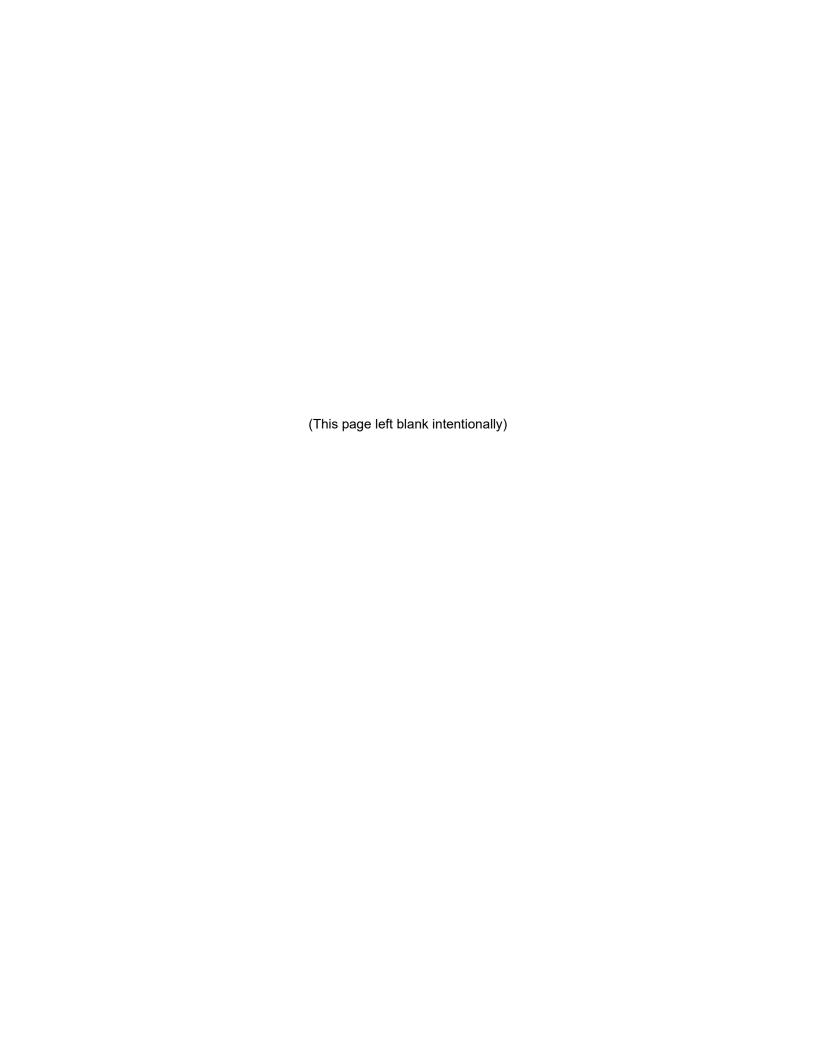


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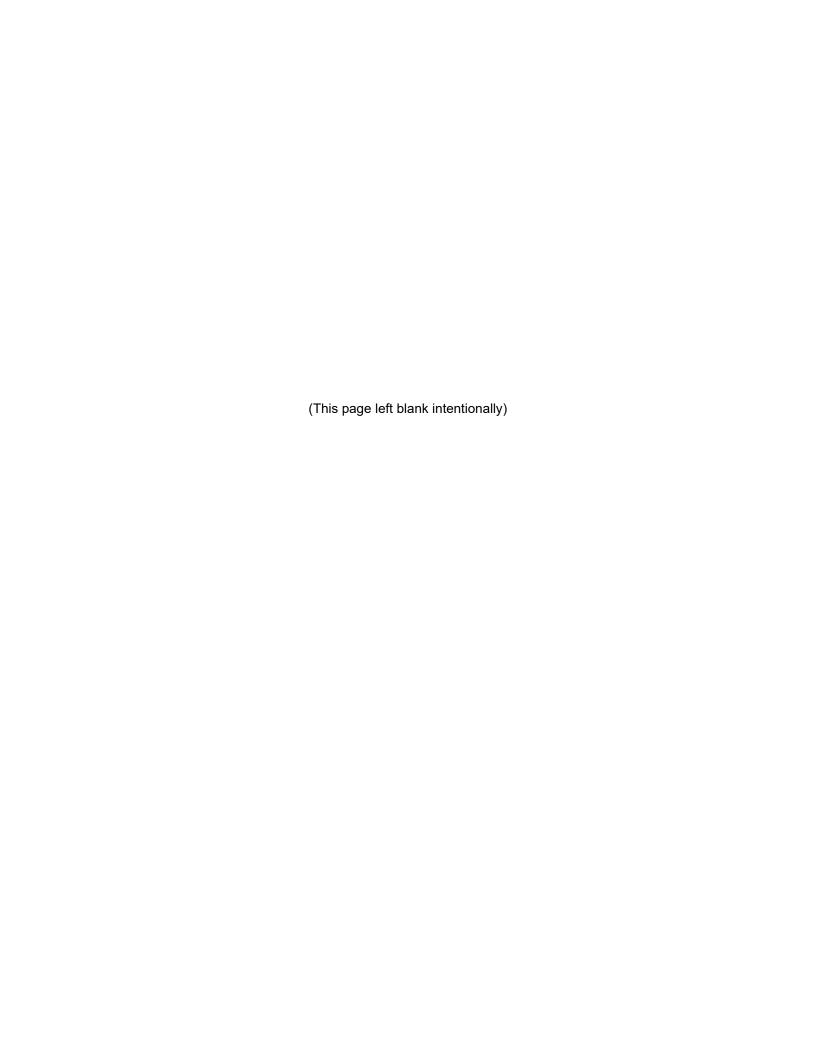
LONG BEACH SCHOOL DISTRICT Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# LONG BEACH SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	7
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Exhibit A - Statement of Net Position	17
Exhibit B - Statement of Activities	18
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit C - Balance Sheet	19
Exhibit C-1 - Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	20
Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	21
Exhibit D-1 - Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	22
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit E - Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	23
Exhibit F - Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	24
Notes to the Financial Statements	27
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	53
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	54
Schedule of District Contributions (PERS)	55
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	56
Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB)	57
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	58
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	63
Schedule of Instructional, Administative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds	64
Notes to the Supplementary Information	65
OTHER INFORMATION	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years	69
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental	70
Funds, Last Four Years	
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	73
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on	75
Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	79
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	81







# L. Reeves CPA, PLLC

# CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 305 PARK RIDGE DRIVE BRANDON, MS 39042 601-624-0777

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Long Beach School District

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Long Beach School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Long Beach School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted this audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Long Beach School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 7-14, 53, 54-55, and 56-57, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Long Beach School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated January 13, 2020, on my consideration of the Long Beach School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the

effectiveness of the Long Beach School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Long Beach School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi

L Reeves, CPA

January 13, 2020

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The following discussion and analysis of Long Beach School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$2,978,280, including a prior period adjustment of \$928, which represents a 162% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$3,721,629, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,974,053), which represents a 198% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$24,499,807 and \$23,806,005, or 85% and 84% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,442,486, or 15% of total revenues for 2019, and \$4,555,719, or 16% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$31,921,501 and \$30,109,300 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$4,442,486 for 2019 and \$4,555,719 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$24,499,807 for 2019 and \$23,806,005 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$24,466,716 in revenues and \$24,891,971 in expenditures for 2019, and \$24,355,321 in revenues and \$22,118,469 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$146,416 from 2018 to 2019, including a prior period adjustment of \$928, and decreased by \$1,074,604 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$2,065,057 for 2019 and decreased by \$904,786 for 2018. The increase for 2019 was due primarily to the ongoing construction of school facilities and the addition of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment.
- Long-term debt increased by \$22,923,054 for 2019 and decreased by \$1,016,530 for 2018. The increase for 2019 was due primarily to the issuance of general obligation bonds and an energy efficiency lease. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$398,245 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$3,701 for 2019 and decreased by \$15,707 for 2018.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

# **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

## **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

# **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

## Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

# **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$4,822,323 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentage	е
	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Change	
Current assets	\$ 14,437,361	\$ 12,243,706	17.92	%
Restricted assets	21,820,495	622,993	3,402.53	%
Capital assets, net	30,282,611	 28,217,554	7.32	%
Total assets	66,540,467	41,084,253	61.96	%
Deferred outflows of resources	5,319,408	 6,038,095	(11.90)	%
Current liabilities	1,859,258	274,302	577.81	%
Long-term debt outstanding	28,204,577	4,799,395	487.67	%
Net OPEB liability	2,191,583	2,135,028	2.65	%
Net pension liability	43,126,633	40,735,798	5.87	%
Total liabilities	 75,382,051	 47,944,523	57.23	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,300,147	 1,021,868	27.23	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	23,271,461	23,577,554	(1.30)	%
Restricted	1,184,886	1,276,639	(7.19)	%
Unrestricted	 (29,278,670)	 (26,698,236)	(9.67)	%
Total net position	\$ (4,822,323)	\$ (1,844,043)	(161.51)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (29,278,670)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	 41,298,955
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 12,020,285

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$2,065,057.
- Proceeds from the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$20,000,000 and an energy efficiency lease in the amount of \$3,325,000.
- The principal retirement of \$398,245 of long-term debt.

# Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$28,942,293 and \$28,361,724, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$31,921,501 for 2019 and \$30,109,300 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2019	Year Ended June 30, 2018	F	Percentage Change
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 726,155	\$ 747,484		(2.85) %
Operating grants and contributions	3,716,331	3,808,235		(2.41) %
General revenues:				
Property and gaming taxes	6,875,350	6,678,114		2.95 %
Grants and contributions not restricted	16,974,569	17,167,829		(1.13) %
Investment earnings	487,536	92,201		428.78 %
Sixteenth section sources	16,617	27,577		(39.74) %
Other	145,735	 (159,716)		191.25 %
Total revenues	28,942,293	 28,361,724		2.05 %
Expenses:				
Instruction	14,584,414	14,322,213		1.83 %
Support services	9,400,449	8,276,302		13.58 %
Non-instructional	1,310,522	1,337,901		(2.05) %
Pension expense	5,872,988	5,923,933		(0.86) %
OPEB expense	126,083	119,431		5.57 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 627,045	 129,520		384.13 %
Total expenses	31,921,501	 30,109,300	_	6.02 %
Increase (Decrease) in net position	(2,979,208)	(1,747,576)		(70.48) %
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(1,844,043)	1,877,586		(198.21) %
Prior Period Adjustment	928	(1,974,053)		100.05 %
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(1,843,115)	(96,467)		(1,810.62) %
Net Position, June 30	\$ (4,822,323)	\$ (1,844,043)		(161.51) %

# **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total	Percentage		
	 2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ 14,584,414	\$	14,322,213	1.83 %
Support services	9,400,449		8,276,302	13.58 %
Non-instructional	1,310,522		1,337,901	(2.05) %
Pension Expense	5,872,988		5,923,933	(0.86) %
OPEB Expense	126,083		119,431	5.57 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 627,045		129,520	384.13 %
Total expenses	 31,921,501	\$	30,109,300	6.02 %
	Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	 2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ (12,567,468)	\$	(12,233,911)	(2.73) %
Support services	(8,578,474)		(7,379,169)	(16.25) %
Non-instructional	293,043		232,383	26.10 %
Pension Expense	(5,872,988)		(5,923,933)	0.86 %
OPEB Expense	(126,083)		(119,431)	(5.57) %
	(120,000)		(1.0,10.)	(0.01) /0
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (627,045)		(129,520)	(384.13) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$27,479,015 for 2019 and \$25,553,581 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$6,875,350 for 2019 and \$6,678,114 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$16,974,569 for 2019 and \$17,167,829 for 2018). In addition, there was \$16,617 and \$27,577 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$487,536 for 2019 and \$92,201 for 2018.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$34,736,988, an increase of \$22,029,509, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$928 and an increase in inventory of \$237. \$6,463,167, or 19% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$28,273,821, or 81% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$146,416, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$928. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$131,322, which includes an increase in inventory of \$237. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Future Renovations and Construction Fund	\$ 2,500,238
High School Project 2019 Fund	\$ 19,251,533

## **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$45,275,349, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$2,925,834 from 2018 due primarily to the ongoing construction of school facilities at fiscal year end and the purchase of various items of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$14,992,738, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$885,249, resulting in total net capital assets of \$30,282,611.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentage Change	_
Land	\$ 2,669,709	\$ 2,669,709	0.00 %	
Construction in Progress	2,756,980	-	N/A %	
Buildings	21,619,951	22,166,063	(2.46) %	
Improvements other than buildings	2,472,286	2,619,271	(5.61) %	
Mobile equipment	720,166	639,128	12.68 %	
Furniture and equipment	 43,519	 123,383	(64.73) %	
Total	\$ 30,282,611	\$ 28,217,554	7.32 %	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2019, the District had \$27,722,449 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$1,089,458 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District received proceeds from the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$20,000,000 and an energy efficiency lease in the amount of \$3,325,000. The District made principal payments totaling \$398,245 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$3,701 from the prior year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percenta Change	•
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 20,000,000	\$ -	N/A	%
Three mill notes payable	3,775,000	4,070,000	(7.25)	%
Obligations under energy efficiency leases	3,221,755	-	N/A	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable	570,000	570,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable	 155,694	 159,395	(2.32)	%
Total	\$ 27,722,449	\$ 4,799,395	477.62	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Long Beach School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Long Beach School District, 19148 Commission Road, Long Beach, MS 39560.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2019	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,767,182
Due from other governments	617,352
Accrued interest receivable	2,596
Inventories	7,109
Prepaid items	43,122
Restricted assets	21,820,495
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	2 000 700
Land	2,669,709
Construction in progress	2,756,980
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	21 610 051
Buildings	21,619,951
Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment	2,472,286 720,166
Furniture and equipment	43,519
Total Assets	66,540,467
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	5,075,809
Deferred outflows - OPEB	243,599
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,319,408
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,465,068
Unearned revenue	55,800
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	338,390
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	1,081,673
Non-capital related liabilities	7,785
Net OPEB liability	92,241
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	00.405.000
Capital related liabilities	26,485,082
Capital related bond premiums	482,128
Non-capital related liabilities	147,909
Net pension liability	43,126,633
Net OPEB liability	2,099,342
Total Liabilities	75,382,051
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	1,143,992
Deferred inflows - OPFB	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position Net investment in capital assets	23,271,461
Restricted for:	23,211,401
Expendable: School-based activities	910,961
Debt service	198,951
Unemployment benefits	74,974
Unrestricted	(29,278,670)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (4,822,323)

Statement of Activities	•						Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	y		F	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating	Capital		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
dictions/i rograms		Схрепвев	Oct vices	Continuations	Continuations		Activities
Governmental Activities: Instruction Support services	\$	14,584,414 \$ 9,400,449	313,741 \$	1,703,205 \$ 821,975	-	\$	(12,567,468) (8,578,474)
Non-instructional		1,310,522	412,414	1,191,151	-		293,043
Pension expense		5,872,988	-	-	-		(5,872,988)
OPEB expense		126,083	-	-	-		(126,083)
Interest on long-term liabilities		627,045	-	-		_	(627,045)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	31,921,501 \$	726,155 \$	3,716,331 \$	<u>-</u>	\$	(27,479,015)
			Taxes: General purpose Gaming Unrestricted gestate Federal		ons:		6,179,620 332,959 362,771 16,595,059 379,510
				vestment earnings			487,536
			Sixteenth sect Other	ion sources			16,617 145,735
			-	eral Revenues		_	24,499,807
			Change in Net Pos	sition			(2,979,208)
			Net Position - Beg Prior Period Adju	inning, as previousl ustments	y reported		(1,844,043 928
			Net Position - Beg	inning, as restated			(1,843,115)
			Net Position (defic	it) - Ending		\$	(4,822,323)

		Gove	rnm	ental Funds			
Balance Sheet							Exhibit C
June 30, 2019							
		Majo	r Fur	nds			
		•	Fut	ure Renovations	High School	Other	Total
		General	an	nd Construction	Project 2019	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,322,354	\$	5,500,238 \$	19,508,535 \$	1,071,891 \$	33,403,018
Cash with fiscal agents		1,786,200		-	-	3,435	1,789,635
Investments		-		-	-	395,024	395,024
Due from other governments		278,792		-	-	338,560	617,352
Accrued interest receivable		-		-	-	2,596	2,596
Due from other funds		286,836		-	6,260	-	293,096
Inventories		-		-	=	7,109	7,109
Prepaid items		43,122		-	-	-	43,122
Total assets	\$	9,717,304	\$	5,500,238 \$	19,514,795 \$	1,818,615 \$	36,550,952
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,193,303	\$	- \$	263,262 \$	8,503 \$	1,465,068
Due to other funds	•	6,260	•	-	-	286,836	293,096
Deferred revenue		55,800		_	_	-	55,800
Total Liabilities		1,255,363		-	263,262	295,339	1,813,964
Found Balances						•	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable:						7.400	7.400
Inventory		-		-	-	7,109	7,109
Prepaid items		43,122		-	-	-	43,122
Restricted:						507.044	507.044
Debt service				-	-	537,341	537,341
Capital projects		1,786,200		-	19,251,533	-	21,037,733
Grant activities		-		-	-	903,852	903,852
Unemployment benefits		-		-	-	74,974	74,974
Committed:				F F00 000			F F00 000
Capital projects		-		5,500,238	-	-	5,500,238
Assigned:							
Activity funds		169,452		-	-	=	169,452
Unassigned		6,463,167		-	-	- 4 500 073	6,463,167
Total Fund Balances	Φ.	8,461,941	Φ	5,500,238	19,251,533	1,523,276	34,736,988
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	9,717,304	Ф	5,500,238 \$	19,514,795 \$	1,818,615 \$	36,550,952

Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net P June 30, 2019	osition	Exhibit C-1	
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	34,736,988	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:  Land  Construction in progress  Buildings	\$ 2,669,709 2,756,980 30,655,444		
Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	4,024,833 2,478,773 2,689,610 (14,992,738)	30,282,611	
<ol><li>Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</li></ol>			
Net pension liability	(43,126,633)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	e		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	5,075,809 (1,143,992)	(39,194,816)	
3. Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Net OPEB liability	(2,191,583)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	243,599 (156,155)	(2,104,139)	
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
General obligation bonds Other bonds payable Notes payable Energy efficiency lease obligations Compensated absences Unamortized premiums	(20,000,000) (570,000) (3,775,000) (3,221,755) (155,694) (482,128)		
Accrued interest payable	(338,390)	(28,542,967)	
Net Position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(4,822,323)	

#### Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit D For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Major Funds Future Renovations High School Other Total General and Construction Project 2019 Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds Revenues: Local sources \$ 7,295,387 \$ 5 \$ 154,458 \$ 771,670 \$ 8,221,520 State sources 16,754,912 601,374 17,356,286 386,546 2,948,070 3,334,616 Federal sources Sixteenth section sources 29,871 29,871 **Total Revenues** 24,466,716 5 154,458 4,321,114 28,942,293 **Expenditures:** 1,894,516 13,775,543 15,670,059 Instruction Support services 9,358,902 2,448 743,816 10,105,166 1,383,099 1,386,890 Noninstructional services 3,791 Facilities acquisition and construction 1,539,159 1,217,821 2,756,980 Debt service: 103,245 295,000 398,245 Principal Interest 68,331 125,763 194,094 Other 43,000 1,859 233,749 188,890 30,745,183 **Total Expenditures** 24,891,971 1,409,159 4,444,053 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (425, 255)5 (1,254,701)(122,939)(1,802,890)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bonds and notes issued 20,000,000 20,000,000 3,325,000 Capital leases issued 3,325,000 35,067 35,067 Payments held by escrow agent 506,234 Premiums on bonds issued 506,234 Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent (35,067)(35,067)2,500,233 Operating transfers in 171,197 554,443 3,225,873 (2,925,454) Operating transfers out (300,419)(3,225,873)254,024 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,500,233 20,506,234 23,831,234 570,743 Net Change in Fund Balances 145,488 2,500,238 19,251,533 131,085 22,028,344 Fund Balances: 8,315,525 3,000,000 12,707,479 July 1, 2018, as previously reported 1,391,954 Prior period adjustments 928 928 July 1, 2018, as restated 8,316,453 3,000,000 1,391,954 12,708,407 Increase (Decrease) in inventory 237 237 June 30, 2019 8,461,941 \$ 5,500,238 \$ 19,251,533 \$ 1,523,276 \$ 34,736,988

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:  1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:    Capital outlay	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019		Exhibit D-1
different because:  1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:    Capital outlay	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	5	\$ 22,028,344
statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:  Capital outlay Depreciation expense  2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.  3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of povernmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  Bonds and notes issued Premiums on bonds issued Perenty efficiency leases issued Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable  4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:  Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:  OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  OPEB expense Contribu	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Depreciation expense (885,249) 2,066,612  2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold. (1,555)  3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  Bonds and notes issued Premiums on bonds issued Premiums on bonds issued Premiums on bonds issued Premiums on bonds issued Premiums of debt principal Accrued interest payable Accrued interest payable Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:  OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:  OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in g	statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated		
while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.  3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  Bonds and notes issued Premiums on bonds issued Premiums on bonds issued Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable (223,308) (23,656,297)  4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:  Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include: Change in compensated absences Change in compensated absences 3,701 Change in inventory		\$ 	2,066,612
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  Bonds and notes issued (20,000,000) Premiums on bonds issued (506,234) Energy efficiency leases issued (33,25,000) Payments of debt principal 398,245 Accrued interest payable (223,308) (23,656,297)  4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:  Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (5,872,988) Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (126,083) OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (126,083) OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (126,083) OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (126,083) OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (126,083) OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (126,083) OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (126,083) OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (126,083) OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (126,083) OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (126,083) OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (126,083) OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (126,083) OPEB expense (126,083) OPEB expen	while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund		(1,555)
Premiums on bonds issued Energy efficiency leases issued Energy efficiency leases issued (3,325,000) Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable  4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:  Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:  OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  OPEB expense Contributions reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences  3,701 Change in inventory  237	governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of		
not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:  Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:  OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences Change in inventory  (5,872,988) (2,456,767) (3,416,221) (1,26,083	Premiums on bonds issued Energy efficiency leases issued Payments of debt principal	 (506,234) (3,325,000) 398,245	(23,656,297)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 2,456,767 (3,416,221  5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:  OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 97,948 (28,135)  6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences 3,701 Change in inventory 237	not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities		
provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:  OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  OPEB expense  OPEB expens		 	(3,416,221)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 97,948 (28,135)  6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences 3,701 Change in inventory 237	provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities		
use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences Change in inventory 3,701 237		 , ,	(28,135)
Change in inventory 237	use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as		
	Change in inventory	237	28,044
	Change in Net Position of governmental activities	(	\$ (2,979,208)

Fiduciary Funds					
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position		Exhibit E			
June 30, 2019					
	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds			
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,501	\$ 1,432,695			
Total Assets	8,501	\$ 1,432,695			
Liabilities  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Due to student clubs  Total Liabilities	- - - -	\$ 1,331,585 101,110 \$ 1,432,695			
Net Position					
Reserved for endowments	8,501				
Total Net Position	\$ 8,501				

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	Exhibit F
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	
Additions	Private-Purpose Trust Funds
Contributions and donations from private sources	\$ 6,767
Total Additions	6,767
Deductions Scholarships awarded Total Deductions Change in Net Position	11,500 11,500 (4,733)
Net Position July 1, 2018	13,234
June 30, 2019	\$ 8,501

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

# A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Long Beach since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Long Beach School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

# B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Future Renovations and Construction Fund - This is a capital projects fund that accounts for the transfer of funds from the General Fund and the expenditures associated with future school renovation and construction projects.

High School Project 2019 Fund - This is a capital projects fund that accounts for proceeds from the issuance of general obligation bonds and the expenditures associated with the high school construction project.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds - These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Scholarship Funds - These funds are used to account for the contributions to and scholarships awarded from the district's scholarship funds.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

# **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> - Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

#### E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

# 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

# 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

#### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

#### 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund. The unspent proceeds of long-term debt are also classified as restricted on the Statement of Net Position.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life		
Land	\$ 0	0		
Buildings	50,000	40 years		
Building improvements	25,000	20 years		
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years		
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years		
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years		
Leased property under capital leases	*	*		

(\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

# 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district reports deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district reports deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB.

See Note 14 for further details.

# 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

# 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# 11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

#### 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

# Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$33,403,018 and \$1,441,196, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$34,763,881 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

# Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of the school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$1,789,635.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury, State & Local Governments	AA+	1 to 5 years	\$ 395,024
Total			\$ 395,024

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs: Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

• U.S. Treasury, State and Local Government investments of \$395,024 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

*Interest Rate Risk.* The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

# Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

# A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 286,836
High School Project 2019 Fund	General Fund	 6,260
Total		\$ 293,096

The primary purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-end.

# B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Future Renovations and Construction Fund	\$ 2,500,000
	Other governmental funds	425,454
Other governmental funds	General Fund	171,197
	Future Renovations and Construction Fund	233
	Other governmental funds	 128,989
Total		\$ 3,225,873

The primary purpose of the transfers was for indirect costs, the transfer of funds to the Future Renovations and Construction Fund, and other routine operating transfers.

# Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents balance and investments balance, totaling \$3,435 and \$395,024, respectively, of the QSCB Sinking Fund. In addition, the restricted assets include the cash balance totaling \$127,301 of the Three Mill Debt Service Fund whose cash balance is restricted for future debt service requirements. Restricted assets also include the cash balance totaling \$19,508,535 of the High School Project 2019 Fund resulting from the unspent proceeds of general obligations bonds. In addition, restricted assets also include the cash with fiscal agents balance of \$1,786,200 of the General Fund resulting from the unspent proceeds of the energy efficiency loan.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance
	 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 2,669,709 \$	\$	\$	2,669,709
Construction-in-progress		2,756,980		2,756,980
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 2,669,709	2,756,980	-	5,426,689
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	30,655,444			30,655,444
Improvements other than buildings	4,024,833			4,024,833
Mobile equipment	2,334,159	159,000	14,386	2,478,773
Furniture and equipment	 2,665,370	35,881	11,641	2,689,610
Total depreciable capital assets	39,679,806	194,881	26,027	39,848,660
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	8,489,381	546,112		9,035,493
Improvements other than buildings	1,405,562	146,985		1,552,547
Mobile equipment	1,695,031	76,523	12,947	1,758,607
Furniture and equipment	2,541,987	115,629	11,525	2,646,091
Total accumulated depreciation	14,131,961	885,249	24,472	14,992,738
Total depreciable capital assets, net	25,547,845	(690,368)	1,555	24,855,922
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 28,217,554 \$	2,066,612 \$	1,555 \$	30,282,611

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 637,454
Support services	208,337
Non-instructional	 39,458
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 885,249

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	Spent to	Remaining
	 June 30, 2019	Commitment
Governmental Activities:		_
High School Project	\$ 1,217,821 \$	25,688,379
Energy Project	1,523,711	1,763,142
Tennis Courts Project	 15,448	960,019
Total construction in progress	\$ 2,756,980 \$	28,411,540

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with the proceeds of general obligation bonds and energy efficiency loan proceeds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

A.	General obligation bond payable	\$ Balance 7/1/2018	\$ Additions 20,000,000	\$ Reductions	\$ Balance 6/30/2019 20,000,000	\$ Amounts due within one year 545,000
В.	3 mill notes payable	4,070,000		295,000	3,775,000	305,000
C.	Obligations under energy efficiency leases		3,325,000	103,245	3,221,755	231,673
D.	Qualified school construction bonds pay.	570,000			570,000	-
E.	Compensated absences payable	159,395		3,701	155,694	7,785
	Total	\$ 4,799,395	\$ 23,325,000	\$ 401,946	\$ 27,722,449	\$ 1,089,458
	Add: Bond Premium	\$	\$ 506,234	\$ 24,106	\$ 482,128	\$ 
	Total	\$ 4,799,395	\$ 23,831,234	\$ 426,052	\$ 28,204,577	\$ 1,089,458

# A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
2019 General Obligation Bonds	4.00%	3/5/2019	3/1/2039	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 20,000,000
Total				\$ 20,000,000	\$ 20,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 545,000 \$	695,139 \$	1,240,139
2021	575,000	681,150	1,256,150
2022	610,000	658,150	1,268,150
2023	640,000	633,750	1,273,750
2024	675,000	614,550	1,289,550
2025 - 2029	4,240,000	2,681,900	6,921,900
2030 - 2034	5,710,000	1,758,069	7,468,069
2035 - 2039	 7,005,000	741,725	7,746,725
Total	\$ 20,000,000 \$	8,464,433 \$	28,464,433

This debt will be retired from the 2019 GO Bond Repayment Fund.

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2019, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 15% of property assessments as of October 1, 2018.

# B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	C	Outstanding
Limited tax note - 2014	3.09%	2/25/2014	8/1/2028	\$ 6,535,000	\$	3,775,000
Total				\$ 6,535,000	\$	3,775,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 305,000 \$	116,648 \$	421,648
2021	295,000	107,223	402,223
2022	295,000	98,108	393,108
2023	375,000	88,992	463,992
2024	385,000	77,403	462,403
2025 - 2029	 2,120,000	200,386	2,320,386
Total	\$ 3,775,000 \$	688,760 \$	4,463,760

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

# C. Obligations under energy efficiency leases

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	(	Outstanding
Energy Equipment Lease	3.523%	11/1/2018	12/1/2030	\$ 3,325,000	\$	3,221,755
Total				\$ 3,325,000	\$	3,221,755

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 231,673 \$	111,480 \$	343,153
2021	239,907	103,246	343,153
2022	248,433	94,720	343,153
2023	257,262	85,891	343,153
2024	266,405	76,748	343,153
2025 – 2029	1,480,961	234,801	1,715,762
2030 – 2031	497,114	17,615	514,729
Total	\$ 3,221,755 \$	724,501 \$	3,946,256

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

An energy efficiency lease agreement dated November 1, 2018, was executed by and between the district, the lessee, and Bank of America, National Association, the lessor.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$3,325,000 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the lease shall be made from the District Maintenance Fund and not exceed fifteen (15) years.

The district entered into this energy efficiency lease agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the lessor, the lessee has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

# D. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	С	utstanding
Qualified school construction bonds payable	0.000/	12/20/2000	0/45/2020	ф.	F70 000	Ф	F70 000
' '	0.00%	12/29/2009	9/15/2020	Ъ	570,000	Ф	570,000
Total				\$	570,000	\$	570,000

# E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Note 7 – Other Commitments

#### Operating leases:

The school district has an operating lease for seventeen Kyocera copy machines. The agreement, dated August 25, 2017, calls for 48 monthly rental payments of \$2,375.29 each, maturing on August 25, 2021.

Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019, amounted to \$28,503. Future lease payments for this lease are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
	•	00.500
2020	\$	28,503
2021		28,503
2022		4,750
Total	\$	61,756

# Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

# **General Information about the Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <a href="https://www.pers.ms.gov">www.pers.ms.gov</a>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$2,456,767, \$2,607,848 and \$2,475,920, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$43,126,633 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.259284 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an increase of 0.014233 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,872,988. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 176,924	\$ 171,820
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		936,617
Changes of assumptions	194,620	21,868
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,247,498	13,687
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,456,767	
Total	\$ 5,075,809	\$ 1,143,992

\$2,456,767 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 1,530,719
2021	567,711
2022	(429,433)
2023	(193,947)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

*Actuarial assumptions*. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	<u>Target</u> Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	 		 
the net pension liability	\$ 56,785,400	\$ 43,126,633	\$ 31,774,393

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

# Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

# Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$97,948 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$2,191,583 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.28331495 percent. This was an increase of 0.0112011 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$126,083. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,462	\$
Changes of assumptions		156,155
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	141,189	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	97,948	
Total	\$ 243,599	\$ 156,155

\$97,948 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (2,775)
2021	(2,775)
2022	(2,775)
2023	(2,775)
2024	(857)
Thereafter	1,453

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
-----------	--------------

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation

Long-term Investment Rate of 4.50%

Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2018 Prior Measurement Date 2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

3.89% Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			(	Current	
	1	% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase
		(2.89%)	F	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,429,315	\$	2,191,583	\$ 1,987,126

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
			Rates	
	1	l% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,030,130	\$ 2,191,583	\$ 2,374,947

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

# Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To correct prior year balance in asset or liability at the governmental fund level	\$ 928
Total	\$ 928

# Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To correct prior year balance in asset or liability	\$ 928
Total		\$ 928

# Note 11 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

# Note 12 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

# Note 13 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2019 was \$398,459. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
0000	 
2020	\$ 42,000
2021	64,000
2022	 73,000
Total	\$ 179,000

# Note 14 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$29,278,670) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$2,456,767 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$2,619,042 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$29,278,670) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,143,992 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$29,278,670) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$97,948 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$145,651 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$29,278,670) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$156,155 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

# Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Long Beach School District evaluated the activity of the district through January 13, 2020, and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

On August 13, 2019 the School District Board of Trustees awarded a bid for the construction of six tennis courts and players' pavilion on school property in the amount of \$ 922,217.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Varian Positive (N	
		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	6,397,479 \$	7,262,880 \$	7,295,387 \$	865,401 \$	32,507
State sources		16,267,091	16,754,912	16,754,912	487,821	-
Federal sources		270,000	386,546	386,546	116,546	-
Sixteenth section sources	<u></u>	25,800	29,871	29,871	4,071	-
Total Revenues		22,960,370	24,434,209	24,466,716	1,473,839	32,507
Expenditures:						
Instruction		14,236,360	13,775,605	13,775,543	460,755	62
Support services		8,711,605	9,358,902	9,358,902	(647,297)	-
Noninstructional services		800	3,791	3,791	(2,991)	-
Facilities acquisition and construction  Debt service:		-	1,462,973	1,539,159	(1,462,973)	(76,186)
Principal		290,000	103,245	103,245	186,755	-
Interest		15,000	68,331	68,331	(53,331)	-
Other		20,000	43,000	43,000	(23,000)	-
Total Expenditures		23,273,765	24,815,847	24,891,971	(1,542,082)	(76,124)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(313,395)	(381,638)	(425,255)	(68,243)	(43,617)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Capital leases issued		-	1,571,307	3,325,000	1,571,307	1,753,693
Operating transfers in		3,129,183	3,089,184	171,197	(39,999)	(2,917,987)
Operating transfers out		(3,442,815)	(3,337,801)	(2,925,454)	105,014	412,347
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(313,632)	1,322,690	570,743	1,636,322	(751,947)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(627,027)	941,052	145,488	1,568,079	(795,564)
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2018, as previously reported		8,159,089	11,231,426	8,315,525	3,072,337	(2,915,901)
Prior period adjustments		-	(5,415,901)	928	(5,415,901)	5,416,829
July 1, 2018, as restated		8,159,089	5,815,525	8,316,453	(2,343,564)	2,500,928
June 30, 2019	\$	7,532,062 \$	6,756,577 \$	8,461,941 \$	(775,485)\$	1,705,364

# Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	%	0.259284	0.245051	0.238000	0.230000	0.211479
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	43,126,633	40,735,798	42,512,743	35,553,463	25,669,677
District's covered payroll	\$	16,557,765	15,720,127	15,202,000	14,437,365	12,928,381
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		260.46%	259.13%	279.65%	246.26%	198.55%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		62.535%	61.490%	57.468%	61.704%	67.208%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

# Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,456,767	2,607,848	2,475,920	2,394,315	2,273,885
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 2,456,767	2,607,848	2,475,920	2,394,315	2,273,885
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	15,598,521	16,557,765	15,720,127	15,202,000	14,437,365
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

# Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	0.28331495	0.27211385
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,191,583	2,135,028
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	16,557,765	15,720,127
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		13.236%	13.581%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.1291%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

# Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018*
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 97,948	91,019
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 97,948	91,019
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	0
District's covered-employee payroll	15,598,521	16,557,765
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.6279%	0.5497%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

# (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

# (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Pension Schedules

# (1) Changes of assumptions

# 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

# <u> 2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

# 2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

# (2) Changes in benefit provisions

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# 2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

# **OPEB Schedules**

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25% to 18.50%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2023
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# LONG BEACH SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Pass-through Entity No. Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster:		
School breakfast program National school lunch program National school lunch program - commodities Summer food service program for children Total child nutrition cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education  Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.553 185MS326N1099 10.555 185MS326N1099 10.555 185MS326N1099 10.559 N/A	\$ 222,780 727,684 117,791 75,584 1,143,839 1,143,839
U.S. Department of Education Direct Program:		
Impact Åid Total	84.041 N/A	357,907 357,907
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:  Title I grants to local educational agencies  Career and technical education - basic grants to states  Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants  Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants  Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants  Student Support and Academic Enrichment  Student Support and Academic Enrichment  Subtotal  Special education cluster:	84.010 ES010A160024 84.010 ES010A170024 84.010 ES010A180024 84.048 V048A170024 84.367 ES367A160023 84.367 ES367A170023 84.367 ES367A180023 84.424 ES424A170025 84.424 ES424A180025	673 327,365 556,066 16,007 765 21,209 105,906 6,029 45,268 1,079,288
Special education - grants to states Special education - grants to states Special education - preschool grants Special education - preschool grants Total special education cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education	84.027 H027A170108 84.027 H027A180108 84.173 H173A170113 84.173 H173A180113	101,894 566,581 170 23,757 692,402 1,771,690 2,129,597
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed-through MS Department of Education:  Medical assistance program  Total Medicaid cluster  Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education  Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.778 1805MS5ADM - - -	20,707 20,707 20,707 20,707
U. S. Departmant of Social Security  Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Social security disability insurance Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total Department of Social Security	96.001 04-19-04MSD100 _ - -	896 896 896
Total for All Federal Awards	=	\$ 3,295,039

# **Supplementary Information**

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 21,121,101 9,624,082	15,600,233 1,429,069	560,026 160,243	1,526,305 31,344	<b>3,434,537</b> 8,003,426
Total	\$ 30,745,183	17,029,302	720,269	1,557,649	11,437,963
Total number of students *	 2,939				
Cost per student	\$ 10,461	5,794	245	530	3,892

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

# Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

# (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Long Beach School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Long Beach School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Long Beach School District.

# (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and using the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

# (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Long Beach School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds

# (1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and using the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

## Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	7,295,387	\$ 6,975,781	\$ 6,760,957	\$ 6,845,583
State sources		16,754,912	16,944,195	16,193,807	15,370,251
Federal sources		386,546	404,068	556,290	395,003
Sixteenth section sources		29,871	31,277	33,633	35,864
Total Revenues		24,466,716	24,355,321	23,544,687	22,646,701
Expenditures:					
Instruction		13,775,543	13,610,144	13,910,398	14,401,532
Support services		9,358,902	8,267,980	8,679,516	8,218,151
Noninstructional services		3,791	4,139	5,963	2,568
Facilities acquisition and construction		1,539,159			
Debt service:					
Principal		103,245	235,823	264,667	270,787
Interest		68,331	383	22,992	16,871
Other		43,000			
Total Expenditures		24,891,971	22,118,469	22,883,536	22,909,909
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		(425,255)	2,236,852	661,151	(263,208)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds and notes issued					
Capital leases issued		3,325,000		187,941	583,336
Insurance recovery		0,020,000		7,385	333,333
Operating transfers in		171,197	140,621	100,655	103,632
Other financing sources		,	110,021	100,000	500,000
Sales of other property				1,383	000,000
Sales of transportation equipment			2,604	1,000	
Operating transfers out		(2,925,454)	(3,454,681)	(379,499)	(48,090)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	570,743	(3,311,456)	(82,135)	1,138,878
Total Ciriol Financing Scarces (Cosc)		010,140	(0,011,100)	(02,100)	1,100,010
Net Change in Fund Balances		145,488	(1,074,604)	579,016	875,670
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		8,315,525	9,390,129	8,811,113	7,935,443
Prior period adjustments		928	9,390,129	0,011,113	7,933,443
	_	8,316,453	0.200.120	0 011 112	7 025 442
Beginning of period, as restated		0,310,433	9,390,129	8,811,113	7,935,443
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory					
End of Period	\$	8,461,941	\$ 8,315,525	\$ 9,390,129	\$ 8,811,113
				-	

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

## Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

Capabil			2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
State sources         17,366,286         17,702,459         17,125,731         16,348,270           Federal sources         3,334,616         3,273,605         3,610,882         2,919,586           Sixteenth section sources         28,942,293         28,718,324         28,630,30         26,852,849           Total Revenues         28,942,293         28,718,324         28,263,030         26,852,849           Expenditures:           Instruction         1,5670,059         15,492,673         15,714,996         15,606,285           Support services         10,105,166         9,149,666         9,449,900         8,976,121           Noninstructional services         1,368,990         1,387,961         1,333,853         1,285,413           Fealitiles acquisition and construction         2,766,980         26,707         2,145,435           Debt service:         29,766,990         390,787         26,707         2,145,435           Debt service:         1940,994         142,155         187,359         20,231           Other         233,749         3,100         3,100         3,100           Total Expenditures         (1,802,890)         1,541,946         547,388         2,357,523           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	Revenues:	-				
Federal sources         3,334,616         3,273,605         3,610,882         2,915,68           Sixteenth section sources         29,871         31,277         33,533         35,864           Total Revenues         28,942,293         28,718,324         28,263,030         26,852,849           Expenditures:         Instruction         15,670,059         15,492,673         15,714,996         15,606,285           Support services         10,105,166         9,149,666         9,449,960         8,976,121           Noninstructional services         1,386,890         1,387,961         1,333,853         1,285,413           Facilities acquisition and construction         2,756,980         26,707         2,145,435           Debt service:         Principal         398,245         1,000,823         999,667         990,787           Interest         194,094         14,21,55         187,359         203,231           Other         233,749         3,100         3,00         30,00           Total Expenditures         30,745,183         27,715,632         29,10,372           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         Superminimations Sources (Uses):           Expenditures         3,325,000         187,941         583,336	Local sources	\$	8,221,520 \$	7,710,983 \$	7,492,784 \$	7,549,129
Sixteenth section sources         29,871         31,277         33,633         35,844           Total Revenues         28,942,293         28,718,324         28,263,030         26,852,844           Expenditures:         Instruction         15,670,059         15,492,673         15,714,996         15,606,285           Support services         10,105,166         9,149,666         9,449,960         8,976,121           Noninstructional services residual services         1,366,890         1,387,961         1,333,853         1,285,413           Featilities acquisition and construction         2,756,990         1,309,861         1,333,853         1,285,413           Debt service:         2         7,796,900         26,707         2,145,435           Principal         398,245         1,000,823         999,667         90,787           Interest         194,094         142,155         187,359         203,231           Other         233,749         3,100         3,100         3,100           Total Expenditures         1,802,890         1,541,946         547,388         2,237,523           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         1,802,890         1,541,946         547,388         2,357,523           Other Financing Sources (Uses):         20,000,000	State sources		17,356,286	17,702,459	17,125,731	16,348,270
Total Revenues	Federal sources		3,334,616	3,273,605	3,610,882	2,919,586
Expenditures:   Instruction	Sixteenth section sources					
Instruction	Total Revenues		28,942,293	28,718,324	28,263,030	26,852,849
Instruction	Expenditures:					
Noninstructional services         1,386,890         1,387,961         1,333,853         1,285,413           Facilities acquisition and construction         2,756,980         26,707         2,145,435           Debt service:         Principal         398,245         1,000,823         999,667         990,787           Interest         194,094         142,155         187,359         203,231           Other         233,749         3,100         3,100         3,100           Total Expenditures         30,745,183         27,176,378         27,715,642         29,210,372           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures         (1,802,890)         1,541,946         547,388         (2,357,523)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Bonds and notes issued         20,000,000         187,941         583,336           Insurance recovery         7,385         37,636         37,636           Payment held by escrow agent         35,067         37,037         36,075         37,636           Premiums on bonds issued         506,234         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,363         1,363         1,363         1,363         1,366,075         37,636			15,670,059	15,492,673	15,714,996	15,606,285
Facilities acquisition and construction         2,756,980         26,707         2,145,435           Debt service:         Principal         398,245         1,000,823         999,667         990,787           Interest         194,094         142,155         187,359         203,231           Other         233,749         3,100         3,100         3,100           Total Expenditures         30,745,183         27,176,378         27,715,642         29,210,372           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures         (1,802,890)         1,541,946         547,388         (2,357,523)           Post Financing Sources (Uses):         20,000,000         547,388         2,357,523         583,336           Capital leases issued         20,000,000         187,941         583,336         583,336         583,336         187,941         583,336         187,941         583,336         187,941         583,336         187,941         583,336         187,941         583,336         187,941         583,336         187,941         583,336         187,941         583,336         187,941         583,336         187,941         583,336         187,941         583,336         187,941         583,336         187,941         583,336         187,941         583,336 <td< td=""><td>Support services</td><td></td><td>10,105,166</td><td>9,149,666</td><td>9,449,960</td><td>8,976,121</td></td<>	Support services		10,105,166	9,149,666	9,449,960	8,976,121
Debt service:           Principal         398,245         1,000,823         999,67         990,787           Interest         194,094         142,155         187,359         203,231           Other         233,749         3,100         3,100         3,100           Total Expenditures         30,745,183         27,176,378         27,715,642         29,210,372           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures         (1,802,890)         1,541,946         547,388         (2,357,523)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Bonds and notes issued         20,000,000         3,325,000         187,941         583,336           Insurance recovery         7,385         73,855         73,856           Payment held by escrow agent         35,067         37,037         36,075         37,636           Premiums on bonds issued         506,234         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         3,36,005         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383 <td>Noninstructional services</td> <td></td> <td>1,386,890</td> <td>1,387,961</td> <td>1,333,853</td> <td>1,285,413</td>	Noninstructional services		1,386,890	1,387,961	1,333,853	1,285,413
Principal Interest         398,245         1,000,823         999,667         990,787           Interest         194,094         142,155         187,359         203,231           Other         233,749         3,100         3,100         3,100           Total Expenditures         30,745,183         27,176,378         27,715,642         29,210,372           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures         (1,802,890)         1,541,946         547,388         (2,357,523)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Bonds and notes issued         20,000,000         547,388         583,336           Insurance recovery         35,067         37,037         36,075         37,636           Payment held by escrow agent         35,067         37,037         36,075         37,636           Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent         35,067         (37,037)         (36,075)         (37,636)           Sale of transportation equipment         2,604         1,383         1,383         1,383         0,000         50,000         50,000         50,000         50,000         50,000         50,000         50,000         50,000         50,000         50,000         50,000         50,000         50,000         50,000         50,000	Facilities acquisition and construction		2,756,980		26,707	2,145,435
Interest Other Other	Debt service:					
Other         233,749         3,100         3,100         3,100           Total Expenditures         30,745,183         27,176,378         27,715,642         29,210,372           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures         (1,802,890)         1,541,946         547,388         (2,357,523)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Bonds and notes issued         20,000,000         187,941         583,336           Capital leases issued         3,325,000         187,941         583,336           Insurance recovery         7,385         7,385           Payment held by escrow agent         35,067         37,037         36,075         37,636           Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent         (35,067)         (37,037)         (36,075)         (37,636)           Sale of transportation equipment         2,604         1,383	Principal		398,245	1,000,823	999,667	990,787
Total Expenditures         30,745,183         27,176,378         27,715,642         29,210,372           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures         (1,802,890)         1,541,946         547,388         (2,357,523)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Bonds and notes issued         20,000,000         187,941         583,336           Capital leases issued         3,325,000         187,941         583,336           Insurance recovery         7,385         7,385         37,636           Payment held by escrow agent         35,067         37,037         36,075         37,636           Premiums on bonds issued         506,234         2,604         2,604         2,604         3,325,000         1,383         3,36,075         3,6075         37,636         3,6075         3,6075         37,636         3,6075         3,608         3,6075         3,739,441         530,305         210,308         3,6075	Interest		194,094	142,155	187,359	203,231
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	Other		233,749	3,100	3,100	3,100
Over (under) Expenditures         (1,802,890)         1,541,946         547,388         (2,357,523)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):         Bonds and notes issued         20,000,000           Capital leases issued         3,325,000         187,941         583,336           Insurance recovery         7,385         7,385           Payment held by escrow agent         35,067         37,037         36,075         37,636           Premiums on bonds issued         506,234         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2604         3,2704	Total Expenditures		30,745,183	27,176,378	27,715,642	29,210,372
Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Bonds and notes issued         20,000,000           Capital leases issued         3,325,000         187,941         583,336           Insurance recovery         7,385         7,385         7,385           Payment held by escrow agent         35,067         37,037         36,075         37,636           Premiums on bonds issued         506,234         (35,067)         (37,037)         (36,075)         (37,636)           Sale of transportation equipment         2,604         1,383         1,383         1,383         Operating transfers in         3,225,873         3,739,441         530,305         210,308         210,308         Other financing sources         500,000         500,000         Operating transfers out         (3,225,873)         (3,739,441)         (530,305)         (210,308)         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         23,831,234         2,604         196,709         1,083,336           Net Change in Fund Balances         22,028,344         1,544,550         744,097         (1,274,187)           Fund Balances:         28         28         28         11,696,457           Beginning of period, as previously reported         12,708,407         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Increase (D	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Bonds and notes issued         20,000,000           Capital leases issued         3,325,000         187,941         583,336           Insurance recovery         7,385         7,385           Payment held by escrow agent         35,067         37,037         36,075         37,636           Premiums on bonds issued         506,234         (37,037)         (36,075)         (37,636)           Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent         3,2604         2,604         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         0,000         0,000         1,383         1,383         0,000	over (under) Expenditures		(1,802,890)	1,541,946	547,388	(2,357,523)
Bonds and notes issued         20,000,000           Capital leases issued         3,325,000         187,941         583,336           Insurance recovery         7,385         7,385           Payment held by escrow agent         35,067         37,037         36,075         37,636           Premiums on bonds issued         506,234         (37,037)         (36,075)         (37,636)           Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent         3,2604         2,604         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         1,383         0,000         0,000         1,383         1,383         0,000	Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery   35,067   37,037   36,075   37,636     Payment held by escrow agent   506,234     Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent   (35,067)   (37,037)   (36,075)   (37,636)     Sale of transportation equipment   2,604     Sale of other property   1,383     Operating transfers in   3,225,873   3,739,441   530,305   210,308     Other financing sources   500,000     Operating transfers out   (3,225,873)   (3,739,441)   (530,305)   (210,308)     Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)   23,831,234   2,604   196,709   1,083,336     Net Change in Fund Balances   22,028,344   1,544,550   744,097   (1,274,187)     Fund Balances:   Beginning of period, as previously reported   12,707,479   11,164,498   10,420,339   11,696,457     Prior period adjustments   928     Beginning of period, as restated   12,708,407   11,164,498   10,420,339   11,696,457     Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory   237   (1,569)   62   (1,931)			20,000,000			
Insurance recovery   35,067   37,037   36,075   37,636     Payment held by escrow agent   506,234     Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent   (35,067)   (37,037)   (36,075)   (37,636)     Sale of transportation equipment   2,604     Sale of other property   1,383     Operating transfers in   3,225,873   3,739,441   530,305   210,308     Other financing sources   500,000     Operating transfers out   (3,225,873)   (3,739,441)   (530,305)   (210,308)     Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)   23,831,234   2,604   196,709   1,083,336     Net Change in Fund Balances   22,028,344   1,544,550   744,097   (1,274,187)     Fund Balances:   Beginning of period, as previously reported   12,707,479   11,164,498   10,420,339   11,696,457     Prior period adjustments   928     Beginning of period, as restated   12,708,407   11,164,498   10,420,339   11,696,457     Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory   237   (1,569)   62   (1,931)	Capital leases issued				187,941	583,336
Premiums on bonds issued         506,234           Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent         (35,067)         (37,037)         (36,075)         (37,636)           Sale of transportation equipment         2,604         1,383           Sale of other property         1,383         210,308           Operating transfers in         3,225,873         3,739,441         530,305         210,308           Other financing sources         500,000         500,000         (3,225,873)         (3,739,441)         (530,305)         (210,308)           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         23,831,234         2,604         196,709         1,083,336           Net Change in Fund Balances         22,028,344         1,544,550         744,097         (1,274,187)           Fund Balances:         8         12,707,479         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Prior period adjustments         928         928         10,420,339         11,696,457           Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory         237         (1,569)         62         (1,931)	·					
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent         (35,067)         (37,037)         (36,075)         (37,636)           Sale of transportation equipment         2,604         1,383           Sale of other property         1,383         210,308           Operating transfers in         3,225,873         3,739,441         530,305         210,308           Other financing sources         500,000         500,000         (210,308)         (210,308)           Operating transfers out         (3,225,873)         (3,739,441)         (530,305)         (210,308)           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         23,831,234         2,604         196,709         1,083,336           Net Change in Fund Balances         22,028,344         1,544,550         744,097         (1,274,187)           Fund Balances:         8         8         10,420,339         11,696,457           Prior period adjustments         928         928           Beginning of period, as restated         12,708,407         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory         237         (1,569)         62         (1,931)	Payment held by escrow agent		35,067	37,037	36,075	37,636
Sale of transportation equipment       2,604         Sale of other property       1,383         Operating transfers in       3,225,873       3,739,441       530,305       210,308         Other financing sources       500,000         Operating transfers out       (3,225,873)       (3,739,441)       (530,305)       (210,308)         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       23,831,234       2,604       196,709       1,083,336         Net Change in Fund Balances       22,028,344       1,544,550       744,097       (1,274,187)         Fund Balances:         Beginning of period, as previously reported Prior period adjustments       12,707,479       11,164,498       10,420,339       11,696,457         Prior period, as restated       12,708,407       11,164,498       10,420,339       11,696,457         Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory       237       (1,569)       62       (1,931)	Premiums on bonds issued		506,234			
Sale of other property       1,383         Operating transfers in       3,225,873       3,739,441       530,305       210,308         Other financing sources       500,000         Operating transfers out       (3,225,873)       (3,739,441)       (530,305)       (210,308)         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       23,831,234       2,604       196,709       1,083,336         Net Change in Fund Balances       22,028,344       1,544,550       744,097       (1,274,187)         Fund Balances:         Beginning of period, as previously reported       12,707,479       11,164,498       10,420,339       11,696,457         Prior period adjustments       928         Beginning of period, as restated       12,708,407       11,164,498       10,420,339       11,696,457         Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory       237       (1,569)       62       (1,931)	Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		(35,067)	(37,037)	(36,075)	(37,636)
Operating transfers in Other financing sources         3,225,873         3,739,441         530,305         210,308           Other financing sources         500,000           Operating transfers out         (3,225,873)         (3,739,441)         (530,305)         (210,308)           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         23,831,234         2,604         196,709         1,083,336           Net Change in Fund Balances         22,028,344         1,544,550         744,097         (1,274,187)           Fund Balances:         8eginning of period, as previously reported         12,707,479         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Prior period adjustments         928           Beginning of period, as restated         12,708,407         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory         237         (1,569)         62         (1,931)	Sale of transportation equipment			2,604		
Other financing sources         500,000           Operating transfers out         (3,225,873)         (3,739,441)         (530,305)         (210,308)           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         23,831,234         2,604         196,709         1,083,336           Net Change in Fund Balances         22,028,344         1,544,550         744,097         (1,274,187)           Fund Balances:         8eginning of period, as previously reported Prior period adjustments         12,707,479         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Prior period adjustments         928         12,708,407         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory         237         (1,569)         62         (1,931)	Sale of other property				1,383	
Operating transfers out         (3,225,873)         (3,739,441)         (530,305)         (210,308)           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         23,831,234         2,604         196,709         1,083,336           Net Change in Fund Balances         22,028,344         1,544,550         744,097         (1,274,187)           Fund Balances:         Beginning of period, as previously reported Prior period adjustments         12,707,479         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Prior period, as restated         12,708,407         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory         237         (1,569)         62         (1,931)	Operating transfers in		3,225,873	3,739,441	530,305	210,308
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         23,831,234         2,604         196,709         1,083,336           Net Change in Fund Balances         22,028,344         1,544,550         744,097         (1,274,187)           Fund Balances:         8         8         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Prior period adjustments         928         928         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory         237         (1,569)         62         (1,931)	Other financing sources					500,000
Net Change in Fund Balances         22,028,344         1,544,550         744,097         (1,274,187)           Fund Balances:         Beginning of period, as previously reported         12,707,479         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Prior period adjustments         928           Beginning of period, as restated         12,708,407         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory         237         (1,569)         62         (1,931)	Operating transfers out		(3,225,873)	(3,739,441)	(530,305)	(210,308)
Fund Balances:  Beginning of period, as previously reported 12,707,479 11,164,498 10,420,339 11,696,457  Prior period adjustments 928  Beginning of period, as restated 12,708,407 11,164,498 10,420,339 11,696,457  Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory 237 (1,569) 62 (1,931)	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		23,831,234	2,604	196,709	1,083,336
Beginning of period, as previously reported Prior period adjustments       12,707,479       11,164,498       10,420,339       11,696,457         Beginning of period, as restated       12,708,407       11,164,498       10,420,339       11,696,457         Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory       237       (1,569)       62       (1,931)	Net Change in Fund Balances		22,028,344	1,544,550	744,097	(1,274,187)
Beginning of period, as previously reported Prior period adjustments       12,707,479       11,164,498       10,420,339       11,696,457         Beginning of period, as restated       12,708,407       11,164,498       10,420,339       11,696,457         Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory       237       (1,569)       62       (1,931)	Fund Balances:					
Prior period adjustments         928           Beginning of period, as restated         12,708,407         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory         237         (1,569)         62         (1,931)			12.707.479	11.164.498	10.420.339	11.696.457
Beginning of period, as restated         12,708,407         11,164,498         10,420,339         11,696,457           Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory         237         (1,569)         62         (1,931)				, ,	,,	, ,
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory 237 (1,569) 62 (1,931)				11,164,498	10,420,339	11,696,457
			· ,	. ,		<u> </u>
End of Period \$ 34,736,988 \$ 12,707,479 \$ 11,164,498 \$ 10,420,339	Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		237	(1,569)	62	(1,931)
	End of Period	\$	34,736,988 \$	5 12,707,479 \$	11,164,498 \$	10,420,339

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

## L. Reeves CPA, PLLC

## CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 305 PARK RIDGE DRIVE BRANDON, MS 39042 601-624-0777

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Superintendent and School Board Long Beach School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Long Beach School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Long Beach School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2020.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Long Beach School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Long Beach School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Long Beach School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Long Beach School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi

L Reeves, CPA

January 13, 2020

# L. Reeves CPA, PLLC

## CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 305 PARK RIDGE DRIVE BRANDON, MS 39042 601-624-0777

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Long Beach School District

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Long Beach School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the district's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Long Beach School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Long Beach School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Long Beach School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Long Beach School District's compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Long Beach School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Long Beach School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Long Beach School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Long Beach School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi

L Reeves, CPA

January 13, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

# L. Reeves CPA, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 305 PARK RIDGE DRIVE BRANDON, MS 39042 601-624-0777

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Long Beach School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Long Beach School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Long Beach School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following immaterial instance of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. Our finding and recommendation and your response are as follows:

### Finding 1

#### Criteria

Under the re-employment provisions of Section 25-11-127, Miss. Code of 1972, as amended, retiree must not exceed allowable amount based on retirement salary provided on Form 4B.

### Condition:

During the testing of retired personnel, it was noted that two re-hired employees' exceeded the amount allowed.

## Cause:

There was an oversight surrounding the amendment of two 4B forms when the established pay for the position changed due to schools being awarded teacher incentive awards from the State of Mississippi.

### Effect:

This could result in employees being paid in excess of the amount allowed.

### Recommendation:

The district should file amended 4B forms with PERS when the established pay for the position in which the retiree is working changes due to the schools receiving legislatively approved teacher incentive awards.

### Response:

The District has implemented a system for notifying PERS of any pay changes that occur during the year.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to insure that corrective action has been taken.

The Long Beach School District's response to the finding included in this report was not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi

L Reeves, CPA

January 13, 2020

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

## **Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results**

Financial Statements:								
1.	Type o	Unmodified						
2.	. Internal control over financial reporting:							
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	d? (Yes/No)	No				
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identified	fied? (Yes/None reported)	None reported				
3.	Nonco	mpliance material to financial stat	ements noted? (Yes/No)	No				
Fed	Federal Awards:							
4.	Interna	l control over major programs:						
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	d? (Yes/No)	No				
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identified	fied? (Yes/None reported)	None reported				
5.	Туре о	Unmodified						
6.	6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? (Yes/No)							
7.	7. Identification of major programs:							
	<u>CFD</u>	<u> A Numbers</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>				
	84.01	10	Title I grants to local educational ag	encies				
8.	Dolla	r threshold used to distinguish be	tween type A and type B programs:	\$750,000				
9.	Audit	ee qualified as low-risk auditee?	(Yes/No)	Yes				
10.	awar	fiscal year audit finding(s) and qu ds which would require the audite audit findings in accordance with	e to prepare a summary schedule of	No				

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

## **Section II: Financial Statement Findings**

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.