# LAMAR COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

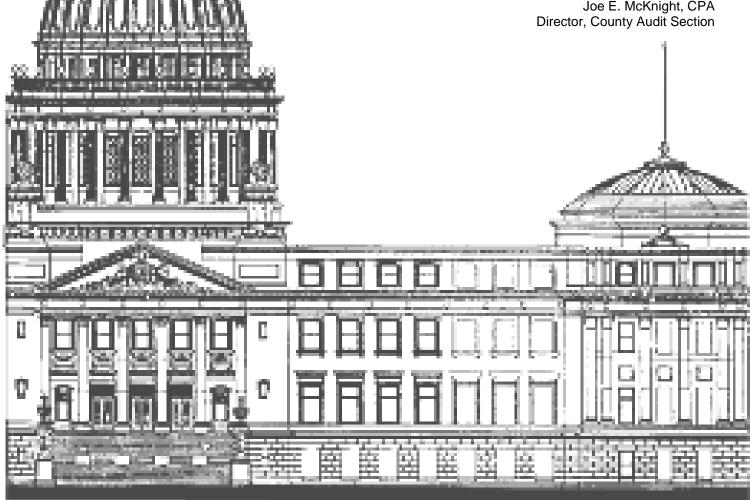
Audited Financial Statements and Special Reports For the Year Ended September 30, 2020





Stephanie C. Palmertree, CPA Director, Financial and Compliance Audit Division

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A Report from the County Audit Section

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# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR Shad White AUDITOR

December 10, 2021

Members of the Board of Supervisors Lamar County, Mississippi

Dear Board Members:

I am pleased to submit to you the 2020 financial and compliance audit report for Lamar County. This audit was performed pursuant to Section 7-7-211(e), Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). The audit was performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

I appreciate the cooperation and courtesy extended by the officials and employees of Lamar County throughout the audit. Thank you for working to move Mississippi forward by serving as a supervisor for Lamar County. If I or this office can be of any further assistance, please contact me or Joe McKnight of my staff at (601) 576-2674.

Respectfully submitted,

Shad White

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE AUDITOR

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Lamar County, Mississippi

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lamar County, Mississippi, (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the County's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements do not include financial data for the County's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The County has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units has not been determined.

# Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of Lamar County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2020, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Basis For Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

As we discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements, the County has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits in the governmental activities and, accordingly, has not recorded an expense for the current period change in that liability. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that other postemployment benefits attributable to employee services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee be accrued as liabilities and expenses as employees earn the rights to the benefits, which would increase the liabilities, reduce the net position, and change the expenses of the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net position, and expenses of the governmental activities has not been determined.

# Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of governmental activities of Lamar County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Unmodified Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lamar County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and corresponding notes, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of County Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Omission of Required Supplementary Information

Lamar County, Mississippi, has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Changes in the County's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

## Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lamar County, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the accompanying Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2021 on our consideration of Lamar County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Lamar County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lamar County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Get my might

JOE E. MCKNIGHT, CPA Director, County Audit Section

December 10, 2021

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# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# LAMAR COUNTY Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

	Primary Government	
		Governmental
		Activities
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	27,193,296
Cash with fiscal agent		152,431
Property tax receivable		31,048,484
Fines receivable (net of allowance for		
uncollectibles of \$4,253,842)		750,680
Intergovernmental receivables		1,399,597
Other receivables		49,832
Capital assets:		
Land and construction in progress		1,559,852
Other capital assets, net		99,294,685
Total Assets		161,448,857
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4 4 4 4 4 7 4
Deferred outflows related to pensions Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,141,171
Total Deletted Outlows of Resources		4,141,171
LIABILITIES		
Claims payable		2,458,322
Intergovernmental payables		1,049,093
Accrued interest payable		110,974
Amounts held in custody for others		252,823
Other payables		10,102
Long-term liabilities		10,102
Due within one year:		
Capital debt		1,887,216
Due in more than one year:		
Capital debt		8,703,223
Non-capital debt		1,073,460
Net pension liability		41,752,948
Total Liabilities		57,298,161
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred revenues - property taxes		31,048,484
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		31,048,484
NET POSITION		
		90,264,098
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		90,204,090
Expendable:		
General government		490,745
Public safety		2,162,654
Public works		13,426,463
Culture and recreation		506,705
Debt service		744,483
Unrestricted		(30,351,765)
Total Net Position	\$	77,243,383
	Ψ	11,240,000

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# <u>Exhibit 1</u>

#### LAMAR COUNTY Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

			Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government Governmenta Activities
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:	<b>^</b>		4 700 007			(0.107.007
General government	\$	11,148,590	1,763,267	1,197,488		(8,187,835
Public safety		11,426,405	1,164,787	1,345,829	40.4 005	(8,915,78
Public w orks		16,541,451	227,942	753,991	484,295	(15,075,223
Health and welfare		724,571		17,617		(706,95
Culture and recreation Conservation of natural resources		2,483,343				(2,483,34
		193,586				(193,58)
Economic development and assistance		735,051				(735,05
Interest on long-term debt Pension expense		237,713 4,998,880				(237,71 (4,998,88
Bond issue costs		4,998,880				(4,998,88) (160,84
Total Governmental Activities	\$	48,650,430	3,155,996	3,314,925	484,295	(41,695,214
		neral revenues:				
		operty taxes	tavaa			\$ 30,901,84
		bad & bridge privilege rants and contributio	766,89 1,358,33			
		lieu taxes - Origis Er		pecilic programs		1,109,65
		nrestricted interest in	•••			527,89
	-	iscellaneous	leone			2,183,66
		Total General Reven	ues			36,848,28
	Cha	anges in Net Position				(4,846,93
	Net	Position - Beginning				82,090,31
	Net	Position - Ending				\$ 77,243,38

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

	Μ	lajor Funds				
		,	Countyw ide Road	2019 Road	Other	Total
		General	Maintenance	Bond Project	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	9,041,458	4,552,120	7,041,927	6,557,791	27,193,296
Cash with fiscal agent					152,431	152,431
Property tax receivable		18,614,171	6,169,044		6,265,269	31,048,484
Fines receivable (net of allow ance for						
uncollectibles of \$4,253,842)		750,680				750,680
Intergovernmental receivables		505,457	68,289		825,851	1,399,597
Other receivables		49,832				49,832
Due from other funds		8,462	168,798		98,990	276,250
Advances to other funds					442	442
Total Assets	\$	28,970,060	10,958,251	7,041,927	13,900,774	60,871,012
LIABILITIES						
Liabilities:						
Claims payable	\$	876,153	1,005,255	15,458	561,456	2,458,322
Intergovernmental payables	Ψ	1,055,382	1,000,200	10,400	301,430	1,055,382
Due to other funds		267,788			2,615	270,403
Amounts held in custody for others		252,823			2,010	252,823
Other payables		10,102				10,102
Total Liabilities	_	2,462,248	1,005,255	15,458	564,071	4,047,032
	_		1,000,200	10,100		1,017,002
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		18,614,171	6,169,044		6,265,269	31,048,484
Unavailable revenue - Intergovernmental reve	nues		68,289		110,772	179,061
Unavailable revenue - fines		750,680				750,680
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	19,364,851	6,237,333	0	6,376,041	31,978,225
Fund balances:						
Restricted for:						
General government					490,745	490,745
Public safety					2,162,654	2,162,654
Public w orks			3,715,663	7,026,469	2,505,270	13,247,402
Culture and recreation					506,705	506,705
Debt service					855,457	855,457
Committed to:						
Culture and recreation					439,831	439,831
Unassigned		7,142,961				7,142,961
Total Fund Balances		7,142,961	3,715,663	7,026,469	6,960,662	24,845,755
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	¢	00.070.000	10 050 054	7 0 44 007	12 000 774	60.074.040
and fund balances	\$	28,970,060	10,958,251	7,041,927	13,900,774	60,871,012

LAMAR COUNTY Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020	<u>Exhibit 3-1</u>
	 Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 24,845,755
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$111,951,873.	100,854,537
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	750,680
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(11,663,899)
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(41,752,948)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(110,974)
Some accrued receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	179,061
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	4,141,171
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 77,243,383

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	ľ	Major Funds				
	-	,	Countyw ide Road	2019 Road	Other	Total
		General	Maintenance	Bond Project	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	18,160,936	6,354,867		6,386,042	30,901,845
Road and bridge privilege taxes			766,892			766,892
Licenses, commissions and other revenue		1,135,746			44,314	1,180,060
Fines and forfeitures		518,299			57,786	576,085
In lieu taxes - Origis Energy		1,109,652				1,109,652
Intergovernmental revenues		1,710,535	1,220,731		2,636,002	5,567,268
Charges for services		364,431	227,942		713,482	1,305,855
Interest income		401,227	60,269		66,395	527,891
Miscellaneous revenues		924,014	184,658		1,037,431	2,146,103
Total Revenues	_	24,324,840	8,815,359	0	10,941,452	44,081,651
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		10,546,165			909,793	11,455,958
Public safety		9,136,417			3,531,967	12,668,384
Public works		3,130,417	6,667,745	320,907	4,851,879	11,840,531
Health and w elfare		711,110	0,007,745	320,307	4,001,079	711,110
Culture and recreation		937,622			1,530,241	2,467,863
Conservation of natural resources		193,586			1,550,241	2,407,803
		705,000				705,000
Economic development and assistance Debt service:		705,000				705,000
Principal		385,000	37,358		708,584	1,130,942
Interest		31,456	5,107		185,201	221,764
Bond issue costs		31,430	5,107	160,840	165,201	160,840
Total Expenditures	-	22,646,356	6,710,210	481,747	11,717,665	41,555,978
Total Expenditures	-	22,040,330	0,710,210	401,747	11,717,005	41,555,976
Excess of Revenues over						
(under) Expenditures	_	1,678,484	2,105,149	(481,747)	(776,213)	2,525,673
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Long-term capital debt issued				6,490,000	490,500	6,980,500
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		25,764			22,006	47,770
Premiums on bonds issued		,		890,866		890,866
Compensation for loss of capital assets		1,335	32,231		28,928	62,494
Transfers in		42,628	7,413	357,507	1,334,997	1,742,545
Transfers out		(735,500)	,	(230,157)	(776,888)	(1,742,545)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_	(665,773)	39,644	7,508,216	1,099,543	7,981,630
Net Changes in Fund Balances		1,012,711	2,144,793	7,026,469	323,330	10,507,303
Fund Balances - Beginning		6,130,250	1,570,870		6,637,332	14,338,452
				·		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	7,142,961	3,715,663	7,026,469	6,960,662	24,845,755

LAMAR COUNTY Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities		Exhibit 4-1
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020		Amount
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	10,507,303
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that depreciation of \$7,098,104 exceeded capital outlays of \$1,491,927 in the current period.		(5,606,177)
In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of the net gain of \$37,566 and the proceeds from the sale of \$47,770 and the compensation for loss of \$62,494 in the current period.		(72,698)
Fine revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting.		93,996
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that debt proceeds of \$6,980,500 exceeded debt repayments of \$1,130,942.		(5,849,558)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by a combination of the following items:		
The amount of increase in compensated absences payable. The amount of increase in accrued interest payable. The issuance of bond premium. The amortization of bond premium.		(104,546) (96,937) (890,866) 80,987
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities relating to the implementation of GASB are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:	68	
Recording of pension expense for the current period Recording of contributions made during the year		(4,998,880) 2,500,159
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, current financial resources are reported as revenue. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, revenues are reported when earned, regardless of when the revenues are available. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of previously deferred revenues that were recognized in the gurrent to garden.		(400 747)
were recognized in the current year in the Governmental Funds.	<u> </u>	(409,717)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	⇒	(4,846,934)

# LAMAR COUNTY Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities September 30, 2020

#### Agency Funds ASSETS Cash \$ 1,444,492 **Total Assets** \$ 1,444,492 LIABILITIES \$ Amounts held in custody for others 11,789 Other liabilities 1,366,284 Intergovernmental payable 60,130 Due to other funds 5,847 Advances from other funds 442 1,444,492 **Total Liabilities** \$

Exhibit 5

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

# (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

A. Financial Reporting Entity.

Lamar County, Mississippi (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi. The County is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Lamar County to present these financial statements on the primary government and its component units which have significant operational or financial relationships with the County.

Management has chosen to omit from these financial statements the following component units which have significant operational or financial relationships with the County. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include the data of the County's component units necessary for reporting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

- Lamar County Library Association
- Northeast Lamar Fire Protection District
- Central Lamar Fire Protection District
- Southwest Lamar Fire Protection District
- Oak Grove Fire Protection District
- Oloh Fire Protection District

State law pertaining to county government provides for the independent election of county officials. The following elected and appointed officials are all part of the County legal entity and therefore are reported as part of the primary government financial statements.

- Board of Supervisors
- Chancery Clerk
- Circuit Clerk
- Justice Court Clerk
- Purchase Clerk
- Tax Assessor-Collector
- Sheriff
- B. Basis of Presentation.

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and accompanying note disclosures which provide a detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information concerning the County as a whole. The statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the County at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

# Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Funds are organized into governmental and fiduciary. Major individual Governmental Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column as Other Governmental Funds.

# C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.

The Government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the County. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

The County reports the following major Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Countywide Road Maintenance Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for monies from specific revenue sources that are restricted for road maintenance.

<u>2019 Road Bond Project Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for resources accumulated and used for the payment of long-term debt principal, interest and related costs of borrowing used for road projects.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

## GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

#### FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the County, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

D. Account Classifications.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association.

E. Deposits and Investments.

State law authorizes the County to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the County may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. However, the County did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.

F. Receivables.

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

G. Interfund Transactions and Balances.

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Noncurrent portions of inter-fund receivables and payables are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in the General Fund, if applicable, to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. However, this is not applicable to advances reported in other governmental funds, which are reported, by definition, as restricted, committed, or assigned. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

#### H. Capital Assets.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the (applicable) governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital assets, other than infrastructure, costs have been estimated and the methods of estimation are not readily available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capitalized on capital assets.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

	-	Capitalization Thresholds	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	N/A
Infrastructure		0	20-50 years
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

\* Leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

#### I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

<u>Deferred outflows related to pensions</u> – This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note 11 for additional details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

<u>Deferred revenues – property taxes/unavailable revenue – property taxes</u> – Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed nonexchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

<u>Unavailable revenue – fines</u> – When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

<u>Unavailable revenue – intergovernmental revenues –</u> When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

## J. Long-term Liabilities.

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Fund Types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Pensions.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Compensated Absences.

The County has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee leave. No payment is authorized for accrued major medical leave. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require accrual of accumulated unpaid employee benefits as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In fund financial statements, Governmental Funds report the compensated absence liability payable only if the payable has matured, for example an employee resigns or retires.

M. Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Unrestricted net position - All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the County:

*Restricted fund balance* includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance* includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the Board of Supervisors, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is an order of the Board of Supervisors as approved in the board minutes.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### N. Property Tax Revenues:

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Supervisors may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the County. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

The Board of Supervisors, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

O. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

P. Changes in Accounting Standards.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

(2) Deposits.

The carrying amount of the County's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2020, was \$28,637,788, and the bank balance was \$28,703,862. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by the Treasurer Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the County.

The carrying amount of the County's cash with fiscal agents held by the financial institutions was \$152,431.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

# (3) Interfund Transactions and Balances.

The following is a summary of inter-fund balances at September 30, 2020:

A. Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Agency Funds	\$ 5,847
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	2,615
Countywide Road Maintenance Fund	General Fund	168,798
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	 98,990
Total		\$ 276,250

The receivables represent the tax revenue and interest income collected in September, 2020, but not settled until October, 2020. All inter-fund balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

# B. Advances from/to Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	·	Amount
Other Governmental Funds	Agency Funds	\$	442

The receivables represent a refund of workers compensation premiums due to the contributing governmental fund. All balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

# C. Transfers In/Out:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 42,628
Road Bond Project (2019) Fund	Other Governmental Funds	357,507
Countywide Road Maintenance Fund	Other Governmental Funds	7,413
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	735,500
Other Governmental Funds	Road Bond Project (2019) Fund	230,157
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	 369,340
Total		\$ 1,742,545

The principal purpose of interfund transfers was to transfer funds for operating purposes. All interfund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

(4) Intergovernmental Receivables.

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Description	 Amount
Governmental Activities:	
Legislative tax credit	\$ 389,268
Housing prisoners reimbursements	35,310
Emergency management performance grant	49,966
Disaster grants - public assistance grant (presidentially declared disasters) -	
2017 tornado damage	68,289
CARES Act	656,378
Homeland security grant	50,000
Hazard mitigation grant	110,772
Other grant receivables	 39,614
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,399,597

# (5) Capital Assets.

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2020:

#### Governmental activities:

Governmental activities.		Balance			Balance
		Oct. 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Sept. 30, 2020
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$_	1,509,852	50,000		1,559,852
Total non-depreciable capital assets	_	1,509,852	50,000	0	1,559,852
Depreciable capital assets:					
Infrastructure		157,179,167			157,179,167
Buildings		28,778,181			28,778,181
Improvements other than buildings		803,194			803,194
Mobile equipment		19,609,838	1,398,806	549,608	20,459,036
Furniture and equipment		3,314,420	43,121		3,357,541
Leased property under capital leases	_	669,439			669,439
Total depreciable capital assets	_	210,354,239	1,441,927	549,608	211,246,558
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure		79,547,323	5,216,954		84,764,277
Buildings		7,415,897	574,045		7,989,942
Improvements other than buildings		276,042	30,391		306,433
Mobile equipment		15,165,790	1,079,516	476,910	15,768,396
Furniture and equipment		2,540,452	160,974		2,701,426
Leased property under capital leases	_	385,175	36,224		421,399
Total accumulated depreciation	_	105,330,679	7,098,104	476,910	111,951,873
Total depreciable capital assets, net	_	105,023,560	(5,656,177)	72,698	99,294,685
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	106,533,412	(5,606,177)	72,698	100,854,537

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

	Amount
Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 527,313
Public safety	703,726
Public works	5,727,327
Health and welfare	13,627
Culture and recreation	55,717
Economic development and assistance	 70,394
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 7,098,104

As of September 30, 2020, the County had the following commitments:

On June 24, 2004, the Lamar County Board of Supervisors entered into a tax pledge agreement with the City of Hattiesburg to finance the City's Tax Increment Limited Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$4,500,000. The bonds were issued for the construction of various infrastructure improvements in connection with the Turtle Creek Crossing project located within the city and county. The County pledged an amount sufficient to pay 25% of the principal and interest on the bonds. The amount paid was \$111,841 in the 2020 fiscal year. The County's payments are paid annually from the revenues generated by tax increment financing.

On July 7, 2014, the Lamar County Board of Supervisors entered into a tax pledge agreement with the City of Hattiesburg to finance the City's Tax Increment Limited Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$715,000. The bonds were issued for the construction of various infrastructure improvements in connection with the Turtle Creek Commons project located within the city and county. The County pledged an amount sufficient to pay one-third of the principal and interest on the bonds. The amount paid was \$30,888 in the 2020 fiscal year. The County's payments are paid annually from the revenues generated by tax increment financing.

On January 20, 2011, the Lamar County Board of Supervisors entered into a tax pledge agreement with the City of Hattiesburg to finance the City's Tax Increment Limited Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$1,225,000. The bonds were issued for the construction of various infrastructure improvements in connection with the Ridge at Turtle Creek project located within the city and county. The County pledged to pay an amount sufficient to pay 25% of any installment due on the first one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of the bonds. The amount paid was \$29,956 in the 2020 fiscal year. The County's payments are paid annually from the revenues generated by tax increment financing.

(6) Claims and Judgments.

# Risk Financing.

The County finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The County pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$1,000,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by the Workers' Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention, provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective from January 1, 2020, to January 1, 2021. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

## (7) Operating Leases.

As Lessee:

On July 17, 2014, Lamar County, along with the City of Hattiesburg, entered into a non-cancellable operating lease agreement with Palm Property and Development, LLC for the lease of commercial property owned by Palm Property and Development, LLC for the sole purpose of operating a Mississippi driver's license renewal station. In January 2018, Palm Property and Development, LLC dissolved and transferred ownership of property to Wedgeworth Development, LLC, then in February 2020, Wedgeworth Development, LLC transferred ownership to Edwards Property Management, LLC. The operating lease stipulated that the lessee would pay \$2,200 per month in lease payments, commencing August 1, 2014, for a term of ten years with the County obligated to pay one-half, or \$1,100 per month. At the end of the lease term, the County and City have the option to renew the lease for an additional five-year term, subject to approval by Edwards Property Management, LLC. The total cost to the County for the lease was \$13,200 for the year ended September 30, 2020.

The future minimum lease payments for this lease are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	 Amount
2021	\$ 13,200
2022	13,200
2023	13,200
2024	 12,100
Total Minimum Payments Required	\$ 51,700

(8) Capital Leases.

As Lessee:

The County is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2020:

Classes of Property	 Governmental Activities
Mobile equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 669,439 (421,399)
Leased Property Under Capital Leases	\$ 248,040

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due as of September 30, 2020:

	Governmental Activities			
Year Ending September 30	-	Principal	Interest	
2021	\$	275,519	7,587	
2022		24,859	2,860	
2023		25,545	2,174	
2024		26,250	1,469	
2025	_	20,951	744	
Total	\$	373,124	14,834	

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

# (9) Long-term Debt.

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2020, consisted	orthe	e tollowing:		Final
Description and Purpose		Amount Oustanding	Interest Rate	Maturity Date
Description and r dipose		Oustanding	Nate	Date
Governmental Activities:				
A. General Obligation Bonds:				
2012 G.O. Bonds - Courthouse	\$	695,000	1.50-2.00%	02/2022
Lamar County G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2010		400,000	3.00-3.88%	08/2021
Lamar County G. O. Refunding Bonds, Fire Trucks		290,000	2.05%	04/2022
2019 Road Project Bond	_	6,490,000	3.00-5.00%	11/2029
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$_	7,875,000		
B. Capital Leases:				
2015 International fire truck with tanker	\$	121,796	2.76%	07/2025
(4) Cat 420F2 Backhoes		251,328	1.88%	08/2021
Total Capital Leases	\$_	373,124		
C. Other Loans:				
Capital improvement loan (Central Lamar fire truck)	\$	78,048	3.00%	10/2028
Southwest fire station		21,743	2.00%	12/2030
Hickory Grover pumper		15,807	2.00%	01/2023
Oloh fire station		61,487	2.00%	02/2031
Northeast fire station		75,516	2.00%	03/2031
Southeast CAP loan		26,529	2.00%	11/2030
Southwest fire station		36,033	2.00%	11/2030
Hickory Grove fire station		34,782	2.00%	11/2030
Pine Ridge fire station		28,351	2.00%	12/2030
Central Lamar CAP Ioan		66,014	2.00%	12/2031
Rock Hill CAP loan		55,441	2.00%	05/2032
Northeast fire aerial unit		19,347	2.00%	06/2022
Pine Ridge hydrants		138,918	3.23%	12/2037
Oloh fire station		361,687	2.00%	05/2039
Central Lamar tanker		77,338	2.00%	06/2029
SCBA air compressor		20,090	4.57%	08/2023
Southwest fire station CAP loan		166,722	2.00%	01/2030
Southeast fire station CAP loan		168,921	2.00%	05/2030
Fire attack truck	_	79,662	2.00%	07/2030
Total Other Loans	\$_	1,532,436		

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the following debt reported in the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

	G	eneral Obligatio	n Bonds	Other Loans		
Year Ending September 30		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2021	\$	1,440,000	268,270	171,697	34,099	
2022		1,070,000	233,722	142,334	31,574	
2023		590,000	209,800	144,233	28,185	
2024		605,000	191,875	140,218	24,908	
2025		625,000	173,425	143,269	21,549	
2026 - 2030		3,545,000	446,525	546,933	63,254	
2031 - 2035				154,753	24,705	
2036 - 2040				88,999	6,454	
Total	\$	7,875,000	1,523,617	1,532,436	234,728	

Legal Debt Margin - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt that can be incurred by the County is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the County, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever a county issues bonds to repair or replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the County. As of September 30, 2020, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 1.21 percentage of the latest property assessments.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2020:

		Balance Oct. 1, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance Sept. 30, 2020	Amount due within one year
Governmental Activities:	-					<u> </u>
Compensated absences	\$	968,914	104,546		1,073,460	
General obligation bonds Add:		2,240,000	6,490,000	855,000	7,875,000	1,440,000
Premiums			890,866	80,987	809,879	
Capital leases		434,024		60,900	373,124	275,519
Other loans	_	1,256,978	490,500	215,042	1,532,436	171,697
Total	\$	4,899,916	7,975,912	1,211,929	11,663,899	1,887,216

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid, which are generally the General Fund, Countywide Road Maintenance Fund, the Bridge Maintenance Fund, and Sanitation and Fire District Coordination Fund.

# (10) Other Postemployment Benefits.

### **Plan Description**

The Lamar County Board of Supervisors administers the County's health insurance plan, which is authorized by Sections 25-15-101 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). The County's health insurance plan may be amended by the Lamar County Board of Supervisors. The County purchases health insurance

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

coverage from a commercial insurance company and offers health insurance benefit coverage through the County's health insurance plan (the Plan). Since retirees may obtain health insurance by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive a health insurance premium rate differential, the County has a postemployment healthcare benefit reportable under GASB Statement 75 as a single employer defined benefit health care plan. However, the County has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits nor has the County reported the note disclosures which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

(11) Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

# General Information about the Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. Lamar County, Mississippi contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits Provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who gualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

<u>Contributions</u>. At September 30, 2020, PERS members were required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary, and the County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate at September 30, 2020 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The County's contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$2,500,159, \$2,277,576 and \$2,137,169, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$41,752,948 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The County's proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2020 net pension liability was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020. This was an increase of 0.002619 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,998,880. At September 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	362,157
on pension plan investments		1,769,700
Changes of assumptions		230,730
Changes in the proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions		1,107,676
County contribututions subsequent to the measurement		
date	_	670,908
Total	\$	4,141,171

\$670,908 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30	· · · · ·	Amount
2021	\$	1,024,652
2022		1,003,934
2023		889,032
2024		552,645
Total	\$	3,470,263

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00 - 18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018. The experience report is dated April 2, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	27.00 %	4.90
International Equity	22.00	4.75
Global Equity	12.00	5.00
Fixed Income	20.00	0.50
Real Estate	10.00	4.00
Private Equity	8.00	6.25
Cash	1.00	0.00
<b>T</b> _ (-1	100.00.0/	
Total	<u>    100.00 </u> %	

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Sensitivity to the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount <u>Rate</u>. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)_
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 54,044,061	41,752,948	31,607,842

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

(12) Deficit Fund Balances of Individual Funds.

The following funds reported deficits in fund balances at September 30, 2020:

Fund	-	Deficit Amount
Lincoln Road Extension	\$	449

# (13) Contingencies.

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The County has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the County. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the County's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> - The County is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the County with respect to the various proceedings. However, the County's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

(14) Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position.

The governmental activities' unrestricted net position amount of (\$30,351,765) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$670,908 resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2021. The \$3,470,263 balance of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2020, will be recognized in pension expense over the next four years.

(15) Jointly Governed Organizations.

The County participates in the following jointly governed organizations:

Mississippi Regional Housing Authority VIII operates in a district composed of the Counties of Covington, Forrest, George, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jones, Lamar, Marion, Pearl River, Perry, Stone and Wayne. The governing body is a 15-member board of commissioners, one appointed by the Board of

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Supervisors of each of the member counties and one appointed at large. The Counties generally provide no financial support to the organization.

Pearl River Valley Opportunity, Inc., operates in a district composed of the Counties of Covington, Forrest, Jefferson Davis, Jones, Lamar, Marion, Pearl River and Perry. The entity was created to administer programs conducted by community action agencies, limited purpose agencies and related programs authorized by federal law. The Lamar County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the 24 members of the board of directors. The primary source of funding for the entity is derived from federal funds. The County appropriated \$291,250 for its support in fiscal year 2020.

Pine Belt Mental Health Care Resources operates in a district composed of the Counties of Covington, Forrest, Greene, Jefferson Davis, Jones, Lamar, Marion, Perry and Wayne. The Lamar County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the nine members of the board of directors. The County appropriated \$85,000 for its support in fiscal year 2020.

Southern Mississippi Planning and Development District operates in a district composed of the Counties of Covington, Forrest, George, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jefferson Davis, Jones, Lamar, Marion, Pearl River, Perry, Stone and Wayne. The Lamar County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the 27 members of the board of directors. The County appropriated \$31,165. for support of the district in fiscal year 2020.

Pearl River Community College operates in a district composed of the Counties of Forrest, Hancock, Jefferson Davis, Lamar, Marion and Pearl River. The Lamar County Board of Supervisors appoints two of the 16 members of the college board of trustees. The County appropriated \$1,149,401 for maintenance and support of the college in the fiscal year 2020.

Pearl and Leaf River Rails-to-Trails Recreational District operates in a district composed of the Counties of Forrest, Jefferson Davis and Lamar, and the Cities of Bassfield, Hattiesburg, Prentiss and Sumrall. The Lamar County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the seven members of the board of directors. Each entity provides the amount of support designated by statute which is the proceeds of one-half mill for each participating entity. The County appropriated \$134,995 for support of the district in fiscal year 2020.

# (16) Tax Abatements.

As of September 30, 2020, Lamar County provides tax exempt status to one solar energy plant subject to the requirements of GASB Statement No. 77. This company is exempt from real property taxes and personal property taxes except for the levies involving the school and community college. These exemptions are authorized under Sections 27-31-104 and 27-31-105 of the Miss. Code Ann. (1972). These exemptions encourage businesses to locate or expand operations in the County and to create jobs. The amount of taxes abated during fiscal year 2020 totaled \$2,219,572 for the solar energy plant.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

# (17) Subsequent Events.

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of Lamar County evaluated the activity of the County through December 10, 2021, and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

Subsequent to September 30, 2020, the County issued the following debt obligations:

lssue	Interest		lssue		
Date	Rate	_	Amount	Type of Financing	Source of Financing
12/07/2020	15.43%	\$	17,097	Other loan	Ad valorem taxes

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# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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### LAMAR COUNTY Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

					Variance with
				Actual	Final Budget
		Original	Final	(Budgetary	Positive
	-	Budget	Budget	Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES	•				
Property taxes	\$	19,331,894	19,270,532	19,270,532	
Licenses, commissions and other revenue		1,164,125	1,135,235	1,135,235	
Fines and forfeitures		528,500	508,303	508,303	
Intergovernmental revenues		2,400,500	2,546,083	2,546,083	
Charges for services		125,000	164,621	164,621	
Interest income		315,000	400,020	400,020	
Miscellaneous revenues	-	1,075,650	1,222,871	1,222,871	
Total Revenues	-	24,940,669	25,247,665	25,247,665	0
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		11,327,924	11,278,728	11,278,728	
Public safety		9,004,553	9,168,411	9,168,411	
Health and welfare		794,186	702,911	702,911	
Culture and recreation		973,973	968,251	968,251	
Conservation of natural resources		146,300	147,066	147,066	
Economic development and assistance		795,242	704,998	704,998	
Debt service:					
Principal		644,770	385,000	385,000	
Interest	-		259,766	259,766	
Total Expenditures	-	23,686,948	23,615,131	23,615,131	0
Excess of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	-	1,253,721	1,632,534	1,632,534	0
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			25,764	25,764	
Compensation for loss of capital assets			1,335	1,335	
Transfers in			42,628	42,628	
Transfers out			(735,500)	(735,500)	
Other financing sources		54,200			
Other financing uses		(510,000)			
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-	(455,800)	(665,773)	(665,773)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance		797,921	966,761	966,761	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	3,552,748	6,519,801	6,519,801	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	4,350,669	7,486,562	7,486,562	0

# LAMAR COUNTY Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) Countywide Road Maintenance Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

UNAUDITED	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	6,733,209	6,355,708	6,355,708	
Road and bridge privilege taxes			763,406	763,406	
Intergovernmental revenues		675,000	1,221,224	1,221,224	
Interest income		50,000	60,269	60,269	
Miscellaneous revenues	_	242,500	444,832	444,832	
Total Revenues	_	7,700,709	8,845,439	8,845,439	0
EXPENDITURES Current:		7 000 005	E 074 770	5 074 770	
Public works		7,888,695	5,874,776	5,874,776	
Debt service:		07.000	07.000	07.000	
Principal		37,806	37,806	37,806	
Interest	_	4,659	4,659	4,659	
Total Expenditures	_	7,931,160	5,917,241	5,917,241	0
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(230,451)	2,928,198	2,928,198	0
	_	· · · · ·		<u> </u>	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		50.000	7,413	7,413	
Other financing sources	_	50,000	7 440	7 440	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_	50,000	7,413	7,413	0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(180,451)	2,935,611	2,935,611	0
Fund Balances - Beginning		(476,518)	1,616,508	1,616,508	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	(656,969)	4,552,119	4,552,119	0

### LAMAR COUNTY Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years\* For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.215679%	0.213060%	0.210301%	0.199243%	0.189217%	0.181041%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	41,752,948	37,481,458	34,979,304	33,113,801	33,938,744	27,824,450
Covered payroll	\$	14,362,175	13,876,017	13,427,812	12,781,504	12,104,686	11,310,419
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		290.71%	270.12%	260.50%	259.08%	280.38%	246.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the twelve months ended at the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

# LAMAR COUNTY Schedule of County Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years\* For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	2,500,159 2,500,159	2,277,576 2,277,576	2,137,169 2,137,169	2,043,783 2,043,783	2,007,885 2,007,885	1,810,441 1,810,441
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	0	0	0	0	0	0
Covered payroll	\$	14,368,730	14,057,525	13,569,315	12,976,389	12,748,476	11,494,865
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.40%	16.20%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

\* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until, a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

### A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the County's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Supervisors of the County, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the Sheriff and the Tax Assessor-Collector for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Supervisors that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The County's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

### B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplementary information.

### C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund and the major Special Revenue Fund:

	Governmental Fund Types		
		General	Countywide Road
			Maintenance
		Fund	Fund
Budget (Cash Basis)	\$	966,761	2,935,611
Increase (Decrease) Net adjustments for revenue accruals		(922,825)	2,151
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals	_	968,775	(792,969)
GAAP Basis	\$_	1,012,711	2,144,793

### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

### Pension Schedules

A. Changes of assumptions.

<u>2015</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

### <u>2016</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

### 2017

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumptions was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6.00% to 7.00%.

# 2019

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments:

For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119.

For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119.

Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:

For males, 137% of male rates at all ages.

For females, 115% of female rates at all ages.

Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

B. Changes in benefit provisions.

<u>2016</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2018 valuation for the June 30, 2020 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price Inflation Salary increase

Investment rate of return

Entry age Level percentage of payroll, open 30.9 years 5-year smoothed market 3.00 percent 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

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# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# LAMAR COUNTY Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title or Cluster	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Justice			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Health			
Violence against women formula grants	16.588	2020-ST-046	54,110
Violence against women formula grants	16.588	2021-ST-046	22,570
Subtotal			76,680
U.S. Department of Justice - Office of Community Oriented Policing Services/			
Public safety partnership and community policing grants (Direct)	16.710	N/A	65,767
U.S. Department of Justice - Office of Criminal Division/			
Equitable sharing program (Direct)	16.922	N/A	52,472
Total U.S. Department of Justice			194,919
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety			
Highway planning and construction cluster:			
State and community highway safety	20.600	OP-2021-OP-13-71	6,464
Total Highway planning and construction cluster			6,464
Alcohol open container requirements	20.607	154AL-2020-ST-13-71	34,904
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			41,368
U.S. Department of the Treasury			
Passed-through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency			
Coronavirus relief fund*	21.019	N/A	656,378
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			656,378
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Mental Health			
Substance abuse and mental health services - projects of regional and national			
significance	93.243	1H79TI080150-01	287,479
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			287,479
Executive Office of the President/			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety - Bureau of Narcotics			
High intensity drug trafficking areas program	95.001	G18-GC0003A	10,091
High intensity drug trafficking areas program	95.001	G19-GC0003A	23,738
High intensity drug trafficking areas program	95.001	G20-GC0003A	8,232
Total Executive Office of the President			42,061

# LAMAR COUNTY Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title or Cluster	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed-through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency			
Hazard mitigation grant	97.039	HMPG-4268-008	110,772
Emergency management performance grants	97.042	EM A-2020-EP-00013	49,966
Subtotal	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		160,738
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety Homeland security grant program Homeland security grant program Subtotal	97.067 97.067	19HS037T 19LE037	50,000 5,841 55,841
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Staffing for adequate fire and emergency response (SAFER) (Direct)	97.083	EMW-2017-FF-00130	38,295
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			254,874
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Lamar County under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U. S. Code* of *Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements* for *Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Lamar County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Lamar County.

#### Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

### Note C - Indirect Cost Rate

Lamar County has elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

\* Denotes major federal award program

Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

# Operating Expenditures, Cash Basis:

Salaries	\$ 974,752
Expendable Commodities:	
Gasoline and petroleum products	82,671
Repair parts	24,372
Maintenance	80,889
Solid waste disposal fee	609,368
Uniforms	22,992
Telephone and utilities	6,883
Supplies	 84,764
Solid Waste Cash Basis Operating Expenditures	1,886,691
Full Cost Expenses:	
Indirect administrative costs	9,826
Depreciation on equipment	166,905
Net effect of other accrued expenses	 (226,217)
Solid Waste Full Cost Operating Expenses	\$ 1,837,205

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OTHER INFORMATION

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LAMAR COUNTY Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

Name	Position	Company	Bond
Steve Lampton	Supervisor District 1	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$100,000
Warren Byrd	Supervisor District 2	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$100,000
Terry Bass	Supervisor District 3	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$100,000
Mitchell Steven Brent	Supervisor District 4	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$100,000
Dale Lucas	Supervisor District 5	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$100,000
Joseph Waits	County Administrator	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$100,000
James Dennis Aultman	Chancery Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$100,000
Jordan E. Dement	Purchase Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$75,000
Kimberly Pahlman	Assistant Purchase Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Lena Annette Clark	Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$75,000
Judy Anderson	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Pamela Barnett	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Mindy Lynn Bennett	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Sharon Herrin	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Robert Rawls	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Jeffrey Clinton	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Tara Coggins	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Curtis Jefferson	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Myron Dean Smith	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Pamela Sellers	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Robin Duncan	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Sonya Broome	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Regina Breazeale	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Ryan Pigott	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
John Anthony Bounds	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Laura Love	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
James J. Molsbee	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Chandler Friley	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Chance Warner Reid	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Windy Robinson	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Angela Guy	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Melissa Ann King	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Christina Diane Russell	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Robert Byrd	Inventory Control Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$75,000
Tommy Wayne Jones	Road Manager	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Scooter Coker	Constable	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Leighton Chance Curry	Constable	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Joseph D. Walker	Constable	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Martin Hankins	Circuit Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$100,000
Terry Davis	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Leslie Wilson	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Pamela Sellers	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Melissa Moore	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Rita Ann Hartfield	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Lacey Hill	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Ruth Mossor	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Laura Love	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Lauren Bailee Pigott	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Bethany Joy Morrow	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Daniel H. Rigel	Sheriff	Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$100,000
5			· · · ·

### LAMAR COUNTY Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

#### Name

William Everett Anderson **Denton Plumlee Charles Greer** Sandra Owen Barrett Jason Alexander Sabrina Rachelle Anderson Theresa A. Armstrong Jane Hemby Sonya Broome **Tracy Nobles Finch** Shelia Rose Dearman Adam Jason Kessler **Rickey Lee** Jason Chad McNelly James William Murray, Jr. Shauna Lynne Harvey **Richard Brian Patterson** James Eugene Perry James Michael Purvis Winnerford Melonie Smith **Christopher Dean Stephens Bradley Keith Weathers** Brenda Michelle Owens Rodney Jack Smith Neta Williamson JoAnna Marie Bryant Linda Nicole Gipson Melissa Lynn Davis Darian Vanessa Robinson **Debbie Sistrunk** Cheryl Renee Faggard Michelle D. Cameron Lenora Aretta Stover-Breland Shelly C. Simmons Regina P. Breazeale

### Position

Justice Court Judge Justice Court Judge Justice Court Judge Justice Court Clerk **Deputy Justice Court Clerk** Deputy Justice Court Clerk **Deputy Justice Court Clerk Deputy Justice Court Clerk Deputy Justice Court Clerk Deputy Justice Court Clerk Deputy Justice Court Clerk** Deputy Justice Court Clerk **Deputy Justice Court Clerk** Deputy Justice Court Clerk **Deputy Justice Court Clerk Deputy Justice Court Clerk** Deputy Justice Court Clerk **Deputy Justice Court Clerk** Tax Assessor-Collector Deputy Tax Collector **Deputy Tax Collector** Deputy Tax Collector **Deputy Tax Collector** Deputy Tax Collector **Deputy Tax Collector Deputy Tax Collector** Deputy Tax Collector **Deputy Tax Collector** Deputy Tax Collector **Deputy Tax Collector** 

Company	Bond
	¢100.000
Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$100,000
Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$100,000
Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$100,000
Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000
Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$100,000
Ohio Casualty Insurance Co	\$50,000

SPECIAL REPORTS

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# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE AUDITOR

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Members of the Board of Supervisors Lamar County, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lamar County, Mississippi (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2021. Our report includes an adverse opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units due to the omission of the discretely presented component units which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The report is also qualified on the governmental activities because the County did not record a liability or current year expense for other postemployment benefits as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lamar County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lamar County, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as 2020-001, 2020-002, and 2020-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

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# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lamar County, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Lamar County's Responses to Findings

Lamar County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Auditee's Corrective Action Plan. Lamar County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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JOE E. MCKNIGHT, CPA Director, County Audit Section

December 10, 2021



# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE AUDITOR

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Supervisors Lamar County, Mississippi

# **Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program**

We have audited Lamar County, Mississippi's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Lamar County, Mississippi's major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2020. Lamar County, Mississippi's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Lamar County, Mississippi's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lamar County, Mississippi's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Lamar County, Mississippi's compliance.

# **Opinion on the Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Lamar County, Mississippi complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2020.

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# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Lamar County, Mississippi is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Lamar County, Mississippi's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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JOE E. MCKNIGHT CPA Director, County Audit Section

December 10, 2021



# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE AUDITOR

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON CENTRAL PURCHASING SYSTEM, INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM AND PURCHASE CLERK SCHEDULES (REQUIRED BY SECTION 31-7-115, MISS. CODE ANN. (1972))

Members of the Board of Supervisors Lamar County, Mississippi

We have examined Lamar County, Mississippi's (the County) compliance with establishing and maintaining a central purchasing system and inventory control system in accordance with Sections 31-7-101 through 31-7-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) and compliance with the purchasing requirements in accordance with bid requirements of Section 31-7-13, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) during the year ended September 30, 2020. The Board of Supervisors of Lamar County, Mississippi is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements. The Board of Supervisors of Lamar County, Mississippi, has established centralized purchasing for all funds of the County and has established an inventory control system. The objective of the central purchasing system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that purchases are executed in accordance with state law.

Because of inherent limitations in any central purchasing system and inventory control system, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any current evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Lamar County, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with state laws governing central purchasing, inventory and bid requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

The accompanying schedules of (1) Purchases Not Made from the Lowest Bidder, (2) Emergency Purchases and (3) Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source are presented in accordance with Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The information contained on these schedules has been subjected to procedures performed in connection with our aforementioned examination and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in relation to that examination.

This report is intended for use in evaluating Lamar County, Mississippi's compliance with the aforementioned requirements, and is not intended to be and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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JOE E. MCKNIGHT, CPA Director, County Audit Section

December 10, 2021

# LAMAR COUNTY Schedule of Purchases From Other Than the Lowest Bidder For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Our tests did not identify any purchases from other than the lowest bidder.

ltem

Purchased

Date

Amount		Reason for
Paid	Vendor	Emergency Purchase

				0 1
01/07/2020	Baseball fields fencing repair	\$ 81,909	Jefcoat Fence Company, Inc	Tornado damage (December 2019 tornado)
01/07/2020	Softball fields fencing repair	8,410	Jefcoat Fence Company, Inc	Tornado damage (December 2019 tornado)
01/09/2020	Baseball, softball, and football lighting repairs	428,300	Jefcoat Fence Company, Inc	Tornado damage (December 2019 tornado)
02/09/2020	Legion Lake softball field fencing repair	22,005	Jefcoat Fence Company, Inc	Tornado damage (December 2019 tornado)
03/12/2020	Softball field #3 fencing repair	19,730	Jefcoat Fence Company, Inc	Tornado damage (December 2019 tornado)
03/12/2020	Softball field #2 fencing repair	28,500	Jefcoat Fence Company, Inc	Tornado damage (December 2019 tornado)
05/05/2020	Legion Lake softball field lighting repair	12,500	Buckhaults Electric Service	Tornado damage (April 2020 tornado)
05/05/2020	Hydraulic excavator rental	8,294	Pucket Machinery	Tornado damage (April 2020 tornado)

# LAMAR COUNTY Schedule of Purchases Made Noncompetively From a Sole Source For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Date	ltem Purchased	 Amount Paid	Vendor
12/30/2019	Ultimate 1 - Infield Conditioner	\$ 11,869	Crimson Stone, Inc
01/17/2020	ExpressPoll Software	9,300	Election Systems & Software, LLC



# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE AUDITOR

## LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Lamar County, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Lamar County, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2020, we considered Lamar County, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to Lamar County, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the County's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated December 10, 2021, on the financial statements of Lamar County, Mississippi.

Although no findings came to our attention as a result of these review procedures and compliance tests, these procedures and tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bet my might

JOE E. MCKNIGHT, CPA Director, County Audit Section

December 10, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

## Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

## Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements:

	Governmental activities Aggregate discretely presented component units General Fund Countywide Road Maintenance Fund 2019 Road Bond Project Fund Aggregate remaining fund information				
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:				
	a. Material weaknesses identified?	Yes			
	b. Significant deficiency identified?	None Reported			
3.	Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	No			
Fea	leral Awards:				
4.	Internal control over major federal programs:				
	a. Material weakness identified?	No			
	b. Significant deficiency identified?	None Reported			
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:				
	a. CFDA 21.019, Coronavirus relief fund	Unmodified			
6.	Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No			
7.	Identfication of major federal programs:				
	a. CFDA 21.019, Coronavirus relief fund				
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000			
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No			
10.	Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(b)?	Yes			

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

#### Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

Board of Supervisors			
Material Weakness			
2020-001.	Liability for postemployment benefits not recorded and note disclosures for postemployment benefits not reported.		
Repeat Finding	Yes		
Criteria	Lamar County purchases health insurance coverage from a commercial insurance company and offers health insurance benefit coverage to active employees and retirees through the County's health insurance plan. Since retirees may obtain health insurance by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive a health insurance premium rate differential, the County has a postemployment healthcare benefit reportable under GASB Statement No. 75, as a single-employer defined health care plan. GASB Statement No. 75 requires the County to report on an accrual basis the liability associated with other postemployment benefits.		
Condition	The County does not issue a publicly available financial report for its health insurance plan. Also, as reported in the prior eleven years' audit reports, the County has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits nor has the County reported the note disclosures that are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.		
Cause	This was caused by a lack of resources.		
Effect	The failure to follow generally accepted accounting principles resulted in a qualified opinion on the governmental activities.		
Recommendation	The Board of Supervisors should have an actuarial valuation performed annually so that a liability for other postemployment benefits can be recorded and the appropriate note disclosure can be made in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.		
Views of Responsible Official(s)	See Auditee's Corrective Action Plan.		
Material Weakness			
2020-002.	The County should strengthen controls in the office of the 15 <sup>th</sup> Judicial District Drug Court to ensure the time between receipt of funds from the federal agency and disbursement of those funds is minimized.		
Repeat Finding	Yes		
Criteria	The Code of Federal Regulations (2 CFR 200.302(b)(6)) requires non-federal entities to establish written procedures to implement the requirements of 2 CFR 200.305.		
	2 CFR 200.305(b) states that for non-federal entities other than states, payment methods must minimize the time elapsing between the transfer from the United States Treasury and the disbursement by the non-Federal entity.		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

- **Condition** This grant was awarded to the 15<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Drug Court, for which Lamar County serves as the fiscal agent. As reported in the prior year's audit report, during testing performed for cash management, the following noncompliance was noted:
  - a. The Drug Court did not have written procedures in place to implement the cash management requirements.
  - b. We noted ten instances in which the time between receipt and disbursement of federal funds ranged from fourteen to thirty-nine business days. This noncompliance involved a total of \$167,083 in federal funds.
- CauseDrug Court personnel were either unaware of or did not follow identified policies and<br/>procedures over cash management requirements.
- **Effect** The county's federal programs could be funded solely on a reimbursement basis in the future and the county's ability to receive federal awards in the future could be hindered.
- **Recommendation** The Board of Supervisors should ensure that control procedures in the Drug Court office are strengthened to ensure the time between receipt and disbursement of federal funds is minimized.

# Views of Responsible

Official(s) See Auditee's Corrective Action Plan.

#### Material Weakness

- 2020-003. <u>The County should strengthen controls in the office of the 15<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Drug Court to ensure that a determination is made as to whether vendors are suspended, debarred or otherwise excluded from participation in federally-funded projects.</u>
- Repeat Finding Yes
- **Criteria** Prior to entering into a covered transaction, the *Code of Federal Regulations (2 CFR 180.300)* requires all participants in federally-funded programs to verify that the vendor with which the participant intends to do business is not suspended, debarred or otherwise excluded from participation in federally-funded projects. Included in the term "covered transactions" are contracts for goods and services that are expected to equal or exceeds \$25,000.
- **Condition** This grant was awarded to the 15<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Drug Court, for which Lamar County serves as the fiscal agent. As reported during the prior year's audit report, during testing we noted that the Drug Court had no procedures in place to determine whether a vendor is suspended, debarred or otherwise excluded from participation in federally-funded projects.
- CauseDrug Court personnel were either unaware of or did not follow identified policies and<br/>procedures over procurement, suspension and debarment.
- **Effect** The Drug Court could unknowingly violate the terms of a federal award by contracting with an excluded party; additionally, the county's ability to receive federal awards in the future could be hindered.

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

**Recommendation** The Board of Supervisors should strengthen control procedures in the Drug Court office to ensure a determination is made as to whether vendors are excluded from participating in federally-funded projects.

# Views of Responsible<br/>Official(s)See Auditee's Corrective Action Plan.

#### Section 3: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND AUDITEE'S SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

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Mailing Address: 402 Pecan St. / Purvis, MS 39475 Physical Address: 403 Main St. / Purvis, MS 39475 Phone: 601-794-8504 Fax: 601-794-1049 Website: www.lamarcountyms.gov

> Steve Lampton \* District 1 Warren Byrd \* District 2 Terry Bass \* District 3 Mitch Brent \* District 4 Dale Lucus \* District 5



Corrective Action Plan

June 28, 2021

Office of the State Auditor 501 N. West Street, Suite 801 Jackson, Mississippi 39201

Gentlemen:

Lamar County respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended September 30, 2020.

The findings from the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the Schedule.

#### SECTION 2: FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2020-001. Corrective Action Planned: The Board of Supervisors does not feel that the cost associated with providing financial data associated with its retirement benefits outweigh the efforts of accepting a qualified opinion.

Anticipated Completion Date: Unknown

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action: Jason Cuevas, Comptroller

2020-002 Corrective Action Planned: The Board of Supervisors will ensure that control procedures in the Drug Court office are strengthened to ensure the time between receipt and disbursement of federal funds is minimized.

Anticipated Completion Date: Unknown

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action: Jason Cuevas, Comptroller

2020-003

Corrective Action Planned: The Board of Supervisors will strengthen control procedures in the Drug Court Office to ensure a determination is made as to whether vendors are excluded from participating in federally funded projects.

Anticipated Completion Date: Unknown

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action: Jason Cuevas, Comptroller

Sincerely yours,

President, Board of Supervisors



Malling Address: 402 Pecan St. / Purvis, MS 39475 Physical Address: 403 Main Sti. / Purvis. MS 39475 Phone: 601-794-8504 Fax: 601-794-1049 Website: www.lamarcountyms.gov

> Steve Lampton \* District 1 Warren Byrd \* District 2 Terry Bass \* District 3 Mitch Brent \* District 4 Dale Lucus \* District 5

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Mr. Shad White Office of the State Auditor 501 N. West Street, Suite 801 Jackson, Mississippi 39201

Dear Sir,

The Lamar County Board of Supervisors respectfully submits the following summary schedule of prior audit findings.

The findings from the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule.

2019-001. (originally 2009-002)	Liability for postemployment benefits not recorded and note disclosures for post-employment benefits not reported.			
	NOT CORRECT	ED		
		pervisors does not feel that the cost associated with providing financial ith its retirement benefits outweigh the efforts of accepting a qualified		
2019-002.	The County did not complete the federal grant activity schedule.			
	FULLY CORREC	CTED		
2019-003.	The County should strengthen controls in the office of the 15 <sup>th</sup> Judicia to ensure only allowable costs are submitted for federal reimbursement			
	93.243	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional and National Significance		
	FULLY CORREC	CTED		

2019-004.	The County should strengthen controls in the office of the 15 <sup>th</sup> Judicial District Drug Country to ensure the time between receipt of funds from the federal agency and disbursement those funds is minimized.				
	93.243	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional and National Significance			
	NOT CORRECTED				
		pervisors has asked the Drug Court office to strengthen their procedures between the receipt and disbursement of federal funds is minimized.			
to ensure that		ald strengthen controls in the office of the 15 <sup>th</sup> Judicial District Drug Court determination is made as to whether vendors are suspended, debarred or led from participating in federally funded projects.			
	93.243	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional and National Significance			
	NOT CORRECT	ſED			

The Board of Supervisors has asked the Drug Court office to strengthen their procedures to ensure a determination is made as to whether vendors are excluded from participating in federally-funded projects.

Sincerely,

1 President Lamar County Board of Supervisors

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