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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

PAYN AND LEGGETT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Lincoln County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lincoln County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lincoln County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lincoln County School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-13, 43-46, 47, 48, 49, and 50, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lincoln County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 20, 2020 on our consideration of the Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Payn Leggett, CPA5
Payn and Leggett, CPAs

Brookhaven, Mississippi

February 20, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Lincoln County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$29,076, including a prior period adjustment of (\$825), which represents a less than 1% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$3,278,382, including a prior period adjustment of (\$2,180,420), which represents an 11% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$21,748,220 and \$21,058,825, or 84% and 85% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,241,955, or 16% of total revenues for 2019, and \$3,803,556, or 15% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$26,018,426 and \$25,960,343 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$4,241,955 for 2019 and \$3,803,556 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$21,748,220 for 2019 and \$21,058,825 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$21,237,978 in revenues and \$19,414,759 in expenditures for 2019, and \$20,398,094 in revenues and \$18,933,815 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,464,822 from 2018 to 2019, including a prior period adjustment of (\$825), and increased by \$1,097,558 from 2017 to 2018, including a prior period adjustment of (\$4,518).
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$420,105 for 2019 and decreased by \$457,472 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$414,566 for 2019 and decreased by \$992,868 for 2018. The
 decrease for 2019 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The
 liability for compensated absences decreased by \$79,566 for 2019 and increased by \$107,132 for
 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$25,220,561 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	е
Current assets	\$ 21,280,706	\$ 19,845,478	7.23	%
Restricted assets	15,881,714	15,695,437	1.19	%
Capital assets, net	22,267,914	22,688,019	(1.85)	%
Total assets	59,430,334	58,228,934	2.06	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 3,470,762	 3,610,235	(3.86)	%
Current liabilities	129,546	149,322	(13.24)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	504,537	919,103	(45.11)	%
Net OPEB liability	2,245,417	2,172,578	3.35	%
Net pension liability	33,693,409	32,312,221	4.27	%
Total liabilities	36,572,909	 35,553,224	2.87	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,107,626	 1,036,308	6.88	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	21,912,914	21,998,019	(0.39)	%
Restricted	17,121,583	16,850,890	1.61	%
Unrestricted	 (13,813,936)	 (13,599,272)	(1.58)	%
Total net position	\$ 25,220,561	\$ 25,249,637	(0.12)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (13,813,936)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	33,575,690
and deferred inflows	
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 19,761,754

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$420,105.
- The principal retirement of \$335,000 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$25,990,175 and \$24,862,381, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$26,018,426 for 2019 and \$25,960,343 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2019			Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percenta Change	_
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	843,519	\$	794,727	6.14	%
Operating grants and contributions		3,398,436		3,008,829	12.95	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		4,985,520		4,587,432	8.68	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		15,182,429		15,588,949	(2.61)	%
Investment earnings		678,594		237,165	186.13	%
Sixteenth section sources		862,108		609,493	41.45	%
Other		39,569		35,786	10.57	%
Total revenues		25,990,175		24,862,381	4.54	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		13,517,985		12,982,642	4.12	%
Support services		7,130,367		7,143,130	(0.18)	%
Non-instructional		1,298,924		1,289,289	0.75	%
Sixteenth section		201,544		138,007	46.04	%
Pension expense		3,720,989		4,233,296	(12.10)	%
OPEB expense		117,119		107,756	8.69	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		31,498		66,223	(52.44)	%
Total expenses		26,018,426		25,960,343	0.22	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(28,251)		(1,097,962)	97.43	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		25,249,637		28,528,019	(11.49)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		(825)		(2,180,420)	99.96	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		25,248,812		26,347,599	(4.17)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	25,220,561	\$	25,249,637	(0.12)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Totali	Percentage		
	2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ 13,517,985	\$	12,982,642	4.12 %
Support services	7,130,367		7,143,130	(0.18) %
Non-instructional	1,298,924		1,289,289	0.75 %
Sixteenth section	201,544		138,007	46.04 %
Pension Expense	3,720,989		4,233,296	(12.10) %
OPEB Expense	117,119		107,756	8.69 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 31,498		66,223	(52.44) %
Total expenses	\$ 26,018,426	\$	25,960,343	0.22 %
	Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ (11,476,973)	\$	(11,266,224)	(1.87) %
Support services	(6,404,583)		(6,501,165)	1.49 %
Non-instructional	84,355		104,749	(19.47) %
Sixteenth section	(109,664)		(86,872)	(26.24) %
Pension Expense	(3,720,989)		(4,233,296)	12.10 %
OPEB Expense	(117,119)		(107,756)	(8.69) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (31,498)		(66,223)	52.44 %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (21,776,471)	\$	(22,156,787)	1.72 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$21,776,471 for 2019 and \$22,156,787 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$4,985,520 for 2019 and \$4,587,432 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$15,182,429 for 2019 and \$15,588,949 for 2018). In addition, there was \$862,108 and \$609,493 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$678,594 for 2019 and \$237,165 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$37,034,189, an increase of \$1,640,039, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$825) and a decrease in inventory of \$3,825. \$12,284,064 or 33% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has

not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$24,750,125 or 67% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,464,822. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$98,699, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$3,825. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Extended School Year Fund	no increase or decrease
Title I Basic Fund	no increase or decrease
IDEA Fund	no increase or decrease
Complex Construction Fund	\$ 81,159
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	\$ 192.757

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund(s) is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$35,788,064, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$188,842 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$13,520,150, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$949,334, resulting in total net capital assets of \$22,267,914.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	_
Land	\$ 461,631	\$ 461,631	0.00	%
Construction in Progress	566,276	604,626	(6.34)	%
Buildings	16,397,679	16,872,240	(2.81)	%
Building improvements	1,507,645	1,598,608	(5.69)	%
Improvements other than buildings	1,833,726	1,705,564	7.51	%
Mobile equipment	1,312,425	1,214,529	8.06	%
Furniture and equipment	188,532	230,821	(18.32)	%
Total	\$ 22,267,914	\$ 22,688,019	(1.85)	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$504,537 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$362,477 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$335,000 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$79,566 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

Ju	Percentage Change				
\$	355,000	\$	690,000	(48.55)	%
	149,537		229,103	(34.73)	%
\$	504,537	\$	919,103	(45.11)	%
	\$	149,537	\$ 355,000 \$ 149,537	\$ 355,000 \$ 690,000 149,537 229,103	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 Change \$ 355,000 \$ 690,000 (48.55) 149,537 229,103 (34.73)

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Lincoln County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Lincoln County School District, P.O. Box 826, Brookhaven, MS 39602-0826.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2019	Governmental
	Activities
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,682,820
Due from other governments	
Inventories	564,634
Restricted assets	33,252
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	15,881,714
Land	461,631
Construction in progress	566,276
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	300,270
Buildings	16,397,679
Building improvements	1,507,645
Improvements other than buildings	1,833,726
Mobile equipment	
Furniture and equipment	1,312,425
• •	188,532
Total Assets	59,430,334
Deferred Outflows of Resources	0.070.004
Deferred outflows - pensions	3,273,861
Deferred outflows - OPEB	196,901
Total deferred outflows of resources Liabilities	3,470,762
	107 700
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	127,792
Due to other governments	439
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	1,315
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	055 000
Capital related liabilities	355,000
Non-capital related liabilities	7,477
Net OPEB liability	93,952
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Non-capital related liabilities	142,060
Net pension liability	33,693,409
Net OPEB liability	2,151,465
Total Liabilities	36,572,909
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	947,262
Deferred inflows - OPEB	160,364
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,107,626
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	21,912,914
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	713,068
Debt service	35,432
Forestry improvements	375,065
Unemployment benefits	68,893
Non-expendable:	23,223
Sixteenth section	15,929,125
Unrestricted	(13,813,936)
Total Net Position	\$ 25,220,561

Statement of Activities	•								Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 201	9			_					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in
		_			rogram Revenu	es			Net Position
			Ohamaa (a.		Operating		Capital		0
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions		Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
									7.01111100
Governmental Activities:	12 517 005	•	204 072	e	1 650 000	•		•	(11 470 070)
			381,973	\$	1,659,039	\$		\$	(11,476,973)
Support services	7,130,367		000.000		725,784				(6,404,583)
Non-instructional	1,298,924		369,666		1,013,613				84,355
Sixteenth section	201,544		91,880						(109,664)
Pension expense	3,720,989								(3,720,989)
OPEB expense	117,119								(117,119)
Interest on long-term liabilities _	31,498	1							(31,498)
Total Governmental Activities	26,018,426	\$	843,519	\$	3,398,436	\$	0	\$	(21,776,471)
			General Reven	ues	::				
			Taxes:						
			General p	urpo	ose levies				4,622,103
			Debt purpo	ose	levies				363,417
			Unrestricted	l gr	ants and contri	buti	ons:		
			State	-					15,111,112
			Federal						71,317
			Unrestricted	d in	vestment earnir	nas			678,594
			Sixteenth s			-			862,108
			Other						39,569
			Total Ge	ene	ral Revenues				21,748,220
			Change in Net	Po	sition				(28,251)
			Net Position - I	Вес	ginning, as prev	ious	sly reported		25,249,637
			Prior Period A	٩djı	ustments			_	(825)
			Net Position - I	Вес	ginning, as resta	ated	ı ·		25,248,812
			Net Position - I	End	ding			\$	25,220,561

					ernmenta								
Balance Sheet													 Exhibit C
June 30, 2019													
		Major F		<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>	Title			Com		Sixteenth	-	Other	Tatal
		General	Extende School Y	-	Title I Basic		IDEA	Consti	nplex	Section Princ		Other Governmental	Total Governmental
		Fund	Fund	eai	Fund		Fund		ind	Fund		Funds	Funds
Assets	_												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,933,322	\$	\$		\$		\$ 4,03	9,660	15,858,096	\$	3,733,456	\$ 36,564,534
Due from other governments		297,744	39,98	0	62,734		52,354			71,029		23,365	547,206
Due from other funds		150,523											150,523
Advance to other funds		5,000											5,000
Inventories												33,252	33,252
Total assets		13,386,589	39,98	Ю	62,734		52,354	4,03	9,660	15,929,125		3,790,073	37,300,515
Liabilities and Fund Balances						-							
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	107,025	\$ 17,03	5 \$	281	\$		\$		5	\$	3,451	\$ 127,792
Due to other funds		439	22,94	5	62,453		52,354					343	138,534
Total Liabilities		107,464	39,98	0	62,734		52,354		0	0		3,794	266,326
Nonspendable:													
Inventory												33,252	33,252
Permanent fund principal										15,929,125			15,929,125
Advances		5,000											5,000
Restricted:													
Debt service												36,747	36,747
Forestry improvement purposes												375,065	375,065
Grant activities												674,816	674,816
Unemployment benefits												68,893	68,893
Committed:													
Textbooks		536,738											536,738
Repairs and renovations		181,234											181,234
Capital Improvements								4,039	9,660			2,597,506	6,637,166
Assigned:													
Activity funds		272,089											272,089
Unassigned		12,284,064											12,284,064
Total Fund Balances		13,279,125		0	0		0	4,039	9,660	15,929,125		3,786,279	37,034,189
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	13,386,589	39,98	0 \$	62,734	\$	52,354	4,039	9,660 \$	15,929,125	\$	3,790,073	\$ 37,300,515

\$	37,034,189
461,631 566,276 24,849,150 2,274,066 2,901,047 3,480,634	
1,255,260 (13,520,150)	22,267,914
(33,693,409)	
3,273,861 (947,262)	(31,366,810)
(2,245,417) 196,901	
(160,364)	(2,208,880)
(355,000) (149,537) (1,315)	(505,852)
\$	25,220,561
	566,276 24,849,150 2,274,066 2,901,047 3,480,634 1,255,260 (13,520,150) (33,693,409) 3,273,861 (947,262) (2,245,417) 196,901 (160,364) (355,000) (149,537) (1,315)

		G	overnmental Fu	nds				
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	Changes in Fund B	alances						Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	A4-:	F						
	Major	Extended Extended	Title I		Complex	Sixteenth	Other	Total
	General	School Year	Basic	IDEA	Construction	Section Prin	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$ 5,280,617	\$	926 \$	1,520 \$	81,159 \$	\$	803,206 \$	6,167,428
State sources	15,198,435	40,042					500,913	15,739,390
Federal sources	74,213		612,306	773,620			1,381,337	2,841,476
Sixteenth section sources	684,713					457,859	99,309	1,241,881
Total Revenues	21,237,978	40,042	613,232	775,140	81,159	457,859	2,784,765	25,990,175
Expenditures:								
Instruction	12,412,842	37,082	591,145	377,937			1,070,315	14,489,321
Support services	6,871,057	2,960	155,143	397,203			321,179	7,747,542
Noninstructional services	5,921		9,208				1,325,992	1,341,121
Sixteenth section	124,939					29,656	46,949	201,544
Facilities acquisition and construction							198,218	198,218
Debt service:								
Principal							335,000	335,000
Interest							31,740	31,740
Other							1,000	1,000
Total Expenditures	19,414,759	40,042	755,496	775,140	0	29,656	3,330,393	24,345,486
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures	1,823,219	0	(142,264)	0	81,159	428,203	(545,628)	1,644,689
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating transfers in	267,458		174,264				625,030	1,066,752
Operating transfers out	(625,030)		(32,000)			(235,446)	(174,276)	(1,066,752)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(357,572)	0	142,264	0	0	(235,446)	450,754	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,465,647	0	0	0	81,159	192,757	(94,874)	1,644,689
Fund Balances:			·			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,	
July 1, 2018, as previously reported	11,814,303				3,958,501	15,736,368	3,884,978	35,394,150
Prior period adjustments	(825)							(825)
July 1, 2018, as restated	11,813,478	0	0	0	3,958,501	15,736,368	3,884,978	35,393,325
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory							(3,825)	(3,825)
June 30, 2019	\$ 13,279,125	\$ 0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	4,039,660 \$	15,929,125 \$	3,786,279 \$	37,034,189

	Governmental Funds			
Re	conciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,			Exhibit D-1
	penditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities			
	r the Year Ended June 30, 2019		_	
	t change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,644,689
	ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are ifferent because:			
1.	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
	Capital outlay	\$ 566,292		
	Depreciation expense	(949,334)		(383,042)
2.	In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the			
	change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(37,063)
3.	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded			(37,003)
	debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement			
	of activities:			
	Payments of debt principal	335,000		
	Accrued interest payable	 1,242		336,242
4.	Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
	Pension expense	(3,720,989)		
	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,074,013		(1,646,976)
5.	Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			(1,010,010,
	OPEB expense	(117,119)		
	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	99,277		(17,842)
6.	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:			
	Change in compensated absences	79,566		
	Change in inventory	(3,825)		75,741
Ch	ange in net position of governmental activities		\$	(28,251)
		=	<u> </u>	

Exhibit E
 Agency Funds
\$ 1,060,627
439
\$ 1,061,066
\$ 950,343
12,428
5,000
93,295
\$ 1,061,066
\$

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Lincoln County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Basic Fund – This fund accounts for the federal revenues and expenditures associated with federal funding for Title I programs.

IDEA Fund – This fund accounts for the federal revenues and expenditures associated with federal funding for Special Education programs.

Complex Construction Fund – This capital projects fund is used to account for capital expenditures which are financed by transfers from the District Maintenance Fund and Sixteenth Section Interest Fund.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund – This fund is used to account for the generation of revenues and expenditures associated with sixteenth section lands that are legally required to be accounted for in the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund. Those revenues include but are not limited to, sales of non-renewable resources, easements, interest on investments, loans to the district, and transfers.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and pavables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$ 0	0	
Buildings	50,000	40 years	
Building improvements	25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$3,273,861 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$196,901 related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$947,262 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$160,364 related to OPEB.

See Notes 8, 9 & 14 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is the result of the school board approving the commitment of the funds.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent pursuant to authorization established by the school district.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$36,564,534 and \$1,060,627, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Extended School Year Fund	\$ 22,945
	Title I Basic Fund	62,453
	IDEA Fund	52,354
	Other governmental funds	343
	Fiduciary funds	12,428
Fiduciary funds	General Fund	 439
Total		\$ 150,962

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-end and amounts due from and amounts due to agency funds.

B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Fiduciary funds	\$ 5,000
Total		\$ 5,000

The primary purpose of the inter-fund advances was to ensure a positive cash balance in fiduciary checking accounts in order to not interrupt those accounts interest earning capabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 625,030
Other governmental funds	Title I Basic Fund	174,264
Other governmental funds	General Fund	12
Title I Basic Fund	General Fund	32,000
Sixteenth Section Principal	General Fund	 235,446
Total		\$ 1,066,752

The primary purpose of the inter-fund transfers was to transfer General Fund monies to various other governmental funds for operating purposes. These transfers were consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$15,858,096 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$23,618 of the General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance
	 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 461,631 \$	\$	\$	461,631
Construction-in-progress	604,626	4,115	42,465	566,276
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 1,066,257	4,115	42,465	1,027,907
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	24,849,150			24,849,150
Building improvements	2,274,066			2,274,066
Improvements other than buildings	2,664,479	236,568		2,901,047
Mobile equipment	3,523,114	327,400	369,880	3,480,634
Furniture and equipment	1,222,156	40,674	7,570	1,255,260
Total depreciable capital assets	34,532,965	604,642	377,450	34,760,157
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	7,976,910	474,561		8,451,471
Building improvements	675,458	90,963		766,421
Improvements other than buildings	958,915	108,406		1,067,321
Mobile equipment	2,308,585	192,516	332,892	2,168,209
Furniture and equipment	991,335	82,888	7,495	1,066,728
Total accumulated depreciation	 12,911,203	949,334	340,387	13,520,150
Total depreciable capital assets, net	21,621,762	(344,692)	37,063	21,240,007
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 22,688,019 \$	(340,577) \$	79,528 \$	22,267,914

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 649,917
Support services	232,796
Non-instructional	66,621
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 949,334

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

		Spent to	Remaining
	Jui	ne 30, 2019	Commitment
Governmental Activities:			
Loyd Star Football Field	\$	566,276 \$	
Total governmental activities		566,276	_

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded by 2005 construction fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Total	\$ 919,103 \$	- \$	414,566 \$	504,537 \$	362,477
В.	Compensated absences payable	 229,103		79,566	149,537	7,477
Α.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 690,000 \$	\$	335,000 \$	355,000 \$	355,000
		 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2019	one year
		Balance			Balance	due within
						Amounts

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
General obligation	3.25-4.60%	12/1/2002	6/1/2020	\$ 3,800,000	\$	355,000
Total				\$ 3,800,000	\$	355,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

General obligation bond issue of 12/1/2002:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total	
2020	\$	355,000 \$	16,330 \$	371,330	
Total	\$	355,000 \$	16,330 \$	371,330	

This debt will be retired from the general obligation bonds debt service fund.

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2019, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 1% of property assessments as of October 1, 2018.

B. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 7 - Other Commitments

Operating leases:

The school district has an operating lease for twenty four copiers dated August 7, 2019.

Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019, amounted to \$31,761. Future lease payments for this lease are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 31,315
2021	31,589
2022	 31,589
Total	\$ 94,493

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$2,074,013, \$2,037,424 and \$1,963,938, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$33,693,409 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.202570 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an increase of 0.008192 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,720,989. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 144,064	\$ 136,291
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		655,352
Changes of assumptions	19,077	18,023
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,036,707	137,596
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,074,013	
Total	\$ 3,273,861	\$ 947,262

\$2,074,013 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 659,704
2021	201,619
2022	(457,212)
2023	(151,525)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

			Current		
		1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase	
		(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)	
District's proportionate share	-	-	 		
of the net pension liability	\$	44,364,552	\$ 33,693,409	\$ 24,824,281	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues publicly available financial report that can be obtained http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$99,277 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$2,245,417 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.29027435 percent. This was an increase of 0.01337495 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$117,119. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,572	\$
Changes of assumptions		159,991
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	93,052	373
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	99,277	
Total	\$ 196,901	\$ 160,364

\$99,277 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (14,267)
2021	(14,267)
2022	(14,267)
2023	(14,267)
2024	(8,136)
Thereafter	2,464

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.25-18.50%, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	4.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Measurement Date

2018

Prior Measurement Date

2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date

3.89%

Prior Measurement Date

3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims

7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare

ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	Jurrent	
	1	1% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase
		(2.89%)	F	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,488,989	\$	2,245,417	\$ 2,035,938

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
			Rates	
	1	% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	2.079.999	\$ 2.245.417	\$ 2,433,286

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 10 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 127,722
2021	99,806
2022	90,070
2023	77,896
2024	52,315
2025 - 2029	135,844
2030 - 2034	104,472
2035 – 2039	53,141
2040 – 2044	 13,535
Total	\$ 754,801

Note 11 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To restate fund balance for the effect of a prior year expenditure	\$ (825)
Total	\$ (825)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund	Explanation	 Amount
General Fund	To restate fund balance for the	\$ (825)
Total	effect of a prior year expenditure.	\$ (825)

Note 12 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 13 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 14 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$13,813,936) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$2,074,013 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$1,199,848 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$13,813,936) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$947,262 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$13,813,936) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$99,277 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$97,624 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$13,813,936) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$160,364 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Lincoln County School District evaluated the activity of the district through February 20, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the rear chaes durie 30, 2013					Variand Positive (Ne	
		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual –	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	5,043,246 \$	5,274,357	\$ 5,280,617 \$	231,111 \$	6,260
State sources		14,403,301	15,198,435	15,198,435	795,134	0
Federal sources		119,600	74,213	74,213	(45,387)	0
Sixteenth section sources		287,289	589,944	684,713	302,655	94,769
Total Revenues	_	19,853,436	21,136,949	21,237,978	1,283,513	101,029
Expenditures:						
Instruction		12,736,822	12,970,108	12,412,842	(233,286)	557,266
Support services		7,641,487	7,333,050	6,871,057	308,437	461,993
Noninstructional services		11,146	8,061	5,921	3,085	2,140
Sixteenth section		68,000	153,091	124,939	(85,091)	28,152
Facilities acquisition and construction		25,500	5,379	•	20,121	5,379
Total Expenditures		20,482,955	20,469,689	19,414,759	13,266	1,054,930
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		(629,519)	667,260	1,823,219	1,296,779	1,155,959
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in		3,240,670	2,504,543	267,458	(736,127)	(2,237,085)
Operating transfers out		(3,628,217)	(2,857,115)	(625,030)	771,102	2,232,085
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(387,547)	(352,572)	(357,572)	34,975	(5,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,017,066)	314,688	1,465,647	1,331,754	1,150,959
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2018, as previously reported		10,420,820	11,814,303	11,814,303	1,393,483	0
Prior period adjustments			(925)	(825)	(925)	100
July 1, 2018, as restated	_	10,420,820	11,813,378	11,813,478	1,392,558	100
June 30, 2019	\$	9,403,754 \$	12,128,066	\$ 13,279,125 \$	2,724,312 \$	1,151,059

Required Supplementary Information

0

0

0 \$

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Extended School Year Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues: State sources

Total Revenues

Expenditures: Instruction

Support services

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures

Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in

Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Operating transfers out

Net Change in Fund Balances

Total Expenditures

Fund Balances: July 1, 2018

June 30, 2019

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual 9,197 40,042 \$ 40,042 \$ 30,845 \$ 0 40,042 9,197 40,042 0 30,845 6,797 37,082 37,082 (30, 285)0 2,400 2,960 2,960 (560)0 9,197 40,042 40,042 (30,845)0 0

0

0

0 \$

0

0

0 \$

0

0

0

0

0

0 \$

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Basic Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Original Final Actual Original (GAAP Basis) to Final Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 926 \$ 0 \$ 926 Federal sources 747,994 816,316 612,306 68,322 (204,010) **Total Revenues** 747,994 816,316 613,232 68,322 (203,084) **Expenditures:** Instruction 589,312 687,248 591,145 (97,936)96,103 Support services 134,810 252.888 97,745 155,143 (118,078)Noninstructional services 6,872 18,444 9,208 (11,572)9,236 Total Expenditures 730,994 958,580 755,496 (227,586)203,084 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 17,000 (142, 264)(142, 264)(159, 264)0 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in 0 174,264 174,264 174,264 0 Operating transfers out (17,000)(32,000)(32,000)(15,000)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (17,000)142,264 142,264 159,264 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 0 0 0 0 0 Fund Balances: July 1, 2018 0 0 0 0 0 June 30, 2019 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Var Positive	ianc (Ne	
	 Budgete	d Amou	nts	_	Actual	Original		Final
	 Original		inal	(GA	AP Basis)	to Final		to Actual
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$ 0	\$	1,520	\$	1,520 \$	1,520	\$	0
Federal sources	 631,008		977,864		773,620	346,856		(204,244)
Total Revenues	 631,008		979,384		775,140	348,376		(204,244)
Expenditures:								
Instruction	247,217		428,711		377,937	(181,494)		50,774
Support services	380,791		549,673		397,203	(168,882)		152,470
Noninstructional services	3,000		1,000		0	2,000		1,000
Total Expenditures	 631,008		979,384		775,140	(348,376)	-	204,244
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures	 0		0		0	0		0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating transfers in						0		0
Operating transfers out						0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 0		0		0	0		0
Net Change in Fund Balances	 0		0		0	0		0_
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2018	 0		0		0	0		0
June 30, 2019	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0 \$	6 0	\$	0

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	%	2019 0.202570%	2018 0.194378%	2017 0.196178%	2016 0.194000%	2015 0.187629%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	33,693,409	32,312,221	35,042,289	29,988,574	22,774,725
District's covered payroll		12,936,025	12,469,448	12,549,975	12,123,029	11,470,356
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.37%	198.55%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,074,013	2,037,424	1,963,938	1,976,621	1,909,377
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,074,013	2,037,424	1,963,938	1,976,621	1,909,377
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	ō	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	13,168,337	12,936,025	12,469,448	12,549,975	12,123,029
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75	15.75	15.75	15.75	15.75

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		0040	2242
		2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	0.29027435%	0.27689940%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,245,417	2,172,578
District's covered-employee payroll		13,128,911	12,440,329
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	a	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.13%	0%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Actuarially determined contribution		2019 99,277	2018* 92,620
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	99,277	92,620
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	0	0
District's covered-employee payroll		13,168,337	12,936,025
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.75%	0.72%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price Inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return Entry age
Level percentage of payroll, open
36.6 years
5-year smoothed market
3.00 percent
3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation
7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

2018: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 5.00%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2023

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

pension plan investment expense,

including price inflation

3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Catalog of
Federal
Domestic Pass-through
Assistance Entitly Identifying

Number

No.

Federal Expenditures

Pass-through	Grantor/
Program Title	

Federal Grantor/

U.S. Department of Agriculture	
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Educati	on:
Child nutrition cluster:	

Office fraction cluster.		
School breakfast program	10.553 195MS326N1099	\$ 274,724
National school lunch program	10.555 195MS326N1099	868,319
Total child nutrition cluster		1,143,043
Urban and community forestry program:		
Urban and community forestry program:	10.675 N/A	29,547
Total Urban and community forestry program		29,547
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		1,172,590
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		1,172,590

Federal Communications Commission

Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:		
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx N/A	41,000
Total Federal Communications Commission		41,000

U.S. Department of Education

J.S. Department of Education		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010 ES010A180024	612,306
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048 V048180024	31,113
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367 ES367A180023	134,173
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424 ES424A180025	50,491
Subtotal	-	828,083
Special education cluster:	_	
Special education - grants to states	84.027 H027A180108	773,620
Special education - preschool grants	84.173 H173A180113	22,516
Total special education cluster	-	796,136
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education	-	1,624,219

Total U.S. Department of Education 1,624,219

Total for all Federal Awards 2,837,809

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Lincoln County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Lincoln County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Lincoln County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Lincoln County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures		Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$	18,223,142 6,122,344	14,286,465 1,905,863	933,571 254,466	1,005,172 40,280	1,997,934 3,921,735
Total	<u>\$</u>	24,345,486	16,192,328	1,188,037	1,045,452	5,919,669
Total number of students *		2,730				
Cost per student	\$	8,917	5,931	435	383	2,168

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	5,280,617	\$ 4,685,143	\$ 4,452,844 \$	4,525,563
State sources		15,198,435	15,203,713	15,306,729	14,894,069
Federal sources		74,213	72,626	65,711	326,402
Sixteenth section sources		684,713	436,612	573,149	1,012,965
Total Revenues	_	21,237,978	20,398,094	20,398,433	20,758,999
Expenditures:					
Instruction		12,412,842	12,052,561	11,438,540	11,398,637
Support services		6,871,057	6,801,477	6,587,333	6,817,416
Noninstructional services		5,921	5,829	7,616	9,652
Sixteenth section		124,939	67,225	161,399	85,989
Facilities acquisition and construction				23,730	
Debt service:					
Principal				4,917	
Other			6,723		
Total Expenditures	_	19,414,759	18,933,815	18,223,535	18,311,694
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	1,823,219	1,464,279	2,174,898	2,447,305
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Sale of transportation equipment					2,711
Operating transfers in		267,458	187,046	88,200	80,642
Operating transfers out		(625,030)	(549,249)	(1,497,182)	(570,970)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(357,572)	(362,203)	(1,408,982)	(487,617)
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,465,647	1,102,076	765,916	1,959,688
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		11,814,303	10,716,745	9,950,829	7,991,141
Prior period adjustments		(825)	(4,518)		
Beginning of period, as restated		11,813,478	10,712,227	9,950,829	7,991,141
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	_				
End of Period	\$	13,279,125	\$ 11,814,303	\$ 10,716,745 \$	9,950,829

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2019	2018*	2017*		2016*
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	6,167,428	\$ 5,432,490	\$ 5,250,348	\$	5,323,148
State sources		15,739,390	16,027,749	16,165,662		15,635,793
Federal sources		2,841,476	2,570,029	2,661,463		2,778,351
Sixteenth section sources		1,241,881	832,113	927,802		1,505,521
Total Revenues		25,990,175	24,862,381	25,005,275		25,242,813
Expenditures:						
Instruction		14,489,321	13,763,467	13,218,082		13,023,733
Support services		7,747,542	7,685,381	7,244,184		7,574,607
Noninstructional services		1,341,121	1,332,049	1,367,145		1,522,854
Sixteenth section		201,544	138,007	250,333		217,207
Facilities acquisition and construction		198,218	207,840	73,463		810,593
Debt service:						
Principal		335,000	1,100,000	660,000		630,000
Interest		31,740	72,802	102,825		130,772
Other		1,000	9,108	8,267		1,350
Total Expenditures		24,345,486	24,308,654	22,924,299		23,911,116
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		1,644,689	 553,727	 2,080,976		1,331,697
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Sale of transportation equipment						2,711
Operating transfers in		1,066,752	859,530	1,585,383		651,612
Operating transfers out		(1,066,752)	(859,530)	(1,585,383)		(651,612)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	0	0		2,711
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	1,644,689	553,727	2,080,976		1,334,408
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of period, as previously reported		35,394,150	34,836,705	32,756,162		31,413,118
Prior period adjustments		(825)	(4,518)	,,		
Beginning of period, as restated	_	35,393,325	 34,832,187	32,756,162		31,413,118
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	_	(3,825)	8,236	 (433)		8,636
End of Period	\$	37,034,189	\$ 35,394,150	\$ 34,836,705	\$_	32,756,162
	_				_	

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

PAYN AND LEGGETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, INC.

Member of Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

207 SOUTH RAILROAD AVENUE BROOKHAVEN, MISSISSIPPI 39601 PHONE (601) 833-1456 FAX (601) 833-9896

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Superintendent and School Board Lincoln County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lincoln County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lincoln County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lincoln County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lincoln County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Lincoln County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Payn and Leggett, CPAs

Brookhaven, Mississippi

February 20, 2020

PAYN AND LEGGETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS. INC.

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207 SOUTH RAILROAD AVENUE BROOKHAVEN, MISSISSIPPI 39601

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Superintendent and School Board Lincoln County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Lincoln County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Lincoln County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Lincoln County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and guestioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Lincoln County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Lincoln County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Lincoln County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Lincoln County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Lincoln County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Lincoln County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lincoln County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fayn + Leggett, CPAs
Payn and Leggett, CPAs

Brookhaven, Mississippi

February 20, 2020

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INDEPENDEN	r Auditor's	REPORT ON C	COMPLIANCE W	ITH STATE LAW	S AND REGULA	ATIONS
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PAYN AND LEGGETT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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PHONE (601) 833-1456 FAX (601) 833-9896

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Lincoln County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lincoln County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Lincoln County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Payn and Leggett, CPAs Brookhaven, Mississippi February 20, 2020 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:								
1.	Type of	Unmodified						
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:							
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No				
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?		None Reported				
3.	Noncor	npliance material to financial state	ements noted?	No				
Fed	eral Awa	ırds:						
4.	Interna	control over major programs:						
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No				
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?		None Reported				
5.	Type of	Unmodified						
6.	. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?							
7.	. Identification of major programs:							
	CFDA I	Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
	84.027	84.173	Special Education Cluster					
8.	Dollar t	hreshold used to distinguish betwe	een type A and type B programs:	\$750,000				
9.	Auditee	e qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes				
10.	Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). (Yes/No)							

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.