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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

#### Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-14, 46-47, 48, 49, 50, and 51, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the South Panola School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2019 on our consideration of the South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

November 22, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The following discussion and analysis of South Panola School District's financial performance provides an overview of the South Panola School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the South Panola School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the South Panola School District's financial performance.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- Total net position for 2019 decreased \$2,265,397, including a prior period adjustment of (\$60,139), which represents a 9% decrease from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$8,235,807, including a prior period adjustment of (\$3,774,706), which represents a 49% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$33,908,291 and \$33,725,094, or 80% and 81% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$8,604,853, or 20% of total revenues for 2019, and \$7,742,711, or 19% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$44,718,402 and \$45,928,906 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$8,604,853 for 2019 and \$7,742,711 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$33,908,291 for 2019 and \$33,725,094 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$34,179,745 in revenues and \$32,345,716 in expenditures for 2019, and \$32,402,273 in revenues and \$33,044,578 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$946,449 from 2018 to 2019, and decreased by \$417,853 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$2,713,900 for 2019 and decreased by \$198,647 for 2018. The increase for 2019 was due to capital additions net of the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt increased by \$2,460,000 for 2019 and increased by \$1,035,896 for 2018. This increase for 2019 was due primarily to the issuance of trust certificates net of the principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$50,570 for 2019 and decreased by \$22,176 for 2018.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

## Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

## **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

### **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$27,389,705 as of June 30, 2019.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	_
Current assets	\$ 10,448,258	\$ 11,855,433	-11.87	%
Restricted assets	2,130,835	388,246	448.84	%
Capital assets, net	30,058,615	27,344,715	9.92	%
Total assets	42,637,708	39,588,394	7.70	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 5,064,944	 9,217,431	-45.05	%
Current liabilities	773,578	501,333	54.30	%
Long-term debt outstanding	10,835,623	8,325,053	30.16	%
Net OPEB liability	3,836,138	3,836,815	-0.02	%
Net pension liability	 57,795,915	 57,679,354	0.20	%
Total liabilities	 73,241,254	 70,342,555	4.12	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,851,103	3,587,578	-48.40	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	20,929,515	19,459,715	7.55	%
Restricted	1,995,330	8,094,130	-75.35	%
Unrestricted	(50,314,550)	 (52,678,153)	4.49	%
Total net position	\$ (27,389,705)	\$ (25,124,308)	-9.02	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (50,314,550)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	 58,418,212
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 8,103,662

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$2,713,900.
- The principal retirement of \$540,000 of long-term debt.
- Inception of capital leases of \$3,000,000.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$42,513,144 and \$41,467,805, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$44,718,402 for 2019 and \$45,928,906 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2019	 Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	_
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 829,628	\$ 888,236	(6.60)	%
Operating grants and contributions	7,775,225	6,854,475	13.43	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	10,529,960	10,666,956	(1.28)	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	22,017,781	21,475,031	2.53	%
Investment earnings	205,424	38,595	432.26	%
Sixteenth section sources	-	35,189	(100.00)	%
Other	1,155,126	1,509,323	(23.47)	%
Total revenues	42,513,144	41,467,805	2.52	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	21,745,686	20,787,480	4.61	%
Support services	13,959,734	14,338,520	(2.64)	%
Non-instructional	2,411,697	2,612,667	(7.69)	%
Pension expense	6,026,561	7,847,163	(23.20)	%
OPEB expense	194,008	199,434	(2.72)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 380,716	143,642	165.05	%
Total expenses	44,718,402	45,928,906	(2.64)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 (2,205,258)	(4,461,101)	50.57	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(25,124,308)	(16,888,501)	(48.77)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 (60,139)	(3,774,706)	98.41	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(25,184,447)	(20,663,207)	(21.88)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (27,389,705)	\$ (25,124,308)	(9.02)	%

#### **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total I	Percentage		
	 2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ 21,745,686	\$	20,787,480	4.61 %
Support services	13,959,734		14,338,520	(2.64) %
Non-instructional	2,411,697		2,612,667	(7.69) %
Pension Expense	6,026,561		7,847,163	(23.20) %
OPEB Expense	194,008		199,434	(2.72) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	380,716		143,642	165.05 %
Total expenses	\$ 44,718,402	\$	45,928,906	(2.64) %
	 Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	Net (Exper 2019	nse)	Revenue 2018	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$ -	n <b>se)</b> 		
Instruction Support services	\$ 2019		2018	Change
	\$ <b>2019</b> (17,089,789)		<b>2018</b> (17,421,876)	<b>Change</b> 1.91 %
Support services	\$ <b>2019</b> (17,089,789) (12,834,237)		<b>2018</b> (17,421,876) (12,877,885)	1.91 % 0.34 %
Support services Non-instructional	\$ 2019 (17,089,789) (12,834,237) 411,762		2018 (17,421,876) (12,877,885) 303,805	1.91 % 0.34 % 35.53 %
Support services Non-instructional Pension Expense	\$ 2019 (17,089,789) (12,834,237) 411,762 (6,026,561)		2018 (17,421,876) (12,877,885) 303,805 (7,847,163)	Change  1.91 % 0.34 % 35.53 % 23.20 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$36,113,549 for 2019 and \$38,186,195 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$10,529,960 for 2019 and \$10,666,956 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$22,017,781 for 2019 and \$21,475,031 for 2018). In addition, there was \$0 and \$35,189 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$205,424 for 2019 and \$38,595 for 2018.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11,933,583, an increase of \$92,670, which includes an increase in inventory of \$23,430. \$4,177,998 or 35% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$7,755,585 or 65% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$946,449. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$930,615, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$23,430, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Fund	No increase or decrease
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 51,429
Trust Certificates Building Fund	\$ 25,407

## **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the South Panola School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$47,608,190, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$3,695,061 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$17,549,575, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,110,039, resulting in total net capital assets of \$30,058,615.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentaç Change	-
Land	\$ 723,090	\$ 723,090	0.00	%
Construction in progress	3,703,881	493,664	650.28	%
Buildings	23,001,530	23,532,401	(2.26)	%
Building improvements	376,203	96,324	290.56	%
Improvements other than buildings	350,969	370,472	(5.26)	%
Mobile equipment	1,584,877	1,856,777	(14.64)	%
Furniture and equipment	 318,065	271,987	16.94	%
Total	\$ 30,058,615	\$ 27,344,715	9.92	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2019, the District had \$10,835,623 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$640,000 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$50,570 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	<u>J</u>	lune 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018	Percenta Change	_
Three mill notes payable Trust Certificates Payable	\$	7,420,000 2,925,000	\$	7,885,000	(5.90) N/A	
Compensated absences payable		490,623		440,053	11.49	%
Total	\$	10,835,623	\$	8,325,053	30.16	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The South Panola School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the South Panola School District, 209 Boothe Street, Batesville, MS 38606.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position		Exhibit A
June 30, 2019		
	G <sup>,</sup>	overnmental
		Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,204,621
Due from other governments		928,095
Inventories		76,612
Prepaid items		234,924
Accrued interest receivable		4,006
Restricted assets		2,130,835
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		700 000
Land		723,090
Construction in progress		3,703,881
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:  Buildings		23,001,530
Building improvements		376,203
Improvements other than buildings		350,969
Mobile equipment		1,584,877
Furniture and equipment		318,065
Total Assets		42,637,708
		,00.,.00
Deferred Outflows of Resources		4 700 000
Deferred outflows - pensions		4,793,692
Deferred outflows - OPEB  Total deferred outflows of resources		271,252
Total deletted outflows of resources	-	5,064,944
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		645,510
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		128,068
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		
Capital related liabilities		640,000
Net OPEB liability		173,141
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		
Capital related liabilities		9,705,000
Non-capital related liabilities		490,623
Net pension liability		57,795,915
Net OPEB liability		3,662,997
Total Liabilities		73,241,254
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows - pensions		1,577,770
Deferred inflows - OPEB		273,333
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,851,103
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		20,929,515
Restricted for:		20,020,010
Expendable:		
School-based activities		984,444
Capital improvements		102,598
Debt service		707,130
Forestry improvements		17,543
Unemployment benefits		150,000
Non-expendable:		
Sixteenth section principal		33,615
Unrestricted		(50,314,550)
Total Net Position	\$	(27,389,705)

Statement of Activities							Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 20	)19						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in
			F	Program Revenues			Net Position
				Operating	Capital		-
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$	21,745,686 \$	528,563 \$	4,127,334 \$	-	\$	(17,089,789)
Support services		13,959,734	-	1,125,497	-		(12,834,237)
Non-instructional		2,411,697	301,065	2,522,394	-		411,762
Pension expense		6,026,561	-	-	-		(6,026,561)
OPEB expense		194,008	-	-	-		(194,008)
Interest on long-term liabilities		380,716	-	-			(380,716)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	44,718,402 \$	829,628 \$	7,775,225 \$	<u>-</u>	\$	(36,113,549)
			General Revenue	es:			
			Taxes:				
			General pur	pose levies			9,929,320
			Debt purpos				600,640
			Unrestricted (	grants and contribu	itions:		
			State				21,851,607
			Federal				166,174
			Unrestricted i	nvestment earning	S		205,424
			Other	_			1,155,126
			Total Gen	eral Revenues		_	33,908,291
			Change in Net P	osition		_	(2,205,258)
			Net Position - Be	eginning, as origina	ally reported		(25,124,308)
			Prior period adju	stments			(60,139)
			Net Position - Be	eginning, as restate	ed		(25,184,447)
			Net Position - Er	nding		\$	(27,389,705)

SOUTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

			Governmental	Funds				
Balance Sheet								Exhibit (
June 30, 2019								
			Major F					
		0	Talle I	Capital		Trust Certificate	Other	Total
		General Fund	Title I Fund	Projects Fund		Building Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Assets		i una	T dild	i dila		runa	1 unac	i unao
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,137,784 \$	- 9	3,971,9	34 5	- \$	3,033,077 \$	11,142,795
Cash with fiscal agents		-	-	, ,	-	192,661	-	192,661
Accrued interest receivable		-	-		_	4,006	_	4,006
Due from other governments		349,584	167,202		_	-	411,309	928,095
Due from other funds		542,019	, -	27,6	86	_	217,308	787,013
Inventories		-	-	,-	-	_	76,612	76,612
Prepaid items		234,924	-		-	-	-	234,924
Total assets		5,264,311	167,202	3,999,6	20	196,667	3,738,306	13,366,106
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:	•	400 000 A	40.000			h 474 000 fb	00.454.0	0.40.070
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	423,869 \$	13,292	Þ	- 5	, +	32,451 \$	640,872
Due to other funds		245,777	153,910		-	474.000	391,964	791,651
Total Liabilities	-	669,646	167,202		-	171,260	424,415	1,432,523
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		-	-		-	-	76,612	76,612
Prepaid items		234,924	-		-	-	-	234,924
Permanent fund principal		-	-		-	-	33,615	33,615
Restricted:								
Debt service		-	-		-	-	835,198	835,198
Capital projects		-	-		-	25,407	1,293,091	1,318,498
Grant activities		-	-		-	-	907,832	907,832
Forestry improvements		-	-		-	-	17,543	17,543
Unemployment benefits		-	-		-	-	150,000	150,000
Assigned:								
Future building projects		-	-	3,999,6	20	-	-	3,999,620
Activity funds		181,743	-		-	-	-	181,743
Unassigned		4,177,998	-		-	-	-	4,177,998
Total Fund Balances		4,594,665	-	3,999,6	20	25,407	3,313,891	11,933,583
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,264,311 \$	167,202	3,999,6	20 \$	196,667 \$	3,738,306 \$	13,366,106

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of No. June 30, 2019	et Position	Exhibit C-1
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	11,933,583
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:  1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	723,090 3,703,881 35,495,236 553,524 567,514 4,878,210 1,686,735 (17,549,575)	30,058,615
<ol> <li>Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability</li> <li>Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>	(57,795,915)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions  Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	4,793,692 (1,577,770)	(54,579,993)
3 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  Net OPEB liability  Deferred outflow s and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB  Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(3,836,138) 271,252 (273,333)	(3,838,219)
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:  Three mill notes payable  Trust certificates payable  Compensated absences  Accrued interest payable	(7,420,000) (2,925,000) (490,623) (128,068)	(10,963,691)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(27,389,705)

SOUTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Exhibit D

# Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the real chided Julie 30, 2019		Major Fu	nds					
			Capital	Т	rust Certificate		Other	Total
	General	Title I	Projects		Building	G	Sovernmental	Governmental
	 Fund	Fund	Fund		Fund		Funds	Funds
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$ 11,680,743	\$ - \$	51,429	\$	33,503	\$	926,902	\$ 12,692,577
State sources	22,303,086	-	-		-		1,018,120	23,321,206
Federal sources	192,969	1,642,945	-		-		4,635,885	6,471,799
Sixteenth section sources	 2,947	-	-		-		492	3,439
Total Revenues	 34,179,745	1,642,945	51,429		33,503		6,581,399	42,489,021
Expenditures:								
Instruction	18,903,894	1,546,810	-		-		3,231,443	23,682,147
Support services	13,331,447	142,309	-		-		1,186,173	14,659,929
Noninstructional services	1	58,158	-		-		2,456,735	2,514,894
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-			2,960,462		736,150	3,696,612
Debt service:								
Principal	75,000	-	-		-		465,000	540,000
Interest	35,374	-	-		-		229,574	264,948
Other	 -	-	-		47,634		38,633	86,267
Total Expenditures	 32,345,716	1,747,277	-		3,008,096		8,343,708	45,444,797
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures	 1,834,029	(104,332)	51,429		(2,974,593)		(1,762,309)	(2,955,776)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Inception of capital lease	-	-	-		3,000,000		-	3,000,000
Insurance recovery	24,123	-	-		-		-	24,123
Sale of transportation equipment	893	-	-		-		-	893
Operating transfers in	296,855	255,232	-		-		1,465,742	2,017,829
Operating transfers out	 (1,209,451)	(150,900)	-		-		(657,478)	(2,017,829)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (887,580)	104,332	-		3,000,000		808,264	3,025,016
Net Change in Fund Balances	946,449	-	51,429		25,407		(954,045)	69,240
July 1, 2018	3,648,216	-	3,948,191		-		4,244,506	11,840,913
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 -	-	-		-		23,430	23,430
June 30, 2019	\$ 4,594,665	\$ - \$	3,999,620	\$	25,407	\$	3,313,891	\$ 11,933,583

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019		Exhibit D-
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 69,240
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
<ol> <li>Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:</li> </ol>		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 3,924,538 (1,110,039)	2,814,499
<ol> <li>In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, w hile in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.</li> </ol>		(40,460
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, w hile the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, how ever, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		(40,400
Capital leases issued Payments of debt principal	(3,000,000) 540,000	
Accrued interest payable     Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:  Pension expense	(29,501)	(2,489,501
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:	3,515,532	(2,511,029
OPEB expense  Contributions subsequent to the measurement date  6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental	(194,008) 173,141	(20,867
funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences  Change in inventory reserve	(50,570) 23,430	(27,140
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (2,205,258

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	Exhibit E
June 30, 2019	
	 Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,740,693
Due from other funds	 4,638
Total Assets	\$ 1,745,331
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,649,652
Due to student clubs	 95,679
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,745,331

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, South Panola School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
  preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
  by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund educational services to low-income, program eligible students.

Capital Projects Fund - This capital projects fund is financed with local funds and management has assigned its use for repairs and renovations of school buildings and related facilities.

Trust Certificate Building Fund - This capital projects fund accounts for the projects financed by the trust certificates payable.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

## **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

### E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

#### 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired. Investments for the District are reported at fair value.

### 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

## 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

#### Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

(\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$4,793,692 of deferred outflows related

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

to its pension plan and \$271,252 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$1,577,770 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$273,333 related to its OPEB plan.

See Note 13 for further details.

#### 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

## 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

## 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## 11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 10% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

## Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$11,142,795 and \$1,740,693, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

#### Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$192,661.

## Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General fund	Title I fund	\$ 153,910
	Other governmental funds	388,109
Capital projects fund	General fund	27,686
Other governmental funds	General fund	214,470
	Other governmental funds	2,838
Fiduciary funds	General fund	3,621
	Other governmental funds	 1,017
Total		\$ 791,651

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

end and amounts due from and amounts due to agency funds.

## B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 1,209,451
Title I fund	General fund	40,212
	Other governmental funds	110,688
Other governmental funds	General fund	256,643
	Title I fund	255,232
	Other governmental funds	 145,603
Total		\$ 2,017,829

The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

## Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represents the cash balance, totaling \$33,615, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$714,066 of the debt service funds that is restricted for future debt service requirements.

Also, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$1,190,493, of unspent proceeds of the series 2018 three mill notes. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents balance, totaling \$192,661, of the unspent trust certificates payable.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

## Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Completed		Balance
	 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Construction	Adjustments	6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:						
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 723,090 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	723,090
Construction in progress	 493,664	3,394,592	-	(140,611)	(43,764)	3,703,881
Total non-depreciable capital assets	1,216,754	3,394,592	-	(140,611)	(43,764)	4,426,971
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	35,417,561	-	(62,936)	140,611	-	35,495,236
Building improvements	251,504	302,020	-	-	-	553,524
Improvements other than buildings	567,514	-	-	-	-	567,514
Mobile equipment	4,932,939	21,744	(69,404)	-	(7,069)	4,878,210
Furniture and equipment	1,526,857	206,182	(44,753)	-	(1,551)	1,686,735
Total depreciable capital assets	42,696,375	529,946	(177,093)	140,611	(8,620)	43,181,219
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	11,885,160	641,273	(33,986)	-	1,259	12,493,706
Building improvements	155,180	22,141	-	-	-	177,321
Improvements other than buildings	197,042	19,503	-	-	-	216,545
Mobile equipment	3,076,162	262,457	(62,464)	-	17,178	3,293,333
Furniture and equipment	1,254,870	164,665	(40,183)	-	(10,682)	1,368,670
Total accumulated depreciation	16,568,414	1,110,039	(136,633)	-	7,755	17,549,575
Total depreciable capital assets, net	26,127,961	(580,093)	(40,460)	140,611	(16,375)	25,631,644
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 27,344,715 \$	2,814,499 \$	(40,460) \$	- \$	(60,139) \$	30,058,615

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 743,746
Support services	332,905
Non-instructional	33,388
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 1,110,039

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

		Spent to	Remaining
	<u>J</u> (	une 30, 2019	Commitment
Fieldhouse and Practice Facility	\$	3,703,881 \$	46,846
Total construction in progress	\$	3,703,881 \$	46,846

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded by various capital projects funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

## Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts due
	 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2019	within one year
A. Three mill notes payable	\$ 7,885,000 \$	- \$	(465,000) \$	7,420,000 \$	410,000
B. Trust certificates payable	-	3,000,000	(75,000)	2,925,000	230,000
C. Compensated absences payable	 440,053	50,570	-	490,623	
Total	\$ 8,325,053 \$	3,050,570 \$	(540,000) \$	10,835,623 \$	640,000

## A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Amount Issued	Outstanding
					_
Three mill note, series 2015	2.80%	9/1/2015	9/1/2028	4,600,000	4,320,000
Three mill note, series 2018	3-3.5%	6/14/2018	6/1/2033	3,100,000	3,100,000
Total				\$ 7,700,000	7,420,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Three mill note, series 2015:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 410,000 \$	120,960 \$	530,960
2021	415,000	109,480	524,480
2022	425,000	97,860	522,860
2023	435,000	85,960	520,960
2024	445,000	73,780	518,780
2025-2029	 2,190,000	184,100	2,374,100
Total	\$ 4,320,000 \$	672,140 \$	4,992,140

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ - \$	103,568 \$	103,568
2021	-	103,568	103,568
2022	-	103,568	103,568
2023	-	103,568	103,568
2024	-	103,568	103,568
2025-2029	835,000	495,643	1,330,643
2030-2033	2,265,000	195,102	2,460,102
Total	\$ 3,100,000 \$	1,208,585 \$	4,308,585

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

Total on all three mill note issues:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 410,000	\$ 224,528	\$ 634,528
2021	415,000	213,048	628,048
2022	425,000	201,428	626,428
2023	435,000	189,528	624,528
2024	445,000	177,348	622,348
2025-2029	3,025,000	679,743	3,704,743
2030-2033	 2,265,000	195,102	2,460,102
Total	\$ 7,420,000 \$	1,880,725	\$ 9,300,725

## B. Trust Certificates Payable

On December 13, 2018, the district issued \$3,000,000 of trust certificates to fund the construction of a new fieldhouse and indoor practice facility. See Note 14 for further information related to the trust certificates.

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date		Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Trust Certificates Total	3.25-4.5%	12/13/2018	4/1/2030	\$ \$	3,000,000	\$ 2,925,000 \$ 2,925,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 230,000	\$ 114,538	\$ 344,538
2021	235,000	104,188	339,188
2022	245,000	93,612	338,612
2023	250,000	82,588	332,588
2024	255,000	71,338	326,338
2025-2029	1,400,000	203,762	1,603,762
2030	 310,000	11,238	321,238
Total	\$ 2,925,000	\$ 681,264	\$ 3,606,264

This debt will be retired from the district maintenance fund.

#### C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$3,515,532, \$3,494,889 and \$3,505,760, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$57,795,915 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was .347478 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an increase of .0005 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,026,561. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	249,108	243,288
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,258,981
Changes of assumptions	34,052	31,236
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	995,000	44,265
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 3,515,532	
Total	\$ 4,793,692 \$	1,577,770

\$3,515,532 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 1,375,867
2021	(67,924)
2022	(1,347,643)
2023	(259,910)
Total	\$ (299,610)

*Actuarial assumptions*. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

A 1 Ol	Target		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	 (0.1.070)	 11010 (111070)	 (0.1.070)
the net pension liability	\$ 76,100,636	\$ 57,795,915	\$ 42,582,275

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

## Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$173,141 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$3,836,138 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was .49591341 percent. This was an increase of .0069 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$194,008. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual	\$	\$			
experience		7,812	-		
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-	-		
Changes of assumptions		-	273,333		
Changes in proportion and differences between					
District contributions and proportionate share of					
contributions		90,299	-		
District contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date	_	173,141			
Total	\$	271,252 \$	273,333		

\$173,141 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (35,791)
2021	(35,791)
2022	(35,791)
2023	(35,791)
2024	(28,057)
Thereafter	 (4,001)
Total	\$ (175,222)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00	percent
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Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation

Long-term Investment Rate of 4.50%

Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2018 Prior Measurement Date 2017

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date 3.89%
Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	urrent	
	1	1% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase
		(2.89%)	F	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	4,252,264	\$	3,836,138	\$ 3,478,257

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	
	1%	6 Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	3,553,532	\$ 3,836,138	\$ 4,157,098

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

# Note 9 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Note 10 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 58 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

#### Note 11 - Insurance loss recoveries

The South Panola School District received \$24,123 in insurance loss recoveries related to storm damage. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries are reported as other revenue.

#### Note 12 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To adjust capital assets to subsidiary records	\$ (60,139)
Total	\$ (60,139)

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Note 13 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$50,314,550) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$3,515,532 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$1,278,160 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$50,314,550) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,577,770 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$50,314,550) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$173,141 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$98,111 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$50,314,550) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$273,333 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

#### Note 14 - Trust Certificates

On December 13, 2018, the district entered into a trust agreement that authorized the issuance of trust certificates in the principal amount of \$3,000,000. Approximately \$2,952,366 was used to provide financing for the construction of the new fieldhouse and indoor practice facility (the "project"); the remainder of approximately \$47,634 was used to pay the cost of issuance.

The project is leased to the school district in accordance with the provisions of the Emergency School Leasing Authority Act as described in Section 37-7-351, et seq., Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The lease represents a capital lease under which ownership of the project will transfer to the school district upon complete retirement of the trust certificates. The school district is obligated to make lease payments to the trustee in an amount equal to the debt service requirements for the trust certificates. The lease rental payments by the school district are used by the trustee to pay the principal and interest payments due on the trust certificates.

It is not anticipated the project will have sufficient value to satisfy the certificates in the event the school district defaults under the lease; therefore, the source of payment of the certificates is the responsibility of the school district. See Note 6 for details regarding the debt service requirement on the trust certificates.

Using the guidance provided in Section 2100 of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* dealing with defining the reporting entity, the trust accounts created by this trust agreement were deemed to constitute an inseparable part of the school district. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources/uses of the trust accounts created by this trust agreement are part of the school district's financial statements, thereby eliminating the effects of the lease agreement for financial reporting purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through November 22, 2019 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Variar Positive (N	
	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:	 				
Local sources	\$ 11,069,500 \$	11,680,743 \$	11,680,743 \$	611,243 \$	-
State sources	22,362,081	22,303,086	22,303,086	(58,995)	-
Federal sources	212,000	192,969	192,969	(19,031)	-
Sixteenth section sources	 25,666	2,946	2,947	(22,720)	11
Total Revenues	 33,669,247	34,179,744	34,179,745	510,497	1_
Expenditures:					
Instruction	19,931,932	18,943,668	18,903,894	988,264	39,774
Support services	13,019,417	13,529,356	13,331,447	(509,939)	197,909
Noninstructional services	-	1	1	(1)	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	42,560	-	(42,560)	42,560
Debt service:					
Principal	-	75,000	75,000	(75,000)	-
Interest	 -	35,374	35,374	(35,374)	
Total Expenditures	 32,951,349	32,625,959	32,345,716	325,390	280,243
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 717,898	1,553,785	1,834,029	835,887	280,244
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery	1,000	24,123	24,123	23,123	-
Sale of transportation equipment	2,000	893	893	(1,107)	-
Operating transfers in	4,509,748	4,181,269	296,855	(328,479)	(3,884,414)
Operating transfers out	 (5,204,530)	(5,073,252)	(1,209,451)	131,278	3,863,801
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (691,782)	(866,967)	(887,580)	(175,185)	(20,613)
Net Change in Fund Balances	26,116	686,818	946,449	660,702	259,631
July 1, 2018	 3,648,216	3,648,216	3,648,216	-	
June 30, 2019	\$ 3,674,332 \$	4,335,034 \$	4,594,665 \$	660,702 \$	259,631

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

## Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Variances

			_	Positive (N	legative)
	 Budgeted A	Actual	Original	Final	
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 1,750,000 \$	1,939,266 \$	1,642,945 \$	189,266 \$	(296,321)
Total Revenues	 1,750,000	1,939,266	1,642,945	189,266	(296,321)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	1,543,552	1,736,142	1,546,810	(192,590)	189,332
Support services	339,652	197,754	142,309	141,898	55,445
Noninstructional services	 70,166	82,687	58,158	(12,521)	24,529
Total Expenditures	 1,953,370	2,016,583	1,747,277	(63,213)	269,306
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 (203,370)	(77,317)	(104,332)	126,053	(27,015)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in	248,360	255,232	255,232	6,872	-
Operating transfers out	(44,990)	(177,915)	(150,900)	(132,925)	27,015
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 203,370	77,317	104,332	(126,053)	27,015
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	_	_	_	_
July 1, 2018	 -		-	-	_
June 30, 2019	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	_

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

# Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	 <b>2019</b> 0.3474780%	<b>2018</b> 0.346977%	<b>2017</b> 0.340000%	<b>2016</b> 0.320000%	<b>2015</b> 0.340000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 57,795,915	57,679,354	60,732,490	49,465,689	41,269,775
District's covered payroll	\$ 22,189,771	22,258,794	22,006,140	19,880,533	20,751,930
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	260.46%	259.13%	275.98%	248.81%	198.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

## Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

**PERS** 

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,515,532	3,494,889	3,505,760	3,465,967	3,131,184
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 3,515,532	3,494,889	3,505,760	3,465,967	3,131,184
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 22,320,838	22,189,771	22,258,794	22,006,140	19,880,533
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.49591341%	0.48900980%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,836,138	3,836,815
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 22,189,771	21,969,866
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.288%	17.464%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.12911%	0.0000%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

#### Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2040	2040 +
	 2019	2018 *
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 173,141	163,569
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 173,141	163,569
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 22,320,838	20,527,008
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.7757%	0.7968%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

### <u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

#### (2) Changes in benefit provisions

#### 2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

#### **OPEB Schedules**

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2023
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	0-1-1		
	Catalog of Federal		
Federal Grantor/	Domestic		
Pass-through Grantor/	Assistance	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Program Title	No.	Identifying Number	Expenditures
II C. Damanton and of Amrianultura			
U.S. Department of Agriculture  Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	195MS326N1099	\$ 660,970
National school lunch program	10.555	195MS326N1099	1,910,010
Summer food service program for children	10.559	195MS326N1099	3,458
Total child nutrition cluster			2,574,438
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,574,438
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,574,438
<u>U.S. Department of Defense</u> Direct Program:			
Flood control projects	12.106	N/A	396
Reserve officers' training corps	12.xxx	N/A	52,000
Total U.S. Department of Defense			52,396
Appalachian Regional Commission:			
Direct program:			
Appalachian Regional Development	23.002	N/A	81,545
Total Appalachian Regional Commission			81,545
U.S. Department of Interior			
Direct program:			
Payment in lieu of taxes  Total U.S. Department of Interior	15.226	N/A	79,813 79,813
Federal Communications Commission			19,013
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:			
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	N/A	30,240
Total Federal Communications Commission			30,240
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A180024	1,713,560
Career and Technical Education - grants to states	84.048	V048A180024	55,417
Twenty-first century community learning centers	84.287	ES287C180024	252,739
Rural education Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.358 84.367	ES358B180024 ES367A180023	168,597 255,232
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	ES424A180025	34,846
Subtotal			2,480,391
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A180108	1,068,712
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A180113	48,539
Total special education cluster  Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			1,117,251 3,597,642
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,597,642
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	1905MS5ADM	55,725
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			55,725
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			55,725
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 6,471,799

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

## (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the South Panola School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the South Panola School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the South Panola School District.

### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The South Panola School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### (4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$147,052 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 31,399,029 14,045,768	23,453,450 3,235,193	1,265,552 248,894	2,485,158 25,250	4,194,869 10,536,431
Total	\$ 45,444,797	26,688,643	1,514,446	2,510,408	14,731,300
Total number of students *	 4,224				
Cost per student	\$ 10,759	6,318	359	594	3,488

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

# Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 11,680,743	\$ 11,092,201	\$ 	\$ 10,929,132
State sources	22,303,086	21,050,138	21,020,456	21,225,060
Federal sources	192,969	224,146	783,946	201,517
Sixteenth section sources	 2,947	35,788	35,662	35,189
Total Revenues	 34,179,745	32,402,273	32,905,235	32,390,898
Expenditures:				
Instruction	18,903,894	19,032,263	20,096,008	19,545,727
Support services	13,331,447	13,976,640	12,890,493	13,673,126
Noninstructional services	1	-	61,219	93,311
Facilities acquisition and construction		35,675	1,508,597	4,156,093
Debt service:				
Principal	75,000	-	-	-
Interest	35,374	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	32,345,716	33,044,578	34,556,317	37,468,257
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 1,834,029	(642,305)	(1,651,082)	(5,077,359)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	24,123	60,295	1,500,512	5,776,865
Sale of transportation equipment	893	3,526	1,673	518
Operating transfers in	296,855	1,274,263	352,304	332,574
Operating transfers out	(1,209,451)	(1,113,632)	(1,211,330)	(1,281,053)
Other financing uses		-	-	(4,154)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(887,580)	224,452	643,159	4,824,750
Net Change in Fund Balances	946,449	(417,853)	(1,007,923)	(252,609)
Not onlying in Fund Dalances	340,443	(417,000)	(1,007,323)	(232,003)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period	 3,648,216	4,066,069	5,073,992	5,326,601
End of Period	\$ 4,594,665	\$ 3,648,216	\$ 4,066,069	\$ 5,073,992

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

# Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	12,692,577	\$ 13,102,357	\$ 12,685,890	\$ 12,480,771
State sources		23,321,206	22,321,308	22,329,997	22,536,158
Federal sources		6,471,799	6,008,198	6,788,770	6,231,985
Sixteenth section sources		3,439	35,943	37,028	35,273
Total Revenues		42,489,021	41,467,806	41,841,685	41,284,187
Expenditures:					
Instruction		23,682,147	22,660,900	24,085,083	23,252,209
Support services		14,659,929	15,289,938	14,254,464	15,049,126
Noninstructional services		2,514,894	2,659,946	2,890,066	2,829,868
Sixteenth section		-	-	938	2,600
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		3,696,612	659,888	2,413,600	7,605,147
Principal		540,000	2,064,104	2,069,271	2,029,625
Interest		264,948	175,404	213,889	125,207
Other		86,267	6,300	3,200	35,962
Total Expenditures		45,444,797	43,516,480	45,930,511	50,929,744
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	(2,955,776)	(2,048,674)	(4,088,826)	(9,645,557)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds of loans		-	3,100,000	-	4,600,000
Inception of capital leases		3,000,000	-	-	-
Insurance recovery		24,123	60,295	1,500,512	5,776,865
Sale of transportation equipment		893	3,526	1,673	518
Sale of other property		-	-	-	300
Operating transfers in		2,017,829	3,273,345	1,823,660	1,613,627
Operating transfers out		(2,017,829)	(3,273,345)	(1,823,660)	(1,613,627)
Other financing uses			-	-	(33,899)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,025,016	3,163,821	1,502,185	10,343,784
Net Change in Fund Balances		69,240	1,115,147	(2,586,641)	698,227
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period		11,840,913	10,732,789	13,320,041	12,637,680
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		23,430	(7,023)	(611)	(15,866)
End of Period	\$	11,933,583	\$ 11,840,913	\$ 10,732,789	\$ 13,320,041

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

## Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the South Panola School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2019.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Panola School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Panola School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the South Panola School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

November 22, 2019

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the South Panola School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the South Panola School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. South Panola School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the South Panola School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the South Panola School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the South Panola School District's compliance.

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the South Panola School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the South Panola School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the South Panola School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Panola School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

November 22, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATION	S

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise South Panola School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

November 22, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:					
1.	Type of auditor's report issued:			Unmodified	
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:				
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No	
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	d?	None reported	
3.	Noncor	Ioncompliance material to financial statements noted?		No	
Federal Awards:					
4.	4. Internal control over major programs:				
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No	
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	d?	None reported	
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unmodified		
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		No		
7.	Identification of major programs:				
	CFDA Numbers Name of Fede		Name of Federal Program or Clus	leral Program or Cluster	
	84.010 Title I – grants to local education		l agencies		
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$750,000		
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes		
10.	Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).		No		

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

## Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.