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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

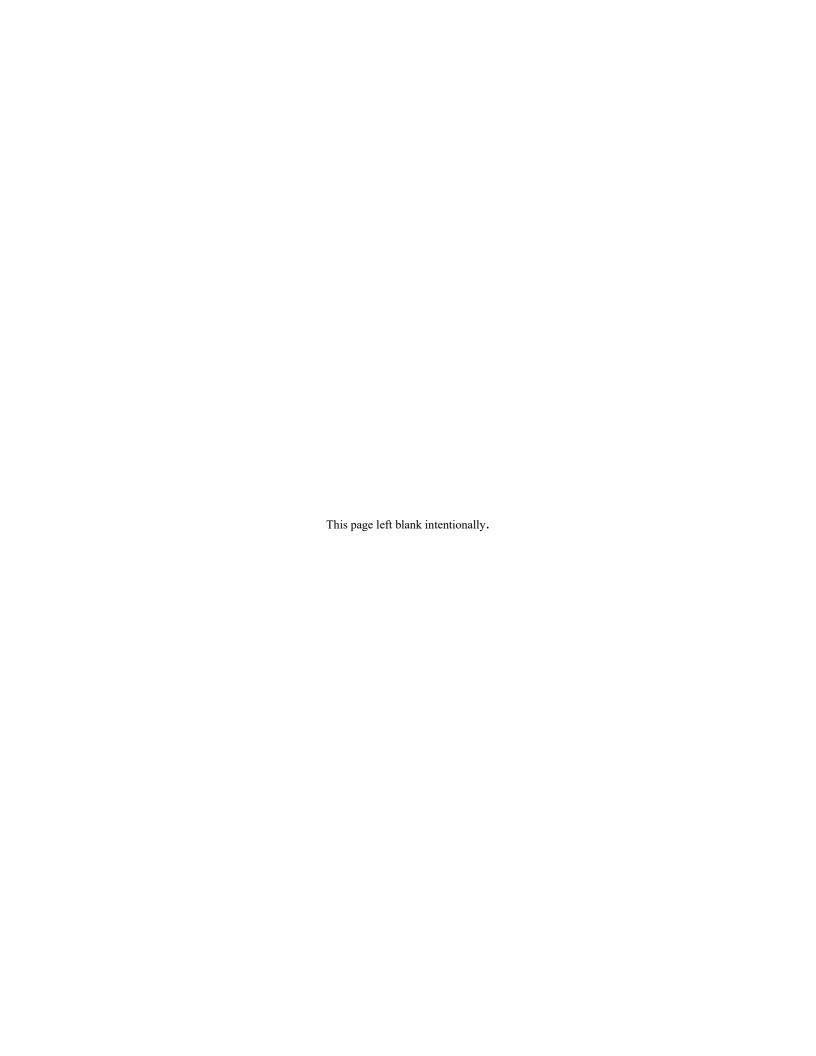
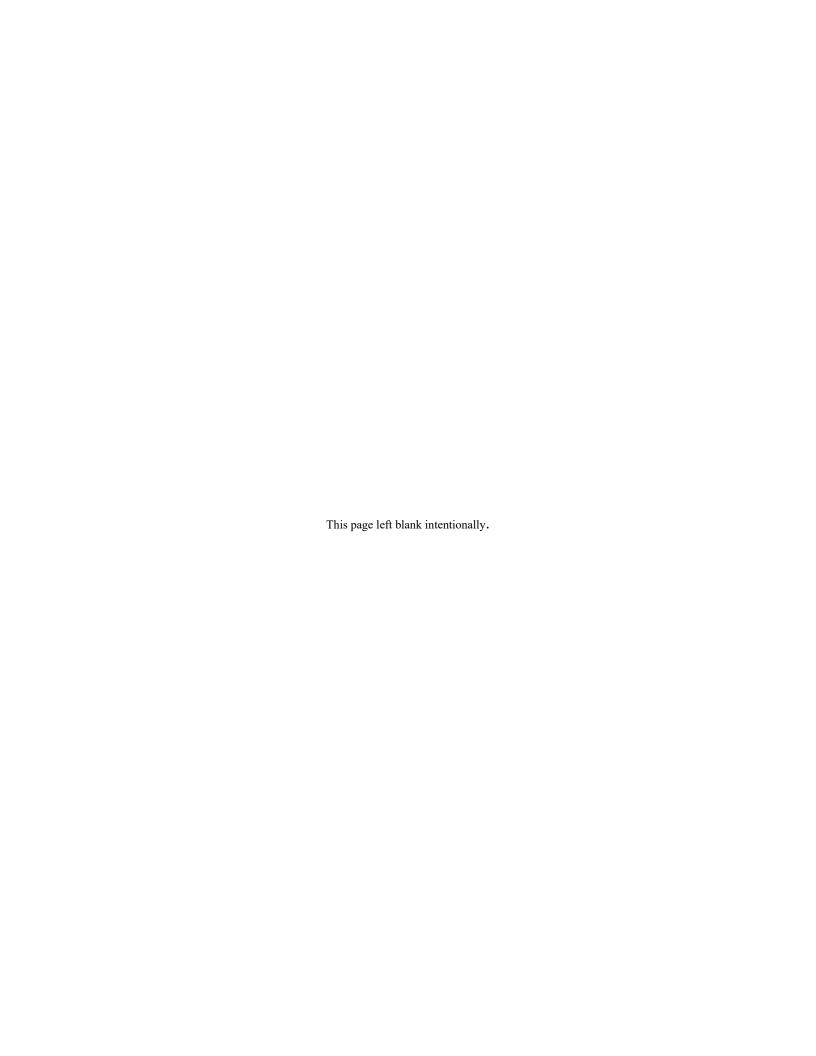


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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Harrison County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Harrison County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Harrison County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Harrison County School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the school district adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. As a result, net position as of July 1, 2019 has been restated. My opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 9-16, 55, 56, 57, 58 and 59, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Harrison County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the

accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated May 15, 2021, on my consideration of the Harrison County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Harrison County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Harrison County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

St. Clair CPA, PLLC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS May 15, 2021 This page left blank intentionally.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The following discussion and analysis of Harrison County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2020 increased \$3,636,408, including a prior period adjustment of \$2,074 and a fund reclassification in the amount of \$620,441, which represents a 61% increase from fiscal year 2019. Total net position for 2019 increased \$10,203,974, including a prior period adjustment of \$1,188,896, which represents a 63% increase from fiscal year 2018.
- General revenues amounted to \$129,948,458 and \$125,853,601, or 81% and 82% of all revenues for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$30,868,463, or 19% of total revenues for 2020, and \$28,257,989, or 18% of total revenues for 2019.
- The District had \$157,803,028 and \$145,096,512 in expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019; only \$30,868,463 for 2020 and \$28,257,989 for 2019 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$129,948,458 for 2020 and \$125,853,601 for 2019 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$124,109,788 in revenues and \$111,282,848 in expenditures for 2020, and \$123,066,207 in revenues and \$106,706,668 in expenditures in 2019. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$2,777,391, which includes a fund reclassification in the amount of \$620,441, from 2019 to 2020, and increased by \$12,420,094 from 2018 to 2019.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$13,021,875 for 2020 and decreased by \$1,673,056 for 2019. The increase for 2020 was due primarily to construction in progress and the addition of other capital assets.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$2,435,430 for 2020 and increased by \$55,065,400 for 2019. This decrease for 2020 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$32,437 for 2020 and increased by \$16,050 for 2019.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or

decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$2,372,168 as of June 30, 2020.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	ge
	 June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	Change	
Current assets	\$ 62,684,165	\$ 69,836,877	(10.24)	%
Restricted assets	82,359,883	79,674,551	3.37	%
Capital assets, net	142,456,109	129,434,234	10.06	%
Total assets	 287,500,157	278,945,662	3.07	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 21,110,389	 16,154,951	30.67	%
Current liabilities	4,469,299	4,370,793	2.25	%
Long-term debt outstanding	84,486,315	86,921,745	(2.80)	%
Net OPEB liability	13,100,255	11,695,388	12.01	%
Net pension liability	205,225,670	192,635,086	6.54	%
Total liabilities	 307,281,539	295,623,012	3.94	%
Deferred inflows of resources	3,701,175	5,486,177	(32.54)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	114,242,736	99,020,648	15.37	%
Restricted	22,894,987	22,207,806	3.09	%
Unrestricted	(139,509,891)	(127,237,030)	(9.65)	%
Total net position	\$ (2,372,168)	\$ (6,008,576)	60.52	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (139,509,891)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability	
and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows	200,606,099
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 61,096,208

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$13,021,875.
- The principal retirement of \$2,310,000 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 were \$160,816,921 and \$154,111,590, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$157,803,028 for 2020 and \$145,096,512 for 2019.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended		Year Ended		Percentage
		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019	Change
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	4,458,098	\$	4,649,578	(4.12) %
Operating grants and contributions		22,366,233		20,667,055	8.22 %
Capital Grants and Contributions		4,044,132		2,941,356	37.49 %
General revenues:					
Property and gaming taxes		51,103,725		52,248,962	(2.19) %
Grants and contributions not restricted		73,405,821		69,595,847	5.47 %
Investment earnings		2,580,862		1,794,175	43.85 %
Sixteenth section sources		2,657,364		1,981,724	34.09 %
Other		200,686		232,893	(13.83) %
Total revenues		160,816,921		154,111,590	4.35 %
Expenses:					
Instruction		76,912,026		71,672,115	7.31 %
Support services		48,367,445		45,962,113	5.23 %
Non-instructional		6,935,609		7,298,464	(4.97) %
Sixteenth section		1,130,404		699,905	61.51 %
Pension expense		21,028,035		18,335,301	14.69 %
OPEB expense		848,201		611,480	38.71 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		2,581,308		517,134	399.16 %
Total expenses		157,803,028		145,096,512	8.76 %
Increase (Decrease) in net position		3,013,893		9,015,078	(66.57) %
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(6,008,576)		(16,212,550)	62.94 %
Prior Period Adjustment		2,074		1,188,896	(99.83) %
Fund Reclassification - GASB 84		620,441		0_	N/A
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(5,386,061)		(15,023,654)	64.15 %
Net Position, June 30	\$	(2,372,168)	\$	(6,008,576)	60.52 %
Governmental activities					

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total 1	Percentage		
	 2020		2019	Change
Instruction	\$ 76,912,026	\$	71,672,115	7.31 %
Support services	48,367,445		45,962,113	5.23 %
Non-instructional	6,935,609		7,298,464	(4.97) %
Sixteenth section	1,130,404		699,905	61.51 %
Pension Expense	21,028,035		18,335,301	14.69 %
OPEB Expense	848,201		611,480	38.71 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	2,581,308		517,134	399.16 %
Total expenses	\$ 157,803,028	\$	145,096,512	8.76 %
	Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	 2020		2019	Change
Instruction	\$ (64,173,036)	\$	(60,856,289)	(5.45) %
Support services	(38,985,828)		(37,998,044)	(2.60) %
Non-instructional	1,812,247		2,179,630	(16.86) %
Sixteenth section	(1,130,404)		(699,905)	(61.51) %
Pension Expense	(21,028,035)		(18,335,301)	(14.69) %
OPEB Expense	(848,201)		(611,480)	(38.71) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (2,581,308)		(517,134)	(399.16) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (126,934,565)	\$	(116,838,523)	(8.64) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$126,934,565 for 2020 and \$116,838,523 for 2019) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$51,103,725 for 2020 and \$52,248,962 for 2019) and state and federal revenues (\$73,405,821 for 2020 and \$69,595,847 for 2019). In addition, there was \$2,657,364 and \$1,981,724 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$2,580,862 for 2020 and \$1,794,175 for 2019.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$142,562,440, a decrease of \$4,317,947, which includes a fund reclassification in the amount of \$620,441 and an increase in inventory of \$444,075. \$43,241,611 or 30% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$99,320,829 or 70% is either nonspendable, restricted,

committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$2,777,391, which includes a fund reclassification in the amount of \$620,441. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$341,291, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$444,075. The decrease in the fund balance for the other major fund was as follows:

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2020, the District's total capital assets were \$226,697,640, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$18,323,774 from 2019. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020, was \$84,241,531, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$5,380,844, resulting in total net capital assets of \$142,456,109.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	Percentag Change	ge
Land	\$ 4,195,931	\$ 4,087,570	2.65	%
Construction in Progress	17,548,908	1,411,790	1,143.03	%
Buildings	102,118,845	107,211,957	(4.75)	%
Building improvements	4,539,375	5,248,030	(13.50)	%
Improvements other than buildings	4,520,063	4,823,206	(6.29)	%
Mobile equipment	8,449,228	5,653,537	49.45	%
Furniture and equipment	 1,083,759	998,144	8.58	%
Total	\$ 142,456,109	\$ 129,434,234	10.06	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2020, the District had \$84,486,315 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$4,713,925 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$32,437 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	<u>J</u>	Tune 30, 2020	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2019	Percentage Change	e
General obligation bonds payable	\$	52,900,000	\$	54,000,000	(2.04)	%
Premiums		2,391,748		2,524,623	(5.26)	%
Three mill notes payable		12,505,000		13,715,000	(8.82)	%
Premiums		111,800		136,792	(18.27)	%
Qualified zone academy bonds payable		2,169,745		2,169,745	0.00	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		13,671,669		13,671,669	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		736,353		703,916	4.61	%
Total	\$	84,486,315	\$	86,921,745	(2.80)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Harrison County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools. The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years.

The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Harrison County School District, 11072 Highway 49, Gulfport, Mississippi 39503.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 57,098,752
Due from other governments	4,850,662
Accrued interest receivable	16,764
Other receivables, net	975
Inventories	717,012
Restricted assets (Note 4)	82,359,883
Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 5)	21,744,839
Depreciable capital assets, net (Note 5)	120,711,270
Total Assets	287,500,157
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflow - pensions (Note 7)	18,511,889
Deferred outflow - OPEB (Note 8)	2,033,137
Deferred outflow - advance refunding on bonds	565,363
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	21,110,389
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,432,049
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	1,987,691
Other payables	49,559
Long-term liabilities (Due within one year) (Note 6)	
Capital related liabilities	4,499,745
Bond premium	157,867
Non-capital related liabilities	56,313
Net OPEB liability (Note 8)	480,184
Long-term liabilities (Due beyond one year) (Note 6)	76746660
Capital related liabilities	76,746,669
Bond premium	2,345,681
Non-capital related liabilities Net OPEB liability (Note 8)	680,040 12,620,071
Net pension liability (Note 7)	205,225,670
Total Liabilities	307,281,539
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4 0.50 0.54
Deferred inflows - pensions (Note 7)	1,958,371
Deferred inflows - OPEB (Note 8) Deferred inflow - deferred credit on bonds payable	866,829 875,975
• •	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,701,175
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	114,242,736
Restricted net position	
Expendable School-based activities	5 505 274
Debt service	5,585,274 14,760,856
Forestry improvements	87,533
Unemployment benefits	316,799
Non-expendable	310,777
Sixteenth section	2,144,525
Unrestricted	(139,509,891)
Total Net Position	\$ (2,372,168)
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	· () //

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Program Revenue	es		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Position Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction	\$ 76,912,026	3,503,495	9,235,495		(64,173,036)
Support services	48,367,445	14,714	5,322,771	4,044,132	(38,985,828)
Non-instructional	6,935,609	939,889	7,807,967	1,011,132	1,812,247
Sixteenth section	1,130,404	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7,007,507		(1,130,404)
Pension expense	21,028,035				(21,028,035)
OPEB expense	848,201				(848,201)
Interest on long-term liabilities	2,581,308				(2,581,308)
Total Governmental Activities	157,803,028	4,458,098	22,366,233	4,044,132	(126,934,565)
	General Revenues				
	Taxes				46.050.166
	General purpos				46,078,166
	Debt purpose l				5,025,559
		ts and contribution	S		50 0 (5 000
	State				72,867,999
	Federal				537,822
	Unrestricted inve	_			2,580,862
	Sixteenth section	sources			2,657,364
	Other	_			200,686
	Total General	Revenues			129,948,458
	Changes in Net Posi	tion			3,013,893
	Net Position - Begin	ning, as previously	reported		(6,008,576)
	Prior Period Adju	stments (Note 10)			2,074
	Fund Reclassifica	tion - GASB No. 8	4 (Note 17)		620,441
	Net Position - Begin	ning - as restated			(5,386,061)
	Net Position - Endin	g			\$ (2,372,168)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020

	Major Funds			
	General Fund	\$54 M Bond Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 57,098,752	56,534,530	13,339,753	126,973,035
Cash with fiscal agent (Note 2)	+	/ /	2,317,429	2,317,429
Investments (Note 2)			10,168,171	10,168,171
Due from other governments	2,439,013		2,411,649	4,850,662
Accrued interest receivable			16,764	16,764
Other receivables, net			975	975
Due from other funds (Note 3)	1,653,737			1,653,737
Inventories			717,012	717,012
Total Assets	61,191,502	56,534,530	28,971,753	146,697,785
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities				
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	1,067,812	1,335,465	28,772	2,432,049
Due to other funds (Note 3)			1,653,737	1,653,737
Other payables			49,559	49,559
Total Liabilities	1,067,812	1,335,465	1,732,068	4,135,345
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable				
Inventory			717,012	717,012
Permanent fund principal			2,144,525	2,144,525
Restricted				
Debt service			16,748,547	16,748,547
Capital projects		55,199,065	648,136	55,847,201
Forestry improvements			87,533	87,533
Unemployment benefits			316,799	316,799
Grant activities			4,868,262	4,868,262
Assigned	1.006.005			1 00 (00 7
School activities	1,096,927			1,096,927
School athletics	198,023			198,023
Insurance deductibles	208,617			208,617
Instructional support	643,400		1 700 071	643,400
Facility renovations and improvements Unassigned	14,735,112 43,241,611		1,708,871	16,443,983 43,241,611
	-			
Total Fund Balances	60,123,690	55,199,065	27,239,685	142,562,440
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 61,191,502	56,534,530	28,971,753	146,697,785

Exhibit C-1

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

		Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 142,562,440
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land	4,195,931	
Construction in progress	17,548,908	
Buildings	157,095,761	
Building improvements	11,863,817	
Improvement other than buildings	7,925,615	
Mobile equipment	19,248,241	
Furniture and equipment	8,819,367	142 456 100
Accumulated depreciation	(84,241,531)	142,456,109
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability		(205,225,670)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	18,511,889	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,958,371)	16,553,518
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability		(13,100,255)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	2,033,137	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(866,829)	1,166,308
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	_	
General obligation bonds	(52,900,000)	
Notes payable	(12,505,000)	
Qualified zone academy bonds payable	(2,169,745)	
Qualified school construction bonds payable	(13,671,669)	
Compensated absences	(736,353)	
Unamortized charges	565,363	
Unamortized premiums	(2,503,548)	
Deferred credit on bonds payable	(875,975)	(0.6.504.610)
Accrued interest payable	(1,987,691)	(86,784,618)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (2,372,168)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Major Funds			
	General Fund	\$54 M Bond Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	Ф. 40. 21 0.0 77	072 (02	0.046.465	50 120 024
Local sources	\$ 48,210,877	972,692	8,946,465	58,130,034
State sources Federal sources	72,867,997 537,822		2,648,310 23,762,057	75,516,307 24,299,879
Sixteenth section sources	2,493,092		164,272	2,657,364
Sixteenth section sources	2,493,092		104,272	2,037,304
Total Revenues	124,109,788	972,692	35,521,104	160,603,584
Expenditures				
Instruction	72,980,608		12,333,512	85,314,120
Support services	37,082,692	92,839	11,969,789	49,145,320
Noninstructional services	472		9,000,648	9,001,120
Sixteenth section	1,110,715		19,689	1,130,404
Facilities acquisition and construction	108,361	16,396,828	242,650	16,747,839
Debt service			2,310,000	2,310,000
Principal (Note 6) Interest			2,310,000	2,109,958
Other		222,000	17,937	239,937
Oulei		222,000		
Total Expenditures	111,282,848	16,711,667	38,004,183	165,998,698
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	12,826,940	(15,738,975)	(2,483,079)	(5,395,114)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Insurance loss recoveries (Note 15)	12,651			12,651
Operating transfers in (Note 3)	658,188	13,857,128	3,038,483	17,553,799
Payment held by refunded bond escrow agent	,	,,	1,138,630	1,138,630
Operating transfers out (Note 3)	(16,895,611)		(658,188)	(17,553,799)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	, , ,		(1,138,630)	(1,138,630)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(16,224,772)	13,857,128	2,380,295	12,651
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,397,832)	(1,881,847)	(102,784)	(5,382,463)
Fund Balances				
July 1, 2019, as previously reported	62,901,081	57,080,912	26,898,394	146,880,387
Fund Reclassification - GASB 84 (Note 17)	620,441	37,000,712	20,070,374	620,441
July 1, 2019, as restated	63,521,522	57,080,912	26,898,394	147,500,828
•				
Increase in reserve for inventory	0	0	444,075	444,075
June 30, 2020	\$ 60,123,690	55,199,065	27,239,685	142,562,440

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit D-1

\$ 3,013,893

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amount Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ (5,382,463) Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, those amounts are: Capital outlay 18,409,417 Depreciation expense (5,380,844)13.028.573 In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold. (8,772)The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Payments of debt principal 2,310,000 Accrued interest payable (247,939)200,686 Deferred credit of bonds payable 2,262,747 Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: (21,028,035)Pension expense Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date 14,081,696 (6,946,339)Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: OPEB expense (848,201)Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date 480,184 (368,017)Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences (32,437)444,075 Change in inventory reserve Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts 428,164 16,526

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2020

Exhibit E

	Agency Funds	
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	_\$	6,929,509
Total Assets		6,929,509
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		6,929,509
Total Liabilities	\$	6,929,509

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Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, the School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories.
 Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

\$54 M Bond Construction Fund - This Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the proceeds of the issuance of general bonds of \$54,000,000.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing account for payroll and payroll related transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing - This fund is used as a clearing account for non-payroll transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$	0	0	
Buildings	·	50,000	40 years	
Building improvements		25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years	

See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows are directly related to pension reporting, OPEB reporting and advance refunding of bonds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

reporting, OPEB reporting and deferred credit on bonds payable.

See Note 7, 8 and 18 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is documented in the board minutes of the school board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent of education and/or the business manager pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the Harrison County School District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund at the end of the fiscal year of not less than 7% of total local and state revenues in the General Fund.

13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

Harrison County School District choose to partially early implement GASB No. 84 in the current fiscal year. The club funds of the District previously reported as fiduciary funds are now reported in the General

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Fund. However, the clearing funds of the District are still being reported as fiduciary funds at June 30, 2020.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$ 126,973,035 and \$6,929,509, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$2,317,429.

Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the district had the following investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury Notes	N/A	Less than 1	\$ 214,317
U.S. Treasury SLGS	N/A	Less than 5	5,039,286
QSCB Construction Bonds Common Trust	Aaa	Less than 5	4,914,568
Total			\$ 10,168,171

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

- U.S. Treasury Notes type of investments of \$214,317 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- U.S. Treasury SLGS type of investments of \$5,039,286 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- QSCB Construction Bonds Common Trust type of investments of \$4,914,568 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2020, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2020, the district had the following investments:

		Fair	% of Total
Issuer		Value	Investments
Trustmark Bank - QSCB Construction Bonds Common Trust	\$ 4,	,914,568	48.30%

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 1,653,737

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year end closing adjustments.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Major Fund - \$54 M Bond Construction Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$ 13,857,128
Other governmental funds	General Fund	3,038,483 658,188
Total		\$ 17,553,799

The transfer out of the General Fund was for the purpose of funding the vocational program and construction projects in the Other Governmental Funds and to fund the construction projects in the Major Fund - \$54 M Bond Construction Fund. The transfer out of the Other Governmental Funds to the General Fund was to transfer indirect cost and interest income from the 16th Section Principal Fund.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets of \$82,359,883 represent the cash balance, cash with fiscal agent and investment balance, totaling \$69,874,283, \$2,317,429 and \$10,168,171, respectively, of balances special revenue funds, debt service funds and the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's local programs.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Balance			Completed		Balance
	7/1/2019	Increases	Decreases	Construction	Adjustments	6/30/2020
Governmental Activities:						
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 4,087,570	108,361				4,195,931
Construction-in-progress	1,411,790	16,639,478		(504,434)	2,074	17,548,908
Total non-depreciable capital assets	5,499,360	16,747,839	0	(504,434)	2,074	21,744,839
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	159,305,780				(2,210,019)	157,095,761
Building improvements	12,139,549			504,434	(780,166)	11,863,817
Improvements other than buildings	7,919,951	55,480			(49,816)	7,925,615
Mobile equipment	15,341,256	954,701	(87,717)		3,040,001	19,248,241
Furniture and equipment	8,167,970	651,397				8,819,367
Total depreciable capital assets	202,874,506	1,661,578	(87,717)	504,434	0	204,952,801
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	52,093,823	2,883,093				54,976,916
Building improvements	6,891,519	432,923				7,324,442
Improvements other than buildings	3,096,745	308,807				3,405,552
Mobile equipment	9,687,719	1,190,239	(78,945)			10,799,013
Furniture and equipment	7,169,826	565,782				7,735,608
Total accumulated depreciation	78,939,632	5,380,844	(78,945)	0	0	84,241,531
Total depreciable capital assets, net	123,934,874	(3,719,266)	(8,772)	504,434	0	120,711,270
Governmental activities capital assets,						
net	\$ 129,434,234	13,028,573	(8,772)	0	2,074	142,456,109

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 588,931
Support services	4,551,905
Non-instructional	240,008
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 5,380,844

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	Spent to	Remaining
	June 30, 2020	Commitment
Governmental Activities:		_
D'Iberville New K-8 School	\$ 2,688,425	31,555,705
North Gulfport K-8 Additions & Renovations	4,642,514	3,172,841
New West Harrison Middle School	9,477,856	19,272,176
HCHS New Entry Gate	740,113	7,861
Total governmental activities	 17,548,908	54,008,583

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with the Major Fund - \$54 M Bond Construction Fund and existing local funds on hand.

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

					Amounts
	Balance			Balance	due within
	 7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2020	one year
A. General obligation bonds payable	\$ 54,000,000		1,100,000	52,900,000	1,100,000
Premiums	2,524,623		132,875	2,391,748	132,875
B. Three mill notes payable	13,715,000		1,210,000	12,505,000	1,230,000
Premiums	136,792		24,992	111,800	24,992
C. Qualified zone academy bonds payable	2,169,745			2,169,745	2,169,745
D. Qualified school construction bonds payable	13,671,669			13,671,669	
E. Compensated absences payable	 703,916	32,437		736,353	56,313
Total	\$ 86,921,745	32,437	2,467,867	84,486,315	4,713,925

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds, 2019	3 - 4%	6/12/2019	6/1/2039	\$ 54,000,000	52,900,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. General obligation bond issue of 2019:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 1,100,000	1,784,750	2,884,750
2022	1,150,000	1,740,750	2,890,750
2023	1,200,000	1,694,750	2,894,750
2024	1,250,000	1,646,750	2,896,750
2025	2,175,000	1,596,750	3,771,750
2026 - 2030	12,900,000	6,589,750	19,489,750
2031 - 2035	16,700,000	4,012,500	20,712,500
2036 - 2039	 16,425,000	1,260,750	17,685,750
Total	\$ 52,900,000	20,326,750	73,226,750

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2020, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 5.4% of property assessments as of October 1, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

This debt will be retired from the GO Bond Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund) and the EEF Building and Bus Fund (Special Revenue Fund).

This debt is partially secured by an irrevocable pledge of building and bus fund revenues (\$455,230) the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Education Enhancement Funds authorization, Section 37-61-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
1. Three mill refunding notes, 2014	2.0 - 3.0	9/12/2014	10/1/2025	\$ 9,470,000	6,895,000
2. Three mill refunding notes, 2015	1.5 - 3.0	2/2/2015	2/1/2027	2,925,000	2,835,000
3. Three mill notes, 2017	2.575	7/6/2017	7/6/2026	3,000,000	2,775,000
Total				\$ 15,395,000	12,505,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Three mill notes payable issue of 2014:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 1,110,000	158,270	1,268,270
2022	1,135,000	135,820	1,270,820
2023	1,160,000	111,710	1,271,710
2024	1,170,000	81,400	1,251,400
2025	1,150,000	49,475	1,199,475
2026	1,170,000	17,550	1,187,550
Total	\$ 6,895,000	554,225	7,449,225

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

2. Three mill notes payable issue of 2015:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 20,000	83,880	103,880
2022	20,000	83,490	103,490
2023	25,000	82,950	107,950
2024	25,000	82,350	107,350
2025	25,000	81,750	106,750
2026 - 2027	2,720,000	149,675	2,869,675
Total	\$ 2,835,000	564,095	3,399,095

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

3. Three mill notes payable issue of 2017:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 100,000	70,211	170,211
2022	275,000	67,756	342,756
2023	500,000	60,950	560,950
2024	625,000	48,450	673,450
2025	650,000	32,668	682,668
2026	 625,000	16,093	641,093
Total	\$ 2,775,000	296,128	3,071,128

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund). Although this debt matures on 7/06/2026, the district is currently making the debt payments prior to June 30th each year.

Total three mill notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 1,230,000	312,361	1,542,361
2022	1,430,000	287,066	1,717,066
2023	1,685,000	255,610	1,940,610
2024	1,820,000	212,200	2,032,200
2025	1,825,000	163,893	1,988,893
2026 - 2027	 4,515,000	183,318	4,698,318
Total	\$ 12,505,000	1,414,448	13,919,448

C. Qualified zone academy bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified Zone Academy bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Qualified zone academy bonds	0	6/17/2008	7/15/2020	\$ 2,500,000	2,169,745 (1)

(1) These bonds were issued as 0% debt. An imputed interest rate of 2.25% was considered in arriving at the amount outstanding.

D. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 14, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
1. Qualified school construction bonds, 2009	0*	12/29/2009	9/15/2022	\$ 3,000,000	2,603,695
2. Qualified school construction bonds, 2010	0*	12/20/2010	12/15/2020	3,000,000	2,659,865
3. Qualified school construction bonds, 2011	0*	5/16/2012	12/15/2026	10,000,000	8,408,109
Total				\$ 16,000,000	13,671,669

^{*} These bonds were issued as 0% debt with a balloon payment at the end of the term. An imputed interest rate of 2.25% was considered in arriving at the amount outstanding.

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2020 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$14,081,696, \$11,966,348 and \$11,648,548, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school district reported a liability of \$205,225,670 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability was 1.166587 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019. This was an increase of .008435 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$21,028,035. At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		•	
experience	\$ 89,118	\$	162,154
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	0		1,796,217
Changes of assumptions	1,476,929		0
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions	2,864,146		0
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	14,081,696		0
Total	\$ 18,511,889	\$	1,958,371

\$14,081,696 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2021	\$ 1,214,499
2022	1,214,499
2023	491,877
2024	(449,053)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2018. Subsequent to the June 30, 2018 valuation, the Board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2018. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Salary increases 3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Allocation		Rate of Return	
27.00	%	4.90	%
22.00		4.75	
12.00		5.00	
20.00		1.50	
10.00		4.00	
8.00		6.25	
1.00		0.25	
100	%		
	Allocation 27.00 22.00 12.00 20.00 10.00 8.00 1.00	Allocation 27.00 % 22.00 12.00 20.00 10.00 8.00 1.00	Allocation Rate of Return 27.00 % 22.00 4.75 12.00 5.00 20.00 1.50 10.00 4.00 8.00 6.25 1.00 0.25

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share	 _	 _	 _
of the net pension liability	\$ 269,776,254	\$ 205,225,670	\$ 151,944,959

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided. The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$480,184 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$13,100,255 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 1.54385648 percent. This was an increase of .03194543 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$848,201. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		-	
experience	\$ 19,808	\$	187,517
Changes of assumptions	976,659		679,312
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments	247		0
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions	556,239		0
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	480,184		0
Total	\$ 2,033,137	\$	866,829

\$480,184 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

2021	\$ 100,941
2022	100,941
2023	100,941
2024	124,337
2025	183,998
Thereafter	74,966

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.20 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Measurement Date	3.50%
Prior Measurement Date	3.89%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Measurement Date	2019
Prior Measurement Date	2018
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net	
of OPEB plan investment expense,	
including inflation	
Measurement Date	3.50%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Prior Measurement Date 3.89%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.00 percent for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate

Pre-Medicare rate of 4.75% by 2028

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.50 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.89% to 3.50%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2019, the trust has \$1,017,904. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2018 and the June 30, 2019 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

		,	Current	
	1% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase
	(2.50%)		Rate (3.50%)	(4.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 14,552,098	\$	13,100,255	\$ 11,858,068

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 12,139,405	\$ 13,100,255	\$ 14,188,736

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 2,040,752
2022	2,103,663
2023	2,169,959
2024	2,239,522
2025	2,314,145
2026 - 2030	12,771,701
2031 - 2035	15,191,338
2036 - 2040	17,089,101
2041 - 2045	74,517,001
Total	\$ 130,437,182

Note 10 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
Adjustment to capital assets - correctly state account balances	\$ 2,074

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi Municipal Workers' Compensation Group (MMWCG). The group is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. MMWCG covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the school district's employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of the MMWCG contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$500,000. For a claim exceeding \$500,000, MMWCG has insurance which will pay the excess up to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the pool members would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 13 – Qualified Zone Academy Bonds

Section 226 of the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997 (Public Law 105-34) provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the establishment of special academic programs from kindergarten through secondary school, in partnership with the business community. The school district in agreement with CyberLearning, has entered into such an arrangement dated June 17, 2008. The partner will donate 2,200 software licenses. These contributions are to represent at least 10% of the Qualified Zone Academy Bonds loan amount.

The agreement establishes a method of repayment for the qualified interest-free instrument. The agreement requires the school district to deposit funds annually into a sinking fund account each year over the period of the loan. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the period will be sufficient to retire the debt. The school district has on deposit \$2,503,555 as of June 30, 2020. A balloon payment of \$2,500,000 is due on July 15, 2020.

Note 14 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to payoff the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2020 for Series 2009, Series 2010 and Series 2011 was \$2,359,755, \$2,707,534 and \$4,914,755, respectively. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Series 2009

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 215,000
2022	215,000
2023	215,000
2024	215,000
Total	\$ 860,000

Series 2010

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 344,000

Series 2011

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 645,000
2022	810,000
2023	810,000
2024	805,000
2025	805,000
2026 - 2027	1,610,000
Total	\$ 5,485,000

Total Series 2009, Series 2010 and Series 2011

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 1,204,000
2022	1,025,000
2023	1,025,000
2024	1,020,000
2025	805,000
2026 - 2027	1,610,000
Total	\$ 6,689,000

Note 15 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Harrison County School District received \$12,651 in insurance loss recoveries related to bus damage during the 2019-2020 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and allocated to support services expense.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 16 – Deferred credit on Bonds Payable

Upon the issuance of the interest free Quality Zone Academy Bonds and Qualified School Construction Bonds, the district incurred a deferred credit on bonds payable in the amount of \$2,328,331. The deferred credit is based on imputed interest at a rate of 2.25%. This deferred credit is reported on Statement of Net Position and as such will be amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. The school district uses the straight-line method of amortization which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the difference between the effective interest method and the straight-line method is not considered material. The unamortized balance was \$875,975 at fiscal year-end.

Note 17 – Fund Reclassification

The Harrison County School District early implemented the provisions of Statement No. 84 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board – Fiduciary Activities. This Statement should be applied retroactively by restating the financial statements for the current period. The Harrison County School District reclassified only the clubs funds in the Agency Funds in the amount of \$620,441 to the General Fund. The payroll clearing funds and accounts payable clearing funds were still being reported in the Agency Funds at June 30, 2020.

Note 18 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$139,509,891) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$14,081,696 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$4,430,193 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$139,509,891) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,958,371 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$139,509,891) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$480,184 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$1,552,953 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$139,509,891) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$866,829 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The net investment in capital assets net position of \$114,242,736 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from the advance refunding of general obligation bonds in a prior year. The balance at June 30, 2020 of \$565,363 will be amortized by \$141,341 over the next 4 years.

The net investment in capital assets net position of \$114,242,736 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from the deferred credit on bonds payable in a prior year. The balance at June 30, 2020 of \$875,975 will be amortized by \$157,867 over the next 5 years and then by \$138,784 over the remaining 14 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 19 – Other Matters

The increase in the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in a volatile investment market. The resulting impact of this pandemic upon the operations of the District is uncertain at this time.

Note 20 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through May 15, 2021, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

In December 2020, the school board approved the issuance of a \$5,892,000 Limited-Tax Refunding Note, Series 2020A with an interest rate of 1.2% to be repaid to The Peoples Bank by December 31, 2025.

In December 2020, the school board approved the issuance of a \$1,594,000 Limited-Tax Refunding Note, Series 2020B with an interest rate of 1.9% to be repaid to The Peoples Bank National Bank by December 31, 2026.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Varia Positive	nces (Negative)
	Budge	ted Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues					
Local sources	\$47,829,003	48,831,318	48,210,877	1,002,315	(620,441)
State sources	71,669,989	72,867,997	72,867,997	1,198,008	0
Federal sources	460,000	537,822	537,822	77,822	0
Sixteenth section sources	1,964,484	2,493,092	2,493,092	528,608	0
Total Revenues	121,923,476	124,730,229	124,109,788	2,806,753	(620,441)
Expenditures					
Instruction	81,909,860	72,980,716	72,980,608	8,929,144	108
Support services	41,374,185	37,084,691	37,082,692	4,289,494	1,999
Noninstructional services	3,100	472	472	2,628	0
Sixteenth section	765,756	1,110,715	1,110,715	(344,959)	0
Facilities acquisition and construction	0	108,361	108,361	(108,361)	0
Total Expenditures	124,052,901	111,284,955	111,282,848	12,767,946	2,107
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,129,425)	13,445,274	12,826,940	15,574,699	(618,334)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Insurance loss recoveries	0	12,651	12,651	12,651	0
Operating transfers in	20,476,610	18,201,755	658,188	(2,274,855)	(17,543,567)
Operating transfers out	(37,252,464)	(34,428,178)	(16,895,611)	2,824,286	17,532,567
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(16,775,854)	(16,213,772)	(16,224,772)	562,082	(11,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances			(3,397,832)		
Fund Balances					
July 1, 2019, as previously reported			62,901,081		
Fund Reclassification (GASB 84)			620,441		
July 1, 2019, as restated			63,521,522		
June 30, 2020			\$60,123,690		

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	1.665870%	1.158152%	1.143972%	1.145656%	1.260410%	1.069512%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 205,225,670	192,635,086	190,166,973	204,642,768	174,057,396	129,878,408
District's covered payroll	\$ 75,976,813	73,959,035	73,386,476	73,290,425	70,348,610	65,352,692
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	270.12%	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.42%	198.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 14,081,696	11,966,348	11,648,548	11,558,370	11,543,242	11,079,906
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	14,081,696	11,966,348	11,648,548	11,558,370	11,543,242	11,079,906
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	\$ 80,929,287	75,976,813	73,959,035	73,386,476	73,290,425	70,348,610
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	1.54385648%	1.51191105%	1.47284567%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 13,100,255	11,695,388	11,556,080
Covered employee payroll	\$ 75,976,813	73,959,035	73,386,476
Consider employee payron	Ψ 75,576,613	75,757,055	73,300,170
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	17.24%	15.81%	15.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2020	2019	2018	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	480,184	525,099	492,653	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		480,184	525,099	492,653	
Contribution deficiency (excess)		0	0	0	
Covered employee payroll	\$	80,929,287	75,976,813	73,959,035	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.59%	0.69%	0.67%	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 75 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2017 valuation for the June 30, 2019 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 38.4 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 4.75%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2028

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB

plan investment expense, including price inflation 3.89%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	205MS326N1099	\$ 2,646,023
National school lunch program	10.555	205MS326N1099	6,606,226
Summer food service program for children	10.559	205MS326N1099	339,339
COVID-19 - Summer food service program for children Total child nutrition cluster	10.559	205MS326N1099	80,964 9,672,552
Fresh fruits and vegetable program	10.582	205MS326L1603	187,045
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			9,859,597
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			9,859,597
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct program:			
Reserve officers' training corps	12.xxx	N/A	239,265
Total U.S. Department of Defense			239,265
U.S. Department of Education			
Direct programs:			
Impact aid - facilities maintenance	84.040	N/A	34,312
Total			34,312
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I - grants to local educational agencies	84.010	S010A190024	6,761,422
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A190024	258,305
Education for homeless children and youth	84.196	S196A190025	95,222
English language acquisition grants	84.365	S365A190024	27,053
Supporting effective instruction - state grants	84.367	S367A190023	994,018
Student support and academic enrichment program	84.424	S424A190025	192,301
COVID-19 - Education stabilization fund (ESSER) Total	84.425	S425D200031	290,011 8,618,332
			8,018,332
Special education cluster:	04.00=	***************	2 (1 () (1
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A190108	3,616,961
Special education - preschool grants Total special education cluster	84.173	H173A190113	149,786 3,766,747
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			12,385,079
Total U.S. Department of Education			12,419,391
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	2005MS5ADM	8,001
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			8,001
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			8,001
			,
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed-through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency:	07.020	N T/A	4.044.122
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	97.039	N/A	4,044,133
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			4,044,133
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 26,570,387

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$653,871 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

(5) Other Items

For each federal grant passed through the Mississippi Department of Education, the school district has elected to use the pass-through entity identifying number as provided by the Mississippi Department of Education for the most recent and significant grant year.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 110,653,979 55,344,719	85,754,187 11,764,751	2,338,920 635,245	7,782,928 247,564	14,777,944 42,697,159
Total	165,998,698	97,518,938	2,974,165	8,030,492	57,475,103
Total number of students	14,594				
Cost per student	\$ 11,374	6,682	204	550	3,938

Notes to the schedule.

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

Total number of students - the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year.

OTHER INFORMATION

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	2020	2019*	2018*	2017*
Revenues			· ·	_
Local sources	48,210,877	51,550,015	48,961,868	46,009,889
State sources	72,867,997	69,028,606	65,382,857	63,083,437
Federal sources	537,822	545,439	645,396	616,991
Sixteenth section sources	2,493,092	1,942,147	2,324,573	2,258,663
Total Revenues	124,109,788	123,066,207	117,314,694	111,968,980
Expenditures				
Instruction	72,980,608	68,597,987	66,957,588	65,730,829
Support services	37,082,692	36,584,343	34,781,870	34,008,135
Noninstructional services	472	500	3,969	3,394
Sixteenth section	1,110,715	681,193	694,095	710,174
Facilities acquisition and construction	108,361	592,872	0	0
Debt service				
Principal	0	246,884	358,247	344,257
Interest	0	2,889	17,640	31,630
Total Expenditures	111,282,848	106,706,668	102,813,409	100,828,419
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	12,826,940	16,359,539	14,501,285	11,140,561
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Insurance loss recoveries	12,651	32,207	16,461	27,582
Sale of transportation equipment	0	0	0	25,143
Operating transfers in	658,188	523,670	947,980	4,728,070
Operating transfers out	(16,895,611)	(4,522,456)	(1,928,543)	(3,597,924)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(16,224,772)	(3,966,579)	(964,102)	1,182,871
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,397,832)	12,392,960	13,537,183	12,323,432
The Change in Fand Baranees	(3,377,032)	12,372,700	13,337,103	12,323,132
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	62,901,081	50,480,987	36,953,897	18,940,665
Prior period adjustments	0	27,134	(10,093)	53,862
Fund Reclassification	620,441	0	0	5,635,938
Beginning of period, as restated	63,521,522	50,508,121	36,943,804	24,630,465
End of period	\$ 60,123,690	62,901,081	50,480,987	36,953,897

^{*} Source - Prior year audit reports.

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	2020	2019*	2018*	2017*
Revenues	5 0.450.054			
Local sources	58,130,034	58,738,629	55,618,098	53,636,483
State sources	75,516,307	71,479,230	69,195,286	67,298,700
Federal sources	24,299,879	21,679,114	20,801,997	18,725,510
Sixteenth section sources	2,657,364	1,981,724	2,341,829	2,265,060
Total Revenues	160,603,584	153,878,697	147,957,210	141,925,753
Expenditures				
Instruction	85,314,120	78,919,175	76,156,946	74,331,818
Support services	49,145,320	46,412,527	44,663,878	42,384,944
Noninstructional services	9,001,120	8,287,342	8,195,269	7,341,039
Sixteenth section	1,130,404	699,905	696,255	721,209
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service	16,747,839	2,004,662	2,210,019	0
Principal	2,310,000	1,450,281	4,185,784	4,730,945
Interest	2,109,958	364,556	449,210	502,095
Other	239,937	60,347	21,235	24,008
Total Expenditures	165,998,698	138,198,795	136,578,596	130,036,058
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,395,114)	15,679,902	11,378,614	11,889,695
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds of general obligation bonds	0	54,000,000	0	0
Proceeds of refunding bonds	0	2,657,498	0	0
Proceeds of loans	0	2,037,498	3,000,000	0
Insurance loss recoveries	12,651	0	3,000,000	0
				-
Payment held by bond escrow agent	0	32,207	16,461	27,582
Sale of transportation equipment	*	0	0	25,143
Operating transfers in	17,553,799	5,200,945	3,330,982	8,605,860
Payments held by escrow -QZAB and QSCB	1,138,630	1,180,185	1,223,006	1,210,515
Operating transfers out	(17,553,799)	(5,200,945)	(3,330,982)	(8,605,860)
Payments to escrow agent - QZAB and QSCB	(1,138,630)	(1,180,185)	(1,223,006)	(1,210,515)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,651	56,689,705	3,016,461	52,725
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,382,463)	72,369,607	14,395,075	11,942,420
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	146,880,387	74,613,764	60,083,217	48,305,427
Prior period adjustments	0	8,343	(3,414)	(170,518)
Fund Reclassification - GASB 84	620,441	0	0	0
Beginning of period, as restated	147,500,828	74,622,107	60,079,803	48,134,909
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	444,075	(111,327)	138,886	5,888
End of period	\$ 142,562,440	146,880,387	74,613,764	60,083,217

^{*} Source - Prior year audit reports.

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

Member: AICPA, MSCPA



Post Office Box 882 Carriere, MS 39426 (601) 799-9055 mtstclaircpa@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Harrison County School District

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Harrison County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Harrison County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated May 15, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Harrison County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Harrison County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Harrison County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Harrison County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

St. Clair CPA, PLLC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS May 15, 2021 Member: AICPA, MSCPA



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Harrison County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Harrison County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Harrison County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Harrison County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Harrison County School District's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Harrison County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of Harrison County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Harrison County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance

requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Harrison County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered Harrison County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Harrison County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

St. Clair CPA, PLLC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC

Carriere, MS May 15, 2021 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Member: AICPA, MSCPA



Post Office Box 882 Carriere, MS 39426 (601) 799-9055 mtstclaircpa@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Harrison County School District

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Harrison County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, which collectively comprise Harrison County School District's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated May 15, 2021. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and my audit of the financial statements disclosed the following immaterial instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. My findings and recommendations and Harrison County School District's responses are as follows:

Finding No. 1

CRITERIA: Section 37-7-333, Mississippi Code of 1972, requires that the timelines for school depositories run from July 1 through June 30.

CONDITION: The established timelines for the board approved depositories runs from October 1 through September 30 rather than July 1 through June 30 as required by state law.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is an oversight of management.

EFFECT: The effect of this condition could be construed to be a matter of noncompliance with state laws.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the timelines be corrected to comply with the requirements of state law.

RESPONSE: This finding has been corrected as of July 1, 2020.

This is a repeat finding from the prior year.

Finding No. 2

CRITERIA: Section 29-3-57, Mississippi Code of 1972, states "Upon a sixty (60) day default in payment of any rentals according to the terms of such lease, the lease shall be declared terminated unless the Board of Education finds extenuating circumstances were present, and the Board shall inaugurate the proper legal proceedings to terminate such lease.

CONDITION: While testing a sample of 16th Section leases it was noted that the district is not taking leases that are delinquent more than 60 days to the Board of Education for cancellation.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is an oversight by management and the school board.

EFFECT: Failure to terminate lease agreements due to the non-payment of rental payments resulted in noncompliance with state laws.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the school district ensure lease payments are made within sixty (60) days, as required by laws and regulations.

RESPONSE: The district created a new 16th section lease position to help ensure that the delinquent leases are brought to the Board of Education on a timely basis.

Finding No. 3

CRITERIA: Section 37-61-21, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972), requires that the final amended budget be adopted on or before October 15th and be incorporated in the minutes of the school board by spreading them on the minutes or by attaching them as an addendum.

CONDITION: During the testing of budgeting, I noted that the board did not approve the final amended budget until October 19, 2020.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition was a failure of the school board to adopt the final amended budget and document in the board minutes by the October 15th deadline.

EFFECT: The district is not in compliance with Section 37-61-21, Miss. Code of 1972.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the district strengthen controls to ensure compliance with *Section 37-61-21, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972)*, by having the school board adopt the amended budget on or before the October 15th deadline.

RESPONSE: The administration will strengthen controls in order to have the final amended budget adopted by the Board of Education on or before October 15th as required by state law.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the findings in this report to insure that corrective action has been taken.

The Harrison County School District's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited and, accordingly, I express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

St. Clair CPA, PLLC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS May 15, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1	T C 1'4 '	. 1 11 1 . 6 . 1	TT 1'C' 1
- 1	I vne of auditor's re	port issued on the basic financial statements:	Unmodified

2. Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements noted?

3. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weaknesses identified?

b. Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

4. Prior fiscal year financial audit findings(s) and questioned costs which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

No

Federal Awards:

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

6. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weaknesses identified?

b. Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

7. Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

8. Federal program identified as major program:

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.010	Title I grants to local educational agencies	
84.367	Supporting effective instruction – state grants	
84.425	COVID-19 – Education stabilization fund (ESSER)	

9. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$797,112

10. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

Yes

11. Prior fiscal year federal award audit findings(s) and questioned costs which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

No

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under the *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.