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NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board North Panola School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Panola School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the North Panola School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Panola School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate

Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 4-12 and 44-52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the North Panola School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 1, 2020, on our consideration of the North Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering North Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi October 1, 2020 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of North Panola School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$343,674, including a prior period adjustment of \$312,750 which represents an 3% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$3,167,738, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,461,231) due primarily to the recording of the net OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows, which represents an 34% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$12,170,452 and \$11,589,563, or 72% and 71% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,743,838, or 28% of total revenues for 2019, and \$4,634,531, or 29% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$17,570,714 and \$17,930,601 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$4,743,838 for 2019 and \$4,634,531 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$12,170,452 for 2019 and \$11,589,563 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$11,603,113 in revenues and \$12,049,938 in expenditures for 2019, and \$10,806,427 in revenues and \$11,572,266 in expenditures for 2018. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$137,687 from 2018 to 2019, and decreased by \$650,752 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$83,648 for 2019 and decreased by \$349,055 for 2018. The increase for 2019 was due primarily the additions of furniture and equipment and adjustments to leased property.
- Total long-term debt, including the liability for compensated absences, decreased by \$130,982 for 2019 and decreased by \$83,927 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$5,412 for 2019 and increased by \$5,252 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$12,959,832 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	е
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Change	
Current assets	\$ 4,671,021	\$ 4,801,439	(2.72)	%
Restricted assets	1,052,503	918,933	14.54	%
Capital assets, net	6,550,205	6,466,557	1.29	%
Total assets	12,273,729	12,186,929	0.71	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 1,932,423	 2,953,281	(34.57)	%
Current liabilities	145,682	236,485	(38.40)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	2,316,381	2,447,363	(5.35)	%
Net OPEB liability	1,505,049	1,502,493	0.17	%
Net pension liability	 22,257,576	 21,878,546	1.73	%
Total liabilities	26,224,688	26,064,887	0.61	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 941,296	 1,691,481	(44.35)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	4,314,073	4,104,855	5.10	%
Restricted	2,344,338	2,070,712	13.21	%
Unrestricted	(19,618,243)	(18,791,725)	(4.40)	%
Total net position	\$ (12,959,832)	\$ (12,616,158)	(2.72)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (19,618,243)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	22,771,498
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 3,153,255

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$83,648.
- The principal retirement of \$125,570 of long-term debt.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$22,257,576.
- Recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$1,505,049.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$16,914,290 and \$16,224,094, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$17,570,714 for 2019 and \$17,930,601 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2019	 Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentage Change	e
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 433,339	\$ 257,233	68.46	%
Operating grants and contributions	4,310,499	4,377,298	(1.53)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	3,843,150	3,570,867	7.63	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	8,004,998	7,769,249	3.03	%
Investment earnings	33,389	27,046	23.45	%
Other	 288,915	 222,401	29.91	%
Total revenues	16,914,290	 16,224,094	4.25	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	8,113,863	8,030,886	1.03	%
Support services	6,222,429	6,127,584	1.55	%
Non-instructional	977,689	1,239,944	(21.15)	%
Pension expense	2,049,337	2,322,960	(11.78)	%
OPEB expense	79,377	81,023	(2.03)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 128,019	 128,204	(0.14)	%
Total expenses	17,570,714	 17,930,601	(2.01)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	(656,424)	 (1,706,507)	61.53	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(12,616,158)	(9,448,420)	(33.53)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	312,750	 (1,461,231)	121.40	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (12,303,408)	 (10,909,651)	(12.78)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (12,959,832)	\$ (12,616,158)	(2.72)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total	Expe	nses	Percentage
	2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ 8,113,863	\$	8,030,886	1.03 %
Support services	6,222,429		6,127,584	1.55 %
Non-instructional	977,689		1,239,944	(21.15) %
Pension Expense	2,049,337		2,322,960	(11.78) %
OPEB Expense	79,377		81,023	(2.03) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 128,019		128,204	(0.14) %
Total expenses	\$ 17,570,714	\$	17,930,601	(2.01) %
	 Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	 2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ (5,848,555)	\$	(5,978,340)	2.17 %
Support services	(4,903,420)		(4,738,618)	(3.48) %
Non-instructional	181,832		(46,925)	487.49 %
Pension Expense	(2,049,337)		(2,322,960)	11.78 %
OPEB Expense	(79,377)		(81,023)	2.03 %
	(,)			
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (128,019)		(128,204)	0.14 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$12,826,876 for 2019 and \$13,296,070 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,843,150 for 2019 and \$3,570,867 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$8,004,998 for 2019 and \$7,769,249 for 2018).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$33,389 for 2019 and \$27,046 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5,644,535, an increase of \$91,695, which includes an increase in inventory of \$608. \$3,233,504, or 57% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,411,031, or 43% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$137,687. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$91,695, which includes an increase in inventory of \$608. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
School Food Service Fund	\$ 66,259
Title I A Basic Fund	no increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	no increase or decrease
NPSD 2010 Sinking Fund	\$ 136,303

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the fiscal year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$15,882,879, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. The net increase of \$83,648 from 2018 is due primarily to the increase furniture and equipment and an adjustment to leased property. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$9,332,674, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$418,723, resulting in total net capital assets of \$6,550,205.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	J	June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	je
Land	\$	139,509	\$ 139,509	0.00	%
Buildings		2,763,825	2,807,360	(1.55)	%
Building improvements		2,523,282	2,718,260	(7.17)	%
Improvements other than buildings		102,921	58,233	76.74	%
Mobile equipment		249,197	252,718	(1.39)	%
Furniture and equipment		204,445	152,981	33.64	%
Leased property under capital leases		567,026	 337,496	68.01	%
Total	\$	6,550,205	\$ 6,466,557	1.29	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$2,316,381 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$97,392 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$125,570 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$5,412 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018	Percenta Change	_
Obligation under capital leases payable Qualified school construction bonds payable	\$	286,132 1,950,000	\$	411,702 1,950,000	(30.50)	% %
Compensated absences payable		80,249		85,661	(6.32)	%
Total	\$	2,316,381	\$	2,447,363	(5.35)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The North Panola School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the North Panola School District, 470 Highway 51 North Sardis, MS 38666.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position Exhibit A June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Assets	Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,202,598
Due from other governments	454,182
Accrued interest receivable	2,734
Inventories	11,507
Restricted assets	1,052,503
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	,,,
Land	139,509
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	2,763,825
Building improvements	2,523,282
Improvements other than buildings	102,921
Mobile equipment	249,197
Furniture and equipment	204,445
Leased property under capital leases	567,026
Total Assets	12,273,729
Total 71000to	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	1,810,089
Deferred outflows - OPEB	122,334
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,932,423
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	78,989
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	66,693
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	93,380
Non-capital related liabilities	4,012
Net OPEB liability	63,941
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	2,142,752
Non-capital related liabilities	76,237
Net pension liability	22,257,576
Net OPEB liability	1,441,108
Total Liabilities	26,224,688
Deferred Inflows of Resources	204.050
Deferred inflows - pensions	834,058
Deferred inflows - OPEB	107,238
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	941,296
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	4,314,073
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	1,024,599
Debt service	1,279,664
Unemployment benefits	40,075
Unrestricted	(19,618,243)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (12,959,832)

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit B

Net (Expense)

							Revenue and Changes in
			F	rogram Rever	ues	S	 Net Position
	•			Operating		Capital	
		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 8,113,863	\$ 254,854	\$	2,010,454	\$	-	\$ (5,848,555)
Support services	6,222,429	167,798		1,151,211		-	(4,903,420)
Non-instructional	977,689	10,687		1,148,834		-	181,832
Pension expense	2,049,337	-		-		-	(2,049,337)
OPEB expense	79,377	-		-		-	(79,377)
Interest on long-term liabilities	128,019	-		-		<u>-</u>	 (128,019)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 17,570,714	\$ 433,339	\$	4,310,499	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ (12,826,876)
		General Re Taxes:	ven	ues:			
		Genera	al p	urpose levies			3,676,970
		Debt p	urp	ose levies			166,180
		Unrestric	cted	d grants and co	ontr	ibutions:	
		State					7,772,626
		Federa	l				232,372
		Unrestric	cted	d investment e	arni	ngs	33,389
		Other					288,915
		Tota	l G	eneral Revenue	es		 12,170,452
		Change in N	Vet	Position			 (656,424)
		Net Position	า - โ	Beginning, as	pre	viously reported	(12,616,158)
		Prior Perio	od A	Adjustments			 312,750
		Net Position	า - ۱	Beginning, as	rest	tated	(12,303,408)
		Net Position	n (d	leficit) - Ending	J		\$ (12,959,832)

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet June 30, 2019 Exhibit C

		ľ	Лаjor	Funds				
		School		Title I A	IDEA	NPSD	Other	Total
	General	Food Service		Basic	Part B	2010 Sinking	Governmental	Governmental
	 Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,908,885	\$ 935,257	\$	-	\$	\$	\$ 358,456	\$ 4,202,598
Cash with fiscal agents		-				15,414	89	15,503
Investments		-				1,037,000	-	1,037,000
Due from other governments	104,862	-		166,701	67,394		115,225	454,182
Accrued interest receivable		-				2,734	-	2,734
Due from other funds	332,685	9,816		-			20,165	362,666
Inventories		11,507						11,507
Total assets	\$ 3,346,432	\$ 956,580	\$	166,701	\$ 67,394	\$ 1,055,148	\$ 493,935	\$ 6,086,190
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 60,415	\$ 2,335	\$	8,237	\$ 520	\$	\$ 7,482	\$ 78,989
Due to other funds	10,529	-		158,464	66,874	-	126,799	362,666
Total Liabilities	 70,944	2,335		166,701	67,394	-	134,281	441,655
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		11,507					-	11,507
Restricted:								
Debt service						1,055,148	291,209	1,346,357
Grant activities							28,370	28,370
Unemployment benefits							40,075	40,075
Food service		942,738		-			-	942,738
Assigned:								
School Activities	41,984						-	41,984
Other purposes		-					-	-
Unassigned	3,233,504						-	3,233,504
Total Fund Balances	3,275,488	954,245		-	-	1,055,148	359,654	5,644,535
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,346,432	\$ 956,580	\$	166,701	\$ 67,394	\$ 1,055,148	\$ 493,935	\$ 6,086,190

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position									
June 30, 2019									
Total fund balances for governmental funds			\$	5,644,535					
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position arediffere	nt bed	cause:							
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 									
Land	\$	139,509							
Buildings		2,763,825							
Building improvements		2,523,282							
Improvements other than buildings		102,921							
Mobile equipment		249,197							
Furniture and equipment		204,445							
Accumulated depreciation		567,026		6,550,205					
2.									
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:									
Net pension liability		(22,257,576)							
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:									
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		1,810,089							
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(834,058)		(21,281,545)					
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:									
Net OPEB liability		(1,505,049)							
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:									
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		122,334							
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(107,238)		(1,489,953)					
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		<u> </u>							
Other bonds payable		(1,950,000)							
Notes payable		(286,132)							
Compensated absences		(80,249)							
Accrued interest payable		(66,693)		(2,383,074)					
		_							

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

\$ (12,959,832)

Net Position of governmental activities

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit D

To the real Ended Julie 30, 2013				Maj	or Funds				
			School		Title I A	IDEA	NPSD	Other	Total
		General	Food Service		Basic	Part B	2010 Sinking	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:	•								
Local sources	\$	4,212,885	\$ 25,030	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 26,424	\$ 166,656	\$ 4,430,995
State sources		7,266,019	10,517		-	-	-	968,656	8,245,192
Federal sources		124,209	1,191,148		1,227,221	376,836		1,150,891	4,070,305
Total Revenues		11,603,113	1,226,695		1,227,221	376,836	26,424	2,286,203	16,746,492
Expenditures:									
Instruction		6,648,898	-		764,281	142,285		1,422,614	8,978,078
Support services		5,315,443	108,727		259,123	226,088		653,414	6,562,795
Noninstructional services			951,143		51,135	1,224		29,778	1,033,280
Debt service:									
Principal		80,615	-		-	-	-	44,955	125,570
Interest		4,982	-		-	-	-	123,000	127,982
Other			-		-	-	-	2,297	2,297
Total Expenditures		12,049,938	1,059,870		1,074,539	369,597		2,276,058	16,830,002
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures		(446,825)	166,825		152,682	7,239	26,424	10,145	(83,510)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Insurance recovery		167,798	-		-	-	-	-	167,798
Payments held by escrow agent			-		-	-	109,879	-	109,879
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent			-		-	-	-	(109,879)	(109,879)
Sale of transportation equipment		6,799	-		-	-	-	-	6,799
Operating transfers in		157,882	-			-	-	219,559	377,441
Operating transfers out		(23,341)	(101,174)		(152,682)	(7,239)	-	(93,005)	(377,441)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		309,138	(101,174)		(152,682)	(7,239)	109,879	16,675	174,597
Net Change in Fund Balances		(137,687)	65,651		-	-	136,303	26,820	91,087
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2018,		3,413,175	887,986		-	-	918,845	332,834	5,552,840
Increase (Decrease) in inventory		-	608		-	-	-	-	608
June 30, 2019	\$	3,275,488	\$ 954,245	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,055,148	\$ 359,654	\$ 5,644,535

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Exhibit D-1

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,

	penditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities r the Year Ended June 30, 2019		
Ne	t change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 91,087
	ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are erent because:		
1.	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
	Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 200,582 (418,723)	(218,141)
2.	In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		(10,961)
3.	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
	Payments of debt principal	125,570	
	Accrued interest payable	2,260	127,830
4.	Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
	Pension expense	(2,049,337)	
	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,408,830	(640,507)
5.	Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
	OPEB expense	(79,377)	
	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	67,625	(11,752)
6.	current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
	Change in compensated absences	5,412	
	Change in inventory	608	6,020
Ch	ange in Net Position of governmental activities	=	\$ (656,424)

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019	Exhibit E
	Agency
	Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 498,501
Total Assets	\$ 498,501
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 478,572
Due to student clubs	19,929
Total Liabilities	\$ 498,501

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, North Panola School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

School Food Service Fund - This special revenue fund is used to account for the financial resources associated with the federal grants in the Child Nutrition Cluster, which provides nutritious breakfasts and lunches to the district's students.

Title I-A Basic Fund – This is a special revenue fund that accounts for the federal sources received and expenditures incurred related to the District's Title I Program.

IDEA Part B Fund - This fund is used to account for the federal revenues and expenditures of this federal grant.

NPSD 2010 Sinking Fund - This debt service fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of the District's Qualified School Construction Bond issue.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds (agency funds) which focus on assets and liabilities only. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for non-payroll type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB. See Note 13 for further details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB. See Note 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the

general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 10% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$4,202,598 and \$498,501, respectively. The carrying amount of deposits reported in the government-wide financial statements includes cash and cash equivalents of \$4,202,598.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$2,359,958 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$15,503.

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury SLGS Deposit	N/A	5 to 10 years	\$ 1,037,000
Total			\$ 1,037,000

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

U.S Treasury SLGS Deposits of \$1,037,000 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I A Basic Fund	\$ 158,464
	IDEA Part B Fund	66,874
	Other governmental funds	107,347
School Food Service fund	General Fund	9,816
Other governmental funds	General Fund	713
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	 19,452
Total		\$ 362,666

The primary purpose of the inter-fund receivables and payables was to close out federal program funds as part of routine year-end closing procedures. All inter-fund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	School Food Service Fund	\$ 101,174
	Title I A Basic Fund	40,767
	IDEA Part B Fund	7,239
	Other governmental funds	8,702
Other governmental funds	General Fund	23,341
	Title I A Basic Fund	111,915
	Other governmental funds	84,303
Total		\$ 377,441

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, vocational and special education expenditure transfers, the transfer of expendable resources from the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund, the transfer of funds from the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund to the Building and Renovations Fund, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent balance, and investment balance, totaling \$15,414, and \$1,037,000, respectively, of the NPSD 2010 Sinking Fund for the retirement of the QSCB. The restricted assets also represent the \$89 cash with fiscal agent balance in the MAEP Retirement Fund.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance			A 19	Balance
		7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:						
Non-depreciable capital assets:	_		_		_	
Land	\$	139,509 \$	\$		<u>\$</u>	139,509
Total non-depreciable capital assets		139,509	-	-	-	139,509
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings		7,700,637				7,700,637
Building improvements		4,599,361				4,599,361
Improvements other than buildings		109,015	49,999			159,014
Mobile equipment		1,497,213	40,000	108,503		1,428,710
Furniture and equipment		831,733	110,583	11,334		930,982
Leased property under capital leases		611,916			312,750	924,666
Total depreciable capital assets		15,349,875	200,582	119,837	312,750	15,743,370
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		4,893,277	43,535			4,936,812
Building improvements		1,881,101	194,978			2,076,079
Improvements other than buildings		50,782	5,311			56,093
Mobile equipment		1,244,495	32,673	97,655		1,179,513
Furniture and equipment		678,752	59,006	11,221		726,537
Leased property under capital leases		274,420	83,220			357,640
Total accumulated depreciation		9,022,827	418,723	108,876	-	9,332,674
Total depreciable capital assets, net		6,327,048	(218,141)	10,961	312,750	6,410,696
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	6,466,557 \$	(218,141) \$	10,961	\$ 312,750 \$	6,550,205

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	277,130	
Support services		122,482	
Non-instructional		19,111	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	418,723	

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

						Amounts
		Balance			Balance	due within
		 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2019	one year
Α.	Obligations under capital leases	\$ 411,702 \$	\$	125,570 \$	286,132 \$	93,380
В.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	1,950,000			1,950,000	
C.	Compensated absences payable	 85,661		5,412	80,249	4,012
	Total	\$ 2,447,363 \$	- \$	130,982 \$	2,316,381 \$	97,392

A. Obligation under capital leases

The school district has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of four school buses at a cost of \$311,192 and four buses at a cost of \$312,750. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes.

Description	Interest Rate	Maturity Iterest Rate Issue Date Date				Amount Outstanding
1. Capital Lease - Buses	3.41%	10/9/2014	10/8/2019	\$ 311,192	\$	33,544
2. Capital Lease - Buses	3.57%	6/29/2018	4/10/2023	 312,750		252,588
Total				\$ 623,942	\$	286,132

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Capital lease issue of October 9, 2014:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 33,544 \$	572 \$	34,116
Total	\$ 33,544 \$	572 \$	34,116

This debt will be retired from the EEF Building and Buses Fund.

2. Capital lease issue of June 29, 2018:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 59,836 \$	8,488 \$	68,324
2021	61,991	6,333	68,324
2022	64,224	4,100	68,324
2023	 66,537	1,787	68,324
Total	\$ 252,588 \$	20,708 \$	273,296

This debt will be retired from the EEF Building and Buses Fund.

Total Capital lease payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 93,380 \$	9,060 \$	102,440
2021	61,991	6,333	68,324
2022	64,224	4,100	68,324
2023	 66,537	1,787	68,324
Total	\$ 286,132 \$	21,280 \$	307,412

The school district uses the straight-line method of amortization for the lease payments which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the difference between the effective interest method and the straight-line method is not considered material.

B. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 12, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	C	Outstanding
Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2010 Total	6.00%	12/7/2010	12/1/2025	\$ 1,950,000 1,950,000	\$	1,950,000 1,950,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending				
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	
2020	\$ - \$	117,000 \$	117,000	
2021	-	117,000	117,000	
2022	-	117,000	117,000	
2023	-	117,000	117,000	
2024	-	117,000	117,000	
2025-2026	 1,950,000	234,000	2,184,000	
Total	\$ 1,950,000 \$	819,000 \$	2,769,000	

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits yest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,408,830, \$1,345,907 and \$1,329,780, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$22,257,576 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.133816 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was a decrease of 0.002203 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,049,337. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 98,837	\$ 92,283
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		404,015
Changes of assumptions	12,917	12,497
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	289,505	325,263
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,408,830	
Total	\$ 1,810,089	\$ 834,058

\$1,408,830 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Υ	ear Ending June 30:	
2	020	\$ 157,706
2	021	(54,989)
2	022	(435,421)
2	023	(100,095)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	, 	1% Decrease (6.75%)	 Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	29,306,841	\$ 22,257,576	\$ 16,398,707

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$67,625 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,505,049 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.19456389 percent. This was a increase of 0.00306818 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$79,377. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 3,064	\$ 107,238
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		ŕ
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	51,645	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	67,625	
Total	\$ 122,334	\$ 107,238

\$67,625 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$ (10,661)
2021	(10,661)
2022	(10,661)
2023	(10,661)
2024	(8,500)
Thereafter	(1,385)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation

Long-term Investment Rate of 4.50%

Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2018 Prior Measurement Date 2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Measurement Date 3.89%
Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	urrent	
	•	1% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase
		(2.89%)	F	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,668,309	\$	1,505,049	\$ 1,364,640

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,394,173	\$ 1,505,049	\$ 1,630,973

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 9 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To correct capital asset balances from a prior period	\$ 312,750
Total	\$ 312,750

Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 11 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 12 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the subsidy payment was \$94,043

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2019 was \$1,052,414. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 134,000
2021	134,000
2022	134,000
2023	134,000
2024	134,000
2025	134,000
2026	 134,000
Total	\$ 938,000

Note 13 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$19,618,243) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,408,830 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$401,259 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as pension expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 3 years. The \$834,058 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position amount over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$19,618,243) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB. Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$67,625 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources totaling \$54,709 will be recognized as expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 6 years and deferred inflows of resources totaling \$107,238 related to OPEB at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position amount over the next 6 years.

Note 14 - Insurance loss recoveries

The North Panola School District received \$167,798 in insurance loss recoveries related to property damage during the 2018-2019 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services within support services.

Note 15 - Juvenile Detention Center Education Program

The North Panola School District entered into a Juvenile Detention Center Agreement dated August 6. 2018 creating the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center. This program was in accordance with Section 43-21-321, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) which states a sponsoring school district must provide educational services to youths detained in juvenile detention centers. It was approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Attala County School District, Carroll County School District, Coffeeville School District, Clarksdale Municipal School District, Coahoma County Agricultural High School, Coahoma County School District, East Tallahatchie School District, Greenwood Public School District, Holmes County Consolidated School District, Humphreys County School District, Kosciusko School District, Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, North Panola School District, Senatobia Municipal School District, South Panola School District, Sunflower County Consolidated school District, Tate County School District, Tunica County School District, Water Valley School District, West Tallahatchie Consolidated School District, Winona School District and Leflore County School District, The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the juvenile detention center program. The Leflore County School District has been designated as the lead school district for the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center and the operations of the program are included in its financial statements.

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the North Panola School District evaluated the activity of the district through October 1, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				variai	003
				Positive (N	legative)
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 3,731,894	\$ 4,212,885	\$ 4,212,885 \$	480,991 \$	0
State sources	7,422,529	7,266,020	7,266,019	(156,509)	(1)
Federal sources	134,470	124,209	124,209	(10,261)	0
Total Revenues	11,288,893	11,603,114	11,603,113	314,221	(1)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	6,359,480	6,648,898	6,648,898	(289,418)	0
Support services	5,412,686	5,315,443	5,315,443	97,243	0
Debt service:					
Principal	65,408	80,615	80,615	(15,207)	0
Interest	2,821	4,982	4,982	(2,161)	0
Total Expenditures	11,840,395	12,049,938	12,049,938	(209,543)	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	(551,502)	(446,824)	(446,825)	104,678	(1)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery		167,798	167,798	167,798	0
Sale of transportation equipment		6,799	6,799	6,799	0
Operating transfers in	159,502	158,645	157,882	(857)	(763)
Operating transfers out	(8,000)	(24,104)	(23,341)	(16,104)	763
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	151,502	309,138	309,138	157,636	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(400,000)	(137,686)	(137,687)	262,314	(1)
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2018,	3,413,175	3,413,175	3,413,175	0	0
June 30, 2019	\$ 3,013,175	\$ 3,275,489	\$ 3,275,488 \$	262,314 \$	(1)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule School Food Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources 31,600 25,030 25,030 (6,570) \$ State sources 10,517 10,517 10,517 Federal sources 1,158,414 1,191,148 1,191,148 32,734 1,190,014 **Total Revenues** 1,226,695 1,226,695 36,681 **Expenditures:** Support services 110,468 108,727 108,727 1,741 Noninstructional services 954,545 951,144 951,143 3,401 **Total Expenditures** 1,065,013 1,059,871 1,059,870 5,142 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 125,001 166,824 41,823 166,825 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out (125,000)(101, 174)(101, 174)23,826 (125,000)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (101, 174)(101, 174)23,826 Net Change in Fund Balances 1 65,650 65,651 65,649 Fund Balances: July 1, 2018, 887,986 887,986 887,986 Increase (Decrease) in inventory 608 608 608 \$ 954.244 954.245 June 30, 2019 887.987 \$ \$ 66.257

The notes to the required supplemental information are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I A Basic Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Va	arian	ces
						Positiv	e (N	egative)
	 Budgete	ed Ar	mounts	Actual	-	Original		Final
	Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:								
Federal sources	\$ 1,408,107	\$	1,227,221	\$ 1,227,221	\$	(180,886)	\$	
Total Revenues	1,408,107		1,227,221	1,227,221		(180,886)		-
Expenditures:								
Instruction	842,863		764,282	764,281		78,581		1
Support services	479,995		259,123	259,123		220,872		-
Noninstructional services	57,449		51,134	51,135		6,315		(1)
Total Expenditures	1,380,307		1,074,539	1,074,539		305,768		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures	 27,800		152,682	152,682		124,882		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating transfers out	(27,800)		(152,682)	(152,682)		(124,882)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(27,800)		(152,682)	(152,682)		(124,882)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-	-		-		
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2018,	-		-	-		-		-
June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

The notes to the required supplemental information are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

·							Var	ian	ces
							Positive	(N	egative)
	 Budgete	ed Ar	mounts	_	Actual	•	Original		Final
	Original		Final		(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:									
Federal sources	\$ 362,521	\$	376,836	\$	376,836	\$	14,315	\$	-
Total Revenues	362,521		376,836		376,836		14,315		-
Expenditures:									
Instruction	121,571		142,285		142,285		(20,714)		-
Support services	238,950		226,088		226,088		12,862		-
Noninstructional services			1,224		1,224		(1,224)		-
Total Expenditures	360,521		369,597		369,597		(9,076)		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures	 2,000		7,239		7,239		5,239		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers out	(2,000)		(7,239)		(7,239)		(5,239)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,000)		(7,239)		(7,239)		(5,239)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	 -		-		-		-		
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2018,	-		-		-		-		_
June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

The notes to the required supplemental information are an integral part of this schedule.

North Panola School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	_	0.133816%	0.131613%	0.136028%	0.134524%	0.135300%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	22,257,576 \$	21,878,546 \$	24,297,996 \$	20,794,757 \$	16,422,943
District's covered payroll	\$	8,545,441 \$	8,443,048 \$	8,702,159 \$	8,404,305 \$	8,268,203
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		260.4614%	259.1309%	279.2180%	247.4298%	198.6277%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		62.535%	61.490%	57.468%	61.704%	67.208%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Schedule of District Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,408,830 \$	1,345,907 \$	1,329,780 \$	1,370,590 \$	1,323,678
Contributions in relation to the contractually						
required contribution		1,408,830	1,345,907	1,329,780	1,370,590	1,323,682
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	<u> </u>	\$	\$	(4)
District's covered payroll	\$	8,944,952 \$	8,545,441 \$	8,443,048 \$	8,702,159 \$	8,404,305
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.19456389%	0.19149571%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,505,049	1,502,493
District's covered-employee payroll	8,799,992	8,603,376
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	67,625	64,053
Contributions in relation to the actuarilly determined contribution		67,625	64,053
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	0 5	0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	8,944,952	6,473,370
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.76%	0.99%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 5.00%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2023

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

pension plan investment expense, 3.56%

including price inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	195MS326N1099	\$ 358,266
National school lunch program	10.555	195MS326N1099	672,886
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	185MS326N1099	28,607
Total child nutrition cluster			1,059,759
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			1,059,759
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,059,759
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct Program: Reserve officers' training corps	12.XXX	*	70.070
Total U.S. Department of Defense	12.		<u>79,870</u> 79,870
•			
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u> Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A180024	1,227,221
Career and technical educational agencies	84.048	V048A180024	41,609
Rural Education	84.358	ES358B180024	27,630
Supporting Effective Instruction state grants	84.367	ES367A180023	119,972
Cappoining Ensoure members of the grante	84.377		529,575
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	ES424A180025	70,941
Subtotal			2,016,948
Special education cluster:			, ,
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A180108	380,134
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A180113	20,811
Total special education cluster			400,945
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,417,893
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,417,893
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	1905MS5ADM	19,751
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			19,751
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			19,751
U.S. Department of Social Security Administration			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Social Security Disability Insurance	96.001	04-19-04MSDI00	616
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			616
Total U.S. Department of Social Security Administration			616
Total for All Cadonal Assemble			ф э г ээ ооо
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 3,577,889

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the North Panola School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the North Panola School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the North Panola School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The North Panola School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

<u>Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds</u>

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 12,208,343 4,621,659	8,552,538 1,976,292	1,032,208 262,285	982,732 2,992	1,640,865 2,380,090
Total	\$ 16,830,002	10,528,830	1,294,493	985,724	4,020,955
Total number of students *	 1,386				
Cost per student	\$ 12,143	7,597	934	711	2,901

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

North Panola School District Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 4,212,885 \$	3,789,531 \$	3,730,313 \$	3,665,942
State sources	7,266,019	6,850,610	7,135,203	7,364,926
Federal sources	124,209	166,286	92,650	135,580
Total Revenues	 11,603,113	10,806,427	10,958,166	11,166,448
Expenditures:				
Instruction	6,648,898	6,338,141	6,544,862	6,452,878
Support services	5,315,443	5,165,896	4,626,342	4,604,845
Debt Service:				
Principal	80,615	63,206	61,131	59,098
Interest	4,982	5,023	7,098	9,131
Total Expenditures	12,049,938	11,572,266	11,239,433	11,125,952
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (446,825)	(765,839)	(281,267)	40,496
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of other transportation equipment	6,799			
Insurance recovery	167,798			
Operating transfers in	157,882	123,087	133,672	124,631
Operating transfers out	(23,341)	(8,000)	(10,351)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	309,138	115,087	123,321	124,631
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (137,687)	(650,752)	(157,946)	165,127
Fund Balances: July 1, as previously reported Prior period adjustments	3,413,175	4,063,927	4,221,873	4,056,746
July 1, as restated	3,413,175	4,063,927	4,221,873	4,056,746
End of Period	\$ 3,275,488 \$	3,413,175 \$	4,063,927 \$	4,221,873

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

North Panola School District Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 4,430,995	\$ 4,077,547 \$	3,921,877 \$	3,860,712
State sources	8,245,192	8,080,056	8,580,379	8,752,470
Federal sources	 4,070,305	4,066,491	3,389,711	3,607,393
Total Revenues	 16,746,492	16,224,094	15,891,967	16,220,575
Expenditures:				
Instruction	8,978,078	8,620,491	8,560,642	8,395,455
Support services	6,562,795	6,570,959	5,743,699	5,829,911
Noninstructional services	1,033,280	1,262,731	979,573	1,189,475
Debt service:				
Principal	125,570	392,206	383,317	369,478
Interest	127,982	132,520	145,596	145,922
Other	 2,297			
Total Expenditures	 16,830,002	16,978,907	15,812,827	15,930,241
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (83,510)	(754,813)	79,140	290,334
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Capital leases issued		312,750		
Insurance recovery	167,798			
Sale of transportation equipment	6,799			
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent Other financing sources	109,879	134,000	134,000	134,000
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(109,879)	(134,000)	(134,000)	(134,000)
Operating transfers in	377,441	168,461	189,679	158,862
Operating transfers out	(377,441)	(168,461)	(189,679)	(158,862)
Other financing uses				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	174,597	312,750	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	 91,087	(442,063)	79,140	290,334
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of Period	5,552,840	5,994,789	5,923,443	5,630,277
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 608	114	(7,794)	2,832
End of Period	\$ 5,644,535	\$ 5,552,840 \$	5,994,789 \$	5,923,443

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board North Panola School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Panola School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise North Panola School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 1, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered North Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of North Panola School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of North Panola School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses and significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned cost in which the findings are reported, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider

the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, as **Finding 2019-001** and **2019-002** to be a material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether North Panola School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

North Panola School District's Responses to Findings

North Panola School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying auditee's corrective action plan. North Panola School District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKernzie CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi October 1, 2020



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board North Panola School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited North Panola School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of North Panola School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. North Panola School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of North Panola School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about North Panola School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide legal determination of North Panola School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, North Panola School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of North Panola School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered North Panola School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of North Panola School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKernje CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi October 1, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board North Panola School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Panola School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise North Panola School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 1, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. Our findings and recommendations and your responses are as follows:

State Legal Finding 01:

Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) requires that School boards shall advertise and accept bids for depositories, no less than once every three (3) years, when such board determines that it can obtain a more favorable rate of interest and less administrative processing.

During our test of depository compliance, we found that the district did not have a depository bid to cover the 2019 fiscal year. The district didn't do depositories bids and had just continued with their current bank from the most recent bid that had expired.

Recommendation

We recommend that a bid for depositories be prepared and submitted to the board for approval to cover each fiscal year.

Response

The district will implement procedures to ensure depository bids are prepared and submitted to the board for approval and properly recorded in the minutes for each year.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the findings in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The North Panola School District's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

McKernje CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi October 1, 2020 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fina	ancial St	atements:					
1.	Type o	f auditor's report issued:		Unmodified			
2.	Interna	l control over financial reporting:					
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?		Yes			
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified	1?	None reported			
3.	3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?						
Fed	eral Awa	ards:					
4.	Interna	l control over major programs:					
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No			
	b.	None reported					
5.	Unmodified						
6.	6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?						
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:					
	<u>CFDA</u>	<u>Numbers</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>			
	10.553	; 10.555; 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster				
	84.010		Title I grants to local educational ago	encies			
8.	Dollar t	threshold used to distinguish betw	veen type A and type B programs:	\$750,000			
9.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?		No			
10.	award	iscal year audit finding(s) and que ls which would require the audited	e to prepare a summary schedule of	Yes			

prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Material Weaknesses

2019-001 Finding

Payroll expenditures should be supported by adequate documentation and approval.

Criteria:

Management is responsible for ensuring that all payroll expenditures made by the district are adequately documented and approved by the governing board.

Condition:

We noted the following items while testing payroll expenditures:

Employees tested were found to not be properly approved in board minutes and no support the governing board approved their salaries for the fiscal year 2019. Employees names were found in the minutes, but no approved wages were included. District supplements and other additional pay items throughout the year were not approved within the board minutes.

Cause:

The district did not have the proper controls and procedures in place to ensure employees and applicable wages are properly board approved. Controls were also not in place to ensure that all approvals were properly recorded accurately in the minutes.

Effect:

Omitting documentation of approval of employee's compensation from the board minutes could result in payments of unauthorized amounts or employee's

Recommendation:

We recommend the district implement procedures and internal controls to ensure that the school board approve all salaries including supplements or additional time paid to district employees.

View of Responsible Officials:

The district will implement controls to ensure that all employees are approved and documented within the board minutes.

NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

2019-002 Finding

Capital assets should be properly documented and reported in the district's financial statements.

Criteria:

Management is responsible for establishing a proper internal control system to ensure strong financial accountability and safeguarding of assets. This includes reviewing and updating the capital assets and depreciation reports to reflect the physical inventory. Proper documentation should also be filed for asset transfers, disposals, and tagging.

Condition:

We noted the following items while testing capital assets:

- 1. Five out of thirty-six items tested could not be located. Most missing items were old technology equipment.
- 2. Capital assets are not being reconciled monthly to the ledger.

Cause:

The district lacks appropriate controls to ensure all asset procedures are implemented and properly recorded.

Effect:

This caused the district to misstate the capital asset balances at year end. As a result, proposed adjustments were made during the audit and accepted by the district to properly present the capital asset balances.

Recommendation:

The district should implement procedures and internal controls with regard to the purchase, disposal, and transfer of fixed assets by reconciling them monthly to current month additions and board approved disposals of equipment. The district should also require an annual inventory of all capital assets within the district. The proper transfer paperwork should be submitted when an asset is moved to a new location within the district and each asset should be tagged with the number assigned by the software.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN/ AUDITEE'S SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

North Panola School District 470 Hwy 51 North Office of the Superintendent Sardis, Mississippi 38666 Cedric L. Richardson, Superintendent Levette Upshaw, Business Manager

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

As required by the Uniform Guidance, The North Panola School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Finding Corrective Action Plan Details

approval.

2019-001 Payroll expenditures should be supported by adequate documentation and

A. Name of contact person responsible for corrective action:

Name: Cedric Richardson Title: Superintendent

B. Corrective action planned:

District will ensure payroll expenditures are supported by adequate documentation.

C. Anticipated completion date:

June 30, 2021.

2019-002 <u>Capital assets should be properly documented and reported in the</u> district's financial statements.

A. Name of contact person responsible for corrective action:

Name: Cedric Richardson Title: Superintendent

B. Corrective action planned:

District will implement a plan to reconcile capital assets monthly and ensure all old assets are disposed and removed from asset ledger properly.

C. Anticipated completion date:

June 30, 2021

North Panola School District
470 Hwy 51 North
Office of the Superintendent
Sardis, Mississippi 38666
Cedric L. Richardson, Superintendent
Levette Upshaw, Business Manager

AUDITEE'S SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

As required by Uniform Guidance, the North Panola School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary of prior year audit findings as of June 30, 2019:

<u>Findings</u> <u>Status</u>

2018-001 Corrected

2018-002 Corrected