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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Grenada School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Grenada School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Grenada School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Grenada School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-14, 46-49, 50, 51, 52, and 53, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Grenada School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2020 on our consideration of the Grenada School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Grenada School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Grenada School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

uminter CPAS

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

November 12, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The following discussion and analysis of Grenada School District's financial performance provides an overview of the Grenada School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Grenada School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Grenada School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2020 decreased \$2,805,799 which represents a 21% decrease from fiscal year 2019. Total net position for 2019 decreased \$3,796,076, which represents a 40% decrease from fiscal year 2018.
- General revenues amounted to \$29,807,930 and \$28,770,476, or 77% and 78% of all revenues for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$9,043,543, or 23% of total revenues for 2020, and \$8,260,861, or 22% of total revenues for 2019.
- The District had \$41,657,272 and \$40,827,413 in expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019; only \$9,043,543 for 2020 and \$8,260,861 for 2019 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$29,807,930 for 2020 and \$28,770,476 for 2019 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$29,842,182 in revenues and \$30,004,622 in expenditures for 2020, and \$28,185,704 in revenues and \$29,395,495 in expenditures in 2019. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$381,120 from 2019 to 2020, and decreased by \$1,328,877 from 2018 to 2019.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$71,861 for 2020 and decreased by \$763,523 for 2019. The decrease for 2020 was due to construction in progress and other current year additions net of the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term had no change for 2020 and 2019. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$12,810 for 2020 and decreased by \$9,737 for 2019.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts.* Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$16,077,615 as of June 30, 2020.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		June 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	Percentag Change	je
Current assets	\$	20,308,965	\$ 21,193,710	(4.17)	%
Restricted assets		2,007,402	1,832,242	9.56	%
Capital assets, net		20,867,861	20,939,722	(0.34)	%
Total assets	_	43,184,228	 43,965,674	(1.78)	%
Deferred outflows of resources		5,247,944	 4,389,586	19.55	%
Current liabilities		102,563	117,490	(12.70)	%
Long-term debt outstanding		2,223,233	2,210,423	0.58	%
Net OPEB liability		4,262,144	3,816,457	11.68	%
Net pension liability		56,850,044	53,691,563	5.88	%
Total liabilities		63,437,984	 59,835,933	6.02	%
Deferred inflows of resources		1,071,803	 1,791,143	(40.16)	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		18,867,861	18,939,722	(0.38)	%
Restricted		3,422,187	3,892,754	(12.09)	%
Unrestricted		(38,367,663)	(36,104,292)	(6.27)	%
Total net position	\$	(16,077,615)	\$ (13,271,816)	(21.14)	%

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (38,367,663)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	56,936,047
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 18,568,384

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$71,861.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 were \$38,851,473 and \$37,031,337, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$41,657,272 for 2020 and \$40,827,413 for 2019.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Change	Table 2 s in Net P	osition				
		Year Ended		Year Ended	Percentage	e
		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019	Change	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	937,282	\$	1,049,813	(10.72)	%
Operating grants and contributions		8,106,261		7,211,048	12.41	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		8,180,162		7,653,835	6.88	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		20,026,498		19,562,205	2.37	%
Investment earnings		658,417		729,980	(9.80)	%
Sixteenth section		580,443		459,582	26.30	%
Other		362,410		364,874	(0.68)	%
Total revenues		38,851,473		37,031,337	4.92	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		20,658,774		19,712,148	4.80	%
Support services		13,128,111		13,453,395	(2.42)	%
Non-instructional		1,833,984		2,060,719	(11.00)	%
Sixteenth section		23,325		63,644	(63.35)	%
Pension expense		5,710,451		5,307,674	7.59	%
OPEB expense		282,527		209,527	34.84	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		20,100	_	20,306	(1.01)	%
Total expenses		41,657,272		40,827,413	2.03	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(2,805,799)		(3,796,076)	26.09	%
Net Position, July 1		(13,271,816)		(9,475,740)	(40.06)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(16,077,615)	\$	(13,271,816)	(21.14)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Total	Percentage	
		2020	 2019	Change
Instruction	\$	20,658,774	\$ 19,712,148	4.80 %
Support services		13,128,111	13,453,395	(2.42) %
Non-instructional		1,833,984	2,060,719	(11.00) %
Sixteenth section		23,325	63,644	(63.35) %
Pension Expense		5,710,451	5,307,674	7.59 %
OPEB Expense		282,527	209,527	34.84 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		20,100	 20,306	(1.01) %
Total expenses		41,657,272	\$ 40,827,413	2.03 %

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Net (Exper	Percentage	
	 2020	 2019	Change
Instruction	\$ (15,307,861)	\$ (14,956,883)	(2.35) %
Support services	(11,298,826)	(12,170,262)	7.16 %
Non-instructional	29,361	161,744	(81.85) %
Sixteenth section	(23,325)	(63,644)	63.35 %
Pension Expense	(5,710,451)	(5,307,674)	(7.59) %
OPEB Expense	(282,527)	(209,527)	(34.84) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (20,100)	 (20,306)	1.01 %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (32,613,729)	\$ (32,566,552)	(0.14) %

Net cost of governmental activities (\$32,613,729 for 2020 and \$32,566,552 for 2019) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$8,180,162 for 2020 and \$7,653,835 for 2019) and state and federal revenues (\$20,026,498 for 2020 and \$19,562,205 for 2019). In addition, there was \$580,443 and \$459,582 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Investment earnings amounted to \$658,417 for 2020 and \$729,980 for 2019.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$22,071,815, a decrease of \$851,687, which includes an increase in inventory of \$31,011. \$14,537,157 or 66% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$7,534,658 or 34% is either nonspendable,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$381,120. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$313,538, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$31,011, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Fund	No Increase or Decrease
EDLA Grant Fund	\$ (157,029)
Adult Basic Education Fund	No Increase or Decrease

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the Grenada School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2020, the District's total capital assets were \$43,148,886, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$828,573 from 2019. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020, was \$22,281,025, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,020,239, resulting in total net capital assets of \$20,867,861.

	J	lune 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	Percentage Change	e
Land	\$	148,900	\$ 148,900	0.00	%
Construction in progress		-	102,735	(100.00)	%
Buildings		16,789,311	17,387,903	(3.44)	%
Building improvements		1,733,401	1,526,709	13.54	%
Improvements other than buildings		666,620	637,471	4.57	%
Mobile equipment		978,419	666,013	46.91	%
Furniture and equipment		551,210	 469,991	17.28	%
Total	\$	20,867,861	\$ 20,939,722	(0.34) 9	%

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2020, the District had \$2,223,233 in outstanding long-term debt, of which none is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$12,810 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2020	J	une 30, 2019	Percenta Chang	0
Three mill note payable	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		223,233		210,423	6.09	%
Total	\$	2,223,233	\$	2,210,423	0.58	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Grenada School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Grenada School District, Post Office Box 1940, Grenada, MS 38901.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

Exhibit A

June 30, 2020	
	Governmental
	 Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,936,350
Investments	5,728,852
Due from other governments	1,546,576
Inventories	97,187
Restricted assets	2,007,402
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	148,900
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	16,789,311
Building improvements	1,733,401
Improvements other than buildings	666,620
Mobile equipment	978,419
Furniture and equipment	 551,210
Total Assets	 43,184,228
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	4,571,154
Deferred outflows - OPEB	676,790
Total deferred outflows of resources	 5,247,944
Liabilities	07 500
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	87,523
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	15,040
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Net OPEB liability	154,752
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	2,000,000
Non-capital related liabilities	223,233
Net pension liability	56,850,044
Net OPEB liability	 4,107,392
Total Liabilities	 63,437,984
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	789,782
Deferred inflows - OPEB	282,021
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,071,803
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	18,867,861
Restricted for:	10,001,001
Expendable:	
	040 922
School-based activities	940,823
Debt service	1,703,530
Forestry improvements	90,898
Unemployment benefits	393,661
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section principal	293,275
Unrestricted	 (38,367,663)
Total Net Position	\$ (16,077,615)

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			P	rogram Revenue	es		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating		Capital	 <u> </u>
	_	Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 20,658,774	\$ 711,933	\$	4,638,980	\$		\$ (15,307,861)
Support services	13,128,111	-		1,829,285		-	(11,298,826)
Non-instructional	1,833,984	225,349		1,637,996		-	29,361
Sixteenth section	23,325	-		-		-	(23,325)
Pension expense	5,710,451	-		-		-	(5,710,451)
OPEB expense	282,527	-		-		-	(282,527)
Interest on long-term liabilities	20,100	-		-		-	 (20,100)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 41,657,272	\$ 937,282	\$	8,106,261	\$	-	\$ (32,613,729)

General Revenues:	
Taxes:	
General purpose levies	8,029,869
Debt purpose levies	150,293
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	19,719,222
Federal	307,276
Unrestricted investment earnings	658,417
Sixteenth section	580,443
Other	362,410
Total General Revenues	29,807,930
Change in Net Position	(2,805,799)
Net Position - Beginning	(13,271,816)
Net Position - Ending	\$ (16,077,615)

Exhibit B

		GRENAD	DA SCI		TRIC	Т					
		Gov	/ernme	ental Fund	ls						
Balance Sheet											Exhibit C
June 30, 2020				Maiau	F	1.					
				Major	Func	IS	Adult Basic	_	Other		Total
		General		Title I	_	DLA Grant	Education		Governmental		Governmental
		Fund		Fund	L	Fund	Fund		Funds		Funds
Assets		T UIIU		Tunu		T UNU	T UIIG		T UTUS		T unus
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,486,395	¢		\$	- 9		- \$	2,051,555	¢	13,537,950
Cash with fiscal agents	φ	127,131	φ	_	φ	- 4		- φ	140	φ	127,271
Investments		5,601,721				_			1,405,662		7,007,383
Due from other governments		735,140		221,901		157,029	143,763	2	288,743		1,546,576
Due from other funds		762,689		221,301		-	140,700		200,740		762,689
Inventories		- 102,009		_		_		_	97,187		97,187
Total assets		18,713,076		221,901		157,029	143,763		3,843,287		23,079,056
		10,710,070		221,001		107,020	140,700	,	0,040,207		20,070,000
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,											
and Fund Balances											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	78,488	\$	2,159	\$	- \$	6	- \$	6,876	\$	87,523
Due to other funds	•	-	•	219,742	•	157,029	143,763	;	242,155	•	762,689
Total Liabilities		78,488		221,901		157,029	143,763	;	249,031		850,212
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Unavailable revenue		-		-		157,029		-	-		157,029
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		157,029			-		157,029
Fund Balance:											
Nonspendable:											
Permanent fund principal		-		-		-		-	293,275		293,275
Inventory		-		-		-		-	97,187		97,187
Restricted:									01,101		01,101
Debt service		-		-		-		-	1,718,570		1,718,570
Forestry improvements		-		-		-		-	90,898		90,898
Grant activities		-		-		(157,029)		-	1,000,665		843,636
Unemployment benefits		-		-		-		-	393,661		393,661
Assigned:									,		
Student activities		457,213		-		-		-	-		457,213
Future building projects		3,640,218		-		-		-	-		3,640,218
Unassigned		14,537,157		-		-		-	-		14,537,157
Total Fund Balances		18,634,588		-		(157,029)		-	3,594,256		22,071,815
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,		-				. ,			•		
and Fund Balances	\$	18,713,076	\$	221,901	\$	157,029 \$	6 143,763	\$	3,843,287	\$	23,079,056

Governmental Funds					
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of	of Net Position	Exhibit C-1			
June 30, 2020					
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	22,071,815			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:					
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 					
Land	148,900				
Buildings	33,026,973				
Building improvements	2,283,236				
Improvements other than buildings	1,038,680				
Mobile equipment	3,869,470				
Furniture and equipment	2,781,627				
Accumulated depreciation	(22,281,025)	20,867,861			
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in					
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
Net pension liability	(56,850,044)				
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	4,571,154				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(789,782)	(53,068,672)			
4 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in					
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
Net OPEB liability	(4,262,144)				
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable					
to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	676,790	(0.007.075)			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(282,021)	(3,867,375)			
5. Some of the District's revenues do not meet the availability criterion due to being					
received in excess of 60 days and, therefore, are deferred in governmental fund	S.	157,029			
6. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the					
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:					
Three mill notes payable	(2,000,000)				
Compensated absences	(223,233)				
Accrued interest payable	(15,040)	(2,238,273)			
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(16,077,615)			

		ADA SCHOOL DI				
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and C	Changes in Fund Balanc	es				Exhibit I
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020		Major F	unds			
	General Fund	Title I Fund	EDLA Grant Fund	Adult Basic Education Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 8,832,024 \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ 936,360	\$ 9,768,384
State sources	19,793,222	-	-	-	2,094,648	21,887,870
Federal sources	317,836	1,566,394	-	501,347	3,702,819	6,088,396
Sixteenth section	899,100	-	-	-	32,727	931,827
Total Revenues	29,842,182	1,566,394	-	501,347	6,766,554	38,676,477
Expenditures:						
Instruction	17,211,244	1,194,370	46,160	478,892	3,641,585	22,572,251
Support services	12,773,423	290,994	110,869	22,455	1,591,440	14,789,181
Noninstructional services	207	51,458	-	-	1,922,568	1,974,233
Sixteenth section	19,748	-	-	-	3,577	23,325
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-	198,052	198,052
Debt service:						
Interest	-	-	-	-	18,800	18,800
Other		-	-	-	1,300	1,300
Total Expenditures	30,004,622	1,536,822	157,029	501,347	7,377,322	39,577,142
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	(162,440)	29,572	(157,029)	-	(610,768)	(900,665
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Insurance loss recoveries	19,567	-	-	-	-	19,567
Sale of transportation equipment	4,092	-	-	-	-	4,092
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent	-	-	-	-	142,867	142,867
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	-	-	-	-	(142,867)	(142,867
Operating transfers in	237,939	-	-	-	916,186	1,154,125
Operating transfers out	(474,586)	(29,572)	-	-	(649,967)	(1,154,125
Other financing uses	(5,692)	-	-	-	-	(5,692
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(218,680)	(29,572)	-	-	266,219	17,967
Net Change in Fund Balances	(381,120)	-	(157,029)	-	(344,549)	(882,698
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2019	19,015,708	-	-	-	3,907,794	22,923,502
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	<u> </u>	-	-	-	31,011	31,011
June 30, 2020	\$ 18,634,588 \$	- \$	(157,029) \$	-	\$ 3,594,256	\$ 22,071,815

GRENADA SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities		Exhibit D-1
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (882,698)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are		
different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Capital outlay	\$ 949,589	
Depreciation expense	(1,020,239)	(70,650)
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		
		(1,211)
 Prior year receivables that met the "measurable and available" criteria during the current year are recognized in the governmental funds. The government-wide financial statements recogniz revenue in the prior year. 	ed the	157,029
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense	(5.740.454)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(5,710,451)	
·	3,811,756	(1,898,695)
 Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: 		
OPEB expense	(282,527)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	154,752	(127,775)
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences	(12,810)	
Change in inventory reserve	31,011	18,201
		•
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (2,805,799)

GRENADA SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Exhibit E June 30, 2020 Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 940,812 **Total Assets** \$ 940,812 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 730,925 Due to student clubs 209,887 **Total Liabilities** \$ 940,812

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five-member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Grenada School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund educational services to low-income, program eligible students.

EDLA Grant Fund – This fund accounts for the Equitable Distance Learning Act grant revenue and related expenditures resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic.

Adult Basic Education Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund the Adult Basic Education program.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the School District attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Ca Pol	pitalization icy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$4,571,154 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$676,790 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$789,782 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$282,021 related to its OPEB plan.

See Note 14 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, Leases, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases, were postponed eighteen months.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$13,537,950 and \$940,812, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$127,271.

Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Government securities	AA+	1-5 years	\$ 2,649,633
Corporate Bonds	Unrated	1-5 years	552,792
Municipal Bonds	AA-	1-5 years	2,399,296
Trustmark - Construction Bonds Common Trust			
2012-A	Unrated	Less than 1 year	 1,405,662
Total			\$ 7,007,383

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

• U.S. government securities type of investments of \$7,007,383 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2020, the district had the following investments:

Issuer		Fair Value	% of Total Investments
U.S. Government Securities	\$	2,649,633	38%
Corporate Bonds		552,792	8%
Municipal Bonds		2,399,296	34%
Trustmark - Construction Bonds Common Trus	st		
2012-A		1,405,662	20%
Total	\$	7,007,383	100%

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 219,742
	EDLA Grant Fund	157,029
	Adult Basic Education Fund	143,763
	Other governmental funds	 242,155
Total		\$ 762,689

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 474,586
Title I Fund	General Fund	29,572
Other governmental funds	General Fund	208,367
	Other governmental funds	 441,600
Total		\$ 1,154,125

The primary reason for the interfund transfers was for federal grant allocations and the funding of various programs within the district.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$292,961, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$308,639 of the debt service funds that is restricted for future debt service requirements.

Also, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents and investment balance, totaling \$140 and \$1,405,662 respectively, of the QSCB Sinking Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2019	Increases	Completed s Decreases Construction Adjustments			Balance 6/30/2020
Governmental Activities:	 111/2010	increaced	200100000	Construction	rajuotinonto	0,00,2020
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 148,900 \$	- \$	- \$	- 9	- \$	148,900
Construction in progress	102,735	198,052	-	(300,787)	Ť	-
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 251,635	198,052	-	(300,787)	-	148,900
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	33,026,973	-	-	-	-	33,026,973
Building improvements	1,982,449	-	-	300,787	-	2,283,236
Improvements other than buildings	969,171	69,509	-	-	-	1,038,680
Mobile equipment	3,437,171	432,299	-	-	-	3,869,470
Furniture and equipment	2,652,914	249,729	(121,016)	-		2,781,627
Total depreciable capital assets	 42,068,678	751,537	(121,016)	300,787	-	42,999,986
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	15,639,070	598,592	-	-	-	16,237,662
Building improvements	455,740	94,095	-	-	-	549,835
Improvements other than buildings	331,700	40,360	-	-	-	372,060
Mobile equipment	2,771,158	136,833	-	-	(16,940)	2,891,051
Furniture and equipment	 2,182,923	150,359	(119,805)	-	16,940	2,230,417
Total accumulated depreciation	 21,380,591	1,020,239	(119,805)	-	-	22,281,025
Total depreciable capital assets, net	20,688,087	(268,702)	(1,211)	300,787	-	20,718,961
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 20,939,722 \$	(70,650) \$	(1,211) \$	- \$	- \$	20,867,861

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	680,662	
Support services		240,555	
Non-instructional		99,022	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	1,020,239	

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts due
	 7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2020	within one year
A. Three mill notes payable	\$ 2,000,000 \$	- \$	- \$	2,000,000 \$	-
B. Compensated absences payable	 210,423	12,810	-	223,233	-
Total	\$ 2,210,423 \$	12,810 \$	- \$	2,223,233 \$	-

A. Three mill notes payable

This debt is a Qualified School Construction Bond but is classified as a Three Mill Note according to the financial institution's repayment agreement. See Note 13 for required sinking fund payments.

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	Outstanding
Three mill note, Series 2009	0.94%	12/17/2009	9/15/2024	\$_	2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Principal	Interest	Total	
\$ - \$	18,800 \$	18,800	
-	18,800	18,800	
-	18,800	18,800	
-	18,800	18,800	
 2,000,000	18,800	2,018,800	
\$ 2,000,000 \$	94,000 \$	2,094,000	
	\$ - \$ - - 2,000,000	\$ - \$ 18,800 \$ - 18,800 - 18,800 - 18,800 2,000,000 18,800	

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund

B. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who gualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2020 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$3,811,756, \$3,314,823 and \$3,246,708, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school district reported a liability of \$56,850,044 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019. This was an increase of .0004 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,710,451. At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	33,594	61,204
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	643,769
Changes of assumptions	557,367	-
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	168,437	84,809
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	3,811,756	-
Total	\$ 4,571,154 \$	789,782

\$3,811,756 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2021	\$ 361,557
2022	(824,641)
2023	173,149
2024	 259,551
Total	\$ (30,384)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2018. Subsequent to the June 30, 2018 valuation, the Board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2018. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.90	%
International Equity	22.00		4.75	
Global Equity	12.00		5.00	
Fixed Income	20.00		1.50	
Real Estate	10.00		4.00	
Private Equity	8.00		6.25	
Cash	1.00		0.25	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	<u> </u>	 · · ·	 · · ·
the net pension liability	\$ 74,731,353	\$ 56,850,044	\$ 42,090,629

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$154,752 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$4,262,144 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

of June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was .50229083 percent. This was an increase of .0089 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$282,527. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	6,444	61,008
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	80	-
Changes of assumptions	317,754	221,013
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	197,760	-
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	154,752	-
Total	\$ 676,790 \$	282,021

\$154,752 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2021	\$ 29,143
2022	29,143
2023	29,143
2024	39,706
2025	68,505
Thereafter	 44,377
Total	\$ 240,017

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.20 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.50% 3.89%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2019 2018
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.50% 3.89%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00 percent for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.50 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.89% to 3.50%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2019, the trust has \$1,017,904. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2018 and the June 30, 2019 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(2.50%)	Rate (3.50%)	(4.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 4,734,498	\$ 4,262,144	\$ 3,858,000

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Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	
	1	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	3,949,533	\$ 4,262,144	\$ 4,616,279

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 9 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 10 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 56 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 11 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 124,863
2022	109,993
2023	109,993
2024	52,368
2025	42,428
2026-2030	141,170
Thereafter	30,208
Total	\$ 611,023

Note 12 – Other Commitments

Operating leases:

The school district has several operating leases for copy machines.

Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2020, amounted to \$82,174. Future lease payments for this lease are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2021 2022	\$ 53,840 2,300
Total	\$ 56,140

Note 13 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2020 was \$1,405,802. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period will be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 143,000
2022	143,000
2023	143,000
2024	143,000
2025	 143,000
Total	\$ 715,000

Note 14 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$38,367,663) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$3,811,756 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$759,398 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$38,367,663) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$789,782 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$38,367,663) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$154,752 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$522,038 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$38,367,663) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$282,021 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 15 – State Compliance Testing

The Mississippi Office of the State Auditor (OSA) has elected to perform procedures in relation to purchasing and compliance with state laws. This report should be viewed in conjunction with the report from OSA in order to gain a comprehensive understanding of the Grenada School District's operations. This report and OSA's report will be available on OSA's website at http://www.osa.ms.gov/reports.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 16 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Grenada School District received \$19,567 in insurance loss recoveries related to storm damage. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as other revenue.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Grenada School District evaluated the activity of the district through November 12, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined no subsequent event have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Varian Positive (N	
	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:	 0				
Local sources	\$ 8,601,248 \$	8,832,025	\$ 8,832,024 \$	230,777 \$	(1)
State sources	19,748,650	19,793,222	19,793,222	44,572	-
Federal sources	340,200	317,835	317,836	(22,365)	1
Sixteenth section	 465,537	899,100	899,100	433,563	-
Total Revenues	 29,155,635	29,842,182	29,842,182	686,547	-
Expenditures:					
Instruction	17,134,516	17,211,243	17,211,244	(76,727)	(1)
Support services	13,750,225	12,773,422	12,773,423	976,803	(1)
Noninstructional services	4,642	207	207	4,435	-
Sixteenth section	16,063	19,748	19,748	(3,685)	-
Total Expenditures	 30,905,446	30,004,620	30,004,622	900,826	(2)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 (1,749,811)	(162,438)	(162,440)	1,587,373	(2)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance loss recoveries	-	19,567	19,567	19,567	-
Sale of transportation equipment	-	4,092	4,092	4,092	-
Operating transfers in	1,322,815	651,849	237,939	(670,966)	(413,910)
Other financing sources	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	(1,333,630)	(888,497)	(474,586)	445,133	413,911
Other financing uses		(5,693)	(5,692)	(5,693)	1
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (10,815)	(218,682)	(218,680)	(207,867)	2
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,760,626)	(381,120)	(381,120)	1,379,506	-
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2019	 19,015,708	19,015,708	19,015,708	-	-
June 30, 2020	\$ 17,255,082 \$	18,634,588	\$ 18,634,588 \$	1,379,506 \$	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Title I Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

For the real Ended Julie 30, 2020						
					Variar	ices
					Positive (N	legative)
		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Federal sources	\$	1,924,677 \$	1,802,723 \$	1,566,394 \$	(121,954) \$	(236,329)
Total Revenues		1,924,677	1,802,723	1,566,394	(121,954)	(236,329)
Expenditures:						
Instruction		1,378,616	1,399,135	1,194,370	(20,519)	204,765
Support services		466,623	311,504	290,994	155,119	20,510
Noninstructional services		42,882	59,409	51,458	(16,527)	7,951
Total Expenditures		1,888,121	1,770,048	1,536,822	118,073	233,226
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		36,556	32,675	29,572	(3,881)	(3,103)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers out		(36,556)	(32,675)	(29,572)	3,881	3,103
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(36,556)	(32,675)	(29,572)	3,881	3,103
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	-	-	-
July 1, 2019		-	-	-	-	-
June 30, 2020	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
	<u>+</u>		Ŧ	*	· · · ·	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

EDLA Grant Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

For the real Ended Julie 30, 2020						
					Varian	ces
					Positive (N	legative)
		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	C	Driginal	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Federal sources	\$	- \$	1,182,458 \$	- \$	1,182,458 \$	(1,182,458)
Total Revenues		-	1,182,458	-	1,182,458	(1,182,458)
Expenditures:						
Instruction		-	272,641	46,160	(272,641)	226,481
Support services		-	846,579	110,869	(846,579)	735,710
Noninstructional services		-	57,238	-	(57,238)	57,238
Total Expenditures		-	1,176,458	157,029	(1,176,458)	1,019,429
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		-	6,000	(157,029)	6,000	(163,029)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers out		-	(6,000)	-	(6,000)	6,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(6,000)	-	(6,000)	6,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	(157,029)	-	(157,029)
July 1, 2019		-	-	-	-	<u> </u>
June 30, 2020	\$	- \$	- \$	(157,029) \$	- \$	(157,029)
			· · · ·			· · · · ·

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Adult Basic Education Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Varian	ces
			-	Positive (N	legative)
	 Budgeted Am	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 503,025 \$	501,347 \$	501,347 \$	(1,678) \$	-
Total Revenues	 503,025	501,347	501,347	(1,678)	-
Expenditures:					
Instruction	476,486	478,892	478,892	(2,406)	-
Support services	 26,539	22,455	22,455	4,084	-
Total Expenditures	 503,025	501,347	501,347	1,678	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 -	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-	-
July 1, 2019	 -	-	-	-	-
June 30, 2020	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	%	.3231590	.3228020	.323209	.316843	.318904	.319176
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	56,850,044	53,691,563	53,728,305	56,596,071	49,296,270	38,742,122
District's covered payroll		21,046,495	20,614,049	20,734,051	20,269,206	19,923,295	19,503,283
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		270.12%	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last	10	FISCAL	rears

Contractually required contribution	\$ 2020 3,811,756	2019 3,314,823	2018 3,246,708	2017 3,265,613	2016 3,192,400	2015 3,137,919
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 3,811,756	3,314,823	3,246,708	3,265,613	3,192,400	3,137,919
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 21,906,644	21,046,495	20,614,019	20,734,051	20,269,206	19,923,295
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Districtly properties of the net ODED liskility	%	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	.50229083	.49336911	.48540223
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,262,144	3,816,457	3,808,510
District's covered-employee payroll		21,046,495	20,614,019	21,807,787
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		20.25%	18.514%	17.464%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.1198%	0.12911%	0.0000%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2020 154.752	2019 170.840	2018 162,362
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined		154.752	170,840	162,362
contribution	Ŧ			.02,002
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	21,906,644	21,046,495	19,069,526
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.7064%	0.8117%	0.8514%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amouths reported in prior year audit report(s).

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

<u>2019:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2017 valuation for the June 30, 2019 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	38.4 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25% to 18.50%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.25%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2028
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.89%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020			
	Catalog of		
	Federal		
Federal Grantor/	Domestic		
Pass-through Grantor/	Assistance	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Program Title	No.	Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	205MS326N1099	\$ 364,361
National school lunch program	10.555	205MS326N1099	1,212,379
Summer food service program for children	10.559	205MS326N1099	159,093
Total child nutrition cluster			1,735,833
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			1,735,833
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,735,833
IIS Department of Interior			
U.S. Department of Interior			
Direct program:	15.226	N/A	222 224
Payment in lieu of taxes	15.220	IN/A	237,834
Total U.S. Department of Interior			237,834
Federal Communications Commission			
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:			
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	N/A	50,170
Total Federal Communications Commission			50,170
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:			
Rehabilitation services - vocational rehabilitation grants to states	84.126	H126A200034	1,736
Total			1,736
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Adult Education -basic grants to states	84.002	N/A	501,347
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A190024	1,648,621
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	VO048A190024	54,275
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	ES287AC190024	164,002
Rural education	84.358	ES358B190024	73,849
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	ES367A190023	175,256
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	ES424A190025	92,393
	84.425	S425D200031	157,828
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal	04.425	3423D200031	2,867,571
Subiolal Special education cluster:			2,007,371
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A190108-19A	915,628
Special education - grants to states Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A190108-19A	
Total special education cluster	04.175	111/3/190113	49,119 964,747
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			3,832,318
			3,834,054
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,034,034
Corporation for National and Community Service			
Passed-through the Mississippi Institutes of Higher Learning:			
AmeriCorps	94.006	18AC199575	368,262
Total passed-through Mississippi Institutes for Higher Learning	54.000	10/10/10/00/10	368,262
Total Corporation for National and Community Service			368,262
			500,202
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	2005MS5ADM	19,272
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education	00.170	2000	19,272
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			19,272
Total C.C. Department of richtin and runnan der 1065			10,212
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 6,245,425
			- 0,210,120

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Grenada School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Grenada School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Grenada School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Grenada School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$154,719 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 31,299,063 8,278,079	23,239,780 3,359,988	1,226,788 378,415	2,236,505 52,912	4,595,990 4,486,764
Total	\$ 39,577,142	26,599,768	1,605,203	2,289,417	9,082,754
Total number of students *	 3,996				
Cost per student	\$ 9,904	6,656	402	573	2,273

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

		2020		2019*		2018*	2017*
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$	8,832,024	\$	8,339,944	\$	8,213,457 \$	8,379,425
State sources		19,793,222		18,686,212		18,115,371	18,546,386
Federal sources		317,836		344,399		343,267	359,568
Sixteenth section		899,100		815,149		456,260	439,562
Total Revenues		29,842,182		28,185,704		27,128,355	27,724,941
Expenditures:							
Instruction		17,211,244		16,251,167		15,984,873	16,331,184
Support services		12,773,423		13,122,240		12,522,984	12,179,186
Noninstructional services		207		466		612	575
Sixteenth section		19,748		21,622		25,953	3,917
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		-		137,871	-
Total Expenditures		30,004,622		29,395,495		28,672,293	28,514,862
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		(162,440)		(1,209,791)		(1,543,938)	(789,921)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Insurance recovery		19,567		-		-	27,114
Sale of transportation equipment		4,092		7,202		601	5,611
Sale of other property		-		-		718	3,152
Operating transfers in		237,939		251,008		221,433	503,681
Other financing sources		- ,		7,932		-	-
Operating transfers out		(474,586)		(385,228)		(245,240)	(1,120,379)
Other financing uses		(5,692)		-		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(218,680)		(119,086)		(22,488)	(580,821)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(381,120)		(1,328,877)		(1,566,426)	(1,370,742)
Fund Balances:							
Beginning of period, as previously reported		19,015,708		20,344,585		21,912,669	23,283,411
Prior period adjustment		-,,		-,,		(1,658)	-,, -
Beginning of period, as restated		19,015,708		20,344,585		21,911,011	23,283,411
		. ,		, ,		, ,	
End of Period	\$	18,634,588	\$	19,015,708	\$	20,344,585 \$	21,912,669
	-	-,,	•	-,, -,	*	,- , +	,- ,

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	2020	2019*		2018*	2017*	
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 9,768,384	\$ 9,376,0	695 \$	9,181,461	\$ 8,868,22	25
State sources	21,887,870	20,692,9	952	19,936,132	20,395,42	23
Federal sources	6,088,396	6,080,2	299	5,989,651	5,903,22	23
Sixteenth section	931,827	875,9	961	538,801	488,9	30
Total Revenues	38,676,477	37,025,9	907	35,646,045	35,655,80	01
Expenditures:						
Instruction	22,572,251	21,301,8	372	20,406,519	20,133,64	41
Support services	14,789,181	14,469,3	314	13,907,902	13,686,84	49
Noninstructional services	1,974,233	3 2,088,5	588	1,917,576	2,014,50	05
Sixteenth section	23,325	63,6	544	79,284	47,48	81
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	198,052	2 102,7	735	691,404	276,53	31
Principal		-	-	520,000	245,00	000
Interest	18,800) 18,8	300	33,848	43,59	93
Other	1,300) 1,	300	2,650	2,6	
Total Expenditures	39,577,142			37,559,183	36,450,2	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	(900,665	5) (1,020,3	346)	(1,913,138)	(794,44	49)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Insurance recovery	19,567	,	-	-	27,1	14
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent	142,867	7 142,9	944	143,000	143,00	00
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(142,867	') (142,9	944)	(143,000)	(143,00	(00
Sale of transportation equipment	4,092	2 7,5	559	601	5,6	
Sale of other property		-	-	1,698	3,1	52
Operating transfers in	1,154,125	636,2	236	466,673	1,624,0	60
Other financing sources		- 5,4	430	-		-
Operating transfers out	(1,154,125	5) (636,2	236)	(466,673)	(1,624,0	60)
Other financing uses	(5,692	2)	-	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	17,967	' 12,9	989	2,299	35,8	77
Net Change in Fund Balances	(882,698	3) (1,007,3	357)	(1,910,839)	(758,5	572)
Ū.		, (),		()/	() -	
Fund Balances:	00.000 500	00.004	240	05 000 405		
Beginning of period, as previously reported	22,923,502	2 23,934,0	J48	25,866,105	26,608,40	
Prior period adjustment		-	-	(11,494)	(3,5	
Beginning of period, as restated	22,923,502	2 23,934,0	J48	25,854,611	26,604,82	26
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	31,011	(3,	189)	(9,724)	19,8	51
End of Period	\$ 22,071,815	5 \$ 22,923,	502 \$	23,934,048	\$ 25,866,10	05

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Grenada School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Grenada School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Grenada School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Grenada School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Grenada School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Grenada School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Grenada School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 12, 2020

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Grenada School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Grenada School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Grenada School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Grenada School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Grenada School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Grenada School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Grenada School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Grenada School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Grenada School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Grenada School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Grenada School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a reasonable possibility to be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 12, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fina	ancial St	atements:				
1.	1. Type of auditor's report issued:					
2.	2. Internal control over financial reporting:					
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No		
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	ed?	None reported		
3.	Nonco	mpliance material to financial state	ments noted?	No		
Fec	leral Aw	ards:				
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:				
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No		
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	ed?	None reported		
5.	Unmodified					
6.	No					
7.	Ident	tification of major programs:				
	<u>CFD</u>	A Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Clu	ster		
	84.010 Title I – grants to local educational					
8.		ar threshold used to distinguish een type A and type B programs:	\$750,000			
9.	Audi	tee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes		
10.	awar	fiscal year audit findings(s) and qu ds which would require the auditee ior audit findings in accordance with	to prepare a summary schedule	No		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.