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TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB)

on pages 4-12 and 44-51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures of Additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 7, 2020, on our consideration of the Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's internal control over financial control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi February 7, 2020

McKenzie CPA, PLLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 increased \$364,144 including a prior period adjustment of \$194,520 which represents a 2% increase from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$5,344,836 including a prior period adjustment of (\$2,483,333), which represents a 56.31% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$24,558,745 and \$23,995,243, or 81.89% and 81.81% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$5,435,821, or 18.11% of total revenues for 2019, and \$5,336,975, or 18.19% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$29,824,942 and \$32,193,721 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$5,435,821 for 2019 and \$5,336,975 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$24,558,745 for 2019 are adequate to provide for these programs and \$23,995,243 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$24,113,340 in revenues and \$23,507,597 in expenditures for 2019, and \$23,571,044 in revenues and \$23,620,183 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$779,659 from 2018 to 2019 and increased by \$549,417 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$725,610 for 2019 and, decreased by \$732,178 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due to the addition and disposal of capital assets coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation and a prior period adjustment of 55,550.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$136,625 for 2019 and increased by \$104,064 for 2018. This
 decrease for 2019 was due primarily to the principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The
 liability for compensated absences increased by \$1,655 for 2019 and increased by \$5,195 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$14,472,741 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

	_	June 30, 2019	-	June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	
Current assets	\$	10,128,271	\$	9,262,852	9.34	%
Restricted assets		2,199,565		1,644,088	33.79	%
Capital assets, net	_	22,092,546		22,818,156	(3.18)	%
Total Assets	-	34,420,382	-	33,725,096	2.06	%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	3,411,104	-	4,507,827	(24.33)	%
Current liabilities		453,158		181,393	149.82	%
Long-term debt outstanding		5,616,845		5,751,815	(2.35)	%
Net OPEB liability		2,553,373		2,537,080	0.64	%
Net pension liability	_	40,829,786	_	42,690,039	(4.36)	%
Total Liabilities	-	49,453,162	-	51,160,327	(3.34)	%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	2,851,065	-	1,909,481	49.31	%
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		16,972,546		17,698,156	(4.10)	%
Restricted		3,218,392		2,757,006	16.74	%
Unrestricted	_	(34,663,679)	-	(35,292,047)	1.78	%
Total Net Position	\$ _	(14,472,741)	\$	(14,836,885)	2.45	%

Table 1Condensed Statement of Net Position

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Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$	(34,663,679)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net		
pension liability and net OPEB liability, including the deferred outflows and		
deferred inflows		42,823,120
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	-	
liability effect	\$	8,159,441

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$725,610.
- The decrease of \$136,625 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$29,994,566 and \$29,332,218, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$29,824,942 for 2019 and \$32,193,721 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2Changes in Net Position

		Year Ended June 30, 2019		Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	je
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	1,225,930	\$	1,121,854	9.28	%
Operating grants and contributions		4,199,009		4,215,121	(0.38)	%
Capital Grants and Contributions		10,882		-	N/A	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		7,697,601		6,921,168	11.22	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		16,420,490		16,810,676	(2.32)	%
Investment earnings		302,186		15,823	1,809.79	%
Other		138,468	_	247,576	(44.07)	%
Total revenues		29,994,566	_	29,332,218	2.26	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		15,569,834		16,199,973	(3.89)	%
Support services		9,224,982		9,013,909	2.34	%
Non-instructional		1,819,962		1,792,248	1.55	%
Pension expense		2,995,393		4,968,203	(39.71)	%
OPEB expense		133,691		134,437	(0.55)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	81,080		84,951	(4.56)	%
Total expenses		29,824,942	-	32,193,721	(7.36)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		169,624	-	(2,861,503)	105.93	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(14,836,885)		(9,492,049)	(56.31)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		194,520	_	(2,483,333)	107.83	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	1	(14,642,365)	_	(11,975,382)	(22.27)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$_	(14,472,741)	\$	(14,836,885)	2.45	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	Expe	enses	Percentage
	_	2019	_	2018	Change
Instruction	\$	15,569,834	\$	16,199,973	(3.89) %
Support services		9,224,982		9,013,909	2.34 %
Non-instructional		1,819,962		1,792,248	1.55 %
Pension expense		2,995,393		4,968,203	(39.71) %
OPEB expense		133,691		134,437	(0.55) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	81,080	_	84,951	(4.56) %
Total expenses	\$_	29,824,942	\$_	32,193,721	(7.36) %

	_	Net (Exper	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	_	2019	_	2018	Change
Instruction	\$	(11,868,350)	\$	(12,599,930)	5.81 %
Support services		(9,220,821)		(9,013,909)	(2.30) %
Non-instructional		(89,786)		(55,316)	(62.31) %
Pension expense		(2,995,393)		(4,968,203)	39.71 %
OPEB expense		(133,691)		(134,437)	0.55 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	(81,080)	-	(84,951)	4.56 %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$	(24,389,121)	\$	(26,856,746)	9.19 %

- Net cost of governmental activities ((\$24,389,121) for 2019 and (\$26,856,746) for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$7,697,601 for 2019 and \$6,921,168 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$16,420,490 for 2019 and \$16,810,676 for 2018).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$302,186 for 2019 and \$15,823 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11,951,822, an increase of \$1,193,158, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$160,137 and a decrease in inventory of \$2,157. \$8,656,285 or 72.43% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$3,295,537 or 27.57% is either non-spendable, restricted or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$779,659. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$99,300, which includes a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$2,157. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Part A Fund	no increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	no increase or decrease
QSCB Retirement Fund	314,199

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$43,131,188, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$280,726 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$21,038,642, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,116,680, resulting in total net capital assets of \$22,092,546.

	 lune 30, 2019	_	June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	je
Land	\$ 600,235	\$	600,235	0.00	%
Construction in progress	178,915		8,653	1,967.66	%
Buildings	15,815,703		16,349,503	(3.26)	%
Building improvements	3,144,175		3,311,305	(5.05)	%
Improvements other than buildings	446,750		470,236	(4.99)	%
Mobile equipment	1,649,871		1,838,358	(10.25)	%
Furniture and equipment	 256,897	_	239,866	7.10	%
Total	\$ 22,092,546	\$_	22,818,156	(3.18)	%

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$5,616,845 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$317,504 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$1,655 from the prior year.

Outstand		ble 5 Long-Term Debt				
		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	Change	•
Three mill notes payable	\$	2,120,000	\$	2,120,000	0.00	%
Obligations under capital leases		256,652		393,277	(34.74)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		3,000,000		3,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable	_	240,193	_	238,538	0.69	%
Total	\$	5,616,845	\$	5,751,815	(2.35)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial control is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District, 1620 Paul Edmondson Drive, luka, MS 38852.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

Exhibit A

June 30, 2019		Governmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,521,534
Due from other governments		563,804
Inventories		42,933
Restricted assets		2,199,565
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		
Land		600,235
Construction in progress		178,915
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		
Buildings		15,815,703
Building improvements		3,144,175
Improvements other than buildings		446,750
Mobile equipment		1,649,871
Furniture and equipment		256,897
Total Assets	_	34,420,382
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - pension		3,204,481
Deferred outflows - OPEB		206,623
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	3,411,104
Liabilities	-	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		372,865
Unearned revenue		3,149
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		77,144
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		,
Capital related liabilities		190,000
Non-capital related liabilities		127,504
Net OPEB liability		114,618
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		,
Capital related liabilities		4,930,000
Non-capital related liabilities		369,341
Net pension liability		40,829,786
Net OPEB liability		2,438,755
Total Liabilities	—	49,453,162
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	,
Deferred inflows - pension		2,669,133
Deferred inflows - OPEB		181,932
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	—	2,851,065
Net Position	_	· · ·
Net investment in capital assets		16,972,546
Restricted for:		10,012,010
Expendable:		
School-based activities		946,056
Debt service		2,217,075
Unemployment benefits		55,261
Unrestricted		(34,663,679)
Total Net Position	\$	(14,472,741)
	¥=	(,,)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the rear Ended Julie 30, 2013						Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	-	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:									
Instruction	\$	15,569,834	\$	832,894	\$	2,857,708	\$	10,882	\$ (11,868,350)
Support services		9,224,982		4,161		-		-	(9,220,821)
Non-instructional		1,819,962		388,875		1,341,301		-	(89,786)
Pension expense		2,995,393		-		-		-	(2,995,393)
OPEB expense		133,691		-		-		-	(133,691)
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	81,080	-	-		-	-		(81,080)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	29,824,942	\$	1,225,930	\$	4,199,009	\$	10,882	\$ (24,389,121)
					Ge	neral Revenues:			
					Т	axes:			
						General purpose	levi	es	7,212,844
						Debt purpose lev	ies		484,757
						Unrestricted grants	an	d contributions:	
						State			15,390,244
						Federal			1,030,246
						Unrestricted invest	mer	nt earnings	302,186
						Other			138,468
						Total General Re	even	ues	24,558,745
						Change in Net Pos	itior	١	169,624
						Net Position -	Beg	jinning, as	
						previously	rep	orted	(14,836,885)
						Prior Period Adju	stm	ent	194,520
						Net Position - Begi	nnir	ng, as restated	(14,642,365)
						Net Position - Endi	ng		\$ (14,472,741)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit B

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARTATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2019

	_		Majo	or Fu	unds				
	_		Title I				QSCB	Other	Total
		General	Part A	10	DEA Part E	3	Retirement	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,988,964	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 965,360	\$ 9,954,324
Investments		-	-		-		1,766,775	-	1,766,775
Due from other governments		245,928	166,636		79,438		-	71,802	563,804
Due from other funds		215,484	-		-		-	3,873	219,357
Inventories		-	-		-		-	42,933	42,933
Total Assets	\$	9,450,376	\$ 166,636	\$	79,438	\$	1,766,775	\$ 1,083,968	\$ 12,547,193
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	303,540	\$ 59,437	\$	207	\$	-	\$ 9,681	\$ 372,865
Due to other funds		-	105,756		77,525		-	36,076	219,357
Unearned revenue		-	1,443		1,706		-	-	3,149
Total Liabilities		303,540	166,636		79,438		-	45,757	595,371
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Inventory		-	-		-		-	42,933	42,933
Restricted:									
Debt service		-	-		-		1,766,775	527,444	2,294,219
Capital improvements		-	-		-		-	-	-
Ad Valorem		160,135	-		-		-	-	160,135
Unemployment benefits		-	-		-		-	55,261	55,261
Grant activities		-	-		-		-	410,132	410,132
Assigned:									
School Based activities		24,623	-		-		-	2,441	27,064
Student activities		305,793	-		-		-	-	305,793
Unassigned		8,656,285	-		-		-		8,656,285
Total Fund Balances		9,146,836	-		-		1,766,775	1,038,211	11,951,822
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	9,450,376	\$						

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Exhibit C

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARA Governmental Funds	TE SCHO	OL DISTRICT		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement June 30, 2019		Exhibit C-1		
Total fund balances for governmental funds			\$	11,951,822
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:				
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 				
Land	\$	600,235		
Construction in progress		178,915		
Buildings		29,436,041		
Building improvements		6,154,258		
Improvements other than buildings		1,221,496		
Mobile equipment		3,846,352		
Furniture and equipment		1,693,891		
Accumulated depreciation		(21,038,642)		22,092,546
 Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 				
Net pension liability		(40,829,786)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable t future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	0			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		3,204,481		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(2,669,133)		(40,294,438)
 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in th current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB liability 	ne	(2,553,373)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		206,623		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(181,932)		(2,528,682)
 Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in th current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: 	e			
Notes payable		(2,120,000)		
Capital lease obligations		(256,652)		
Qualified school construction bond		(3,000,000)		
Compensated absences		(240,193)		
Accrued interest payable		(77,144)		(5,693,989)
Net Position of governmental activities				(14,472,741)
The notes to the financial statements are an integral of	ort of this	statomont	Ψ=	(17,712,171)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the real Ended June 30, 2019		Major F	unds					
		Title I		IDEA	QSCB	•	Other	Total
	General	Part A		Part B	Retirement		Governmental	Governmental
	 Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund		Funds	Funds
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$ 8,406,514	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 99,253	\$	889,823	\$ 9,395,590
State sources	14,676,580	-		-	-		1,836,663	16,513,243
Federal sources	 1,030,246	839,416		679,766	-		1,546,631	4,096,059
Total Revenues	 24,113,340	839,416		679,766	99,253		4,273,117	30,004,892
Expenditures:								
Instruction	14,801,141	392,242		449,297			1,560,773	17,203,453
Support services	8,275,743	442,278		230,469	-		632,290	9,580,780
Noninstructional services	118,273	4,896		-	-		1,723,337	1,846,506
Facilities acquisition and construction	170,262	-		-	-		-	170,262
Debt service:								
Principal	136,625	-		-	-		-	136,625
Interest	 5,553	-		-	-		31,500	37,053
Total Expenditures	 23,507,597	839,416		679,766	-		3,947,900	28,974,679
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures	 605,743	-		-	99,253		325,217	1,030,213
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Insurance recovery	4,161						-	4,161
Payments held by escrow agent					214,946		-	214,946
Sale of other property	804						-	804
Operating transfers in	32,500						23,686	56,186
Operating transfers out	(23,686)						(32,500)	(56,186)
Payment to QSCB Debt Escrow							(214,946)	(214,946)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 13,779	-		-	214,946		(223,760)	4,965
Net Change in Fund Balances	 619,522	-		-	314,199		101,457	1,035,178
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2018, as previously reported	8,367,177				1,452,576		938,911	10,758,664
Prior period adjustments	 160,137			-			-	160,137
July 1, 2018, as restated	 8,527,314	-		-	1,452,576		938,911	10,918,801
Increase (Decrease) in inventory							(2,157)	(2,157)
June 30, 2019	\$ 9,146,836	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,766,775	\$	1,038,211	\$ 11,951,822

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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	TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPALSEPARATE S Governmental Funds	CHOOL DISTRICT	
Exp	conciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, penditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activitie the Year Ended June 30, 2019	25	Exhibit D-1
Net	change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,035,178
	ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are erent because:		
1.	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
	Capital outlay	\$ 350,811	
	Depreciation expense	(1,116,680)	(765,869)
	In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		(15,291)
	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
	Payments of debt principal	136,625	
	Accrued interest payable	(44,027)	92,598
4.	Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
	Pension expense	(2,995,393)	
	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,841,286	(154,107)
5.	Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
	OPEB expense	(133,691)	
0	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	114,618	(19,073)
	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
	Change in compensated absences	(1,655)	
	Change in inventory	(2,157)	(3,812)
Cha	ange in Net Position of governmental activities	\$	169,624

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and LiabilitiesExhibit EJune 30, 2019Exhibit E

Assets	 Agency Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,589,776
Total Assets	\$ 1,589,776
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,465,580
Due to student clubs	 124,196
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,589,776

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes

and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Part A Fund – This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the Title I program.

IDEA Part B Fund – This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the Special Education Program's IDEA, Part B federal grant.

QSCB Retirement Fund – This fund is used to account for the repayment of the District's qualified school construction bond.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund – This fund is used as a clearing account for salaries and related salary expenditures payable and the payment of those payables.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to account for the District's claims payable and the payment of those claims

Student Club Funds – These funds are used to account for activity of various student clubs in the District.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> – Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely

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custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

С.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	-	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings	·	50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

* The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of

net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district has incurred deferred outflows presented as deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district has incurred deferred inflows presented as deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB.

See Note 7, 8 and 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums, and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense,

information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is by resolution of the Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent and business manager pursuant to authorization established by the district's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by the Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with gualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interest in, any open-end or closedend management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with the financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$9,954,324 and \$1,589,776 respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$12,565,366 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value	
QSCB Construction Bonds Common Trust				
Funds 2012-A	N/A	Various	\$ <u>1,766,775</u>	<u>;</u>
Total			\$ 1,766,775	5

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurement as of June 30, 2019:

• QSCB Construction Bonds Common Trust Funds 2012-A type of investments of \$1,766,775 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. Of the district's investments in QSCB Construction Bonds Common Trust Funds 2012-A, \$1,766,775, of underlying securities are held by the investments counterparty, not in the name of the district.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments:

			% of Total
Issuer	_	Fair Value	Investments
QSCB Construction Bonds Common Trust Funds 2012-A	\$	1,766,775	100%

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I, Part A Fund	\$ 105,756
General Fund	IDEA Part B Fund	77,525
General Fund	Other governmental funds	32,203
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	3,873
Total	-	\$ 219,357

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal funds not received prior to year-end.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	23,686
Other governmental funds	General Fund	32,500
Total		\$ 56,186

The primary purpose of inter-fund transfers was to provide funds for daily operations. All transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash and investment balance, totaling \$2,199,565 of debt service funds whose balances may not be used except for their restricted purposes. Included in the restricted assets balance is the investments balance of \$1,766,775 of the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund. The remaining \$432,790 represents debt service funds whose balances are restricted for future debt services requirements.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

Governmental Activities: Non-depreciable capital assets:		Balance 7/1/2018		Increases		Decreases	Adjustments	Balance 6/30/2019
Land	\$	600,235	\$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	600,235
Construction in progress		8,653		170,262		-		178,915
Total non-depreciable				470.000				770 450
capital assets		608,888		170,262		-	-	779,150
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings		29,436,041		-		-	-	29,436,041
Building improvements		6,075,218		79,040		-	-	6,154,258
Improvements other								
than buildings		1,221,496		~~~~		-	-	1,221,496
Mobile equipment		3,890,573		69,227		113,448	-	3,846,352
Furniture and equipment		1,618,246		32,282		21,337	64,700	1,693,891
Total depreciable capital assets		42,241,574		180,549		134,785	64,700	42,352,038
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		13,086,538		533,800				13,620,338
Building improvements		2,763,913		246,170				3,010,083
Improvements other								
than buildings		751,260		23,486				774,746
Mobile equipment		2,052,215		242,636		98,370		2,196,481
Furniture and equipment		1,378,380		70,588		21,124	9,150	1,436,994
Total accumulated depreciation		20,032,306		1,116,680		119,494	9,150	21,038,642
Total depreciable capital assets,								
net		22,209,268		(936,131)		15,291	55,550	21,313,396
Governmental activities capital	¢	22,818,156 \$		(765.960)		15 201		22 002 546
assets, net	\$	22,818,156 \$) =	(765,869)		15,291	55.550	22,092,546
						Amount		
Governmental A	ctiviti	es:			-			
Instruction					\$	625,792		
Support servic	69				Ψ	411,879		
Non-instruction						79,009		
	iai	_			-	79,009		

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

Total Depreciation Expense

		Spent to		Remaining
	_	June 30, 2019	_	Commitment
Belmont Roofing Project	\$	178,915	\$	12,163
Total construction in progress	\$	178,915	\$	12,163

Construction projects are funded with District Maintenance funds.

31 McKenzie CPA, PLLC

\$

1,116,680

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

_		_	Balance 7/1/18		Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/19	Due within one year
A	Three mill notes payable	\$	2,120,000	\$	_	_	2,120,000	190,000
в	Obligations under	Ψ	2,120,000	Ψ	_	_	2,120,000	130,000
2	capital lease		393,277		-	136,625	256,652	127,504
С	Qualified school					·		·
	construction bond							
-	payable series 2009-B		3,000,000		-	-	3,000,000	-
D	Compensated							
	absences payable		238,538		1,655	-	240,193	-
		\$	5,751,815	\$	1,655	136,625	5,616,845	317,504

A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate(s)	Date	Date	lssued	Outstanding
Three mill note payable, series 2016	2.07%	07/01/16	07/01/26		· · · · ·
Total				\$ 2,500,000	\$ <u>2,120,000</u>

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Three mill notes payable issue of 07/01/16.

Year Ending				
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	
2020	\$ 190,000 \$	43,884 \$	233,884	
2021	195,000	39,951	234,951	
2022	195,000	35,915	230,915	
2023	200,000	31,878	231,878	
2024	200,000	27,738	227,738	
2025 – 2027	 1,140,000	53,199	1,193,199	
Total	\$ 2,120,000 \$	232,565 \$	2,352,565	

This debt will be retired from the 3 Mill 2016 Debt Fund.

B. Obligations under capital lease

The school district has entered into a lease agreement (Apple Lease 1) as lessee for financing the acquisition of iPads for the District's 1:1 Initiative at a cost of \$513,346 with a down payment of \$0. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes.

Description	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
1. Apple, Inc. Lease Total	1.29%	08/17/18	08/17/20 \$	513,346 513,346	256,652 \$256,652

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Apple, Inc. Lease dated 08/17/18

Year Ending	Interest and Maintenance					
June 30		Principal		Charges		Total
2020	\$	127,504	\$	3,311	\$	130,815
2021		129,148		1,666		130,814
Total	\$	256,652	\$	4,977	\$	261,629

The school district uses the straight-line method of amortization for the lease payments which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the difference between the effective interest method and the straight-line method is not considered material.

This debt will be retired from the Local Technology Fund.

C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 12, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction Bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description		Interest Rate	t	lssue Date	Maturity Date		Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Qualified school construction bond 2009-B Total	series	1.05%		12/04/09	0	9/15/24 \$ \$	3,000,000 3,000,000	·
Year Ending June 30 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 Total	\$3	Principal ,000,000 ,000,000	\$	Interest 31,500 31,500 31,500 31,500 31,500 31,500 189,000	\$	Total 31,50 31,50 31,50 31,50 31,50 3,031,50 3,189,00	00 00 00 00 00	

D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019, was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$2,841,286, \$2,468,961, and \$2,594,703, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$40,829,786 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.245475 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was a decrease of 0.011332

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,995,393. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
	-	
\$ 178,994	\$	172,118
24,092		
-		834,189
160,109		1,662,826
2,841,286		-
\$ 3,204,481	\$	2,669,133
·	of Resources \$ 178,994 24,092 - 160,109 2,841,286	of Resources \$ 178,994 \$ 24,092 - 160,109 2,841,286

\$2,841,286 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	(154,678)
2021	(572,589)
2022	(1,395,053)
2023	(183,618)
2024	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.25 - 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100.00	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 53,761,112	\$ 40,829,786	\$ 30,082,146

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$114,618 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$2,553,373 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums

contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.33008511 percent. This was an increase of 0.006729 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$133,691. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,200	\$
Changes of assumptions	-	181,932
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	- -
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	86,805	-
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	114,618	
Total	\$ 206,623	\$ 181,932

\$114,618 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$ (18,548)
2021	(18,548)
2022	(18,548)
2023	(18,548)
2024	(14,164)
Thereafter	(1,571)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	4.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

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Measurement Date	2018
Prior Measurement Date	2017
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net	
of OPEB plan investment expense,	
including inflation	
Measurement Date	3.89%
Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Health Care Cost Trends	

Medicare Supplement Claims	7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an
Pre-Medicare	ultimate rate of 4.75 percent by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56 percent to 3.89 percent.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

			[Discount	
	1	% Decrease	F	Rate	1% Increase
		(2.89%)	(3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,830,350	\$	2,553,373	\$ 2,315,163

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare						
			Cost Trend				
	1% Decrease		Rates Current		1% Increase		
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 2,365,267	\$	2,553,373	\$	2,767,007		

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

Note 9 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
1. Correct revenue recognition ad valorem tax escrow	 160,137
Correct pension deferred outflows and inflows	(21,165)
3. Correct addition of asset	55,550
4. Rounding	(2)
Total	\$ 194,520

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Explanation	Amount
1. Correct revenue recognition ad valorem tax escrow	 160,137
Total	\$ 160,137

Note 10 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 58 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Property Trust (MSBAPT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 49 school districts and covers losses associated with property damage to the physical assets owned by the member districts. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Casualty Trust (MSBACT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 49 school districts and covers liability related losses the member may be responsible for through General Liability, Automobile Liability and School Board Legal Liability. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

Note 12 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB's) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When that stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. The school district did not apply for any subsidies for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to payoff the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U.S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount of deposit at June 30, 2019 was \$1,766,775. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period will be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending June 30	 Amount
2020	217,000
2021	219,000
2022	222,000
2023	225,000
2024	227,000
2025	241,000
Total	\$ 1,351,000

Note 13 – Effects of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$34,663,679) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from the deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension on the amount of \$2,841,286 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$363,195 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(34,663,679) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$2,669,133 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$34,663,679) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$114,618 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$92,005 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(34,663,679) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$181,932 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Please reference Note 7 and 8 for details on amortization of deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions and OPEB.

Note 14 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District received \$4,161 in insurance loss recoveries related to property damage during the 2018-2019 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services.

Note 15 – Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District evaluated the activity of the district through February 7, 2020 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) and determined that no events have occurred that require disclosure in the notes to the financial statements. No adjustments were considered necessary to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

							Varia	nces
						_	Positive (Vegative)
		Budgete	ed An	nounts	Actual		Original	Final
		Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)		to Final	to Actual
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$	7,951,777	\$	7,951,777	\$ 8,406,514	\$	- \$	454,737
State sources		14,727,300		14,727,300	14,676,580		-	(50,720)
Federal sources		941,000		941,000	1,030,246		-	89,246
Total Revenues		23,620,077		23,620,077	24,113,340		-	493,263
Expenditures:								
Instruction		15,146,124		15,460,503	14,801,141		(314,379)	659,362
Support services		8,516,313		8,677,664	8,275,743		(161,351)	401,921
Noninstructional services		114,950		114,950	118,273		-	(3,323)
Facilities acquistion and construction	on	160,500		348,452	170,262		(187,952)	178,190
Debt service:								
Principal		142,980		142,980	136,625		-	6,355
Interest		-			5,553		-	(5,553)
Total Expenditures		24,080,867		24,744,549	23,507,597		(663,682)	1,236,952
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures		(460,790)		(1,124,472)	605,743		(663,682)	1,730,215
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Insurance recovery		1,000		1,000	4,161		-	3,161
Other sources		100		100			-	(100)
Sale of other property		100		100	804		-	704
Operating transfers in		684,934		684,935	32,500		1	(652,435)
Operating transfers out		(638,643)		(641,966)	(23,686)		(3,323)	618,280
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		47,491		44,169	13,779		(3,322)	(30,390)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(413,299)		(1,080,303)	619,522		(667,004)	1,699,825
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2018, as previously reported		8,367,177		8,367,177	8,367,177		-	-
Prior Period adjustments					 160,137		-	160,137
July 1, 2018, as restated		8,367,177		8,367,177	8,527,314		-	160,137
June 30, 2019	\$	7,953,878	\$	7,286,874	\$ 9,146,836	\$	(667,004) \$	1,859,962

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Part A Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgeted Amounts Actual Positive (Negative) Revenues: Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Federal sources \$ 762,680 \$ 839,416 \$ - \$ 767,736 Total Revenues 762,680 \$ 839,416 \$ - \$ 76,736 Total Revenues 762,680 762,680 \$ 839,416 \$ - \$ 76,736 Total Revenues 762,680 \$ 839,416 \$ - \$ 76,736 Support services 320,450 457,531 442,278 (137,081) 15,253 Noninstructional services 8,299 18,837 4,896 (10,538) 13,941 Total Expenditures 762,680 968,529 839,416 (205,849) 129,113 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - (205,849) - - - - - Operating transfers out - - - -							Varia	nces
Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: \$ 762,680 \$ 762,680 \$ 839,416 \$ - \$ 76,736 762,680 762,680 839,416 - 76,736 76,736 Total Revenues 762,680 762,680 839,416 - 76,736 76,736 76,736 Expenditures: 1 1 392,242 (58,230) 99,919 99,919 Support services 320,450 457,531 442,278 (137,081) 15,253 15,253 15,253 Noninstructional services 8,299 18,837 4,896 (10,538) 13,941 15,253 Total Expenditures 762,680 968,529 839,416 (205,849) 129,113 129,113 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 205,849 Other Financing Sources (Uses):						_	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: \$ 762,680 \$ 762,680 \$ 839,416 \$ - \$ 76,736 Total Revenues 762,680 762,680 839,416 - 76,736 Expenditures: Instruction 433,931 492,161 392,242 (58,230) 99,919 Support services 320,450 457,531 442,278 (137,081) 15,253 Noninstructional services 8,299 18,837 4,896 (10,538) 13,941 Total Expenditures 762,680 968,529 839,416 (205,849) 129,113 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - (205,849) - 205,849 over (under) Expenditures - (205,849) - - - Operating transfers in Operating transfers out - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 </th <th></th> <th>Budget</th> <th>ed An</th> <th>nounts</th> <th>Actual</th> <th>_</th> <th>Original</th> <th>Final</th>		Budget	ed An	nounts	Actual	_	Original	Final
Federal sources \$ 762,680 \$ 839,416 \$ \$ 76,736 Total Revenues 762,680 762,680 839,416 - 76,736 Expenditures: 1 762,680 762,680 839,416 - 76,736 Instruction 433,931 492,161 392,242 (58,230) 99,919 Support services 320,450 457,531 442,278 (137,081) 15,253 Noninstructional services 8,299 18,837 4,896 (10,538) 13,941 Total Expenditures 762,680 968,529 839,416 (205,849) 129,113 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 Operating transfers in Operating transfers out - - - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<		 Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)		to Final	to Actual
Total Revenues 762,680 762,680 839,416 - 76,736 Expenditures: Instruction 433,931 492,161 392,242 (58,230) 99,919 Support services 320,450 457,531 442,278 (137,081) 15,253 Noninstructional services 8,299 18,837 4,896 (10,538) 13,941 Total Expenditures 762,680 968,529 839,416 (205,849) 129,113 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - (205,849) - - - - Operating transfers in Operating transfers out - - - - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 205,849 Fund Balances: - - - - - - - July 1, 2018, as previously reported - - -	Revenues:							
Expenditures: Instruction 433,931 492,161 392,242 (58,230) 99,919 Support services 320,450 457,531 442,278 (137,081) 15,253 Noninstructional services 8,299 18,837 4,896 (10,538) 13,941 Total Expenditures 762,680 968,529 839,416 (205,849) 129,113 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - - - - - Operating transfers in Operating transfers out - - - - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 205,849 July 1, 2018, as previously reported - - - - - - Prior period adjustments - - - - - - - July 1, 2018, as restated - <td< td=""><td>Federal sources</td><td>\$ 762,680</td><td>\$</td><td>762,680</td><td>\$ 839,416</td><td>\$</td><td>- \$</td><td>5 76,736</td></td<>	Federal sources	\$ 762,680	\$	762,680	\$ 839,416	\$	- \$	5 76,736
Instruction 433,931 492,161 392,242 (58,230) 99,919 Support services 320,450 457,531 442,278 (137,081) 15,253 Noninstructional services 8,299 18,837 4,896 (10,538) 13,941 Total Expenditures 762,680 968,529 839,416 (205,849) 129,113 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 Fund Balances: July 1, 2018, as previously reported - - - - - July 1, 2018, as restated - - - - - -	Total Revenues	 762,680		762,680	 839,416		-	76,736
Support services 320,450 457,531 442,278 (137,081) 15,253 Noninstructional services 8,299 18,837 4,896 (10,538) 13,941 Total Expenditures 762,680 968,529 839,416 (205,849) 129,113 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - (205,849) - - - - Operating transfers in Operating transfers out -	Expenditures:							
Noninstructional services 8,299 18,837 4,896 (10,538) 13,941 Total Expenditures 762,680 968,529 839,416 (205,849) 129,113 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures - (205,849) - (205,849) 129,113 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 Fund Balances: July 1, 2018, as previously reported - - - - - July 1, 2018, as restated - - - - - -	Instruction	433,931		492,161	392,242		(58,230)	99,919
Total Expenditures 762,680 968,529 839,416 (205,849) 129,113 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures - (205,849) - (205,849) 129,113 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out - (205,849) - 025,849 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 Fund Balances: - - - - - - July 1, 2018, as previously reported - - - - - July 1, 2018, as restated - - - - -	Support services	320,450		457,531	442,278		(137,081)	15,253
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures - (205,849) - (205,849) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 Fund Balances: - - - - - - July 1, 2018, as previously reported - - - - - July 1, 2018, as restated - - - - - -	Noninstructional services	8,299		18,837	4,896		(10,538)	13,941
over (under) Expenditures - (205,849) - (205,849) 205,849 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in -	Total Expenditures	 762,680		968,529	839,416		(205,849)	129,113
Other Financing Sources (Uses): -	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Operating transfers in Operating transfers outTotal Other Financing Sources (Uses)Net Change in Fund Balances-(205,849)-(205,849)Fund Balances:-(205,849)-205,849July 1, 2018, as previously reportedPrior period adjustmentsJuly 1, 2018, as restated	over (under) Expenditures	 -		(205,849)	 -		(205,849)	205,849
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)Net Change in Fund Balances-(205,849)-(205,849)205,849Fund Balances:July 1, 2018, as previously reportedPrior period adjustmentsJuly 1, 2018, as restated	Operating transfers in						-	-
Fund Balances: July 1, 2018, as previously reported -		 -		-	-		-	-
July 1, 2018, as previously reportedPrior period adjustmentsJuly 1, 2018, as restated	Net Change in Fund Balances	 -		(205,849)	_		(205,849)	205,849
	July 1, 2018, as previously reported	-		-	-		-	-
June 30, 2019 \$ - \$ (205,849) \$ - \$ (205,849) \$ 205,849	July 1, 2018, as restated	 -		-	-		-	-
	June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$	(205,849)	\$ -	\$	(205,849)	\$ 205,849

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

								rianc	
						_	Positive	e (Ne	gative)
	 Budgeted	l Amour	nts	_	Actual		Original		Final
	 Original	F	Final		(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:									
Federal sources	\$ 700,000 \$	5	700,000	\$	679,766	\$	-	\$	(20,234)
Total Revenues	 700,000	-	700,000		679,766		-		(20,234)
Expenditures:									
Instruction	450,412	!	503,196		449,297		(52,784)		53,899
Support services	248,406		304,297		230,469		(55,891)		73,828
Noninstructional services	 1,182		100				1,082		100
Total Expenditures	 700,000	8	807,593		679,766		(107,593)		127,827
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures	 -	(*	107,593)		-		(107,593)		107,593
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers in							-		-
Operating transfers out			(15,479)				(15,479)		15,479
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -		(15,479)		-		(15,479)		15,479
Net Change in Fund Balances	 -	(*	123,072)		-		(123,072)		123,072
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2018	 -		-		-		-		-
June 30, 2019	\$ - :	\$ ('	123,072)	\$	-	\$	(123,072)	\$	123,072

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	_	0.245475%	0.256807%	0.254915%	0.267975%	0.268823%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	40,829,786 \$	42,690,039 \$	45,534,184 \$	41,423,651 \$	32,630,190
District's covered payroll	\$	15,675,937 \$	16,474,306 \$	16,307,526 \$	16,741,558 \$	16,426,501
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		260.4615%	259.1310%	279.2219%	247.4301%	198.6436%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		62.535%	61.490%	57.468%	61.704%	67.208%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FY 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,841,286 \$	2,468,961 \$	2,594,703	2,568,435	2,636,795
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,841,286	2,468,961	2,594,703	2,568,435	2,636,795
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	-		-
District's covered payroll	18,039,911	15,675,937	16,474,306	16,307,526	16,741,558
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	 0.33008511%	0.32335607%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,553,373 \$	2,537,080
District's covered-employee payroll	14,929,525	16,474,306
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.10%	15.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 114,618	\$ 108,160
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(114,618)	(108,160)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0
District's covered-employee payroll	16,941,429	16,772,887
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.68%	0.64%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates pre-retirement mortality rates disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016</u>:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

> Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price Inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return

Entry age Level percentage of payroll, open 36.6 years 5-year smoothed market 3.00 percent 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25% to 18.50%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2023
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Catalog of Federal Domestic	Pass-through	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u> </u>
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program		195MS326N1099	+ ,
National school lunch program		195MS326N1099	1,050,352
Summer Food Service Program for Children Total child nutrition cluster	10.559	195MS326N1099	17,231
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			1,393,145 1,393,145
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		-	1,393,145
			1,000,140
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies		ES010A180024	885,246
Career and technical education - basic grants to states Rural Education		V048A180024	32,830
English language acquisition grants		ES358B180024 ES365A180024	67,656 3,381
Supporting Effective Instruction state grants		ES367A180024	29,676
Subtotal	04.007	203077100023	1,018,789
Special education cluster:			1,010,700
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A180108	686,615
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A180113	41,405
Total special education cluster		-	728,020
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		-	1,746,809
Total U.S. Department of Education		-	1,746,809
•		-	.,,
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:	00 770		40.007
Medical assistance program	93.778	1805MS5ADM	19,397
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		-	19,397
Total 0.3. Department of nearth and number Services		-	19,397
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 3,159,351

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District has not elected to use the 10percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 23,063,355 5,911,324	18,036,898 1,743,794	775,648 182,719	1,708,598 51,745	2,542,211 3,933,066
Total	\$ 28,974,679	19,780,692	958,367	1,760,343	6,475,277
Total number of students *	 2,986				
Cost per student	\$ 9,704	6,624	321	590	2,169

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years

UNAUDITED	
-----------	--

	 2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 8,406,514 \$	7,466,994 \$	7,512,344 \$	7,341,289
State sources	14,676,580	15,111,954	15,547,257	15,340,877
Federal sources	 1,030,246	992,096	945,632	938,975
Total Revenues	 24,113,340	23,571,044	24,005,233	23,621,141
Expenditures:				
Instruction	14,801,141	14,824,960	14,496,521	13,790,677
Support services	8,275,743	8,392,426	7,768,829	8,137,765
Noninstructional services	118,273	123,252	148,708	145,153
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt Service:	170,262	56,353		
Principal	136,625	219,282	246,655	320,423
Interest	 5,553	3,910	9,298	13,038
Total Expenditures	 23,507,597	23,620,183	22,670,011	22,407,056
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 605,743	(49,139)	1,335,222	1,214,085
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds of loans		513,346		41,878
Insurance recovery	4,161		2,016	3,430
Sale of other property	804	28,483		
Operating transfers in	32,500	65,000	60,000	60,000
Operating transfers out	(23,686)	(8,273)	(1,136)	(144,942)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 13,779	598,556	60,880	(39,634)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 619,522	549,417	1,396,102	1,174,451
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	8,367,177	7,817,760	6,421,658	5,247,207
Prior period adjustments	160,137	, ,		
Beginning of period, restated	 8,527,314	7,817,760	6,421,658	5,247,207
End of Period	\$ 9,146,836 \$	8,367,177 \$	7,817,760 \$	6,421,658

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

		2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	9,395,590 \$	8,305,320 \$	8,380,677 \$	8,164,702
State sources		16,513,243	16,929,029	17,328,138	17,127,620
Federal sources		4,096,059	4,069,383	4,143,530	4,101,149
Total Revenues		30,004,892	29,303,732	29,852,345	29,393,471
Expenditures:					
Instruction		17,203,453	17,345,978	16,902,160	16,290,776
Support services		9,580,780	9,563,798	10,359,412	9,275,072
Noninstructional services		1,846,506	1,851,382	1,909,464	2,016,413
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		170,262	65,733	63,225	
Principal		136,625	409,282	1,606,655	430,423
Interest		37,053	83,227	108,265	93,906
Other			13,352		
Total Expenditures		28,974,679	29,332,752	30,949,181	28,106,590
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		1,030,213	(29,020)	(1,096,836)	1,286,881
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds of loans			513,346	2,500,000	41,878
Insurance recovery		4,161		2,016	3,430
Payment held by escrow agent		214,946			
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		(214,946)			
Sale of other property		804	28,483		440
Operating transfers in		56,186	285,272	304,620	514,061
Operating transfers out		(56,186)	(285,272)	(304,620)	(514,061)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		4,965	541,829	2,502,016	45,748
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,035,178	512,809	1,405,180	1,332,629
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as originally reported		10,758,664	10,251,488	8,841,444	7,513,689
Prior period adjustments		160,137			
Beginning of period, restated	_	10,918,801	10,251,488	8,841,444	7,513,689
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		(2,157)	(5,633)	4,864	(4,874)
End of Period	\$	11,951,822 \$	10,758,664 \$	10,251,488 \$	8,841,444

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Superintendent and School Board Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 7, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and

accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi February 7, 2020

McKenzie CPA, PLLC



521 Chuck Wagon Drive Brandon, MS 39042 (Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi February 7, 2020

McKenzie CPA, PLLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 7, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi February 7, 2020

McKenzie CPA, PLLC

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fina	ancial St	atements:					
1.	Type of auditor's report issued:			Unmodified			
2.	2. Internal control over financial reporting:						
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?	,	No			
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified	1?	None reported			
3.	Nonco	No					
Fec	leral Aw	ards:					
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:					
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No			
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?)	None reported			
5.	5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:						
6.	Any au with 2	No					
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:					
	<u>CFDA</u>	Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>er</u>			
	84.010)	Title I grants to local educational ag	encies			
	10.553	; 10.555: 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster				
8.	Dollar	\$750,000					
9.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?		No			

Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal 10. awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of Yes prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

TISHOMINGO COUNTY SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District 1620 Paul Edmondson Drive Office of the Superintendent Iuka, Mississippi 38852 Christie Holly, Superintendent Melanie Robinson, Business Manager

AUDITEE'S SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

As required by Uniformed Guidance, the Tishomingo County Special Municipal Separate School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary of prior year audit findings as of June 30, 2019:

<u>Findings</u>	<u>Status</u>
2018-001	Corrected
2018-002	Corrected
2018-003	Corrected