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# LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC Ridgeland, MS

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. Government-wide Financial Statements	15
Exhibit AStatement of Net PositionExhibit BStatement of Activities	17 18
Governmental Funds Financial Statements Exhibit C Balance Sheet	19
Exhibit C-1 Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	20
Exhibit D Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit D-1 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	21
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	22
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit E Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Notes to the Financial Statements	23
Notes to the Philanetal Statements	25
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	45
Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund	47
Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund – Title I FY19 Fund	48
Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund – IDEA Part B Fund.	49
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	50
Schedule of District Contributions (PERS)	51
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	52
Schedule of District Contributions (OBEB)	53
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	54
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	57
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	59
Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds	62
OTHER INFORMATION	63
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years	65
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years	66
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE	67
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control	69
Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	71
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	73
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	77
AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND SUMMARY OF PRIOR FEDERAL AUDIT FINDINGS	81

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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# **CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC**

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Lee County School District

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lee County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lee County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lee County School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

# Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lee County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances— General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated December 4, 2019, on my consideration of the Lee County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lee County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lee County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC Ridgeland, MS December 4, 2019

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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# LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

The following discussion and analysis of Lee County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 increased \$2,691,269, including a prior period adjustment of \$29,521, which represents a 6% increase from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$8,638,841, including a prior period adjustment of (\$5,909,937), which represents a 24% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$55,724,724 and \$53,838,279, or 84% and 84% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$10,593,858, or 16% of total revenues for 2019, and \$10,036,258, or 16% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$63,656,834 and \$66,603,441 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$10,593,858 for 2019 and \$10,036,258 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$55,724,724 for 2019 were adequate to provide for these programs. General revenues of \$53,838,279 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$53,636,558 in revenues and \$50,917,563 in expenditures for 2019, and \$51,395,761 in revenues and \$49,730,808 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$2,096,473, including a prior period adjustment of \$9,204, from 2018 to 2019, and increased by \$2,014,715 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$220,024 for 2019 and decreased by \$2,144,969 for 2018. The increase for 2019 was due to completed construction and addition of capital assets.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$2,039,283 for 2019 and decreased by \$1,982,617 for 2018. This decrease for 2019 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$12,623 for 2019 and increased by \$17,043 for 2018.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

# **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

## **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

# Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required

supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

# Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

# **Other Information**

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

# Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$42,272,252 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

# Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	e
Current assets	\$ 11,678,582	\$	9,512,207	22.77	%
Restricted assets	6,596,835		6,619,541	(0.34)	%
Capital assets, net	56,346,908		56,126,884	0.39	%
Total assets	 74,622,325		72,258,632	3.27	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 8,044,851		10,000,634	(19.56)	%
Current liabilities	775,363		756,551	2.49	%
Long-term debt outstanding	22,801,184		24,840,467	(8.21)	%
Net OPEB liability	5,918,315		5,968,956	(0.85)	%
Net pension liability	 90,502,823		90,108,770	0.44	%
Total liabilities	 119,997,685	-	121,674,744	(1.38)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 4,941,743		5,548,043	(10.93)	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	35,958,158		34,486,333	4.27	%
Restricted	6,724,217		6,140,520	9.51	%
Unrestricted	 (84,954,627)		(85,590,374)	0.74	%
Total net position	\$ (42,272,252)	\$	(44,963,521)	5.99	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (84,954,627)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	• • • • •
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	95,089,372
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 10,134,745

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$220,024.
- The principal retirement of \$2,804,000 of long-term debt.

# **Changes in net position**

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$66,318,582 and \$63,874,537, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$63,656,834 for 2019 and \$66,603,441 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

# Table 2Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended			Year Ended	Percentage	
	June 30, 2019			June 30, 2018	Change	
Revenues:		······································	<del></del>			
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	2,615,305	\$	2,601,957	0.51	%
Operating grants and contributions		7,591,071		7,434,301	2.11	%
Capital Grants and Contributions		387,482		0	N/A	
General revenues:						
Property taxes		19,302,560		18,039,328	7.00	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		36,127,615		35,702,134	1.19	%
Investment earnings		253,531		40,993	518.47	%
Other		41,018		55,824	(26.52)	%
Total revenues		66,318,582		63,874,537	3.83	
Expenses:						
Instruction		34,945,810		34,560,401	1.12	%
Support services		17,387,784		17,453,729	(0.38)	%
Non-instructional		3,268,202		3,538,568	(7.64)	%
Pension expense		7,126,826		10,040,452	(29.02)	%
OPEB expense		289,360		306,222	(5.51)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		638,852		704,069	(9.26)	
Total expenses		63,656,834		66,603,441	(4.42)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		2,661,748		(2,728,904)	197.54	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(44,963,521)		(36,324,680)	(23.78)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		29,521		(5,909,937)	100.50	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(44,934,000)		(42,234,617)	(6.39)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(42,272,252)	\$	(44,963,521)	5.99	%

#### **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

# Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total	Percentage		
	 2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ 34,945,810	\$	34,560,401	1.12 %
Support services	17,387,784		17,453,729	(0.38) %
Non-instructional	3,268,202		3,538,568	(7.64) %
Pension Expense	7,126,826		10,040,452	(29.02) %
OPEB Expense	289,360		306,222	(5.51) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 638,852	-	704,069	(9.26) %
Total expenses	\$ 63,656,834	\$	66,603,441	(4.42) %

	Net (Expe	Percentage	
	 2019	 2018	Change
Instruction	\$ (30,800,900)	\$ (30,226,869)	1.90 %
Support services	(14,864,533)	(15,599,592)	(4.71) %
Non-instructional	657,495	310,021	112.08 %
Pension Expense	(7,126,826)	(10,040,452)	(29.02) %
OPEB Expense	(289,360)	(306,222)	(5.51) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (638,852)	 (704,069)	(9.26) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (53,062,976)	\$ (56,567,183)	(6.19) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$53,062,976 for 2019 and \$56,567,183 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$19,302,560 for 2019 and \$18,039,328 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$36,127,615 for 2019 and \$35,702,134 for 2018).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$253,531 for 2019 and \$40,993 for 2018.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$17,691,063, an increase of \$2,112,470, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$54,789. \$10,216,768 or 58% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$7,474,295 or 42% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$2,096,473, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$9,204. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$266,011, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$9,204) and a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$54,789. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	 Increase (Decrease)
Title I FY19 Fund	\$ no increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	no increase or decrease
QSCB Fund	282,008

# **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$91,685,846, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$1,644,385 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$35,338,938, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$2,070,131, resulting in total net capital assets of \$56,346,908.

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentage Change
Land	\$ 2,088,275	\$ 2,088,275	0.00 %
Construction in Progress	0	70,707	(100.00) %
Buildings	48,337,348	48,835,474	(1.02) %
Building improvements	1,900,652	2,015,996	(5.72) %
Improvements other than buildings	246,647	263,701	(6.47) %
Mobile equipment	3,520,782	2,563,713	37.33 %
Furniture and equipment	253,204	289,018	(12.39) %
Total	\$ 56,346,908	\$ 56,126,884	0.39 %

Table 4							
Capital Assets,	Net of Accumulated Depreciation						

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2019, the District had \$22,801,184 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$3,000,947 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$12,623 from the prior year.

# Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	× 20 0010	x 20 2010	Percenta	0
	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Change	
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 2,630,000	\$ 3,095,000	(15.02)	%
Discounts on 2013 G.O. Bonds	(52,700)	(63,240)	16.67	%
General obligation refunding bonds payable	15,695,000	17,310,000	(9.33)	%
Premium on refunding bonds payable	96,792	120,992	(20.00)	%
Three mill notes payable	791,000	724,000	9.25	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable	3,000,000	3,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable	641,092	 653,715	(1.93)	%
Total	\$ 22,801,184	\$ 24,840,467	(8.21)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

# **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Lee County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools. The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Lee County School District, 1280 College View Drive, Tupelo, Mississippi 38804.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,271,865
Due from other governments	1,224,099
Inventories	182,618
Restricted assets (Note 4)	6,596,835
Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 5)	2,088,275
Depreciable capital assets, net (Note 5)	54,258,633
Total Assets	74,622,325
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflow - pensions (Note 7)	5,923,796
Deferred outflow - OPEB (Note 8)	349,713
Deferred outflow - advance refunding on bonds	1,771,342
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,044,851
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	584,354
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	191,009
Long-term liabilities (Due within one year) (Note 6)	
Capital related liabilities	2,936,000
Premium on bonds	24,200
Discount on bonds	(10,540)
Non-capital related liabilities	51,287
Net OPEB liability (Note 8)	260,760
Long-term liabilities (Due beyond one year) (Note 6)	200,100
Capital related liabilities	19,180,000
Premium on bonds	72,592
Discount on bonds	(42,160)
Non-capital related liabilities	589,805
Net OPEB liability (Note 8)	5,657,555
Net pension liability (Note 7)	90,502,823
Total Liabilities	119,997,685
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions (Note 7)	4,520,051
Deferred inflows - OPEB (Note 8)	421,692
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,941,743
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	35,958,158
Restricted net position	
Expendable	
School-based activities	1,371,390
Debt service	5,181,897
Unemployment benefits	170,930
Unrestricted	(84,954,627)
Total Net Position	\$ (42,272,252)
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement	

# LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program Reve	nues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
			Operating	Capital	Position
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction	\$ 34,945,810	1,666,842	2,478,068		(30,800,900)
Support services	17,387,784		2,135,769	387,482	(14,864,533)
Non-instructional	3,268,202	948,463	2,977,234		657,495
Pension expense	7,126,826				(7,126,826)
OPEB expense	289,360				(289,360)
Interest on long-term liabilities	638,852				(638,852)
Total Governmental Activities	63,656,834	2,615,305	7,591,071	387,482	(53,062,976)
		General Revenue			
		Taxes	10		
		General pur	pose levies		15,645,154
		Debt purpo			3,657,406
			rants and contribu	utions	
		State			35,826,926
		Federal			300,689
		Unrestricted in	nvestment earning	js	253,531
		Other			41,018
		Total Gene	ral Revenues		55,724,724
	(	Changes in Net F	osition		2,661,748
	]	Net Position - Be	ginning, as previo	ously reported	(44,963,521)
			djustments (Note		29,521
	]	Net Position - Be	ginning - as resta	ted	(44,934,000)
	נ	Net Position - En	ding		\$ (42,272,252)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

<u>Exhibit C</u>

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

# LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

			Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	17,691,063
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Land Buildings Building improvements Improvement other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	2,088,275 73,462,362 3,238,103 706,359 10,315,073 1,875,674 (35,338,938)		56,346,908
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Net pension liability			(90,502,823)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	5,923,796 (4,520,051)		1,403,745
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Net OPEB liability			(5,918,315)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	349,713 (421,692)		(71,979)
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
General obligation bonds Unamortized premium on bonds payable Unamortized discount on bonds payable Three mill notes payable Qualified school construction bonds payable Compensated absences Deferred outflow - advance refunding of bonds Accrued interest payable	(18,325,000) (96,792) 52,700 (791,000) (3,000,000) (641,092) 1,771,342 (191,009)		(21,220,851)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities			(42,272,252)
		<u> </u>	

Exhibit C-1

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	mental Funds					<u>Exhibit D</u>
	Major Funds General	Title I EV10	Dard D	d Coc	Other	Total
Revenues	Fund	Fund	IUEA Fart B Fund	Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Local sources State sources Federal sources	<pre>\$ 17,460,037 35,373,770 802,751</pre>	1,255,933	1,365,007	133,832	4,618,939 1,467,780 3,799,515	22,212,808 36,841,550 7,223,206
Total Revenues	53,636,558	1,255,933	1,365,007	133,832	9,886,234	66,277,564
Expenditures Instruction Support services Noninstructional services Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service	33,289,708 16,925,238 59 702,558	1,155,156 51,656 20,827	493,229 832,092 728		2,258,021 2,223,559 3,647,116	37,196,114 20,032,545 3,668,730 702,558
Principal (Note 6) Interest Other				25,324 1,500	2,804,000 506,172 5,380	2,804,000 531,496 6,880
Total Expenditures	50,917,563	1,227,639	1,326,049	26,824	11,444,248	64,942,323
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,718,995	28,294	38,958	107,008	(1,558,014)	1,335,241
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds of loans (Note 6) Insurance loss recoveries (Note 14) Sale of other property Operating transfers in (Note 3) Other financing sources	44,364 88 69,463 56	303		175,000	791,000 741,904	791,000 44,364 88 986,670 56
Operating transfers out (Note 3) Other financing uses	(742,207) (3,490)	(28,597)	(38,958)		(176,908)	(986,670) (3,490)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(631,726)	(28,294)	(38,958)	175,000	1,355,996	832,018
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,087,269	0	0	282,008	(202,018)	2,167,259
Fund Balances July 1, 2018, as previously reported Prior period adjustments (Note 9)	8,679,364 9,204	0	0	1,679,154	5,220,075 (9,204)	15,578,593 0
July 1, 2018, as restated	8,688,568	0	0	1,679,154	5,210,871	15,578,593
Decrease in reserve for inventory					(54,789)	(54,789)
June 30, 2019	\$ 10,775,837	0	0	1,961,162	4,954,064	17,691,063
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	21					

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019		<u>Exhibit D-1</u>
		Amount
Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	,	\$ 2,167,259
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, those amounts are:		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	2,326,474 (2,070,131)	256,343
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.		(65,840)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Notes issued Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	(791,000) 2,804,000 12,387	2,025,387
Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Pension expense Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(7,126,826) 5,589,054	(1,537,772)
Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
OPEB expense Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(289,360) 260,760	(28,600)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve	12,623	
Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	(54,789) (112,863)	(155,029)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 2,661,748

# LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2019

	Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 3,560,330
Total Assets	3,560,330
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,464,865
Due to student clubs	95,465
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,560,330

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# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

# A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, the Lee County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

# B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I FY19 Fund - This Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the Federal funds whose use is restricted for services associated with educationally deprived students.

IDEA Part B Fund - This special revenue fund is financed with federal funds and is used to account for the activities associated with providing special education students with appropriate services.

QSCB Fund - This Debt Service Fund is used to account for the resources that will be used to retire the QSCB debt at such time the balloon debt payment becomes due and payable.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing account for payroll and payroll related transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing - This fund is used as a clearing account for non-payroll transactions.

Student Club Accounts - These funds are used to account for the transaction of student clubs.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However,

debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

# **D.** Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

# E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

# Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interestbearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may

invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

# 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

# 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below-

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$	0	0	
Buildings		50,000	40 years	
Building improvements		25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years	

# 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows are directly related to pension reporting, OPEB reporting, and advance refunding of bonds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

# 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

# 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported

at fair value.

# 11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

#### 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

*Nonspendable fund balance* includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

*Restricted fund balance* includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance* includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is documented in the board minutes of the school board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent of education and/or the business manager pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

*Unassigned fund balance* is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the policy of the Lee County School District to maintain a minimum fund balance in the General Fund that is not less than 5% of the District Maintenance Revenues (General Fund).

# Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of any fund must be credited to the General Fund.

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$15,279,446 and \$3,560,330, respectively.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits.* Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

#### Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$1,589,254.

# Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

## A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Major Fund - Title I FY19 Fund	\$ 175,958
	Major Fund - IDEA Part B Fund	177,736
	Other governmental funds	 31,373
Total		\$ 385,067

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year-end closing adjustments.

# B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In		Amount
General Fund	Major fund - Title I FY 19 fund	\$	303
	Other governmental funds		741,904
Major fund - Title I FY 19 fund	General Fund		28,597
Major fund - IDEA Part B fund	General Fund		38,958
Other governmental funds	General Fund		1,908
	Major fund - QSCB	<del></del>	175,000
Total		\$	986,670

The transfer out of the General Fund was for the purpose of funding the vocational program and Youth Detention Center in the Other Governmental Funds. The Major Fund - Title I FY19 fund and IDEA Part B fund transferred indirect cost to the General Fund. Transfers out of the Other Governmental Funds to the General Fund were for indirect cost and to repay an inter-fund loan from a debt service fund. The transfer out of Other Governmental Funds to the Major Fund – QSCB fund was to fund debt service.

# Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance and cash with fiscal agent balance, totaling \$5,007,581 and \$1,589,254, respectively, of various funds which are legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

# Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Completed Construction	Adjustments	Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:						
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 2,088,275					2,088,275
Construction-in-progress	70,707	702,558		(773,265)		0
Total non-depreciable capital assets	2,158,982	702,558	. 0	(773,265)	0	2,088,275
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	72,589,097	100,000		773,265		73,462,362
Building improvements	3,238,103	,		,		3,238,103
Improvements other than buildings	706,359					706,359
Mobile equipment	9,488,195	1,466,141	(630,830)		(8,433)	10,315,073
Furniture and equipment	1,860,725	57,775	(64,813)		21,987	1,875,674
Total depreciable capital assets	87,882,479	1,623,916	(695,643)	773,265	13,554	89,597,571
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	23,753,623	1,371,391				25,125,014
Building improvements	1,222,107	115,344				1,337,451
Improvements other than buildings	442,658	17,054				459,712
Mobile equipment	6,924,482	473,540	(567,747)		(35,984)	6,794,291
Furniture and equipment	1,571,707	92,802	(62,056)	·	20,017	1,622,470
Total accumulated depreciation	33,914,577	2,070,131	(629,803)	0	(15,967)	35,338,938
Total depreciable capital assets, net	53,967,902	(446,215)	(65,840)	773,265	29,521	54,258,633
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 56,126,884	256,343	(65,840)	0	29,521	56,346,908

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	1,395,207	
Support services		514,484	
Non-instructional		160,440	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	2,070,131	

# Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2019	Amounts due within one year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 3,095,000		465,000	2,630,000	485,000
	Discounts	(63,240)		(10,540)	(52,700)	(10,540)
B.	General obligation refunding bonds payable	17,310,000		1,615,000	15,695,000	1,660,000
	Premiums	120,992		24,200	96,792	24,200
C.	Three mill notes	724,000	791,000	724,000	791,000	791,000
D.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	3,000,000			3,000,000	0
E.	Compensated absences payable	 653,715		12,623	641,092	51,287
	Total	\$ 24,840,467	791,000	2,830,283	22,801,184	3,000,947
	Debt Reduction Summary:					
	Payment on debt Discounts/Premiums Compensated absences Total			\$ 2,804,000 13,660 12,623 \$ 2,830,283		

# A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Amount Issued	Outstanding
General obligation					
bonds, 2013	4.0-6.25	10/16/2013	9/1/2023	\$ 12,285,000	2,630,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	485,000	95,500	580,500
2021		505,000	75,700	580,700
2022		525,000	55,100	580,100
2023		545,000	33,700	578,700
2024	_	570,000	11,400	581,400
Total	\$	2,630,000	271,400	2,901,400

This debt will be retired from the Bond Issue 2013 Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

# B. General obligation refunding bonds payable

General obligation refunding bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation refunding bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	A	mount Issued	Amount Outstanding
1. General obligation refunding bonds, 2012	3.00	10/2/2012	9/1/2022	\$	14,255,000	6,345,000
<ol> <li>General obligation refunding bonds, 2016</li> </ol>	2.11	9/1/2016	9/1/2033	\$	9,685,000 23,940,000	9,350,000

Bond Discount: The general obligation bonds, 2013 were issued with a bond discount of \$140,217. This discount was capitalized and will be amortized over the remaining life of the bonds. During the fiscal year, \$10,540 was amortized and the remaining balance to be amortized is \$52,700.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. General obligation refunding bonds, series 2012:

Year Ending			·
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 1,500,000	143,875	1,643,875
2021	1,550,000	105,625	1,655,625
2022	1,620,000	62,125	1,682,125
2023	 1,675,000	20,938	1,695,938
Total	\$ 6,345,000	332,563	6,677,563

Bond Premium: The general obligation refunding bonds, 2012 were issued with a bond premium of \$266,192. This premium was capitalized and will be amortized over the remaining life of the bonds. During the fiscal year, \$24,200 was amortized and the remaining balance to be amortized is \$96,792.

This debt will be retired from the Bond Issue 2013 Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 160,000	202,194	362,194
2021	165,000	198,944	363,944
2022	170,000	195,594	365,594
2023	170,000	192,194	362,194
2024	175,000	188,744	363,744
2025 - 2029	4,005,000	737,398	4,742,398
2030 - 2034	 4,505,000	276,414	4,781,414
Total	\$ 9,350,000	1,991,482	11,341,482

2. General obligation refunding bonds, series 2016:

This debt will be retired from the Bond Issue 2013 Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Total general obligation refunding bonds payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 1,660,000	346,069	2,006,069
2021	1,715,000	304,569	2,019,569
2022	1,790,000	257,719	2,047,719
2023	1,845,000	213,132	2,058,132
2024	175,000	188,744	363,744
2025 - 2029	4,005,000	737,398	4,742,398
2030 - 2034	 4,505,000	276,414	4,781,414
Total	\$ 15,695,000	2,324,045	18,019,045

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2019, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 6.2% of property assessments as of October 1, 2018.

# C. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Three mill notes, 2018	2.5	10/25/2018	10/25/2019	\$ 791,000	791,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 791,000	19,940	810,940

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

### **D.** Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 12, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	 Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Qualifed school construction bonds	0.94	12/22/2009	9/15/2024	\$ 3,000,000	3,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	28,200	28,200
2021		28,200	28,200
2022		28,200	28,200
2023		28,200	28,200
2024		28,200	28,200
2025	 3,000,000	28,200	3,028,200
Total	\$ 3,000,000	169,200	3,169,200

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Limited Tax Note Fund (Debt Service Fund) which is funded with ad valorem taxes and pledged Education Enhancement Funds. The debt is partly secured by an irrevocable pledge of Education Enhancement Fund revenues that the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

# E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

# Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

*Plan Description.* The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual

retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

*Contributions.* PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$5,589,054, \$5,472,661 and \$5,476,816, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$90,502,823 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was .544117 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an increase of .002057 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$7,126,826. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 295,026	\$ 1,337,773
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		
plan investments	0	305,210
Changes of assumptions	39,716	37,167
Changes in proportion and differences between District		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	0	2,839,901
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	5,589,054	0
Total	\$ 5,923,796	\$ 4,520,051

\$5,589,054 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (1,580,113)
2021	(1,580,113)
2022	(948,782)
2023	(76,301)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<b>Target</b>		Long-Term Expected Real		
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return		
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%	
International Equity	18.00		4.50		
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75		
Global	12.00		4.75		
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75		
Real Estate	10.00		3.50		
Private Equity	8.00		5.10		
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25		
Cash	1.00		0.00		
Total	100	%			

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	 (6.75%)	 (7.75%)	 (8.75%)	
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 119,166,248	\$ 90,502,823	\$ 66,679,732	

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

# Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

# General Information about the OPEB Plan.

*Plan description.* State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$260,760 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$5,918,315 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was .76508506 percent. This was an increase of .00432976 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$289,360. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 12,050	\$ 0
Changes of assumptions	0	421,692
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	. 0	0
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	76,903	0
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	260,760	0
Total	\$ 349,713	\$ 421,692

\$260,760 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (67,282)
2021	(67,282)
2022	(67,282)
2023	(67,282)
2024	(54,176)
Thereafter	(9,435)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	4.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Measurement Date	3.89%
Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Measurement Date	2018
Prior Measurement Date	2017
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of	
OPEB plan investment expense,	
including inflation	
Measurement Date	3.89%
Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Health Care Cost Trends	
Medicare Supplement Claims.	7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate
Pre-Medicare	rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

		• C	urrent		
	1% Decrease	D	iscount Rate		1% Increase
	(2.89%)	(3.89%)		(4.89%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$ 6,560,306	\$	5,918,315	\$	5,366,184

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 5,482,316	\$ 5,918,315	\$ 6,413,486

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

## Note 9 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
Adjustments to capital assets	\$ 29,521

# Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	 Amount
General Fund	Restatement of prior year asset	\$ 9,204
Other governmental funds	Restatement of prior year liability	 (9,204)
Total		\$ 0

#### Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

# Note 11 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

# Note 12 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to payoff the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2019 was \$1,589,254. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2020	\$ 240,000
2021	240,000
2022	240,000
2023	240,000
2024	240,000
2025	 240,000
Total	\$ 1,440,000

# Note 13 - Tax Abatement

On November 4, 2014, the Union County Board of Supervisors, Pontotoc County Board of Supervisors, the Pontotoc, Union and Lee Economic Development Alliance (PUL Alliance) and Mississippi Major Economic Impact Authority and the Toyota Motor Manufacturing and related companies entered into an agreement for in lieu payments of ad valorem taxes. The agreement provides for annual payments of one third of the taxes otherwise payable for the company property. The payment period will not exceed ten years pursuant to applicable state laws. The amount received by the Lee County School District is approximately \$225,000 each

school year. The payment period is expected to terminate on or about the year 2022. The Lee County Board of Supervisors is responsible for making the annual in lieu of ad valorem tax payment to the Lee County School District.

# Note 14 - Insurance loss recoveries

The School District received \$44,364 in insurance loss recoveries related to school bus damage during the fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and allocated among the expense functions based on the following percentages:

Ŀ	nsurance Loss Recoveries	Percentage	Expense Function
\$	0	0%	Instruction
	44,364	100%	Support services
	0	0%	Non-instructional
\$	44,364	100%	

# Note 15 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$84,954,627) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$5,589,054 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$334,742 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$84,954,627) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$4,520,051 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$84,954,627) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$260,760 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$88,953 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$84,954,627) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$421,692 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$84,954,627) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of general obligation bonds in a previous year. The \$1,771,342 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to advance refunding, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position by \$126,525 each year until the 2033 fiscal year.

### Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through December 4, 2019, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

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# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Varian	
				Positive (1	····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		ed Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues	A 16 001 101	17 460 007	15 160 005	569.006	
Local sources	\$ 16,891,101	17,460,037	17,460,037	568,936	0
State sources	35,219,149	35,373,770	35,373,770	154,621	0
Federal sources	389,700	802,751	802,751	413,051	0
Total Revenues	52,499,950	53,636,558	53,636,558	1,136,608	0
Expenditures					
Instruction	33,859,973	33,224,694	33,289,708	635,279	(65,014)
Support services	18,054,006	16,990,252	16,925,238	1,063,754	65,014
Noninstructional services	0	59	59	(59)	0
Facilities acquisition and construction	100,000	702,558	702,558	(602,558)	0
Total Expenditures	52,013,979	50,917,563	50,917,563	1,096,416	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	485,971	2,718,995	2,718,995	2,233,024	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Insurance loss recoveries	0	44,364	44,364	44,364	0
Sale of other property	0	88	88	88	0
Operating transfers in	2,702,804	2,761,860	69,463	59,056	(2,692,397)
Other financing sources	0	56	56	56	0
Operating transfers out	(3,070,410)	(3,502,261)	(742,207)	(431,851)	2,760,054
Other financing uses	0	0	(3,490)	0	(3,490)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(367,606)	(695,893)	(631,726)	(328,287)	64,167
Net Change in Fund Balances			2,087,269		
Fund Balances					
July 1, 2018, as previously reported			8,679,364		
Prior period adjustments			9,204		
July 1, 2018, as restated			8,688,568		
June 30, 2019			\$ 10,775,837		

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - Title I FY19 Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Varianc Positive (N	
		Budgetee	d Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues				•••••		
Federal sources	\$	1,665,120	1,660,143	1,255,933	(4,977)	(404,210)
Total Revenues		1,665,120	1,660,143	1,255,933	(4,977)	(404,210)
Expenditures						
Instruction		1,386,026	1,512,039	1,155,156	(126,013)	356,883
Support services		211,335	62,762	51,656	148,573	11,106
Noninstructional services		20,757	28,468	20,827	(7,711)	7,641
Total Expenditures		1,618,118	1,603,269	1,227,639	14,849	375,630
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		47,002	56,874	28,294	9,872	(28,580)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers in		0	307	303	307	(4)
Operating transfers out		(47,000)	(57,179)	(28,597)	(10,179)	28,582
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(47,000)	(56,872)	(28,294)	(9,872)	28,578
Net Change in Fund Balances				0		
Fund Balances				0		
July 1, 2018				0		
June 30, 2019			\$	0		

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Varianc	es
					Positive (N	egative)
		Budgetee	d Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues						
Federal sources	\$	1,859,620	2,360,806	1,365,007	501,186	(995,799)
Total Revenues	_	1,859,620	2,360,806	1,365,007	501,186	(995,799)
Expenditures						
Instruction		722,926	835,923	493,229	(112,997)	342,694
Support services		1,088,506	1,482,885	832,092	(394,379)	650,793
Noninstructional services		7,187	3,040	728	4,147	2,312
Total Expenditures		1,818,619	2,321,848	1,326,049	(503,229)	995,799
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	41,001	38,958	38,958	(2,043)	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers out		41,000	(38,958)	(38,958)	(79,958)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	41,000	(38,958)	(38,958)	(79,958)	0
Net Change in Fund Balances				0		
Fund Balances						
July 1, 2018				0		·
June 30, 2019			\$	0		

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

<u>49</u>

Last 10 Fiscal Years							
	2019		7	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.544	0.544117%	0	0.542060%	0.541124%	0.545802%	0.544522%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 90,502,823	.823 \$	6	90,108,770	96,658,259	84,370,225	65,546,112
District's covered payroll	\$ 34,747,054	,054 \$	3	34,773,435	34,617,010	34,065,486	33,288,292
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	26(	260.46%		259.13%	279.22%	247.67%	196.90%

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

67.21%

61.70%

57.47%

61.49%

62.54%

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,589,054	5,472,661	5,476,816	5,452,179	5,365,314
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	5,589,054	5,472,661	5,476,816	5,452,179	5,365,314
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	\$ 35,486,057	34,747,054	34,773,435	34,617,010	34,065,486
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions

Last 10 Fiscal Years

PERS

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB		
Last 10 Fiscal Years		
	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.76508506%	0.76075530%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 5,918,315	5,968,956
Covered employee payroll	\$ 34,747,054	34,773,435
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	17.03%	17.17%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.13%	0.00%
The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.		

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years		
	0106	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 260,760	254,465
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	260,760	254,465
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0
Covered employee payroll	\$ 35,486,057	34,747,054
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.73%	0.73%
The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.		

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 75 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

# LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

# (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

## (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Pension Schedules

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

### <u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

# <u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

# LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# (2) Changes in benefit provisions

# 2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

# (3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	36.6 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including
	inflation

# **OPEB Schedules**

# (1) Changes of assumptions

2017: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

2018: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

#### (2) *Changes in benefit provisions*

<u>2017</u>: None

2018: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25% to 18.50%

# LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2023
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56%

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture	······································		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	195MS326N1099	\$ 1,063,246
National school lunch program	10.555	195MS326N1099	2,769,468
Summer food service program for children	10.559	195MS326N1099	1,432
Total child nutrition cluster			3,834,146
Fresh fruits and vegetable program	10.582	195MS326L1603	88,096
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			3,922,242
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			3,922,242
U.S. Department of Commerce			
Passed-through Appalachian Regional Commission:			
Economic development support for planning organizations	11.302	Not Available	100,157
Total passed-through Appalachian Regional Commission			100,157
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			100,157
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			1 554 100
Title I - grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A180024	1,574,132
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	VO48A180024	65,655
Twenty first century community learning centers	84.287	ES287C180024	51,953
Rural education	84,358 84,367	ES358B180024	59,643
Supporting effective instruction - state grants Student support and academic enrichment program	84.367	ES367A180023 ES424A180025	272,489 26,406
Total	64.424	E3424A100025	2,050,278
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A180108	1,379,429
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A180113	58,133
Total special education cluster			1,437,562
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			3,487,840
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,487,840
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:	A		
Medical assistance program	93.778	1905MS5ADM	46,971
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			46,971
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	· .		46,971

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed-through Lee County: Hazard mitigation grant Total passed-through Lee County	97.039	Not Available	<u> </u>
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			387,482
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 7,944,692

. The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

# LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

## (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# (4) Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

As allowed by federal regulations, the school district elected to transfer program funds. The district expended \$68,695 from Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program CFDA # 84.424 on allowable activities of the Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.010. These amounts are reflected in the expenditures of Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies.

For each federal grant passed though the Mississippi Department of Education, the school district has elected to use the pass-through entity identifying number as provided by the Mississippi Department of Education for the most recent and significant grant year.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Instruction and Other Student			
Expenditures	Total	Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 48,182,907 16,759,416	37,816,025	1,588,205 410,407	3,559,277 73,039	5,219,400 12,199,217
Total	64,942,323	41,892,778	1,998,612	3,632,316	17,418,617
Total number of students	6,067				
Cost per student	\$ 10,704	6,905	329	599	2,871

# Notes to the schedule.

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

Total number of students - the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year.

# OTHER INFORMATION

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund

Last Four Years

			ONTODITED	
	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 17,460,037	16,229,226	14,910,087	13,835,323
State sources	35,373,770	34,673,206	35,269,917	34,737,196
Federal sources	802,751	493,329	531,590	504,686
Total Revenues	53,636,558	51,395,761	50,711,594	49,077,205
Expenditures				
Instruction	33,289,708	32,646,815	31,762,268	31,937,193
Support services	16,925,238	16,995,634	17,101,715	17,575,932
Noninstructional services	59	0	0	0
Facilities acquisition and construction	702,558	88,359	42,487	45,310
Total Expenditures	50,917,563	49,730,808	48,906,470	49,558,435
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,718,995	1,664,953	1,805,124	(481,230)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Insurance loss recoveries	44,364	31,056	133,731	47,906
Sale of transportation equipment	0	10,933	8,511	. 0
Sale of other property	88	0	3,120	400
Operating transfers in	69,463	708,314	155,537	1,670,781
Other financing sources	56	0	0	0
Operating transfers out	(742,207)	(400,541)	(454,966)	(2,973,946)
Other financing uses	(3,490)	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(631,726)	349,762	(154,067)	(1,254,859)
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,087,269	2,014,715	1,651,057	(1,736,089)
Fund Balances				
Beginning of period	8,679,364	6,664,649	4,963,121	6,719,108
Prior period adjustments	9,204	0	50,471	(19,898)
Beginning of period, as restated	8,688,568	6,664,649	5,013,592	6,699,210
End of period	\$ 10,775,837	8,679,364	6,664,649	4,963,121
* Source - Prior year audit reports				

UNAUDITED

\* Source - Prior year audit reports.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

			010100	
	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 22,212,808	20,682,278	19,611,573	17,860,146
State sources	36,841,550	36,028,781	36,511,255	35,914,183
Federal sources	7,223,206	7,107,654	7,402,520	7,415,171
Total Revenues	66,277,564	63,818,713	63,525,348	61,189,500
Expenditures				
Instruction	37,196,114	36,255,910	35,570,155	35,611,513
Support services	20,032,545	19,044,442	19,720,790	19,460,774
Noninstructional services	3,668,730	3,744,564	3,914,080	3,865,524
Facilities acquisition and construction	702,558	88,359	266,645	4,708,689
Debt service				
Principal	2,804,000	2,710,000	1,888,528	1,818,528
Interest	531,496	592,154	720,359	895,523
Other	6,880	6,880	5,430	4,190
Total Expenditures	64,942,323	62,442,309	62,085,987	66,364,741
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,335,241	1,376,404	1,439,361	(5,175,241)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds of general obligation bonds	0	0	9,685,000	0
Proceeds of loans	791,000	724,000	690,000	0 0
Insurance loss recoveries	44,364	31,056	133,731	47,906
	0	238,500	0	1,,500
Sale of transportation equipment	0	10,933	8,511	0
Sale of other property	88	10,935	3,120	400
Operating transfers in	986,670	1,283,855	610,503	7,093,807
Other financing sources	56	1,205,055	84,615	7,075,007
Operating transfers out	(986,670)	(1,283,855)	(610,503)	(7,093,807)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(980,070)			_
		(238,500)	(9,575,915) 0	0
Other financing uses	(3,490)	0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	832,018	766,164	1,029,062	48,306
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,167,259	2,142,568	2,468,423	(5,126,935)
Fund Balances				
Beginning of period	15,578,593	13,420,562	10,799,129	15,931,883
Prior period adjustments	0	0	122,818	0
Beginning of period, as restated	15,578,593	13,420,562	10,921,947	15,931,883
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(54,789)	15,463	30,192	(5,819)
End of period	<u>\$ 17,691,063</u>	15,578,593	13,420,562	10,799,129

UNAUDITED

\* Source - Prior year audit reports.

# REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

# CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, MS 39158

Phone: 601.941.6649 Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Lee County School District

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lee County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lee County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated December 4, 2019.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Lee County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lee County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lee County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. I did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs that I consider to be a significant deficiency. [2019-001].

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lee County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Lee County School District's Response to Findings

Lee County School District's response to the finding identified in my audit is described in the accompanying Auditee's Corrective Action Plan. Lee County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC Ridgeland, MS December 4, 2019

# **CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC**

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, MS 39158

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

#### Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Lee County School District

## **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

I have audited Lee County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lee County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Lee County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Lee County School District's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lee County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of Lee County School District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In my opinion, Lee County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Lee County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered Lee County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct

71

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and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lee County School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC Ridgeland, MS December 4, 2019

72

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

# CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, MS 39158 Phone: 601.941.6649 Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Lee County School District

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lee County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Lee County School District's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated December 4, 2019. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and my audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC Ridgeland, MS December 4, 2019

75

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# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements:**

1.	Type of auditor's report issued on the basic financial statements:	Unmodified
2.	Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements noted?	No
3.	<ul> <li>Internal control over financial reporting:</li> <li>a. Material weaknesses identified?</li> <li>b. Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>	No Yes
	Federal Awards:	
4.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified
5.	Internal control over major programs: a. Material weaknesses identified? b. Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	No None Reported
6.	Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
7.	Federal program identified as major program:	
	Child nutrition cluster         CFDA #:       10.553         CFDA #:       10.555         CFDA #:       10.559	
8.	The dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
9.	Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	No
10.	Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal Awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).	Yes
Section II: Financial Statement Findings		

Significant deficiency identified that is not considered to be a material weakness.

CONDITION: There was no documentation in the board minutes approving the employment of the architect firm. CRITERIA: The utilization of professional service providers should be approved by the school board and documented in the board minutes.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition appears to be an oversight by the school board.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The potential effect of the condition could be construed to be a matter of noncompliance with state law.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the approval of architect firms and similar professional service providers be approved by the school board and documented in the board minutes. VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS: Concur with finding.

#### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

# AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND SUMMARY OF PRIOR FEDERAL AUDIT FINDINGS



Coke Magee, Superintendent

# Corrective Action Plan

December 4, 2019

As required by 2 CFR 200.511 (a), the Lee County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the finding included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Finding 2019-001

Corrective Action Plan

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action: Michael Martin, Business Manager
- b. Description of correction action to be taken: All contracts for architectural services will be board approved.
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action: Immediately

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Superintendent of Education

1280 College View Drive, Tupelo, Mississippi 38804 • P.O. Box 832, Tupelo, Mississippi 38802-0832 (662) 841-9144 · Fax (662) 680-6012



Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

December 4, 2019

As required by 2 CFR 200.511(b), the Lee County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings as of June 30, 2019.

Finding

<u>Status</u>

2018 - 001

Corrected

2018 - 002

Corrected

Sincerely,

Vague Ľ

Superintendent of Education

1280 College View Drive, Tupelo, Mississippi 38804 • P.O. Box 832, Tupelo, Mississippi 38802-0832 (662) 841-9144 • Fax (662) 680-6012