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### Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

> Fortenberry & Ballard, PC Certified Public Accountants

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FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Superintendent and School Board Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 8 to 16 and 47 to 55, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2019, on our consideration of the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARO, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC November 7, 2019 Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Information contained in this section is qualified by the more detailed information contained elsewhere in this District's financial statements, notes to financial statements and any accompanying materials. To the extent this discussion contains any forward-looking statements of the District's plans, objectives, expectations and prospects, the actual results could differ materially from those discussed herein.

Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District (PSMSSD), organized in 1955, is located in Poplarville, Mississippi, the county seat of Pearl River County. A five-member board of trustees appointed by the Pearl River County Board of Supervisors and the Poplarville Board of Aldermen governs the school district. The trustees serve five year staggered terms. The PSMSSD Board of Trustees appoints the superintendent.

Poplarville is located on Interstate 59, 75 miles north of New Orleans, Louisiana and 50 miles from the Mississippi Gulf Coast. Poplarville's climate offers a mild winter, pleasant spring and fall, and summer sun that encourages outdoor activities. Pearl River Community College, the oldest two-year college in Mississippi, is also located in Poplarville. The College serves over 6,000 students.

PSMSSD serves approximately 25% of the students in Pearl River County, Mississippi. The present enrollment is 1,790 students. One of the largest geographic districts in the state, PSMSSD encompasses 498 square miles. The district serves over 10,000 citizens in the incorporated town of Poplarville and the unincorporated communities of Steep Hollow, Gum Pond, Buck Branch, Fords Creek, Byrdline, White Sand, Progress, Savannah, Harts Chapel, Oak Hill and Crossroads. In excess of 1400 students are transported on 24 buses to four schools in the district.

The four schools in the district are located in the town of Poplarville less than two miles apart. The four schools with enrollment are listed as follows: Poplarville Lower Elementary School grades k-2 serves 439 students, Poplarville Upper Elementary School grades 3-5 serves 405 students, Middle School of Poplarville grades 6-8 serves 417 students and Poplarville High School grades 9-12 serves 529 students. These schools are staffed by 177 certified staff and 122 non-certified staff members (excluding part-time substitutes). One hundred percent (100%) of the core teachers are highly qualified. The student average daily attendance rate is ninety-six percent (96%). The graduation rate is ninety-four (94%) and ninety-five percent (95%) including the completion rate. The Poplarville School District achieved an "A" rating for the 2018-2019 school year.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$615,933 (includes a prior period adjustment in the amount of (\$451)), which represents a 17.13% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$3,539,599 (includes a prior period adjustment in the amount of (\$1,580,998)), which represents a 6,233.01% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$15,506,011 and \$15,049,112, or 82% and 82% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,447,339, or 18% of total revenues for 2019, and \$3,385,538, or 18% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$19,568,832 and \$20,393,251 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$3,447,339 for 2019 and \$3,385,538 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$15,506,011 were not adequate to provide for these programs in 2019 and general revenues of \$15,049,112 were not adequate to provide for these programs in 2018.

- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$15,261,712 in revenues and \$14,609,319 in expenditures for 2019 and \$14,942,810 in revenues and \$14,356,251 in expenditures for 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$167,621 from 2018 to 2019 and increased by \$148,884 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$568,048 for 2019 and increased by \$1,668,268 for 2018. The majority of the decrease for 2019 was due to depreciation.
- The liability for compensated absences increased by \$10,682 for 2019 and \$5,421 for 2018. The net pension liability decreased by \$1,259,467 for 2019 and \$2,329,855 for 2018. The net OPEB liability increased by \$25,923 for 2019 and decreased \$51,956 for 2018 (year of implementation).

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest/fees on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental funds statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

### Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and a net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison

schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

### **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

### **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$4,212,320 as of June 30, 2019.

By far the largest portion of the District's positive net position \$11,362,339 reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment, and furniture and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. The District's negative unrestricted net position (\$18,513,743) are due to the implementations of GASB Statement No. 68: Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions which requires the districts net pension liability to be recorded effective June 30, 2015 and GASB Statement No. 75: Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions which requires the districts net OPEB liability to be recorded effective June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			000		
	 June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	Percentage Change	
Current assets	\$ 10,408,285	\$	10,088,929	3.17	%
Restricted assets	2,353,196		2,016,536	16.69	%
Capital assets, net	 14,362,339		14,930,387	(3.80)	%
Total assets	27,123,820		27,035,852	0.33	%
Deferred Outflows of resources	 954,579	3,126,844	(69.47)	%	
Current liabilities	259,779		174,286	49.05	%
Long-term debt outstanding	3,186,969		3,176,287	0.34	%
Net pension liability	26,136,551		27,396,018	(4.60)	%
Net OPEB liability	1,630,084		1,604,161	1.62	%
Total liabilities	31,213,383		32,350,752	(3.52)	%
Deferred Inflows of resources	 1,077,336		1,408,331	(23.50)	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	11,362,339		11,930,387	(4.76)	%
Restricted	2,939,084		2,457,178	19.61	%
Unrestricted	(18,513,743)		(17,983,952)	(2.95)	%
Total net position	\$ (4,212,320)	\$	(3,596,387)	(17.13)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of the standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (18,513,743)
Add: Unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension and OPEB liability, including the deferred outflows and deferred	
inflows related to pensions and OPEB	27,889,392
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension and OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 9.375.649

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$568,048.
- Decrease in the net pension liability in the amount of \$1,259,467.

### Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$18,953,350 and \$18,434,650, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$19,568,832 for 2019 and \$20,393,251 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

		Year Ended June 30, 2019	 Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentage Change	;
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	598,720	\$ 612,394	(2.23)	%
Operating grants and contributions		2,848,619	2,773,144	2.72	%
General revenues:					
Property taxes		5,518,912	5,343,756	3.28	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		9,487,754	9,385,917	1.08	%
Investment earnings		218,417	79,176	175.86	%
Sixteenth section sources		72,898	125,325	(41.83)	%
Contributions and other general revenue		208,030	114,938	80.99	%
Total revenues		18,953,350	18,434,650	2.81	%
Expenses:					
Instruction		9,615,024	9,315,474	3.22	%
Support services		6,396,396	6,422,181	(0.40)	%
Non-instructional		1,146,234	1,190,340	(3.71)	%
Sixteenth section		52,813	43,863	20.40	%
Pension expense		2,269,629	3,336,897	(31.98)	%
OPEB expense		85,886	81,597	5.26	%
Interest/fees on long-term liabilities		2,850	 2,899	(1.69)	%
Total expenses		19,568,832	20,393,251	(4.04)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(615,482)	(1,958,601)	68.58	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(3,596,387)	(56,788)	(6,233.01)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		(451)	 (1,580,998)	99.97	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	<u></u>	(3,596,838)	(1,637,786)	(119.62)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(4,212,320)	\$ (3,596,387)	(17.13)	%

### **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest and fees on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total I	Percentage	
		2019	 2018	Change
Instruction	\$	9,615,024	\$ 9,315,474	3.22 %
Support services		6,396,396	6,422,181	(0.40) %
Non-instructional		1,146,234	1,190,340	(3.71) %
Sixteenth section		52,813	43,863	20.40 %
Pension expense		2,269,629	3,336,897	(31.98) %
OPEB expense		85,886	81,597	5.26 %
Interest/fees on long-term liabilities		2,850	 2,899	(1.69) %
Total expenses		19,568,832	\$ 20,393,251	(4.04) %
		Net (Expe	Percentage	
		2019	2018	Change
Instruction	\$	(7,915,435)	\$ (7,674,264)	(3.14) %
Support services		(5,644,484)	(5,654,598)	0.18 %
Non-instructional		(150,396)	(216,778)	30.62 %
Sixteenth section		(52,813)	(40,680)	(29.83) %

Net cost of governmental activities (\$16,121,493 for 2019 and \$17,007,713 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$5,518,912 for 2019 and \$5,343,756 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$9,487,754 for 2019 and \$9,385,917 for 2018). In addition, there was \$72,898 and \$125,325 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.

(2,269,629)

(85,886)

(2,850)

(16,121,493) \$

31.98 %

(5.26) %

1.69 %

5.21 %

(3,336,897)

(17,007,713)

(81,597)

(2,899)

Investment earnings amounted to \$218,417 for 2019 and \$79,176 for 2018.

\$

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Pension expense

Interest/fees on long-term liabilities

Total net (expense) revenue

**OPEB** expense

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12,501,702, an increase of \$570,523, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$11,292 and a prior period adjustment of (\$516). \$7,478,525 or 60% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the general fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$5,023,177 or 40% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned. Restricted fund balances consist of unemployment benefits, forestry improvements, capital projects, debt service and grant activities.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$167,621. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$60,364, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$11,292 and a prior period adjustment in the amount of (\$516). The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increase (Decrease)	
Title I-A Funds		no increase or decrease
QSCB Retirement Funds	\$	342,538

### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

Schedules showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds are provided in this report as required supplementary information.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$25,253,105, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$67,697 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$10,890,766, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$782,281, resulting in total net capital assets of \$14,362,339.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

				Percentage	
	J	lune 30, 2019	Change		
Land	\$	310,945	\$ 310,945	0.00 %	6
Buildings		5,527,972	5,599,900	(1.28) %	ó
Building improvements		6,821,099	7,213,424	(5.44) %	ó
Improvements other than buildings		787,720	836,556	(5.84) %	6
Mobile equipment		681,417	701,819	(2.91) %	ó
Furniture and equipment		233,186	 267,743	(12.91) %	6
Total	\$	14,362,339	\$ 14,930,387	(3.80) %	)

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2019, the District had \$3,186,969 in outstanding long-term debt, of which none is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$10,682 from the prior year.

### Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2019	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2018	Percentag Change	_
Qualified school construction bonds payable Compensated absences payable	\$	3,000,000 186,969	\$	3,000,000 176,287	0.00 6.06	
Total	\$	3,186,969	\$	3,176,287	0.34	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public school.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. In addition, the District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District, 302 South Julia Street, Poplarville, Mississippi 39470.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Assets  Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other governments  Other receivables, net Inventories  Restricted assets  Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land  Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	9,974,044 399,721 11,777 22,743 2,353,196 310,945
Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other governments Other receivables, net Inventories Restricted assets Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	399,721 11,777 22,743 2,353,196
Due from other governments Other receivables, net Inventories Restricted assets Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	399,721 11,777 22,743 2,353,196
Other receivables, net Inventories Restricted assets Capital assets, non-depreciable:     Land Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	11,777 22,743 2,353,196
Inventories Restricted assets Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	22,743 2,353,196
Restricted assets Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	2,353,196
Capital assets, non-depreciable:  Land  Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Land Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	310,945
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	310,945
·	
	5,527,972
Buildings Building improvements	6,821,099
Improvements other than buildings	787,720
Mobile equipment	681,417
Furniture and equipment	233,186
Total Assets	27,123,820
	27,120,020
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	825,186
Deferred outflows - OPEB	129,393
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	954,579
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	259,779
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Net OPEB liability	68,918
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	3,000,000
Non-capital related liabilities	186,969
Net pension liability	26,136,551
Net OPEB liability	1,561,166
Total Liabilities	31,213,383
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	961,189
Deferred inflows - OPEB	116,147
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,077,336
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	11,362,339
Restricted for:	11,002,000
Expendable:	
School-based activities	464,317
Debt service	1,989,375
Forestry improvements	60
Unemployment benefits	107,368
Non-expendable:	. 3.,000
Sixteenth section	377,964
Unrestricted	(18,513,743)
Total Net Position \$	(4,212,320)

Statement of Activities							Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019				Program R	evenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
		•					
Governmental Activities:	_		_			_	
Instruction	\$	9,615,024	\$	379,333 \$	1,320,256	\$	(7,915,435)
Support services		6,396,396		-	751,912		(5,644,484)
Non-instructional		1,146,234		219,387	776,451		(150,396)
Sixteenth section		52,813		-	-		(52,813)
Pension expense		2,269,629		-	-		(2,269,629)
OPEB expense		85,886		-	-		(85,886)
Interest/fees on long-term liabilities		2,850		-			(2,850)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	19,568,832	\$	598,720 \$	2,848,619	\$	(16,121,493)
General Revenues: Taxes: General purpose levies Debt purpose levies Unrestricted grants and contributions: State Federal Unrestricted investment earnings Sixteenth section sources Contributions and donations OPEB Revenue							5,225,862 293,050 9,437,392 50,362 218,417 72,898 126,110 2,107
		Other					79,813
		Total Ger	nera	I Revenues			15,506,011
	C	change in Net F	Posit	ion			(615,482)
	Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported Prior Period Adjustments						(3,596,387) (451)
	Ν	let Position - B	egin	ning, as restated			(3,596,838)
	N	let Position - E	ndin	g		\$	(4,212,320)

. 0. 2				nmental Fu		RATE SCHOO				
Balance Sheet										Exhibit C
June 30, 2019										
			1	Major Funds	;					
						QSCB		Other		Total
		General		Title I-A		Retirement		Governmental		Governmental
		Fund		Funds		Funds		Funds		Funds
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,398,493	\$	-	\$	9,619	\$	943,895	\$	10,352,007
Cash with fiscal agents		-		-		1,975,232		-		1,975,232
Due from other governments		221,056		94,183		7,374		77,107		399,720
Other receivables, net		-		-		-		11,044		11,044
Due from other funds		161,799		-		-		4,818		166,617
Inventories		-		-		-		22,743		22,743
Total Assets	\$	9,781,348	\$	94,183	\$	1,992,225	\$	1,059,607	\$	12,927,363
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and										
accrued liabilities	\$	240,550	\$	357	\$	2,850	\$	15,098	\$	258,855
Due to other funds	Ψ	923	Ψ	93,826	Ψ	-	۳	72,057	*	166,806
Total Liabilities		241,473		94,183		2,850		87,155		425,661
. ota. <u>L</u> iasios		2,0		0 1,100		2,000		0.,.00		.20,001
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Inventory		-		-		-		22,743		22,743
Permanent fund principal		-		-		-		377,964		377,964
Restricted:										
Debt service		-		-		1,989,375		-		1,989,375
Capital projects		-		-		-		26,498		26,498
Forestry improvement purposes	6	-		-		-		60		60
Grant activities		-		-		-		437,819		437,819
Unemployment benefits		-		-		-		107,368		107,368
Committed:										
Special education		171,296		-		-		-		171,296
Alternative school		123,132		-		-		-		123,132
Assigned:										
Student activities		344,181		-		-		-		344,181
Repairs & Maintenance		31,236		-		-		-		31,236
Grant activities		55,095		-		-		-		55,095
Insurance escrow		815,587		-		-		-		815,587
Budget escrow		520,195		-		-		-		520,195
Other purposes		628		-		-		-		628
Unassigned		7,478,525		-		-		-		7,478,525
Total Fund Balances		9,539,875		-		1,989,375		972,452		12,501,702
Total Liabilities and		·								
Fund Balances	\$	9,781,348	\$	94,183	\$	1,992,225	\$	1,059,607	\$	12,927,363

POPLARVILLE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL	_ DIS	STRICT	
Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of N	et P	osition	Exhibit C-1
June 30, 2019			
Total fund balances for governmental funds (Exhibit C)		\$	12,501,702
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources; and therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Land	\$	310,945	
Buildings		10,497,953	
Building improvements		9,808,116	
Improvements other than buildings		1,220,894	
Mobile equipment		2,375,207	
Furniture and equipment		1,039,990	
Accumulated depreciation		(10,890,766)	14,362,339
Long-term liabilities including related accrued interest, net pension obligations and net OPEB obligations are not due and payable in the current period; and therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Qualified school construction bonds		(3,000,000)	
Compensated absences		(186,969)	
Net pension liability		(26, 136, 551)	
Net OPEB liability		(1,630,084)	(30,953,604)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are applicable to future periods; and therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		825,186	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		129,393	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(961,189)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(116,147)	(122,757)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)		\$	(4,212,320)

# Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit D For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Major Funds

	I	Major Funds			
<del>-</del>			QSCB	Other	Total
	General	Title I-A	Retirement	Governmental	Governmental
_	Fund	Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 5,781,000 \$	- \$	327,126 \$	232,914 \$	6,341,040
State sources	9,268,826	-	-	871,053	10,139,879
Federal sources	50,362	727,328	-	1,418,804	2,196,494
Sixteenth section sources	161,524	-	-	6,705	168,229
Total Revenues	15,261,712	727,328	327,126	2,529,476	18,845,642
Expenditures:					
Instruction	8,647,010	596,010	-	1,037,789	10,280,809
Support services	5,898,279	92,221	-	913,569	6,904,069
Noninstructional services	13,361	24,097	-	985,312	1,022,770
Sixteenth section	50,668	-	-	2,145	52,813
Debt service:					
Other	=	-	2,850	-	2,850
Total Expenditures	14,609,318	712,328	2,850	2,938,815	18,263,311
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	652,394	15,000	324,276	(409,339)	582,331
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent	-	-	304,200	-	304,200
Operating transfers in	21,699	-	18,262	511,185	551,146
Operating transfers out	(506,471)	(15,000)	-	(29,675)	(551,146)
Payment to QSCB escrow agent	-	-	(304,200)	-	(304,200)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(484,772)	(15,000)	18,262	481,510	
Net Change in Fund Balances	167,622	-	342,538	72,171	582,331
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2018, as previously reported	9,372,253	-	1,646,837	912,089	11,931,179
Prior Period Adjustment	-	-	-	(516)	(516)
July 1, 2018, as restated	9,372,253	-	1,646,837	911,573	11,930,663
Decrease in inventory	-	-	-	(11,292)	(11,292)
June 30, 2019	\$ 9,539,875 \$	- \$	1,989,375 \$	972,452 \$	12,501,702

POPLARVILLE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL	DL DI	STRICT	
Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019			Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit D)		\$	582,331
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	229,230 (782,281)	(553,051)
In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold less accumulated depreciation.			(15,062)
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:			
OPEB revenue Pension expense Pension contributions OPEB expense OPEB contributions Change in compensated absences Change in inventory Rounding adjustment		2,107 (2,269,629) 1,672,535 (85,886) 73,148 (10,682) (11,292)	(629,699) (1)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)		\$	(615,482)

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	Exhibit E
June 30, 2019	
	 Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 812,960
Due from other funds	923
Total Assets	\$ 813,883
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 790,846
Due to other funds	734
Due to student clubs	22,303
Total Liabilities	\$ 813,883

### Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Poplarville since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. All general tax revenues, sixteenth section earnings and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. The general operating expenditures, including instructional, support, sixteenth section and other costs are paid from this fund.

Title I-A Funds – This is a special revenue fund used to account for the school district's revenues earned and expenditures incurred through the Title I-A federal grant funds.

QSCB Retirement Funds – This is a debt service fund used to account for financial resources to be used for the retirement of the Qualified School Construction Bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund – This agency fund is used to report resources held by the District on behalf of other funds for payroll related liabilities.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This agency fund is used to report resources held by the District on behalf of other funds for related liabilities.

Student Club Fund – This agency fund is used to report resources held by the District on behalf of students.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

### E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows and net position/fund balances

### 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

### 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

### 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

### 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the Sixteenth Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

		apitalization olicy	Estimated Useful Life
	•		
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*
Intangible assets		**	**

- (\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.
- (\*\*) The District has no intangible assets. There is no mandated maximum amortization

period. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives should not be amortized.

### 7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reported \$825,186 regarding the cost-sharing pension plan deferred outflows. The District also reported \$129,393 regarding the cost-sharing OPEB plan deferred outflow.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reported \$961,189 for deferred inflows regarding the cost-sharing pension plan. The District also, reported \$116,147 for deferred inflows regarding the cost-sharing OPEB plan.

See Note 7 and 8 for further details.

#### 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

### 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to or deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### 11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

### 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board of Trustees, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and/or the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to authorization established by the School Board of Trustees as approved by the fund balance reporting policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

*Minimum unassigned fund balance* goal in the general fund at fiscal year end is 15% of annual general fund operating revenues.

### Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$10,352,007 and \$812,960, respectively. The carrying amount of deposits reported in the government-wide financial statements was: cash and cash equivalents of \$9,974,044 and restricted assets of \$377,964 (which represents the cash balance of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund). The bank balance was \$10,363,603 for governmental funds and \$1,002,715 for fiduciary funds.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the Mississippi State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$11,366,318 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

### Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$1,975,232. This amount is included as restricted assets on Exhibit A.

### Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 67,239
	Title I-A Funds	93,826
	Fiduciary Funds	734
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	4,818
Fiduciary Funds	General Fund	923
Total		\$ 167,540

The primary purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal funds not received prior to year end and to properly allocate sixteenth section revenue.

### B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	QSCB Retirement Fund	\$ 18,262
	Other Governmental Funds	488,209
Title I-A Funds	General Fund	15,000
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	6,699
	Other Governmental Funds	 22,976
Total		\$ 551,146

Transfers are used primarily to move unrestricted general fund monies to finance various programs and projects accounted for in other funds.

### Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$377,964, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance with fiscal agents, totaling \$1,975,232 of the Qualified School Construction Bond (QSCB) Retirement Fund.

### Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance	Addica	Datinana	A discourse and a	Balance
	 7/1/2018	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:					
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 310,945 \$	- \$	-	- \$	310,945
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 310,945	-	-	-	310,945
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	10,392,353	105,600	-	=	10,497,953
Building improvements	9,808,116	-	-	-	9,808,116
Improvements other than buildings	1,220,894	=	-	=	1,220,894
Mobile equipment	2,426,880	97,014	148,687	=	2,375,207
Furniture and equipment	1,026,220	26,616	19,323	6,477	1,039,990
Total depreciable capital assets	24,874,463	229,230	168,010	6,477	24,942,160
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	4,792,453	177,528	-	=	4,969,981
Building improvements	2,594,692	392,325	-	=	2,987,017
Improvements other than buildings	384,338	48,836	-	-	433,174
Mobile equipment	1,725,061	102,547	133,818	-	1,693,790
Furniture and equipment	758,477	61,045	19,130	6,412	806,804
Total accumulated depreciation	10,255,021	782,281	152,948	6,412	10,890,766
Total depreciable capital assets, net	14,619,442	(553,051)	15,062	65	14,051,394
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 14,930,387 \$	(553,051) \$	15,062	65 \$	14,362,339

Adjustments were made to correctly present capital assets.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount	
Governmental activities:		
Instruction	\$	450,480
Support services		173,974
Non-instructional		157,827
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	782,281

### Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2019	Amounts due within one year
A. Qualified school construction bonds payable	\$ 3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	-
B. Compensated absences payable	176,287	10,682	-	186,969	-
Total	\$ 3,176,287 \$	10,682 \$	- \$	3,186,969 \$	-

#### A. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Tax Credit Rate	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
Qualified School Construction Bonds	6.14%	0.00%	1/14/2010	6/15/2022	\$		3,000,000

This debt will be retired from Fund 4031 Qualified School Construction Bond Retirement Fund.

The bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge of a direct, continuing, special tax, not to exceed three mills, upon all of the taxable property of the District levied by the Board of Supervisors, Pearl River County, Mississippi, pursuant to Section 37-59-107 of the Miss. Code Ann. (1972) for the payment of the principal and interest on the notes as the same shall respectively mature and accrue.

The District also irrevocably pledges to the payment of the notes the Education Enhancement Funds (EEF) to be received from the State of Mississippi pursuant to Section 37-61-33 of the Miss. Code Ann. (1972) during the years 2010 through 2022 in the approximate amount of \$63,592 per year. Provided, however, any EEF not required to pay the principal and interest on the notes in any year in which the EEF are pledged to repay the notes may be used by the District for any other authorized purpose.

#### B. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <a href="https://www.pers.ms.gov">www.pers.ms.gov</a>.

Benefits Provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire on or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial

reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,672,535, \$1,580,464 and \$1,665,133, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$26,136,551 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.157137 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was a reduction of 0.007667 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,269,629. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Experience	\$ 119,872	\$ 115,544
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments		487,091
Changes of assumptions	16,174	15,289
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
Contributions	(983,395)	343,265
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	1,672,535	
Total	\$ 825,186	\$ 961,189

\$1,672,535 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (310,729)
2021	(442,676)
2022	(937,590)
2023	(117,543)
Total	\$ (1,808,538)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25 – 18.50 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with male rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60 %
International Equity	18.00		4.50
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75
Global	12.00		4.75
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75
Real Estate	10.00		3.50
Private Equity	8.00		5.10
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25
Cash	1.00		0.00
Total	100.00	%	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current employer contribution rate (17.40%), thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability

would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	 (6.75%)	 (7.75%)	 (8.75%)
District's proportionate share	 	 _	 
of the net pension liability	\$ 34,414,339	\$ 26,136,551	\$ 19,256,618

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov</a>.

Benefits provided. The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$73,148 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,630,084 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.21072765 percent. This was an increase of 0.00627414 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$85,886. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 3,319 -	\$ - 116,147
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	52,926	-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	73,148	-
Total	\$ 129,393	\$ 116,147

\$73,148 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

#### Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$(12,752)
2021	(12,752)
2022	(12,752)
2023	(12,752)
2024	(8,916)
Thereafter	22
Total	\$(59,902)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including wage

inflation

Long-term Investment Rate of 4.50 percent

Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.89 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.56 percent

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2018 Prior Measurement Date 2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date 3.89 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.56 percent

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75 percent by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			U	riscount	
	•	1% Decrease	R	ate	1% Increase
		(2.89%)	(3	3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,806,907	\$	1,630,084	\$ 1,478,010

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
	1	% Decrease	Rates	
			Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,509,996	\$ 1,630,084	\$ 1,766,469

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report than can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

#### Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 70,021
2021	63,094
2022	26,230
2023	11,510
Total	\$ 170,855

#### Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
1. Child Nutrition	\$(516)
2. Furniture and Equipment	65
Total	<u>\$(451)</u>
Exhibit D – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Find Balances	

To correct prior year assets and liabilities.

Explanation

#### Note 11 - Contingencies

Other Governmental Funds

Fund

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from the lawsuit will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

#### Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 13 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district. However, the Poplarville School District's bond is interest free.

The school district makes annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2019 was \$1,975,232. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of a twelve and one half-year period will be sufficient to retire the debt.

Amount

\$(516)

The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 341,469
2021	346,249
2022	350,215
Total	\$ 1,037,933

#### Note 14 - Alternative School Consortium

The school district entered into an Alternative School Agreement dated June 14, 2010 creating the Pearl River Central Center for Alternative Education. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Pearl River County School District and the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District.

Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), allows two or more adjacent school districts to enter into a contract to operate an alternative school program. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the alternative school program. Transportation for students attending the alternative school program will be the responsibility of the individual school district sending the students.

The Pearl River County School District has been designated as the lead school district for the Pearl River Central Center for Alternative Education, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

#### Note 15 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$18,513,743) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from the cost-sharing pension plan and OPEB plan deferred outflows and deferred inflows. The deferred outflows - pensions of \$825,186 at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next three years. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$73,148 resulting from the amount paid by the school district as benefits come due subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. The \$56,245 balance of deferred outflows of resources, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years. The deferred inflows – pension of \$961,189 at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next four years. The deferred inflow – OPEB of \$116,147 at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next six years.

#### Note 16 – School District Consolidation

During the 2016 regular session, the Mississippi Legislature passed Senate Bill No. 2500 which provides for an administrative consolidation of the Lumberton Public School District not later than July 1, 2019. The local school boards of the Lumberton Public School District, Lamar County School District and Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District shall enter into an agreement to abolish and dissolve the Lumberton School District and its central administrative office to be effective for the start of the 2019-2020 school year. Students enrolled in the schools of the former Lumberton School District may be granted an automatic transfer by the Lamar County Board of Education or the Poplarville School Board as determined by the residence of the student. Students residing in the bounded territory of Lamar County will be absorbed by the Lamar County School District. Students residing in the bounded territory

of Pearl River County will be absorbed by the Poplarville School District. Subsequent to this agreement Lumberton Public School District have entered into an agreement which consolidates the entire bounded territory of Lumberton Public School District with Lamar County School District. This contradicts the original agreement. Pearl River County and Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District have filed legal action to oppose that agreement.

#### Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Poplarville School District evaluated the activity of the district through the date the financial statements were available to be issued and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### POPLARVILLE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Schedule 1A

,				Variances Positive (Negative)		
	 Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 5,518,514 \$	5,782,538 \$	5,781,000 \$	264,024 \$	(1,538)	
State sources	9,154,641	9,270,432	9,268,826	115,791	(1,606)	
Federal sources	49,173	50,605	50,362	1,432	(243)	
Sixteenth section sources	 238,137	161,527	161,524	(76,610)	(3)	
Total Revenues	14,960,465	15,265,102	15,261,712	304,637	(3,390)	
Expenditures:						
Instruction	8,831,797	8,664,012	8,647,010	167,785	17,002	
Support services	6,047,594	5,933,035	5,898,279	114,559	34,756	
Noninstructional services	17,250	14,300	13,361	2,950	939	
Sixteenth section	 25,726	50,670	50,668	(24,944)	2	
Total Expenditures	14,922,367	14,662,017	14,609,318	260,350	52,699	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	 38,098	603,085	652,394	564,987	49,309	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in	982,462	268,701	21,699	(713,761)	(247,002)	
Operating transfers out	 (1,528,063)	(754,454)	(506,471)	773,609	247,983	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (545,601)	(485,753)	(484,772)	59,848	981	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(507,503)	117,332	167,622	624,835	50,290	
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2018	 9,372,253	9,372,253	9,372,253	-		
June 30, 2019	\$ 8,864,750 \$	9,489,585 \$	9,539,875 \$	624,835 \$	50,290	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### POPLARVILLE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I-A Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Schedule 1B

				Variand	es
				Positive (No	egative)
	 Budgeted Am	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 726,018 \$	727,328	\$ 727,328 \$	1,310 \$	-
Total Revenues	 726,018	727,328	727,328	1,310	-
Expenditures:					
Instruction	559,749	596,010	596,010	(36,261)	-
Support services	122,859	92,221	92,221	30,638	-
Noninstructional services	24,910	24,097	24,097	813	-
Total Expenditures	 707,518	712,328	712,328	(4,810)	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 18,500	15,000	15,000	(3,500)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	 (18,500)	(15,000)	(15,000)	3,500	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (18,500)	(15,000)	(15,000)	3,500	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2018	 -	-	-	-	-
June 30, 2019	\$ - \$	-	\$ - \$	- \$	-

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	2019 0.157137%	2018 0.164804%	2017 0.166415%	2016 0.175200%	2015 0.157218%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 26,136,551	27,396,018	29,725,873	27,082,464	19,083,386
District's covered payroll	10,034,686	10,572,273	10,645,989	10,945,498	9,606,838
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Schedule of District Contributions

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

Contractually required contribution	\$ 2019 1,672,535	2018 1,580,464	2017 1,665,133	2016 1,676,742	2015 1,723,916
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,672,535	1,580,464	1,665,133	1,676,742	1,723,916
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -				
District's covered payroll	10,619,263	10,034,686	10,572,273	10,645,989	10,945,498
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	\$	0.21072765%	0.20445351%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)		1,630,084	1,604,161
District's covered-employee payroll		9,531,068	9,185,534 **
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payrol	11	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The amount used to calculate this figure was based on the Implicit Rate Subsidy at measurement date as it relates to contributions.

Schedule of District Contributions
OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 73,148	68,388 **
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	73,148	68,388 **
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u> </u>	-
District's covered-employee payroll	8,922,511	9,405,406
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.82%	0.73%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The amounts reflected above only deal with the Implicit Rate Subsidy as it relates to contributions.

#### POPLARVILLE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedules**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### <u> 2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### 2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

#### POPLARVILLE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price Inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return Entry age
Level percentage of payroll, open
36.6 years
5-year smoothed market
3.00 percent
3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation
7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
expense, including inflation

#### **OPEB Schedules**

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

2018:

The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017:

None

2018:

None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

# POPLARVILLE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3 percent

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75 percent

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 5.00 percent

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

2023

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

pension plan investment expense, 3.56 percent

including price inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### POPLARVILLE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplementary Informatio	n		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019			
	Catalog of		
Follows   Occasion /	Federal	Dana Hanassah	
Federal Grantor/		Pass-through	Cadaval.
Pass-through Grantor/		Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Program Title	No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	195MS326N1099	\$ 179,509
National school lunch program	10.555	195MS326N1099	651,254
Summer food service program for children	10.559	195MS326N1099	6,930
Total child nutrition cluster			837,693
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			837,693
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			837,693
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A180024	728,762
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A180024	23,615
Rural education achievement program	84.358	ES358B180024	34,207
Improving teacher quality - state grants	84.367	ES367A180023	9,581
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	ES424A180025	11,733
Subtotal	• ··· <u>-</u> ·		807,898
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A180108	517,070
Positive behavior specialists		H027A180108	4,118
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A180113	13,121
Total special education cluster	01.170	11170/1100110	534,309
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			1,342,207
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,342,207
			.,,
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	1805MS5ADM	26,334
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			26,334
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			26,334
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 2,206,234

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### POPLARVILLE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported using the current financial focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### (4) Other Items

Donated commodities of \$44,713 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

#### POPLARVILLE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	 General Administration	 School Administration		Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 14,578,630 \$ 3,684,681	10,811,136 1,387,214	764,155 180,597	\$ 1,173,178 \$ 25,519	5	1,830,161 2,091,351
Total	\$ 18,263,311 \$	12,198,350	\$ 944,752	\$ 1,198,697 \$	5	3,921,512
Total number of students *	1,634					
Cost per student	\$ 11,178 \$	7,465	\$ 579	\$ 734 \$	3	2,400

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Rusiness

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

#### POPLARVILLE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 5,781,000 \$	5,596,115 \$	5,409,214	5,326,942
State sources	9,268,826	9,113,270	9,384,791	9,390,065
Federal sources	50,362	91,546	82,909	62,044
Sixteenth section sources	 161,524	141,879	214,870	460,639
Total Revenues	 15,261,712	14,942,810	15,091,784	15,239,690
Expenditures:				
Instruction	8,647,010	8,422,081	8,589,610	8,463,728
Support services	5,898,279	5,908,628	5,831,853	5,740,976
Noninstructional services	13,361	4,450	10,624	19,377
Sixteenth section	50,668	20,498	5,077	4,702
Facilities acquisition and construction  Debt service:	-	-	-	4,060
Interest	_	594	1,166	1,715
Total Expenditures	14,609,318	14,356,251	14,438,330	14,234,558
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 652,394	586,559	653,454	1,005,132
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	-	1,333	52,245	3,621
Sale of transportation equipment	-	2,254	-	-
Operating transfers in	21,699	17,327	20,158	97,352
Operating transfers out	(506,471)	(458,589)	(312,297)	(572,859)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (484,772)	(437,675)	(239,894)	(471,886)
Net Change in Fund Balances	167,622	148,884	413,560	533,246
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period	9,372,253	9,223,369	8,809,809	8,276,563
End of Period	\$ 9,539,875 \$	9,372,253 \$	9,223,369	8,809,809

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

#### POPLARVILLE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	6,341,040 \$	6,119,457 \$	5,941,604 \$	5,838,545
State sources		10,139,879	9,941,088	10,160,117	10,170,921
Federal sources		2,196,494	2,217,973	2,180,748	2,280,517
Sixteenth section sources		168,229	153,922	233,850	530,109
Total Revenues		18,845,642	18,432,440	18,516,319	18,820,092
Expenditures:					
Instruction		10,280,809	9,955,084	10,055,479	10,005,063
Support services		6,904,069	6,898,811	6,798,280	6,839,864
Noninstructional services		1,022,770	1,049,893	1,044,482	1,100,746
Sixteenth section		52,813	43,863	36,873	41,608
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	2,327,411	418,778	548,772
Debt service:			2,027,111	110,110	010,772
Principal		_	_	154,000	150,000
Interest		_	594	8,327	15,851
Other		2,850	2,850	2,850	2,850
Total Expenditures		18,263,311	20,278,506	18,519,069	18,704,754
Total Experiultures	-	10,203,311	20,270,300	10,519,009	10,704,734
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		582,331	(1,846,066)	(2,750)	115,338
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery		-	1,333	52,245	3,621
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent		304.200	306,845	149,540	145,147
Payment to QSCB escrow agent		(304,200)	(306,845)	(149,540)	(145,147)
Sale of transportation equipment		-	2,254	-	-
Operating transfers in		551,146	497,201	380,966	728,397
Operating transfers out		(551,146)	(497,201)	(380,966)	(728,397)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	3,587	52,245	3,621
Total Other Financing Godroco (Goco)	-		0,007	02,240	0,021
Net Change in Fund Balances		582,331	(1,842,479)	49,495	118,959
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		11,931,179	13,771,530	13,732,598	13,604,693
Prior period adjustments		(516)	-	10,702,000	10,004,000
Beginning of period, as restated		11,930,663	13,771,530	13,732,598	13,604,693
Dogg or poriou, ao rodiatou		. 1,000,000	.0,771,000	10,102,000	10,004,000
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		(11,292)	2,128	(10,563)	8,946
End of Period	\$	12,501,702 \$	11,931,179 \$	13,771,530 \$	13,732,598
	_				

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2019.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC November 7, 2019 Certified Public Accountants



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of the auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the school district's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the school district's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the type of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARO, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC November 7, 2019 Certified Public Accountants

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following instance of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. Our finding and recommendation and your response are as follows:

#### Finding 1

#### Criteria:

Section 25-11-127, Miss. Code of 1972, as amended, requires that the school district files the PERS Form 4B (Re-employment of PERS Service Retiree Certification/Acknowledgement) within 5 days of employment if the prospective employee is a PERS retiree.

#### Condition:

During the testing of retired personnel, we noted two instances in which re-hired employees' form 4B were not filed timely with PERS.

#### Cause:

The school district failed to comply with Section 25-11-127, Miss. Code of 1972.

#### Effect:

It could result in employees being paid in excess of the amount allowed.

#### Recommendation:

PERS Form 4B must be properly completed annually by the PERS service retiree and the appointing authority of the PERS covered agency employing such service retiree with the PERS office within five days from the date of re-employment and within five days from the termination of such re-employment and employees must not be paid in excess of the maximum amount allowed.

#### School District's Response:

Additional procedures have been implemented to ensure PERS Form 4B are completed and filed within the 5 days of employment requirement.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The Poplarville Special Municipal Separate School District's response to the finding included in this report was not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

FONTENBERRY & BALLARO, PC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

#### Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
  - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
  - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No.

#### Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major program:
  - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
  - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major program: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No.
- 7. Identification of major program:

CFDA Numbers:	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553, 10.555 & 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes.
- 10. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b). No.

#### Section II: Financial Statements Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.