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NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Nettleton School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nettleton School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Nettleton School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nettleton School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate

Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 4-12 and 42-47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Nettleton School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2021, on our consideration of the Nettleton School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Nettleton School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Nettleton School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi January 22, 2021

McKenzie CPA, PLIC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Nettleton School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2020 increased \$440,763, including a prior period adjustment of \$11,458, which represents a 5% increase from fiscal year 2019. Total net position for 2019 increased \$222,118, which represents a 3% increase from fiscal year 2018.
- General revenues amounted to \$9,390,450 and \$9,264,676, or 81% and 81% of all revenues for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,165,354, or 19% of total revenues for 2020, and \$2,146,389, or 19% of total revenues for 2019.
- The District had \$11,126,499 and \$11,188,947 in expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019; only \$2,165,354 for 2020 and \$2,146,389 for 2019 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$9,390,450 for 2020 and \$9,264,676 for 2019 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$9,677,165 in revenues and \$9,109,559 in expenditures for 2020, and \$9,405,133 in revenues and \$8,968,494 in expenditures in 2019. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$171,199 from 2019 to 2020, including a prior period adjustment of \$6,747, and decreased by \$14,004 from 2018 to 2019.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$17,640 for 2020 and decreased by \$132,710 for 2019. The decrease for 2020 was due to the disposal of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, including the liability for compensated absences, decreased by \$116,570 for 2020 and decreased by \$117,925 for 2019. The decrease for 2020 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$3,995 for 2020 and decreased by \$553 for 2019.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are currently reported as governmental funds.

Governmental funds – The District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$7,779,290 as of June 30, 2020.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

	 June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019	Percentag Change	e
Current assets	\$ 6,237,805	\$	5,137,879	21.41	%
Restricted assets	608,139		1,005,597	(39.52)	%
Capital assets, net	4,999,539		5,017,179	(0.35)	%
Total assets	 11,845,483	_	11,160,655	6.14	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 2,217,925		1,032,494	114.81	%
Current liabilities	674,429		142,213	374.24	%
Long-term debt outstanding	2,953,411		3,069,981	(3.80)	%
Net OPEB liability	1,127,089		1,011,277	11.45	%
Net pension liability	 15,925,661		14,275,580	11.56	%
Total liabilities	 20,680,590		18,499,051	11.79	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,162,108		1,914,151	(39.29)	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	2,098,740		1,995,815	5.16	%
Restricted	972,820		973,767	(0.10)	%
Unrestricted	 (10,850,850)		(11,189,635)	3.03	%
Total net position	\$ (7,779,290)	\$	(8,220,053)	5.36	%

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (10,850,850)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	15,996,933
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 5,146,083

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$17,640.
- The principal retirement of \$120,565 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 were \$11,555,804 and \$11,411,065, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$11,126,499 for 2020 and \$11,188,947 for 2019.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Table 2Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2020			Year Ended June 30, 2019	Percenta Change	•
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	297,859	\$	367,820	(19.02)	%
Operating grants and contributions		1,867,495		1,778,569	5.00	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		1,817,922		1,787,762	1.69	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		7,353,874		7,369,749	(0.22)	%
Investment earnings		176,636		52,112	238.95	%
Other		42,018		55,053	(23.68)	%
Total revenues		11,555,804		11,411,065	1.27	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		5,478,121		5,627,702	(2.66)	%
Support services		3,962,205		4,004,073	(1.05)	%
Non-instructional		642,968		668,955	(3.88)	%
Pension expense		871,732		676,785	28.80	%
OPEB expense		62,388		45,169	38.12	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		109,085		166,263	(34.39)	%
Total expenses		11,126,499		11,188,947	(0.56)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		429,305		222,118	93.28	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(8,220,053)		(8,442,171)	2.63	%
Prior Period Adjustment		11,458		-	N/A	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(8,208,595)		(8,442,171)	2.77	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(7,779,290)	\$	(8,220,053)	5.36	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total	Percentage	
	 2020	 2019	Change
Instruction	\$ 5,478,121	\$ 5,627,702	(2.66) %
Support services	3,962,205	4,004,073	(1.05) %
Non-instructional	642,968	668,955	(3.88) %
Pension Expense	871,732	676,785	28.80 %
OPEB Expense	62,388	45,169	38.12 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 109,085	 166,263	(34.39) %
Total expenses	\$ 11,126,499	\$ 11,188,947	(0.56) %

	 Net (Exper	Percentage	
	 2020	 2019	Change
Instruction	\$ (4,441,574)	\$ (4,751,706)	(6.53) %
Support services	(3,511,676)	(3,504,516)	0.20 %
Non-instructional	35,310	101,881	(65.34) %
Pension Expense	(871,732)	(676,785)	28.80 %
OPEB Expense	(62,388)	(45,169)	38.12 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (109,085)	 (166,263)	(34.39) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (8,961,145)	\$ (9,042,558)	(0.90) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$8,961,145 for 2020 and \$9,042,558 for 2019) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$1,817,922 for 2020 and \$1,787,762 for 2019) and state and federal revenues (\$7,353,874 for 2020 and \$7,369,749 for 2019).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$176,636 for 2020 and \$52,112 for 2019.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,244,908, an increase of \$168,009, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$6,747 and an increase in inventory of \$21,914. \$3,466,694, or 56% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the

General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,778,214, or 44% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$171,199, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$6,747. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$3,190, which includes an increase in inventory of \$21,914.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2020, the District's total capital assets were \$10,104,748, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$212,357 from 2019. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020, was \$5,105,209, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$301,404, resulting in total net capital assets of \$4,999,539.

	Jı	une 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	Percentage Change
Land	\$	256,610	\$ 196,899	30.33 %
Buildings		873,702	893,010	(2.16) %
Building improvements		3,084,964	3,254,620	(5.21) %
Improvements other than buildings		154,527	166,530	(7.21) %
Mobile equipment		578,811	469,209	23.36 %
Furniture and equipment		50,925	 36,911	37.97 %
Total	\$	4,999,539	\$ 5,017,179	(0.35) %

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2020, the District had \$2,953,411 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$126,475 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$120,565 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$3,995 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2020	Percentage Change		
Obligations under energy efficiency leases	\$	1,900,799	\$ 2,021,364	(5.96)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		1,000,000	1,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable	_	52,612	 48,617	8.22	%
Total	\$	2,953,411	\$ 3,069,981	(3.80)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Nettleton School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Nettleton School District, P.O. Drawer 409, Nettleton, MS 38858.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Exhibit A

	Governmental
Acceto	Activities
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,477,304
Investments	2,432,770
Due from other governments	234,729
Accrued interest receivable	40,789
Inventories	52,213
Restricted assets	608,139
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	000,100
Land	256,610
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	,
Buildings	873,702
Building improvements	3,084,964
Improvements other than buildings	154,527
Mobile equipment	578,811
Furniture and equipment	50,925
Total Assets	11,845,483
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,072,872
Deferred outflows - OPEB	145,053
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,217,925
Liabilities	i
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	601,036
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	73,393
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	. 0,000
Capital related liabilities	123,844
Non-capital related liabilities	2,631
Net OPEB liability	43,515
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	2,776,955
Non-capital related liabilities	49,981
Net pension liability	15,925,661
Net OPEB liability	1,083,574
Total Liabilities	20,680,590
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	1,071,534
Deferred inflows - OPEB	90,574
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,162,108
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	2,098,740
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	346,815
Debt service	605,005
Unemployment benefits	21,000
Unrestricted	(10,850,850)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (7,779,290)

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				F	Program Rever	ues	3		Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
~		Experiede		00111000		Contributionio		Contributionio		///////////////////////////////////////
Governmental Activities:	•		•	~~~~~~	•		<u></u>		•	<i></i>
Instruction	\$	5,478,121	\$	200,773	\$	835,774	\$	-	\$	(4,441,574)
Support services		3,962,205		219		450,310		-		(3,511,676)
Non-instructional		642,968		96,867		581,411		-		35,310
Pension expense		871,732		-		-		-		(871,732)
OPEB expense		62,388		-		-		-		(62,388)
Interest on long-term liabilities		109,085		-		-		-		(109,085)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	11,126,499	\$	297,859	\$	1,867,495	\$	-	\$	(8,961,145)
				General Re	ven	ues:				
				Taxes:						
				Genera	al p	urpose levies				1,759,871
					-	ose levies				58,051
				-	-	d grants and co	ontri	butions:		
				State						7,244,571

Claid	·,_ · ·,o · ·
Federal	109,303
Unrestricted investment earnings	176,636
Other	42,018
Total General Revenues	 9,390,450
Change in Net Position	429,305
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	(8,220,053)
Prior Period Adjustments	11,458
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	 (8,208,595)
Net Position (deficit) - Ending	\$ (7,779,290)

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet June 30, 2020 Exhibit C

				Total	
		General	Governmental		Governmental
		Fund	Funds		Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,091,011	\$ 386,293	\$	3,477,304
Cash with fiscal agents		-	69,639		69,639
Investments		2,432,770	538,500		2,971,270
Due from other governments		129,366	105,363		234,729
Accrued interest receivable		35,436	5,353		40,789
Due from other funds		104,083	18,459		122,542
Inventories		-	52,213		52,213
Total assets	\$	5,792,666	\$ 1,175,820	\$	6,968,486
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	593,971	\$ 7,065	\$	601,036
Due to other funds		-	122,542		122,542
Total Liabilities		593,971	129,607		723,578
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory		_	52,213		52,213
Restricted:			02,210		52,215
Debt service		-	678,398		678,398
Grant activities		-	294,602		294,602
Unemployment benefits		-	21,000		21,000
Assigned:			21,000		21,000
School based activites		45,453	-		45,453
Activity funds		106,548	-		106,548
Improvement and renovation projects		1,580,000	-		1,580,000
Unassigned		3,466,694	-		3,466,694
Total Fund Balances		5,198,695	 1,046,213		6,244,908
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,792,666	\$ 1,175,820	\$	6,968,486

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement June 30, 2020	of N	et Position	Exhibit C-1
Total fund balances for governmental funds			\$ 6,244,908
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:			
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 			
Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$	256,610 3,097,910 4,241,398 326,471 1,775,909 406,450 (5,105,209)	4,999,539
 Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 		(0,100,200)	,000,000
Net pension liability		(15,925,661)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		2,072,872 (1,071,534)	(14,924,323)
3. Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Net OPEB liability		(1,127,089)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		145,053 (90,574)	(1,072,610)
 Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: 			
Other bonds payable Energy efficiency lease obligations Compensated absences		(1,000,000) (1,900,799) (52,612)	
Accrued interest payable		(73,393)	(3,026,804)
Net Position of governmental activities			\$ (7,779,290)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Exhibit D

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020		Major Funds			
			-	Other	Total
		General		Governmental	Governmental
		Fund		Funds	Funds
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	2,152,947	\$	176,807	\$ 2,329,754
State sources	·	7,462,871		291,169	7,754,040
Federal sources		61,347		1,409,097	1,470,444
Total Revenues		9,677,165		1,877,073	11,554,238
Expenditures:					
Instruction		5,362,238		881,110	6,243,348
Support services		3,692,321		464,386	4,156,707
Noninstructional services		-		734,251	734,251
Facilities acquisition and construction		55,000		-	55,000
Debt service:					
Principal		-		120,565	120,565
Interest		-		109,981	109,981
Other		-		1,347	1,347
Total Expenditures		9,109,559		2,311,640	11,421,199
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		567,606		(434,567)	133,039
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery		219		-	219
Payments held by escrow agent		-		54,927	54,927
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		-		(54,927)	(54,927)
Sale of transportation equipment		4,743		-	4,743
Operating transfers in		26,500		520,622	547,122
Other financing sources		-		1,347	1,347
Operating transfers out		(434,616)		(112,506)	(547,122)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(403,154)		409,463	6,309
Net Change in Fund Balances		164,452		(25,104)	139,348
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2019, as previously reported		5,027,496		1,049,403	6,076,899
Prior period adjustments		6,747		-	6,747
July 1, 2019, as restated		5,034,243		1,049,403	6,083,646
Increase (Decrease) in inventory		-		21,914	21,914
June 30, 2020	\$	5,198,695	\$	1,046,213	\$ 6,244,908

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020		I	Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	139,348
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 284,615 (301,404)	_	(16,789)
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(5,562)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			(-,)
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	120,565 2,243	_	122,808
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:			
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(871,732) 1,064,061	_	192,329
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:			
OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(62,388) 41,640	_	(20,748)
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:			
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory	(3,995) 21,914	_	17,919
Change in Net Position of governmental activities		\$	429,305

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. McKenzie CPA, PLLC

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Nettleton since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Nettleton School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of two counties on behalf of the

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school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years

See Note 5 for further details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

See Note 14 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is the official approval of the commitment spread upon the School Board's minutes. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund

balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 7% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

Nettleton School District chose to early implement GASB 84 in the current fiscal year. Therefore, the club funds and clearing funds of the District previously shown as fiduciary funds are now shown in the General Fund.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and

Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$5,910,074, which includes \$2,432,770 of certificates of deposit with original maturities beyond three months and reported on the Balance Sheet as investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2020, none of the district's bank balance of \$6,323,524 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$69,639.

Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury SLGS Deposit Certificates of deposit	AAA N/A	5 to 10 years 1 to 5 years	\$ 538,500 2,432,770
Total			\$ 2,971,270

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

- U.S. Treasury SLGS Deposits of \$538,500 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Certificates of deposit of \$2,432,770 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its

investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2020, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 104,083
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	 18,459
Total		\$ 122,542

The primary purpose of the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year-end closing adjustments.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 434,616
Other governmental funds	General Fund	26,500
	Other governmental funds	 86,006
Total		\$ 547,122

The primary purpose of the inter-fund transfers was to provide funds for daily operations and to report indirect costs from other governmental funds to the General Fund. All inter-fund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent and investment balance, totaling \$69,639 and \$538,500, respectively, of the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	 Balance 7/1/2019	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	Balance 6/30/2020
Governmental Activities:					
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 196,899 \$	55,000 \$	\$	/ Ŧ	256,610
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 196,899	55,000	-	4,711	256,610
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	3,097,910				3,097,910
Building improvements	4,241,398				4,241,398
Improvements other than buildings	326,471				326,471
Mobile equipment	1,632,781	196,378	53,250		1,775,909
Furniture and equipment	396,932	33,237	23,719		406,450
Total depreciable capital assets	 9,695,492	229,615	76,969	-	9,848,138
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	2,204,900	19,308			2,224,208
Building improvements	986,778	169,656			1,156,434
Improvements other than buildings	159,941	12,003			171,944
Mobile equipment	1,163,572	81,451	47,925		1,197,098
Furniture and equipment	360,021	18,986	23,482		355,525
Total accumulated depreciation	 4,875,212	301,404	71,407	-	5,105,209
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 4,820,280	(71,789)	5,562	-	4,742,929
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,017,179 \$	(16,789) \$	5,562 \$	4,711 \$	4,999,539

And adjustment was needed to agree the balance in land to the district's capital asset records.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 5,968
Support services	286,650
Non-instructional	 8,786
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 301,404

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		 Balance 7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2020	Amounts due within one year
Α.	Obligations under energy efficiency leases	\$ 2,021,364 \$	\$	120,565 \$	1,900,799 \$	123,844
В.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	1,000,000			1,000,000	-
C.	Compensated absences payable	 48,617	3,995		52,612	2,631
	Total	\$ 3,069,981 \$	3,995 \$	120,565 \$	2,953,411 \$	126,475

A. Obligations under energy efficiency leases

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Dutstanding
Energy efficiency lease Total	2.72%	2/1/2017	2/1/2033	 2,253,000 2,253,000		

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 123,844 \$	51,702 \$	175,546
2022	127,213	48,333	175,546
2023	130,673	44,873	175,546
2024	134,227	41,319	175,546
2025	137,878	37,668	175,546
2026 – 2030	747,728	130,002	877,730
2031 – 2033	499,236	27,401	526,637
Total	\$ 1,900,799 \$	381,298 \$	2,282,097

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund (General Fund).

An energy efficiency lease agreement dated February 1, 2017, was executed by and between the district, the lessee, and U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing and Finance, Inc., the lessor.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$2,253,000 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the lease shall be made from the District Maintenance Fund and not exceed fifteen (15) years.

The district entered into this energy efficiency lease agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the lessor, the lessee has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

B. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 12, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Dutstanding
Qualified school construction	ı					
bonds, Series 2010	5.50%	12/7/2010	8/1/2025	\$ 1,000,000	\$	1,000,000
Total				\$ 1,000,000	\$	1,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending	Data ata at	la fama a f	T . (.)
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ - \$	55,000 \$	55,000
2022	-	55,000	55,000
2023	-	55,000	55,000
2024	-	55,000	55,000
2025	-	55,000	55,000
2026	 1,000,000	55,000	1,055,000
Total	\$ 1,000,000 \$	330,000 \$	1,330,000

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Sinking Fund (Debt Service Fund).

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for gualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who gualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2020 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$1,064,061, \$928,591 and \$863,242, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school district reported a liability of \$15,925,661 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability was 0.090528 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019. This was an increase of 0.004701 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$871,732. At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 30,489	\$ 138,251
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	254,728	
Changes of assumptions	157,844	3,841
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	565,750	929,442
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,064,061	
Total	\$ 2,072,872	\$ 1,071,534

\$1,064,061 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2021	\$ (363,222)
2022	(31,004)
2023	258,793
2024	72,710

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2018. Subsequent to the June 30, 2018 valuation, the Board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2018. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.90	%
International Equity	22.00		4.75	
Global Equity	12.00		5.00	
Fixed Income	20.00		1.50	
Real Estate	10.00		4.00	
Private Equity	8.00		6.25	
Cash	1.00		0.25	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	Current						
		1% Decrease		Discount		1% Increase	
	(6.75%)		Rate (7.75%)		(8.75%)		
District's proportionate share of							
the net pension liability	\$	20,934,834	\$	15,925,661	\$	11,791,039	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$41,640 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$1,127,089 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.13282668 percent. This was an increase of 0.00209472 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$62,388. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,704	\$ 16,133
Changes of assumptions	84,027	58,445
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	21	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	17,661	15,996
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	41,640	
Total	\$ 145,053	\$ 90,574

\$41,640 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2021	\$ (1,903)
2022	(1,903)
2023	(1,903)
2024	641
2025	11,797
Thereafter	6,110

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.20 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.50% 3.89%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2019 2018
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.50% 3.89%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00 percent for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.50 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.89% to 3.50%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2019, the trust has \$1,017,904. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2018 and the June 30, 2019 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

		C	urrent	
	1% Decrease	D	liscount	1% Increase
	 (2.50%)		ate (3.50%)	 (4.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,251,999	\$	1,127,089	\$ 1,020,217

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Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare				
	Cost Trend						
		Rates					
	1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase		
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,044,422	\$	1,127,089	\$	1,220,737		

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

Note 9 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
1. To correct prior year cost of land to agree with asset records	\$ 4,711
2. To reclassify club funds previously reported as fiduciary funds	 6,747
Total	\$ 11,458

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To reclassify club funds previously reported as fiduciary funds	\$ 6,747
Total		\$ 6,747

Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 11 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 12 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the subsidy payments amounted to \$50,746.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2020 was \$613,492, including accrued income of \$5,353. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 67,000
2022	67,000
2023	67,000
2024	67,000
2025	67,000
2026	 67,000
Total	\$ 402,000

Note 13 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Nettleton School District received \$219 in insurance loss recoveries related to damages during the 2019-2020 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and were allocated to the support services expense function.

Note 14 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$10,850,850) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,064,061 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$1,008,811 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$10,850,850) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,071,534 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$10,850,850) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$41,640 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$103,413 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$10,850,850) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$90,574 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Nettleton School District evaluated the activity of the district through January 22, 2021, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

								arian /e (N	ces egative)	
		Budget	ed A	mounts		Actual	•	Original	- (Final
		Original		Final	•	(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:										
Local sources	\$	2,075,321	\$	2,152,947	\$	2,152,947	\$	77,626	\$	-
State sources		7,496,521		7,462,871		7,462,871		(33,650)		-
Federal sources		64,421		61,347		61,347		(3,074)		-
Total Revenues		9,636,263		9,677,165		9,677,165		40,902		-
Expenditures:										
Instruction		5,534,578		5,362,238		5,362,238		172,340		-
Support services		4,090,075		3,691,171		3,692,321		398,904		(1,150)
Noninstructional services		50		-		-		50		-
Facilities acquisition and construction		60,000		56,150		55,000		3,850		1,150
Total Expenditures		9,684,703		9,109,559		9,109,559		575,144		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over (under) Expenditures		(48,440)		567,606		567,606		616,046		-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Insurance recovery		-		219		219		219		-
Sale of transportation equipment		-		4,743		4,743		4,743		-
Operating transfers in		1,297,312		1,162,044		26,500		(135,268)		(1,135,544)
Operating transfers out		(1,720,081)		(1,570,160)		(434,616)		149,921		1,135,544
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(422,769)		(403,154)		(403,154)		19,615		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(471,209)		164,452		164,452		635,661		-
Fund Balances:										
July 1, 2019, as previously reported		5,027,496		5,027,496		5,027,496		-		-
Prior period adjustments		-		6,747		6,747		6,747		-
July 1, 2019, as restated		5,027,496		5,034,243		5,034,243		6,747		-
June 30, 2020	\$	4,556,287	\$	5,198,695	\$	5,198,695	\$	642,408	\$	-

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Nettleton School District Required Supplementary information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	-	0.095280%	0.085827%	0.095845%	0.098154%	0.101637%	0.103559%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	15,925,661 \$	14,275,580 \$	15,932,692 \$	17,532,755 \$	15,711,076 \$	12,570,166
District's covered payroll	\$	5,895,816 \$	5,480,902 \$	6,148,540 \$	6,279,117 \$	6,349,702 \$	6,328,013
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		270.1180%	260.4604%	259.1297%	279.2233%	247.4301%	198.6432%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.590%	62.540%	61.490%	57.468%	61.704%	67.208%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Nettleton School District Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,064,061	\$ 928,591	\$ 863,242	\$ 968,395 \$	988,961	\$	1,000,078
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,064,061	928,591	863,242	968,395	988,961		1,000,078
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ \$		\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,115,293	\$ 5,895,816	\$ 5,480,902	\$ 6,148,540 \$	6,279,117	7\$	6,349,702
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.759	6	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	 0.13282668%	0.13073196%	0.13355371%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,127,089 \$	1,011,277 \$	1,047,874
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,082,700 \$	5,480,902 \$	6,000,201
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	18.53%	18.45%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018
Actuarilly determined contribution	\$ 41,640 \$	45,177 \$	44,672
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	41,640	45,177	44,672
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0 \$	0	0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,755,943 \$	6,450,178 \$	5,480,902
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.62%	0.70%	0.82%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

<u>2019:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2017 valuation for the June 30, 2019 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method	Entry age Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	38.4 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25% to 18.50%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.25%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2028
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.89%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Nettleton School District Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Catalog of		
	Federal Domestic	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance No.	Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture	/ 100/010/100 / 10/		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	205MS326N1099	\$ 121,198
National school lunch program		205MS326N1099	525,377
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	205MS326N1099	60,199
Total child nutrition cluster		-	706,774
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		-	706,774
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		-	706,774
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A190024	296,711
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A190024	3,312
Rural Education		ES358B190024	31,286
Supporting Effective Instruction state grants	84.367	ES367A190023	38,626
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	ES424A190025	33,709
Subtotal			403,644
Special education cluster:		-	
Special education - grants to states		H027A190108	307,770
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A190113	10,469
Total special education cluster		-	318,239
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			721,883
Total U.S. Department of Education		-	721,883
·		-	<u> </u>
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	1905MS5ADM	9,123
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		-	9,123
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		-	9,123
Social Security Administration		-	
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:			
Social Security Disability Insurance	96.001	04-19-04MSDI00	280
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Servi	ces	-	280
Total Social Security Administration		-	280
-		-	
Total for All Federal Awards		-	\$ 1,438,060
The notes to the supplementary information are a	n integral part of thi	s schedule.	

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Nettleton School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Nettleton School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Nettleton School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Nettleton School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 8,603,410 2,817,789	6,419,192 782,536	555,851 132,656	779,008 13,936	849,359 1,888,661
Total	\$ 11,421,199	7,201,728	688,507	792,944	2,738,020
Total number of students *	 1,241				
Cost per student	\$ 9,203	5,803	555	639	2,206

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2020	2019*	2018*	2017*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 2,152,947 \$	2,066,118 \$	2,022,110 \$	1,948,838
State sources	7,462,871	7,275,088	7,267,205	7,454,538
Federal sources	 61,347	63,927	103,268	97,249
Total Revenues	 9,677,165	9,405,133	9,392,583	9,500,625
Expenditures:				
Instruction	5,362,238	5,408,088	5,387,538	5,333,673
Support services	3,692,321	3,517,631	3,264,180	3,266,375
Facilities acquisition and construction	 55,000	42,775		100,000
Total Expenditures	 9,109,559	8,968,494	8,651,718	8,700,048
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 567,606	436,639	740,865	800,577
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	219	2,548		
Sale of transportation equipment	4,743	2,309		
Other financing sources				5,624
Operating transfers in	26,500		1,966	
Operating transfers out	(434,616)	(455,500)	(430,612)	(273,076)
Other financing uses				(5,624)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (403,154)	(450,643)	(428,646)	(273,076)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 164,452	(14,004)	312,219	527,501
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	5,027,496	5,041,500	4,729,281	4,212,950
Prior period adjustments	6,747	-		(11,170)
Beginning of period, as restated	 5,034,243	5,041,500	4,729,281	4,201,780
End of Period	\$ 5,198,695 \$	5,027,496 \$	5,041,500 \$	4,729,281

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2020	2019*	2018*	2017*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 2,329,754	\$ 2,258,449	\$ 2,228,689	\$ 2,162,103
State sources	7,754,040	7,486,170	7,480,906	7,599,399
Federal sources	 1,470,444	1,662,148	1,724,540	1,627,557
Total Revenues	 11,554,238	11,406,767	11,434,135	11,389,059
Expenditures:				
Instruction	6,243,348	6,209,012	6,221,407	6,167,882
Support services	4,156,707	4,135,021	3,912,247	3,679,884
Noninstructional services	734,251	763,778	687,065	740,878
Facilities acquisition and construction	55,000	42,775	503,738	1,808,683
Debt service:				
Principal	120,565	117,372	114,264	
Interest	109,981	113,174	116,282	55,000
Other	 1,347	1,201	1,010	40,984
Total Expenditures	11,421,199	11,382,333	11,556,013	12,493,311
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	133,039	24,434	(121,878)	(1,104,252)
	 100,000	21,101	(121,070)	(1,101,202)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Energy efficiency leases issued				2,253,000
Insurance recovery	219	2,548		
Sale of transportation equipment	4,743	2,309		
Payment held by escrow agent	54,927	47,301	66,834	62,540
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(54,927)	(47,301)	(66,834)	(62,540)
Operating transfers in	547,122	522,248	454,445	292,026
Other financing sources	1,347	1,750		5,624
Operating transfers out	(547,122)	(522,248)	(454,445)	(292,026)
Other financing uses		-		(5,624)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 6,309	6,607	0	2,253,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	 139,348	31,041	(121,878)	1,148,748
Fund Balances:				
July 1, as originally reported	6,076,899	6,039,922	6,169,803	5,019,896
Prior period adjustments	6,747			(11,170)
July 1, as restated	 6,083,646	6,039,922	6,169,803	5,008,726
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 21,914	5,936	(8,003)	12,329
End of Period	\$ 6,244,908	\$ 6,076,899	\$ 6,039,922	\$ 6,169,803

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Superintendent and School Board Nettleton School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nettleton School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Nettleton School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Nettleton School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Nettleton School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Nettleton School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Nettleton School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi January 22, 2021

McKenzie CPA, PLIC



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Nettleton School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Nettleton School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Nettleton School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Nettleton School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Nettleton School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Nettleton School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide legal determination of Nettleton School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Nettleton School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Nettleton School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Nettleton School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Nettleton School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi January 22, 2021

McKenzie CPA, PLIC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Nettleton School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nettleton School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, which collectively comprise Nettleton School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi January 22, 2021

McKenzie CPA, PLLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial	Statements:
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1.	Туре с	of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified
2.	Interna	al control over financial reporting:		
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?)	No
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified	55	None reported
3.	Nonco	No		
Fed	leral Aw	ards:		
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:		
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?)	None reported
5.	Туре с	of auditor's report issued on comp	liance for major programs:	Unmodified
6.		udit findings disclosed that are req CFR 200.516(a)?	uired to be reported in accordance	No
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:		
	<u>CFDA</u>	Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>
	84.010)	Title I grants to local educational ag	encies
	10.553	3; 10.555; 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster	
8.	Dollar	threshold used to distinguish betv	veen type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
9.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?		No
10.	Prior	fiscal year audit finding(s) and qu	estioned costs relative to federal	

NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

Nettleton School District 179 Mullen Avenue Office of the Superintendent Nettleton, Mississippi 38858 Tim Dickerson, Superintendent Elsie Beard, Business Manager

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (UG), the Nettleton School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary of prior year audit findings follow up as of June 30, 2020:

Finding Status

Corrected
Corrected