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YAZOO COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

Audited Financial Statements and Special Reports

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020



YAZOO COUNTY TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION	1
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	6
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of	
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	12
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	
Notes to Financial Statements	
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	42
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)	
General Fund	43
Road Fund	44
Bridge Fund	45
Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	46
Schedule of County's Contributions	
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	48
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	51
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	52
Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste	
OTHER INFORMATION	55
Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials	56
SPECIAL REPORTS	57
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	37
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	
with Government Auditing Standards	58
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Co	
Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance Report	
Independent Accountant's Report on Central Purchasing System, Inventory Control System and	
Purchase Clerk Schedules (Required by Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972)	62
Limited Internal Control and Compliance Review Management Report	
υ το	
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	72
AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN	76
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS	78

YAZOO COUNTY

FINANCIAL SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Yazoo County, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Yazoo County, Mississippi, (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating

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the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund and Port Fund

As discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements, the County has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits in the governmental activities, business-type activities, Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund and Port Fund and, accordingly, has not recorded an expense for the current period change in that liability. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that other postemployment benefits attributable to employee services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee be accrued as liabilities and expenses as employees earn the rights to the benefits, which would increase the liabilities, reduce the net position and change the expenses of the governmental activities, business-type activities, Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund and Port Fund. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net position and expenses of the governmental activities, business-type activities, Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund and Port Fund is not reasonably determinable.

Qualified Opinions

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in "Basis for Qualified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund and Port Fund" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund, and Port Fund, of Yazoo County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the General Fund, Road Fund, Bridge Fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Yazoo County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and corresponding notes, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the County's Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is

required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Omission of Required Supplementary Information

Yazoo County, Mississippi has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Yazoo County, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the accompanying Reconciliation of the Operating Costs of Solid Waste are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Reconciliation of the Operating Costs of Solid Waste are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 13, 2021, on our consideration of Yazoo County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Yazoo County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Yazoo County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Vicksburg, Mississippi

October 13, 2021

YAZOO COUNTY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YAZOO COUNTY Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

30, 2020	Di	rimary Governmen		
	<u></u>	Governmental	Business-type	
		Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	12,499,121	728,754	13,227,875
Property tax receivable		12,413,012	-	12,413,012
Fines receivable (net of allowance for				
uncollectibles of \$1,124,302)		354,096	-	354,096
Intergovernmental receivables		513,973	280,052	794,025
Internal balances		(57,354)	57,354	-
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress		478,860	979,683	1,458,543
Other capital assets, net		56,352,206	11,801,971	68,154,177
Restricted assets:				
Investments		_	1,323,385	1,323,385
Total Assets		82,553,914	15,171,199	97,725,113
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions		977,913	229,388	1,207,301
Deferred amount on refunding		26,432	-	26,432
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,004,345	229,388	1,233,733
LIABILITIES				
Claims payable		451,255	176,114	627,369
Intergovernmental payables		590,888	-	590,888
Matured bonds and interest payable		48,110	_	48,110
Accrued interest payable		49,074	110,185	159,259
Amounts held in custody for others		314,589	-	314,589
Other payables		18,677	-	18,677
Claims and judgments payable		318,968	-	318,968
Long-term liabilities		,		,
Net pension liability		13,281,513	3,115,418	16,396,931
Due within one year:				
Capital debt		1,646,930	1,027,034	2,673,964
Due in more than one year:				-
Capital debt		1,703,698	11,438,171	13,141,869
Non-capital debt		285,106	50,236	335,342
Total Liabilities		18,708,808	15,917,158	34,625,966
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		335,875	78,786	414,661
Deferred revenues - property taxes		12,413,012	-	12,413,012
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		12,748,887	78,786	12,827,673
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		53,506,870	316,449	53,823,319
Restricted for:		,,-	,	,-
Expendable:				
General government		60,369	-	60,369
Public safety		417,366	-	417,366
Public works		5,265,013	-	5,265,013
Port		-,,	504,813	504,813
Economic development and assistance		278,840	-	278,840
Unemployment compensation		113,256	-	113,256
Debt service		210,469	-	210,469
Capital projects		72	-	72
Unrestricted			(1.416.619)	(9,168,310)
	Ś			51,505,207
Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$	(7,751,691) 52,100,564	(1,416,619) (595,357)	

YAZOO COUNTY Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Exhibit 2

•		Program Revo	enues		Net (Expense) Revenue ar	nd Changes in Net I	Position
			Operating	Capital	Primary Government		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 5,762,191	670,171	145,568	-	(4,946,452)		(4,946,452)
Public safety	3,445,546	894,607	530,805	_	(2,020,134)		(2,020,134)
Public works	8,246,299	52,920	-	774,526	(7,418,853)		(7,418,853)
Health and welfare	792,213	-	554,636	,	(237,577)		(237,577)
Culture and recreation	256,075	_	-	_	(256,075)		(256,075)
Conservation of natural resources	124,970	_	_	-	(124,970)		(124,970)
Economic development and assistance	170,521	164,266	27,231	_	20,976		20,976
Interest on long-term debt	149,083	-	-	_	(149,083)		(149,083)
Pension expense	1,181,311	_	_	_	(1,181,311)		(1,181,311)
Total Governmental Activities	20,128,209	1,781,964	1,258,240	774,526	(16,313,479)		(16,313,479)
rotal dovernmental Activities	20,128,203	1,701,304	1,230,240	774,320	(10,313,473)		(10,313,473)
Business-type activities:							
Regional jail	3,571,407	3,854,023				282,616	282,616
Port	1,820,026	16,461		466,343		(1,337,222)	(1,337,222)
Total Business-type Activities	5,391,433	3,870,484		466,343	-	(1,054,606)	(1,054,606)
Total Primary Government	\$ 25,519,642	5,652,448	1,258,240	1,240,869	(16,313,479)	(1,054,606)	(17,368,085)
	General revenu	ies:					
	Property taxes	5		9	\$ 13,586,123	103	13,586,226
		privilege taxes			289,518	-	289,518
	Rental Income				· -	194,941	194,941
	Grants and co	ntributions not r	estricted to specific	programs	1,167,473	-	1,167,473
		nterest income	•		118,040	100,644	218,684
	Miscellaneous	;			82,625	149	82,774
		disposal and sal	e of assets		1,275,687	(622)	1,275,065
	Total Genera	al Revenues			16,519,466	295,215	16,814,681
	Changes in Net				205,987	(759,391)	(553,404)
	Net Position - F	seginning, as pre	viously stated		52,810,605	(23,397)	52,787,208
	Prior Period Ad				(916,028)	187,431	(728,597)
		eginning, as rest	ated		51,894,577	164,034	52,058,611
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-6					
	Net Position - E	inding		9	\$ 52,100,564	(595,357)	51,505,207

	_	Major Funds					
		General Fund	Road Fund	Bridge Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS	-	T dild					
Cash	\$	5,835,998	3,336,860	1,129,929	2,196,334	12,499,121	
Property tax receivable	•	7,277,500	3,380,000	545,000	1,210,512	12,413,012	
Fines receivable (net of allowance for		, ,		,	, ,	, ,	
uncollectibles of \$ 1,124,302)		354,096	-	-	-	354,096	
Intergovernmental receivables		491,775	-	-	22,198	513,973	
Due from other funds		-	128,479	19,329	49,604	197,412	
Advances to other funds		63,571	-	-	-	63,571	
Total Assets	\$	14,022,940	6,845,339	1,694,258	3,478,648	26,041,185	
LIABILITIES							
Claims payable	\$	26,438	391,427	1,099	32,291	451,255	
Intergovernmental payables	,	590,888	-	-,	-	590,888	
Due to other funds		280,247	-	-	-	280,247	
Advances from other funds		-	-	-	52,000	52,000	
Matured bonds and interest payable		-	-	-	48,110	48,110	
Amounts held in custody for others		314,589	-	-	-	314,589	
Claims and judgments payable		318,968	-	-	=	318,968	
Other payables		4,767	-	-	=	4,767	
Total Liabilities	\$	1,535,897	391,427	1,099	132,401	2,060,824	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		7,277,500	3,380,000	545,000	1,210,512	12,413,012	
Unavailable revenue - fines		354,096	-	-	-,,	354,096	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	7,631,596	3,380,000	545,000	1,210,512	12,767,108	
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Advances		63,571	_	_	-	63,571	
Restricted for:						,-:=	
General government		-	-	-	60,369	60,369	
Public safety		-	-		417,366	417,366	
Public works		-	3,073,912	1,148,159	1,042,942	5,265,013	
Economic development and assistance		-	-	-	278,840	278,840	
Capital Projects		-	-		72	72	
Debt service		-	-	-	259,543	259,543	
Unemployment compensation		-	-	-	113,256	113,256	
Unassigned		4,791,876	-	-	(36,653)	4,755,223	
Total Fund Balances	\$	4,855,447	3,073,912	1,148,159	2,135,735	11,213,253	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	14,022,940	6,845,339	1,694,258	3,478,648	26,041,185	

YAZOO COUNTY

Exhibit 3-1

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

	Amount	
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 11,213,253	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$86,507,757	56,831,066	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	354,096	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(3,635,734))
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(13,281,513))
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(49,074))
Deferred amount on refunding	26,432	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	977,913 (335,875)	
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 52,100,564	

YAZOO COUNTY <u>Exhibit 4</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Major Funds			
				Other	Total
	General	Road	Bridge	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 7,017,820	4,664,115	586,835	1,317,353	13,586,123
Road and bridge privilege taxes	-	289,518	-	-	289,518
Licenses, commissions and other revenue	578,928	-	-	5,592	584,520
Fines and forfeitures	118,097	11,970	-	1,367	131,434
Intergovernmental revenues	1,931,394	774,526	-	494,319	3,200,239
Charges for services	113,965	-	-	984,491	1,098,456
Interest income	105,387	-	4,836	7,817	118,040
Miscellaneous revenues	63,307	16,927	-	2,391	82,625
Total Revenues	9,928,898	5,757,056	591,671	2,813,330	19,090,955
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	5,813,368	-	-	7,529	5,820,897
Public safety	2,731,199	-	-	883,260	3,614,459
Public works	131,184	5,797,728	566,304	1,205,886	7,701,102
Health and welfare	282,571	-	-	554,242	836,813
Culture and recreation	256,075	_	_	-	256,075
Conservation of natural resources	134,829	_	_	_	134,829
Economic development and assistance	21,786	_	_	161,147	182,933
Debt service:	21,700			101,117	102,333
Principal	82,415	2,069,033	_	827,590	2,979,038
Interest	3,166	74,208	_	44,874	122,248
Total Expenditures	9,456,593	7,940,969	566,304	3,684,528	21,648,394
Total Experiarca		7,540,505	300,304	3,004,320	21,040,334
Excess of Revenues over					
(under) Expenditures	472,305	(2,183,913)	25,367	(871,198)	(2,557,439)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Long-term capital debt issued	250,000	1,574,435	-	280,000	2,104,435
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	10,930	1,360,228	-	140,038	1,511,196
Transfers In	=	=	-	144,864	144,864
Transfers Out	(144,864)	-	-	-	(144,864)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	116,066	2,934,663		564,902	3,615,631
-					
Net Changes in Fund Balances	588,371	750,750	25,367	(306,296)	1,058,192
Fund Balances- Beginning, as previously stated	3,736,176	2,312,977	1,121,260	2,939,545	10,109,958
Prior Period Adjustments	29,328	10,185	1,532	4,058	45,103
Fund Reclassification		10,103	1,332	(501,572)	+3,103
	501,572	2 222 462	1 122 702		10.155.000
Fund Balances- Beginning, as restated	4,267,076	2,323,162	1,122,792	2,442,031	10,155,061
Fund balances, ending	\$ 4,855,447	3,073,912	1,148,159	2,135,735	11,213,253

YAZOO COUNTY Exhibit 4-1

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	_	Amount
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,058,192
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that depreciation of \$2,534,465 exceeded capital outlays of \$1,546,209 in the current period.		(988,256)
In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of the net gain (loss) of 1,275,687 and the proceeds from the sale of \$1,511,196 in the current period.		(235,509)
Fine revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting.		(32,446)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that debt repayments of \$2,979,038 exceeded debt proceeds of \$2,104,435.		874,603
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by a combination of the following items:		
Amortization of bond premium		1,942
Amortization of refunding charges on long-term debt		(1,402)
Compensated absences payable Accrued interest payable		(61,002) (27,375)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not		
reported in the governmental funds. These activities include: Recording of pension expense for the current period		(1,181,311)
Recording of contributions made during the year		798,551
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ <u></u>	205,987

September 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Enterprise Funds			
	Yazoo County			
	Regional Jail Fund	Port Fund	Total	
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash \$		637,888	728,754	
Intergovernmental receivable	239,621	40,431	280,052	
Due from other funds	68,891	34	68,925	
Total Current Assets	399,378	678,353	1,077,731	
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets	4 222 205		4 222 205	
Investments- cash equivalent	1,323,385	-	1,323,385	
Capital assets:	75.000	004 693	-	
Land	75,000	904,683	979,683	
Other capital assets, net	11,003,913	798,058	11,801,971	
Total Assets	12,402,298	1,702,741	14,105,039	
Total Assets	12,801,676	2,381,094	15,182,770	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions	217,314	12,074	229,388	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	217,314	12,074	229,388	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Claims payable	176,114	-	176,114	
Advances from other funds	11,571	-	11,571	
Accrued interest payable	96,744	13,441	110,185	
Capital debt:			-	
Other long-term liabilities	968,088	58,946	1,027,034	
Total Current Liabilities	1,252,517	72,387	1,324,904	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Net pension liability	2,951,447	163,971	3,115,418	
Capital debt:			-	
Other long-term liabilities	10,821,362	616,809	11,438,171	
Non-capital debt:	46.404	4.055	-	
Compensated absences payable	46,181	4,055	50,236	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13,818,990	784,835	14,603,825	
Total Liabilities	15,071,507	857,222	15,928,729	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions	74,639	4,147	78,786	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	74,639	4,147	78,786	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	(710,537)	1,026,986	316,449	
Restricted for:			-	
Port	-	504,813	504,813	
Unrestricted	(1,416,619)		(1,416,619)	
Total Net Position \$	(2,127,156)	1,531,799	(595,357)	

YAZOO COUNTY

Exhibit 6

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

		EI	iterprise runas	
		_		
		Regional Jail Fund	Port Fund	Total
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$	3,854,023	16,461	3,870,484
Rental Income		-	194,941	194,941
Miscellaneous		149	-	149
Total Operating Revenues		3,854,172	211,402	4,065,574
Operating Expenses				
Personal services		1,328,996	62,170	1,391,166
Contractual services		514,344	1,694,566	2,208,910
Materials and supplies		760,185	32,384	792,569
Depreciation expense		291,506	2,880	294,386
Pension expense		262,514	14,585	277,099
Total Operating Expenses		3,157,545	1,806,585	4,964,130
Operating Income (Loss)		696,627	(1,595,183)	(898,556)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Property taxes			103	103
Interest income		95,866	4,778	100,644
Intergovernmental grants		-	466,343	466,343
Interest expense		(413,862)	(13,441)	(427,303)
Gain (Loss) on sale of assets		(622)	-	(622)
Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)		(318,618)	457,783	139,165
Changes in Net Position		378,009	(1,137,400)	(759,391)
Net Position- Beginning, as previously reported		(2,505,165)	2,481,768	(23,397)
Prior period adjustments		-	187,431	187,431
Net Position- Beginning, as restated		(2,505,165)	2,669,199	164,034
Net Position - Ending	\$	(2,127,156)	1,531,799	(595,357)

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds Exhibit 7

	Enterprise Funds			
		Yazoo County		_
		Regional Jail Fund	Port Fund	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers	\$	3,875,191	211,402	4,086,593
Payments to suppliers		(1,217,911)	(1,726,949)	(2,944,860)
Payments to employees for services		(1,499,444)	(74,516)	(1,573,960)
Other operating cash receipts		149	-	149
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		1,157,985	(1,590,063)	(432,078)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities				
Receipts from property tax collections			72	72
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities			72	72
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Capital grants received		=	613,343	613,343
Proceeds on long-term debt		-	675,755	675,755
Acquisition of capital assets		(5,874)	,	(5,874)
Principal paid on debt		(860,000)	-	(860,000)
Interest paid on debt		(422,438)	-	(422,438)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related		(*==,****)		(==, ==,
Financing Activities		(1,288,312)	1,289,098	786
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Interest on deposits		17,778	4,778	22,556
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		17,778	4,778	22,556
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(112,549)	(296,115)	(408,664)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,526,800	934,003	2,460,803
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	1,414,251	637,888	2,052,139
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	696,627	(1,595,183)	(898,556)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense		291,506	2,880	294,386
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		19,582	-	19,582
(Increase) decrease in interfund receivable		1,586	-	1,586
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		(108,147)	(6,009)	(114,156)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		56,618	-	56,618
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences liability		7,008	(2,487)	4,521
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		193,378	10,745	204,123
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		(173)	(9)	(182)
Total Adjustments		461,358	5,120	466,478
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	1,157,985	(1,590,063)	(432,078)
	•	,==:,===	. , , ,	, ,_,

	_	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash Due from other funds	\$	723,751 13,910
Total Assets	\$ <u>_</u>	737,661
LIABILITIES		
Amounts held in custody for others	\$	675,641
Intergovernmental payables		62,020
Total Liabilities	\$ <u></u>	737,661

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

A. Financial Reporting Entity.

Yazoo County, Mississippi (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi. The County is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Yazoo County to present these financial statements on the primary government and its component units which have significant operational or financial relationships with the County. There are no outside organizations that should be included as component units of the County's reporting entity.

State law pertaining to county government provides for the independent election of county officials. The following elected and appointed officials are all part of the County legal entity and therefore are reported as part of the primary government financial statements.

- Board of Supervisors
- Chancery Clerk
- Circuit Clerk
- Justice Court Clerk
- Purchase Clerk
- Tax Assessor
- Tax Collector
- Sheriff

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures.

Blended Component Units

Certain component units, although legally separate from the primary government, are nevertheless so intertwined with the primary government that they are, in substance, the same as the primary government. Therefore, these component units are reported as if they are part of the primary government. The following component units' balances and transactions are blended with the balances and transactions of the primary government.

Yazoo County Human Resource Agency - The mission of the agency is to provide human services to people in need and that meet the general and specialized needs of the citizens of Yazoo County.

Yazoo County Port Commission — This commission was created for the purpose of overseeing the operations of the Yazoo County Port. A five-member board of commissioners is appointed as follows: one commissioner is appointed by the Governor; two commissioners are appointed by Yazoo County; and two commissioners are appointed by Yazoo City.

C. Basis of Presentation.

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and accompanying note disclosures which provide a detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information concerning the County as a whole. The statements include all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues and are reported separately from business-type activities. Business-type activities rely mainly on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities and business-type activities of the County at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the County's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business-type activity or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balances/net position, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Major individual Governmental Funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column as Other Governmental Funds.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.

The Government-wide, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds (excluding agency funds) financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the County. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the accrual basis of accounting.

The revenues and expenses of Proprietary Funds are classified as operating or non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a Proprietary Fund's primary operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as non-operating.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

The County reports the following major Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Road Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for monies from specific revenue sources that are restricted for road maintenance.

<u>Bridge Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for monies from specific revenue sources that are restricted for bridge maintenance.

The County reports the following major Enterprise Funds:

<u>Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the County's activities of the regional jail.

Port Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities of the port.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises or where the County has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the County, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

E. Account Classifications.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association.

F. Deposits and Investments.

State law authorizes the County to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the County may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and other cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair market value.

G. Receivables.

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

H. Inter-fund Transactions and Balances.

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Noncurrent portions of interfund receivables and payables are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in the General Fund, if applicable, to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. However, this is not applicable to advances reported in other governmental funds, which are reported, by definition, as restricted, committed, or assigned. Inter-fund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. Any outstanding balances

between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

I. Restricted Assets

Proprietary Fund assets required to be held and/or used as specified in bond indentures, bond resolutions, trustee agreements, board resolutions and donor specifications have been reported as restricted assets. When both restricted and nonrestricted assets are available for use, the policy is to use restricted assets first.

Certain proceeds of the County's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "revenue" account is funded by revenues received for housing of inmates and is used to fund the General Account. Revenues exceeding the amount necessary to fund the General Account are transferred to the County upon request and substantiation of monthly expenditures. The "bond issuance expense" account is used to segregate resources set aside to pay bond issue cost. The "escrow" account is used to set aside funds to repay the refinanced bonds. The "debt service reserve" account is used to report resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from the County's operation that could adversely affect debt service payments. The "general" account is funded by the revenue account and used to pay bondholder interest and principal payments as they come due.

J. Capital Assets.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital asset costs, other than infrastructure, have been estimated and the methods of estimation are not readily available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capitalized on capital assets.

Capital assets acquired or constructed for Proprietary Fund operations are capitalized at cost in the respective funds in which they are utilized. No interest is capitalized on self-constructed assets because non-capitalization of interest does not have a material effect on the County's financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the time of donation.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements and Proprietary Funds. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

	Capitalization Thresholds		Estimated Service Life
Land	\$	0	N/A
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5 to 10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3 to 7 years
Infrastructure		0	20 to 50 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

^{*} Leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

<u>Deferred outflows related to pensions</u> – This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note 11 for additional details.

<u>Deferred amount on refunding.</u> – For current refundings and advance refundings resulting in defeasance of debt reported by governmental activities, business-type activities, and proprietary funds, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as inflows of resources (revenues) until that time.

<u>Deferred revenue – property taxes/unavailable revenue – property taxes</u> – Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed non-exchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.

<u>Unavailable revenue – fines</u> – When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time the revenue becomes available.

<u>Deferred inflows related to pensions</u> – This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note 11 for additional details.

L. Pensions.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Long-term Liabilities.

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements and in the Proprietary Fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be

used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Government fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the County:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent. This includes amounts that are either not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties are restricted, committed or assigned) or amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as a principal balance of a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

O. Property Tax Revenues.

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Supervisors may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the County. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Supervisors, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and

personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of the original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of the original purchase occurs.

P. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

Q. Compensated Absences.

The County has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee personal leave. No payment is authorized for accrued major medical leave. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require accrual of accumulated unpaid employee benefits as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and Proprietary Funds financial statements. In fund financial statements, Governmental Funds report the compensated absence liability payable only if the payable has matured, for example an employee resigns or retires.

R. Changes in Accounting Standards.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

NOTE 2 - FUND RECLASSIFICATIONS.

A summary of significant fund balance adjustments is as follows:

Explanation		Amount
To correct classification of fund to General Fund	\$	501,572
To correct classification of fund from Other Governmental Funds	_	(501,572)
Total fund reclassifications	\$	

In the prior year, the Tax Assessor fund was incorrectly reported in other governmental funds and was reclassified during the current year for inclusion in the General Fund.

NOTE 3 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS.

A summary of the significant net position/fund balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit 2- Statement of Activities- Governmental Activities

Explanation	 Amount
To correct prior year error in capital leases	\$ (1,008,351)
To correct prior year error in accrued interest payable	47,220
To correct prior year error in cash	45,103
Total prior period adjustments	\$ (916,028)

Exhibit 2- Statement of Activities- Business-type Activities:

Explanation	 Amount
To correct prior year error in intergovernmental receivables	\$ 187,431
Total prior period adjustments	\$ 187,431

Exhibit 4- Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Governmental Funds

Explanation	 Amount
To correct prior year error in cash	\$ 45,103
Total prior period adjustments	\$ 45,103

Exhibit 6 – Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds

Explanation	Amount
To correct prior year error in intergovernmental receivables	\$ 187,431
Total prior period adjustments	\$ 187,431

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS.

Deposits:

The carrying amount of the County's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2020, was \$13,951,626 and the bank balance was \$14,617,074. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State

Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the County.

Investments:

As provided in Section 91-13-8, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the following investments of the County are handled through a trust indenture between the County and the trustee related to the operations of the Yazoo County Regional Correctional Facility.

Investments balances at September 30, 2020, are as follows:

Investment Type	Maturities	Fair Value Level	_	Fair Value
Hancock Horizon Government			_	_
Money Market Fund	Less than one year	Level 1	\$	1,323,385

Interest Rate Risk: The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, Section 19-9-29, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), limits the maturity period of any investment to no more than one year.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those authorized by Sections 19-9-29 and 91-13-8, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The County does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investments choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The county does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. Of the County's investment, \$1,323,385 were held in trust accounts by the trustee on behalf of the County.

NOTE 5 – INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES.

The following is a summary of inter-fund balances at September 30, 2020:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Road Fund	General Fund	\$ 128,479
Bridge Fund	General Fund	19,329
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	49,604
Agency Funds	General Fund	13,910
Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund	General Fund	68,891
Port Fund	General Fund	34
٦	Total	\$ 280,247

The amount payable to the Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund of \$68,891 represents the amount due from the General Fund for the housing of prisoners. The remaining receivables represent the tax revenues collected in September 2020, but not settled until October 2020. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

B. Advances from/to Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	An	nount
General Fund	Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund	\$	11,571
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds		52,000
	Total	\$	63,571

Amounts listed represent amounts paid in 2010 for the Regional Jail construction and matching funds to start up Human Resource Agency federal programs in fiscal year 2005.

C. Transfers In/Out:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount	
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	\$	144,864
	Total	\$	144,864

The transfers to the Other Governmental Funds were to provide cash matches for federal grants.

NOTE 6 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES.

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Description	_/	Amount
Governmental Activities:		_
Legislative tax credit	\$	109,672
Cares Act Funds		376,251
DUI Grant Funds		5,852
Department of Health and Human Services Funds		22,198
Total Governmental Activities	\$ [—]	513,973
	_	
Description		Amount
Business-type Activities:		
Housing Inmate revenues from various governments	\$	239,621
Federal Aviation Administration - airport improvement program		40,431
Total Business-type Activities	\$	280,052

NOTE 7– CAPITAL ASSETS.

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2020:

Governmental Activities	Balance				Balance
Non-depreciable capital assets:	Oct. 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments*	Sept. 30, 2020
Land	478,860	-	-	-	478,860
Total non-depreciable capital assets	478,860	-	-	-	478,860
Depreciable capital assets:					
Infrastructure	121,563,490	-	-	-	121,563,490
Buildings	7,242,454	-	-	-	7,242,454
Mobile equipment	6,866,643	547,232	327,063	2,229,693	9,316,505
Furniture & equipment	1,604,767	99,377	58,943	-	1,645,201
Leased property under capital lease	4,525,252	899,600	102,846	(2,229,693)	3,092,313
Total depreciable capital assets	141,802,606	1,546,209	488,852	-	142,859,963
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	74,575,706	1,047,428	-	-	75,623,134
Buildings	2,917,173	146,005	-	-	3,063,178
Mobile equipment	4,142,552	769,539	114,479	847,616	5,645,228
Furniture & equipment	1,153,475	107,835	53,047	-	1,208,263
Leased property under capital lease	1,437,729	463,658	85,817	(847,616)	967,954
Total accumulated depreciation	84,226,635	2,534,465	253,343	-	86,507,757
Depreciable capital assets, net	57,575,971	(988,256)	235,509	-	56,352,206
Governmental activities capital assets, net	58,054,831	(988,256)	235,509	-	56,831,066

	Balance				Balance
Business-type Activities	Oct. 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Sept. 30, 2020
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	979,683	-	-		979,683
Total non-depreciable capital assets	979,683	-	-		979,683
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	14,164,892	-	-	-	14,164,892
Improvements other than buildings	3,425,186	-	-	-	3,425,186
Mobile equipment	301,180	-	6,223	-	294,957
Furniture & equipment	128,134	5,874	-	_	134,008
Total depreciable capital assets	18,019,392	5,874	6,223	-	18,019,043
Less accumulated depreciated for:					
Buildings	2,857,630	283,299	-	-	3,140,929
Improvements other than buildings	2,740,149	-	-	-	2,740,149
Mobile equipment	271,062	-	5,601	-	265,461
Furniture & equipment	59,446	11,087	-		70,533
Total accumulated depreciation	5,928,287	294,386	5,601	-	6,217,072
Total depreciable capital assets, net	12,091,105	(288,512)	622	_	11,801,971
Business-type activities capital assets, net	13,070,788	(288,512)	622	<u> </u>	12,781,654
Buildings Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture & equipment Total accumulated depreciation Total depreciable capital assets, net	2,740,149 271,062 59,446 5,928,287 12,091,105	11,087 294,386 (288,512)	5,601	- - - - -	2,740,149 265,461 70,533 6,217,072 11,801,971

^{*}Adjustments are to reclassify paid off leased property to the appropriate categories.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

Governmental Activities		Amount		
General government	\$	200,793		
Public safety		159,933		
Public works		2,157,145		
Economic Development		16,594		
Total	\$	2,534,465		
	•			
Business-type Activities				
Correctional facility		291,506		
Port		2,880		
Total	\$	294,386		

NOTE 8 - CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS.

<u>Risk Financing</u> – The County finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The County pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$1,000,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by the Workers' Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention

liability. However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention, provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective from January 1, 2020, to January 1, 2021. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

The County finances its exposure to risk of loss relating to employee health and accident coverage through the Mississippi Public Entity Employee Benefit Trust, a public entity risk pool. The pool is a claims-servicing organization with the County retaining the risk of loss on all claims to which the County is exposed. Premium payments to the pool are determined on an actuarial basis. The County has reinsurance which functions on a specific stop loss coverage. This coverage is purchased from an outside commercial carrier. For the current fiscal year, the specific coverage begins when an individual participant's claim exceeds \$50,000. Claims expenses and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs).

The following table provides changes in the balances of claims liabilities for fiscal years 2019 and 2020:

	_	2019	2020
Unpaid Claims, Beginning of Fiscal Year	\$	455,763	410,889
Plus: Incurred Claims (Including IBNRs)		2,391,142	1,989,754
Less: Claims payments	_	(2,436,016)	(2,081,675)
Unpaid Claims, End of Fiscal Year	\$	410,889	318,968

NOTE 9 – CAPITAL LEASES.

As Lessee

The County is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2020:

		Governmental
Classes of Property		Activities
Mobile equipment	\$	2,677,860
E-911 Viper Upgrade		287,026
E-911 Equipment	_	127,427
Total	_	3,092,313
Less: Accumulated depreciation		967,954
Leased Property Under Capital Leases	\$	2,124,359

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due as of September 30, 2020:

	_	Governmental Activities		
Year Ending September 30:		Principal	Interest	
2021	\$	1,333,307	86,350	
2022		967,621	33,107	
2023	_	215,917	5,303	
Total	\$	2,516,845	124,760	

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB).

Plan Description

The Yazoo County Board of Supervisors administers the County's health insurance plan which is authorized by Sections 25-15-101 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). The County's health insurance plan may be amended by the Yazoo County Board of Supervisors. The County provides health insurance coverage through the Mississippi Public Entity Employee Benefit Trust, a public entity risk pool, and offers health insurance benefit coverage through the County's health insurance plan (the Plan). Since retirees may obtain health insurance by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive a health insurance premium rate differential, the County has a postemployment healthcare benefit reportable under GASB Statement 75 as an agent multiple-employer health care plan. However, the County has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits nor has the County reported the note disclosures which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The County does not issue a publicly available financial report for the Plan.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. Yazoo County, Mississippi contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits Provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment

(COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. At September 30, 2020, PERS members were required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary, and the County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate at September 30, 2020 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The County's contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018 were \$985,866, \$923,077, and \$864,628, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$16,396,931 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The County's proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2020 net pension liability was 0.0847 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020. This was a decrease of 0.0024 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,458,410. At September 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
	(Outflows of	Inflows of
		Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	142,406	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments		664,071	-
Changes of assumptions		94,324	-
Changes in the proportion and differences between actual			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		62,285	414,661
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	244,215	
	\$	1,207,301	414,661
	_		

The \$244,215 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension

liability in the year ended September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30:	_	Amount
2021	\$	(133,135)
2022		221,407
2023		243,121
2024	_	217,032
Total	\$	548,425

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation percentage	2.75%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.00 - 18.25%
Investment rate of return	
net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation	7.75%

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80-119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75-119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	27.00 %	4.90 %
International Equity	22.00	4.75
Global Equity	12.00	5.00
Fixed Income	20.00	0.50
Real Estate	10.00	4.00
Private Equity	8.00	6.25
Cash	1.00	0.00
	100.00 %	

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity to the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) that the current rate:

		1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	_	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
Proportionate share of the				_
net pension liability	\$	21,223,819	16,396,931	12,412,818

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

NOTE 12 – LONG TERM DEBT

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 20	Amount	Interest	Final Maturity
Description and Purpose	Outstanding	Rate	Date
Governmental Activities:			
A. General Obligation Bonds:			
2012 general obligation bond	600,000	1.600 to 2.250%	9/2022
Total General Obligation Bonds	600,000		
B. Other Loans			
New BOS Building	225,020	2.85%	1/1/2031
Total Other Loans	225,020		, ,
C. Capital Leases			
Dodge Chargers	42,103	2.150%	11/2020
3 Dodge Chargers	14,142	3.950%	2/2022
Backhoes	516,135	3.291%	6/2022
Mack trucks	61,165	3.400%	8/2021
Kenworth Trucks	188,152	3.190%	6/2022
4 Kenworth Trucks	460,024	2.163%	7/2023
JD Tractors	628,818	2.510%	10/2021
2019 Kenworth	36,553	3.400%	10/2021
E-911 Viper Upgrade	49,208	6.470%	6/2021
E-911 Equipment	32,571	1.480%	11/2020
Garbage Trucks	280,720	3.400%	3/2022
2020 Mack Truck	207,254	2.601%	1/2023
Total Capital Leases	2,516,845		
	Amount	Interest	Final Maturity
Description and Purpose	Outstanding	Rate	Date
Business-type Activities:			
A. Bond			
Regional Jail Refunding 2016	\$ 10,950,000	3.000 to 5.000%	7/2031
Total Bond	10,950,000		7,2002
B. Other Loans			
Port MDA Loan	675,755	3.00%	2/2029
Total Other Loans	675,755	3.0070	_, _0

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the following debt reported in the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

		Governmental Activities					
Year ending		General obliga	ation Bonds	Other	Loans		
September 30:	_	Principal Interest F		Principal	Interest		
2021	\$	295,000	10,034	16,681	7,607		
2022		305,000	3,431	18,268	6,020		
2023		-	-	18,796	5,492		
2024		-	-	19,339	4,949		
2025		-	-	19,886	4,402		
2026-2030		-	-	108,445	12,995		
2031		-	-	23,605	682		
Total	\$	600,000	13,465	225,020	42,147		

Rusiness-tyne	Activities
DUVILIESS-LVDE	ACHVILLES

Year ending	Bon	ds	Other	Loans
September 30:	Principal Interest		Principal	Interest
2021	890,000	388,038	58,946	20,273
2022	925,000	352,438	60,715	18,504
2023	965,000	315,438	62,536	16,683
2024	980,000	296,138	64,412	14,807
2025	1,025,000	256,938	66,345	12,874
2026-2030	5,645,000	607,598	362,801	33,295
2031	520,000	15,600		
Total	10,950,000	2,232,188	675,755	116,436

<u>Pledge of Future Revenues</u> –The County has pledged future revenues for housing inmates, net of specified operating expenses, to repay, \$14,165,000 in limited obligation urban renewal revenue bonds issued in June 2016. Proceeds from the bonds were used to refund the urban renewal revenue bonds issued to provide financing for the construction of the Yazoo County Regional Correctional Facility (YCRCF). The bonds are not a general obligation of the County and, therefore, are not secured by the full faith and credit of the County. The bonds are payable solely from income derived from an inmate housing agreement with the Mississippi Department of Corrections for housing state prisoners and income received from any other governments for housing and holding prisoners and are payable through July, 2031. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$13,182,188.

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt that can be incurred by the County is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the County, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever counties issue bonds to

repair or replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the County. As of September 30, 2020, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 1.02% of the latest property assessments.

<u>Prior Year Defeasance of Debt</u> – In prior years, the County defeased certain bonds by placing proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. During the fiscal year, the old bonds were paid in full leaving a balance at September 30, 2020 of \$0.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2020:

,		Balance Oct. 1, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Adjustments*	Balance Sept. 30, 2020	Amount due within one year
Governmental Activities:							
Compensated absences	\$	224,104	61,002	-	-	285,106	
General obligation bonds Add:		1,070,000	-	470,000	-	600,000	295,000
Premiums		10,705	-	1,942	-	8,763	1,942
Other loans		-	250,000	24,980	-	225,020	16,681
Capital leases		2,138,117	1,854,435	2,484,058	1,008,351	2,516,845	1,333,307
Total	\$	3,442,926	2,165,437	2,980,980	1,008,351	3,635,734	1,646,930
							Amount due
		Balance				Balance	within one
	_	Oct. 1, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Adjustments	Sept. 30, 2020	year
Business-Type Activities:							
Compensated absences	\$	45,715	4,521	-	-	50,236	
Bonds		11,810,000		860,000		10,950,000	890,000
Add:							
Premiums		917,538		78,088		839,450	78,088
Other loans	_		675,755			675,755	58,946
Total	\$	12,773,253	680,276	938,088		12,515,441	1,027,034

^{*}Adjustments are to correct prior year error in capital leases.

Compensated absences will be paid by the funds from which the employees' salaries were paid which are generally the General Fund, Road Fund, Other Governmental, Yazoo County Regional Correctional Facility Fund and Port Fund.

NOTE 13 – DEFICIT FUND BALANCES OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS.

The following fund reported a deficit in fund balance or net position at September 30, 2020:

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund:

 Regional Jail Facility Fund
 \$ 2,127,156

 Total
 \$ 2,127,156

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES.

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The County has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the County. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the County's financial statement.

<u>Litigation</u> - The County is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the County with respect to the various proceedings. However, the County's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

NOTE 15 - EFFECT OF DEFERRED AMOUNTS ON NET POSITION.

The governmental activities' unrestricted net position deficit amount of \$(7,751,691) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$197,812 resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2021. The \$780,101 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2020, will be recognized in pension expense over the next 4 years. The \$335,875 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pension at September 30, 2020, will be recognized in pension expense over the next 3 years.

The governmental activities' net investment in capital assets net position of \$53,506,870 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from an advance refunding of County debt. The \$26,432 balance of deferred outflows of resources at September 30, 2020, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 2 years.

The business-type activities' unrestricted net position deficit amount of \$(1,416,619) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$46,403 resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2021. The \$182,985 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at

September 30, 2020, will be recognized in pension expense over the next 4 years. The \$78,786 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pension at September 30, 2020, will be recognized in pension expense over the next 3 years.

NOTE 16 - RELATED ORGANIZATIONS.

The Yazoo County Board of Supervisors are responsible for appointing a voting majority of the members of the boards of the following organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments to these organizations. The County periodically makes small appropriations to these organizations:

- Eden Drainage District
- Silver Creek Drainage District
- Fifteen Mile Bayou Water Management District
- Rocky Bayou Drainage District
- Atchafalaya Drainage District
- Yazoo County Convention and Visitor's Bureau

NOTE 17 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS.

The County participates in the following jointly governed organizations:

<u>Holmes Community College</u> operates in a district composed of the Counties of Attala, Carroll, Choctaw, Grenada, Holmes, Madison, Montgomery, Webster and Yazoo. The Yazoo County Board of Supervisors appoints two of the 22 members of the board of trustees. The County appropriated \$439,963 for maintenance and support of the college in fiscal year 2020.

<u>The Yazoo-Mississippi Water Management District</u> operates in a district composed of the counties of Bolivar, Carroll, Coahoma, DeSoto, Holmes, Humphreys, Issaquena, Leflore, Panola, Quitman, Sharkey, Sunflower, Tallahatchie, Tate, Tunica, Washington and Yazoo. The Yazoo County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the 21 members of the district board of commissioners. The County appropriated \$48,577 for support of the district in fiscal year 2020.

<u>Central Mississippi Planning and Development District</u> operates in a district composed of the Counties of Copiah, Hinds, Madison, Rankin, Simpson, Warren and Yazoo. The Yazoo County Board of Supervisors appoints three of the 33 members of the board of directors. The County appropriated \$6,263 for support of the district in fiscal year 2020.

<u>Central Mississippi Emergency Medical Services District</u> operates in a district composed of the Counties of Attala, Clarke, Copiah, Holmes, Lauderdale, Leake, Rankin, Scott, Smith, Warren and Yazoo. The Yazoo County Board of Supervisors appoints two of the 26 members of the board. The County provides minimal support for the district.

NOTE 18 - TAX ABATEMENT

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, requires governmental entities to disclose the reduction in tax revenues resulting from an agreement between one

or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

The Yazoo County Board of Supervisors negotiates property tax abatements on an individual or entity basis with varying abatement periods. These abatements contribute to the economic development and citizenry of the County. The County had tax abatement agreements with four entities as of September 30, 2020.

The County had abatements under the following statutes, which do not provide for the abatement of school or state tax levies: 27-31-102, 27-31-105 and 57-80-9, Miss. Code (Ann.) 1972. All allowable property tax levies are as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2020		
	% of Taxes	Amount of	
Category	Abated	Taxes Abated	
Oil recovery equipment	100%	1,113.95	
MDA Growth and Prosperity program property	100%	18,828.00	
Additions, expansions or equipment replacement	75%	6,876.54	

The companies were not required to comply with any special provisions in order to receive the abatements and the County made no commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes.

NOTE 19 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS.

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of Yazoo County evaluated the activity of the County through October 13, 2021 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) and determined that the following subsequent events have occurred that require disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

Subsequent to September 30, 2020, the County issued the following debt obligations:

Issue	Interest		Issue	Type of	Source of
Date	Rate	_	Amount	Financing	Financing
12/15/2020	1.970%	\$	290,000	Loan	Advalorem taxes
1/25/2021	2.163%		1,595,096	Loan	Advalorem taxes
3/9/2021	2.089%		45,264	Loan	Advalorem taxes
12/3/2020	1.50-2.00%		10,000,000	GO Bond	Advalorem taxes

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	6,234,981	6,987,509	6,987,509	-
Licenses, commissions and other revenue	515,155	571,888	571,888	-
Fines and forfeitures	140,000	107,136	107,136	-
Intergovernmental revenues	1,764,223	1,549,291	1,549,291	-
Charges for services	61,390	113,965	113,965	-
Interest income	50,000	104,241	104,241	-
Miscellaneous revenues	244,610	63,307	63,307	
Total Revenues	9,010,359	9,497,337	9,497,337	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	6,767,794	5,908,011	5,908,011	-
Public safety	2,523,231	2,728,648	2,728,648	-
Public works	-	132,441	132,441	-
Health and welfare	185,340	282,691	282,691	-
Culture and recreation	211,075	256,075	256,075	-
Conservation of natural resources	75,750	134,454	134,454	-
Economic development and assistance	104,020	21,786	21,786	-
Debt service:				
Principal	93,149	73,383	73,383	-
Interest		3,166	3,166	
Total Expenditures	9,960,359	9,540,655	9,540,655	-
Excess of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(950,000)	(43,318)	(43,318)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	10,930	10,930	-
Proceeds from long-term debt	-	250,000	250,000	-
Transfers In (Out)	-	(144,864)	(144,864)	-
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-	116,066	116,066	
Excess of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(950,000)	72,748	72,748	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(950,000)	72,748	72,748	-
Fund Balances- Beginning	(3,529,994)	3,777,617	3,828,363	50,746
Fund Balances- Ending	(4,479,994)	3,850,365	3,901,111	50,746

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) Road Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	_				
Property taxes	\$	3,410,663	4,651,799	4,651,799	-
Road and bridge privilege taxes		274,441	289,518	289,518	-
Fines and forfeitures		-	11,970	11,970	-
Intergovernmental revenues		606,823	774,526	774,526	-
Interest income		10,818	-	-	-
Miscellaneous revenues	_		16,927	16,927	
Total Revenues	_	4,302,745	5,744,740	5,744,740	-
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public works		3,347,750	5,648,285	5,648,285	-
Debt service:					
Principal		1,422,656	2,069,033	2,069,033	-
Interest	_		74,208	74,208	
Total Expenditures	_	4,770,406	7,791,526	7,791,526	-
Excess of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	(467,661)	(2,046,786)	(2,046,786)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	1,360,228	1,360,228	-
Proceeds from long-term debt		_	1,574,435	1,574,435	-
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_	-	2,934,663	2,934,663	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(467,661)	887,877	887,877	-
Fund Balances- Beginning	_	(1,087,033)	2,410,272	2,782,986	372,714
Fund Balances- Ending	\$_	(1,554,694)	3,298,149	3,670,863	372,714

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) Bridge Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

				Actual	Variance with Final Budget
		Original	Final	(Budgetary	Positive
		Budget	Budget	Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES		_			
Property taxes	\$	557,277	585,146	585,146	-
Interest income	_	4,285	4,836	4,836	
Total Revenues	_	561,562	589,982	589,982	-
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public works		636,082	565,205	565,205	
Total Expenditures	_	636,082	565,205	565,205	
Excess of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	(74,520)	24,777	24,777	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(74,520)	24,777	24,777	-
Fund Balances- Beginning	_	(88,850)	835,668	1,227,941	392,273
Fund Balances- Ending	\$_	(163,370)	860,445	1,252,718	392,273

YAZOO COUNTY Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years* For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

	-	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0847%	0.0871%	0.0863%	0.0887%	0.083%	0.085%	0.088%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	16,396,931	15,322,604	14,354,252	14,744,951	14,843,734	13,108,407	10,668,844
County's covered payroll	\$	5,640,139	5,671,992	5,508,133	5,690,051	5,318,019	5,296,419	5,370,825
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		290.72%	270.15%	260.60%	259.09%	279.12%	247.50%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		58.97%	61.59%	61.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the twelve months ended at the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

YAZOO COUNTY Schedule of the County's Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years* For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

	-	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	985,866	923,077	864,628	893,026	835,010	834,148
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	-	985,866	923,077	864,628	893,026	835,010	834,148
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-		<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>
County's covered payroll	\$	5,665,898	5,716,450	5,489,699	5,670,006	5,301,651	5,296,178
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.40%	16.15%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until, a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

YAZOO COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

UNAUDITED

A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the County's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Supervisors of the County, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the Sheriff, Tax Assessor and Tax Collector for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Supervisors that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The County's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund. The Budget Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplementary information.

C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund:

	Governmental Fund Types				
	•	General Fund	Road Fund	Bridge Fund	
Budget (Cash basis)	\$	72,748	887,877	24,777	
Increase (Decrease)					
Net adjustments for revenue accruals		431,560	12,316	1,689	
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals		84,063	(149,443)	(1,099)	
GAAP Basis	\$	588,371	750,750	25,367	

YAZOO COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

UNAUDITED

Pension Schedules

A. Changes of assumptions.

2015

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.
- The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016

 The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.
- The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

2019

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments:
 - o For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119.
 - For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119.
 - Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:
 - o For males, 137% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 115% of female rates at all ages.

YAZOO COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

UNAUDITED

- Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

B. Changes in benefit provisions.

2016

• Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2018 valuation for the June 30, 2020 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price Inflation Salary increase

Investment rate of return

Entry age
Level percentage of payroll, open
30.9 years
5-year smoothed market
3.00 percent
3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation
7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YAZOO COUNTY Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor and Number	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Aging Cluster-Cluster				
Department of Health and Human Services				
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for				
Supportive Services and Senior Centers				
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for				
Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	CDDBG,1077-77	Title IIIB-Transportation	35,792
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for				
Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	CDDBG,1037-77	Title IIIB-Outreach	10,207
Total Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for				45.000
Supportive Services and Senior Centers				45,999
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services				
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition				
Services	93.045	CDDBG	Title IIIC-1	12,158
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition	33.0.3	65556	1	12,130
Services	93.045	CDDBG,1217-77	Title IIIC-2	19,268
Total Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition				
Services				31,426
Total Department of Health and Human Services				77,425
Total Aging Cluster-Cluster				77,425
Foster Grandparents/Senior Companion Cluster-Cluster				
Corporation for National and Community Service				
Foster Grandparent Program	94.011			140,391
Total Foster Grandparents/Senior Companion Cluster-Cluster				140,391
Highway Safety Cluster-Cluster				
Department of Transportation				
N. Co. I Division C. Co. Division	20.545	Mississippi Office of Highway		22.000
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	Safety,M5X-2020-MD-18-21		33,999
Total Highway Safety Cluster-Cluster				33,999
Other Programs				
Department of Homeland Security				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared				
Disasters)	97.036			223,544
Disastersy	37.030			223,344
		Mississippi Emergency		
		Management Agency,EMW-		
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	2019-EP-00005		27,231
Total Department of Homeland Security				250,775
Department of Transportation				
Airport Improvement Program	20.106			304,343
Total Department of Transportation				304,343
Department of Health and Human Services				
		Central Mississippi Planning		
		and Development		
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	District,1557-77		40,000
Total Department of Health and Human Services				40,000
Department of the Treasury				
Department of the freasury		Mississippi Emergency		
		Management Agency,SB-3047-		
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CARES-MERP		376,251
	020	o		3.3,231
Total Other Programs				971,369
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 1,223,184

YAZOO COUNTY Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Yazoo County under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Yazoo County it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Yazoo County.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Note C - Indirect Cost Rate

Yazoo County has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

YAZOO COUNTY Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Operating Expenditures, Cash Basis:

Personnel	324,530
Expendable Commodities:	
Gasoline and petroleum products	44,342
Repair parts	25,856
Office, field and shop supplies	69,815
Solid waste contract and disposal fees	306,053
Solid Waste Cash Basis Operating Expenditures	770,596
Full Cost Expenses:	
Indirect administrative costs	3,490
Depreciation on equipment	193,106
Net effect of other accrued expenses	15,261
Solid Waste Full Cost Operating Expenses	982,453

OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 "Unaudited"

NAME	POSITION	AMOUNT OF BOND	COMPANY
		400.000	
Van Foster	Supervisor	100,000	Western Surety Co.
David Ford Berry, III	Supervisor	100,000	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of MD
Willie Wright	Supervisor	100,000	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of MD
Jayne H. Dew	Supervisor	100,000	Western Surety Co.
Cobie Collins	Supervisor	100,000	FCCI
Donna Kraft	County Administrator	100,000	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of MD
Quint Carver	Chancery Clerk	100,000	Brierfield Insurance Co
Robert Coleman	Circuit Clerk	100,000	Western Surety Co.
Janet Adams	Deputy Circuit Clerk	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Crystal Collins	Deputy Circuit Clerk	50,000	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of MD
Cathy Thompson	Deputy Circuit Clerk	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Tommy Irvine	Tax Collector	100,000	Western Surety Co.
Anita Crump	Deputy Tax Collector	50,000	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of MD
Shelly Gilmore	Deputy Tax Collector	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Jakese Westbrook Martin	Deputy Tax Collector	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Barbara Johnson	Deputy Tax Collector	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Shequita Young	Deputy Tax Collector	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Beverly Ladner	Tax Assessor	50,000	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of MD
Noreene Girard	Interim Tax Assessor	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Susan Jenkins	Deputy Tax Assessor	50,000	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of MD
Bruce Templeton	Deputy Tax Assessor	50,000	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of MD
Joetta Harris	Deputy Tax Assessor	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Nanci Boatner	Deputy Tax Assessor	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Belinda Niven	Deputy Tax Assessor	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Jacob Sheriff	Sheriff	100,000	Western Surety Co.
Patricia Aldridge	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	FCCI Insurance Group
George Tindle, Jr.	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Terry Gann	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Randall Rucker, Jr.	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Richard Speight	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Jacquline Hudson (Shelton)	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Loraine Hudson	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Cory Freeman	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Joseph Head	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Michael Wilson	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Simon Stubblefield	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Jason Bright	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Christopher Dean	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Edward Ferrell	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Johnny Rucker	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
John M. Gibson	Sheriff's Deputy	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Bennie K. Warrington	Justice Court Judge	50,000	Travelers Casualty & Surety
Pam I. May	Justice Court Judge	50,000	Brierfield Insurance Co
Demetrius Westbrook	Justice Court Clerk	50,000	Western Surety Co
Teresa Luckett	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Hailey Dougles	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	50,000	Western Surety Co.
David Starling	Constable	50,000	State Farm Fire & Casualty Co.
Robert Peterson	Constable	50,000	Western Surety Co.
John Byrd	Purchase Clerk	75,000	Western Surety Co.
Tricia Y. Brumfield	Receiving Clerk	75,000	Western Surety Co.
Cassandra Davis	Asst Receiving Clerk-Jail	50,000	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of MD
Henry Engleman	Asst Receiving Clerk-Barn	50,000	Western Surety Co.
Nellie Hollis	Asst Receiving Clerk-DHS	50,000	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of MD
Patricia Fletcher	Inventory Control Clerk	75,000	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of MD
James Warrington, Jr.	Road Manager	50,000	Western Surety Co.
		50,000	

SPECIAL REPORTS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Supervisors Yazoo County, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Yazoo County, Mississippi (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2021. The report is qualified on the governmental activities, business-type activities, Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund and Port Fund because the County did not record a liability or current year expense for other postemployment benefits as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Yazoo County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Yazoo County, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination

.

of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as 2020-001 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as 2020-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Yazoo County, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of Yazoo County, Mississippi, in the Independent Accountant's Report on Central Purchasing System, Inventory Control System and Purchase Clerk Schedules and the Limited Internal Control and Compliance Review Management Report dated October 13, 2021, included within this document.

Yazoo County's Responses to Findings

Yazoo County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Yazoo County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Vicksburg, Mississippi October 13, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Supervisors Yazoo County, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Yazoo County, Mississippi's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Yazoo County, Mississippi's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020. Yazoo County, Mississippi's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Yazoo County, Mississippi's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance.) Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Yazoo County, Mississippi's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Yazoo County, Mississippi's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Yazoo County, Mississippi complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Yazoo County, Mississippi is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Yazoo County, Mississippi's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Vicksburg, Mississippi October 13, 2021



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON CENTRAL PURCHASING SYSTEM, INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM AND PURCHASE CLERK SCHEDULES (REQUIRED BY SECTION 31-7-115, MISS. CODE ANN. (1972))

Members of the Board of Supervisors Yazoo County, Mississippi

We have examined Yazoo County, Mississippi's (the County) compliance with establishing and maintaining a central purchasing system and inventory control system in accordance with Section 31-7-101 through 31-7-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) and compliance with the purchasing requirements in accordance with the bid requirements of Section 31-7-13, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) during the year ended September 30, 2020. The Board of Supervisors of Yazoo County, Mississippi is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements. The Board of Supervisors of Yazoo County, Mississippi, has established centralized purchasing for all funds of the County and has established an inventory control system. The objective of the central purchasing system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that purchases are executed in accordance with state law.

Because of inherent limitations in any central purchasing system and inventory control system, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any current evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed certain instances of noncompliance with the aforementioned code sections. These instances of noncompliance were considered in forming our opinion on compliance. Our finding and recommendation and your response are disclosed below:

Purchase Clerk.

1. <u>Establish and maintain internal control and compliance with Public Purchasing</u>

Laws.

Repeat Finding Yes, 2019

Criteria The County is responsible for complying with the requirements of the State of

Mississippi Policies and Procedures with reference to the Public Purchasing Laws;

Titles 31 and 37.

Condition The County failed to comply with the State of Mississippi Policies and Procedures

with reference to the Public Purchasing Laws: Titles 31 and 37. A well-designed purchasing system would comply with the provisions of Titles 31 and 37 and would include the use of purchase requisitions, purchase orders, and receiving reports. During our test work we selected twenty items and noted several instances where purchase orders and/or requisitions were not completed before

making purchases.

Cause The County has failed to establish and maintain an adequate internal control

system to ensure compliance with the State of Mississippi Policies and Procedures

with reference to the Public Purchasing Laws: Titles 31 and 37.

Effect The County is not in compliance with the State of Mississippi Policies and

Procedures with reference to the Public Purchasing Laws: Titles 31 and 37.

Recommendation The County should establish and maintain an adequate internal control system

which would ensure that the County is in compliance with the State of Mississippi Policies and Procedures with reference to the Public Purchasing Laws: Titles 31

and 37.

Response We will comply.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance referred to in the preceding paragraph, Yazoo County, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with state laws governing central purchasing, inventory and bid requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

The accompanying schedules of (1) Purchases Not Made from the Lowest Bidder, (2) Emergency Purchases and (3) Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source are presented in accordance with Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The information contained on these schedules has been subjected to procedures performed in connection with our aforementioned examination and, in our opinion, is fairly presented when considered in relation to that examination.

Yazoo County's response to the finding included in this report was not audited, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended for use in evaluating Yazoo County, Mississippi's compliance with the aforementioned requirements, and is not intended to be and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Vicksburg, Mississippi October 13, 2021 YAZOO COUNTY
Schedule of Purchases Not Made From the Lowest Bidder
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Schedule 1

Our tests did not identify any purchases not made from the lowest bidder.

YAZOO COUNTY Schedule of Emergency Purchases For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 Schedule 2

Our tests did not identify any emergency purchases.

YAZOO COUNTY
Schedule of Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Schedule 3

Our tests did not identify any purchases made noncompetitively from a sole source.



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LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Yazoo County, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Yazoo County, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2020, we considered Yazoo County, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to Yazoo County, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the County's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated October 13, 2021, on the financial statements of Yazoo County, Mississippi.

Due to the reduced scope, these review procedures and compliance tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

The results of our review procedures and compliance tests identified certain immaterial instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. Our findings, recommendations, and your responses are disclosed below:

Board of Supervisors

The Board of Supervisors should ensure compliance with State Law over the Interlocal Agreement with the a local governing entity for Commissions on Land Redemptions

Repeat Finding No

Criteria Section 17-13-7(4), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), provides that "Any two (2) or more

local government units may enter into written contractual agreements with one another for joint or cooperative action to provide services and facilities..." Section

17-13-7(4) supports Section 27-41-2 which allows inter-local agreements for

collection by county of ad valorem taxes due to municipality.

Condition During our testing, we noted the County entered into an inter-local contractual

agreement with the a local governing entity for collections of taxes, but has not

addressed the collection of commission for land redemptions.

Cause The inter-local agreement between the County and the local governing entity has

not been updated to cover all collections and commissions including those for

land redemptions.

Effect Failure to enter into appropriate and sufficient contractual agreements could

result in the loss or misappropriation of public funds.

Recommendation The Board of Supervisors should enter into an inter-local agreement with the

local governing entity to cover all services provided by the County and all

commissions paid by the local governing entity.

Response We will comply.

2. The Board of Supervisors should ensure compliance with State Law over the

Renewal of the Interlocal Agreement with the Town of Bentonia at the Beginning

of Board Member's New Office Terms.

Repeat Finding Yes, 2019

Criteria Section 17-13-7(4), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), provides that "Any two (2) or more

local government units may enter into written contractual agreements with one another for joint or cooperative action to provide services and facilities..." Section 17-13-7(4) supports Section 27-41-2 which allows inter-local agreements for

collection by county of ad valorem taxes due to municipality.

Condition During our testing, we noted the County entered into an inter-local contractual

agreement with the Town of Bentonia for the collection of its taxes. The written

contractual agreement expired a number of years ago.

Cause The inter-local agreement has not been renewed between the Town of Bentonia

and Yazoo County.

Effect Failure to renew contractual agreements could result in the loss or

misappropriation of public funds. Successor board members may not be bound

to a contract of previous boards.

Recommendation The Board of Supervisors should renew the inter-local agreement with the Town

of Bentonia at the beginning of each new term of office.

Response We will comply.

3. Public Officials Should Ensure Compliance with State Law over Filing the Four Year

Road Plan.

Repeat Finding No

Criteria Section 65-7-117, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972), states "Each member of the

Board of Supervisors shall inspect every road and bridge in the County under the jurisdiction of the County... not less that once each fiscal year. Each member shall file with the Clerk of the Board a report, under oath, of the condition of the roads and bridges inspected by him or her with recommendations for a four-year plan

for construction and major maintenance of such roads and bridges."

Condition On February 14, 2020, each member of the Board certified that every bridge and

road in their district was examined. However, a four-year road plan was not

created nor filed with the Clerk of the Board.

Cause A four-year road plan has not been created or filed with the Clerk of the Board.

Effect Failure to create a four-year road plan is not in compliance with statute and can

lead to failure to complete necessary improvements in a timely manner.

Recommendation The Board of Supervisors should ensure a four-year road plan is created and filed

with the Clerk of the Board.

Response We will comply.

4. Re-Hired Retirees were not paid in compliance with the Form 4Bs filed with the

Mississippi Employees Retirement System.

Repeat Finding No

Criteria

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retiree, a PERS Form 4B "Certification/Acknowledgement of Reemployment of Retiree" must be filed within 5 days of employment. If an employee decides to

Section 25-11-127, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) provides that as a PERS

return to employment with a covered employer after they retire, the employee and the employer must notify PERS in writing within five days of the reemployment date and provide the conditions under which he/she is being reemployed. Notification must be repeated each new fiscal year of post-

retirement employment.

Condition During fiscal year 2020, there were nine (9) total re-hired retirees . OF the nine

(9), one (1) retiree was paid in excess of the allowed salary as reported on the

filed Form 4B.

Cause The County did not comply with Section 25-11-127, Mississippi Code Annotated

(1972).

Effect The failure to comply with the reemployment conditions as reported on PERS

Form 4B could jeopardize the provisions for reemployment.

Recommendation The County should timely and accurately file PERS Form 4Bs for all re-hired

retirees and ensure that the statutory conditions for reemployment are met.

Response Forms have been submitted to correct this.

Tax Collector

5. The Tax Collector has not settled motor vehicle legislative credits in accordance

with state law.

Repeat Finding No

Criteria Section 27-51-25, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) provides that "within

twenty (20) days after the end of the month, the county tax collector shall file a report showing the amount of motor vehicle ad valorem taxes collected by him for the previous month." Further, remittance of collected taxes shall be made "on or before the twentieth day of the month following that in which the collections

were made."

Condition During the course of our testing, we noted multiple months in which the

legislative credit provided by the State of Mississippi was not settled accurately. We noted three months where the legislative credit was not settled at all.

Cause The Tax Collector is not in compliance with the tax collector duties provided in

Section 27-51-25.

Effect The failure to accurately and timely settle legislative credits to the County and

municipalities for which they were collected could result in the loss or misappropriation of public funds. Additionally, inaccurate and untimely collections could negatively affect the budgeting process for the affected entities.

Recommendation The Tax Collector should ensure that all collections are accounted for and settled

to the appropriate taxing bodies accurately and timely.

Response I will comply.

Yazoo County's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Vicksburg, Mississippi

October 13, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YAZOO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

Financial St	atements:	
1.	Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements:	
	Governmental activities Business-type activities General Fund Road Fund Bridge Fund Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund Port Fund Aggregate remaining fund information	Qualified Qualified Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified Qualified Qualified Unmodified
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	a. Material weakness identified?	Yes
	b. Significant deficiency identified?	Yes
3.	Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	No
Federal A	Awards:	
4.	Internal control over major programs:	
	a. Material weakness identified	No
	b. Significant deficiencies identified	None reported
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
7.	Identification of major federal programs	
	a. CFDA #20.106, Airport Improvement Programb. CFDA #21.019, Coronavirus Relief Fund	
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

YAZOO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

10. Prior fiscal year audit findings which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b)?

Yes

Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

Material Weakness

Condition

Board of Supervisors and County Administrator

2020-001. The County does not record a liability for other postemployment benefits in the

governmental activities, business-type activities, Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund

and Port Fund.

Repeat Finding Yes, 2018, 2019

Criteria Yazoo County provides health insurance coverage through the Mississippi Public

Entity Employee Benefit Trust, a public entity risk pool, and offers health insurance benefit coverage through the County's health insurance plan. Since retirees may obtain health insurance by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive a health insurance premium rate differential, the County has a postemployment healthcare benefit reportable under GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions as an agent multiple employer health care plan. The failure to properly follow generally accepted accounting principles resulted in a qualified opinion on the governmental activities, business-type activities, Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund and Port Fund. The County does

not issue a publicly available financial report for their health insurance plan.

GASB Statement No. 75 requires the County to report on an accrual basis the liability associated with other postemployment benefits. However, the County has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits, nor has the county reported the note disclosures which are required by accounting principles

generally accepted in the United States of America.

Cause The County does not have an actuarial valuation performed annually so that a

liability for other postemployment benefits could be recorded.

Effect The failure to properly follow generally accepted accounting principles resulted

in a qualified opinion on the governmental activities, business-type activities,

Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund and Port Fund.

Recommendation The Board of Supervisors should have an actuarial valuation performed annually

so that a liability for other postemployment benefits can be recorded and appropriate note disclosures can be made in accordance with accounting

principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

YAZOO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Significant Deficiency

County Administrator and Chancery Clerk

2020-002. Controls over classifications should be strengthened

Repeat Finding Yes, 2018, 2019

Criteria Revenues and disbursements should be recorded in the proper accounts.

Condition We noted a significant amount of General Fund transactions that were recorded

in incorrect accounts.

Cause Numerous deposits and disbursements were recorded to incorrect accounts.

Effect General Fund revenues and expenses were misclassified

Recommendation We recommend controls be implemented to review financial information on a

monthly basis to ensure proper classification.

Section 3: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC Certified Public Accountants 3528 Manor Drive Vicksburg, Mississippi 39180

To Whom It May Concern:

Yazoo County respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended September 30, 2020.

The findings from the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule. <u>Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results</u> does not include findings and is not addressed.

2020-001. Corrective Action Planned:

We believe that the cost of compliance with this statement outweighs the benefits. Therefore, we will not have an actuarial valuation performed.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Not applicable

Name and Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Donna S. Kraft County Administrator Phone #662-746-8668

2020-002. Corrective Action Planned:

Working with Chancery Clerk to have revenue payments identified correctly. We will comply with disbursements being recorded in correct accounts.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Unknown

Name and Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Donna S. Kraft County Administrator Phone #662-746-8668

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Yazoo County Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2019-001	The County does not record a liability for other postemployment benefits in the governmental activities, business-type activities, Yazoo County Regional Jail Fund and Port Fund.	Not Corrected	We believe that the cost of compliance with this statement outweighs the benefits, therefore we will not have an actuarial valuation performed.
2019-002	The County did not prepare the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.	Corrective Action Taken and Finding is Fully Corrected	
2019-003	Untimely recognition of electronic fund deposits.	Corrective Action Taken and Finding is Fully Corrected	
2019-004	Untimely and improper bank reconciliations.	Corrective Action Taken and Finding is Fully Corrected	
2019-005	Controls over classifications should be strengthened.	Not corrected.	Working with Chancery Clerk to have revenue payments identified correctly. We will comply with disbursements being recorded in correct accounts.