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PRENTISS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

SUZANNE E. SMITH, CPA, PLLC

AUDITING AND ACCOUNTING SERVICES sesmithcpa@msn.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Prentiss County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Prentiss County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Prentiss County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Prentiss County School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

POST OFFICE BOX 102 BRANDON, MISSISSIPPI 39043 PHONE: 601-938-5717

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 7-14, 53-59, 61-63, and 65-67, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Prentiss County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2019, on our consideration of the Prentiss County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Prentiss County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Prentiss County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Suzanne E. Smith, CPA, PLLC

Brandon, Mississippi December 20, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The following discussion and analysis of Prentiss County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$1,030,245, including a prior period adjustment of \$6,755, which represents a 5.52% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$4,510,943, including a prior period adjustment of (\$2,170,033), which represents a 32% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$17,734,270 and \$17,183,282, or 78% and 77% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$5,085,397, or 22% of total revenues for 2019, and \$5,225,404, or 23% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$23,856,667 and \$24,749,596 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$5,085,397 for 2019 and \$5,225,404 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$17,734,270 for 2019 and \$17,183,282 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$18,196,975 in revenues and \$17,182,435 in expenditures for 2019, and \$17,550,785 in revenues and \$17,105,808 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$659,814 from 2018 to 2019, and decreased by \$269,329, including a prior period adjustment of (\$35,182), from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$266,501 for 2019 and decreased by \$285,615 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, including the liability for compensated absences, decreased by \$180,133 for 2019 and decreased by \$516,863 for 2018. This decrease for 2019 was due primarily to payments on outstanding debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$3,333 for 2019 and decreased by \$2,032 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$19,692,089 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentage Change	e
Current assets	\$ 6,367,755	\$ 5,714,122	11.44	%
Capital assets, net	8,015,758	8,282,259	-3.22	%
Total assets	 14,383,513	13,996,381	2.77	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 2,853,643	3,559,737	-19.84	%
Current liabilities	72,838	44,746	62.78	%
Long-term debt outstanding	768,327	950,142	-19.14	%
Net pension liability	33,049,713	32,249,384	2.48	%
Net OPEB liability	 2,208,370	 2,150,049	2.71	%
Total liabilities	36,099,248	 35,394,321	1.99	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 829,997	 823,641	0.77	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	7,451,794	7,541,182	-1.19	%
Restricted	1,451,200	1,038,036	39.80	%
Unrestricted	(28,595,083)	(27,241,062)	-4.97	%
Total net position	\$ (19,692,089)	\$ (18,661,844)	-5.52	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	(\$28,595,083)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows	33,250,505
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 4,655,422

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$266,501.
- The principal retirement of \$183,466 of long-term debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$22,819,667 and \$22,408,686, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$23,856,667 for 2019 and \$24,749,596 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2019	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentage Change	;
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,149,971	1,186,322	(3.06)	%
Operating grants and contributions	3,894,316	3,996,470	(2.56)	%
Capital Grants and Contributions	41,110	42,612	(3.52)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	3,597,367	3,510,589	2.47	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	13,699,602	13,578,727	0.89	%
Investment earnings	79,886	16,039	398.07	%
Other	 357,415	77,927	358.65	%
Total revenues	22,819,667	22,408,686	1.83	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	12,649,111	12,416,968	1.87	%
Support services	6,212,471	6,180,445	0.52	%
Non-instructional	1,340,199	1,679,365	(20.20)	%
Pension expense	3,513,067	4,331,158	(18.89)	%
OPEB expense	119,174	109,387	8.95	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 22,645	32,273	(29.83)	%
Total expenses	 23,856,667	24,749,596	(3.61)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 (1,037,000)	(2,340,910)	55.70	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(18,661,844)	(14,150,901)	(31.88)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 6,755	(2,170,033)	100.31	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (18,655,089)	(16,320,934)	(14.30)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (19,692,089)	(18,661,844)	(5.52)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	enses	Percentage	
		2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$	12,649,111	\$	12,416,968	1.87 %
Support services		6,212,471		6,180,445	0.52 %
Non-instructional		1,340,199		1,679,365	(20.20) %
Pension Expense		3,513,067		4,331,158	(18.89) %
OPEB Expense		119,174		109,387	8.95 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		22,645		32,273	(29.83) %
Total expenses	\$	23,856,667	\$	24,749,596	(3.61) %
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
		Net (Exper 2019	nse)	Revenue 2018	Percentage Change
Instruction	<u> </u>		nse) 		•
Instruction Support services	\$	2019		2018	Change
	\$	2019 (10,102,333)		2018 (9,686,412)	Change (4.29) %
Support services	\$	2019 (10,102,333) (5,182,908)		2018 (9,686,412) (5,221,887)	Change (4.29) % 0.75 %
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2019 (10,102,333) (5,182,908) 162,078		2018 (9,686,412) (5,221,887) (165,065)	Change (4.29) % 0.75 % 198.19 %
Support services Non-instructional Pension Expense	\$	2019 (10,102,333) (5,182,908) 162,078 (3,513,067)		2018 (9,686,412) (5,221,887) (165,065) (4,331,158)	Change (4.29) % 0.75 % 198.19 % 18.89 %

- Net cost of governmental activities [(\$18,771,270) for 2019 and (\$19,524,192) for 2018] was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,597,367 for 2019 and \$3,510,589 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$13,699,602 for 2019 and \$13,578,727 for 2018).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$79,886 for 2019 and \$16,039 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,295,945, an increase of \$625,244, which includes an increase in inventory of \$3,252. \$3,844,426 or 61% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,451,519 or 39% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$659,814. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$34,570, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$3,252. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Extended School Year Fund	No change
Title I Fund	No change
IDEA Part B Fund	No change

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$15,090,904, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a decrease of \$83,990 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$7,075,146, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$376,883, resulting in total net capital assets of \$8,015,758.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

		20 2040	luma 20, 2040	Percentage	9
	J	une 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Change	
Land	\$	252,634	252,634	0.00	%
Construction in progress		10,800	-	N/A	%
Buildings		6,697,322	6,919,033	(3.20)	%
Building improvements		307,334	332,839	(7.66)	%
Improvements other than buildings		185,241	198,359	(6.61)	%
Mobile equipment		440,505	468,233	(5.92)	%
Furniture and equipment		112,645	95,363	18.12	%
Leased property under capital lease		9,277	15,798	(41.28)	%
Total	\$	8,015,758	8,282,259	(3.22)	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$763,276 in outstanding long-term debt, including the liability for compensated absences, of which \$187,491 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$3,333 from the prior year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018_	Percenta Change	•
Three mill notes payable	\$	570,000	\$	750,000	(24.00)	%
Obligations under capital lease		4,981		8,447	(41.03)	%
Compensated absences payable		188,295		184,962	1.80	%
Total	\$	763,276	\$	943,409	(19.09)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Prentiss County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools. The district has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District plans to continue its sound financial management to meet the challenges and to embrace the opportunities of the future.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Prentiss County School District, 103 North College Street, Booneville, MS 38829.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Not Position	
Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019	Exhibit A
Julie 30, 2013	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,737,995
Due from other governments	487,043
Other receivables, net	108,551
Inventories	34,166
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	8,015,758
Total Assets	14,383,513
Deferred Outflows of Deserves	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	40,000
Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt	16,068
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,644,816
Deferred outflows - OPEB	192,759
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,853,643
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	71,801
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	1,028
Unearned revenue	9
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	187,491
Net OPEB liability	96,005
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	387,490
Bond premium	5,051
Non-capital related liabilities	188,295
Net pension liability	33,049,713
Net OPEB liability	2,112,365
Total Liabilities	36,099,248
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	672,646
Deferred inflows - OPEB	157,351
Total deferred inflows of resources	829,997
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	7,451,794
Restricted for:	7, 101,701
Expendable:	
School-based activities	1,368,514
Debt service	52,626
Unemployment benefits	30,060
Unrestricted	(28,595,083)
Total Net Position	\$ (19,692,089)
rotal rot roomer.	ψ (10,002,000)

Statement of Activities					Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019					Net (Expense)
					Revenue and
					Changes in
	_		Program Revenues	<u> </u>	Net Position
			Operating	Capital	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction \$	12,649,111	864,856	1,681,922		(10,102,333)
Support services	6,212,471	11,900	1,017,663		(5,182,908)
Non-instructional	1,340,199	273,215	1,187,952	41,110	162,078
Pension expense	3,513,067				(3,513,067)
OPEB expense	119,174				(119,174)
Interest on long-term liabilities	22,645		6,779		(15,866)
Total Governmental Activities \$	23,856,667	1,149,971	3,894,316	41,110	(18,771,270)
		General Revenue	es:		
		Taxes:			
		General pur	pose levies		3,411,777
		Debt purpos			185,590
			grants and contribu	utions:	
		State			13,586,910
		Federal			112,692
			investment earning	S	79,886
		Other			357,415
		Total Ger	neral Revenues		17,734,270
		Change in Net P	osition		(1,037,000)
		Net Position - Bo	eginning, as previo	usly reported	(18,661,844)
		Prior Period Ad	djustments		6,755
		Net Position - Bo	eginning, as restat	ed	(18,655,089)
		Net Position - Er	ndina		\$ (19,692,089)

Governmental Funds							
Balance Sheet							Exhibit (
June 30, 2019							
	M	ajor Funds	E. to a de d			Oth	T-1-1
		General	Extended School Year	Title I	IDEA Part B	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets		Tuna	Tana	rana	T dild	rando	1 41145
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,405,088				1,332,907	5,737,995
Due from other governments	•	245,569	45,884	66,683	90,654	38,253	487,043
Due from other funds		230,488	,	55,555		,	230,488
Other receivables		200,.00				103,977	103,977
Inventories						34,166	34,166
Total assets		4,881,145	45,884	66,683	90,654	1,509,303	6,593,669
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		37,428	20,818		385	13,170	71,801
Due to other funds		,	25,066	66,683	90,269	43,896	225,914
Unearned revenue			•	·	·	9	9
Total Liabilities		37,428	45,884	66,683	90,654	57,075	297,724
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory						34,166	34,166
Restricted:							
Debt service						53,654	53,654
Grant activities						1,220,786	1,220,786
Unemployment benefits						30,060	30,060
Assigned:							
Student activities		248,063					248,063
Special projects		710,866					710,866
Transportation		40,362					40,362
Vocational education						83,443	83,443
Unemployment benefits						30,119	30,119
Unassigned		3,844,426					3,844,426
Total Fund Balances		4,843,717	0	0	0	1,452,228	6,295,945
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,881,145	45,884	66,683	90,654	1,509,303	6,593,669

Governmental Funds				
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of I	let Pos	sition		Exhibit C-1
June 30, 2019				
Total fund balances for governmental funds			\$	6,295,945
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:				
Land Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Leased property under capital lease Accumulated depreciation	\$	252,634 10,800 11,891,427 637,641 327,956 1,329,487 621,859 19,100 (7,075,146)		8,015,758
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			-	
Net pension liability		(33,049,713)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		2,644,816 (672,646)	_	(31,077,543)
3. Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Net OPEB liability		(2,208,370)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	•			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		192,759 (157,351)	-	(2,172,962)
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:				
Three mill notes payable Obligations under capital lease Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt Unamortized bond premium Compensated absences		(570,000) (4,981) 16,068 (5,051) (188,295)		
Accrued interest payable		(1,028)		(753,287)
Net Position of governmental activities			\$	(19,692,089)

			Governmental Fun	ds			
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	l Change	es in Fund Ba	lances				Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019							
			Major Funds Extended			Other	Total
		General	School Year	Title I	IDEA Part B	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$	4,300,490				884,149	5,184,639
State sources		13,768,452	70,621			689,768	14,528,841
Federal sources		128,033		648,257	636,418	1,690,625	3,103,333
Total Revenues		18,196,975	70,621	648,257	636,418	3,264,542	22,816,813
Expenditures:							
Instruction		11,888,272	67,991	397,643	364,792	1,446,408	14,165,106
Support services		5,283,795	2,630	171,537	271,497	660,539	6,389,998
Noninstructional services		7,738		4,140	129	1,426,907	1,438,914
Facilities acquisition and construction						10,800	10,800
Debt service:							
Principal		2,491				180,975	183,466
Interest		139				16,450	16,589
Other						1,940	1,940
Total Expenditures		17,182,435	70,621	573,320	636,418	3,744,019	22,206,813
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		1,014,540	0	74,937	0	(479,477)	610,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Sale of transportation equipment		11,992					11,992
Operating transfers in		373,124		43,971		858,750	1,275,845
Operating transfers out		(739,842)		(118,908)		(417,095)	(1,275,845)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(354,726)	0	(74,937)	0	441,655	11,992
Net Change in Fund Balances		659,814	0	0	0	(37,822)	621,992
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2018		4,183,903	0	0	0	1,486,798	5,670,701
Increase in reserve for inventory		· 				3,252	3,252
June 30, 2019	\$	4,843,717	0	0	0	1,452,228	6,295,945
•	<u> </u>					, - , -	,,-

PRENTISS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019		
For the real Ended Julie 30, 2019		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 621,992
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 138,269 (376,883)	(238,614)
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		
balance by the cost of the assets solu.	(34,639)	(34,639)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Payments of debt principal Amortization of deferred amount on refunding Amortization of bond premium Accrued interest payable	183,466 (8,035) 1,682 297	177,410
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(3,513,067) 1,970,314	(1,542,753)
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
OPEB expense State contribution to plan Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(119,174) 2,854 96,005	(20,315)
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:	_	
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve	(3,333) 3,252	(81)
Change in Net Position of governmental activities		\$ (1,037,000)

Fiduciary Funds					
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabiliti	Exhibit E				
June 30, 2019					
		Agency			
		Funds			
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,093,188			
Total Assets		1,093,188			
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		991,523			
Due to student clubs		97,091			
Due to other funds		4,574			
Total Liabilities	\$	1,093,188			

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five (5) member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Prentiss County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories.
 Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Extended School Year Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the revenues and associated expenditures of extended school year services for students.

Title I Fund – This special revenue fund accounts for the revenues and associated expenditures of the Title I grant, a federally funded grant received through the State of Mississippi.

IDEA Part B Fund – This special revenue fund accounts for the revenues and associated expenditures of the Special Education grant to states, a federally funded grant received through the State of Mississippi.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Student Club Funds – These various funds account for the monies raised through student club activities.

Payroll Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets and liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the resources of paid claims held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets and liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the district funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

^(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 4 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district has incurred the following deferred outflows during the year:

Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt

Deferred outflows - pensions

Deferred outflows – postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district has incurred the following deferred inflows during the year:

Deferred inflows - pensions

Deferred inflows – postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB)

See Note 7 (pensions), Note 8 (OPEB), and Note 15 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 5 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is the approval of such a commitment by the school board. The school district had no committed fund balances at June 30, 2019.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the district's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the action of the district business manager pursuant to authorization established by school board policy.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the district's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$5,737,995 and \$1,093,188, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund Payable Fund		Amount		
General Fund	Extended School Year Fund Title I Fund IDEA Part B Fund Other governmental funds Fiduciary funds	\$	25,066 66,683 90,269 43,896 4.574	
	·	\$	230,488	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The inter-fund balances represent loans created by the existence of negative fund cash balances in a pooled bank account. Negative fund cash balances in governmental funds (special revenues funds) are a result of the timing of cash flows inherent in the administration of grants funded on a reimbursable basis. Inter-fund balances also represent amounts due from fiduciary funds to the General Fund.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 739,842
Title I Fund	Other governmental funds	118,908
Other governmental funds	General Fund	373,124
	Title I Fund	 43,971
Total		\$ 1,275,845

Inter-fund transfers represent transfers of indirect costs from special revenue funds to the General Funds and operational transfers between governmental funds.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

The renewing to a cummary or changes in s	 Balance				Balance
	7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:					
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 252,634				252,634
Construction in progress	-	10,800			10,800
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 252,634	10,800		-	263,434
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	11,891,427				11,891,427
Building improvements	637,641				637,641
Improvements other than buildings	327,956				327,956
Mobile equipment	1,474,802	86,359	231,674		1,329,487
Furniture and equipment	561,974	41,110		18,775	621,859
Leased property under capital lease	 28,460			(9,360)	19,100
Total depreciable capital assets	 14,922,260	127,469	231,674	9,415	14,827,470
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	4,972,394	221,711			5,194,105
Building improvements	304,802	25,505			330,307
Improvements other than buildings	129,597	13,118			142,715
Mobile equipment	1,006,569	79,448	197,035		888,982
Furniture and equipment	466,611	34,645		7,958	509,214
Leased property under capital lease	 12,662	2,456		(5,295)	9,823
Total accumulated depreciation	6,892,635	376,883	197,035	2,663	7,075,146
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 8,029,625	(249,414)	34,639	6,752	7,752,324
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,282,259	(238,614)	34,639	6,752	8,015,758

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	_
Instruction	\$ 6,483
Support services	353,152
Non-instructional	 17,248
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 376,883

The capital assets above include significant amounts of buildings, which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition.

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

		Spent to	Remaining
	Ju	ıne 30, 2019	Commitment
Governmental Activities:	·-		
Hills Chapel Health Center	\$	10,800 \$	103,827
Total construction in progress	\$	10,800 \$	103,827

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with grant monies from Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Mississippi and other local revenues.

Note 5 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	_	Balance 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance 30-Jun-19	Amounts due within one year
A. Three mill notes payable	\$	750,000		180,000	570,000	185,000
B. Obligations under capital lease		8,447		3,466	4,981	2,491
C. Compensated absences payable		184,962	3,333	-	188,295	-
Subtotal	\$	943,409	3,333	183,466	763,276	187,491
Premium on debt issuance		6,733		1,682	5,051	
	\$	950,142	3,333	185,148	768,327	

A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Limited tax refunding series 2012	1.0 - 2.5%	20-Jun-12	30-Jun-22	\$ 1,640,000	\$ 570,000
				\$ 1,640,000	\$ 570,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 185,000	12,850	197,850
2021	190,000	9,150	199,150
2022	 195,000	4,875	199,875
Total	\$ 570,000 \$	26,875 \$	596,875

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Fund (debt service fund). It is secured with a Pledge of Education Enhancement (EEF) funds for buildings and buses that is to be used for repayment of the limited tax refunding notes. Proceeds from the notes were used to finance capital improvements. The notes are payable partially from future revenues of the state Education Enhancement revenue funds for buildings and buses and partially from local ad valorem revenues generated from a special levy to retire this debt and are payable through June 30, 2022. Annual principal and interest payments on the notes are expected to require all of the district's annual allocation of such state revenues and local ad valorem revenues levied to complete the required debt service payments. The total principal and interest payments remaining are \$596,875. Total principal and interest paid for the current year and total State Education Enhancement fund revenues for buildings and buses were \$196,450 and \$73,354, respectively.

B. Obligations under capital lease

The district has entered into one capital lease as described below:

Mower – Jumpertown School – Acquisition cost of \$19,100 with a down payment of \$6,646.

The title of the equipment will be transferred to the school district at the end of the lease term.

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date		Amount Issued		Amount Outstanding
Mower Lease	5.10%	27-Jun-16	27 Jun 24	ф	12.454	¢	4 094
Mower Lease	5.10%	27-Jun-16	27-Jun-21	Φ	12,454	Ф	4,981
				\$	12,454	\$	4,981

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 2,491	127	2,618
2021	 2,490	127	2,617
Total	\$ 4,981 \$	254 \$	5,235

The school district uses the straight-line method of amortization for the lease payments which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the difference between

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

the effective interest method and the straight-line method is not considered material. This debt will be retired from the General Fund.

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 6- Other commitments

Operating leases:

The school district has operating leases for computer equipment for three (3) computer labs in the district.

Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019, amounted to \$17,589. Future payments for this lease are as follows:

Amount
\$ 18,203
\$ 18,203
\$ \$

Note 7- Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,970,314, \$1,998,123 and \$1,964,423 respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$33,049,713 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.1987 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an increase of 0.0047 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,513,067. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 141,636	\$ 578,133
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		73,028
Changes of assumptions	19,040	17,730
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	513,826	3,755
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,970,314	
Total	\$ 2,644,816	\$ 672,646

\$1,970,314 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 615,289
2021	93,190
2022	(596,096)
2023	(110,527)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease (6.75%)	 Discount Rate (7.75%)	 1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 43,516,989	\$ 33,049,713	\$ 24,350,025

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided. The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$96,005 and \$91,660 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$2,208,370 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.28548509 percent. This was an increase of 0.01145702 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$119,174. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,496	\$
Changes of assumptions		157,351
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes in proportion and differences between

District contributions and proportionate share

of contributions

District contributions subsequent to the

measurement date

92,258

96,005

\$96,005 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$ (13,470)
2021	(13,470)
2022	(13,470)
2023	(13,470)
2024	(8,267)
Thereafter	1,550

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation

Long-term Investment Rate of 4.50% Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2018 Prior Measurement Date 2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Measurement Date 3.89%
Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%. The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(2.89%)	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,447,923	\$ 2,208,370	\$ 2,002,347

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		пеаннсате	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,045,681	\$ 2,208,370	\$ 2,393,139

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 9 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
Restatement of a capital asset and depreciation	\$ 6,752
Restatement of prior period OPEB liability	 3
Total	\$ 6,755

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 10 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation - The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 11 – Fund Balance Assignments

The amount assigned for unemployment (\$30,119) shown on Exhibit C represents the amount held in the Unemployment Compensation Fund at June 30, 2019, which is above the statutory requirement necessary to fill that fund.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Property Trust (MSBAPT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 49 school districts and covers losses associated with property damage to the physical assets owned by the member districts. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Casualty Trust (MSBACT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 49 school districts and covers liability related losses the member may be responsible for through General Liability, Automobile Liability and School Board Legal Liability. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

Note 13 - Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated August 17, 1982, creating the Prentiss County Career and Technology Center. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The consortium includes Prentiss County School District and Booneville School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detailed procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

Prentiss County School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the center, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

The following Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance is presented to detail the financial activity of the center.

Prentiss County Career and Technology Center Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues		
Local sources:		
Tuition from other LEA's	\$	85,985
Total local sources		85,985
State sources		507,487
Federal sources		42,360
Total Revenues		635,832
Expenditures		
Salaries		1,062,034
Employee Benefits		247,330
Purchased property services		48,546
Other purchased services		8,593
Supplies		2,877
Property		1,004
Other		825
Total Expenditures	_	1,371,209
Excess deficiency of revenues under Expenditures		(735,377)
Other Financing Sources/Uses		
Transfers In		737,683
Total other financing sources/uses		737,683
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,306
Fund Balance		
July 1, 2018		81,137
June 30, 2019	\$	83,443

Note 14 - Alternative School Consortium

The school district entered into an Alternative School Agreement dated July 1, 1995, creating the Northeast Mississippi Regional Alternative Education Cooperative (NEMRAEC). This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The consortium includes the Booneville School District, Baldwyn School District, and Prentiss County School District.

Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), allows two or more adjacent school districts to enter into a contract to operate an alternative school program. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the alternative school program. Transportation for students attending the alternative school program will be the responsibility of the individual school district sending the students.

The Booneville School District has been designated as the lead school district for the NEMRAEC, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

Note 15 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

Da....

The net investment in capital assets amount of \$7,451,794 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow on advance refunding of capital debt. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to refunded debt in the amount of \$16,068 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the net investment in capital assets over the next two (2) years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$28,595,083) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,970,314 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$674,502 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$28,595,083) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$672,646 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$28,595,083) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$96,005 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$96,754 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$28,595,083) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$157,351 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Prentiss County School District evaluated the activity of the district through December 20, 2019, and determined that no subsequent events have occurred that would require disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Variances

				Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	4,096,191	4,300,490	4,300,490	204,299	0
State sources		13,718,815	13,766,352	13,768,452	47,537	2,100
Federal sources		215,998	128,033	128,033	(87,965)	0
Total Revenues		18,031,004	18,194,875	18,196,975	163,871	2,100
Expenditures:						
Instruction		12,036,139	11,595,614	11,888,272	440,525	(292,658)
Support services		5,235,319	5,283,410	5,283,795	(48,091)	(385)
Noninstructional services		244,590	280,368	7,738	(35,778)	272,630
Debt service:						
Principal		17,589	20,216	2,491	(2,627)	17,725
Interest		2,325	2,328	139	(3)	2,189
Total Expenditures		17,535,962	17,181,936	17,182,435	354,026	(499)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		495,042	1,012,939	1,014,540	517,897	1,601
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Sale of transportation equipment		0	11,992	11,992	11,992	0
Operating transfers in		2,801,157	3,035,353	373,124	234,196	(2,662,229)
Operating transfers out		(3,399,044)	(3,402,171)	(739,842)	(3,127)	2,662,329
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(597,887)	(354,826)	(354,726)	243,061	100
Net Change in Fund Balances		(102,845)	658,113	659,814	760,958	1,701
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2018		5,818,517	4,183,903	4,183,903	(1,634,614)	0
June 30, 2019	\$	5,715,672	4,842,016	4,843,717	(873,656)	1,701

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Extended School Year Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Original Actual Final Final (GAAP Basis) to Final Original to Actual Revenues: 71,631 186,947 70,621 115,316 (116, 326)State sources \$ **Total Revenues** 71,631 186,947 70,621 115,316 (116, 326)**Expenditures:** 51,355 163,092 (111,737)95,101 Instruction 67,991 Support services 20,276 23,855 2,630 (3,579)21,225 71,631 **Total Expenditures** 186,947 70,621 (115, 316)116,326 Net Change in Fund Balances 0 0 0 0 0 Fund Balances: July 1, 2018 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 June 30, 2019 \$ 0 0 0

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Original Actual Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: (204,075)513,550 852,332 648,257 338,782 Federal sources 513,550 648,257 **Total Revenues** 852,332 338,782 (204,075)**Expenditures:** 273,698 397,643 465,076 Instruction (191,378)67,433 228,889 240,645 69,108 Support services 171,537 (11,756)Noninstructional 7,013 8,003 4,140 (990)3,863 (204, 124)Total Expenditures 509,600 713,724 573,320 140,404 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 3,950 138,608 74,937 134,658 (63,671)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in 43,971 43,971 0 0 0 Operating transfers out (3,950)(138,608)(118,908)(134,658)19,700 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,950)(138,608)(74,937)(134,658)63,671 Net Change in Fund Balances 0 0 0 0 0 Fund Balances: 0 0 0 0 0 July 1, 2018 June 30, 2019 0 0 0 0 0

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Variances

					Positive (Negative)		
	Budgeted Amounts		mounts	Actual	Original	Final to Actual	
	Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final		
Revenues:							
Federal sources	\$	571,163	666,186	636,418	95,023	(29,768)	
Total Revenues		571,163	666,186	636,418	95,023	(29,768)	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		346,147	375,758	364,792	(29,611)	10,966	
Support services		223,855	285,492	271,497	(61,637)	13,995	
Noninstructional services		200	475	129	(275)	346	
Total Expenditures		570,202	661,725	636,418	(91,523)	25,307	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		961	4,461	0	3,500	(4,461)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers out		(961)	(4,461)	0	(3,500)	4,461	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(961)	(4,461)	0	(3,500)	4,461	
Net Change in Fund Balances		0	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2018		0	0	0	0	0	
June 30, 2019	\$	0	0	0	0	0	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	%	0.1987	0.1940	0.1930	0.1918	0.1890
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	33,049,713	32,249,384	34,474,619	29,648,498	22,941,139
District's covered payroll	\$	12,686,495	12,472,527	12,341,613	11,979,505	11,526,921
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		261%	259%	279%	247%	199%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		63%	61%	57%	62%	67%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,970,314	1,998,123	1,964,423	1,943,795	1,886,772
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,970,314	1,998,123	1,964,423	1,943,795	1,886,772
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	12,509,931	12,686,495	12,472,527	12,341,556	11,979,505
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	0.28548509	0.27402807
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,208,370	2,150,049
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	12,686,495	12,472,527
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		17%	17%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018*
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 96,005	91,660
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 96,005	91,660
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	0
District's covered-employee payroll	12,509,931	12,686,495
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.77%	0.72%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 5.00%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2023

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

pension plan investment expense, 3

including price inflation

3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Catalog of Federal Federal Grantor/ Domestic Pass-through Grantor/ Assistance Pass-through Entity Federal Program Title No. Identifying Number Expenditures U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program 10.553 195MS326N1099 389,789 \$ National school lunch program 10.555 195MS326N1099 1.109.399 National school lunch program - donated commodities 10.555 195MS326N1099 86,036 1,585,224 Total child nutrition cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 1,585,224 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 1,585,224 U.S. Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies (see Note 1 below) 84.010 ES010A170024 736,199 ES010A180024 ES010A190024 Career and technical education - basic grants to states 84.048 V048A180024 42,360 21st century community learning centers 84.287 ES287C180024 35,215 Rural education 84.358 ES358B170024 85,877 ES358B180024 ES358B190024 Supporting effective instruction state grants 84.367 ES367A170023 142,937 ES367A180023 ES367A190023 Subtotal 1,042,588 Special education cluster: 84.027 Special education - grants to states H027A170108 642,104 H027A180108 H027A190108 Special education - preschool grants 84.173 H173A170113 25,186 H173A180113 H173A190113 Total special education cluster 667,290 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 1,709,878 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,709,878 U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: 93.778 Medical assistance program 1805MS5ADM 9,388 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 9,388 Total Department of Health and Human Services 9,388 U. S. Department of Social Security Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Social security disability insurance 96.001 04-19-04MSD100 266 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 266 **Total Department of Social Security** 266 Total for All Federal Awards \$ 3,304,756

Note 1: Under the rule of transferability, \$43,971 of Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant dollars (CFDA 84.424) were transferred to the Title I grants to local educational agencies grant (CFDA 84.010) and are shown as Title I grant expenditures on this schedule.

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 17,158,093 5,048,720	13,836,859 1,670,858	741,001 255,727	867,239 18,716_	1,712,994 3,103,419
Total	\$ 22,206,813	15,507,717	996,728	885,955	4,816,413
Total number of students *	2,176				
Cost per student	\$ 10,205	7,127	458	407	2,213

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Prentiss County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Prentiss County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Prentiss County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and using the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Prentiss County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and using the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:					_
Local sources	\$	4,300,490	4,163,697	4,206,728	4,046,499
State sources		13,768,452	13,128,699	12,825,292	12,888,310
Federal sources		128,033	258,389	198,048	104,687
Total Revenues		18,196,975	17,550,785	17,230,068	17,039,496
Expenditures:					
Instruction		11,888,272	11,631,712	11,211,620	11,108,146
Support services		5,283,795	5,228,805	4,991,510	4,647,225
Noninstructional services		7,738	242,673	276,561	349,888
Debt service:					
Principal		2,491	2,491	2,491	7,034
Interest		139	127	127	259
Total Expenditures		17,182,435	17,105,808	16,482,309	16,112,552
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		1,014,540	444,977	747,759	926,944
over (under) Experiances		1,014,040	777,577	141,100	320,344
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Inception of capital leases					12,454
Insurance loss recoveries				23,290	
Sale of transportation equipment		11,992		6,764	
Sale of other equipment					9,500
Sale of other assets			1		
Operating transfers in		373,124	35,000	44,535	67,281
Operating transfers out		(739,842)	(714,125)	(806,537)	(664,340)
Other financing uses				(3,379)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(354,726)	(679,124)	(735,327)	(575,105)
Net Change in Fund Balances		659,814	(234,147)	12,432	351,839
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported	4	4 102 002	4 452 222	4,440,800	4 122 000
Prior period adjustments	J	4,183,903	4,453,232	4,440,600	4,132,908
		4 493 003	(35,182)	4,440,800	(43,947)
Beginning of period, as restated		4,183,903	4,418,050	4,440,000	4,088,961
End of Period	\$	4,843,717	4,183,903	4,453,232	4,440,800

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	5,184,639	4,790,876	4,864,284	4,703,382
State sources		14,528,841	14,364,074	14,038,484	14,036,696
Federal sources		3,103,333	3,253,735	3,243,902	3,284,064
Total Revenues		22,816,813	22,408,685	22,146,670	22,024,142
Expenditures:					
Instruction		14,165,106	13,958,490	13,558,591	13,415,675
Support services		6,389,998	6,334,204	6,201,641	5,885,291
Noninstructional services		1,438,914	1,778,302	1,851,136	1,774,280
Facilities acquisition and construction		10,800	1,770,302	1,001,100	1,774,200
Debt service:		10,000			
Principal		183,466	514,831	544,831	524,374
Interest		16,589	33,377	51,477	68,809
Other		1,940	4,445	3,290	3,290
	_	22,206,813	22,623,649	22,210,966	21,671,719
Total Expenditures		22,200,613	22,023,049	22,210,900	21,071,719
Evenes (Definionay) of Boyanues					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		610,000	(24.4.06.4)	(64.206)	252 422
over (under) Experialtures		610,000	(214,964)	(64,296)	352,423
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					10 454
Inception of capital leases				23,290	12,454
Insurance loss recoveries		44.000			
Sale of transportation equipment		11,992		6,764	0.500
Sale of other equipment			4		9,500
Sale of other assets		4 075 045	1	000.040	200 200
Operating transfers in		1,275,845	870,717	962,916	822,068
Operating transfers out		(1,275,845)	(870,717)	(962,916)	(822,068)
Other financing uses				(3,379)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		11,992	1	26,675	21,954
Net Change in Fund Balances		621 002	(214,963)	(27 621)	274 277
Net Change in Fund Balances		621,992	(214,963)	(37,621)	374,377
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		5,670,701	5,928,311	5,960,163	5,584,321
Prior period adjustments		0	(35,182)	0,000,100	(2,606)
Beginning of period, as restated		5,670,701	5,893,129	5,960,163	5,581,715
beginning of period, as restated		3,070,701	5,055,125	3,300,103	3,301,713
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	,	3,252	(7,465)	5,769	4,071
		5,202	(1, 100)	0,700	1,011
End of Period	\$	6,295,945	5,670,701	5,928,311	5,960,163
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^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

SUZANNE E. SMITH, CPA, PLLC

AUDITING AND ACCOUNTING SERVICES sesmithcpa@msn.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Superintendent and School Board Prentiss County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Prentiss County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Prentiss County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Prentiss County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Prentiss County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Prentiss County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Prentiss County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Suzanne E. Smith, CPA, PLLC

Brandon, Mississippi December 20, 2019

SUZANNE E. SMITH, CPA, PLLC

AUDITING AND ACCOUNTING SERVICES sesmithcpa@msn.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Prentiss County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Prentiss County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the district's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Prentiss County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Prentiss County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Prentiss County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Prentiss County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Prentiss County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Prentiss County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Prentiss County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Prentiss County School District's internal control over compliance.

POST OFFICE BOX 102 BRANDON, MISSISSIPPI 39043 PHONE: 601-938-5717 A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Suzanne E. Smith, CPA, PLLC

Brandon, Mississippi December 20, 2019 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

SUZANNE E. SMITH, CPA, PLLC

AUDITING AND ACCOUNTING SERVICES sesmithcpa@msn.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Prentiss County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Prentiss County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Prentiss County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to

POST OFFICE BOX 102 BRANDON, MISSISSIPPI 39043 PHONE: 601-938-5717 be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Suzanne E. Smith, CPA, PLLC

Brandon, Mississippi December 20, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:									
1.	Туре о	Unmodified							
2.	. Internal control over financial reporting:								
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	d? (Yes/No)	No					
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identif	fied? (Yes/None reported)	None reported					
3.	Nonco	mpliance material to financial stat	ements noted? (Yes/No)	No					
Fed	Federal Awards:								
4.	Interna	l control over major programs:							
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	d? (Yes/No)	No					
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identif	fied? (Yes/None reported)	None reported					
5.	Type o	Unmodified							
6.	6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? (Yes/No)								
7.	Identification of major programs:								
	CFD/	A Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>					
	84.01	0	Title I grants to local educational ag	encies					
8.	Dolla	r threshold used to distinguish be	tween type A and type B programs:	\$750,000					
9.	Audit	ee qualified as low-risk auditee?	(Yes/No)	Yes					
10.	 Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b) 								

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

Prentiss County School District

FOLLOW UP ON PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

Repeat Finding 2018-001. Control deficiencies surrounding student activity fund receipts/deposits/revenues and activity fund expenditure control cycle.

Status: Corrected