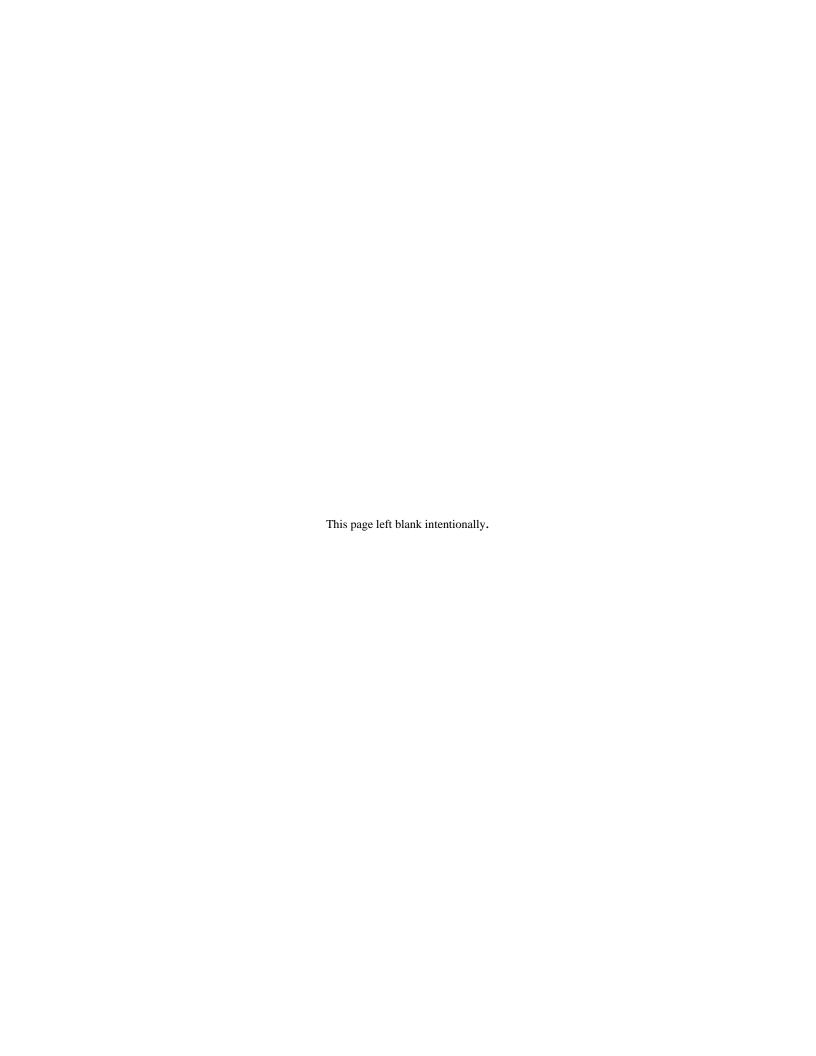


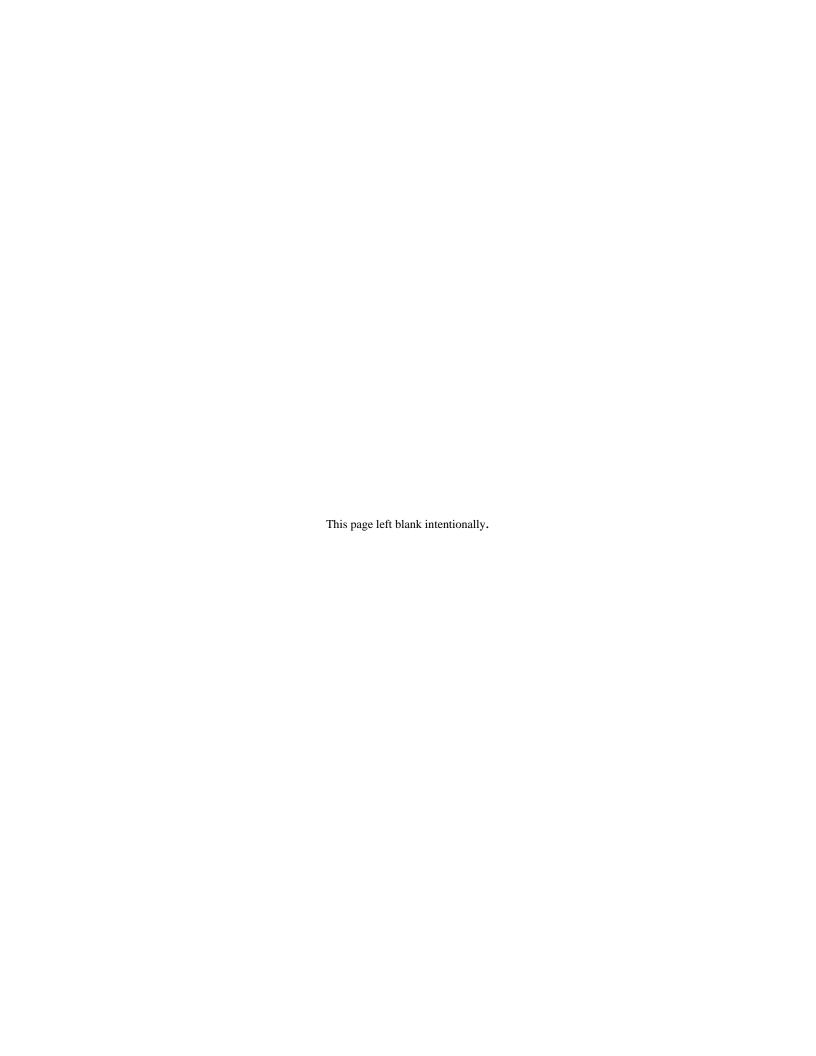
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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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Member: AICPA, MSCPA



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Greenwood-Leflore Consolidated School District on behalf of Leflore County School District

# Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Leflore County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Leflore County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Leflore County School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 9-16, 53-56, 57, 58, 59 and 60, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Leflore County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund

Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated March 16, 2020, on my consideration of the Leflore County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Leflore County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Leflore County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

St. Clair CPA, PLLC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS March 16, 2020 This page left blank intentionally.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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# LEFLORE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

The following discussion and analysis of Leflore County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 increased \$2,242,289, including a prior period adjustment of \$112,014, which represents a 9.66% increase from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$53,827, including a prior period adjustment of (\$2,305,192), which represents a .23% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$17,436,898 and \$18,532,519, or 72% and 75% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$6,909,214, or 28% of total revenues for 2019, and \$6,325,968, or 25% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$22,215,837 and \$22,607,122 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$6,909,214 for 2019 and \$6,325,968 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$17,436,898 for 2019 and \$18,532,519 for 2018 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$17,026,774 in revenues and \$16,104,011 in expenditures for 2019, and \$17,244,817 in revenues and \$15,678,484 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$964,318, including a prior period adjustment of \$1,511 from 2018 to 2019, and increased by \$1,890,371, including a prior period adjustment of (\$53,472), from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$300,150 for 2019 and decreased by \$140,029 for 2018. The increase for 2019 was due to the addition/disposal of building improvements, mobile equipment and furniture and equipment coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$190,760 for 2019 and decreased by \$145,917 for 2018. This decrease for 2019 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$13,615 for 2019 and increased by \$28,822 for 2018.

# OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

# **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

# **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

## Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

# **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

# **Other Information**

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

# Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$20,961,753 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	ge
	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Change	
Current assets	\$ 8,246,930	\$ 7,269,514	13.45	%
Restricted assets	3,681,012	3,530,222	4.27	%
Capital assets, net	7,911,361	7,611,211	3.94	%
<b>Total assets</b>	 19,839,303	18,410,947	7.76	<b>%</b>
Deferred outflows of resources	 2,181,403	 2,843,629	(23.29)	%
Current liabilities	142,058	170,647	(16.75)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	4,204,667	4,395,427	(4.34)	%
Net OPEB liability	2,060,759	2,170,845	(5.07)	%
Net pension liability	31,921,333	31,895,306	0.08	%
Total liabilities	 38,328,817	38,632,225	(0.79)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 4,653,642	 5,826,393	(20.13)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	3,768,329	3,291,034	14.50	%
Restricted	3,621,306	3,489,506	3.78	%
Unrestricted	(28,351,388)	(29,984,582)	5.45	%
Total net position	\$ (20,961,753)	\$ (23,204,042)	9.66	<b>%</b>

# Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (28,351,388)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	36,454,331
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 8,102,943

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$300,150.
- The principal retirement of \$177,145 of long-term debt.

# Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$24,346,112 and \$24,858,487, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$22,215,837 for 2019 and \$22,607,122 for 2018.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended Year Ended June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018		Percentage Change		
Revenues:	 <b>5 tile</b> 50, 2015		94110 20, 2010	Change	-
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 255,715	\$	247,434	3.35 %	
Operating grants and contributions	6,653,499		6,078,534	9.46 %	
General revenues:					
Property taxes	5,769,459		5,870,685	(1.72) %	
Grants and contributions not restricted	10,549,983		11,599,622	(9.05) %	
Investment earnings	143,086		77,096	85.59 %	
Sixteenth section sources	953,039		812,225	17.34 %	
Other	 21,331		172,891	(87.66) %	
Total revenues	 24,346,112		24,858,487	(2.06) %	,
Expenses:	 		_		
Instruction	9,424,013		9,441,833	(0.19) %	
Support services	9,655,650		9,297,678	3.85 %	
Non-instructional	1,416,638		1,524,767	(7.09) %	
Sixteenth section	47,520		34,967	35.90 %	
Pension expense	1,390,103		1,991,291	(30.19) %	
OPEB expense	74,453		96,154	(22.57) %	
Interest on long-term liabilities	 207,460		220,432	(5.88) %	
Total expenses	22,215,837		22,607,122	(1.73) %	)
Increase (Decrease) in net position	2,130,275		2,251,365	(5.38) %	)
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	 (23,204,042)		(23,150,215)	(0.23) %	
Prior Period Adjustment	 112,014		(2,305,192)	104.86 %	
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(23,092,028)		(25,455,407)	9.28 %	•
Net Position, June 30	\$ (20,961,753)	\$	(23,204,042)	9.66 %	,

# **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total 1	Percentage		
	2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ 9,424,013	\$	9,441,833	(0.19) %
Support services	9,655,650		9,297,678	3.85 %
Non-instructional	1,416,638		1,524,767	(7.09) %
Sixteenth section	47,520		34,967	35.90 %
Pension Expense	1,390,103		1,991,291	(30.19) %
OPEB Expense	74,453		96,154	(22.57) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 207,460		220,432	(5.88) %
Total expenses	\$ 22,215,837	\$	22,607,122	(1.73) %
	 Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	 2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ (7,318,234)	\$	(7,752,169)	5.60 %
Support services	(6,939,318)		(6,692,532)	(3.69) %
Non-instructional	670,465		499,701	34.17 %
Sixteenth section	(47,520)		(28,277)	(68.05) %
Pension Expense	(1,390,103)		(1,991,291)	30.19 %
OPEB Expense	(74,453)		(96,154)	22.57 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (207,460)		(220,432)	5.88 %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (15,306,623)	\$	(16,281,154)	5.99 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$15,306,623 for 2019 and \$16,281,154 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$5,769,459 for 2019 and \$5,870,685 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$10,549,983 for 2019 and \$11,599,622 for 2018). In addition, there was \$953,039 and \$812,225 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$143,086 for 2019 and \$77,096 for 2018.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11,912,769, an increase of \$1,148,322, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$1,511 and a decrease in inventory of \$4,716. \$8,150,307 or 68% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$3,762,462 or 32% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$964,318, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$1,511. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$133,143, which includes a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$4,716. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund		Increase (Decrease)
Title I-A Basic Fund	no	increase or decrease
EHA, Part B Fund FY 20	no	increase or decrease
Youth Detention Fund	no	increase or decrease
QSCB Retirement Fund	\$	317,147

# **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$16,535,958, including land, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$560,194 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$8,624,597, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$441,088, resulting in total net capital assets of \$7,911,361.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

D-----

				Percentag	ge .
	J	une 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Change	
Land	\$	149,099	\$ 149,099	0.00	%
Buildings		5,287,254	5,438,358	(2.78)	%
Building improvements		1,287,972	785,778	63.91	%
Improvements other than buildings		153,792	161,298	(4.65)	%
Mobile equipment		300,888	400,993	(24.96)	%
Furniture and equipment		393,198	270,170	45.54	%
Leased property under capital leases		339,158	 405,515	(16.36)	%
Total	\$	7,911,361	\$ 7,611,211	3.94	<b>%</b>

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2019, the District had \$4,204,667 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$184,565 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$13,615 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

				Percenta	ge
	 June 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018	Change	<u>;                                    </u>
Three mill notes payable	815,000		920,000	(11.41)	%
Obligations under capital leases	328,032		400,177	(18.03)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable	3,000,000		3,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable	 61,635		75,250	(18.09)	%
Total	\$ 4,204,667	\$	4,395,427	(4.34)	<b>%</b>

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

# **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Leflore County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools. The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded.

In accordance with House Bill 987, as passed by the Mississippi Legislature in the regular session of 2016, the Leflore County School District and Greenwood Municipal School District will consolidate on July 1, 2019 to form the new Greenwood-Leflore Consolidated School District. At such time the assets and liabilities of the two school districts will be consolidated and the Leflore County School District will cease to exist.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Greenwood-Leflore Consolidated School District on behalf of Leflore County School District, 401 Howard Street, Greenwood, MS 38930.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Exhibit A

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,292,641
Due from other governments	899,929
Other receivables, net	21,157
Inventories	33,203
Restricted assets (Note 4)	3,681,012
Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 5)	149,099
Depreciable capital assets, net (Note 5)	7,762,262
Total Assets	19,839,303
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2 002 524
Deferred outflow - pensions (Note 7)	2,083,631
Deferred outflow - OPEB (Note 8)	97,772
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,181,403
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	15,173
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	126,885
Long term liabilities (Due within one year) (Note 6)	
Long-term liabilities (Due within one year) (Note 6) Capital related liabilities	179,634
Non-capital related liabilities	4,931
Net OPEB liability (Note 8)	93,576
Long-term liabilities (Due beyond one year) (Note 6)	93,370
Capital related liabilities	3,963,398
Non-capital related liabilities	56,704
Net OPEB liability (Note 8)	1,967,183
Net pension liability (Note 7)	31,921,333
Total Liabilities	38,328,817
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions (Note 7)	4,380,814
Deferred inflows - OPEB (Note 8)	272,828
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,653,642
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	3,768,329
Restricted net position	
Expendable	
School-based activities	1,267,003
Debt service	1,683,126
Capital Projects	141
Forestry improvements	52,003
Unemployment benefits	53,723
Non-expendable	
Sixteenth section	565,310
Unrestricted	(28,351,388)
Total Net Position	\$(20,961,753)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program Rever	nues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
			Operating	Position
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 9,424,013	224,748	1,881,031	(7,318,234)
Support services	9,655,650	500	2,715,832	(6,939,318)
Non-instructional	1,416,638	30,467	2,056,636	670,465
Sixteenth section	47,520	30,407	2,030,030	(47,520)
Pension expense	1,390,103			(1,390,103)
OPEB expense	74,453			(74,453)
Interest on long-term liabilities	207,460			(207,460)
interest on long term habilities	207,400			(207,400)
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	22,215,837	255,715	6,653,499	(15,306,623)
	General Revenues			
	Taxes			
	General purp	ose levies		5,372,283
	Debt purpose			397,176
		ants and contribu	itions	•
	State			10,372,213
	Federal			177,770
	Unrestricted inv	vestment earning	S	143,086
	Sixteenth section	•		953,039
	Other			21,331
	Total Genera	17,436,898		
	Changes in Net Po	2,130,275		
	Net Position - Beg	ginning, as previo	ously reported	(23,204,042)
	Prior Period Ad	112,014		
	Net Position - Beg	ginning - as resta	ted	(23,092,028)
	Net Position - End	ling		\$ (20,961,753)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
June 30, 2019

	Major Funds						
	General Fund	Title I-A Basic Fund	EHA, Part B FY 20 Fund	Youth Detention Center Fund	QSCB Retirement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments (Note 2)	\$ 7,292,641				1,433,592	2,247,420	9,540,061 1,433,592
Due from other governments	142,155	330,091	119,937	99,452	1,433,372	208,294	899,929
Due from other funds (Note 3) Inventories	746,365					33,203	746,365 33,203
Total Assets	8,181,161	330,091	119,937	99,452	1,433,592	2,488,917	12,653,150
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities							
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities Due to other funds (Note 3)	15,173 1,410	330,091	119,937	99,452		174,318	15,173 725,208
Total Liabilities	16,583	330,091	119,937	99,452	0	174,318	740,381
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable Inventory						33,203	33,203
Permanent fund principal						565,310	565,310
Restricted							
Debt service					1,433,592	376,419	1,810,011
Capital projects						141	141
Forestry improvements Unemployment benefits						52,003 53,723	52,003 53,723
Grant activities						1,233,800	1,233,800
Assigned						1,200,000	1,200,000
School activities	14,271						14,271
Unassigned	8,150,307						8,150,307
Total Fund Balances	8,164,578	0	0	0	1,433,592	2,314,599	11,912,769
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 8,181,161	330,091	119,937	99,452	1,433,592	2,488,917	12,653,150

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit C-1

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

		Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 11,912,769
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land Buildings Building Improvements Improvement other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Leased property under capital leases Accumulated depreciation	149,099 11,096,653 1,535,154 187,648 1,356,231 1,473,873 737,300 (8,624,597)	7,911,361
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability		(31,921,333)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	2,083,631 (4,380,814)	(2,297,183)
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability		(2,060,759)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	97,772 (272,828)	(175,056)
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Notes payable Qualified school construction bonds payable Obligations under capital lease Compensated absences	(815,000) (3,000,000) (328,032) (61,635)	
Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	(126,885)	(4,331,552)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (20,961,753)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LEFLORE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit D

	Major Funds						
	General	Title I-A Basic	EHA, Part B FY 20	Youth Detention Center	QSCB Retirement	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues							
Local sources	\$ 5,530,790			112,921	80,147	444,402	6,168,260
State sources	10,372,213			60,000		993,806	11,426,019
Federal sources	177,770	2,241,206	697,667			2,660,820	5,777,463
Sixteenth section sources	946,001					7,038	953,039
Total Revenues	17,026,774	2,241,206	697,667	172,921	80,147	4,106,066	24,324,781
Expenditures							
Instruction	8,872,412	473,062	313,119	80,293		928,162	10,667,048
Support services	7,191,747	1,529,314	361,428	92,628		761,688	9,936,805
Noninstructional services		154,675	1,269			1,432,534	1,588,478
Sixteenth section	39,852					7,668	47,520
Facilities acquisition and construction						561,656	561,656
Debt service							
Principal (Note 6)						177,145	177,145
Interest						213,983	213,983
Other						1,950	1,950
Total Expenditures	16,104,011	2,157,051	675,816	172,921	0	4,084,786	23,194,585
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	922,763	84,155	21,851	0	80,147	21,280	1,130,196
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Insurance loss recoveries (Note 14)	1,377						1,377
Payment held by bond escrow agent	0				237,000		237,000
Sale of transportation equipment	1,510						1,510
Sale of other property	80					1,290	1,370
Operating transfers in (Note 3)	260,312					240,309	500,621
Other financing sources	17,074						17,074
Operating transfers out (Note 3)	(240,309)	(84,155)	(21,851)			(154,306)	(500,621)
Payment to bond escrow agent						(237,000)	(237,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	40,044	(84,155)	(21,851)	0	237,000	(149,707)	21,331
Net Change in Fund Balances	962,807	0	0	0	317,147	(128,427)	1,151,527

LEFLORE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

<u>Exhibit D</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Funds						
			EHA, Part B	Youth Detention	QSCB	Other	Total
	General	Title I-A Basic	FY 20	Center	Retirement	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Fund Balances		· <u></u> -					
July 1, 2018, as previously reported	7,200,260				1,116,445	2,447,742	10,764,447
Prior period adjustments (Note 10)	1,511						1,511
July 1, 2018, as restated	7,201,771	0	0	0	1,116,445	2,447,742	10,765,958
Decrease in reserve for inventory						(4,716)	(4,716)
June 30, 2019	\$ 8,164,578	0	0	0	1,433,592	2,314,599	11,912,769

Exhibit D-1

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Amount
Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 1,151,527
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, those amounts are:		
Capital outlay	649,457	
Depreciation expense	(441,088)	208,369
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.		(18,722)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Payments of debt principal	177,145	
Accrued interest payable	8,473	185,618
Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Pension expense	(1,390,103)	
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	1,965,564	575,461
Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
OPEB expense	(74,453)	
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	93,576	19,123
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences	13,615	
Change in inventory reserve	(4,716)	8,899
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 2,130,275

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# LEFLORE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2019

Exhibit E

	_	Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	906,419
Due from other funds (Note 3)		1,410
Total Assets	<u>—</u>	907,829
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		884,025
Due to other funds (Note 3)		22,567
Due to student clubs		1,237
Total Liabilities	\$	907,829

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

# A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a state appointed Conservator.

For financial reporting purposes, the School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

## **B.** Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I-A Basic Fund - This special revenue fund is used to account for the federal funds whose use is restricted for services associated with providing supplemental educational service to students.

EHA, Part B FY 20 Fund - This special revenue fund is financed with federal funds and is used to account for the activities associated with providing special education students with appropriate services.

Youth Detention Center Fund - This special revenue fund is used to account for the local and state funds whose use is restricted for services associated with providing students housed in the juvenile detention center with the same educational opportunities as they would receive in the regular school setting.

QSCB Retirement Fund - This debt service fund is used to account for the resources that will be used to retire the QSCB debt at such time the balloon debt payment becomes due and payable.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing account for payroll and payroll related transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing - This fund is used as a clearing account for non-payroll transactions.

Student Club Accounts - These funds are used to account for the transaction of student clubs.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

## **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply costreimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems*, 2014, issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

## D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

# E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

# 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

## Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

# 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

# 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

# 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

## 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

# 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$	0	0	
Buildings		50,000	40 years	
Building improvements		25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years	
Leased property under capital leases		*	*	

(\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 5 for details.

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

See Note 15 for further details.

# 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

## 9. Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities.

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## 11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

## 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is documented in the board minutes of the school board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent of education and/or the business manager pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

*Unassigned fund balance* is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the policy of Leflore County School District to maintain a minimum fund balance in the General Fund that is not less than 5% of the revenues of the General Fund.

## Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$9,540,061 and \$906,419, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments.

	Maturities			
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value	
Qualified School Construction Bond Common Trust Fund Series 2010-B	Aam	Less than 1 \$	1,433,592	

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019: The investments are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

*Interest Rate Risk*. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	Value	Investments
Qualified School Construction Bond Common Trust Fund Series 2010-B	\$ 1,433,592	100%

## Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

## A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Major Fund - Title I-A Basic Fund	\$ 330,091
	Major Fund - EHA, Part B FY 20 Fund	119,937
	Major Fund - Youth Detention Center Fund	99,452
	Other Governmental Funds	174,318
	Fiduciary Funds	22,567
Fiduciary Funds	General Fund	 1,410
Total		\$ 747,775

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year end closing adjustments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

## **B.** Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 240,309
Major Fund - Title I-A Basic Fund	General Fund	84,155
Major Fund - EHA, Part B FY 20 Fund	General Fund	21,851
Other governmental funds	General Fund	 154,306
Total		\$ 500,621

The transfer out of the General Fund was for the purpose of funding the extended school year program, unemployment compensation fund and building projects fund. The transfers out of the Major Fund – Title I-A Basic Fund, Major Fund – EHA Part B FY 20 Fund, and Other Governmental Funds to the General Fund were for indirect cost.

## Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance and investment balance, totaling \$2,247,420 and \$1,433,592, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund), Debt Service Funds, and similar type funds which are legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

## Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Balance				Balance
	 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:					_
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 149,099				149,099
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 149,099	0	0	0	149,099
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	11,096,653				11,096,653
Building improvements	973,498	561,656			1,535,154
Improvements other than buildings	187,648				187,648
Mobile equipment	1,542,045		185,814		1,356,231
Furniture and equipment	1,289,521	87,801	13,952	110,503	1,473,873
Leased property under capital leases	737,300				737,300
Total depreciable capital assets	15,826,665	649,457	199,766	110,503	16,386,859
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	5,658,295	151,104			5,809,399
Building improvements	187,720	59,462			247,182
Improvements other than buildings	26,350	7,506			33,856
Mobile equipment	1,141,052	81,523	167,232		1,055,343
Furniture and equipment	1,019,351	75,136	13,812		1,080,675
Leased property under capital leases	331,785	66,357			398,142
Total accumulated depreciation	8,364,553	441,088	181,044	0	8,624,597
Total depreciable capital assets, net	7,462,112	208,369	18,722	110,503	7,762,262
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,611,211	208,369	18,722	110,503	7,911,361

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 79,002
Support services	332,728
Non-instructional	 29,358
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 441,088

# Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

					Amounts
	Balance			Balance	due within
	7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2019	one year
A. Three mill notes payable	920,000		105,000	815,000	105,000
B. Obligations under capital leases	400,177		72,145	328,032	74,634
C. Qualified school construction bonds payable	3,000,000			3,000,000	0
D. Compensated absences payable	75,250		13,615	61,635	4,931
Total	\$ 4,395,427	0	190,760	4,204,667	184,565

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

## A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	Outstanding
Three mill notes, series 2015	1.12-2.85	7/15/2015	7/15/2025	\$ 1,	125,000	815,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 105,000	14,352	119,352
2021	110,000	14,262	124,262
2022	110,000	12,660	122,660
2023	115,000	11,221	126,221
2024	120,000	9,000	129,000
2025 - 2026	 255,000	10,233	265,233
Total	\$ 815,000	71,728	886,728

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

## B. Obligations under capital leases

The school district has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of school buses at a cost of \$819,200. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes.

The various options available to the lessee for this lease are as follows:

- 1. Purchase the vendor's interest upon giving notice (60 Days).
- 2. Acquire the buses upon payment of \$1.00 bargain purchase option at the end of the lease term.

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Master installment agreement - buses	3.45	8/16/2013	8/16/2022	\$ 819,200	328,032

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 74,634	10,845	85,479
2021	77,209	8,270	85,479
2022	79,873	5,606	85,479
2023	 96,316	2,851	99,167
Total	\$ 328,032	27,572	355,604

The school district uses the straight-line method of amortization for the lease payments which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the difference between the effective interest method and the straight-line method is not considered material.

This debt will be retired from the Building and Bus Fund (Special Revenue Fund).

## C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds	6.01	12/1/2010	12/1/2025	\$ 3,000,000	3,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	180,300	180,300
2021		180,300	180,300
2022		180,300	180,300
2023		180,300	180,300
2024		180,300	180,300
2025 - 2026	 3,000,000	360,600	3,360,600
Total	\$ 3,000,000	1,262,100	4,262,100

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Retirement Fund.

# D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

## Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <a href="https://www.pers.ms.gov">www.pers.ms.gov</a>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,965,564, \$1,930,272 and \$1,938,598, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$31,921,333 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was .191916 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an increase of .000046 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,390,103. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		=	
experience	\$ 104,059	\$	471,847
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	0		107,651
Changes of assumptions	14,008		13,109
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions	0		3,788,207
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	1,965,564		0
Total	\$ 2,083,631	\$	4,380,814

\$1,965,564 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (1,680,929)
2021	(1,680,929)
2022	(873,976)
2023	(26,913)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<b>Target</b>		Long-Term Expected Real		
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return		
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%	
International Equity	18.00		4.50		
<b>Emerging Markets Equity</b>	4.00		4.75		
Global	12.00		4.75		
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75		
Real Estate	10.00		3.50		
Private Equity	8.00		5.10		
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25		
Cash	1.00		0.00		
Total	100	%			

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	Current						
		1% Decrease (6.75%)		Discount Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)	
District's proportionate share		(=====		(******)		(	
of the net pension liability	\$	42,031,235	\$	31,921,333	\$	23,518,669	

*Pension plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

## **Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)**

## General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

Benefits provided. The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$93,576 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$2,060,759 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was .26640286 percent. This was a decrease of .01027567 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$74,453. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		_	
experience	\$ 4,196	\$	0
Changes of assumptions	0		146,833
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments	0		0
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions	0		125,995
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	 93,576	_	0

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total	\$ 97,772	\$ 272,828

\$93,576 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (53,670)
2021	(53,670)
2022	(53,670)
2023	(53,670)
2024	(44,592)
Thereafter	(9,360)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	4.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2018 2017
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			Current	
	1% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase
	(2.89%)	F	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,284,301	\$	2,060,759	\$ 1,868,507

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
			Rates	
	1	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,908,944	\$ 2,060,759	\$ 2,233,178

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

# **Note 9 – Sixteenth Section Lands**

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 589,391
2021	399,541
2022	210,495
2023	176,775
2024	41,775
2025 - 2029	208,275
2030 - 2034	172,775
2035 - 2039	33,675
Thereafter	3,000
Total	\$ 1,835,702

## **Note 10 – Prior Period Adjustments**

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

## Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Exp	lanation	Amount
1. Erro	or correction - restatement of prior period asset	\$ 1,511
2. Erro	or correction - correction of capital assets	110,503
Tot	al	\$ 112,014

## Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	Error correction - Restatement of prior period asset	\$ 1,511
Total		\$ 1,511

## **Note 11 – Contingencies**

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

## Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

# Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 58 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. [The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.]

## Note 13 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the subsidy payments amounted to \$154,489.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to payoff the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2019 was \$1,433,592. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 237,000
2021	237,000
2022	237,000
2023	236,000
2024	236,000
2025 - 2026	472,000
Total	\$ 1,655,000

#### Note 14 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Leflore County School District received \$1,377 in insurance loss recoveries related to school bus damage during the 2018-2019 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and were allocated to the support services expense function.

## Note 15 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$28,351,388) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,965,564 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$118,067 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$28,351,388) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$4,380,814 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$28,351,388) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$93,576 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$4,196 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$28,351,388) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$272,828 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

## Note 16 – Juvenile Detention Center Education Program

The Leflore County School district entered into a Juvenile Detention Center agreement dated August 6, 2018 creating the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center Education Program to be housed at the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center. This program was in accordance with Section 43-21-321, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) which states a sponsoring school district must provide educational services to youths detained in juvenile detention centers. It was approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Attala County School District, Carroll County School District, Coffeeville School District, Clarksdale Municipal School District, Coahoma Agricultural High School, Coahoma County School District, East Tallahatchie School District, Greenwood Municipal School District, Holmes County Consolidated

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

School District, Humphreys County School District, Kosciusko School District, North Panola School District, Senatobia Municipal School District, South Panola School District, Sunflower County Consolidated School District, Tate County School District, Tunica County School District, Water Valley School District, West Tallahatchie Consolidated School District and Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District. The Leflore County School District has been designated as the sponsoring school district and the operations of the program are included in its financial statements under Major Fund – Youth Detention Center Fund.

## **Note 17 - Subsequent Events**

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through March 16, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

- Consolidation of Leflore County School District and Greenwood Municipal School District In accordance
  with House Bill 987, as passed by the Mississippi Legislature in the regular session of 2016, the Leflore
  County School District and Greenwood Municipal School District will consolidate on July 1, 2019 to form
  the new Greenwood-Leflore Consolidated School District. At such time the assets and liabilities of the two
  school districts will be consolidated and the Leflore County School District will cease to exist.
- 2. As of the date of this report, the world is enduring a pandemic involving the COVID-19 virus. This pandemic has wreaked global havoc on society including governmental entities. The Governor of the State of Mississippi has called for all Mississippi schools to extend spring break through March 20, 2020. The long term effects of the closures are unknown as of the date of this report.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Varian	
	D 14	- 1 A	A -41	Positive (I	
	Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	Original to Final	Final to Actual
Revenues	Originar	1 11141	(OAAI Dasis)	torman	to Actual
Local sources	\$ 5,513,019	5,530,790	5,530,790	17,771	0
State sources	10,183,598	10,360,111	10,372,213	176,513	12,102
Federal sources	251,030	177,770	177,770	(73,260)	0
Sixteenth section sources	818,968	946,001	946,001	127,033	0
Total Revenues	16,766,615	17,014,672	17,026,774	248,057	12,102
Expenditures					
Instruction	9,360,425	8,876,204	8,872,412	484,221	3,792
Support services	7,568,436	7,291,837	7,191,747	276,599	100,090
Sixteenth section	38,100	39,852	39,852	(1,752)	0
Total Expenditures	16,966,961	16,207,893	16,104,011	759,068	103,882
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(200,346)	806,779	922,763	1,007,125	115,984
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Insurance loss recoveries	0	1,377	1,377	1,377	0
Sale of transportation equipment	0	1,510	1,510	1,510	0
Sale of other property	0	80	80	80	0
Operating transfers in	1,299,813	297,346	260,312	(1,002,467)	(37,034)
Other financing sources	0	0	17,074	0	17,074
Operating transfers out	(1,270,680)	(248,167)	(240,309)	1,022,513	7,858
Other financing uses	(26,450)	0	0	26,450	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,683	52,146	40,044	49,463	(12,102)
Net Change in Fund Balances			962,807		
Fund Balances					
July 1, 2018, as previously reported			7,200,260		
Prior period adjustments			1,511		
July 1, 2018, as restated			7,201,771		
June 30, 2019			\$ 8,164,578		

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - Title I-A Basic Fund For the Year Ended June  $30,\,2019$ 

				Varian		
	D 14-	. 1. A	A -41	Positive (		
		ed Amounts	Actual	Original	Final	
D	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues	2 201 047	0.650.001	2 2 4 1 20 6	262 224	(410 175)	
Federal sources \$	2,291,047	2,653,381	2,241,206	362,334	(412,175)	
Total Revenues	2,291,047	2,653,381	2,241,206	362,334	(412,175)	
Expenditures						
Instruction	639,512	678,112	473,062	(38,600)	205,050	
Support services	1,380,674	1,691,767	1,529,314	(311,093)	162,453	
Noninstructional services	178,476	191,381	154,675	(12,905)	36,706	
Total Expenditures	2,198,662	2,561,260	2,157,051	(362,598)	404,209	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	92,385	92,121	84,155	(264)	(7,966)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers out	(92,385)	(92,121)	(84,155)	264	7,966	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(92,385)	(92,121)	(84,155)	264	7,966	
Net Change in Fund Balances			0			
Fund Balances July 1, 2018			0			
June 30, 2019		9	0			

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - EHA, Part B FY 20 Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Varian Positive (1	
	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
			(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues				_	
Federal sources	797,341	960,994	697,667	163,653	(263,327)
Total Revenues	797,341	960,994	697,667	163,653	(263,327)
Expenditures					
Instruction	275,765	409,921	313,119	(134,156)	96,802
Support services	510,185	510,783	361,428	(598)	149,355
Noninstructional services	1,891	7,908	1,269	(6,017)	6,639
Total Expenditures	787,841	928,612	675,816	(140,771)	252,796
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	9,500	32,382	21,851	22,882	(10,531)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers out	(9,500)	(32,382)	(21,851)	(22,882)	10,531
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,500)	(32,382)	(21,851)	(22,882)	10,531
Net Change in Fund Balances			0		
Fund Balances					
July 1, 2018			0		
June 30, 2019		9	\$0		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - Youth Detention Center For the Year Ended June 30,2019

					Positive (Negative)		
		<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		Actual -	Original	Final	
	О	riginal	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues							
Local sources	\$ 8	36,157	112,921	112,921	26,764	0	
State sources	6	60,000	60,000	60,000	0	0	
Total Revenues	14	6,157	172,921	172,921	26,764	0	
Expenditures							
Instruction	8	32,290	80,293	80,293	1,997	0	
Support services	6	57,783	92,628	92,628	(24,845)	0	
Total Expenditures	15	0,073	172,921	172,921	(22,848)	0	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(	(3,916)	0	0	3,916	0	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating transfers in		3,916	0	0	(3,916)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,916	0	0	(3,916)	0	
Net Change in Fund Balances				0			
Fund Balances							
July 1, 2018				0			
June 30, 2019			•	<b>6</b> 0			

Variances

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

**PERS** 

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.191916%	0.191870%	0.200675%	0.203127%	0.251643%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 31,921,333	31,895,306	35,845,566	31,399,429	30,345,423
District's covered payroll	\$ 12,255,695	12,308,559	12,837,689	12,690,190	15,383,683
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	197.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

LEFLORE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,965,564	1,930,272	1,938,598	2,021,936	1,998,705
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,965,564	1,930,272	1,938,598	2,021,936	1,998,705
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	\$ 12,479,771	12,255,695	12,308,559	12,837,689	12,690,190
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.26640286%	0.27667853%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,060,759	2,170,845
Covered employee payroll	\$ 12,255,695	12,308,470
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	16.81%	17.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

LEFLORE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	93,576	92,546
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		93,576	92,546
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	0	0
Covered employee payroll	\$ 12	2,479,771	12,255,695
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.75%	0.76%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 75 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

# Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

## **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

## (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

## (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Pension Schedules

## (1) Changes of assumptions

## 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

## 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

## 2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

# Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

## 2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) *Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.* 

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

# **OPEB Schedules**

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

# Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Level dollar Amortization method

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims

Pre-Medicare 5.00%

Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims

Pre-Medicare 2023

Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense,

including price inflation 3.56% This page left blank intentionally.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Pederal Domestic Assistance No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	195MS326N1099	\$ 535,141
National school lunch program	10.555	195MS326N1099	1,523,592
Summer food service program for children	10.559	195MS326N1099	19,685
Total child nutrition cluster			2,078,418
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,078,418
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,078,418
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I - grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A180024	2,375,868
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A180024	51,694
Rural education	84.358	ES358B180024	84,148
Supporting effective instruction - state grants	84.367	ES367A180023	297,681
Student support and academic enrichment program	84.424	ES424A180025	31,590
Total			2,840,981
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A180108	697,667
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A180113	29,274
Total special education cluster			726,941
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			3,567,922
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,567,922
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	1905MS5ADM	10,583
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			10,583
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			10,583
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 5,656,923

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

# (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### (4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$151,300 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

#### (5) Other Items

For each federal grant passed though the Mississippi Department of Education, the school district has elected to use the pass-through entity identifying number as provided by the Mississippi Department of Education for the most recent and significant grant year.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	Total	Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 16,951,624 6,242,961	12,243,973 1,820,869	984,802 541,622	1,211,693 14,959	2,511,156 3,865,511
Total	23,194,585	14,064,842	1,526,424	1,226,652	6,376,667
Total number of students	2,133				
Cost per student	\$ 10,874	6,594	716	575	2,989

# Notes to the schedule.

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

Total number of students - the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year.

OTHER INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund

Last Four Years

# UNAUDITED

	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues				_
Local sources	\$ 5,530,790	5,455,557	4,863,057	4,869,529
State sources	10,372,213	10,692,959	10,564,188	10,614,015
Federal sources	177,770	261,563	118,180	256,821
Sixteenth section sources	946,001	834,738	941,984	970,046
Total Revenues	17,026,774	17,244,817	16,487,409	16,710,411
Expenditures				
Instruction	8,872,412	8,672,330	9,207,667	9,097,882
Support services	7,191,747	6,971,187	6,138,901	6,900,422
Sixteenth section	39,852	34,967	44,445	44,533
Total Expenditures	16,104,011	15,678,484	15,391,013	16,042,837
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	922,763	1,566,333	1,096,396	667,574
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds of loans	0	204,117	0	0
Insurance loss recoveries	1,377	7,081	15,045	7,093
Sale of transportation equipment	1,510	0	0	0
Sale of other property	80	240	0	5,450
Operating transfers in	260,312	238,274	211,719	183,214
Other financing sources	17,074	0	0	0
Operating transfers out	(240,309)	(44,827)	(181,999)	(41,389)
Other financing uses	0	(27,375)	(35,949)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	40,044	377,510	8,816	154,368
Net Change in Fund Balances	962,807	1,943,843	1,105,212	821,942
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	7,200,260	5,309,889	4,210,062	3,388,120
Prior period adjustments	1,511	(53,472)	(5,385)	0
Beginning of period, as restated	7,201,771	5,256,417	4,204,677	3,388,120
End of period	\$ 8,164,578	7,200,260	5,309,889	4,210,062

<sup>\*</sup> Source - Prior year audit reports.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

# UNAUDITED

Care   Care		2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
State sources	Revenues	h	£ 450 000	~ ~ 40 <b>~</b> ~ ~	5 00 C 500
Federal sources         5.777,463         5.914,777         5.865,431         6.208,697           Sixteenth section sources         953,039         847,620         959,685         970,721           Total Revenues         24,324,781         24,858,488         23,804,528         24,341,690           Expenditures         Instruction         10,667,048         10,645,422         10,875,831         11,584,499           Support services         9,936,805         9,650,575         9,174,284         9,484,663           Noninstructional services         1,588,478         1,798,984         1,621,508         1,673,362           Sixteenth section         47,520         34,967         48,843         44,582           Facilities acquisition and construction         561,656         0         86,107         853,346           Debt service         Principal         177,145         378,856         168,233         132,334           Interest         213,983         221,947         220,443         202,871           Other         1,950         1,950         1,950         1,950         1,4125           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         1,30,196         2,125,787         1,607,329         351,908					
Sixteenth section sources   953,039   847,620   959,685   970,721     Total Revenues   24,324,781   24,858,488   23,804,528   24,341,690     Expenditures					
Expenditures					
Expenditures	Sixteenth section sources	953,039	847,620	959,685	970,721
Instruction         10,667,048         10,645,422         10,875,831         11,584,499           Support services         9,936,805         9,650,575         9,174,284         9,484,663           Noninstructional services         1,588,478         1,798,984         1,621,508         1,673,362           Sixteenth section         47,520         34,967         48,843         44,582           Facilities acquisition and construction         561,656         0         86,107         853,346           Debt service         Principal         177,145         378,856         168,233         132,334           Interest         213,983         221,947         20,0871         20,2871           Other         1,950         1,950         1,950         1,950           Total Expenditures         23,194,585         22,732,701         22,197,199         23,989,782           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         1,130,196         2,125,787         1,607,329         351,908           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         0         204,117         0         1,125,000           Insurance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         23	Total Revenues	24,324,781	24,858,488	23,804,528	24,341,690
Support services         9,936,805         9,650,575         9,174,284         9,484,633           Noninstructional services         1,588,478         1,798,984         1,621,508         1,673,362           Sixteenth section         47,520         34,967         48,843         44,882           Facilities acquisition and construction         561,656         0         86,107         853,346           Debt service         Principal         177,145         378,856         168,233         132,334           Interest         213,983         221,947         220,443         202,871           Other         1,950         1,950         1,950         1,950         14,125           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         1,130,196         2,125,787         1,607,329         351,908           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Proceeds of loans         0         204,117         0         1,125,000           Insurance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000	Expenditures				
Noninstructional services         1,588,478         1,798,984         1,621,508         1,673,362           Sixteenth section         47,520         34,967         48,843         44,582           Facilities acquisition and construction         561,656         0         86,107         853,346           Debt service         Principal         177,145         378,856         168,233         132,334           Interest         213,983         221,947         220,443         202,871           Other         1,950         1,950         1,950         14,125           Total Expenditures         23,194,585         22,732,701         22,197,199         23,989,782           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         1,130,196         2,125,787         1,607,329         351,908           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Proceeds of Joans         0         204,117         0         1,125,000           Insurance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         0         0         0         0 <td>Instruction</td> <td>10,667,048</td> <td>10,645,422</td> <td>10,875,831</td> <td>11,584,499</td>	Instruction	10,667,048	10,645,422	10,875,831	11,584,499
Sixteenth section         47,520         34,967         48,843         44,582           Facilities acquisition and construction         561,656         0         86,107         853,346           Debt service         Principal         177,145         378,856         168,233         132,334           Interest         213,983         221,947         220,443         202,871           Other         1,950         1,950         1,950         14,125           Total Expenditures         23,194,585         22,732,701         22,197,199         23,989,782           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         1,130,196         2,125,787         1,607,329         351,908           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Variance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Proceeds of loans         0         204,117         0         1,125,000           Insurance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         0         6,600 <td>Support services</td> <td>9,936,805</td> <td>9,650,575</td> <td>9,174,284</td> <td>9,484,663</td>	Support services	9,936,805	9,650,575	9,174,284	9,484,663
Facilities acquisition and construction         561,656         0         86,107         853,346           Debt service         Principal         177,145         378,856         168,233         132,334           Interest         213,983         221,947         220,443         202,871           Other         1,950         1,950         1,950         1,950           Total Expenditures         23,194,585         22,732,701         22,197,199         23,989,782           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         1,130,196         2,125,787         1,607,329         351,908           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         0         204,117         0         1,125,000           Insurance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         236,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0 </td <td>Noninstructional services</td> <td>1,588,478</td> <td>1,798,984</td> <td>1,621,508</td> <td>1,673,362</td>	Noninstructional services	1,588,478	1,798,984	1,621,508	1,673,362
Debt service         Principal         177,145         378,856         168,233         132,334           Interest         213,983         221,947         220,443         202,871           Other         1,950         1,950         1,950         14,125           Total Expenditures         23,194,585         22,732,701         22,197,199         23,989,782           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         1,130,196         2,125,787         1,607,329         351,908           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         0         204,117         0         1,125,000           Insurance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         236,000         1,330         240         <	Sixteenth section	47,520	34,967	48,843	44,582
Debt service         Principal         177,145         378,856         168,233         132,334           Interest         213,983         221,947         220,443         202,871           Other         1,950         1,950         1,950         14,125           Total Expenditures         23,194,585         22,732,701         22,197,199         23,989,782           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         1,130,196         2,125,787         1,607,329         351,908           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         0         204,117         0         1,125,000           Insurance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         236,000         1,330         240         <	Facilities acquisition and construction	561,656	0	86,107	853,346
Interest Other         213,983 1,950         221,947 1,950         220,443 1,950         120,2871 1,250           Total Expenditures         23,194,585         22,732,701         22,197,199         23,989,782           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         1,130,196         2,125,787         1,607,329         351,908           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         0         204,117         0         1,125,000           Insurance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         0	•	,		,	,
Interest Other         213,983 1,950         221,947 1,950         220,443 1,950         120,2871 1,250           Total Expenditures         23,194,585         22,732,701         22,197,199         23,989,782           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         1,130,196         2,125,787         1,607,329         351,908           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         0         204,117         0         1,125,000           Insurance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         0		177,145	378,856	168,233	132,334
Other         1,950         1,950         1,950         1,4125           Total Expenditures         23,194,585         22,732,701         22,197,199         23,989,782           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         1,130,196         2,125,787         1,607,329         351,908           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Variance Ioss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000	*				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         1,130,196         2,125,787         1,607,329         351,908           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         0         204,117         0         1,125,000           Insurance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000           Sale of transportation equipment         1,510         0         0         0         0           Sale of other property         1,370         240         0         5,600           Operating transfers in         500,621         351,848         393,718         224,603           Other financing sources         17,074         0         0         0           Operating transfers out         (500,621)         (351,848)         (393,718)         (224,603)           Payment to bond escrow agent         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)         0         204,117         0         1,125,000           Proceeds of loans         0         204,117         0         1,250,000           Insurance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000           Sale of transportation equipment         1,510         0         0         0         0           Sale of other property         1,370         240         0         5,600           Operating transfers in         500,621         351,848         393,718         224,603           Other financing sources         17,074         0         0         0           Operating transfers out         (500,621)         (351,848)         (393,718)         (224,603)           Payment to bond escrow agent         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (25,030)         (35,949)         0           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         21,331         184,572         (20,904)         1,197,621	Total Expenditures	23,194,585	22,732,701	22,197,199	23,989,782
Proceeds of loans         0         204,117         0         1,25,000           Insurance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000           Sale of transportation equipment         1,510         0         0         0           Sale of other property         1,370         240         0         0         5,600           Operating transfers in         500,621         351,848         393,718         224,603           Other financing sources         17,074         0         0         0           Operating transfers out         (500,621)         (351,848)         (393,718)         (224,603)           Payment to bond escrow agent         (237,000) <t< td=""><td>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</td><td>1,130,196</td><td>2,125,787</td><td>1,607,329</td><td>351,908</td></t<>	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,130,196	2,125,787	1,607,329	351,908
Insurance loss recoveries         1,377         8,245         15,045         67,021           Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         237,000         5,600         0         0         0         5,600         224,603         0         1         0         0         0         0         0         237,000         (237,000)         0         237,000         0         237,000         0         237,000         0         28,030         35	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Payment held by bond escrow agent         237,000         237,000         237,000           Sale of transportation equipment         1,510         0         0         0           Sale of other property         1,370         240         0         5,600           Operating transfers in         500,621         351,848         393,718         224,603           Other financing sources         17,074         0         0         0           Operating transfers out         (500,621)         (351,848)         (393,718)         (224,603)           Payment to bond escrow agent         (237,000)		0	204,117	0	1,125,000
Sale of transportation equipment         1,510         0         0         0           Sale of other property         1,370         240         0         5,600           Operating transfers in         500,621         351,848         393,718         224,603           Other financing sources         17,074         0         0         0           Operating transfers out         (500,621)         (351,848)         (393,718)         (224,603)           Payment to bond escrow agent         (237,000)	Insurance loss recoveries	1,377	8,245	15,045	67,021
Sale of transportation equipment         1,510         0         0         0           Sale of other property         1,370         240         0         5,600           Operating transfers in         500,621         351,848         393,718         224,603           Other financing sources         17,074         0         0         0           Operating transfers out         (500,621)         (351,848)         (393,718)         (224,603)           Payment to bond escrow agent         (237,000)	Payment held by bond escrow agent			237,000	
Sale of other property         1,370         240         0         5,600           Operating transfers in         500,621         351,848         393,718         224,603           Other financing sources         17,074         0         0         0           Operating transfers out         (500,621)         (351,848)         (393,718)         (224,603)           Payment to bond escrow agent         (237,000)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,510	0	0	0
Operating transfers in         500,621         351,848         393,718         224,603           Other financing sources         17,074         0         0         0           Operating transfers out         (500,621)         (351,848)         (393,718)         (224,603)           Payment to bond escrow agent         (237,000)         <			240	0	5,600
Other financing sources         17,074         0         0         0           Operating transfers out         (500,621)         (351,848)         (393,718)         (224,603)           Payment to bond escrow agent         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         0         (28,030)         (35,949)         0         0         0         (28,030)         (35,949)         0         0         0         1,197,621         0         0         0         1,197,621         0         0         1,197,621         0 <td>* * *</td> <td></td> <td>351,848</td> <td>393,718</td> <td></td>	* * *		351,848	393,718	
Operating transfers out         (500,621)         (351,848)         (393,718)         (224,603)           Payment to bond escrow agent         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         (237,000)         0         0         (28,030)         (35,949)         0         0           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         21,331         184,572         (20,904)         1,197,621         0         1,151,527         2,310,359         1,586,425         1,549,529         1,549,529         1,586,425         1,549,529					
Payment to bond escrow agent Other financing uses         (237,000) <td></td> <td></td> <td>(351,848)</td> <td>(393,718)</td> <td>(224,603)</td>			(351,848)	(393,718)	(224,603)
Other financing uses         0         (28,030)         (35,949)         0           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         21,331         184,572         (20,904)         1,197,621           Net Change in Fund Balances         1,151,527         2,310,359         1,586,425         1,549,529           Fund Balances:         8,511,670         6,924,957         5,367,199           Prior period adjustments         1,511         (53,862)         (7,970)         0           Beginning of period, as restated         10,765,958         8,457,808         6,916,987         5,367,199           Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory         (4,716)         (3,720)         8,258         8,229	1 0				
Net Change in Fund Balances       1,151,527       2,310,359       1,586,425       1,549,529         Fund Balances:       Beginning of period, as previously reported Prior period adjustments       10,764,447       8,511,670       6,924,957       5,367,199         Prior period adjustments       1,511       (53,862)       (7,970)       0         Beginning of period, as restated       10,765,958       8,457,808       6,916,987       5,367,199         Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory       (4,716)       (3,720)       8,258       8,229	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Fund Balances:  Beginning of period, as previously reported 10,764,447 8,511,670 6,924,957 5,367,199 Prior period adjustments 1,511 (53,862) (7,970) 0  Beginning of period, as restated 10,765,958 8,457,808 6,916,987 5,367,199 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (4,716) (3,720) 8,258 8,229	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	21,331	184,572	(20,904)	1,197,621
Beginning of period, as previously reported       10,764,447       8,511,670       6,924,957       5,367,199         Prior period adjustments       1,511       (53,862)       (7,970)       0         Beginning of period, as restated       10,765,958       8,457,808       6,916,987       5,367,199         Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory       (4,716)       (3,720)       8,258       8,229	Net Change in Fund Balances	1,151,527	2,310,359	1,586,425	1,549,529
Beginning of period, as previously reported       10,764,447       8,511,670       6,924,957       5,367,199         Prior period adjustments       1,511       (53,862)       (7,970)       0         Beginning of period, as restated       10,765,958       8,457,808       6,916,987       5,367,199         Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory       (4,716)       (3,720)       8,258       8,229	Fund Balances:				
Prior period adjustments         1,511         (53,862)         (7,970)         0           Beginning of period, as restated         10,765,958         8,457,808         6,916,987         5,367,199           Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory         (4,716)         (3,720)         8,258         8,229		10.764.447	8.511.670	6.924.957	5.367.199
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (4,716) (3,720) 8,258 8,229					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Beginning of period, as restated	10,765,958	8,457,808	6,916,987	5,367,199
End of period \$ 11,912,769 10,764,447 8,511,670 6,924,957	Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(4,716)	(3,720)	8,258	8,229
	End of period	\$ 11,912,769	10,764,447	8,511,670	6,924,957

<sup>\*</sup> Source - Prior year audit reports.

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

Member: AICPA, MSCPA



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Greenwood-Leflore Consolidated School District on behalf of Leflore County School District

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Leflore County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Leflore County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated March 16, 2020.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Leflore County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Leflore County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Leflore County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. I did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 that I consider to be a material weakness.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Leflore County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations,

contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Leflore County School District's Response to the Finding

Leflore County School District's response to the finding identified in my audit is described in the accompanying Auditee's Corrective Action Plan. Leflore County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

St. Clair CPA, PUC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS March 16, 2020 Member: AICPA, MSCPA



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Superintendent and School Board Greenwood-Leflore Consolidated School District on behalf of Leflore County School District

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Leflore County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Leflore County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Leflore County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Leflore County School District's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Leflore County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of Leflore County School District's compliance.

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Leflore County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Leflore County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered Leflore County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Leflore County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

St. Clair CPA, PLLC
St. Clair CPA, PLLC

Carriere, MS March 16, 2020 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Member: AICPA, MSCPA



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Greenwood-Leflore Consolidated School District on behalf of Leflore County School District

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Leflore County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Leflore County School District's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated March 16, 2020. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and my audit of the financial statements disclosed the following immaterial instance of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. My finding and recommendation and Leflore County School District's response are as follows:

### **State Legal Compliance Finding**

CONDITION: During the testing of employment of retired personnel, I noted one (1) instance out of a sample of nine (9) in which a re-hired employee's (PERS) Form 4Bs was not submitted to PERS within the required timeline and one (1) PERS retiree was overpaid \$1,086.77 based on the salary submitted on the PERS Form 4B.

CRITERIA: Section 25-11-127(4), Mississippi Code Annotated (1972), requires the school district hiring service retirees to notify PERS in writing by completing and filing Form 4B "Certification/Acknowledgement of Reemployment of Retiree" with the PERS office within five (5) days of employment and the amount of compensation is limited based on their election on the PERS Form 4B.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition was a failure to follow PERS rules and regulations.

EFFECT: The district is not in compliance with Section 25-11-127(4), Miss. Code of 1972 and the rules and regulations of PERS.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the district strengthen controls to ensure compliance with Section 25-11-127(4), Mississippi Code Annotated (1972), by properly completing and filing the Form 4Bs within five (5) days of employment and paying the employees properly.

RESPONSE: The School District concurs with the finding and recommendation. The District will strengthen controls to ensure compliance with State laws and the rules and regulations of PERS.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to insure that corrective action has been taken.

The Leflore County School District's response to the finding included in this report was not audited and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

St. Clair CPA, PLLC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS March 16, 2020 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements:**

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the basic financial statements: Unmodified

- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
  - a. Material weaknesses identified?
  - b. Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None Reported
- 3. Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements noted?

#### **Federal Awards:**

4. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

- 5. Internal control over major programs:
  - a. Material weaknesses identified?
  - b. Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None Reported
- 6. Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?
- 7. Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010	Title I grants to local educational agencies
84.027 & 84.173	Special education cluster

- 8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000
- 9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?
- 10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal Awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

# Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of my tests disclosed the following findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under the *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Finding 2019-001**

#### Material weakness

CRITERIA: Management is responsible for establishing an internal control system that ensures strong financial accountability and safeguarding of assets. A critical aspect of financial management is the maintenance of accurate accounting records.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

CONDITION: During my testing of investments in the Other Governmental Funds, I noted investments and the related local revenues were understated by \$237,000. The auditor proposed an adjustment, which was accepted by the district, to correct this error. Additionally, once the adjustment was made, the major fund calculation was re-performed and the QSCB Retirement Fund had to be reclassified as a major fund and the related adjustments were made.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of this condition is a result of not properly implementing the designed system of accounting controls.

EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of this condition resulted in the financial statements being materially misstated. The auditor proposed the above referenced adjustment, which was accepted by the district, to correct this error.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the district implement policies or procedures to establish an internal control system that will ensure strong financial accountability, proper safeguarding of assets, and accurate accounting records.

VIEW OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL: See Auditee Corrective Action Plan.

# Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN



Mr. James Johnson-Waldington, Interim Superintendent 1901 HWY 82 WEST \* GREENWOOD, MS 38930 662-453-8566 (OFFICE) \* 662-459-7265 (FAX)

# Corrective Action Plan

March 16, 2020

As required by 2 CFR 200.511 (a), the Leflore County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Finding 2019-001

#### Corrective Action Plan

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action Kellia Washington Chief Financial Officer.
- b. Description of correction action to be taken The district will implement policies or procedures to establish an internal control system that ensures strong financial accountability and proper safeguarding of assets and accurate accounting records.
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action Effective immediately.

Sincerely,

Kellia J. Washington

Chief Financial Officer