

The following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor, but was prepared by and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor by a private CPA firm. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	7
Audited Financial Statements	24
Statement of Net Position – Coahoma Community College and Early College High School	25
Statement of Financial Position - Coahoma Community College Foundation, Inc.	27
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Coahoma Community College and Early College High School	28
Statement of Activities - Coahoma Community College Foundation, Inc.	30
Statement of Cash Flows – Coahoma Community College and Early College High School	31
Statement of Cash Flows - Coahoma Community College Foundation, Inc.	33
Notes to Financial Statements – Coahoma Community College and Early College High School	34
Notes to Financial Statements – Coahoma Community College Foundation, Inc.	65
Required Supplementary Information	69
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	70
Schedule of PERS Contributions	71
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability	72
Schedule of OPEB Contributions	73
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	74
Supplementary Information	77
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Notes	78
Reports on Internal Control and Compliance	82
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	83

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major	
Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	85
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations	88
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	89

J. E. VANCE & COMPANY, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

825 JEFFERSON STREET POST OFFICE BOX 1280 TUPELO, MISSISSIPPI 38802

(662) 842-2123 FACSIMILE (662) 841-6809 E-MAIL: jev@jevance.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the President and Board of Trustees Coahoma Community College and Early College High School Clarksdale, Mississippi 38614

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component unit of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the college and high school's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We audited the financial statements of the Coahoma Community College Foundation, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which represents 100 percent of the activities of the discretely presented component unit.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Coahoma Community College Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component unit of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 7 through 23, the Schedules of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and PERS Contributions on pages 68 and 69, the Schedules of the Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Contributions on pages 70 and 71, and the notes related to these schedules on pages 72 through 74 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by The Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

JE Vance + Company

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our reported dated January 30, 2020, on our consideration of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tupelo, Mississippi

January 30, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

This section of the Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's annual financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the college and high school during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This discussion has been prepared by management along with the financial statements and related footnote disclosures and should be read in conjunction with and is qualified in its entirety by the financial statements and footnotes. The financial statements, footnotes, and this discussion are the responsibility of the college and high school's management.

Using the Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements, prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities.

Coahoma Community College and Early College High School reports the following discretely presented component unit: Coahoma Community College Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation). The main purpose of the Foundation is to raise money to supplement the college and high school's resources.

The annual report consists of three basic financial statements that provide information on the college and high school as a whole: the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows. These statements present financial information in a form similar to that used by corporations. These statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues and assets are recognized when the service is provided, and expenses and liabilities are recognized when others provide the service, regardless of when cash is exchanged.

The Statement of Net Position includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and net position. The college and high school's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) is one indicator of the college and high school's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are one indicator of improvement or erosion of the college and high school's financial health when considered along with non-financial factors such as enrollment levels and the condition of the facilities of the college and high school.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents the revenues earned and the expenses incurred during the year. Activities are reported as either operating or non-operating. The financial reporting model classifies state appropriations and gifts as non-operating revenues. The utilization of long-lived assets, referred to as capital assets, is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which amortizes the cost of an asset over its expected useful life.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Another important factor to consider when evaluating financial viability is the college and high school's ability to meet financial obligations as they mature. The Statement of Cash Flows presents information related to cash inflows and outflows summarized by operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

Financial and Enrollment Highlights

• Enrollment decreased 8.0% from the prior year based on headcount.

	Total Students
Year	Enrolled in Fall
2009	2,621
2010	2,741
2011	2,301
2012	2,305
2013	2,072
2014	2,044
2015	2,209
2016	2,189
2017	2,077
2018	1,911

- Gross revenue from tuition and fees increased 5.9% from the prior year.
- Revenue from federal, state and non-governmental grants decreased by 5.1% from the prior year.
- Revenue from state and county appropriations decreased by 1.6% from the prior year.
- The value of the endowment fund increased by 5.3% from the prior year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Condensed Statements of Net Position

	-	June 30, 2019	-	June 30, 2018		Increase (Decrease)
Assets						
Current Assets	\$	13,401,037	\$	12,985,743	\$	415,294
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets, Net		46,998,169		36,084,766		10,913,403
Other Assets		4,021,933		5,075,621		(1,053,688)
Total Assets	=	64,421,139	=	54,146,130	:	10,275,009
Deferred Outflows						
Pensions		2,331,965		3,714,475		(1,382,510)
Other Post-Employment Benefits		152,507		103,468		49,039
Total Deferred Outflows		2,484,472		3,817,943		(1,333,471)
Liabilities	-					
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities:		1,308,528		1,316,731		(8,203)
Refundable Deposits		46,073		37,123		8,950
Net Pension Liability		31,841,494		33,246,788		(1,405,294)
Net OPEB Liability		1,603,569		1,596,607		6,962
Total Liabilities		34,799,664		36,197,249		(1,397,585)
Deferred Inflows	-					
Pensions		1,831,839		727,341		1,104,498
Other Post-Employment Benefits		164,581		115,933		48,648
Total Deferred Inflows		1,996,420		843,274		1,153,146
Net Position	•					
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:		46,998,169		36,084,766		10,913,403
Nonexpendable Scholarships		2,766,868		2,630,465		136,403
Expendable Scholarships		1,535,700		100,000		1,435,700
Capital Projects		500,000		500,000		-0-
Unrestricted		(21,691,210)	-	(18,391,681)	•	(3,299,529)
Total Net Position	\$	30,109,527	\$	20,923,550	\$	9,185,977

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Assets

Current Assets

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in the college and high school's bank accounts. The total amount of cash and cash equivalents reported as current assets in the college and high school's financial statements was \$10,850,596 at June 30, 2019, an increase of \$2,293,608 from \$8,556,988 at June 30, 2018.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable relate to several transactions including state and county appropriations and student tuition and fee billings. In addition, receivables arise from grant awards and financial aid revenues. The receivables are shown net of allowances for doubtful accounts. The college and high school's receivables totaled \$2,228,171 at June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$1,404,587 from \$3,632,758 at June 30, 2018.

Inventories

The college and high school maintain inventories of merchandise for resale in the bookstore as well as items of food purchased for the cafeteria. Books, student supplies, and institutional memorabilia make up the majority of the resale inventory. Inventories totaled \$138,402 at June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$15,204 from \$153,606 at June 30, 2018.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses include prepaid construction costs and prepaid insurance. Prepaid construction consists of amounts paid to the Mississippi Office of Buildings, Grounds and Real Property Management for various construction, renovation and repair projects on campus. Prepaid construction at June 30, 2019 was \$33,591, a decrease of \$474,202 from \$507,793 at June 30, 2018. Prepaid insurance consists of advance premiums paid on the college and high school's various insurance policies. Prepaid insurance at June 30, 2019 was \$150,277, an increase of \$15,679 from \$134,598 at June 30, 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Noncurrent Assets

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash and cash equivalents are those funds that are held in the bank accounts, which are restricted for specific purposes. Restricted cash and cash equivalents primarily consist of federal funds and agency funds held for others. The amount of restricted cash and cash equivalents was \$1,255,065 at June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$1,190,091 from \$2,445,156 at June 30, 2018.

Investments

Investments include certificates of deposit and marketable securities held and managed by investment managers. These investments are recorded at their fair market value. The fair market value was \$2,766,868 at June 30, 2019, an increase of \$136,403 from \$2,630,465 at June 30, 2018.

Capital Assets, Net

Capital assets, net consist of land, infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and historical library holdings. The amount reported is net of accumulated depreciation. Capital assets, net totaled \$46,998,169 at June 30, 2019, an increase of \$10,913,403 from \$36,084,766 at June 30, 2018.

Deferred Outflows

Deferred outflows represent the amount of net position consumed by the college and high school's pension and other post-employment benefits plans that apply to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until the applicable period. Deferred outflows for pensions were \$2,331,965 at June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$1,382,510 from \$3,714,475 at June 30, 2018. Deferred outflows for other post-employment benefits were \$152,507 at June 30, 2019, an increase of \$49,039 from \$103,468 at June 30, 2018. The decrease in deferred outflows related to pensions and the increase in deferred outflows related to other post-employment benefits recognized in the performances of the State retirement system and the State other post-employment benefits plans for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Liabilities

Current Liabilities

Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities represent amounts due at June 30, 2019 for goods and services received before the end of the fiscal year. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities totaled \$778,914 at June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$78,313 from \$857,227 at June 30, 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability - Current Portion

Net other post-employment benefits liability – current portion represents the portion of the net other post-employments benefits liability that is due within one year. The current portion of the net other post-employment benefits liability as of June 30, 2019 was \$73,403, an increase of \$2,307 from \$71,096 at June 30, 2018.

Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities consist of funds held for student organizations to be disbursed in future years. Other current liabilities were \$456,211 at June 30, 2019, an increase of \$67,803 from \$388,408 at June 30, 2018.

Noncurrent Liabilities

Refundable Deposits

Refundable deposits consist of student housing deposits to be refunded to students. Student housing deposits refundable were \$46,073 at June 30, 2019, an increase of \$8,950 from \$37,123 at June 30, 2018.

Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities consist of the college and high school's share of the PERS net pension liability and the State's other post-employment benefits liability. The net pension liability was \$31,841,494 as of June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$1,405,294 from \$33,246,788 as of June 30, 2018. The net other post-employment benefits liability as of June 30, 2019 was \$1,603,569, an increase of \$6,962 from \$1,596,607 at June 30, 2018.

Deferred Inflows

Deferred inflows represent the amount of net position acquired by the college and high school's pension plan and other post-employment benefits that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the applicable period. Deferred inflows for pensions at June 30, 2019 were \$1,831,839, an increase of \$1,104,498 from \$727,341 at June 30, 2018. Deferred inflows for other post-employment benefits at June 30, 2019 were \$164,581, a decrease of \$48,648 from \$115,933 at June 30, 2018. The increase in deferred inflows is related the increase in the deferred inflows recognized in the performance of the State retirement system and the State's other post-employment benefits plans for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between the college and high school's assets and deferred outflows of resources and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The college and high school's net position increased by \$9,185,977 from normal operations in the current year. As a result, the total net position at June 30, 2019 was \$30,109,527, compared to \$20,923,550, at June 30, 2018.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets consists of the college's net position invested in capital assets less the outstanding amount of capital related debt. Net position invested in capital assets was \$46,998,169 at June 30, 2019, an increase of \$10,913,403 from \$36,084,766 at June 30, 2018.

Restricted Net Position

Restricted nonexpendable net position consists of endowment gifts with specific restrictions given on spending the principal. Restricted expendable net position consists of endowment gifts, gifts with specific restrictions, grants from third party agencies with expenditure restrictions, and amounts restricted for capital projects. Restricted net position at June 30, 2019 was \$4,802,568 of which \$2,766,868 was nonexpendable. Restricted net position at June 30, 2018 was \$3,230,465 of which \$2,630,465 was nonexpendable. Restricted net position increased by \$1,572,103 from June 30, 2108 to June 30, 2019. The nonexpendable portion increased \$136,403 from June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019.

Unrestricted Net Deficit

Unrestricted net deficit represents those balances from operational activities that have not been restricted by parties external to the college and high school such as donors and grant agencies. This includes funds that are normal working capital balances maintained for departmental and auxiliary enterprise activities. Unrestricted net deficit was \$21,691,210 at June 30, 2019, a deficit increase of \$3,299,529 from the \$18,391,681 unrestricted net deficit at June 30, 2018. The change in the unrestricted net deficit is explained on the next page:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Analysis of Unrestricted Net Position

	_	June 30, 2019	_	June 30, 2018	_	Increase (Decrease)
Unrestricted Net Position, General and Auxiliary Funds	\$	10,248,612	\$	11,077,756	\$	(829,144)
Net Deficit, Pensions Fund		(30,259,654)		(27,872,283)		(2,387,371)
Net Deficit, OPEB Fund	_	(1,680,168)	_	(1,597,154)	_	(83,014)
Total Unrestricted Net Deficit	\$_	(21,691,210)	\$_	(18,391,681)	\$_	(3,299,529)

The change in the unrestricted net position of the general and auxiliary funds is related to the changes in pension and other post-employment benefits expense adjustments between June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019. The change in the pension and other post-employment benefits funds are related to the performances of the State retirement system and the State other post-employment benefits plans for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	For the '	Increase	
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	(Decrease)
Operating Revenues:			
Tuition and Fees, Net \$	415,385	\$ 12,911	\$ 402,474
Grants and Contracts	15,817,861	16,668,596	(850,735)
Sales and Services	42,026	39,853	2,173
Auxiliary Enterprises, Net	1,051,873	1,100,189	(48,316)
Other Operating Revenues	760,473	350,278	410,195
Total Operating Revenues	18,087,618	18,171,827	(84,209)
Operating Expenses	33,356,291	34,135,963	(779,672)
Operating Loss	(15,268,673)	(15,964,136)	695,463
Nonoperating Revenues:			
State Appropriations	9,270,534	9,420,882	(150,348)
County Appropriations	3,002,551	3,046,699	(44,148)
Investment Income, Net	148,503	172,453	(23,950)
Interest Expense on Capital Asset Related Debt		(1,050)	1,050
Net Nonoperating Revenues	12,421,588	12,638,984	(217,396)
Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues	(2,847,085)	(3,325,152)	478,067
State Appropriations Restricted for Capital Projects	855,701	547,002	308,699
Other Nonoperating Revenues	4,412	-0-	4,412
Other Additions and (Deletions)	11,172,949	393,231	10,779,718
Total Other Revenues	12,033,062	940,233	11,092,829
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	9,185,977	(2,384,919)	11,570,896
Net Position at Beginning of Year,			
Previously Reported	20,923,550	24,905,624	(3,982,074)
Prior Period Adjustment	-0-	(1,597,155)	1,597,155
Net Position at Beginning of Year, Restated	20,923,550	23,308,469	(2,384,919)
Net Position at End of Year \$	30,109,527	\$ 20,923,550	\$ 9,185,977

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total operating loss for the year ending June 30, 2019 was \$15,268,673, a loss decrease of \$695,463 from \$15,964,136 for the year ending June 30, 2018. Since state and county appropriations are not included within operating revenue per GASB No. 35, the college and high school shows a significant operating loss.

The sources of operating revenue for the college and high school are tuition and fees, grants and contracts, auxiliary services, and other operating revenues.

The college and high school strives to provide students with the opportunity to obtain quality education. Future enrollment at the college may be affected by a number of factors including any material increases in tuition and other mandatory charges stemming from any material decrease in appropriation funding from the State of Mississippi.

Total operating revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 were \$18,087,618, a decrease of \$84,209 from total operating revenues of \$18,171,827, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. Operating expenses totaled \$33,429,693 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Operating expenses for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 totaled \$34,135,963. The total operating expenses for the year ending June 30, 2019 decreased \$706,270 from the total operating expenses for the year ending June 30, 2018.

Revenues

Operating Revenues

Tuition and Fees

This category includes all tuition and fees assessed for educational purposes net of scholarship allowances. Tuition and fees before applying scholarship allowances for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 were \$6,223,482, an increase of \$348,423 from \$5,875,059 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. Tuition and fees net of scholarship allowances were \$415,385 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, an increase of \$402,474 from \$12,911 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Grants and Contracts

This category includes all restricted revenues made available by government agencies as well as by private agencies. Grant revenues are recorded only to the extent that the funds have been expended for exchange transactions. Nonexchange revenues are recorded when received or when eligibility criteria have been met.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The following table details the college and high school's grant and contract awards.

		For the Year Ended:			Increase		
	_	June 30, 2019	-	June 30, 2018	-	(Decrease)	
Federal Sources:							
Department of Education	\$	11,725,928	\$	12,072,817	\$	(346,889)	
Other Federal Sources		414,272		592,553		(178,281)	
State Sources:							
Mississippi Community College Board		1,908,730		2,372,159		(463,429)	
Mississippi Department of Education		733,977		748,293		(14,316)	
Other Sources	-	1,034,954	_	882,774	_	152,180	
Total All Sources	\$	15,817,861	\$_	16,668,596	\$	(850,735)	

Sales and Services

Sales and services consist of income from athletic activities that totaled \$42,026 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, an increase of \$2,173 from \$39,853 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Auxiliary Enterprises

Auxiliary enterprises consist of various enterprise entities that exist primarily to furnish goods and services to students, faculty, staff or the general public and charge a fee directly related to the cost of those goods or services. They are intended to be self-supporting.

Auxiliary enterprises primarily include the college bookstore, college housing, and the cafeteria and snack bar. Total auxiliary service revenues totaled \$1,051,873 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$48,316 from \$1,100,189 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Operating Expenses

As indicated previously, operating expenses for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 totaled \$33,356,291, a decrease of \$779,672 from the total of \$34,135,963 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The changes in components of operating expenses from the year ending June 30, 2018 to the year ending June 30, 2019 are shown on the next page.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	For the Year Ended:				Increase
	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	,	(Decrease)
Operating Expenses by Function:					
Instruction	\$ 12,068,505	\$	12,977,921	\$	(909,416)
Academic Support	2,250,225		3,321,025		(1,070,800)
Student Services	4,017,279		4,039,061		(21,782)
Institutional Support	4,310,103		3,657,674		652,429
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	4,074,976		3,703,842		371,134
Student Financial Aid	2,428,084		2,363,631		64,453
Auxiliary Enterprises	2,307,648		2,111,633		196,015
Depreciation	1,899,471		1,961,176		(61,705)
Total Operating Expenses by Function	\$ 33,356,291	\$	34,135,963	\$	(779,672)
	For the Year End	led:	For the Year En	ded:	Increase
	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	,	(Decrease)
Operating Expenses by Object:					
Salaries and Wages	\$ 13,203,385	\$	13,105,747	\$	97,638
Fringe Benefits	5,185,962		6,571,769		(1,385,807)
Contractual Services	5,182,732		4,910,974		271,758
Commodities	3,799,282		3,854,368		(55,086)
Scholarships and Fellowships	2,428,084		2,363,631		64,453
Travel	361,012		298,189		62,823
Utilities and Insurance	1,296,363		1,070,109		226,254
Depreciation	1,899,471		1,961,176	,	(61,705)
Total Operating Expenses by Object	\$ 33,356,291	\$	34,135,963	\$	(779,672)

Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)

State Aid

The college and high school's largest source of nonoperating revenue is the State of Mississippi appropriations. The college and high school received \$9,270,534 for operations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$150,348 from \$9,420,882 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. An additional \$855,701 was received in state capital appropriations for the purchase, construction, renovation and repair of capital assets for the year ending June 30, 2018, an increase of \$308,699 from \$547,002 in state capital appropriations received for the year ending June 30, 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

County Appropriations

The college receives revenue from the five counties in the district in which it resides. The high school also receives revenue from the county in which it resides. Funding received by the college and high school is used for salaries and benefits and for operational purposes. These appropriations are received as monthly payments, beginning in July of each year. A portion of the support received from the counties is specifically restricted for capital improvements and the reduction of debt. The college and high school received \$3,002,551 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$44,148 from \$3,046,699 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. These appropriations were fully recorded by the college and high school during the fiscal year.

Investment Income, Net

Investment income includes interest income from the college and high school's investments held by an outside agency. Investment income was \$148,503 for the year ending June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$23,950 from \$172,453 for the year ending June 30, 2018.

Other Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Nonoperating revenues, consisting of insurance recoveries, were \$4,412 at June 30, 2019, an increase of \$4,412 as there were no other nonoperating revenues for the year ending June 30, 2018. There were no nonoperating expenses at June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$1,050 from nonoperating expense consisting of interest expense on capital debt totaling \$1,050 for the year ending June 30, 2018.

Statement of Cash Flows

Another way to assess the financial health of the college and high school is by reviewing the Statement of Cash Flows. Its primary purpose is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments of the college and high school during a period. The Statement of Cash Flows also helps users assess:

- The ability to generate future cash flows,
- The ability to meet obligations as they become due, and
- The need for external financing.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows – Direct Method

For the Year Ended:					Increase	
June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		(Decrease)	
\$	(10,703,476)	\$	(12,042,190)	\$	1,338,714	
	12,178,236		12,541,512		(363,276)	
	(381,972)		(1,079,572)		697,600	
	10,728		(85,184)		95,912	
	1,103,516		(665,434)		1,768,950	
	11,002,144		11,667,578		(665,434)	
\$	12,105,660	\$	11,002,144	\$	1,103,516	
		\$ (10,703,476) 12,178,236 (381,972) 10,728 1,103,516 11,002,144	\$ (10,703,476) \$ 12,178,236 (381,972) 10,728 1,103,516 11,002,144	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 \$ (10,703,476) \$ (12,042,190) 12,178,236 12,541,512 (381,972) (1,079,572) 10,728 (85,184) 1,103,516 (665,434) 11,002,144 11,667,578	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 (12,042,190) \$ (10,703,476) \$ (12,042,190) \$ (12,541,512) (381,972) (1,079,572) (85,184) 1,103,516 (665,434) 11,002,144 11,002,144 11,667,578	

The following table shows the changes in the major sources and uses of cash for the years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018.

	For the Year Ended:			Increase	
<u>-</u>		une 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	(Decrease)	
Sources:					
Operating Sources:					
Grants and Contracts	\$	17,251,684	\$ 16,091,723	\$1,159,961	
Auxiliary Enterprises		1,051,873	1,100,189	(48,316)	
Other Receipts		832,687	411,584	421,103	
Noncapital Financing Sources:					
State Appropriations		8,996,754	9,416,093	(419,339)	
County Appropriations		3,248,732	2,732,188	516,544	
Capital Financing Sources:					
Capital Grants		855,701	547,002	308,699	
Uses:					
Operating Uses:					
Payments to Employees		(17,253,493)	(17,147,013)	(106,480)	
Payments to Suppliers		(9,234,525)	(9,080,015)	(154,510)	
Payments for Utilities and Insurance		(1,312,041)	(1,061,354)	(250,687)	
Payments for Scholarships		(2,428,084)	(2,363,631)	(64,453)	
Noncapital Financing Uses:					
Other Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(67,250)	393,231	(460,481)	
Capital Financing Uses:		. , ,	,		
Acquisition and Construction of Assets	\$	(1,237,673)	\$ (1,583,524)	\$ 345,851	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Selected Financial Analyses

Current Ratio

	06/30/19	06/30/18	06/30/17		
Current Assets	\$ 13,401,037	\$ 12,985,743	\$ 13,338,805		
Current Liabilities	\$ 1,308,528	\$ 1,316,731	\$ 1,202,573		
Current Ratio	10.24	9.86	11.09		

Operational Income Excluding Depreciation

	06/30/19	06/30/18	06/30/17
Operating Revenues	\$ 18,087,618	\$ 18,171,827	\$ 18,195,487
Nonoperating Revenues	12,426,000	12,638,984	12,362,402
Less: Operating Expenses	(33,356,291)	(34,135,963)	(34,552,926)
Operational Income Including Depreciation	(2,842,673)	(3,325,152)	(3,995,037)
Depreciation Expense	1,899,471	1,961,176	1,973,244
Operational Income Excluding Depreciation	\$ (943,202)	\$ (1,363,976)	\$ (2,021,793)

Cash Flows Before Capital Items

	06/30/19	06/30/18	06/30/17
Net Cash Used by Operations	\$(10,703,476)	\$(12,042,190)	\$(11,705,988)
Net Cash Provided by Non Capital Financing	12,178,236	12,541,512	12,576,992
Cash Flows Before Capital Items	\$ 1,474,760	\$ 499,322	\$ 871,004

Unrestricted Net Position Excluding Property, Plant and Equipment and Debt

06/30/19	06/30/18	06/30/17
\$ 25,306,959	\$ 17,693,085	\$ 20,968,915
(46,998,169)	(36,084,766)	(36,603,088)
-0-	-0-	42,000
\$(21,691,210)	\$(18,391,681)	\$(15,592,173)
	\$ 25,306,959 (46,998,169) -0-	\$ 25,306,959 \$ 17,693,085 (46,998,169) (36,084,766)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Selected Financial Analyses (Continued)

Change in Unrestricted Net Position Excluding Property, Plant and Equipment and Debt

Revenues	06/30/19	06/30/18	06/30/17
Net Tuition	\$ 415,385	\$ 12,911	\$ (281,242)
Federal Grants and Contracts	13,278,941	13,914,540	14,439,935
State Grants and Contracts	1,949,576	2,083,739	2,139,726
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts	589,344	670,317	476,639
Sales and Services	42,026	39,853	41,950
Auxiliary Enterprises	1,051,873	1,100,189	1,181,330
Other Operating Revenues	760,473	350,278	197,149
State Appropriations	9,270,534	9,420,882	9,362,878
County Appropriations	3,002,551	3,046,699	2,889,647
Capital Appropriations	855,701	547,002	1,094,528
Investment Income	148,503	172,453	113,977
Other Nonoperating Revenues	4,412	-0-	-0-
Other Additions	11,172,949	393,231	251,891
Total Revenues	\$ 42,542,268	\$ 31,752,094	\$ 31,908,408
Expenses			
Instruction	\$ 12,068,505	\$ 12,977,921	\$ 13,162,321
Academic Support	2,250,225	3,321,025	3,259,466
Student Services	4,017,279	4,039,061	4,268,110
Institutional Support	4,310,103	3,657,674	3,382,861
Operation of Plant	4,074,976	3,703,842	3,532,167
Student Aid	2,428,084	2,363,631	2,602,862
Auxiliary Enterprises	2,307,648	2,111,633	2,371,895
Depreciation	1,899,471	1,961,176	1,973,244
Interest Expense on Capital Debt	-0-	1,050	4,100
Add: Capital Additions Net of Debt	1,237,673	1,583,524	1,347,798
Add: Reduction of Capital Debt	-0-	42,000	40,000
Less: Depreciation	(1,899,471)	(1,961,176)	(1,973,244)
Total Expenses	\$ 32,694,493	\$ 33,801,361	\$ 33,971,580
Change in Unrestricted Net Position Excluding			
Property, Plant and Equipment and Debt	\$ 9,847,775	\$ (2,049,267)	\$ (2,063,172)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Significant Capital Asset Transactions

During the 2014/2015 school year, the college contracted for a Campus Radio Station at a total estimated cost of \$150,000 funded by the college. The radio station itself is operating and will be permanently housed in the Student Services Building once the Student Services Building is completed. The current accumulated construction costs are being held in construction in progress while the broadcasting equipment in operation is included in the cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

During the 2014/2015 school year, the college also contracted for a Campus Security Fence at an estimated cost of \$656,810 which initially was to be funded by the college. However, additional funding was subsequently provided by the Mississippi Office of Buildings, Grounds and Real Property Management as the estimated cost increased to \$1,192,549. The Campus Security Fence was completed in the 2018/2019 school year at a final cost of \$1,208,012.

During the 2016/2017 school year, the Mississippi Office of Buildings, Grounds and Real Property Management approved funding for renovation student services building at an estimated cost of \$1,200,055 funded primarily by the Mississippi Office of Buildings, Grounds and Real Property Management. Preliminary work on this project is expected to begin during the 2019/2020 school year.

During the 2017/2018 school year the college conducted preliminary analysis for a new Student Activity and Family Enhancement Center. This project is still in the planning stages with the current accumulated costs held in construction in progress.

During the 2018/2019 school year the college contracted for elevator upgrades in Whiteside Hall at an estimated cost of \$105,000. This project is expected to be completed in the 2019/2020 school year.

Factors Impacting Future Periods

There are a number of issues of importance college and high school wide that directly impacted the fiscal year 2018/2019 financial situation. The level of federal, state and private support, compensation increases, student tuition and fee increases, insurance and energy cost increases impact the college and high school's ability to expand programs, undertake new initiatives, and meet its core mission and ongoing operational needs.

The need to continue to address priority needs and requirements for deferred maintenance, new technology, repairs, and new construction projects is a large challenge facing the college and high school in the years to come.

Various committees, partnerships and individuals are assessing the college and high school's performance toward identified goals and avenues to achieve greater efficiencies and reduce expenditures in an effort to assist in meeting future challenges.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS

Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,850,59	96
Accounts receivable, net	2,228,17	71
Inventories	138,40)2
Prepaid expenses	183,86	<u> 58</u>
Total current assets	13,401,03	37_
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,255,06	55
Investments	2,766,86	58
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	46,998,16	<u>59</u>
Total noncurrent assets	51,020,10)2
Total assets	64,421,13	39
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
Pensions	2,331,96	55
Other post-employment benefits	152,50	
Total deferred outflows	2,484,47	
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	778,91	14
Net other post-employment benefits liability, current portion	n 73,40)3
Other current liabilities	456,21	11
Total current liabilities	1,308,52	28_
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Deposits refundable	46,07	73
Net pension liability	31,841,49	
Net other post-employment benefits liability	1,603,56	
Total noncurrent liabilities	33,491,13	36
Total liabilities	\$ 34,799,66	<u> 54</u>

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

DEFERRED INFLOV	WS.
-----------------	-----

Pensions Other post-employment benefits Total deferred inflows	\$ 1,831,839 164,581 1,996,420
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	46,998,169
Restricted for:	
Nonexpendable:	
Scholarships and fellowships	2,766,868
Expendable:	
Scholarships and fellowships	1,535,700
Capital projects	500,000
Unrestricted	(21,691,210)
Total net position	\$ 30,109,527

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Without Donor Restrictions With Donor Restrictions		Totals
Assets:				
Cash	\$_	131,829	-0- \$	131,829
Total assets	_	131,829	-0-	131,829
Liabilities:				
	_	-0-	-0-	-0-
Total liabilities	_	-0-	-0-	-0-
Net Assets:				
Without donor restrictions		131,829	-0-	131,829
With donor restrictions	_	-0-	-0-	-0-
Total net assets	_	131,829	-0-	131,829
Total liabilities and net assets	\$_	131,829	-0- \$	131,829

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Operating revenues:		
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$5,808,096)	\$	415,385
Federal grants and contracts		13,278,941
State grants and contracts		1,949,576
Nongovernmental grants and contracts		589,344
Sales and services		42,026
Auxiliary enterprises:		
Student housing (net of scholarship allowances of \$581,649)		41,564
Food services (net of scholarship allowances of \$883,247)		63,116
Bookstore		908,691
Other auxiliary revenues		38,502
Other operating revenues	_	760,473
Total operating revenues		18,087,618
Operating expenses:		
Salaries and wages		13,203,385
Fringe benefits		5,185,962
Contractual services		5,182,732
Commodities		3,799,282
Travel		361,012
Utilities and insurance		1,296,363
Scholarships and fellowships		2,428,084
Depreciation expense	_	1,899,471
Total operating expenses	-	33,356,291
Operating loss	\$_	(15,268,673)

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
State appropriations	\$	9,270,534
County appropriations		3,002,551
Investment income		148,503
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	4,412
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	12,426,000
Loss before other revenues, expenses, gains and losses	-	(2,842,673)
State appropriations restricted for capital projects		855,701
Other additions	_	11,172,949
Change in net position		9,185,977
Net position:		
Net position - beginning of year		20,923,550
Net position - end of year	\$	30,109,527

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Totals
Revenues, gains and support					
Contributions	\$	80,287	-0-	\$	80,287
Investment income		46	-0-	-	46
Total revenues, gains and support		80,333	-0-		80,333
Expenses					
Program services					
College support		42,927	-0-		42,927
Supporting services					
Fund raising		44,867	-0-		44,867
General and administrative		1,508	-0-		1,508
Total expenses		89,302	-0-		89,302
Decrease in net assets before					
other sources and uses		(8,969)	-0-		(8,969)
Other sources and uses					
Transfers from other funds		5,000	-0-		5,000
Transfers to other funds		(5,000)	-0-		(5,000)
Total other sources and uses		-0-	-0-		-0-
Decrease in net assets		(8,969)	-0-		(8,969)
Net assets at beginning of the year		140,798	-0-		140,798
Net assets at end of the year	\$	131,829	-0-	\$	131,829

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Tuition and fees	\$	346,397
Grants and contracts		17,251,684
Payments to suppliers		(9,234,525)
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits		(17,253,493)
Payments for utilities		(1,312,041)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships		(2,428,084)
Athletics		42,026
Auxiliary enterprises charges:		
Student housing		41,564
Food services		63,116
Bookstore		908,691
Other auxiliary enterprises		38,502
Other receipts		832,687
Net cash used by operating activities	-	(10,703,476)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
State appropriations		8,996,754
County appropriations		3,248,732
Other non operating revenues (expenses)		(67,250)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		12,178,236
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Cash paid for acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,237,673)
Capital grants and contracts received	_	855,701
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(381,972)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received on investments		148,503
Purchase of investments	_	(137,775)
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	10,728
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,103,516
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		11,002,144
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	12,105,660

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Operating loss	\$ (15,268,673)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	1,899,471
GASB No. 68 pension expense adjustment	1,081,714
GASB No. 75 other post-employment benefits expense adjustment	11,046
Other receipts	219,119
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in assets:	
Accounts receivable, net	1,355,882
Inventories	15,204
Prepaid expenses	(15,679)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(78,314)
Refundable deposits	67,804
Other liabilities	8,950
Total adjustments	4,565,197
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (10,703,476)

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Decrease in net assets	\$	(8,969)
Adjustments to reconcile increase (decrease) in net assets to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
	_	-0-
Net cash used by operating activities	_	(8,969)
Cash flows from investing activities:		-0-
Cash flows from financing activities:	_	-0-
Net decrease in cash	_	(8,969)
Cash balance at the beginning of the year, restated	_	140,798
Cash balance at the end of the year	\$	131,829

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Coahoma Community College was founded in 1949 and is one of Mississippi's 15 public community colleges. The legal authority for the establishment of Coahoma Community College is found in Section 37-29-551, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The legal authority for the establishment of Coahoma Early College High School is found in Section 37-27-1, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Coahoma Community College and Early College High School is governed by a 14-member board of trustees, selected by the board of supervisors of Bolivar, Coahoma, Quitman, Tallahatchie and Tunica Counties who support the district through locally assessed ad valorem tax millage. One trustee from each of the supporting counties must be the county superintendent of education, unless the superintendent chooses not to serve, in which case the county board of supervisors fills the vacancy in accordance with Section 37-29-65, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Each board member is appointed for a 5-year term. In addition, Coahoma Community College works jointly with the Mississippi Community College Board, which coordinates the efforts of all 15 community colleges as they serve the taxpayers of the State of Mississippi. Similarly, the Coahoma Early College High School works with the Mississippi Department of Education, which coordinates the efforts of all kindergarten through 12th grade schools as they serve the taxpayers of the State of Mississippi.

Coahoma Community College and Early College High School reports the following discretely presented component unit: Coahoma Community College Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation). The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt nonprofit organization. The Foundation acts primarily as a fund raising organization to supplement the resources available to Coahoma Community College in support of its programs.

Although the college does not control the timing or amounts of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources or income that the Foundation holds and invests is restricted to the activities of the college by its donors.

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), including Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements. – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, and Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Public Colleges and Universities*, issued in June and November, 1999, respectively. Coahoma Community College and Early College High School now follows the "business-type activities" reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34 that provides a comprehensive one-line look at the college and high school's financial activities.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the institution have been prepared on the accrual basis whereby all revenues are recorded when earned and all expenses are recorded when they have been reduced to a legal or a contractual obligation to pay.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the college and high school considers cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Accounts Receivable, Net

Accounts receivable consists of tuition and fees charged to students, state and county appropriations, and amounts due from federal, state and nongovernmental grants and contracts. Accounts receivable are recorded net of an allowance for doubtful accounts.

Inventories

Inventories consist of bookstore merchandise and food service supplies. These inventories are generally valued at the lower of cost or market, on either the first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis or on the average cost basis. Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents that are internally or externally restricted for specific purposes are classified as restricted cash and cash equivalents on the Statement of Net Position.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses include payments made to various agencies and reflect construction and insurance costs applicable to a subsequent accounting period.

Investments

Investments are generally subject to the restrictions of donor gift instruments. They include true endowment funds, which are funds received from a donor with the restrictions that only the income is to be utilized; term endowment funds, which are funds for which the donor has stipulated that the principal may be expended after a stated period or on the occurrence of a certain event; and quasi endowment funds, which are funds established by the governing board to function like an endowment fund but may be totally expended at any time at the discretion of the governing board.

The institution accounts for its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Changes in unrealized gain (loss) on the carrying value of investments are reported as a component of Other Additions and Deletions on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or, if donated, at acquisition value at the date of donation. Renovations to buildings and improvements other than buildings that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred. Depreciation is computed for all assets, excluding land, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset and is not allocated to the functional expenditure categories. See Note 6 for additional details concerning useful lives, salvage values, and capitalization thresholds. Expenditures for construction in progress are capitalized as incurred. Interest expense relating to construction is capitalized net of interest income earned on resources set aside for this purpose.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues consist of amounts received for tuition and fees prior to the end of the fiscal year but relate to the subsequent accounting period.

Compensated Absences

Coahoma Community College and Early College High School does not provide for the accumulation of annual leave or major medical leave beyond one year. Therefore, no accrual for compensated absences has been recorded in the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until the applicable period. Deferred outflows related to pensions were \$2,331,965 and deferred outflows related to other post-employment benefits were \$152,507 for the year ending June 30, 2019.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents a acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the applicable period. Deferred inflows related to pensions were \$1,831,839 and deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits were \$164,581 for the year ending June 30, 2019.

See Note 13 for further details.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, reports equity as "Net Position" rather than "Net Assets." Net position is classified in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets is the portion of net position that consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balance of borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets.

Restricted expendable net position is noncapital assets that must be used for a particular purpose as specified by creditors, grantors, or donors. Restricted nonexpendable net position is noncapital investment assets that must be approved by the college and high school's board of trustees before they can be used.

Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position less remaining noncapital liabilities which are not restricted – expendable.

The unrestricted net deficit balance of \$21,764,613 at June 30, 2019 included \$138,402 reserved for inventories.

Classification of Revenues

The college and high school has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues according to the following criteria:

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Classification of Revenues (Continued)

Operating revenues: Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, and (3) most federal, state and local grants and contracts.

Nonoperating revenues: Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions, and other revenue sources that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, and GASB No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, such as state appropriations, county appropriations and investment income.

State Appropriations

Coahoma Community College and Early College High School receives funds from the State of Mississippi based on the number of full-time students actually enrolled and in attendance on the last day of the sixth week of the fall semester of the previous year, counting only those students who reside within the state of Mississippi. Beginning with the 2004 fiscal year, a new funding formula was phased in over a 5-year period which shifted the funding calculation from a predominantly full-time student formula, weighted by type of student, to a full-time equivalent formula which is based on total credit hours generated by all students with special considerations given only to high cost programs.

Scholarship Discounts and Allowances

Financial aid to students is reported in the financial statements under the alternative method as prescribed by the National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO). Certain aid, such funds provided to students as awarded by third parties, is accounted for as a third-party payment (credited to the student's account as if the student made the payment). All other aid is reflected in the financial statements as operating expenses, or scholarship allowances, which reduce revenues. The amount reported as operating expenses represents the portion of aid that was provided to the student in the form of cash. Scholarship allowances represent the portion of aid provided to the student in the form of reduced tuition. Under the alternative method, these amounts are computed on a college-wide basis by allocating the cash payments to students, excluding payments for services, on the ratio of total aid to the aid not considered to be third party aid.

Note 2: Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Policies:

Coahoma Community College and Early College High School follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of its various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns.

The collateral pledged for the college and high school's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the college and high school's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

As of June 30, 2019, the total carrying value of the college and high school's deposits with financial institutions reported in all of its funds was \$12,105,661.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – Custodial credit risk is defined as risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the college and high school will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The college and high school does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the college and high school. As of June 30, 2019, none of the college and high school's bank balance of \$12,956,593 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 2: Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

Investments:

Investment policies as set forth by board policy and by Section 37-101-15, Miss, Code Ann. (1972), which authorizes the college and high school to invest in equity securities, bonds and other securities. Investments are reported at fair (market) value.

As of June 30, 2019, Coahoma Community College and Early College High School held the following investments:

	Maturity		Fair	
Investment Type	(Years)		Value	Rating
Certificates of Deposit	< 1 to 2	\$	12,957	Not Rated
Money Market Funds	< 1		9,116	Not Rated
Mutual Funds	< 1	_	2,744,795	Not Rated
Total Investments		\$	2,766,868	

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that the college and high school may face should interest rate variances affect the fair value of its investments. Coahoma Community College and Early College High School does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The credit risk ratings listed above are based upon the standards set by Standard and Poor's or Moody's rating services. Coahoma Community College and Early College High School does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the college and high school will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Coahoma Community College and Early College High School does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, none of the \$2,766,868 investment balance was exposed to custodial credit risk since the investment companies held all investments in the name of the college and high school.

Note 2: Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk – Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. Coahoma Community College and Early College High School does not have a formal investment policy that addresses concentration of credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the college and high school did not have any investments requiring disclosure in accordance with the disclosure requirements described above.

Note 3: Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2019:

			Balance
		_	06/30/19
Student tuition	\$ 4,760,531		
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,046,451)		
Net student tuition			714,080
Federal, state, and private grants and contracts			817,855
State appropriations			360,248
County appropriations			105,575
Other receivables		_	230,413
Total accounts receivable		\$	2,228,171

Note 4: Inventories

Inventories at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

Inventory	 Amount
College Bookstore	\$ 132,367
High School Cafeteria	 6,035
Total Inventory	\$ 138,402

Note 5: Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses consist of prepaid construction and prepaid insurance. Prepaid construction consists of amounts paid to the Mississippi Office of Buildings, Grounds and Real Property management for various construction, renovation and repair projects on the college campus. Prepaid insurance consists of advance premiums paid to various agencies for the college and high school's various insurance policies. The allocation of these prepaid expenses at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Prepaid Expense	_	Amount
Prepaid construction costs Prepaid insurance premiums	\$	33,591 150,277
Total Prepaid Expenses	\$_	183,868

Note 6: Capital Assets

A summary of the college and high school's changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019, is shown on the next page.

Note 6: Capital Assets (Continued)

	_	Balance 07/01/18	 Additions		Deletions	_	Balance 06/30/19
Nondepreciable capital assets							
Land	\$	305,558	\$	\$		\$	305,558
Construction in progress	_	1,875,401	 1,379,173		(3,116,702)	_	137,872
Total cost of nondepreciable capital assets	_	2,180,959	 1,379,173		(3,116,702)	_	443,430
Depreciable capital assets Improvements							
other than buildings		9,007,584	1,322,021				10,329,605
Buildings		45,392,862	12,923,271		(75,700)		58,240,433
Equipment		7,413,154	369,692		(407,476)		7,375,370
Library books	_	1,066,612	 442			_	1,067,054
Total depreciable capital							
assets	_	62,880,212	 14,615,426		(483,176)	_	77,012,462
Less accumulated depreciation for: Improvements other							
than buildings		2,329,102	381,290				2,710,392
Buildings		19,433,960	1,186,088		(60,560)		20,559,488
Equipment		6,168,416	326,295		(357,593)		6,137,118
Library books	_	1,044,927	 5,798			_	1,050,725
Total accumulated							
depreciation	_	28,976,405	 1,899,471		(418,153)	_	30,457,723
Total depreciable capital assets - net	_	33,903,807	 12,715,955		(65,023)		46,554,739
Total capital assets, net	\$_	36,084,766	\$ 14,095,128	\$_	(3,181,725)	\$_	46,998,169

Note 6: Capital Assets (Continued)

Construction in Progress consists of the following projects:

		Accumulated
Project		Cost
Radio Station	_	78,252
Student Services Center		8,000
Elevator Upgrades	_	51,620
Total Construction in Progress	\$_	137,872

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis with the exception of the library books category, which is computed using a composite method. The following useful lives, salvage values, and capitalization thresholds are used to compute depreciation:

	Estimated		
	Useful	Salvage	Capitalization
Classification	Lives	Value	Threshold
Buildings	40 Years	20%	\$50,000
Improvements Other			
Than Buildings	20 Years	20%	\$25,000
Equipment	3 to 15 Years	1% to 10%	\$5,000
Library Books	10 Years	0%	\$0

Note 7: Construction Commitments and Financing

During the 2017/2018 year the college was given approval to seek a contract for renovation of the Student Services Building. During the 2018/2019 year the college contracted for elevator upgrades in Whiteside Hall. These projects are expected to be completed in the 2019/2020 year. As of June 30, 2019, the estimated costs to complete these projects and the sources of anticipated funding are presented on the next page.

Note 7: Construction Commitments and Financing (Continued)

			State		Institutional
Project to Complete	_	Total Costs	Sources		Resources
Campus Radio Station*	_	150,000	137,000		13,000
Elevator Upgrades		105,000	-0-		105,000
Student Services Building	_	1,200,055	1,200,055	;	-0-
Totals	\$_	1,455,055	\$ 1,337,055	\$	118,000

^{*} The campus radio station will be housed in the Student Services Building upon completion of the Student Services Building.

Note 8: Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

All accounts payable and accrued liabilities are considered current liabilities by the college and high school. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

Component	_	Amount
Employee salaries and benefits Payments to suppliers and contractors	\$	383,329 395,585
Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$_	778,914

Note 9: Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities of the college and high school consist of refundable deposits, the net pension liability, and the net other post-employment benefits liability, all of which are expected to be liquidated at least one year from June 30, 2019.

Refundable deposits consist of dormitory room deposits, which are refundable to students upon vacating the dormitory room. The net pension and other post-employment benefits liabilities represent the college and high school's proportionate shares of the State's net pension plan liability and the State's other post-employment benefit plan liability. The schedule of outstanding refundable deposits, the net pension liability and the net other post-employment benefits liability included in the noncurrent liabilities balance at June 30, 2019 is shown on the next page.

Note 9: Noncurrent Liabilities (Continued)

		Balance					Balance
Description		07/01/18		Additions		Deletions	06/30/19
Refundable deposits	\$	37,123	\$	8,950	\$	-0- \$	46,073
Net pension liability		33,246,788		-0-		(1,405,294)	31,841,494
Net other post-employment							
benefits liability	_	1,596,607		80,365		-0-	1,676,972
Subtotal	\$	34,880,518	\$	89,315	\$	(1,405,294)	33,564,539
Less: Current portion of ne	t ot	her post-empl	oyı	ment benefits	s li	ability	(73,403)
Total noncurrent liabilities						\$	33,491,136

Note 10: Operating Leases

Leased property under operating leases is composed of photocopiers. The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum rental payments required under those operating leases.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Year Ending June 30: Amou		
2020	\$	39,354	
2021		32,442	
2022		25,608	
2023		18,348	
2024		5,177	
Total minimum payments required	\$	120,929	

The total rental expense for all operating leases, except those with terms of a month or less that were not renewed, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was \$45,430.

Note 11: Pension Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description – Coahoma Community College and Early College High School contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq. (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits Provided – Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public-school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entities participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that a member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3 percent of the annual allowance for each full year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Note 11: Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions – PERS members are required to contribute 9.0% of their annual covered salary, and the college and high school are required to contribute at an actuarial determined rate. The employer's contribution rate as of June 30, 2019, was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The college and high school's contributions to PERS for the years ending June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017, were \$1,968,735, \$1,925,445, and \$1,902,427, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the college and high school reported a liability of \$31,841,494 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured at June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The college and high school's portion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the college and high school's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, as actuarially determined. The college and high school's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was .191436 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. There was an .008564 percent decrease from its proportionate share of .2 percent used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the college and high school recognized pension expense of \$3,050,449. At June 30, 2019, the college and high school reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the sources shown on the next page.

Note 11: Pension Plan (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 144,474	\$	140,233
Net difference between expected and actual earnings on pension plan			
investments			658,266
Changes of assumptions	19,628		18,374
Changes in proportion and differences			
between college and high school contributions and proportionate share	100 120		1.014.066
of contributions	199,128		1,014,966
College and high school contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,968,735	_	-0-
Total	\$ 2,331,965	\$	1,831,839

Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The \$1,968,735 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the college and high school contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as shown below:

Year ended June 30:

2020	\$ 217,258
2021	(451,720)
2022	(1,090,953)
2023	(143,194)
2024	-0-
Thereafter	 -0-
Total	\$ (1,468,609)

Note 11: Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial evaluation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table with Scale BB to 2022, with male rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00 %	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00	4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00	4.75	
Global	12.00	4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00	0.75	
Real Estate	10.00	3.50	
Private Equity	8.00	5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00	2.25	
Cash	1.00	-0-	%
Total	100.00 %		

Note 11: Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the College and High School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the college and high school's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the college and high school's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one (1) percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one (1) percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate (7.75 percent):

		1%	Current	1%
		Decrease	Discount	Increase
	_	6.75%	Rate (7.75%)	8.75%
College and high school's proportionate	_			
share of net pension liability	\$	41,926,111	\$ 31,841,494 \$	23,459,846

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, the plan is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov.

Benefits Provided – The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Contributions – The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the college were \$65,912 and contributions from the high school were \$7,491 for a combined total of \$73,403 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the college reported a liability of \$1,469,159 and the high school reported a liability of \$207,813 for a total combined total liability of \$1,676,972 for the college and high school's proportionate shares of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured at June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the college and high school's portion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the college's proportionate share was .18992428 percent, an increase of .00704257 percent from the college's proportionate share of .18288171 percent as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017. The high school's proportionate share was .02686478 percent, a decrease of .00280564 percent from the college's proportionate share of .02967042 percent as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017. The combined total proportionate share for the college and high school was .21678906 percent, an increase of .00423693 percent from the college's and high school's combined proportionate share of .21255213 percent as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the college recognized OPEB expense of \$84,989 and the high school recognized OPEB expense of \$879 for a combined total OPEB expense of \$85,868. At June 30, 2019 the college and high school reported the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the sources shown on the following page:

Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and		
actual experience		
College	\$ 2,991 \$	-0-
High School	423	-0-
Net difference between expected and		
actual earnings on OPEB plan		
investments		
College	-0-	-0-
High School	-0-	-0-
Changes of assumptions		
College	-0-	104,681
High School	-0-	14,807
Changes in proportion and differences		
between college and high school		
contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions		
College	75,690	-0-
High School	-0-	45,093
College and high school contributions		
subsequent to the measurement date		
College	65,912	-0-
High School	7,491	-0-
Total	\$ 152,507 \$	164,581

The \$65,912 reported by the college and the \$7,491 reported by the high school as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the college and high school contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as shown on the following page:

Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB (Continued)

Year ended June 30:

Prior Measurement Date

				High		
	_	College	_	School	_	Total
2020	\$	(5,804)	\$	(11,964)	\$	(17,768)
2021		(5,804)		(11,964)		(17,768)
2022		(5,804)		(11,964)		(17,768)
2023		(5,804)		(11,964)		(17,768)
2024		(3,512)		(9,767)		(13,279)
Thereafter	_	728		(1,854)		(1,126)
Total	\$	(26,000)	\$	(59,477)	\$	(85,477)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment Expense, including inflation	NA
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Measurement Date	3.89 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	_
Measurement Date	2018
Prior Measurement Date	2017
Single Equivalent Interest Rate,	
net of OPEB plan investment	
expense, including inflation	
Measurement Date	3.89 percent

3.56 percent

Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75 percent for 2018 decreasing to an Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75 percent by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the discount rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity of the College and High School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the college and high school's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the college and high school's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 2.89%		Current Discount Rate (3.89%)	1% Increase 4.89%	
Net OPEB Liability College Net OPEB Liability High School	\$ 1,628,527 230,355	\$	1,469,159 207,813	\$ 1,332,099 188,425	
Totals	\$ 1,858,882	\$	1,676,972	\$ 1,520,524	

Sensitivity of the College and High School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the college and high school's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the college and high school's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare					
		1%		Cost Trend		1%	
	_	Decrease	_	Rates - Current		Increase	
Net OPEB Liability College Net OPEB Liability High School	\$_	1,360,927 192,503	\$	1,469,159 207,813	\$	1,592,080 225,200	
Totals	\$	1,553,430	\$	1,676,972	\$	1,817,280	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov.

Note 13: Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net deficit amount of (\$21,647,613) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from deferred outflows from the college and high school's pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) plans. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions is in the amount of \$1,968,735 and resulted from the college and high school's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$363,230 balance of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years. Another portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and is in the amount of \$73,403 and resulted from plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$79,104 balance of deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position also includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the net difference between expected and actual experience relating to the college and high school's pension and OPEB plans. The \$4,241 net balance of the deferred outflows and inflows of resources at June 30, 2019 relating to the pension plan will be recognized as expense and decrease unrestricted net position over the next three years. The \$3,414 balance of the deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2019 relating to the OPEB plan and will be recognized as expense and decrease unrestricted net position over the remaining six years.

Unrestricted net position also includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the net difference between expected and actual earnings on the pension plan investments. The \$658,266 balance of the net deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as income and increase the unrestricted net position over the remaining four years.

Unrestricted net position also includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the changes in actuarial assumptions utilized in developing the net pension and OPEB liabilities. The \$1,254 net balance of the deferred outflows and inflows of resources at June 30, 2019 for the pension plan will be recognized as expense and decrease unrestricted net position over the remaining two years. The college's and high school's \$119,488 balance of the deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits will be recognized as income and increase the unrestricted net position over the remaining six years.

Note 13: Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position (Continued)

Unrestricted net position also includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the changes in the college and high school's proportionate share of contributions utilized in developing the net pension and OPEB liabilities. The \$815,838 balance of the net deferred outflows and inflows of resources for the defined benefit pension plan at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as income and increase unrestricted net position over the remaining three years. The \$30,597 balance of the net deferred outflows and inflows of resources for the college and high school's OPEB plan at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as expense and decrease unrestricted net position over the remaining six years.

Note 14: Natural Classifications with Functional Classifications

The following table lists the institution's operating expenses by natural and functional classifications as of June 30, 2019:

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Natural Classification										
		Salaries	Fringe	Contractual					Utilities &	Scholarships		
Functional Classification		& Wages	Benefits	Services		Commodities	_	Travel	Insurance	& Fellowships	Depreciation	Total
Instruction	\$	7,462,438 \$	2,888,887 \$	655,451	\$	889,579	\$	172,150 \$	-0- \$	-0- \$	-0- \$	12,068,505
Academic Support		752,973	310,699	1,073,874		71,748		40,931	-0-	-0-	-0-	2,250,225
Student Services		2,156,602	762,992	436,022		561,282		100,381	-0-	-0-	-0-	4,017,279
Institutional Support		1,516,357	609,083	1,169,596		968,375		46,692	-0-	-0-	-0-	4,310,103
Operation of Plant		1,046,071	491,769	705,898		534,017		858	1,296,363	-0-	-0-	4,074,976
Student Aid		-0-	-0-	-0-		-0-		-0-	-0-	2,428,084	-0-	2,428,084
Auxiliary Enterprises		268,944	122,532	1,141,891		774,281		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	2,307,648
Depreciation	_	-0-	-0-	-0-		-0-		-0-	-0-	-0-	1,899,471	1,899,471
Total Operating Expenses	\$_	13,203,385 \$	5,185,962 \$	5,182,732	\$	3,799,282	\$_	361,012 \$	1,296,363 \$	2,428,084 \$	1,899,471 \$	33,356,291

Note 15: Juvenile Detention Center Education Program

The Coahoma Early College High School entered into an Alternative School Agreement dated August 6, 2018 creating the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center. This program was created in accordance with Section 43-21-321, Miss, Code Ann. (1972), which states a sponsoring school district must provide educational services to youths detained in juvenile detention centers. The agreement was approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Attala County School District, Carroll County School District, Coffeeville School District, Clarksdale Municipal School District, Coahoma County Early College High School, Coahoma County School District, East Tallahatchie School District, Greenwood Public School District, Holmes County Consolidated School District, Humphreys County School District, Kosciusko School District, North Panola School District, Senatobia Municipal School District, South Panola School District, Sunflower County Consolidated School District, Tate County School District, Tunica County School District, Water Valley School District, West Tallahatchie Consolidated School District, Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District and the Leflore County School District. The Leflore County School District has been designated as the lead school district for the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center and the operations of the program are included in its financial statements.

Note 16: Alternative School Consortium

Coahoma Early College High School entered into an Alternative School Agreement dated February 13, 2019 creating The Coahoma Early College High School. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-12-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Quitman County School District, the Tunica County School District and the Coahoma Early College High School.

Section 37-12-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972) allows two or more adjacent school districts to enter into a contract to operate an alternative school program. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the alternative school program. Transportation of students attending the alternative program is the responsibility of the individual school district sending the students.

Coahoma Early College High School has been designated as the lead school district for the Coahoma Early College High School, and the operations of the consortium are included in the financial statements on the next page.

Note 16: Alternative School Consortium (Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues		
Local sources:		
Tuition from other LEAs within the state:		
Quitman School District	\$	22,432
Tunica School District		22,432
Tuition from other LEAs within the state:	•	44,864
Total local sources	•	44,864
Total Revenues		44,864
Expenditures		
Salaries		44,864
Total Expenditures	-	44,864
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	•	-0-
Net Change in Fund Balance	•	-0-
Fund Balance:		
July 1, 2018		-0-
June 30, 2019	\$	-0-

Note 17: Concentrations

Coahoma Community College and Early College High School receives a significant portion of its revenues from federal and state funding programs and grants. Future funding of these programs is necessary for the college and high school to continue the current level of its programs and courses offered.

Note 18: Contingencies

Federal, State and Private Grants – Coahoma Community College and Early College High School receives federal and state and private grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by grantor agencies. Entitlements to those resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the college and high school.

Note 19: Risk Management

Coahoma Community College and Early College High School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The college and high school carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the three past fiscal years.

Note 20: Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School evaluated the activity of the college and high school through January 30, 2020 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and has indicated that two former employees of the college were indicted after year-end for misappropriation of state assets.

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Coahoma Community College Foundation, Inc. (The Foundation) is a legally separate, tax-exempt nonprofit organization founded in 1981 to promote, establish, maintain and disperse Foundation funds to support the mission and objectives of Coahoma Community College, its students, alumni and staff. The Foundation acts primarily as a fund raising and public relations organization to supplement the resources available to Coahoma Community College in support of its programs.

The Foundation is exempt from corporate income taxes granted by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) under Section 501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The State of Mississippi income tax laws recognize the Foundation as a tax-exempt organization for Mississippi income tax purposes.

The accounting policies of Coahoma Community College Foundation, Inc. conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to nonprofit organizations. The significant accounting policies are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Foundation have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accounts of the Foundation are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. Under fund accounting, resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds established according to their nature and purpose. Financial statement presentation follows the requirements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in its Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 958, *Not-For-Profit Entities*. Under ASC 958, the Foundation is required to report the information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classifications of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions, and net assets with donor restrictions.

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

Net assets without donor are not subject to any donor-imposed restrictions. Revenues are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless the use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. Gains and losses and other assets and liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in unrestricted net assets unless their use is limited by explicit donor restrictions. Expirations of temporary restrictions on net assets, that is, the donor-imposed restriction having been accomplished and/or the specified time period having elapsed, are reported as transfers between the applicable classes of net assets.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions include gifts, unconditional promises to give, trusts and remainder interests, income, and gains which can be expended but for which the donor-imposed restrictions have not yet been met. Income and capital gains may or not be used depending upon the restrictions imposed by the donor. Examples of such restrictions would be where donors have specified the purpose for which the net assets are to be spent such as for scholarships, capital projects or athletic programs.

Contributions

Contributions received by the Foundation are recorded as net assets with or without donor restrictions depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions. Support that is restricted by the donor is recorded as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions if the restriction expires in the reporting period in which the support is recognized. All other donor-restricted support is reported as an increase in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, that is when the designated time restriction ends or the purpose of the restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and are reported in the Statement of Activities as net assets released from restriction.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be all unrestricted highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of their acquisition.

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amount for cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019 are their fair values.

Fund Raising

The Foundation conducts fund raising activities throughout the year. Revenue related to fund raising activities is included under revenues in the Statement of Activities and is listed as contributions.

The expenses related to fund raising activities is included under supporting services in the Statement of Activities and are for expenses incurred in inducing individuals to make contributions to the Foundation for which the contributor will receive no direct economic benefit.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing various programs and related supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis in the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the appropriate programs and supporting services benefited.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions will affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Note 2: Concentrations of Credit Risks

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Foundation to concentrations of credit risk consists of cash. The Foundation places its cash in creditworthy, high quality financial institutions. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides up to \$250,000 coverage on deposits at each financial institution. At June 30, 2019, all \$131,829 of the Foundation's cash deposits were fully insured by the FDIC.

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Note 3: Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Financial Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Financial Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Financial Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of Coahoma Community College Foundation, Inc. has evaluated the activity of the Foundation through January 30, 2020 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred that require disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for the Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of net pension liability	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.19%	0.19%
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$31,841,494	\$33,246,788	\$35,724,994	\$29,370,253	\$23,062,521
Covered payroll	\$12,225,028	\$12,078,887	\$12,777,086	\$12,184,363	\$11,531,399
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	260.46%	275.25%	279.60%	241.05%	200.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show the data presented for the past ten years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 and, until the full ten-year trend is compiled, the information is only presented for the years in which the information is available.

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30th of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of PERS Contributions for the Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,968,735	\$ 1,925,445	\$ 1,902,427	\$ 2,012,389	\$ 1,919,023
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (1,968,735)	\$ (1,925,445)	\$ (1,902,427)	\$ (2,012,389)	\$ (1,919,023)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
Covered payroll	\$ 12,499,887	\$ 12,225,028	\$ 12,078,887	\$ 12,777,086	\$ 12,184,363
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show the data presented for the past ten years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, and, until the full ten-year trend is compiled, the information is only presented for the years in which the information is available.

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability for the Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018
Proportion of net OPEB liability	0.22%	0.21%
Proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,750,375	\$ 1,667,703
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,870,258	\$ 9,434,723
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.73%	17.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show the data presented for the past ten years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, and, until the full ten-year trend is compiled, the information is only presented for the years in which the information is available.

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30th of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of OPEB Contributions for the Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 73,403	\$ 71,096
Contributions in relation to the		
contractually determined contribution	\$ (73,403)	\$ (71,096)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-0-	-0-
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,870,258	\$ 9,434,723
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.74%	0.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show the data presented for the past ten years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, and, until the full ten-year trend is compiled, the information is only presented for the years in which the information is available.

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Pension Schedules

Note 1: Changes of Benefit Terms

There are no changes of benefit terms to report.

Note 2: Changes of Assumptions

• 2017

- o The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.
- o The inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.
- o Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- o The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

• 2016

o The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

• 2015

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- O Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.
- o The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Pension Schedules (Continued)

Note 3: Changes in Benefit Provisions

• 2016

o Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

Note 4: Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset evaluation method 5-year smoothed market

Price inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

OPEB Schedules

Note 1: Changes of Benefit Terms

There are no changes of benefit terms to report.

Note 2: Changes of Assumptions

• 2018

o The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior measurement date to 3.89% for the current measurement date.

• 2017

• The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior measurement date to 3.56% for the current measurement date.

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

OPEB Schedules (Continued)

Note 3: Changes in Benefit Provisions

There are no changes of benefit provisions to report.

Note 4: Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in the schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age
Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset evaluation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases, including wage

inflation 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent

Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims

Pre-Medicare 7.75 percent

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

Pre-Medicare 5.00 percent

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

Pre-Medicare 2023

Long-term investment rate of return,

Net of pension plan investment

Expense, including price inflation 3.56 percent

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Pass-Through Entity/Grant Identifying Number	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Pass-Through Programs From: Mississippi Department of Education - National School Lunch Program	V000018220	10.555	\$215,157_
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			215,157
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			215,157
<u>U.S. Department of Justice</u>			
Grants to Reduce Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking on Campus	2016-WA-AX-0031	16.525	61,790
Total U.S. Department of Justice			61,790
U.S. Department of Labor			
WIA Cluster:			
Pass-Through Programs From: Delta Workforce Development Area - WIOA Youth Activities Mississippi Department of Employment Security - Various WIOA/WIA Programs	18-501-102 None	17.259 17.XXX	133,611
Total WIA Cluster			194,183
Other U.S. Department of Labor Programs:			
Pass-Through Programs From: Mississippi Community College Board - Apprenticeship USA Grants	None	17.285	29,493
Total Other U.S. Department of Labor Programs			29,493
Total U.S. Department of Labor			223,676
National Aeronautics and Space Administration			
Pass-Through Programs From: University of Mississippi - Education	19-11-023	43.008	6,465
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration		9	\$6,465_

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Pass-Through Entity/Grant	Federal CFDA	Federal
Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Identifying Number	Number	Expenditures
National Endowment for the Arts			
Pass-Through Programs From: Mississippi Arts Commission - Promotion of the Ar Partnership Agreements	ts - 19-3487-162-CD/PG	45.025 \$	4,500
Total National Endowment for the Arts		_	4,500
National Endowment for the Humanities			
Pass-Through Programs From: Mississippi Humanities Council - Promotion of the Humanities - Federal/State Partnership	RG 18-17-021	45.129	7,500
Total National Endowment for the Humanities		_	7,500
U.S. Department of Education			
Student Financial Aid Cluster:			
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOG) Federal Work-Study Program (FWS) Federal Pell Grant Program (PELL)	P007A182232 P033A182232 P063P181698	84.007 84.033 84.063	369,122 247,915 7,229,951
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster		_	7,846,988
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Pass-Through Programs From: Mississippi Department of Education - Special Education - Grants to States	1402	84.027	48,825
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA):		_	48,825
TRIO Cluster:			
TRIO - Talent Search	P044A160645-18	84.044	247,220
Total TRIO Cluster		-	247,220
Other U.S. Department of Education Programs:			
Higher Education - Institutional Aid	P031B170045-18 & P031B150048-18	84.031	3,688,672
Rural Education	S358A184160	84.358	17,637
Pass-Through Programs From: Mississippi Community College Board - Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	ABE 2018/2019	84.002 \$	189,421

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Pass-Through Entity/Grant Identifying Number	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
Other U.S. Department of Education Programs (Continued):			
Pass-Through Programs From:			
Mississippi Department of Education - Title I Grants			
to Local Education Agencies	1402	84.010	\$ 69,614
Mississippi Department of Education - Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	None	84.048	307,326
Mississippi Department of Education - Special Educat		01.010	307,320
Technical Assistance and Dissemination to Improv			
Services and Results for Children for Disabilities	None	84.326	485
Mississippi Department of Education - Supporting			
Effective Instruction - State Grants	1402	84.367	6,817
Mississippi Department of Education - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	ES424A170025	84.424	7 655
	E3424A170023	04.424	7,655
Total Other U.S. Department of Education Programs			4,287,627
Total U.S. Department of Education			12,430,660
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</u>			
CCDF Cluster:			
Pass-Through Programs From:			
Mississippi Community College Board - Child Care			
and Development Block Grant	None	93.575	181,374
Total CCDF Cluster			181,374
Other U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Programs:			
Pass-Through Programs From:			
Mississippi Department of Human Services - Social	6012898/6012899/		
Services Block Grant	6012986/6012988	93.667	63,983
Total Other U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pr	rograms		63,983
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			245,357
Corporation for National and Community Service			
AmeriCorps	None	94.006	10,195
Total Corporation for National Community Service			10,195
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 13,205,300

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School under programs of the federal and state governments for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Coahoma Community College and Early College High School, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Entire program costs, including the college and high school's portion, are more than shown. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursements.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

The college and high school have not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

J. E. VANCE & COMPANY, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

825 JEFFERSON STREET POST OFFICE BOX 1280 TUPELO, MISSISSIPPI 38802

(662) 842-2123 FACSIMILE (662) 841-6809 E-MAIL: jev@jevance.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the President and Board of Trustees Coahoma Community College and Early College High School Clarksdale, Mississippi 38614

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component unit of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2020. The financial statements of Coahoma Community College Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

MEMBER OF PCPS THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ALLIANCE FOR CPA FIRMS

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tupelo, Mississippi January 30, 2020

JE Vance + Company

84

J. E. VANCE & COMPANY, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

825 JEFFERSON STREET POST OFFICE BOX 1280 TUPELO, MISSISSIPPI 38802

(662) 842-2123 FACSIMILE (662) 841-6809 E-MAIL: jev@jevance.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the President and Board of Trustees Coahoma Community College and Early College High School Clarksdale, Mississippi 38614

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Coahoma Community College and Early College High School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tupelo, Mississippi

JE Vance + Company

January 30, 2020

J. E. VANCE & COMPANY, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

825 JEFFERSON STREET POST OFFICE BOX 1280 TUPELO, MISSISSIPPI 38802

(662) 842-2123 FACSIMILE (662) 841-6809 E-MAIL: jev@jevance.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

To the President and Board of Trustees Coahoma Community College and Early College High School Clarksdale, Mississippi 38614

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component unit of Coahoma Community College and Early College High School as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Coahoma Community College and Early College High School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the college and high school's board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Tupelo, Mississippi January 30, 2020

J & Vance + Company

MEMBER OF PCPS THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ALLIANCE FOR CPA FIRMS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial	l Statements:
T'HIAHCIA	Maichells

1.	Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements:	Unmodified
2.	Material Noncompliance relating to the financial statements?	No
3.	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	a. Material weakness(es) identified?	No
	b. Significant Deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None Reported
Fee	deral Awards:	
4.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
5.	Internal control over major programs:	
	a. Material weakness(es) identified?	No
	b. Significant Deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None Reported
6.	Any audit finding(s) reported as required by 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
7.	Federal programs identified as major programs:	
	 a. Student Financial Assistance Cluster: CFDA 84.007 Federal Supplemental Educational Opporto CFDA 84.033 Federal Work-Study Program CFDA 84.063 Federal Pell Grant Program 	unity Grants

b. Higher Education – Institutional Aid

CFDA 84.031

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

- c. Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States CFDA 84.010
- 8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

\$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

10. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b)?

No

Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section 3: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings or questioned costs related to federal awards.