,514	25,835,059	(13.55)	%
Net OPEB liability	6,956,220	6,990,258	(0.49)	%
Net pension liability	101,666,374	102,422,050	(0.74)	%
Total liabilities	 137,455,979	 141,255,838	(2.69)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 3,720,369	 2,663,402	39.68	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	49,973,196	46,066,686	8.48	%
Restricted	23,089,761	20,999,909	9.95	%
Unrestricted	 (85,263,244)	 (86,289,911)	1.19	%
Total net position	\$ (12,200,287)	\$ (19,223,316)	36.53	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (85,263,244)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	104,520,427
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	_
liability effect	\$ 19,257,183
liability effect	\$ 19,257,183

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$375,713.
- The principal retirement of \$3,816,045 of long-term debt.
- Proceeds from the issuance of shortfall notes payable in the amount of \$275,873.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$101,666,374.
- Recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$6,956,220.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$81,333,159 and \$79,574,474, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$76,031,759 for 2019 and \$76,296,238 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended			Year Ended	Percentage	.
		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	Change	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	2,631,643	\$	2,688,336	(2.11)	%
Operating grants and contributions		11,071,665		10,921,577	1.37	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		19,835,783		19,715,158	0.61	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		44,441,427		43,537,238	2.08	%
Investment earnings		1,259,033		481,356	161.56	%
Sixteenth section sources		1,966,797		2,025,417	(2.89)	%
Other		126,811		205,392	(38.26)	%
Total revenues		81,333,159		79,574,474	2.21	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		41,676,360		38,588,925	8.00	%
Support services		18,218,598		18,987,814	(4.05)	%
Non-instructional		3,958,588		3,871,106	2.26	%
Sixteenth section		1,133,162		1,034,150	9.57	%
Pension expense		9,798,270		12,556,532	(21.97)	%
OPEB expense		385,914		401,368	(3.85)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		860,867		856,343	0.53	%
Total expenses		76,031,759		76,296,238	(0.35)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		5,301,400		3,278,236	61.72	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(19,223,316)		(14,255,434)	(34.85)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		1,721,629		(8,246,118)	120.88	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(17,501,687)		(22,501,552)	22.22	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(12,200,287)	\$	(19,223,316)	36.53	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	<u> </u>	Total	Percentage	
		2019	 2018	Change
Instruction	\$	41,676,360	\$ 38,588,925	8.00 %
Support services		18,218,598	18,987,814	(4.05) %
Non-instructional		3,958,588	3,871,106	2.26 %
Sixteenth section		1,133,162	1,034,150	9.57 %
Pension Expense		9,798,270	12,556,532	(21.97) %
OPEB Expense		385,914	401,368	(3.85) %
Interest on long-term liabilities		860,867	 856,343	0.53 %
Total expenses	\$	76,031,759	\$ 76,296,238	(0.35) %
		Net (Expe	Percentage	
		0040	0040	Observes

	 Net (Expe	nse) F	Revenue	Percentage
	 2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ (35,029,703)	\$	(31,846,366)	10.00 %
Support services	(16,078,166)		(17,021,099)	(5.54) %
Non-instructional	957,631		987,088	(2.98) %
Sixteenth section	(1,133,162)		(991,705)	14.26 %
Pension Expense	(9,798,270)		(12,556,532)	(21.97) %
OPEB Expense	(385,914)		(401,368)	(3.85) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (860,867)		(856,343)	0.53 %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (62,328,451)	\$	(62,686,325)	(0.57) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$62,328,451 for 2019 and \$62,686,325 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$19,835,783 for 2019 and \$19,715,158 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$44,441,427 for 2019 and \$43,537,238 for 2018). In addition, there was \$1,966,797 and \$2,025,417 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$1,259,033 for 2019 and \$481,356 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$43,859,195, an increase of \$6,815,333, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$321,925) and a increase in inventory of \$10,387. \$13,387,184, or 31% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$30,472,011, or 69% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$5,455,766, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$249,547), and a decrease in inventory of \$42. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a increase in the amount of \$592,693, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$72,378) and an increase in inventory of \$10,429. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
GO Debt Service Series 2007 Fund	\$ 45,812
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	\$ 721,062

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared to total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$111,514,476, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$807,489 from 2018, due primarily to the increase in construction in progress and the addition of improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment, and furniture and equipment. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$41,303,115, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$2,824,696, resulting in total net capital assets of \$70,211,361.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	e
Land	\$ 1,166,052	\$ 1,166,052	0.00	%
Construction in progress	-	2,662,498	(100.00)	%
Buildings	58,756,949	58,052,971	1.21	%
Building Improvements	6,192,183	3,598,393	72.08	%
Improvements other than buildings	419,368	314,532	33.33	%
Mobile equipment	3,259,310	3,671,044	(11.22)	%
Furniture and equipment	 417,499	370,158	12.79	%
Total	\$ 70,211,361	\$ 69,835,648	0.54	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$22,335,514 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$4,041,729 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District received proceeds from the issuance of a shortfall note in the amount of \$275,873. The District made principal payments totaling \$3,816,045 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$40,627 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Percenta Change	_
General obligation refunding bonds payable	\$ 19,885,000	\$ 23,023,000	(13.63)	
Three mill notes payable	1,020,000	1,515,000	(32.67)	%
Shortfall notes payable	529,360	436,532	21.26	%
Compensated absences payable	 901,154	 860,527	4.72	%
Total	\$ 22,335,514	\$ 25,835,059	(13.55)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Jones County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Jones County School District, 5204 Hwy 11 North, Ellisville, MS 39437.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Exhibit A

	Governmental Activities
Assets	Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,291,399
Investments	1,730,395
Due from other governments	5,538,744
Accrued interest receivable	20,603
Other receivables, net	41,537
Inventories	104,143
Restricted assets	12,548,508
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	12,040,000
Land	1 166 052
	1,166,052
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	E9 7E6 040
Buildings	58,756,949
Building improvements	6,192,183
Improvements other than buildings	419,368
Mobile equipment	3,259,310
Furniture and equipment	417,499
Total Assets	120,486,690
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt	666,835
Deferred outflows - pensions	7,182,228
Deferred outflows - OPEB	640,308
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,489,371
Liabilities	4 547 400
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,517,100
Due to other governments	1,745,133
Unearned revenue	153,901
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	81,737
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	2.724.000
Capital related liabilities	3,721,000
Non-capital related liabilities	320,729
Net OPEB liability	296,091
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	47.404.000
Capital related liabilities	17,184,000
Non-capital related liabilities	1,109,785
Net pension liability	101,666,374
Net OPEB liability	6,660,129
Total Liabilities	137,455,979
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	3,224,724
Deferred inflows - OPEB	495,645
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,720,369
Net Position	,
Net investment in capital assets	49,973,196
Restricted for:	43,373,130
Expendable:	
School-based activities	3,541,142
Debt service	2,053,187
Capital improvements	439
Forestry improvements	169,480
Unemployment benefits	161,680
	080,101
Non-expendable: Sixteenth section	17 162 922
Unrestricted	17,163,833
	(85,263,244) \$ (12,200,287)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (12,200,287)

The notes to the financials statements are an integral part of this statement.

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit B

Net (Expen	se)
Revenue a	and
Changes in	Ne
.	

		Program Revenues							Position
					Operating		Capital		
			Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:									
Instruction	\$ 41,676,360	\$	1,595,955	\$	5,050,702	\$	-	\$	(35,029,703)
Support services	18,218,598		23,649		2,116,783		-		(16,078,166)
Non-instructional	3,958,588		1,012,039		3,904,180		-		957,631
Sixteenth section	1,133,162		-		-		-		(1,133,162)
Pension expense	9,798,270		-		-		-		(9,798,270)
OPEB expense	385,914		-		-		-		(385,914)
Interest on long-term liabilities	860,867		-		-		<u>-</u>		(860,867)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 76,031,759	\$	2,631,643	\$	11,071,665	\$	-	\$	(62,328,451)

G

General Revenues:	
Taxes:	
General purpose levies	16,338,182
Debt purpose levies	3,497,601
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	44,022,942
Federal	418,485
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,259,033
Sixteenth section sources	1,966,797
Other	 126,811
Total General Revenues	 67,629,851
Change in Net Position	 5,301,400
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	(19,223,316)
Prior Period Adjustments	 1,721,629
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	 (17,501,687)
Net Position (deficit) - Ending	\$ (12,200,287)

The notes to the financials statements are an integral part of this statement.

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet June 30, 2019 Exhibit C

		N	Лаjor Funds				
•		G	O Debt Servic	е	Sixteenth	Other	Total
	General		Series 2007		Section	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund		Fund		Principal Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,564,691	\$	2,462,021	\$	10,576,731	\$ 5,264,687	\$ 40,868,130
Investments	1,368,323				1,971,777	362,072	3,702,172
Due from other governments	965,014		79,534			2,540,533	3,585,081
Accrued interest receivable	7,615				10,973	2,015	20,603
Other receivables, net	34,504				93	6,940	41,537
Due from other funds	8,476,051		1,719,279		62,637	1,338,885	11,596,852
Advance to other funds					6,882,356	-	6,882,356
Inventories	17,187		-			86,956	104,143
Total assets	\$ 33,433,385	\$	4,260,834	\$	19,504,567	\$ 9,602,088	\$ 66,800,874
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 3,071,363		-		909,438	\$ 536,299	\$ 4,517,100
Due to other funds	2,941,084		2,720,605		710,234	5,016,399	11,388,322
Advances from other funds	6,882,356					-	6,882,356
Unavailable revenue - federal programs						153,901	153,901
Total Liabilities	12,894,803		2,720,605		1,619,672	5,706,599	22,941,679
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	17,187		-			86,956	104,143
Permanent fund principal					10,281,477	-	10,281,477
Advances					6,882,356		6,882,356
Restricted:							
Debt service			1,540,229			594,695	2,134,924
Capital projects			-			439	439
Forestry improvement purposes						169,480	169,480
Food service						2,715,937	2,715,937
Unemployment benefits						161,680	161,680
Assigned:							
Activity funds	570,335						570,335
Capital improvements	6,563,876					166,302	6,730,178
Sixteenth Section					721,062	-	721,062
Unassigned	13,387,184		-		_	-	13,387,184
Total Fund Balances	20,538,582		1,540,229		17,884,895	3,895,489	43,859,195
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 33,433,385	\$	4,260,834	\$	19,504,567	\$ 9,602,088	\$ 66,800,874

The notes to the financials statements are an integral part of this statement.

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Exhibit C-1

\$ (12,200,287)

Total	fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 43,859,195
	nts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are ent because:		
1.	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
	Land	\$ 1,166,052	
	Buildings	86,518,887	
	Building improvements	10,989,921	
	Improvements other than buildings	604,744	
	Mobile equipment	9,555,737	
	Furniture and equipment	2,679,135	
	Accumulated depreciation	(41,303,115)	70,211,361
2.	Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Net pension liability	(101,666,374)	
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	7,182,228	
	Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(3,224,724)	(97,708,870)
3.	Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Net OPEB liability	(6,956,220)	
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	640,308	
	Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(495,645)	(6,811,557)
4.	Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
	General obligation bonds	(19,885,000)	
	Notes payable	(1,549,360)	
	Compensated absences	(901,154)	
	Unamortized charges	666,835	
	Accrued interest payable	(81,737)	(21,750,416)

The notes to the financials statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net Position of governmental activities

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit D

		Major Funds				
		GO Debt Service	Sixteenth		Other	Total
	General	Series 2007	Section		Governmental	Government
	Fund	Fund	Principal Fund	l	Funds	Funds
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 18,260,551	2,997,836		\$	1,850,167	23,108,55
State sources	44,400,749				1,456,910	45,857,65
Federal sources	455,871	-	-		9,199,563	9,655,43
Sixteenth section sources	 825,262		1,833,889		28,712	2,687,86
Total Revenues	63,942,433	2,997,836	1,833,889		12,535,352	81,309,51
Expenditures:						
Instruction	38,138,492	-	-		5,667,965	43,806,45
Support services	17,870,499	-	-		2,280,214	20,150,71
Noninstructional services		-			4,233,115	4,233,11
Sixteenth section	183,192		914,438		35,532	1,133,16
Facilities acquisition and construction	555,391	-			-	555,39
Debt service:						
Principal		2,595,000			1,221,045	3,816,04
Interest	360,295	357,024			69,959	787,27
Total Expenditures	57,107,869	2,952,024	914,438		13,507,830	74,482,16
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	 6,834,564	45,812	919,451		(972,478)	6,827,34
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Bonds and notes issued	275,873				-	275,87
Insurance recovery	23,649				-	23,64
Operating transfers in	7,364,036	-	-		2,236,757	9,600,79
Operating transfers out	 (8,792,767)	-	(198,389)	(609,637)	(9,600,79
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,129,209)	-	(198,389)	1,627,120	299,52
Net Change in Fund Balances	 5,705,355	45,812	721,062		654,642	7,126,87
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2018, as previously reported	15,082,816	1,494,417	17,163,833		3,302,796	37,043,86
Prior period adjustments	(249,547)		-		(72,378)	(321,92
July 1, 2018, as restated	 14,833,269	1,494,417	17,163,833		3,230,418	36,721,93
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	 (42)	-			10,429	10,38
June 30, 2019	\$ 20,538,582 \$	1,540,229	\$ 17,884,895	\$	3,895,489	43,859,19

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Exhibit D-1 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds 7,126,871 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: 1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay \$ 1,156,855 Depreciation expense (2,824,696)(1,667,841)The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Bonds and notes issued (275,873)Payments of debt principal 3,816,045 Accrued interest payable 28.614 3.568.786 Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include: Pension expense (9,798,270)Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 6,277,780 (3,520,490)4. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include: OPEB expense (385,914)Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 312,431 (73,483)Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences (40,627)Change in inventory 10,387 Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts (102,203)(132,443)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

5,301,400

Change in Net Position of governmental activities

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

Exhibit E

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		Agency Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,006	433,700
Investments		20,000	
Other receivables			1,040
Due from other funds			 1,795,687
Total Assets		23,006	\$ 2,230,427
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-	\$ 8,822
Due to other funds			2,004,217
Due to student clubs			 217,388
Total Liabilities		-	\$ 2,230,427
Net Position			
Reserved for endowments		23,006	
Total Net Position	\$	23,006	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit F

	Private-Purpos	
		Trust Funds
Additions		
Contributions and donations from private sources	\$	1,000
Total Additions		1,000
Deductions		
Scholarships awarded		
Total Deductions		-
Change in Net Position		1,000
Net Position		
July 1, 2018		22,006
June 30, 2019	\$	23,006

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Jones County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund - This is a permanent fund that accounts for the non-expendable revenues associated with earnings on sixteenth section lands and the investment earnings of these non-expendable resources.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Scholarship Funds – These two private purpose trust funds serve to report all trust arrangements.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for non-payroll type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> - Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial

capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the

U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Ca _l Pol	oitalization icy	Estimated Useful Life	
Lond	Ф	0	0	
Land	\$	0	0	
Buildings		50,000	40 years	
Building improvements		25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than build	ings	25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years	

See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows from advance refunding of debt, deferred outflows related to pensions, and deferred outflows related to OPEB. See Note 13 for further details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB. See Note 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 7% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$40,868,130 and \$436,706, respectively. The carrying amount of deposits in the government-wide financial statements was reported as cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$30,291,399 and a portion of restricted assets in the amount of \$10,576,731 (see Note 4).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$43,998,445 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
Money Market	Unrated	N/A	\$ 90,969
Certificate of Deposit	Unrated	2	\$ 20,000
U. S. Government Securities	Unrated	3-8	\$ 939,648
Corporate Bonds	Unrated	2-8	\$ 199,611
Municipal Bonds	Unrated	1-11	\$ 1,011,130
Fixed CMO's	Unrated	10-25	\$ 437,369
Federal Home Loan Banks	Unrated	3-14	\$ 988,251
Floating Rate MBS	Unrated	3	\$ 35,194
Total			\$ 3,722,172

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the investments listed above are considered level 1 inputs.

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	GO Debt ServiceBond Series 2007 Fund	\$ 2,720,605
General Fund	16th Section Principal Fund	650,415
General Fund	Other Government Funds	4,979,289
General Fund	Fiduciary Funds	125,742
GO Debt ServiceBond Series 2007 Fund	General Fund	1,166,342
GO Debt ServiceBond Series 2007 Fund	16th Section Principal Fund	59,819
GO Debt ServiceBond Series 2007 Fund	Fiduciary Funds	493,118
16th Section Principal Fund	General Fund	62,637
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	4,082
Other Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds	1,334,803
Fiduciary Funds	General Fund	1,708,023
Fiduciary Funds	Other Government Funds	37,110
Fiduciary Funds	Fiduciary Funds	 50,554
Total		\$ 13,392,539

The primary purpose of the inter-fund balances is to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows.

B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	General Fund	\$ 6,882,356
Total		\$ 6,882,356

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. A four percent interest rate is charged to the district in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 739,375	\$ 275,294	\$ 1,014,669
2021	715,594	245,719	961,313
2022	655,776	217,095	872,871
2023	679,186	190,864	870,050
2024	672,229	163,697	835,926
2025 - 2029	2,829,199	435,094	3,264,293
2030 - 2034	 590,997	45,320	636,317
Total	\$ 6,882,356	\$ 1,573,083	\$ 8,455,439

C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 1,920,976
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	General Fund	198,389
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	293,856
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	315,781
Total		\$ 2,729,002

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, the transfer of expendable sixteenth section sources, unemployment compensation transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$10,576,731 and investments balance of \$1,971,777 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2018	Completed Increases Construction Adjustments			Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:		7/1/2016	Increases	Construction	Adjustments	0/30/2019
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$	1,166,052 \$	\$		\$ \$	1,166,052
Construction-in-progress	Ψ	2,662,498	555,391	(3,217,889)	Ψ	1,100,032
Total non-depreciable capital assets	-	3,828,550	555,391	(3,217,889)		1,166,052
·	-	0,020,000	000,001	(0,211,000)		1,100,002
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings		86,518,887				86,518,887
Building improvements		7,808,681		3,217,889	(36,649)	10,989,921
Improvements other than buildings		409,437	121,496		73,811	604,744
Mobile equipment		9,350,568	299,840		(94,671)	9,555,737
Furniture and equipment		2,790,864	180,128		(291,857)	2,679,135
Total depreciable capital assets		106,878,437	601,464	3,217,889	(349,366)	110,348,424
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		28,465,916	1,596,998		(2,300,976)	27,761,938
Building improvements		4,210,288	452,268		135,182	4,797,738
Improvements other than buildings		94,905	21,237		69,234	185,376
Mobile equipment		5,679,524	671,400		(54,497)	6,296,427
Furniture and equipment		2,420,706	82,793		(241,863)	2,261,636
Total accumulated depreciation		40,871,339	2,824,696	-	(2,392,920)	41,303,115
Total depreciable capital assets, net		66,007,098	(2,223,232)	3,217,889	2,043,554	69,045,309
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	69,835,648 \$	(1,667,841) \$	-	2,043,554 \$	70,211,361

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount	
Governmental activities:		
Instruction	\$ 2,627,625	
Support services	86,590	
Non-instructional	 110,481	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 2,824,696	

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

						Amounts
		Balance			Balance	due within
		 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2019	one year
A.	General obligation refunding bonds payable	\$ 23,023,000 \$;	\$ 3,138,000 \$	19,885,000 \$	3,216,000
В.	Three mill notes payable	1,515,000		495,000	1,020,000	505,000
C.	Shortfall notes payable	436,532	275,873	183,045	529,360	275,671
D.	Compensated absences payable	860,527	40,627		901,154	45,058
	Total	\$ 25,835,059 \$	316,500	3,816,045 \$	22,335,514 \$	4,041,729

A. General obligation refunding bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
General obligation bonds 1. Series 2014	2.35%	6/25/2014	6/20/2021	\$ 3,720,000	\$ 1,125,000
General obligation bonds 2. Refunding, Series 2016	1.78%	4/21/2016	10/1/2025	\$ 22,015,000	\$ 18,760,000
Total				\$ 25,735,000	\$ 19,885,000

1. General Obligation bonds, Series 2014

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 556,000 \$	26,438 \$	582,438
2021	569,000	13,371	582,371
Total	\$ 1,125,000 \$	39,809 \$	1,164,809

This debt will be retired from the GO Debt Service Fund.

2. General Obligation bonds Refunding, Series 2016

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 2,660,000 \$	310,254 \$	2,970,254
2021	2,715,000	262,417	2,977,417
2022	2,770,000	213,600	2,983,600
2023	2,825,000	163,804	2,988,804
2024	2,925,000	112,630	3,037,630
2025	3,025,000	59,675	3,084,675
2026	 1,840,000	16,376	1,856,376
Total	\$ 18,760,000 \$	1,138,756 \$	19,898,756

This debt will be retired from the GO Debt Service Fund.

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 3,216,000 \$	336,692 \$	3,552,692
2021	3,284,000	275,788	3,559,788
2022	2,770,000	213,600	2,983,600
2023	2,825,000	163,804	2,988,804
2024	2,925,000	112,630	3,037,630
2025	3,025,000	59,675	3,084,675
2026	 1,840,000	16,376	1,856,376
Total	\$ 19,885,000 \$	1,178,565 \$	21,063,565

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2019, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was less than 5.8% of property assessments as of October 1, 2018.

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
Three mill note,						
Series 2003	1.25-4.35%	8/4/2003	10/1/2020	\$ 6,500,000	\$	1,515,000
Total				\$ 6,500,000	\$	1,515,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
	 •		rotar
2020	\$ 505,000 \$	12,664 \$	517,664
2021	 515,000	4,249	519,249
Total	\$ 1,020,000 \$	16,913 \$	1,036,913

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Fund (Debt Service Fund).

C. Shortfall notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	0	utstanding
Shortfall Note, Series 2016	1.90%	7/29/2016	7/29/2019	\$	360,129	\$	122,309
Shortfall Note, Series 2017	2.70%	8/8/2017	8/8/2020	\$	194,194	\$	131,178
Shortfall Note, Series 2018	3.70%	8/6/2018	8/6/2021		275,873		275,873
				\$	830,196	\$	529,360
				ì			

The following schedules by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Shortfall Note, Series 2016

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 122,309 \$	2,324 \$	124,633
Total	\$ 122,309 \$	2,324 \$	124,633

This debt will be retired from the shortfall debt service fund.

Shortfall Note, Series 2017

Year	Ending
1	20

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	64,718	3,542	68,260
2021	\$ 66,460 \$	1,799 \$	68,259
Total	\$ 131,178 \$	5,341 \$	136,519

This debt will be retired from the shortfall debt service fund.

Shortfall Note, Series 2018

Υ	ear	Er	ndi	ng

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June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	88,644	10,207	98,851
2021	91,905	6,927	98,832
2022	\$ 95,324 \$	3,527 \$	98,851
Total	\$ 275,873 \$	20,661 \$	296,534

This debt will be retired from the shortfall debt service fund.

Total Shortfall note payments for all issues:

Year Ending

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 275,671 \$	16,073 \$	291,744
2021	158,365	8,726	167,091
2022	 95,324	3,527	98,851
Total	\$ 529,360 \$	28,326 \$	557,686

D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$6,277,780, \$6,147,718 and \$6,225,217, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$101,666,374 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.611234 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an decrease of 0.004898 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$9,798,270. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 446,177	\$ 432,009
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,736,483
Changes of assumptions	60,467	56,232
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	397,804	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,277,780	
Total	\$ 7,182,228	\$ 3,224,724

\$6,277,780 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 1,244,942
2021	(497,172)
2022	(2,610,840)
2023	(457,206)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 133,865,441	\$ 101,666,374	\$ 74,904,697

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$312,431 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$6,956,220 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.89925931 percent. This was an increase of 0.00833677 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$385,914. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 14,163	\$ 495,645
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		100,010
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	313,714	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	312,431	
Total	\$ 640,308	\$ 495,645

\$312,431 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$ (32,188)
2021	(32,188)
2022	(32,188)
2023	(32,188)
2024	(29,598)
Thereafter	(9,418)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation

Long-term Investment Rate of 4.50%

Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2018 Prior Measurement Date 2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			(Current	
	1	% Decrease	I	Discount	1% Increase
		(2.89%)	ı	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	7.710.798	\$	6.956.220	\$ 6.307.261

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare		
	Cost Trend				
	Rates				
	1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 6,443,759	\$	6,956,220	\$	7,538,230

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 167,697
2021	158,604
2022	127,671
2023	98,531
2024 - 2028	375,584
2029 - 2033	313,236
2034 - 2038	235,851
2039 - 2043	147,776
2044 - 2048	12,600
2049 - 2053	5,400
Thereafter	 2,160
Total	\$ 1,645,110

Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 11 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

	Explanation	Amount
1.	To restate fund balance for the effect of recording the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows related to OPEB, and OPEB expense	\$ (6,634,711)
2.	To correct capital asset balances from prior periods	(1,526,299)
3.	An increase/decrease in a revenue or expenditure from a prior period	(85,108)
	Total	\$ (8,246,118)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	An increase/decrease in a revenue or expenditure from a prior period	\$ 2,796
Other governmental funds	An increase/decrease in a revenue or expenditure from a prior period	(87,904)
Total		\$ (85,108)

Note 12 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$49,973,196 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt. The \$666,835 balance of deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next seven years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$85,263,244) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$6,277,780 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$904,448 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as pension expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 4 years. The \$3,224,724 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position amount over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$85,263,244) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB. The deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$312,431 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$327,877 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as pension expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 6 years. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources totaling \$495,645 related to OPEB at June 30, 2019, will be recognized in OPEB revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 14 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Jones County School District received \$23,649 in insurance loss recoveries related to property damage during the 2018-2019 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services within support services.

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Jones County School District evaluated the activity of the district through February 21, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Variances

						_	Positive	(Ne	gative)
_		Budget	ed A	mounts	Actual		Original		Final
_		Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:									_
Local sources	\$	18,133,087	\$	18,639,087	\$ 18,260,551	\$	506,000	\$	(378,536)
State sources		43,860,066		43,860,066	44,400,749		-		540,683
Federal sources		221,400		221,400	455,871		-		234,471
Sixteenth section sources		486,993		486,993	825,262		-		338,269
Total Revenues		62,701,546		63,207,546	63,942,433		506,000		734,887
Expenditures:									
Instruction		38,805,112		39,403,496	38,138,492		(598,384)		1,265,004
Support services		18,617,985		18,656,206	17,870,499		(38,221)		785,707
Non-instructional									
Sixteenth Section		233,319		234,144	183,192		(825)		50,952
Facilities acquisition and construction	n	2,029,500		2,033,725	555,391		(4,225)		1,478,334
Debt service:									
Principal		1,098,917		1,098,917			-		1,098,917
Interest					360,295		-		(360,295)
Total Expenditures		60,784,833		61,426,488	57,107,869		(641,655)		4,318,619
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures		1,916,713		1,781,058	6,834,564		(135,655)		5,053,506
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Bonds and notes issued					275,873		-		275,873
Insurance recovery					23,649		-		23,649
Operating transfers in		6,240,157		7,330,157	492,245		1,090,000		(6,837,912)
Operating transfers out		(8,665,293)		(9,075,745)	(1,920,976)		(410,452)		7,154,769
Other financing uses							-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,425,136)		(1,745,588)	(1,129,209)		679,548		616,379
Net Change in Fund Balances		(508,423)		35,470	5,705,355		543,893		5,669,885
Fund Balances:									
7/1/2018, as originally reported		15,082,816		15,082,816	15,082,816		-		-
Prior Period adjustments					(249,547)				(249,547)
7/1/2018, restated		15,082,816		15,082,816	14,833,269		-		(249,547)
Increase in inventory					(42)		-		(42)
June 30, 2019	\$	14,574,393	\$	15,118,286	\$ 20,538,582	\$	543,893	\$	5,420,296

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Jones County School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.611234%	0.616132%	0.612079%	0.605659%	0.611916%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	101,666,374 \$	102,422,050 \$	109,332,593 \$	93,622,938 \$	74,275,398
District's covered payroll	\$	39,033,130 \$	39,525,187 \$	39,156,159 \$	37,838,127 \$	37,374,171
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		260.4618%	259.1311%	279.2220%	247.4302%	198.7346%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.490%	61.490%	57.468%	61.704%	67.208%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Jones County School District Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	6,277,780 \$	6,147,718 \$	6,225,217 \$	6,167,095 \$	5,959,505
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		6,277,780	6,147,718	6,225,217	6,167,095	5,959,505
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	39,858,921 \$	39,033,130 \$	39,525,187 \$	39,156,159 \$	37,838,127
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Jones County School District Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.89925931%	0.89092254%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 6,956,220 \$	6,990,258
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 40,672,887 \$	40,026,700
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Jones County School District Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 312,431 \$	298,005
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	312,431	298,005
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0 \$	0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 39,858,921 \$	39,033,130
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.78%	0.76%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 5.00%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2023

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

pension plan investment expense, 3.56%

including price inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the real Linea Julie 30, 2019	Catalog of Federal	Does through		
	Domestic	Pass-through Entity Identifying		Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance No.	Number		Expenditures
	710010101100110.	Hambon		<u> </u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:				
Child nutrition cluster:	40.550	405MC000N4000	Φ	000 704
School breakfast program	10.553	195MS326N1099 195MS326N1099	\$	839,734
National school lunch program	10.555			2,778,806
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	195MS326N1099		59,450
Total child nutrition cluster				3,677,990
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education				3,677,990
Passed through Jones County Board of Supervisors: Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665			EE 100
	10.665		_	55,480
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			_	3,733,470
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:				
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A180024		2,871,576
Career and technical educational agencies	84.048	V048A180024		98,551
Rural Education	84.358	ES358B180024		179,540
English Language acquisition grants	84.365	ES365A180024		72,655
Supporting Effective Instruction state grants	84.367	ES367A180023		165,684
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	ES424A180025		9,721
Subtotal				3,397,727
Special education cluster:				
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A180108		1,726,410
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A180113		73,501
Total special education cluster				1,799,911
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education				5,197,638
Total U.S. Department of Education				5,197,638
Total 6.5. Department of Education				3, 197,030
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:				
Medical assistance program	93.778	1905MS5ADM		207,757
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education				207,757
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				207,757
Social Security Administration				
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:				
Social Security Disability Insurance	96.001	04-19-04MSDI00		18,781
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Service		01 10 0 111102100		18,781
Total Social Security Administration			-	18,781
. Sai Social Society Administration				10,701
Total for All Federal Awards			\$	9,157,646
Iotal Iol All I Gudial Awalus			Ψ	J, 101,040

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Jones County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Jones County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Jones County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Jones County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 54,352,492 20,129,669	42,874,964 5,629,096	751,137 549,572	3,651,013 154,540	7,075,378 13,796,461
Total	\$ 74,482,161	48,504,060	1,300,709	3,805,553	20,871,839
Total number of students *	 8,620				
Cost per student	\$ 8,640	5,627	151	441	2,421

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2019	2018*		2017*	2016*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 18,260,551	\$ 18,247,377	\$	17,715,681	\$ 17,614,153
State sources	44,400,749	42,248,760		40,647,630	40,341,118
Federal sources	455,871	529,315		949,481	844,577
Sixteenth Section sources	 825,262	716,605		867,580	980,942
Total Revenues	 63,942,433	61,742,057		60,180,372	59,780,790
Expenditures:					
Instruction	38,138,492	35,821,247		36,100,292	36,168,172
Support services	17,870,499	17,644,687		20,016,055	18,002,024
Sixteenth Section	183,192	99,616		117,944	177,107
Facilities acquisition and construction	555,391	•		18,977	298,536
Debt Service:	,			-,-	,
Principal		651,386		635,312	619,636
Interest	360,295	242,663		279,844	245,226
Total Expenditures	 57,107,869	54,459,599		57,168,424	55,510,701
Formas (Deficiency) of December					_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	0.004.504	7 000 450		0.044.040	4.070.000
over (under) Expenditures	 6,834,564	7,282,458		3,011,948	4,270,089
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance Recovery	23,649	3,654		29,341	
Bonds or notes issued	275,873	194,194		360,129	
Sale of transportation equipment					505
Sale of other property					7,211
Operating transfers in	492,245	751,064		354,703	409,890
Operating transfers out	(1,920,976)	(5,006,352))	(2,207,217)	(2,368,022)
Other financing sources					9,817
Other financing uses				(330,340)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,129,209)	(4,057,440))	(1,793,384)	(1,940,599)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 5,705,355	3,225,018		1,218,564	2,329,490
Fund Balances:					
July 1, as previously reported	15,082,816	11,854,960		10,634,917	8,356,498
Prior Period adjustments	(249,547)	2,796		765	(51,680)
Beginning of period, as restated	14,833,269	11,857,756		10,635,682	8,304,818
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for inventory	(42)	 42		714	609
End of Period	\$ 20,538,582	\$ 15,082,816	\$	11,854,960	\$ 10,634,917

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISCTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2019		2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:						_
Local sources	\$	23,108,554 \$		22,726,635 \$	22,272,823 \$	22,166,585
State sources		45,857,659		45,093,459	42,964,825	42,852,100
Federal sources		9,655,434		9,365,358	10,027,544	9,502,937
Sixteenth section sources		2,687,863		2,385,368	1,773,098	2,024,065
Total Revenues		81,309,510		79,570,820	77,038,290	76,545,687
Expenditures:						
Instruction		43,806,457		41,502,622	41,552,674	41,897,919
Support services		20,150,713		19,814,107	21,989,195	20,083,555
Noninstructional services		4,233,115		4,134,705	4,270,760	4,048,973
Sixteenth Section		1,133,162		1,034,150	623,823	686,115
Facilities acquisition and construction		555,391		2,662,498	18,977	298,536
Debt service:						
Principal		3,816,045		6,240,177	5,087,001	4,781,405
Interest		787,278		821,589	996,501	1,658,593
Other				2,025	2,000	221,717
Total Expenditures		74,482,161		76,211,873	74,540,931	73,676,813
Former (Definition) of December						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		6 007 040		2 250 047	2 407 250	0.000.074
over (under) Expenditures	-	6,827,349		3,358,947	2,497,359	2,868,874
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Bonds and Notes issued		275,873		194,194	360,129	22,015,000
Payment held by refunding escrow agent						(21,797,883)
Sale of transportation equipment						505
Sale of other property						7,211
Insurance Recovery		23,649		3,654	29,341	
Other financing sources						13,233
Operating transfers in		2,729,002		6,056,299	2,855,848	3,043,139
Operating transfers out		(2,729,002)		(6,056,299)	(2,855,848)	(3,043,139)
Other financing uses		,		,	(330,340)	,
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		299,522		197,848	59,130	238,066
Net Change in Fund Balances		7,126,871		3,556,795	2,556,489	3,106,940
Fund Balances:						
July 1, as originally reported		37,043,862		33,573,873	31,306,102	28,275,437
Prior period adjustment		(321,925)		(85,108)	(318,137)	
July 1, restated		36,721,937		33,488,765	30,987,965	<u>(71,648)</u> 28,203,789
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		10,387		(1,698)	29,419	(4,627)
morease (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		10,501		(1,030)	23,413	(4,021)
End of Period	\$	43,859,195 \$	I	37,043,862 \$	33,573,873 \$	31,306,102

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Phone: 601-325-6013

Fax: 601-202-3038

Superintendent and School Board Jones County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jones County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Jones County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 21, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Jones County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Jones County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jones County School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs (**Finding 2019-001 and Finding 2019-002)** to be significant deficiencies.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned cost, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Jones County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not

express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Jones County School District's Response to Findings

Jones County School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of auditee's corrective actions. Jones County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brown CPA, PLLC

Brown CPA, PLLC Ridgeland, Mississippi February 21, 2020

BROWN CPA, PLLC

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Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report
on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Phone: 601-325-6013

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Superintendent and School Board Jones County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Jones County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Jones County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Jones County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Jones County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Jones County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide legal determination of Jones County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Jones County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Jones County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Jones County School District's internal control over

compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jones County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brown CPA, PLLC

Brown CPA, PLLC Ridgeland, Mississippi February 21, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	3

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Jones County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jones County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Jones County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 21, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Brown CPA, PLLC Ridgeland, Mississippi February 21, 2020

Brown CPA, PLLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:				
1.	Type of auditor's report issued:			Unmodified
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:			
	a. Material weaknesses identified?		No	
	b. Significant deficiencies identified?		Yes	
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		No	
Federal Awards:				
4.	Internal control over major programs:			
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?		None reported
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:			Unmodified
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?			Yes
7.	Identification of major programs:			
	CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program or Clust		<u>er</u>	
	10.553	3; 10.555; 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster	
	84.010 Title I grants to local educational ag		encies	
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:			\$750,000
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			No
10.	Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal			

Yes

awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of

prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Significant Deficiency Not Considered to be a Material Weakness

2019-001 Finding

Controls Surrounding timely Bank Reconciliations

Repeat finding from 2018-001

Criteria:

Management is responsible for establishing a proper internal control system to ensure strong financial accountability and safeguarding of assets. A critical aspect of effective financial management is the maintenance of accurate accounting records. An important aspect of effective internal controls over cash balances by the district is the control activity of the timely update of bank reconciliations to the ledger. The district should have monthly reconciliations of the bank statements to maintain accurate accounts of all district assets. The district should provide monthly updates to the governing board for review of the bank reconciliations.

Condition:

During our test of internal controls over bank reconciliations we found that:

- 1. The district is reconciling bank statements quarterly instead of monthly.
- 2. Bank reconciliations were not provided to the school board monthly.

Effect:

These noted areas were caused by a lack timely reconciliations of bank statements.

Recommendation:

The lack of timely bank reconciliations could lead to assets being unreported or errors uncorrected for an extended period of time.

Recommendation

The district should implement procedures and controls with regard to the timely reconciliation of the bank statements by reconciling them monthly. The district should implement a process for the review of bank reconciliation by the superintendent and the members of the board each month.

View of Responsible Officials:

The district will implement an improved system of internal controls. This has now been corrected by the district.

JONES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

2019-002 Finding

Capital assets should be properly documented and reported in the district's financial statements.

Criteria:

Management is responsible for establishing a proper internal control system to ensure strong financial accountability and safeguarding of assets. This includes reviewing and updating the capital assets and depreciation reports to reflect the physical inventory. Proper documentation should also be filed for asset transfers, disposals, and tagging.

Condition:

We noted the following items while testing capital assets:

1. Construction in progress and other Capital asset line items are not being reconciled monthly. The district did not have a reconciled total of construction items that should have been capitalized.

Cause:

The district lacks appropriate controls to ensure all asset procedures are implemented and properly recorded.

Effect:

This caused the district to not be able to substantiate existence of the capital asset tested for physical inspection and could question the validity of balances at year end.

Recommendation:

The district should implement procedures and internal controls with regard to the purchase, disposal, and transfer of fixed assets by reconciling them monthly to current month additions and board approved disposals of equipment. The district should also require an annual inventory of all capital assets within the district. The proper transfer paperwork should be submitted when an asset is moved to a new location within the district and each asset should be tagged with the number assigned by the software. The district should track and reconcile large construction projects to ensure all cost are captured and recorded accurately when the projects are completed.

View of Responsible Officials:

The district will implement an improved system of internal controls.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Jones County School District 5204 Hwy 11 North Office of the Superintendent Ellisville, Mississippi 39437 Tommy Parker, Superintendent Sarah Sumrall, Business Manager

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

As required by the Uniform Guidance, the Jones County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Finding Corrective Action Plan Details

2019-001 Bank reconciliations will be done timely and provided to the superintendent and

board monthly.

A. Name of contact person responsible for corrective action:

Name: Sarah Sumrall Title: Business Manager

B. It has been corrected before the issuance of the report.

Corrective action planned:

The district has implemented controls to ensure that bank statements are reconciled monthly. District will implement a process to provide reconciled statements to the superintendent and the board each month.

Finding Corrective Action Plan Details

2019-002 Monthly reconciliations will be done on capital assets and reconciliations will be

kept on Construction in progress.

A. Name of contact person responsible for corrective action:

Name: Sarah Sumrall Title: Business Manager

B. Expected date of completion is June 30, 2020

Corrective action planned:

The district will implement controls to ensure that capital assets are reconciled monthly.

Jones County School District 5204 Hwy 11 North Office of the Superintendent Ellisville, Mississippi 39437 Tommy Parker, Superintendent Sarah Sumrall, Business Manager

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (UG), the Jones County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary of prior year audit findings follow up as of June 30, 2019:

Finding Status

2018-001 Not Corrected (See Finding 2019-001)