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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Monroe County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Monroe County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Monroe County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Monroe County School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 4-12, 49, 50, 51, 52, and 53 respectively be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Monroe County School District's financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 9, 2020, on our consideration of the Monroe County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Monroe County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Monroe County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Okolona, Mississippi September 9, 2020

Watkins Ward and Stafford, Puc

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The following discussion and analysis of Monroe County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 increased \$93,742, which represents a 10.4% increase from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$3,742,921, including a prior period adjustment of (\$2,082,807), which represents a 81% decrease from fiscal year 2017
- General revenues amounted to \$16,879,362 and \$16,638,298, or 82% and 82% of all revenues for fiscal
 years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and
 grants and contributions accounted for \$3,655,513 or 18% of total revenues for 2019, and \$3,613,962, or
 18% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$20,441,133 and \$21,912,374 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$3,655,513 for 2019 and \$3,613,962 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$16,879,362 for 2019 and \$16,638,298 for 2018 were adequate for 2019 but were inadequate for 2018 to provide for these programs.
- Among the major funds, the General Fund had \$17,369,637 in revenues and \$16,349,947 in expenditures in 2019, and \$16,738,697 in revenues and \$16,159,729 in expenditures for 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$203,885 from 2018 to 2019 and decreased by \$66,599 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation decreased \$412,088 for 2019, and decreased by \$4,884 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due to asset additions of \$527,879 netted with the increase in accumulated depreciation of \$913,785.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$155,767 for 2019 and decreased by \$818,074 for 2018. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$6,893 for 2019 and decreased by \$1,907 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental fund financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in a liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative, and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$993,876 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

				Percentage	•
		June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Change	
Current assets	\$	9,870,668	\$ 9,427,978	4.70	%
Restricted assets		2,012,999	1,916,734	5.02	%
Capital assets, net		20,778,865	21,190,953	(1.94)	%
Total assets		32,662,532	32,535,665	0.39	%
Deferred outflows of resources		2,198,103	 3,149,885	(30.22)	%
Current liabilities		402,252	228,273	76.22	%
Long-term debt outstanding		1,698,556	1,847,430	(8.06)	%
Net OPEB liability		1,874,365	1,913,208	(2.03)	%
Net pension liability		26,465,884	29,797,101	(11.18)	%
Total liabilities		30,441,057	33,786,012	(9.90)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	_	3,425,702	 999,404	242.77	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		19,233,895	19,490,216	(1.32)	%
Restricted		3,492,576	3,331,485	4.84	%
Unrestricted		(21,732,595)	(21,921,567)	0.86	%
Total net position	\$	993,876	\$ 900,134	10.41	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the implementation of new standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, managements presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (21,732,595)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition	
of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability including the	
related deferred outflows and deferred inflows	
Unrestricted net position exclusive of the net pension liability and	29,567,848
net OPEB liabilitiy effect	\$ 7,835,253

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in deferred inflows of resources in the amount of \$2,426,298.
- The principal retirement of long-term debt outstanding of \$155,767.
- Decrease in net pension liability in the amount of \$3,331,217
- Decrease in net capital assets of \$412,088

MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$20,534,875 and \$20,252,260 respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$20,441,133 for 2019 and \$21,912,374 for 2018. Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2019	 Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	е
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 894,402	\$ 895,127	(0.08)	%
Operating grants and contributions	2,761,111	2,717,888	1.59	%
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	947	(100.00)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	4,679,106	4,540,130	3.06	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	11,749,744	11,631,069	1.02	%
Investment earnings	49,538	48,134	2.92	%
Sixteenth section sources	296,980	302,865	(1.94)	%
Other	 103,994	 116,100	(10.43)	%
Total revenues	20,534,875	20,252,260	1.40	%
Expenses:	 			
Instruction	10,905,778	11,394,058	(4.29)	%
Support services	6,392,448	5,403,428	18.30	%
Non-instructional	1,085,015	1,130,195	(4.00)	%
Sixteenth section	111,239	91,826	21.14	%
Pension expense	1,762,564	3,682,901	(52.14)	%
OPEB expense	94,643	101,463	(6.72)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 89,446	108,503	(17.56)	%
Total expenses	20,441,133	21,912,374	(6.71)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	93,742	(1,660,114)	105.65	%
Net Position, July 1	900,134	4,643,055	(80.61)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	-	(2,082,807)	100.00	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	900,134	2,560,248	(64.84)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ 993,876	\$ 900,134	10.41	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table 3 **Net Cost of Governmental Activities**

	Total	Percentage		
	2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ 10,905,778	\$	11,394,058	(4.29) %
Support services	6,392,448		5,403,428	18.30 %
Non-instructional	1,085,015		1,130,195	(4.00) %
Sixteenth section	111,239		91,826	21.14 %
Pension expense	1,762,564		3,682,901	(52.14) %
OPEB expense	94,643		101,463	(6.72) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 89,446		108,503	(17.56) %
Total expenses	\$ 20,441,133	\$	21,912,374	(6.71) %
			_	
	Net (Expe	nse)		Percentage
	2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ (9,619,570)	\$	(9,722,050)	1.05 %
Support services	(5,377,611)		(4,778,685)	(12.53) %
Non-instructional	269,453		187,016	44.08 %
Sixteenth section	(111,239)		(91,826)	(21.14) %

(1.762.564)

(16,785,620)

(94,643)

(89,446)

Net cost of governmental activities (\$16,785,620 for 2019 and \$18,298,412 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$4,679,106 for 2019 and \$4,540,130 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$11,749,744 for 2019 and \$11,631,069 for 2018). In addition there was \$296,980 and \$302,865 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.

(3.682.901)

(101,463)

(108,503)

(18, 298, 412)

52.14

17.56 %

8.27 %

% 6.72 %

Investment earnings amounted to \$49,538 for 2019 and \$48,134 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Pension expense

Interest on long-term liabilities

Total net (expense) revenue

OPEB expense

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of 11,488,266, an increase of

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

\$361,731, which includes an increase in inventory of \$5,885. \$5,262,678 or 46% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the general fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$6,225,588 or 54% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$203,885. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$157,670, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$5,885. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
16th Section Principal Fund	\$ 176

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$33,218,168, including land, school buildings, building and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$266,063 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$12,439,303 and total depreciation expense for the year was \$913,785, resulting in total net capital assets of \$20,778,865.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	J	lune 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentage Change
Land	\$	498,838	\$ 485,638	2.72 %
Construction in Progress		-	47,465	(100.00) %
Buildings		13,940,179	14,294,740	(2.48) %
Building improvements		2,591,474	2,681,322	(3.35) %
Improvements other than buildings		1,881,761	1,940,338	(3.02) %
Mobile equipment		1,129,480	958,998	17.78 %
Furniture and equipment		222,594	235,754	(5.58) %
Leased property under capital leases		514,539	 546,698	(5.88) %
Total	\$	20,778,865	\$ 21,190,953	(1.94) %

MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$1,698,556 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$160,650 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$6,893 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Jui	ne 30, 2019	Jun	e 30, 2018	Percenta Change	_
Three mill notes payable	\$	190,000		285,000	(33.33)	%
Obligations under energy efficiency leases		294,970		355,737	(17.08)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		1,060,000		1,060,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		153,586		146,693	4.70	%
Total	\$	1,698,556	\$	1,847,430	(8.06)	%

Additional information of the District's long-term debt can be found at Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Monroe County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have questions about this report, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Monroe County School District, Post Office Box 209, Amory, Mississippi, 38821.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2019 Governmental Activities Assets 9,504,370 Cash and cash equivalents \$ Due from other governments 303,109 Other receivables, net 1,341 Inventories 61,848 Restricted assets 2,012,999 Capital assets, non-depreciable: 498,838 Land Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: 13,940,179 Buildings 2,591,474 **Building improvements** Improvements other than buildings 1,881,761 Mobile equipment 1,129,480 Furniture and equipment 222,594 Leased property under capital leases 514,539 Total Assets 32,662,532 **Deferred Outflows of Resources** Deferred outflows - pensions 2,079,386 Deferred outflows - OPEB 118,717 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 2,198,103 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 395,401 Interest payable on long-term liabilities 6,851 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: Capital related liabilities 160,650 Net OPEB liability - current portion 84,346 Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year: Capital related liabilities 1,384,320 Non-capital related liabilities 153,586 Net pension liability 26,465,884 Net OPEB liability - non-current portion 1,790,019 **Total Liabilities** 30,441,057 **Deferred Inflows of Resources** Deferred inflows - pensions 3,281,468 Deferred inflows - OPEB 144,234 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 3,425,702 **Net Position** Net investment in capital assets 19,233,895 Restricted for: Expendable: 860,390 School-based activities Debt service 631,288 Capital improvements 423,964 Forestry improvements 62,358 Unemployment benefits 53,573 Non-expendable: Sixteenth section 1,461,003 Unrestricted (21,732,595)**Total Net Position** 993,876

Exhibit A

MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net (Expense)
Revenue and
Changes in Net

					Prog	ram Revenues			С	hanges in Net Position
						Operating		Capital		
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions	С	ontributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$	10,905,778	\$	506,992	\$	779,216	\$	_	\$	(9,619,570)
Support services	Ψ	6,392,448	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,014,837	Ψ	_	Ψ	(5,377,611)
Non-instructional		1,085,015		387,410		967,058		_		269,453
Sixteenth section		111,239		-		-		_		(111,239)
Pension expense		1,762,564		_		_		_		(1,762,564)
OPEB expense		94,643		_		_		_		(94,643)
Interest on long-term liabilities		89,446		_		_		_		(89,446)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	20,441,133	\$	894,402	\$	2,761,111	\$		\$	(16,785,620)
	l l	Faxes: General purpose Debt purpose le Jurestricted grant State Federal Jurestricted inves	vies ts an stme	d contribution	s:					4,573,106 106,000 11,564,739 185,005 49,538
		Sixteenth section	sour	ces						296,980
	(Other	_							103,994
		Total General	Rev	renues						16,879,362
		inge in Net Positio								93,742
		Position - Begini	Ū						\$	900,134

MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

Exhibit C

Julie 30, 2019		Major Fu	unds		
	-		16th Section	Other	Total
		General	Principal	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,993,332	1,473,971	1,511,038 \$	10,978,341
Cash with fiscal agents		2,285	-	536,743	539,028
Due from other governments		191,379	41	111,689	303,109
Due from other funds		169,381	-	-	169,381
Inventories		-	-	61,848	61,848
Total Assets	\$	8,356,377	1,474,012	2,221,318 \$	12,051,707
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	367,538	_	27,863 \$	395,401
Due to other funds		-	13,009	155,031	168,040
Total Liabilities	\$	367,538	13,009	182,894 \$	563,441
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory		_	-	61,848	61,848
Permanent fund principal		_	1,461,003	· -	1,461,003
Restricted:					
Debt service		_	-	638,139	638,139
Capital projects		_	-	423,964	423,964
Forestry improvement purposes		_	-	62,358	62,358
Grant activities		-	-	798,542	798,542
Unemployment benefits		_	-	53,573	53,573
Assigned:					
Capital improvements		2,451,000	-	-	2,451,000
Activity funds		275,161	-	-	275,161
Unassigned		5,262,678	-	-	5,262,678
Total Fund Balances		7,988,839	1,461,003	2,038,424	11,488,266
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,356,377	1,474,012	2,221,318 \$	12,051,707

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Total fund balances for governmental funds 11,488,266 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: 1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Land 498,838 **Buildings** 20,846,876 **Building improvements** 3,725,406 Improvements other than buildings 2,884,237 Mobile equipment 3,432,602 Furniture and equipment 1,026,241 Leased property under capital leases 803,968 Accumulated depreciation (12,439,303)20,778,865 2. Some liabilities, including net pension and OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reporting in the funds: Net pension liability (26,465,884)Net OPEB liability (1,874,365)(28,340,249)3. Deferred outflows and inflows related to the net pension and OPEB liabilities are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB 2,198,103 Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB (3,425,702)(1,227,599)4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Three mill notes payable (190,000)Qualified school construction bonds payable (1,060,000)Obligations under energy efficiency lease (294,970)Compensated absences (153,586)Accrued interest payable (6,851) (1,705,407)Net position of governmental activities 993,876

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019				
	Major Fund	S		
		16th Section	Other	Total
	General	Principal	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 5,163,482 \$	-	567,436 \$	5,730,918
State sources	11,771,465	-	598,433	12,369,898
Federal sources	185,005	-	1,919,051	2,104,056
Sixteenth section sources	249,685	13,185	34,109	296,979
Total Revenues	 17,369,637	13,185	3,119,029	20,501,851
Expenditures:				
Instruction	10,454,130	-	1,647,934	12,102,064
Support services	5,731,250	-	817,003	6,548,253
Noninstructional services	111	-	1,171,296	1,171,407
Sixteenth section	80,852	-	30,387	111,239
Facilities acquisition and construction	4,300	-	-	4,300
Debt service:				
Principal	60,767	-	95,000	155,767
Interest	18,537	-	72,904	91,441
Other	-	-	1,250	1,250
Total Expenditures	16,349,947	-	3,835,774	20,185,721
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 1,019,690	13,185	(716,745)	316,130
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	2,346	-	-	2,346
Payment to escrow agent	-	-	(62,311)	(62,311)
Payment from QSCB escrow agent	-	-	62,311	62,311
Unrealized gain on investments	-	-	28,255	28,255
Sale of other property	8,965	-	400	9,365
Operating transfers in	114,585	-	1,070,871	1,185,456
Operating transfers out	(941,701)	(13,009)	(230,996)	(1,185,706)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(815,805)	(13,009)	868,530	39,716
Net Change in Fund Balances	 203,885	176	151,785	355,846
Fund Balances:				
July 1, 2018	 7,784,954	1,460,827	1,880,754	11,126,535
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 -	-	5,885	5,885
June 30, 2019	\$ 7,988,839	1,461,003	2,038,424 \$	11,488,266

Governmental Funds

Exhibit D-1

93,742

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds 355,846 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: 1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay 527,879 Depreciation expense (913,785)(385,906)2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold. (26, 182)3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Payments of debt principal 155,767 Accrued interest payable 3,245 159,012 4. The implementation of GASB 68 and 75 creates a change in the amount of pension and OPEB expense that is reported on the statement of activities. A breakdown of these changes are listed below: Recording of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date 1,762,418 Recording of pension expense for the current period (1,762,564)Recording of proportionate share of contributions to OPEB trust 2,423 Recording of OPEB contributions made subsequent to the measurement date 84,346 Recording of OPEB expense for the current period (94,643)(8,020)5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences (6,893)Change in inventory reserve 5,885 (1,008)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

Change in net position of governmental activities

MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

Exhibit E

	Private			
	Purpose		Agency	
	Ţ	Trust Funds		Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,494	\$	1,209,723
Total Assets	\$	11,494	\$	1,209,723
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	1,124,102
Due to other funds		-		1,341
Due to student clubs		-		84,280
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	1,209,723
Net Position				
Reserved for endowments		4,949		
Held in trust		6,545		
Total Net Position	\$	11,494	•	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

Exhibit F

Fiduciary Funds
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Private
		Purpose
	Tru	st Funds
Additions		
Interest on investments	\$	117
Transfer in from other funds		250
Total Additions		367
Deductions Scholarships awarded Total Deductions		500 500
Change in Net Position		(133)
Net Position July 1, 2018 June 30, 2019	\$	11,627 11,494

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

a. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government". The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Monroe County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

b. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

16th Section Principal Fund – This is the district's sixteenth section principal fund. This principal is restricted and only earnings may be spent to support the district's programs.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Activity/Agency Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of various student clubs in the district.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund serves as a clearing fund for accounts payable type transactions.

Payroll Clearing Fund – This fund serves as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Transportation Banquet Fund – This fund has sold advertisements to fund operations for the district's bus shop, mainly providing the cost of annual professional development and training for the district's bus drivers.

Walker Manufacturing Scholarship Fund – This fund contains the proceeds from the sale of a donated vo-tech vehicle from Walker Manufacturing that were used to establish a college scholarship fund for one of the district's graduating seniors each year.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> – Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earning, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> – Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

d. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

e. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life	
		_	
Land	\$ 0	0	
Buildings	50,000	40 years	
Building improvements	25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years	
Leased property under capital leases	*	*	

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows for pension and OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows for pension and OPEB.

See Note 8 and Note 9 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts / Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 7% of total revenues for the year. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

f. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Cash with Fiscal Agents (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$10,978,341 and \$1,221,217, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$11,659,774 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of the school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$539,028.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

a. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$	155,031
General Fund	Fiduciary Funds		1,341
General Fund	16th Section Principal Fund	_	13,009
		\$ _	169,381

Inter-fund receivables and payables resulted primarily from the General Fund's loan to various special revenue funds to cover cash deficits in pooled bank accounts

b. Inter-fund Transfer

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Private Purpose Trust	\$ 250
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	101,576
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	941,451
16th Section Principal Fund	General Fund	13,009
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	129,420
		\$ 1,185,706

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers (Continued)

The transfers represent board approved operating transfers for school operations and planning purposes.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance of \$1,473,971 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. Also, restricted assets include the cash with fiscal agents balances of \$2,285 of the various Activity Funds and \$536,743 of the QSCB Debt Service Sinking Fund.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance			Completed	Balance
Governmental Activities:	7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Constuction	6/30/2019	
Non-depreciable capital assets:	_					
Land	\$	485,638	13,200	-	- \$	498,838
Construction in progress		47,465	2,236	-	(49,701)	-
Total non-depreciable capital asset	s _	533,103	15,436	-	(49,701)	498,838
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings		20,846,876	-	-	-	20,846,876
Building improvements		3,666,238	59,168	-	-	3,725,406
Improvements other than buildings		2,834,536	-	-	49,701	2,884,237
Mobile equipment		3,313,973	380,445	261,816	-	3,432,602
Furniture and equipment		953,411	72,830	-	-	1,026,241
Leased property under capital lease		803,968	-	-	-	803,968
Total depreciable capital assets		32,419,002	512,443	261,816	49,701	32,719,330
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		6,552,136	354,561	-	-	6,906,697
Building improvements		984,916	149,016	-	-	1,133,932
Improvements other than buildings		894,198	108,278	-	-	1,002,476
Mobile equipment		2,354,975	183,781	235,634	-	2,303,122
Furniture and equipment		717,657	85,990	-	-	803,647
Leased property under capital leases		257,270	32,159	-	-	289,429
Total accumulated depreciation	_	11,761,152	913,785	235,634	-	12,439,303
Total depreciable capital assets, ne	et _	20,657,850	(401,342)	26,182	49,701	20,280,027
Governmental activities capital						
assets, net	\$_	21,190,953	(385,906)	26,182	- \$	20,778,865

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

Governmental activities:	 Amount
Instruction	\$ 217,691
Support services	684,609
Non-instructional	11,485
Total depreciation expense	\$ 913,785

The capital assets above include significant amounts of buildings and furniture and equipment which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement costs multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition.

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

						Amounts due
		Balance			Balance	within one
	Description	7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2019	year
A. T	Three mill notes payable	285,000	-	95,000	190,000	95,000
В. С	Obligations under energy efficiency leases	355,737		60,767	294,970	65,650
C. C	Qualified school construction bonds payable	1,060,000	-	-	1,060,000	-
D. C	Compensated absences payable	146,693	6,893	-	153,586	-
-	Total \$	1,847,430	6,893	155,767	1,698,556	160,650

A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date		Issued	Outstanding
Three Mill Note-Series 2010	3.29%	7/1/2010	6/30/2021		875,000	190,000
Total				\$_	875,000	190,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Endi	ng			
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	95,000	6,251	101,251
2021		95,000	3,125	98,125
Total	\$	190,000	9,376	199,376

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

B. Obligations under energy efficiency leases

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Energy efficiency lease				_	
Equipment Lease	5.44%	12/16/2010	6/30/2023 \$	808,482	294,970
Total			\$	808,482	294,970

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Endir	ng			
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	65,650	15,166	80,816
2021		70,833	11,525	82,358
2022		76,329	759	77,088
2023	_	82,158	3,367	85,525
Total	\$	294,970	30,817	325,787

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

An energy efficiency lease agreement dated December 16, 2010 was executed by and between the district, the lessee, and First Security Leasing, the lessor.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$808,482 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the lease shall be made from the District Maintenance Fund and not to exceed fifteen (15) years.

The district entered into this energy efficiency lease agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the lessor, the lessee has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 12, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction Bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Qualified School Construction					
Bonds Payable-Series 2010	6.00%	12/17/2010	6/30/2028 \$	1,060,000	1,060,000
Total			-	1,060,000	1,060,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments on this debt:

Year Ending	3					
June 30	_	Principal		Interest		Total
2020	\$	0		63,600		63,600
2021		0		63,600		63,600
2022		0		63,600		63,600
2023		0		63,600		63,600
2024		0		63,600		63,600
2025-2028		1,060,000	*	254,400		1,314,400
Total	\$	1,060,000		572,400	,	1,632,400

• Payable from sinking fund, see Note 12.

D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Other Commitments

The district had no commitments under construction contracts.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,762,418, \$1,600,382 and \$1,811,070, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$26,465,884 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was .159117 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was a decrease of .020131 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,762,564. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	S	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 126,224	\$	(125,682)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments			(565,722)
Changes of assumptions	33,851		
Changes in proportion and differences between			
the entity's contributions and proportionate			
share of overall contributions	156,893		(2,590,064)
Entity's contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	1,762,418		
Total	\$ 2,079,386	\$	(3,281,468)
on pension plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between the entity's contributions and proportionate share of overall contributions Entity's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 156,893 1,762,418	\$	(2,590,064)

\$1,762,418 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2020	\$ (471,143)
2021	(912,228)
2022	(1,462,109)
2023	(119,020)
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (2,964,500)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25 – 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	27.00	% 4.60 %
International Equity	18.00	4.50
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00	4.75
Global	12.00	4.75
Fixed Income	18.00	0.75
Real Estate	10.00	3.50
Private Equity	8.00	5.10
Emerging Debt	2.00	2.25
Cash	1.00	0.00
Total	100.00	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current employer contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1- percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

			Current		
		1% Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase
		(6.75%)	(7.75%)		(8.75%)
Entity's proportionate share of the				_	
net pension liability	\$_	34,847,975	\$ 26,465,884	\$	19,499,260

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15(10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$84,346 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,874,365 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was .24230687 percent. This was a decrease of .00153541 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$94,643. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,816	\$ -
Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share		-	(133,552)
of contributions District contributions subsequent to the		30,555	(10,682)
measurement date Total	\$ _	84,346 118,717	\$ (144,234)

\$84,346 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:		
2020	\$	(21,704)
2021		(21,704)
2022		(21,704)
2023		(21,704)
2024		(18,559)
Thereafter	_	(4,488)
	\$	(109,863)

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

4.50%

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation

Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of

OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2018
Prior Measurement Date 2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Measurement Date 3.89%
Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.5%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(2.89%)	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,077,687	1,874,365 \$	1,699,502

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher that the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,736,281	\$ 1,874,365 \$	2,031,188

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 11 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Worker's Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 58 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000 MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 12 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the subsidy payments amounted to \$78,281.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U.S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2019 was \$536,743. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt.

Note 12 – Qualified School Construction Bonds (Continued)

The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2020	\$ 62,311
2021	62,311
2022	62,311
2023	62,311
2024	62,311
2025-2028	249,957
Total	\$ 561,512

Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$21,732,595) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,762,418 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$316,968 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$21,732,595) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$3,281,468 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$21,732,595) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$84,346 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$34,371 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$21,732,595) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$144,234 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 14 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use

Note 14 – Sixteenth Section Lands (continued)

of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
2020	\$	96,666
2021		93,667
2022		49,095
2023	}	6,858
2024		6,858
2025-2029)	33,202
2030-2034		27,681
2035-2039)	24,709
2040-2043	}	7,400
Total	\$	346,136

Note 15 - Insurance Loss Recoveries

The Monroe County School District received \$2,346 in insurance loss recoveries related to storm damage during the 2018-2019 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and allocated among the expense functions based on the following percentages:

Insurance Loss		
Recoveries	Percentage	Expense Function
\$ 2,346	100%	Instruction
\$ 2,346	100%	

Note 16 – Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated November 13, 2015 creating the Monroe County School District Career and Technical Educational Center. The consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The consortium includes the Nettleton Line Consolidated School District, the Aberdeen School District, and the Monroe County School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The Monroe County School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Monroe County School District Career and Technical Educational Center, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

Note 16 – Vocational School Consortium (Continued)

The following Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is presented to detail the financial activity of the Monroe County School District Career and Technical Educational Center.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues Local sources:		
Tuition from other LEA's within the state:	_	
Aberdeen School District	\$	6,660
Nettleton Line Consolidated School District		10,410
Total tuition form other LEA's within the state		17,070
Total local sources		17,070
State sources		405,946
Federal sources		49,911
Total Revenues		472,927
Expenditures		
Salaries		940,112
Employee benefits		305,050
Other professional services		694
Supplies		32,560
Property		27,231
Other		46,123
Total Expenditures		1,351,770
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(878,843)
Other Financing Sources/Uses:		
Transfer in		935,247
Transfer out		(55,420)
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses	-	879,827
Net Change in Fund Balance		984
Fund Balance:		
July 1, 2018		-
June 30, 2019	\$	984

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes.

Management of the Monroe County School District evaluated the activity of the district through September 9, 2020 and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to financial statements.

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 virus outbreak to be a pandemic. Management has evaluated the potential impact of the pandemic on the entity's operations. As of September 9, 2020, Management reports an adverse effect on revenue, workforce or related costs which can be attributed directly to COVID-19.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Monroe County School District Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Vallali	
				_	Positive (N	legative)
		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	4,997,575 \$	5,163,271 \$	5,163,482 \$	165,696 \$	211
State sources		11,770,437	11,771,465	11,771,465	1,028	-
Federal sources		173,200	185,005	185,005	11,805	-
Sixteenth section		291,556	249,685	249,685	(41,871)	-
Total Revenues		17,232,768	17,369,426	17,369,637	136,658	211
Expenditures:						
Instruction		10,770,215	10,454,130	10,454,130	316,085	-
Support services		5,718,085	5,735,550	5,731,250	(17,465)	4,300
Noninstructional services		-	111	111	(111)	-
Sixteenth section		-	80,852	80,852	(80,852)	_
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	-	4,300	-	(4,300)
Debt service:				•		(, ,
Principal		60,767	60,767	60,767	_	_
Interest		18,537	18,537	18,537	_	_
Other		-	-	•	_	_
Total Expenditures		16,567,604	16,349,947	16,349,947	217,657	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		665,164	1,019,479	1,019,690	354,315	211
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Insurance recovery		1,000	2,346	2,346	1,346	_
Sale of other property		1,000	8,965	8,965	7,965	_
Operating transfers in		160,985	114,585	114,585	(46,400)	-
Operating transfers out		(1,048,255)	(941,701)	(941,701)	106,554	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(885,270)	(815,805)	(815,805)	69,465	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(220,106)	203,674	203,885	423,780	211
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2018	_	7,784,954	7,784,954	7,784,954	-	
June 30, 2019	\$	7,564,848 \$	7,988,628 \$	7,988,839 \$	423,780 \$	211

Variances

Monroe County School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
PERS
Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.159117%	0.179248%	0.176966%	0.172654%	0.179029%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 26,465,884	29,797,101	31,616,618	26,696,014	20,744,130
District's covered payroll	\$ 10,161,156	11,498,857	11,320,946	10,786,444	10,444,641
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	260.46%	259.13%	279.28%	247.50%	198.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Monroe County School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,762,41	8 1,600,382	1,811,070	1,783,049	1,698,865
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,762,41	8 1,600,382	1,811,070	1,783,049	1,698,865
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -				
District's covered payroll	11,189,95	10,161,156	11,498,857	11,320,946	10,786,444
Contributions as a percentage of its covered payroll	15.75	5% 15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Monroe County School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	_	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.24230687%	0.24380000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,874,365	1,913,208
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,953,264	11,498,857
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		17.11%	16.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		.13%	0.00%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Monroe County School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 84,346	81,563
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	84,346	81,563
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	
District's covered-employee payroll	11,189,956	10,953,264
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.75%	0.74%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and revisions.

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return Entry age
Level percentage of payroll, open
36.6 years
5-year smoothed market
3.00 percent
3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation
7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of Assumptions

<u>2017:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent valuation date. The following actuarial methods and

MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Price inflation 3 percent

Salary increases, including wage

Inflation 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent

Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims

Pre-Medicare 7.75 percent

Ultimate health care cost trend rates
Medicare Supplement Claims

Pre-Medicare 5 percent

Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims

Pre-Medicare 2023

Long-term investment rate of return net of Pension plan investment expense, including price inflation

expense, including price inflation 3.56 percent

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Monroe County School District Supplementary Information Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019				
	Catalog of			
Federal Grantor/	Federal Domestic	Pass-through	Passed	
Pass-through Grantor/	Assistance	Entity Identifying	through to Sub-	Federal
Program Title	No.	Number	Recipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture				<u> </u>
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:				
Child nutrition cluster:				
School breakfast program	10.553	195MS326N1099	_	262.159
National school lunch program	10.555	195MS326N1099	_	694,122
Total child nutrition cluster				956,281
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education				956,281
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				956,281
HO Department of Education				_
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:	04.040	E00404400004		050.000
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A180024	-	353,880
Vocational rehabilitation grants to states	84.126	H126A180034	-	49,911
Rural education	84.358	ES358B180024	-	9,820
Supporting effective instruction - state grants	84.367	ES377A180025		45,089
Subtotal				458,700
Special education cluster:				
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A180108	-	15,935
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A180113		491,658
Total special education cluster				507,593
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education				966,293
Total U.S. Department of Education				966,293
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:				
Medical assistance program - SBAC	93.778	1805MS5ADM	_	39.822
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education				39,822
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				39,822
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	\$	1,962,396

Monroe County School District Supplementary Information Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 15,450,490 4,735,231	12,329,005 1,233,210	622,248 239,823	1,204,826 23,727	1,294,411 3,238,471
Total	\$ 20,185,721	13,562,215	862,071	1,228,553	4,532,882
Total number of students *	 2,276				
Cost per student	\$ 8,869	5,959	379	540	1,991

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Monroe County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Award (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Monroe County School District and is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Monroe County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursements. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Noncash Awards - Commodities

The amount of commodities reported on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the value of commodities received by the district and reported under the National School Lunch Program CFDA #10.555. The value of the commodities received during the fiscal year was \$73,160.

(4) Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

OTHER INFORMATION

Monroe County School District Other Information Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	5,163,482	5,009,472	5,348,798	5,320,666
State sources		11,771,465	11,255,169	11,490,637	11,452,913
Federal sources		185,005	206,451	280,810	394,046
Sixteenth section sources		249,685	267,605	113,024	281,118
Total Revenues	_	17,369,637	16,738,697	17,233,269	17,448,743
Expenditures:					
Instruction		10,454,130	10,451,531	10,830,166	10,771,923
Support services		5,731,250	5,590,024	5,124,809	4,759,118
Noninstructional services		111	32	-	-
Sixteenth section		80,852	40,321	5,285	16,240
Facilities acquisition and construction		4,300	-	153,537	232,503
Debt service:					
Principal		60,767	56,167	51,833	47,752
Interest	_	18,537	21,654	24,532	27,184
Total Expenditures	_	16,349,947	16,159,729	16,190,162	15,854,720
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	1,019,690	578,968	1,043,107	1,594,023
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery		2,346	5,124	-	-
Sale of other property		8,965	3,187	814	-
Operating transfers in		114,585	122,614	904,912	329,123
Operating transfers out	_	(941,701)	(776,492)	(1,065,791)	(2,691,804)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(815,805)	(645,567)	(160,065)	(2,362,681)
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	203,885	(66,599)	883,042	(768,658)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period	_	7,784,954	7,851,553	6,968,511	7,737,169
End of Period	\$ _	7,988,839	7,784,954	7,851,553	6,968,511

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Monroe County School District Other Information Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources \$	5,730,918	5,584,446	5,939,403	5,967,544
State sources	12,369,898	12,208,096	12,422,200	12,392,696
Federal sources	2,104,056	2,141,808	2,594,114	3,862,111
Sixteenth section sources	296,979	312,786	119,738	313,392
Total Revenues	20,501,851	20,247,136	21,075,455	22,535,743
Expenditures:				
Instruction	12,102,064	12,017,170	12,361,686	12,398,053
Support services	6,548,253	6,348,828	5,997,066	5,688,830
Noninstructional services	1,171,407	1,252,496	1,200,105	1,184,338
Sixteenth section	111,239	91,826	40,585	58,913
Facilities acquisition and construction	4,300	-	559,565	2,278,613
Debt service:				
Principal	155,767	816,167	461,833	447,752
Interest	91,441	115,859	133,076	149,401
Other	1,250	5,655	2,635	2,600
Total Expenditures	20,185,721	20,648,001	20,756,551	22,208,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	316,130	(400,865)	318,904	327,243
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	2,346	5,124	_	_
Unrealized gain on investments	28,255	,		-
Payment held by QSCB debt escrow agent	62,311	62,311	62,311	62,311
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(62,311)	(62,311)	(62,311)	(62,311)
Sale of transportation equipment	-	-	814	-
Sale of other property	9,365	3,187	-	-
Operating transfers in	1,185,456	1,122,788	3,019,985	3,840,986
Operating transfers out	(1,185,706)	(1,122,788)	(3,019,985)	(3,840,986)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	39,716	8,311	814	-
-				
Net Change in Fund Balances	355,846	(392,554)	319,718	327,243
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	11,126,535	11,721,130	11,397,961	11,077,245
Prior period adjustments	-	(210,699)	-	_
Beginning of period, as restated	11,126,535	11,510,431	11,397,961	11,077,245
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	5,885	8,658	3,451	(6,527)
End of Period \$	11,488,266	11,126,535	11,721,130	11,397,961

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



WATKINS, WARD and STAFFORD

Professional Limited Liability Company Certified Public Accountants James L. Stafford, CPA
Harry W. Stevens, CPA
S. Keith Winfield, CPA
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Monroe County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Monroe County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Monroe County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 9, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Monroe County School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Okolona, Mississippi September 9, 2020 Watkins Ward and Stafford, Puc



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Monroe County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Monroe County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Monroe County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Monroe County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Monroe County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Monroe County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the school district's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Monroe County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Monroe County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Monroe County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on

the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Monroe County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Okolona, Mississippi September 9, 2020 Watkins Ward and Stafford, Puc





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Monroe County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Monroe County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Monroe County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 9, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds". As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Okolona, Mississippi September 9, 2020 Watkins Ward and Stafford, Puc

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section 1: Summary of Auditors' Results

Finan	cial	Statements:
гшап	uai	Statements.

1.	Type of	Unmodified			
2.	Interna a. b.	No None reported			
3.	Noncor	mpliance material to financial stateme	nts noted?	No	
Fede	ral Awar	rds:			
4.	Internal control over major programs: a. Material weakness (es) identified? b. Significant deficiency (ies) identified?				
5.	Type of	Unmodified			
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?				
7.	Identific	cation of major programs:			
	CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program or Clu 10.553, 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster				
8.	Dollar t	\$750,000			
9.	Audite	No			
10.	Prior fiscal year audit findings and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b)				

MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.