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Audited Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Wilkinson County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wilkinson County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Wilkinson County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wilkinson County School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 11-20, and 63-69, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Wilkinson County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including

comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2020, on our consideration of the Wilkinson County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Wilkinson County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Wilkinson County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The Gillow Shoup, PLLC

Natchez, Mississippi March 23, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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The following discussion and analysis of Wilkinson County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 increased \$24,174, including a prior period adjustment of (\$41,223), which represents a 1% increase from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$1,474,845, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,150,733), which represents a 141% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$9,126,722 and \$8,900,776, or 75% and 73% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,115,586, or 25% of total revenues for 2019, and \$3,230,071, or 27% of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$12,176,911 and \$12,454,959 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$3,115,586 for 2019 and \$3,230,071 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$9,126,722 for 2019 were adequate to provide for these programs. General revenues of \$8,900,776 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$9,032,749 in revenues and \$8,277,003 in expenditures for 2019, and \$8,577,045 in revenues and \$8,356,958 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$124,434 from 2018 to 2019, including a prior period adjustment of \$248, and increased by \$120,379 from 2017 to 2018, including a prior period adjustment of \$1,176.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$286,708 for 2019 and increased by \$175,730 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due primarily to the disposal of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, excluding compensated absences, decreased by \$206,508 for 2019 and decreased by \$170,288 for 2018. The decrease for 2019 was due to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$4,656 for 2019 and decreased by \$4,722 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements,

which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide

financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$2,495,457 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Condense	Percentag	ge				
	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018		June 30, 2018	Change	:	
Current assets	\$	8,385,285	\$	8,225,348	1.94	%
Restricted assets		3,409,383		3,179,055	7.25	%
Capital assets, net		6,053,065		6,339,773	(4.52)	%
Total assets		17,847,733		17,744,176	0.58	%
Deferred outflows of resources		1,068,386		1,675,344	(36.23)	%
Current liabilities		56,090		38,259	46.61	%
Long-term debt outstanding		2,776,881		2,978,733	(6.78)	%
Net OPEB liability		1,079,004		1,108,529	(2.66)	%
Net pension liability		16,371,667		16,870,750	(2.96)	
Total liabilities		20,283,642		20,996,271	(3.39)	%
Deferred inflows of resources		1,127,934		942,880	19.63	%
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		4,817,485		5,051,336	(4.63)	%
Restricted		4,543,353		4,502,163	0.91	%
Unrestricted		(11,856,295)		(12,073,130)	1.80	%
Total net position	\$	(2,495,457)	\$	(2,519,631)	0.96	%

Table 1Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$	(11,856,295)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net		
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred		
outflows and deferred inflows	_	17,510,219
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net		
OPEB liability effect	\$	5,653,924

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$286,708.
- The principal retirement of \$206,508 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$12,242,308 and \$12,130,847, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$12,176,911 for 2019 and \$12,454,959 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2019	 Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percenta Change	0
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 355,777	\$ 385,992	(7.83)	%
Operating grants and contributions	2,759,809	2,844,079	(2.96)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	2,143,194	2,066,281	3.72	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	6,019,154	6,289,870	(4.30)	%
Investment earnings	99,510	72,356	37.53	%
Sixteenth section sources	803,878	398,274	101.84	%
Other	60,986	73,995	(17.58)	%
Total revenues	 12,242,308	 12,130,847	0.92	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	5,207,425	4,911,610	6.02	%
Support services	4,564,375	4,648,072	(1.80)	%
Non-instructional	1,093,645	1,139,499	(4.02)	%
Sixteenth section	13,100	2,486	426.95	%
Pension expense	1,201,158	1,640,916	(26.80)	%
OPEB expense	43,095	49,644	(13.19)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	54,113	62,732	(13.74)	%
Total expenses	 12,176,911	 12,454,959	(2.23)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	65,397	 (324,112)	120.18	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	 (2,519,631)	(1,044,786)	(141.16)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	(41,223)	(1,150,733)	96.42	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(2,560,854)	 (2,195,519)	(16.64)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (2,495,457)	\$ (2,519,631)	0.96	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

	Total	nses	Percentage	
	2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ 5,207,425	\$	4,911,610	6.02 %
Support services	4,564,375		4,648,072	(1.80) %
Non-instructional	1,093,645		1,139,499	(4.02) %
Sixteenth section	13,100		2,486	426.95 %
Pension Expense	1,201,158		1,640,916	(26.80) %
OPEB Expense	43,095		49,644	(13.19) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	54,113		62,732	(13.74) %
Total expenses	\$ 12,176,911	\$	12,454,959	(2.23) %
	Net (Expe	nse) l	Revenue	Percentage
	2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ (4,309,277)	\$	(4,106,103)	(4.95) %
Support services	(3,463,241)		(3,360,850)	(3.05) %
Non-instructional	(33,265)		(6,430)	(417.34) %
Sixteenth section	42,824		1,787	2,296.42 %
Pension Expense	(1,201,158)		(1,640,916)	26.80 %
OPEB Expense	(43,095)		(49,644)	13.19 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (54,113)		(62,732)	13.74 %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$	-		1.77 %

Table 3Net Cost of Governmental Activities

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$9,061,325 for 2019 and \$9,224,888 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$2,143,194 for 2019 and \$2,066,281 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$6,019,154 for 2019 and \$6,289,870 for 2018). In addition, there was \$803,878 and \$398,274 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$99,510 for 2019 and \$72,356 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11,762,080, an increase of \$368,181, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$41,223) and an increase in inventory of \$14,390. \$7,166,271, or 61% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$4,595,809, or 39% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$124,434, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$248. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$179,588, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$27,705) and an increase in inventory of \$14,390. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increase (Decrease)
Consolidated Admin Cost Grant Fund	no increase or decrease
EHA Part B Fund	no increase or decrease
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	\$ 64,159

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budgets revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$13,839,366, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and leased property under capital leases. This amount represents a decrease of \$75,508 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$7,786,301, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$363,508, resulting in total net capital assets of \$6,053,065.

]	June 30, 2019	1	June 30, 2018	Percentage Change
Land	\$	113,365	\$	113,365	0.00 %
Buildings		3,124,594		3,216,930	(2.87) %
Building improvements		1,925,503		2,079,003	(7.38) %
Improvements other than buildings		184,539		192,723	(4.25) %
Mobile equipment		373,024		371,278	0.47 %
Furniture and equipment		95,522		103,996	(8.15) %
Leased property under capital leases		236,518		262,478	(9.89) %
Total	\$	6,053,065	\$	6,339,773	(4.52) %

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Danaantaga

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$2,776,881 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$146,342 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$206,508 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$4,656 from the prior year.

Table 5Outstanding Long-Term Debt

]	June 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018	Chang	0
Shortfall notes payable	\$	43,114	\$	151,765	(71.59)	%
Obligations under capital leases		235,580		288,437	(18.33)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		2,437,000		2,482,000	(1.81)	%
Compensated absences payable		61,187		56,531	8.24	%
Total	\$	2,776,881	\$	2,978,733	(6.78)	%

Percentage

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Wilkinson County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Wilkinson County School District, P.O. Box 785, Woodville, MS 39669.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Exhibit A

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

une 30, 2019	Exhibit A
June 30, 2019	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,012,552
Investments Due from other governments	2,652,044 656,476
Accrued interest receivable	1,556
Inventories	23,113
Prepaid items	39,544
Restricted assets	3,409,383
Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land	112 265
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	113,365
Buildings	3,124,594
Building improvements	1,925,503
Improvements other than buildings	184,539
Mobile equipment	373,024
Furniture and equipment Leased property under capital leases	95,522
	236,518
Total Assets	17,847,733
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	1,019,938
Deferred outflows - OPEB	48,448
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,068,386
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	31,059
Unearned revenue	1,529
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	23,502
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	55,169
Non-capital related liabilities Net OPEB liability	91,173 45,509
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	45,507
Capital related liabilities	1,180,411
Non-capital related liabilities	1,450,128
Net pension liability	16,371,667
Net OPEB liability	1,033,495
Total Liabilities	20,283,642
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - pensions	1,013,272
Deferred inflows - OPEB	114,662
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,127,934
Net Position	4 017 405
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	4,817,485
Expendable:	
School-based activities	537,378
Debt service	1,344,575
Capital improvements	2,705
Forestry improvements	214,967
Unemployment benefits Non-expendable:	27,971
Sixteenth section	2,353,100
Other	62,657
Unrestricted	(11,856,295)
Total Net Position (deficit)	$\frac{(11,030,2250)}{\$$ (2,495,457)
	φ (2,175, 1 57)

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the Tear Ended Jule 30, 20	.,		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs E	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	 Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction \$	5,207,425 \$	161,432 \$	736,716 \$	-	\$ (4,309,277)
Support services	4,564,375	5,929	1,095,205	-	(3,463,241)
Non-instructional	1,093,645	132,492	927,888	-	(33,265)
Sixteenth section	13,100	55,924	-	-	42,824
Pension expense	1,201,158	-	-	-	(1,201,158)
OPEB expense	43,095	-	-	-	(43,095)
Interest on long-term liabilities	54,113	-	-	-	 (54,113)
Total Governmental Activities	12,176,911 \$	355,777 \$	2,759,809 \$	-	\$ (9,061,325)
		General Revenue Taxes:	s:		
		General purp	ose levies		1,937,892
		Debt purpose			205,302
		Unrestricted g	rants and contribution	ons:	
		State			5,822,316
		Federal			196,838
		Unrestricted in	vestment earnings		99,510
		Sixteenth sect	ion sources		803,878
		Other			 60,986
		Total Gene	eral Revenues		 9,126,722

Change in Net Position

Prior Period Adjustments

Net Position (deficit) - Ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net Position - Beginning, as restated

Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported

Exhibit B

65,397

(2,519,631)

(2,560,854)

(2,495,457)

\$

(41,223)

		Govern	mental Funds			
Balance Sheet						Exhibit
June 30, 2019	ХС ⁺	F 1				
		Funds		<u> </u>	0.1	T 1
		Consolidated Admi		Sixteenth	Other	Total
	General Fund	Cost Grant Fund	EHA Part B Fund	Section Principal Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Assets	Fund	runa	runa	runa	Funds	Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,098,730	5 - 5	- \$	849,940 \$	916,527 \$	5,865,19
Cash with fiscal agents	-	φ φ -	- -	-	13,238	13,23
nvestments	2,652,044		_	1,500,000	1,043,500	5,195,54
Due from other governments	144,857	114,994	97,228	3,160	296,237	656,47
Accrued interest receivable	144,057	114,994	97,220	5,100	1,556	1,55
Due from other funds	323,237	-	-	-	3,827	327,06
nventories	525,257	-	-	-	23,113	23,11
Prepaid items	36,634	-	-	-	2,910	39,54
Frepaid items Fotal assets	\$ 7,255,502	<u>-</u> \$ 114,994 \$	97,228 \$	2,353,100 \$		
I otal assets	\$ 7,255,502	▶	97,228 \$	2,353,100 \$	2,300,908 \$	12,121,73
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 19,816	s - s	1,506 \$	- \$	9,737 \$	31.05
Due to other funds	3,827	114,994	95,722	- 5	112,521	327,06
Unavailable revenue - federal programs					1,529	1,52
Fotal Liabilities	23,643		97,228	-	123,787	359,652
Total Liabilities	25,045	114,994	97,228	-	123,787	339,03
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:						
nventory	-	-	-	-	23,113	23,11
Permanent fund principal	-	-	-	2,353,100	-	2,353,10
Prepaid items	36,634	-	-	-	2,910	39,54
Restricted:	,)	
Debt service	-	-	-	-	1,368,077	1,368,07
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	2,705	2,70
Forestry improvement purposes	-	-	-	-	214,967	214,96
Grant activities	-	-	_	_	38,163	38,16
Jnemployment benefits	-	-	_	_	27,971	27,97
Child nutrition	_	_	_	-	499,215	499,21
Assigned:					()),215	177,21
Activity fund purposes	28,954	-	_	-	-	28,95
Unassigned	7,166,271	-	-	-	-	7,166,27
Total Fund Balances	7,231,859			2,353,100	2,177,121	11,762,08
1 otar 1 and Datanees	\$ 7,255,502		-	2,555,100	2,177,121	11,702,080

WILKINSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds		E-1:1:4 C 1
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019		Exhibit C-1
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	11,762,080
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:		
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 		
Land\$BuildingsBuilding improvementsBuilding improvements other than buildingsImprovements other than buildingsMobile equipmentImprovementFurniture and equipmentImprovementLeased property under capital leasesAccumulated depreciation	113,365 6,175,629 4,404,528 472,573 1,536,640 848,194 288,437 (7,786,301)	6,053,065
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability	(16,371,667)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	1,019,938 (1,013,272)	(16,365,001)
3. Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability	(1,079,004)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEE Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEE	48,448 (114,662)	(1,145,218)
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Other bonds payable Notes payable Capital lease obligations Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	(2,437,000) (43,114) (235,580) (61,187) (23,502)	(2,800,383)
Net Position of governmental activities	\$	(2,495,457)

		Gover	nmental Funds				
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Ch For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	anges in Fu	ind Balances					Exhibit l
		Major I	Funds				
		Co	onsolidated Admi	n	Sixteenth	Other	Total
		General	Cost Grant	EHA Part B	Section Principal	Governmental	Governmenta
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$	2,157,882 \$	6 \$	-	\$-\$	362,973 \$	2,520,86
State sources		5,822,316	-	-	-	260,766	6,083,082
Federal sources		256,292	114,994	323,323		2,001,273	2,695,882
Sixteenth section sources		796,259	-	-	76,329	56,452	929,040
Total Revenues		9,032,749	115,000	323,323	76,329	2,681,464	12,228,865
Expenditures:							
Instruction		4,674,460	-	63,468	-	918,167	5,656,093
Support services		3,497,266	125,252	248,310	-	899,779	4,770,60
Noninstructional services		102,973	-	6,767	-	1,032,878	1,142,61
Sixteenth section		2,304	-	-	-	10,796	13,10
Debt service:							
Principal		-	-	-	-	206,508	206,50
Interest		-	-	-	-	56,137	56,13
Other		-	-	-	-	2,229	2,229
Total Expenditures		8,277,003	125,252	318,545	-	3,126,494	11,847,294
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		755,746	(10,252)	4,778	76,329	(445,030)	381,571
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Insurance recovery		5,929	-	-	-	-	5,92
Payments held by escrow agent		-	-	-	-	144,000	144,00
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		-	-	-	-	(144,000)	(144,00
Sale of other property		7,514	-	-	-	-	7,51
Operating transfers in		87,187	24,018	3,527	-	798,568	913,30
Operating transfers out		(732,190)	-	(8,305)	(12,170)	(160,635)	(913,30
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(631,560)	24,018	(4,778)	(12,170)	637,933	13,44
Net Change in Fund Balances		124,186	13,766	-	64,159	192,903	395,014
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2018, as previously reported		7,107,425	-	-	2,288,941	1,997,533	11,393,89
Prior period adjustments		248	(13,766)	-	-	(27,705)	(41,22)
July 1, 2018, as restated		7,107,673	(13,766)	-	2,288,941	1,969,828	11,352,67
Increase (Decrease) in inventory		-	-	-		14,390	14,390
June 30, 2019	\$	7,231,859 \$	- \$	-	\$ 2,353,100 \$	2,177,121 \$	11,762,08
uite 50, 2017	ψ	,,201,007 \$			÷ 2,555,100 \$	2,177,121 \$	11,702,00

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities		Exhibit D-
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	395,014
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of . activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 114,841 (363,508)	(248,667)
In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		(38,041)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	 206,508 4,253	210,761
Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 (1,201,158) 934,598	(266,560)
Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 (43,095) 46,251	3,156
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current 6. financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory	 (4,656) 14,390	9,734
Change in Net Position of governmental activities	<u></u>	65,397

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	Exhibit E
June 30, 2019	
	Agency Funds
Assets	 Fullds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 441,254
Total Assets	\$ 441,254
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 439,443
Due to student clubs	1,811
Total Liabilities	\$ 441,254

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Wilkinson County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

legislation.

3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Consolidated Admin Cost Grant Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal sources and transfers from various federal program funds to cover expenditures associated with more than one federal program of the District.

EHA Part B Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal sources received and expenditures incurred under the Special Education grants to states program.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund - This is a permanent fund used to account for resources from sixteenth section lands that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds (agency funds) which focus on assets and liabilities only. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fundraisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for accounts payable type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund. Unspent bond proceeds are also classified as restricted assets.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows related to PEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB.

See Note 15 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$10,017,241 (which includes \$4,152,044 of certificates of deposit with original maturities beyond three months and reported on the Balance Sheet as investments) and \$441,254, respectively. The bank balance was \$11,002,083.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2019, none of the district's bank balance of \$11,002,083 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$13,238.

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury SLGS Deposit	N/A	1 to 10 years	\$ 1,043,500
Certificates of deposit	N/A	less than 1 year	 4,152,044
Total			\$ 5,195,544

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

- U.S. Treasury SLGS Deposits of \$1,043,500 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Certificates of deposit totaling \$4,152,044 are valued at fair value as of the end of the fiscal year (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments:

Issuer	Fair Value	% of Total Investments
U.S. Treasury SLGS Deposit - Bank Plus Wealth Management \$	1,043,500	20%
Certificate of deposit - Concordia Bank & Trust	2,652,044	51%
Certificate of deposit - Concordia Bank & Trust	1,500,000	29%
-	5,195,544	100%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Consolidated Admin Cost Grant Fund	\$ 114,994
	EHA Part B Fund	95,722
	Other governmental funds	112,521
Other governmental funds	General Fund	3,827
Total		\$ 327,064

The primary purpose of the inter-fund receivables and payables was to close out federal program funds as part of routine year-end closing procedures. All inter-fund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 732,190
EHA Part B Fund	General Fund	8,305
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	General Fund	12,170
Other governmental funds	General Fund	66,712
-	Consolidated Admin Cost Grant Fund	24,018
	EHA Part B Fund	3,527
	Other governmental funds	66,378
Total		\$ 913,300

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, vocational and special education expenditure transfers, the transfer of expendable sixteenth section sources, debt service transfers, unemployment compensation transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance and investment balance, totaling \$849,940 and \$1,500,000, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent and investment balance,

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

totaling \$13,238 and \$1,043,500, respectively, of the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund. The restricted assets also includes the cash balance totaling \$2,705 in the DFA Construction Bond Fund resulting from unspent grant funds from DFA to be used for infrastructure.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities: Non-depreciable capital assets:	\$	113,365 \$	\$	\$	113,365
Land Total non-depreciable capital assets	ψ	113,365	φ -	φ -	113,365
Depreciable capital assets: Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Leased property under capital leases Total depreciable capital assets		6,175,629 4,404,528 472,573 1,606,568 853,774 288,437 13,801,509	91,900 22,941 114,841	161,828 28,521 190,349	6,175,629 4,404,528 472,573 1,536,640 848,194 288,437 13,726,001
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Leased property under capital leases Total accumulated depreciation Total depreciable capital assets, net		2,958,699 2,325,525 279,850 1,235,290 749,778 25,959 7,575,101 6,226,408	92,336 153,500 8,184 52,398 31,130 25,960 363,508 (248,667)	124,072 28,236 152,308 38,041	3,051,035 2,479,025 288,034 1,163,616 752,672 51,919 7,786,301 5,939,700
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	6,339,773 \$	(248,667) \$	38,041 \$	6,053,065

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 234,666
Support services	114,616
Non-instructional	14,226
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 363,508

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

					Amounts
	Balance			Balance	due within
	 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2019	one year
A. Shortfall notes payable	\$ 151,765		108,651	43,114	43,114
B. Obligations under capital leases	288,437		52,857	235,580	55,169
C. Qualified school construction bonds payable	2,482,000		45,000	2,437,000	45,000
D. Compensated absences payable	 56,531	4,656		61,187	3,059
Total	\$ 2,978,733 \$	4,656 \$	206,508 \$	2,776,881 \$	146,342

A. Shortfall notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	Outstanding
Shortfall note, Series 2017 Total	2.89%	6/29/2017	6/28/2020	\$ \$	125,745 125,745	\$ 43,114 43,114

The amount outstanding is included in due from other governments on the Statement of Net Position.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 43,114 \$	1,247 \$	44,361
Total	\$ 43,114 \$	1,247 \$	44,361

This debt will be retired from the 2017 Shortfall Note Retirement Fund and Wilkinson County Note and Interest Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

B. Obligations under capital leases

The school district has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of buses at a cost of \$288,437. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes.

	Interest		Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	0	utstanding
Lease purchase Total	4.37%	3/26/2018	3/26/2023	\$ \$	288,437 288,437	\$	235,580 235,580

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

	Interest and						
Year Ending	Maintenance						
June 30	Principal	Charges	Total				
2020	\$ 55,169 \$	10,304 \$	65,473				
2021	57,582	7,891	65,473				
2022	60,100	5,373	65,473				
2023	 62,729	2,744	65,473				
Total	\$ 235,580 \$	26,312 \$	261,892				

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
 QSCB, Series 2010 QSCB, Series 2014 	0.65% 5.45%	12/21/2010 1/28/2015	12/15/2025 12/1/2027	\$ 2,000,000 650,000	\$ 2,000,000 437,000
Total	5.4570	1/20/2013	12/1/2027	\$ 2,650,000	\$ 2,437,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ - \$	13,000 \$	13,000
2021	-	13,000	13,000
2022	-	13,000	13,000
2023	-	13,000	13,000
2024	-	13,000	13,000
2025 - 2026	2,000,000	26,000	2,026,000
Total	\$ 2,000,000 \$	91,000 \$	2,091,000

1. QSCB bonds issued on December 21, 2010:

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Retirement Fund.

- Year Ending June 30 Principal Interest Total \$ 2020 45,000 \$ 23,817 \$ 68,817 45,000 21,364 66,364 2021 18,912 63,912 2022 45,000 16,459 56,459 2023 40,000 2024 40,000 14,279 54,279 222,000 31,774 253,774 2025 - 2028\$ 126,605 \$ Total 437,000 \$ 563,605
- 2. QSCB bonds issued on January 28, 2015:

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Retirement Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Linuing			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 45,000 \$	36,817 \$	81,817
2021	45,000	34,364	79,364
2022	45,000	31,912	76,912
2023	40,000	29,459	69,459
2024	40,000	27,279	67,279
2028	2,222,000	57,774	2,279,774
Total	\$ 2,437,000 \$	217,605 \$	2,654,605

Total QSCB payments for all issues:

Ending

The District has currently pledged the EEF Buildings and Buses funds of \$45,921 per year to pay the annual sinking fund deposit and interest payment until maturity of the debt.

D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$934,598, \$989,991 and \$1,025,404, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$16,371,667 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was 0.098429 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was a decrease of 0.003059 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,201,158. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	75,380	\$ 71,160
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			295,188
Changes of assumptions		9,960	9,624
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions			637,300
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	934,598	
Total	\$	1,019,938	\$ 1,013,272

\$934,598 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (99,957)
2021	(239,537)
2022	(514,812)
2023	(73,626)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Allocation		Real Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Current	
		Discount	1%
	1% Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate	 <u> </u>	 ×	 ``````````````````````````````````````
share of the net pension			
liability	\$ 21,556,788	\$ 16,371,667	\$ 12,062,147

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan available financial report issues а publicly that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to fulltime active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$46,251 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,079,004 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.13948734 percent. This was a decrease of 0.00179688 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$43,095. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,197	\$
Changes of assumptions		76,881
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		
Changes in proportion and differences		37,781
between District contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	46,251	
Total	\$	\$
	 48,448	 114,662

\$46,251 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (22,791)
2021	(22,791)
2022	(22,791)
2023	(22,791)
2024	(18,247)
Thereafter	(3,054)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	4.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2018 2017
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
		Discount	1%
	1% Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.89%)	(3.89%)	(4.89%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,196,050	\$ 1,079,004	\$ 978,342

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare	
				Cost Trend	
				Rates	1%
	19	1% Decrease		Current	Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	999,515	\$	1,079,004	\$ 1,169,282

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

Note 9 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020 2021 2022	\$ 282,391 282,391 282,391
Total	\$ 847,173

Note 10 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To correct prior year receivable balances and other asset balances at the governmental fund level	\$ (41,223)
Total	\$ (41,223)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To correct prior year asset balances	\$ 248
Consolidated Admin Cost Grant Fund	To correct prior year receivable	(13,766)
Other governmental funds	To correct prior year receivable	 (27,705)
Total		\$ (41,223)

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 58 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 13 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the subsidy payments amounted to \$9,680.

For the \$2,000,000 QSCB, Series 2010, issued on December 21, 2010, the school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2019 was \$1,058,294, including accrued income of \$1,556. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 144,000
2021	144,000
2022	144,000
2023	144,000
2024	144,000
2025 - 2026	 286,000
Total	\$ 1,006,000

For the \$650,000 QSCB, Series 2014, issued on January 28, 2015, the school district makes annual principal and interest payments, in which the principal portion is a reduction of the outstanding balance of the long-term debt. See Note 6.C.2. for a schedule of annual principal and interest payments.

Note 14 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Wilkinson County School District received \$5,929 in insurance loss recoveries during the 2018-2019 fiscal year related to property damages. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and were allocated to the support services expense function.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 15 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$11,856,295) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$934,598 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$85,340 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$11,856,295) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,013,272 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$11,856,295) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$46,251 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$2,197 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$11,856,295) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$114,662 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 16 – Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Wilkinson County School District evaluated the activity of the district through the date of this report, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no items requiring disclosure.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variano Positive (Ne	
		Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	2,143,321 \$	2,175,076 \$	2,157,882 \$	31,755 \$	(17,194)
State sources		5,814,564	5,822,316	5,822,316	7,752	-
Federal sources		113,524	246,612	256,292	133,088	9,680
Sixteenth section sources		390,455	780,212	796,259	389,757	16,047
Total Revenues		8,461,864	9,024,216	9,032,749	562,352	8,533
Expenditures:						
Instruction		5,436,985	4,674,460	4,674,460	762,525	-
Support services		3,765,591	3,497,266	3,497,266	268,325	-
Noninstructional services		102,488	102,054	102,973	434	(919)
Sixteenth section		2,712	2,304	2,304	408	-
Debt service:						
Other		2,581	-	-	2,581	-
Total Expenditures		9,310,357	8,276,084	8,277,003	1,034,273	(919)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		(848,493)	748,132	755,746	1,596,625	7,614
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Insurance recovery		-	5,929	5,929	5,929	-
Sale of other property		-	-	7,514	-	7,514
Operating transfers in		3,132,475	1,668,863	87,187	(1,463,612)	(1,581,676)
Operating transfers out		(3,838,913)	(2,206,935)	(732,190)	1,631,978	1,474,745
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(706,438)	(532,143)	(631,560)	174,295	(99,417)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,554,931)	215,989	124,186	1,770,920	(91,803)
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2018, as previously reported		6,320,600	6,858,137	7,107,425	537,537	249,288
Prior period adjustments		-	248	248	248	-
July 1, 2018, as restated		6,320,600	6,858,385	7,107,673	537,785	249,288
June 30, 2019	<u>\$</u>	4,765,669 \$	7,074,374 \$	7,231,859 \$	2,308,705 \$	157,485

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WILKINSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Consolidated Admin Cost Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

,							Var Positive	ianc (Ne	
		ted Amount			Actual	_	Original		Final
	Original	Fi	Final		(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues: Local sources	\$ -	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	-
Federal sources Total Revenues			- 6		<u>114,994</u> 115,000		- 6		<u>114,994</u> 114,994
			0		115,000		0		111,777
Expenditures: Support services	134,317	12	25,252		125,252		9,065		-
Total Expenditures	134,317	12	25,252		125,252		9,065		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(134,317)	(12	25,246)		(10,252)		9,071		114,994
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>134,317</u> 134,317		24,018 24,018		24,018 24,018		(110,299) (110,299)		<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(10)1,228)		13,766		(101,228)		114,994
Fund Balances: July 1, 2018, as previously reported Prior period adjustments July 1, 2018, as restated			- -		(13,766) (13,766)				(13,766) (13,766)
June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ (10)1,228)	\$	-	\$	(101,228)	\$	101,228

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule EHA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	Budget	ed Am	ounts		Actual	Variar Positive (N Original	
	 Original	eu / III	Final		(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:	 onginar		1 mai		(GITTI Dubib)	to I mui	to riotuur
Federal sources	\$ 310,771	\$	323,323	\$	323,323 \$	12,552 \$	_
Total Revenues	 310,771	Ŷ	323,323	Ψ	323,323	12,552	-
Expenditures:							
Instruction	80,135		63,468		63,468	16,667	-
Support services	215,987		248,310		248,310	(32,323)	-
Noninstructional services	6,149		6,767		6,767	(618)	-
Total Expenditures	 302,271		318,545		318,545	(16,274)	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	 8,500		4,778		4,778	(3,722)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers in	-		3,527		3,527	3,527	-
Operating transfers out	(8,500)		(8,305)		(8,305)	195	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (8,500)		(4,778)		(4,778)	3,722	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	 -		-		-	-	-
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2018	 -		-		-	-	
June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- \$	- 9	-

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

-	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0984%	0.1015%	0.1048%	0.1051%	0.1077%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$	16,371,667	16,870,750	18,711,858	16,246,078	13,077,299
District's covered payroll	6,285,657	6,510,502	6,701,410	6,565,911	6,583,283
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	260%	259%	279%	247%	199%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	63%	61%	57%	62%	67%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years	Requ	ired Supplementa	ry Information			
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	934,598	989,991	1,025,404	1,055,472	1,034,131
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		934,598	989,991	1,025,404	1,055,472	1,034,131
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll		5,933,956	6,285,657	6,510,502	6,701,410	6,565,911
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

2019 2018 District's proportion of the net OPEB liability 0.1395% 0.1413% District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability 1,079,004 1,108,529 \$ District's covered - employee payroll 6,308,918 6,347,511 District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll 17.10% 17.46% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total **OPEB** liability 0.13% 0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Contributions **OPEB** Last 10 Fiscal Years 2018 2019 46,251 \$ 47,258 Actuarially determined contribution \$ Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution 46,251 47,258 Contribution deficiency (excess) - \$ \$ District's covered - employee payroll 5,933,956 6,285,657 Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll 0.78% 0.75%

WILKINSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) *Changes of assumptions*

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) *Changes in benefit provisions*

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	36.6 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including
	inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

OPEB Schedules

(1) *Changes of assumptions*

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) *Changes in benefit provisions*

<u>2017</u>: None

<u>2018</u>: None

(3) *Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions.* The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25% to 18.50%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims	5.00%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Pre-Medicare	
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2023
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WILKINSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title		Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	_	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:					
Child nutrition cluster:					
School breakfast program		10.553	195MS326N1099	\$	340,116
National school lunch program		10.555	195MS326N1099		600,786
National school lunch program - commodities		10.555	195MS326N1099		49,021
Total child nutrition cluster					989,923
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Educati	on				989,923
Passed-through Adams County					
Schools and roads - grants to states		10.665	N/A		111,633
Total passed-through Adams County					111,633
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					1,101,556
U.S. Department of Defense					
Direct Program:					
Reserve Officers' Training Corps		12.xxx	N/A		59,454
Total U.S. Department of Defense					59,454
Federal Communications Commission					
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Co		20	27/4		
The schools and libraries program of the universal service f	unc	32.xxx	N/A		56,192
Total Federal Communications Commission					56,192
U.S. Department of Education					
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		04.040	V0404100024		21.050
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	T:41- IV	84.048	V048A180024		21,958
Safe and drug-free schools and communities - state grants Innovative programs	Title IV Title V-A	84.186 84.298	N/A ES424A180025		20,060
Rural and low income school initiative	Title VI	84.358	ES358B180024		1,857 3,150
Supporting effective instruction state grants	Title II	84.367	ES367A180023		98,998
School improvement grants	T1-1003A	84.377	ES377A160025		205,924
Title I grants to local educational agencies	Title I	84.010	ES010A180024		761,978
Subtotal	THE T	04.010	25010/1100024		1,113,925
Special education cluster:					1,115,725
Special education - grants to states	Title II	84.027	H027A180108		323,323
IDEA Special education grants - Part B	Title II	84.027A	H027A180108		2,563
Special education - preschool grants	Title II	84.173	H173A180113		9,856
Total special education cluster					335,742
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Educati	on				1,449,667
Total U.S. Department of Education					1,449,667
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed-through MS Department of Human Services					
Medicaid cluster:					
Medical assistance program		93.778	195MS5ADM		19,333
Total Medicaid cluster					19,333
Total passed-through MS Department of Human Service					19,333
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Servic	ces				19,333
Total for All Federal Awards				\$	2,686,202
The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part	of this schedule				

Notes to Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Wilkinson County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Wilkinson County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Wilkinson County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Wilkinson County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities of \$59,454 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 8,702,836 3,144,458	6,094,338 835,450	735,923 401,346	644,624 94,787	1,227,951 1,812,875
Total	\$ 11,847,294	6,929,788	1,137,269	739,411	3,040,826
Total number of students *	 1,289				
Cost per student	\$ 9,191	5,376	882	574	2,359

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year.

OTHER INFORMATION

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WILKINSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances **General Fund** Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 2,157,882 \$	2,121,712 \$	2,150,144 \$	2,223,021
State sources	5,822,316	5,886,494	5,840,536	5,834,688
Federal sources	256,292	184,439	233,024	139,025
Sixteenth section sources	 796,259	384,400	407,085	657,070
Total Revenues	 9,032,749	8,577,045	8,630,789	8,853,804
Expenditures:				
Instruction	4,674,460	4,477,835	4,579,823	4,806,849
Support services	3,497,266	3,760,538	3,223,357	3,449,584
Noninstructional services	102,973	116,099	118,790	130,137
Sixteenth section	2,304	2,486	3,017	4,764
Debt service:				
Interest	-	-	650	1,300
Other	-	-	70	70
Total Expenditures	 8,277,003	8,356,958	7,925,707	8,392,704
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 755,746	220,087	705,082	461,100
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Notes issued	-	-	125,745	195,048
Capital leases issued	-	288,437	-	-
Insurance recovery	5,929	94,453	11,552	-
Sale of other property	7,514	-	-	-
Operating transfers in	87,187	170,703	43,458	62,911
Other financing sources	-	245	71	-
Operating transfers out	(732,190)	(654,722)	(607,873)	(621,207)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (631,560)	(100,884)	(427,047)	(363,248)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 124,186	119,203	278,035	97,852
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	7,107,425	6,987,046	6,710,456	6,612,604
Prior period adjustments	248	1,176	(1,445)	-
Beginning of period, as restated	 7,107,673	6,988,222	6,709,011	6,612,604
End of Period	\$ 7,231,859 \$	7,107,425 \$	6,987,046 \$	6,710,456

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

Other Information Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	 2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 2,520,861	\$ 2,454,674	\$ 2,428,928	\$ 2,677,846
State sources	6,083,082	6,358,678	6,583,229	6,420,215
Federal sources	2,695,882	2,775,272	2,866,085	2,371,915
Sixteenth section sources	 929,040	447,525	494,425	794,216
Total Revenues	 12,228,865	12,036,149	12,372,667	12,264,192
Expenditures:				
Instruction	5,656,095	5,401,139	5,572,745	5,726,323
Support services	4,770,607	5,142,573	4,746,581	5,200,859
Noninstructional services	1,142,618	1,172,085	1,135,461	1,098,612
Sixteenth section	13,100	2,486	38,731	49,226
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	197,748	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	206,508	458,725	343,303	340,946
Interest	56,137	61,154	68,446	59,236
Other	2,229	2,830	2,840	2,476
Total Expenditures	11,847,294	12,438,740	11,908,107	12,477,678
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	381,571	(402,591)	464,560	(213,486)
over (under) Expenditures	 301,371	(402,391)	404,300	(213,480)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Notes issued	-	-	125,745	195,048
Capital leases issued	-	288,437	-	-
Insurance recovery	5,929	94,453	11,552	-
Payment held by QZAB/QSCB escrow agent	144,000	144,000	144,000	144,000
Payment to QZAB/QSCB debt escrow agent	(144,000)	(144,000)	(144,000)	(144,000)
Sale of other property	7,514	-	-	-
Operating transfers in	913,300	826,230	795,470	804,851
Other financing sources	-	245	71	-
Operating transfers out	 (913,300)	(826,230)	(795,470)	(804,851)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 13,443	383,135	137,368	195,048
Net Change in Fund Balances	 395,014	(19,456)	601,928	(18,438)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	11,393,899	11,421,438	10,819,061	10,840,454
Prior period adjustments	(41,223)	(4,745)	(1,523)	-
Beginning of period, as restated	 11,352,676	11,416,693	 10,817,538	10,840,454
beginning of period, as restated	 11,552,070	11,410,095	10,017,550	10,040,454
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 14,390	(3,338)	1,972	(2,955)
End of Period	\$ 11,762,080	\$ 11,393,899	\$ 11,421,438	\$ 10,819,061

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Wilkinson County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wilkinson County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Wilkinson County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Wilkinson County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Wilkinson County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Wilkinson County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Wilkinson County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our

audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

The Gillon Group, PLLC

Natchez, Mississippi March 23, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Wilkinson County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Wilkinson County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Wilkinson County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Wilkinson County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Wilkinson County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Wilkinson County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Wilkinson County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Wilkinson County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The Wilkinson County School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Wilkinson County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Wilkinson County School District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Wilkinson County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Wilkinson County School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficience is a deficiency, or a combination of over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The Wilkinson County School District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Wilkinson County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

The Gillon Shoup, PLLC

Natchez, Mississippi March 23, 2020 (This page left blank intentionally)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Wilkinson County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wilkinson County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Wilkinson County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following immaterial instance of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. Our finding and recommendation and your response are as follows:

Finding 1: Untimely Payment of an Invoice

<u>Criteria</u>

Section 31-7-305(2), Miss. Code of 1972, as amended requires the school district pay all invoices no later than 45 days after the receipt of the invoice and receipt of the goods or services.

Condition

During the testing of non-payroll expenditures, we noted one instance of nonpayment of an invoice in the amount of \$884.89 for supplies within 45-days as required by state law.

Cause of Condition

The District has not yet perfected a system to ensure that the documentation for the receipt of goods and services are turned into the accounts payable office in a manner as to assure that payment is timely.

Effect of Condition

The school district failed to comply with Section 31-7-305(2), Miss. Code of 1972

Recommendation

We recommend the school district continue to assess its accounts payable processes and develop a process to ensure all required documentation for the receipt of good and services are completed and turned into the accounts payable office timely.

Response

The School District will review its processes and design a system to ensure the all documentation for the receipt of goods and services are completed and turned into the accounts payable office timely, and to assure that payment is made within the 45-day required period.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to insure that corrective action has been taken.

The Wilkinson County School District's response to the finding included in this report was not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the School Board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

The Gillon Shoup, PLLC

March 23, 2020 Natchez, Mississippi

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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Wilkinson County School District

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major programs:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? Yes
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Yes
- 7. Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553, 10.555 and 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster
84.377	School Improvement Grant

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B \$750,000 programs:
- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No

Wilkinson County School District

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). Yes

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests disclosed the following findings related to the federal awards.

Material Weakness and Noncompliance

Finding: 2019-001
Program: U.S Department of Education
Passed through the Mississippi Department of Education
Child Nutrition Cluster
CFDA: 10.553, 10.555 and 10.559
Compliance Requirement: Reporting

Criteria:

7 CFR Part 210.8 states that in order for the school district to be entitled to reimbursement, they shall submit to the Office of Child Nutrition a monthly claim for reimbursement. The Policies and Procedures Manual for Child Nutrition Programs in Mississippi states that this claim is due at the Office of Child Nutrition on the 10th of the month following the reporting month.

Condition:

Claims for reimbursement are not being submitted in a timely fashion.

Context:

Eight claims for reimbursement out of ten months filed were submitted after the required date.

Wilkinson County School District

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Effect:

Lack of adequate controls concerning the untimely submission of the "Monthly Claim for Reimbursement - School Lunch and School Breakfast" reports could result in the district not receiving the correct amount of federal reimbursement, or any federal reimbursement, to the cover the expenditures of the program.

Questioned cost:

None.

Identification of a repeat finding:

This is a repeat finding from the three previous audits, 2016-001 2017-001 and 2018-001.

Whether sampling was statically valid:

No.

Cause:

Personnel were unable to prepare the information for submission by the 10th of each month for the previous month.

Recommendation:

Procedures should be established and/or training be provided to facilitate the information being prepared for submission within the required time from which is by the 10th of each month for the previous month.

View of responsible officials:

District has met with the responsible staff and will monitor weekly to ensure that all documents that are needed to complete the monthly claims for reimbursement are checked and ready to compile and submit on a timely basis.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND SUMMARY OF PRIOR FEDERAL AUDIT FINDINGS

Wilkinson County Department of Education Mr. Chavis L. Bradford, Superintendent



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AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (UG), the Wilkinson County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Cost for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Findings	Corrective Action Plan Details			
2019-001	a. Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corre			
		Name: Meagan P. Tolliver Dixon, Business Manager		
		Phone Number: (601)888-6468		
	b.	Corrective Action Planned:		
		District has met with the responsible staff and will monitor weekly to ensure that all documents that are needed to complete the monthly Claims for reimbursement are checked and ready to compile and submit on a timely basis.		
	c.	Anticipated Completion Date:		
		June 30, 2020		

Wilkinson County Department of Education Mr. Chavis L. Bradford, Superintendent



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SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (UG), the Wilkinson County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary of prior year audit findings follow up as of June 30, 2019:

Finding

Status

2018-001

Not Corrected (See Repeat Finding 2019-001)