

The following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor, but was prepared by and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor by a private CPA firm. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-wide Financial Statements	13
Exhibit A – Statement of Net Position	14
Exhibit B – Statement of Activities	15
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit C – Balance Sheet	16
Exhibit C-1 – Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance	
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	17
Exhibit D – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	18
Exhibit D-1 – Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of	
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	19
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit E – Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	20
Exhibit E – Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	21
Notes to the Financial Statements	22
DEGLUDED GUEDI EMENTADY INFORMATION	
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	46
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	47
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Title I Fund	48
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – IDEA Part B Fund	49
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Educator In Residence Fund	50
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	51
Schedule of the District Contributions (PERS)	52
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	53
Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB)	54
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	55
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	58
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	59
Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds	61
Concadic of instructional, Administrative and Other Experiatores Governmental Funds	01
OTHER INFORMATION	62
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund,	-
Last Four Years	63
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All	
Governmental Funds, Last Four Years	64
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE	65
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting	
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	66
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program;	
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	68
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS	
AND REGULATIONS	70
COLIED III E OF FINDINGS AND OLIFOTIONED COSTS	70
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	72

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



521 Chuck Wagon Drive
Brandon, MS 39042
(Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Sunflower County Consolidated School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sunflower County Consolidated School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sunflower County Consolidated School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sunflower County Consolidated School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's

discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 4-12 and 46-54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Sunflower County Consolidated School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2020, on our consideration of the Sunflower County Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sunflower County Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Sunflower County Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi March 13, 2020 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The following discussion and analysis of Sunflower County Consolidated School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 increased \$2,144, including a prior period adjustment of (\$500,097), which represents a .01% increase from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$4,460,577, including a prior period adjustment of (\$3,692,304), which represents a 26% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$30,336,847 and \$29,772,954, or 76% and 75% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$9,546,388, or 24% of total revenues for 2019, and \$10,141,144, or 25% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$39,380,994 and \$40,682,371 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$9,546,388 for 2019 and \$10,141,144 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$30,336,847 for 2019 were adequate to provide for these programs and \$29,772,954 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$28,641,741 in revenues and \$27,075,822 in expenditures for 2019, and \$28,089,588 in revenues and \$27,697,780 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,105,729 from 2018 to 2019, including a prior period adjustment of (\$850), and decreased by \$2,036,488 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$1,260,128 for 2019 and increased by \$2,227,524 for 2018. The increase for 2019 was due to the additions of completed construction, mobile equipment, and furniture and equipment.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$331,975 for 2019 and increased by \$561,506 for 2018. The
 decrease for 2019 was due primarily to the payment of principal payments. The liability for
 compensated absences increased by \$2,689 for 2019 and decreased by \$12,962 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability results in a liability on the government-wide financial statements but is not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$21,892,653 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Percentage	<u>e</u>
Current assets	\$ 19,187,827	\$ 17,319,411	10.79	%
Restricted assets	93,916	2,153,647	(95.64)	%
Capital assets, net	 16,588,895	 15,328,767	8.22	%
Total assets	 35,870,638	34,801,825	3.07	%
Deferred outflows of resources	5,054,966	 5,588,946	(9.55)	%
Current liabilities	198,596	481,654	(58.77)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	2,286,675	2,618,650	(12.68)	%
Net OPEB liability	3,612,117	3,838,548	(5.90)	%
Net pension liability	 54,379,835	52,834,299	2.93	%
Total liabilities	60,477,223	59,773,151	1.18	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 2,341,034	 2,512,417	(6.82)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	14,766,352	14,829,056	(0.42)	%
Restricted	3,337,304	3,024,713	10.33	%
Unrestricted	 (39,996,309)	 (39,748,566)	(0.62)	%
Total net position	\$ (21,892,653)	\$ (21,894,797)	0.01	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (39,996,309)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability, including the deferred outflows and	
deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB liability	55,278,020
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 15,281,711

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$1,260,128.
- The principal retirement of \$334,664 of long-term debt.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$54,379,835.
- Recognition of the net OPEB liability in the amount of \$3,612,117.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$39,883,235 and \$39,914,098, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$39,380,994 for 2019 and \$40,682,371 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2019	 Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentage Change	
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 601,118	\$ 677,087	(11.22) %	%
Operating grants and contributions	8,945,270	9,464,057	(5.48) %	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	9,821,936	9,525,313	3.11 %	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	18,306,918	18,601,241	(1.58) %	%
Investment earnings	202,099	228,259	(11.46) %	%
Sixteenth section sources	790,175	848,793	(6.91) %	%
Other	 1,215,719	 569,348	113.53 %	%
Total revenues	 39,883,235	 39,914,098	(0.08) %	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	15,397,589	15,341,543	0.37 %	%
Support services	16,357,822	16,818,071	(2.74) %	%
Non-instructional	2,519,400	2,607,776	(3.39) %	%
Sixteenth section	-	1,107	(100.00) %	%
Pension expense	4,852,744	5,605,407	(13.43) %	%
OPEB expense	169,322	213,089	(20.54) %	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 84,117	 95,378	(11.81) %	%
Total expenses	 39,380,994	 40,682,371	(3.20) %	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 502,241	 (768,273)	165.37 %	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(21,894,797)	(17,434,220)	(25.59) %	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 (500,097)	 (3,692,304)	86.46 %	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (22,394,894)	 (21,126,524)	(6.00) %	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (21,892,653)	\$ (21,894,797)	0.01 %	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	Percentage		
		2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$	15,397,589	\$	15,341,543	0.37 %
Support services		16,357,822		16,818,071	(2.74) %
Non-instructional		2,519,400		2,607,776	(3.39) %
Sixteenth section		-		1,107	(100.00) %
Pension expense		4,852,744		5,605,407	(13.43) %
OPEB expense		169,322		213,089	(20.54) %
Interest on long-term liabilities		84,117		95,378	(11.81) %
Total expenses	\$ 39,380,994 \$ 40,682,37		40,682,371	(3.20) %	
		Not (Evne	noo\	Povenue	Doroontogo
		Net (Expe	nse)		Percentage
	_	2019	_	2018	Change
Instruction	\$	(13,326,108)	\$	(12,852,977)	(3.68) %
Support services		(11,770,219)		(12,360,644)	4.78 %
Non-instructional		367,904		587,375	(37.36) %
Sixteenth section		-		(1,107)	100.00 %
Pension expense		(4,852,744)		(5,605,407)	13.43 %
OPEB expense		(169,322)		(213,089)	20.54 %
		(100,022)		(213,009)	20.04 /0
Interest on long-term liabilities		(84,117)		(95,378)	11.81 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$29,834,606 for 2019 and \$30,541,227 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$9,821,936 for 2019 and \$9,525,313 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$18,306,918 for 2019 and \$18,601,241 for 2018). In addition, there was \$790,175 and \$848,793 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$202,099 for 2019 and \$228,259 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$19,110,570, an increase

of \$91,933, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$522,910) and a decrease in inventory of \$4,439. \$11,694,406, or 61% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$7,416,164, or 39% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,105,729, including a prior period adjustment of (\$850). The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of (\$1,013,674), which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$522,060) and a decrease in inventory of \$4,439. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Basic Fund	No increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	\$ (122)
Educator In Residence Fund	No increase or decrease

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the fiscal year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared to total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$34,090,573, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and leased property under capital leases. This amount represents a gross increase of \$1,677,887 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$17,501,678, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$819,698, resulting in total net capital assets of \$16,588,895.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Percentaç Change	-
Land	\$ 469,504	\$ 469,504	-	%
Construction in progress	-	2,426,525	(100.00)	%
Buildings	11,536,379	9,477,323	21.73	%
Building improvements	2,562,866	1,007,496	154.38	%
Improvements other than buildings	75,459	78,136	(3.43)	%
Mobile equipment	1,555,502	1,541,923	0.88	%
Furniture and equipment	 389,185	327,860	18.70	%
Total	\$ 16,588,895	\$ 15,328,767	8.22	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$2,286,675 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$340,534 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$334,664 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$2,689 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018	Percenta Change	_
Three mill notes payable	\$	337,000	\$	495,000	(31.92)	%
Obligations under energy efficiency leases		1,834,471		2,011,135	(8.78)	%
Compensated absences payable		115,204		112,515	2.39	%
Total	\$	2,286,675	\$	2,618,650	(12.68)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Sunflower County Consolidated School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Sunflower County Consolidated School District, 196 N Martin Luther King Dr., Indianola, MS 38751.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position Exhibit A June 30, 2019

Suns 33, 23.3	(Governmental Activities
Assets	•	Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,682,741
Due from other governments		1,457,621
Inventories		47,465
Restricted assets		93,916
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		,
Land		469,504
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		,
Buildings		11,536,379
Building improvements		2,562,866
Improvements other than buildings		75,459
Mobile equipment		1,555,502
Furniture and equipment		389,185
Total Assets		35,870,638
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - pensions		4,786,011
Deferred outflows - OPEB		268,955
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,054,966
Liabilities	•	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		171,173
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		27,423
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		
Capital related liabilities		169,774
Non-capital related liabilities		170,760
Net OPEB liability		154,259
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		
Capital related liabilities		1,664,697
Non-capital related liabilities		281,444
Net pension liability		54,379,835
Net OPEB liability		3,457,858
Total Liabilities		60,477,223
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows - pensions		1,928,675
Deferred inflows - OPEB		412,359
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,341,034
Net Position		44 700 050
Net investment in capital assets		14,766,352
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		0.440.704
School-based activities		2,148,791
Debt service		298,256
Capital improvements		719,059
Forestry improvements		7,730
Unemployment benefits		81,480
Non-expendable:		04 000
Sixteenth section		81,988
Unrestricted	_	(39,996,309)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$	(21,892,653)

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit B

Net (Expense)

			I	Program Reveni	ues		Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating		Capital	
		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 15,397,589	\$ 429,562	\$	1,641,919	\$	-	\$ (13,326,108)
Support services	16,357,822	57,427		4,530,176		-	(11,770,219)
Non-instructional	2,519,400	114,129		2,773,175		-	367,904
Sixteenth section	-	-		-		-	-
Pension expense	4,852,744	-		-		-	(4,852,744)
OPEB expense	169,322	-		-		-	(169,322)
Interest on long-term liabilities	84,117	-		-			(84,117)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 39,380,994	\$ 601,118	\$	8,945,270	\$	-	\$ (29,834,606)

General Revenues:

Taxes:	
General purpose levies	9,599,723
Debt purpose levies	222,213
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	17,877,114
Federal	429,804
Unrestricted investment earnings	202,099
Sixteenth section sources	790,175
Other	 1,215,719
Total General Revenues	 30,336,847
Change in Net Position	 502,241
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	(21,894,797)
Prior Period Adjustments	 (500,097)
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	(22,394,894)
Net Position (deficit) - Ending	\$ (21,892,653)

Balance Sheet
June 30, 2019

		Major F	und	S			
		Title I		IDEA	Educator In	Other	Total
	General	Basic		Part B	Residence	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,672,443	-		-		\$ 3,060,495	17,732,938
Cash with fiscal agents				-		11,928	11,928
Investments						31,791	31,791
Due from other governments	243,298	453,110		197,576	164,723	281,857	1,340,564
Due from other funds	976,471	-				75,493	1,051,964
Advance to other funds	75,000			-		-	75,000
Inventories		-				47,465	47,465
Total assets	\$ 15,967,212	\$ 453,110	\$	197,576	\$ 164,723	\$ 3,509,029	20,291,650
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 158,297	222		234		\$ 12,420	171,173
Due to other funds		452,888		197,342	164,723	194,954	1,009,907
Total Liabilities	158,297	453,110		197,576	164,723	207,374	1,181,080
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory		-				47,465	47,465
Permanent fund principal				-		81,988	81,988
Advances	75,000						75,000
Restricted:							
Debt service						325,679	325,679
Capital projects		-				730,987	730,987
Forestry improvement purposes						7,730	7,730
Grant activities						2,026,326	2,026,326
Unemployment benefits						81,480	81,480
Assigned:							
Activity funds	80,904						80,904
School based activities	3,958,605						3,958,605
Unassigned	11,694,406					-	11,694,406
Total Fund Balances	15,808,915	-		-	-	3,301,655	19,110,570
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 15,967,212	\$ 453,110	\$	197,576	\$ 164,723	\$ 3,509,029	20,291,650

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of N June 30, 2019		Exhibit C-1	
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	19,110,570	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:			
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 			
Land	\$ 469,504		
Buildings	23,589,779		
Building improvements	3,279,469		
Improvements other than buildings	257,687		
Mobile equipment	4,037,806		
Furniture and equipment	2,456,328		
Accumulated depreciation	(17,501,678)		16,588,895
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Net pension liability	(54,379,835)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	4,786,011		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,928,675)		(51,522,499)
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		•	
Net OPEB liability	(3,612,117)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	268,955		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(412,359)		(3,755,521)
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Notes payable	(337,000)		
Energy efficiency leases	(1,834,471)		
Compensated absences	(115,204)		
Accrued interest payable	(27,423)		(2,314,098)
Net Position of governmental activities		\$	(21,892,653)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit D

			Major Fund	ds				
	<u> </u>		Title I	IDEA	Educator In	_	Other	Total
		General	Basic	Part B	Residence		Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund		Funds	Funds
Revenues:	<u> </u>							
Local sources	\$	10,383,692	\$ - \$		\$ -	\$	1,391,944	\$ 11,775,636
State sources		16,986,310			162,562		2,018,400	19,167,272
Federal sources		429,804	2,799,898	1,101,021	233,749		3,520,445	8,084,917
Sixteenth section sources		841,935		=			834	842,769
Total Revenues		28,641,741	2,799,898	1,101,021	396,311		6,931,623	39,870,594
Expenditures:								
Instruction		14,801,092	451,599	282,094	-		2,144,552	17,679,337
Support services		12,258,377	1,954,411	779,506	396,311		2,232,937	17,621,542
Noninstructional services		16,353	173,114				1,676,703	1,866,170
Facilities acquisition and construction			-				1,675,932	1,675,932
Debt service:								
Principal							334,664	334,664
Interest							83,814	83,814
Other							113	113
Total Expenditures		27,075,822	2,579,124	1,061,600	396,311		8,148,715	39,261,572
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures		1,565,919	220,774	39,421	-		(1,217,092)	609,022
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Insurance recovery		12,641					-	12,641
Sale of other property		3,258					1,811	5,069
Operating transfers in		749,947	-	-			1,466,764	2,216,711
Operating transfers out		(1,217,736)	(220,774)	(39,543)			(738,658)	(2,216,711)
Other financing uses		(7,450)					-	(7,450)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(459,340)	(220,774)	(39,543)			729,917	10,260
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,106,579	-	(122)	-		(487,175)	619,282
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2018, as previously reported		14,703,186	-	122	-		4,315,329	19,018,637
Prior period adjustments		(850)					(522,060)	(522,910)
July 1, 2018, as restated		14,702,336	-	122	-		3,793,269	18,495,727
Increase (Decrease) in inventory		-	-				(4,439)	(4,439)
June 30, 2019	\$	15,808,915	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$	3,301,655	\$ 19,110,570

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Exhibit D-1

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 619,282

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay \$ 2,087,112

Depreciation expense (819,698) 1,267,414

In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.

(30,099)

3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:

Payments of debt principal 334,664
Accrued interest payable (190) 334,474

4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:

Pension expense (4,852,744)

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 3,184,813 (1,667,931)

5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:

OPEB expense (169,322)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 155,551 (13,771)

6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:

Change in compensated absences (2,689)
Change in inventory (4,439) (7,128)

Change in Net Position of governmental activities

\$ 502,241

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

Exhibit E

		Private-Purpose Trust Funds		Agency Funds
Assets	-			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,117		1,633,666
Total Assets		1,117	\$	1,633,666
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-	\$	1,511,698
Advances from other funds				75,000
Due to other funds				42,057
Due to student clubs				4,911
Total Liabilities		-	\$	1,633,666
Net Position				
Reserved for endowments				
Held in trust		1,117		
Total Net Position	\$	1,117		

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit F

	ate-Purpose ust Funds
Additions	
Interest on investments	\$ 36
Total Additions	36
Deductions	
Scholarships awarded	 2,506
Total Deductions	2,506
Change in Net Position	(2,470)
Net Position	
July 1, 2018	 3,587
June 30, 2019	\$ 1,117

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Sunflower County Consolidated School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
 by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Basic Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

IDEA Part B Fund – This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal sources received and expenditures incurred under the IDEA Part B grant.

Educator In Residence Fund – This is a special revenue fund that accounts for state and federal sources received and expenditures incurred under the Educator in Residence grant.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for non-payroll type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> – Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$ 0	0	
Buildings	50,000	40 years	
Building improvements	25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years	

See Note 5 for details.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred a deferred outflow which is presented as a deferred outflow related to pensions and OPEB. See Note 13 for further details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred a deferred inflow which is presented as a deferred inflow related to pensions and OPEB. See Note 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy. There are no assigned fund balances during the current fiscal year.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 10% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund

balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$17,732,938 and \$1,634,783, respectively. The carrying amount of deposits reported in the government-wide financial statements included cash and cash equivalents of \$17,682,741 and a portion of restricted assets in the amount of \$50,197 (see Note 4).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$20,605,379 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$11,928.

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	(in years)		Fair Value
Certificates of deposit	N/A	2	\$	31,791
Total			\$	31,791

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has Level 1 inputs for June 30, 2019.

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 452,888
General Fund	IDEA Part B Fund	197,342
General Fund	Educator In Residence Fund	164,723
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	119,461
General Fund	Fiduciary Funds	42,057
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	75,493
Total		\$ 1,051,964

The primary purpose of the inter-fund balances is to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows.

B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Fiduciary Funds	\$ 75,000
Total		\$ 75,000

The primary purpose of the advance was to loan funds to the fiduciary funds.

C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 1,217,736
Title I Basic Fund	General Fund	1,788
Title I Basic Fund	Other governmental funds	218,986
EHA Part B Fund	General Fund	39,543
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	708,616
Other Governmental Funds	Other governmental funds	30,042
Total		\$ 2,216,711

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, the transfer of expendable sixteenth section sources, unemployment compensation transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance and investments totaling \$50,197 and \$31,791 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, restricted assets also represent the cash with fiscal agent balance totaling \$11,928 of the Energy Lease Project.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance			Completed		Balance
	_	7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Construction	Adjustments	6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:							
Non-depreciable capital assets:							
Land	\$	469,504 \$	-	\$ - (\$ -	\$ - \$	469,504
Construction in progress		2,426,525	1,675,932	-	(4,102,457)	-	_
Total non-depreciable capital assets		2,896,029	1,675,932	-	(4,102,457)	-	469,504
Depreciable capital assets:							
Buildings		21,163,254	-	-	2,426,525	=	23,589,779
Building improvements		1,603,537	=	-	1,675,932	-	3,279,469
Improvements other than buildings		257,687	=	-	-	-	257,687
Mobile equipment		4,010,270	255,446	227,910	-	-	4,037,806
Furniture and equipment		2,481,909	155,734	181,315	=	=	2,456,328
Total depreciable capital assets		29,516,657	411,180	409,225	4,102,457	-	33,621,069
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		11,685,931	367,469	-	-	-	12,053,400
Building improvements		596,041	120,562	-	-	-	716,603
Improvements other than buildings		179,551	2,677	-	-	-	182,228
Mobile equipment		2,468,347	219,076	205,119	-	-	2,482,304
Furniture and equipment		2,154,049	109,914	174,007	=	(22,813)	2,067,143
Total accumulated depreciation		17,083,919	819,698	379,126	=	(22,813)	17,501,678
Total depreciable capital assets, net		12,432,738	(408,518)	30,099	4,102,457	22,813	16,119,391
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	15,328,767 \$	1,267,414	\$ 30,099	\$ -	\$ 22,813 \$	16,588,895

Adjustments were made to properly present capital assets at year end.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amoun	
Governmental activities:		
Instruction	\$	340,479
Support services		443,051
Non-instructional		36,168
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	819,698

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

						Amounts
		Balance			Balance	due within
		7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2019	one year
Α.	Three mill notes payable	495,000	-	158,000	337,000	165,000
В.	Obligations under energy efficiency leases	2,011,135		176,664	1,834,471	169,774
C.	Compensated absences payable	112,515	2,689		115,204	5,760
	Total	\$ 2,618,650 \$	2,689 \$	334,664 \$	2,286,675 \$	340,534

A. Three mill notes payable

Three mill notes payable currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Limited Tax Notes, Series 2011	4.05%	5/17/2011	5/17/2021	1,064,000	337,000
Total				\$ 1,064,000	\$ 337,000

This debt will be retired from the note payable debt service funds.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	165,000	13,649	178,649
2021	 172,000	6,967	178,967
Total	\$ 337,000 \$	20,616 \$	357,616

B. Obligations under energy efficiency leases

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Energy efficiency lease	4.68%	8/14/2007	6/1/2022	\$ 1,000,226	\$ 257,179
Energy efficiency lease	3.70%	3/28/2018	1/1/2033	1,675,932	1,577,292
Total				\$ 2,676,158	\$ 1,834,471

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

		Interest and	
Year Ending		Maintenance	
June 30	Principal	Charges	Total
2020	81,755	12,298	94,053
2021	85,664	8,388	94,052
2022	89,760	4,292	94,052
Total	\$ 257,179 \$	24,978 \$	282,157

An energy efficient lease agreement dated August 14, 2007, was executed by and between the district, the lessee, and Sun Trust Leasing Corporation, the lessor.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$1,000,226 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the lease shall be made from the Energy Lease Debt Service Fund and not exceed fifteen (15) years.

The district entered into this energy efficiency lease agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the lessor, the lessee has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

		Interest and	
Year Ending		Maintenance	
June 30	Principal	Charges	Total
2020	88,019	58,360	146,379
2021	91,275	55,103	146,378
2022	94,652	51,725	146,377
2023	98,155	48,224	146,379
2024	101,786	44,592	146,378
2025-2029	568,805	163,605	732,410
2030-2033	 534,600	50,397	584,997
Total	\$ 1,577,292 \$	472,006 \$	2,049,298
	•		

Total energy efficiency lease payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 169,774 \$	70,658 \$	240,432
2021	176,939	63,491	240,430
2022	184,412	56,017	240,429
2023	98,155	48,224	146,379
2024	101,786	44,592	146,378
2025 - 2029	568,805	163,605	732,410
2030 - 2033	 534,600	50,397	584,997
Total	\$ 1,834,471 \$	496,984 \$	2,331,455

An energy efficient lease agreement dated March 28, 2018, was executed by and between the district, the lessee, and Sun Trust Leasing Corporation, the lessor.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$1,675,932 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the lease shall be made from the Energy Lease Debt Service Fund and not exceed fifteen (15) years.

The district entered into this energy efficiency lease agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the lessor, the lessee has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$3,184,813, \$3,288,324, and \$3,211,268, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$54,379,835 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.326940 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an increase of 0.009109 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,852,744. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,334,136	\$ 222,852
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,021,241
Changes of assumptions	31,192	30,014
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	235,870	654,568
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,184,813	
Total	\$ 4,786,011	\$ 1,928,675

\$3,184,813 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 771,019
2021	54,954
2022	(908,898)
2023	(244,552)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by

weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	 	 <u> </u>	
the net pension liability	\$ 71,602,639	\$ 54,379,835	\$ 40,065,412

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$155,551 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$3,612,117 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.46695332 percent. This was a decrease of 0.02227735 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$169,322. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 7,355	\$
Changes of assumptions		257,371
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	106,049	154,988
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	155,551	
Total	\$ 268,955	\$ 412,359

\$155,551 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$ (56,682)
2021	(56,682)
2022	(56,682)
2023	(56,682)
2024	(53,628)
Thereafter	(18,599)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	4.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2018 2017
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net	

40 McKenzie CPA, PLLC

of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date 3.89% Prior Measurement Date 3.56%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			(Jurrent	
	•	1% Decrease	[Discount	1% Increase
		(2.89%)	F	Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	4,003,943	\$	3,612,117	\$ 3,275,136

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			nealincare	
			Cost Trend	
			Rates	
	1	% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	3,346,015	\$ 3, 612,117	\$ 3,914,334

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
	_	
2020	\$	788,420
2021		325,758
2022		299,205
2023		53,307
2024-2030		8,728
2031-2085		24,000
Total	\$	1,499,418

Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
 Increase or decrease of a revenue or expenditure from a prior period To correct accumulated depreciation from a prior period 	\$ (522,910) 22,813
Total	\$ (500,097)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund Other governmental funds	Increase or decrease of a revenue or expenditure from a prior period Increase or decrease of a revenue or expenditure from a prior period	\$ (850) (522,060)
Total		\$ (522,910)

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 58 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess

to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 13 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$39,996,309) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$3,184,813 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$1,601,198 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as pension expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 4 years. The \$1,928,675 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$39,996,309) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$155,551 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources totaling \$113,404 will be recognized as OPEB expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years. The deferred inflows of resources totaling \$412,359 related to OPEB at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 14 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Sunflower County Consolidated School District received \$12,641 in insurance loss recoveries related to property damage during the 2018-2019 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services under support services.

Note 15 - Juvenile Detention Center Education Program

The Sunflower County Consolidated School District shares in the cost of the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center. This program was in accordance with Section 43-21-321, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) which states a sponsoring school district must provide educational services to youths detained in juvenile detention centers. It was approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Attala County School District, Carroll County School District, Coffeeville School District, Clarksdale Municipal School District, Coahoma County Agricultural High School, Coahoma County School District, East Tallahatchie School District, Greenwood Public School District, Holmes County Consolidated School District, Humphreys County School District, Kosciusko School District, Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, North Panola School District, Senatobia Municipal School District, South Panola School District, Sunflower County Consolidated School District, Tate County School District, Tunica County School District, Water Valley School District, West Tallahatchie Consolidated School District, Winona School District and Leflore County School District. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the juvenile detention center program. The Leflore County School District has been designated as the lead school district for the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center and the operations of the program are included in its financial statements.

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Sunflower County Consolidated School District evaluated the activity of the district through March 13, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Variances

						Positive	(Ne	gative)
	Budgete	ed A	mounts	Actual		Original		Final
	Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:								_
Local sources	\$ 10,258,920	\$	10,383,692	\$ 10,383,692	\$	124,772	\$	-
State sources	17,101,142		16,986,310	16,986,310		(114,832)		-
Federal sources	380,000		429,804	429,804		49,804		-
Sixteenth section sources	 879,361		841,934	841,935		(37,427)		1
Total Revenues	28,619,423		28,641,740	28,641,741		22,317		1
Expenditures:								
Instruction	15,353,088		14,801,092	14,801,092		551,996		-
Support services	12,490,549		12,258,377	12,258,377		232,172		-
Noninstructional services	11,000		16,353	16,353		(5,353)		-
Sixteenth section	1,020					1,020		-
Total Expenditures	27,855,657		27,075,822	27,075,822		779,835		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures	 763,766		1,565,918	1,565,919		802,152		1
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Insurance recovery			12,641	12,641		12,641		-
Sale of other property			3,258	3,258		3,258		-
Operating transfers in	331,570		749,948	749,947		418,378		(1)
Operating transfers out	(357,597)		(1,217,736)	(1,217,736)		(860,139)		-
Other financing uses	(8,061)		(7,450)	(7,450)		611		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (34,088)		(459,339)	(459,340)		(425,251)		(1)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 729,678		1,106,579	1,106,579		376,901		
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2018, as previously reported	14,703,186		14,703,186	14,703,186		-		
Prior Period Adjustment	-		-	(850)		-		(850)
July 1, 2018, as restated	14,703,186		14,703,186	14,702,336		-		(850)
June 30, 2019	\$ 15,432,864	\$	15,809,765	\$ 15,808,915	\$	376,901	\$	(850)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Basic Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Tot the Teat Ended Galle 60, 2010						Va	rianc	es
					_	Positive	e (Ne	egative)
	Budgete	ed Ar	mounts	Actual		Original		Final
	 Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:								
Federal sources	\$ 2,839,985	\$	3,758,721	\$ 2,799,898	\$	918,736	\$	(958,823)
Total Revenues	 2,839,985		3,758,721	2,799,898		918,736		(958,823)
Expenditures:								
Instruction	684,005		790,432	451,599		(106,427)		338,833
Support services	1,662,424		2,425,920	1,954,411		(763,496)		471,509
Noninstructional services	190,630		189,023	173,114		1,607		15,909
Total Expenditures	2,537,059		3,405,375	2,579,124		(868,316)		826,251
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures	 302,926		353,346	220,774		50,420		(132,572)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating transfers out	(302,926)		(353,346)	(220,774)		(50,420)		132,572
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(302,926)		(353,346)	(220,774)		(50,420)		132,572
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-	-		-		<u>-</u>
Fund Balances: July 1, 2018	 -		-	-		-		
June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variar	ices
					Positive (N	legative)
	Budgete	ed A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						_
Federal sources	\$ 1,387,599	\$	1,410,238	\$ 1,101,021 \$	22,639 \$	(309,217)
Total Revenues	1,387,599		1,410,238	1,101,021	22,639	(309,217)
Expenditures:						
Instruction	320,531		298,979	282,094	21,552	16,885
Support services	1,015,229		1,052,731	779,506	(37,502)	273,225
Noninstructional services	4,731		3,031		1,700	3,031
Total Expenditures	1,340,491		1,354,741	1,061,600	(14,250)	293,141
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	47,108		55,497	39,421	8,389	(16,076)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers out	(43,683)		(55,617)	(39,543)	(11,934)	16,074
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(43,683)		(55,617)	(39,543)	(11,934)	16,074
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,425		(120)	(122)	(3,545)	(2)
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2018	 -		-	122	-	122
June 30, 2019	\$ 3,425	\$	(120)	\$ - \$	(3,545) \$	120

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Educator In Residence Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

July 1, 2018

June 30, 2019

Positive (Negative) Original Final **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: State sources \$ 181,000 \$ 162,562 \$ 162,562 \$ (18,438) \$ Federal sources 410,587 233,749 233,749 (176,838)Total Revenues 591,587 396,311 396,311 (195, 276)**Expenditures:** Instruction Support services 591,587 396,311 396,311 195,276 396,311 396,311 195,276 **Total Expenditures** 591,587 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances:

Sunflower County Consolidated School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	_	0.326940%	0.317831%	0.326690%	0.315338%	0.343087%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	54,379,835 \$	52,834,299 \$	58,354,991 \$	48,745,036 \$	41,633,919
District's covered payroll	\$	20,878,248 \$	20,389,003 \$	20,899,168 \$	19,701,130 \$	20,964,400
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		260.4617%	259.1314%	279.2216%	247.4225%	198.5934%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		63%	61%	57%	62%	67%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Sunflower County Consolidated School District Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of District Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,184,813 \$	3,288,324 \$	3,211,268	3,291,619	3,102,928
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,184,813	3,288,324	3,211,268	3,291,619	3,102,928
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	\$	-		
District's covered payroll	20,221,035	20,878,248	20,389,003	20,899,168	19,701,130
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Sunflower County Consolidated School District Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.46695332%	0.48923067%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,612,117 \$	3,838,548
District's covered-employee payroll	21,119,981	21,979,789
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Sunflower County Consolidated School District Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	155,551	\$ 163,643
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		155,551	163,643
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	0	\$ 0
District's covered-employee payroll		20,221,035	20,878,248
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.77%	0.78%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age
Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 5.00%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2023

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

pension plan investment expense, 3.5

including price inflation

3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Sunflower County Consolidated School District Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Catalog of Federal Domestic	Pass-through Entity Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance No.	Number	Expenditures
 <u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: 			
School breakfast program National school lunch program Summer Food Service Program for Children Total child nutrition cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.555	195MS326N1099 195MS326N1099 195MS326N1099	\$ 681,904 1,907,697 51,738 2,641,339 2,641,339 2,641,339
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies Career and technical education - basic grants to states Educator in Residence Rural Education Supporting Effective Instruction state grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Subtotal Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states Special education - preschool grants Total special education cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education	84.048 84.357 84.358 84.367 84.424	ES010A180024 V048A180024 ES358B180024 ES367A180023 ES424A180025 H027A170108 H173A170113	2,978,143 53,220 233,749 25,528 429,933 50,261 3,770,834 1,101,021 22,307 1,123,328 4,894,162
Total U.S. Department of Education			4,894,162
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Medical assistance program Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Social Security Administration Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:		1805MS5ADM	56,047 56,047 56,047
Social Security Disability Insurance Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Ser Total Social Security Administration		04-19-04MSDI00	1,316 1,316 1,316
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 7,592,864

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Sunflower County Consolidated School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Sunflower County Consolidated School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Sunflower County Consolidated School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Sunflower County Consolidated School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

<u>Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds</u>

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures		Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other	
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$	28,127,176 11,134,396	20,154,165 3,446,300	1,757,979 422,985	2,187,215 39,498	4,027,817 7,225,613	
Total	\$	39,261,572	23,600,465	2,180,964	2,226,713	11,253,430	
Total number of students *	-	3,792					
Cost per student	\$	10,354	6,224	575	587	2,968	

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 10,383,692	\$ 10,053,895	\$ 9,757,242	\$ 9,040,742
State sources	16,986,310	16,757,687	17,784,986	18,166,971
Federal sources	429,804	361,696	634,573	472,040
Sixteenth Section sources	 841,935	916,310	964,030	859,088
Total Revenues	 28,641,741	28,089,588	29,140,831	28,538,841
Expenditures:				
Instruction	14,801,092	14,983,187	15,453,354	14,906,407
Support services	12,258,377	12,700,900	12,881,133	11,936,216
Noninstructional services	16,353	12,586	11,945	10,509
Facilities acquisition and construction		1,107	219	-
Sixteenth section	-	-	-	5
Total Expenditures	27,075,822	27,697,780	28,346,651	26,853,137
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	1,565,919	391,808	794,180	1,685,704
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	12,641	1,459	1,263	189,557
Sale of transportation equipment	-	-	75	2,872
Sale of other property	3,258	-	24,000	3,690
Other financing uses	-	-	-	(2,964)
Operating transfers in	749,947	253,363	215,258	239,835
Operating transfers out	(1,217,736)	(2,674,281)	(409,578)	(142,246)
Other financing sources	(7,450)	(8,837)	(1,806)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (459,340)	(2,428,296)	(170,788)	290,744
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,106,579	(2,036,488)	623,392	1,976,448
Fund Balances:				
July 1, as previously reported	14,703,186	16,739,674	16,122,347	14,145,899
Prior period adjustments	(850)	-	(6,065)	-
July 1, as restated	14,702,336	16,739,674	16,116,282	14,145,899
End of Period	\$ 15,808,915	\$ 14,703,186	\$ 16,739,674	\$ 16,122,347

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 11,775,636 \$	10,930,328 \$	10,473,837 \$	9,838,831
State sources	19,167,272	19,719,149	20,664,597	20,869,895
Federal sources	8,084,917	8,346,148	9,978,877	11,224,030
Sixteenth section sources	 842,769	917,014	964,545	859,561
Total Revenues	 39,870,594	39,912,639	42,081,856	42,792,317
Expenditures:				
Instruction	17,397,243	17,547,930	19,600,528	19,637,842
Support services	17,124,130	17,674,238	17,445,395	17,253,800
Noninstructional services	2,645,676	2,822,080	2,875,191	3,000,996
Sixteenth section		1,107	219	5
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	1,675,932	2,426,525	-	-
Principal	334,664	1,101,464	1,057,066	1,127,822
Interest	83,814	77,978	119,485	160,824
Other	113	5,700	4,200	10,200
Total Expenditures	39,261,572	41,657,022	41,102,084	41,191,489
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		(, = , , ===)		
over (under) Expenditures	 609,022	(1,744,383)	979,772	1,600,828
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	12,641	1,459	1,263	189,557
Proceeds of loans		1,675,932	-	-
Sale of transportation equipment	-	-	75	2,872
Sale of other property	5,069	-	24,000	3,690
Operating transfers in	2,216,711	3,129,781	624,836	603,259
Operating transfers out	(2,216,711)	(3,129,781)	(624,836)	(603, 259)
Other financing uses	(7,450)	(8,837)	(1,806)	(4,177)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,260	1,668,554	23,532	191,942
Net Change in Fund Balances	 619,282	(75,829)	1,003,304	1,792,770
Fund Balances:				
July 1, as previously reported	19,018,637	19,074,699	18,072,390	16,287,520
Prior period adjustment	(522,910)	-	(6,043)	-
July 1, as restated	 18,495,727	19,074,699	18,066,347	16,287,520
-		•		
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 (4,439)	19,767	5,048	(7,900)
End of Period	\$ 19,110,570 \$	19,018,637 \$	19,074,699 \$	18,072,390

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



521 Chuck Wagon Drive
Brandon, MS 39042
(Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Sunflower County Consolidated School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sunflower County Consolidated School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Sunflower County Consolidated School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Sunflower County Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Sunflower County Consolidated School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sunflower County Consolidated School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Sunflower County Consolidated School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKernzie CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi March 13, 2020



521 Chuck Wagon Drive
Brandon, MS 39042
(Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Sunflower County Consolidated School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Sunflower County Consolidated School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Sunflower County Consolidated School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Sunflower County Consolidated School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Sunflower County Consolidated School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Sunflower County Consolidated School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Sunflower County Consolidated School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Sunflower County Consolidated School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Sunflower County Consolidated School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major

federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sunflower County Consolidated School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKernzie CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi March 13, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



521 Chuck Wagon Drive
Brandon, MS 39042
(Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Sunflower County Consolidated School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sunflower County Consolidated School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Sunflower County Consolidated School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi March 13, 2020 McKenzie CPA, PLLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fina	ancial St	atements:				
1.	Туре о	Unmodified				
2.	Interna					
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?		No		
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified	1?	None reported		
3.	Nonco	No				
Fed	eral Awa	ards:				
4.	Interna	l control over major programs:				
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No		
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?		None reported		
5.	5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:					
6.	6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?					
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:				
	<u>CFDA</u>	<u>Numbers</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>		
	84.027	; 84.173	Special Education Cluster			
	84.010	encies				
8.	Dollar	threshold used to distinguish betw	veen type A and type B programs:	\$750,000		
9.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?		No		
10.	Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of					

prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

SUNFLOWER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.