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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-14, 44, 45, 46, 47, and 48, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2020 on our consideration of the Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 15, 2020

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The following discussion and analysis of Ocean Springs School District's financial performance provides an overview of the Ocean Springs School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Ocean Springs School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Ocean Springs School District's financial performance.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2020 decreased \$1,905,971, including a prior period adjustment of \$217,649, which represents a 12% decrease from fiscal year 2019. Total net position for 2019 decreased \$1,864,318, which represents a 14% decrease from fiscal year 2018.
- General revenues amounted to \$48,276,227 and \$47,260,195, or 85% and 87% of all revenues for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$8,595,208, or 15% of total revenues for 2020, and \$7,234,328, or 13% of total revenues for 2019.
- The District had \$58,995,055 and \$56,358,841 in expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019; only \$8,595,208 for 2020 and \$7,234,328 for 2019 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$48,276,227 for 2020 and \$47,260,195 for 2019 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$46,883,119 in revenues and \$46,918,682 in expenditures for 2020, and \$44,783,200 in revenues and \$43,116,473 in expenditures in 2019. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$3,500, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$217,649, from 2019 to 2020, and increased by \$335,515 from 2018 to 2019.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$1,460,405 for 2020 and increased by \$1,580,613 for 2019. The increase for 2020 was due primarily to construction in progress and other current year additions net of the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$5,386,004 for 2020 and increased by \$1,551,616 for 2019. This
  decrease for 2020 was due to the inception of capital leases net of the principal payments on
  outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$38,157 for 2020
  and increased by \$14,586 for 2019.

# OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

# **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

# Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are considered governmental funds:

**Governmental funds** – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts.* Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

# Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

# Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

# Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

# Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$17,371,017 as of June 30, 2020.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

••••••	 	 	Percentag	е
	 June 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	Change	
Current assets	\$ 15,578,047	\$ 14,532,739	7.19	%
Restricted assets	1,522,165	7,105,319	(78.58)	%
Capital assets, net	66,313,351	64,852,946	2.25	%
Total assets	 83,413,563	 86,491,004	(3.56)	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 9,381,299	 8,421,477	11.40	%
Current liabilities	1,642,366	1,002,205	63.88	%
Long-term debt outstanding	21,585,339	26,971,343	(19.97)	%
Net OPEB liability	4,753,929	4,203,715	13.09	%
Net pension liability	80,862,911	75,915,375	6.52	%
Total liabilities	 108,844,545	 108,092,638	0.70	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,321,334	 2,284,889	(42.17)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	46,663,987	41,370,861	12.79	%
Restricted	2,186,886	5,892,726	(62.89)	%
Unrestricted	(66,221,890)	(62,728,633)	(5.57)	%
Total net position	\$ (17,371,017)	\$ (15,465,046)	(12.32)	%

# Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (66,221,890)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	78,444,735
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 12,222,845

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$1,460,405.
- The principal retirement of \$6,427,113 of long-term debt.
- Inception of capital leases amounted to \$1,002,952.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 were \$56,871,435 and \$54,494,523, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$58,995,055 for 2020 and \$56,358,841 for 2019.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

# Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2020		Year Ended June 30, 2019		Percentage Change	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	1,440,907	\$	1,549,501	(7.01)	%
Operating grants and contributions		7,154,301		5,684,827	25.85	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		18,763,589		18,428,749	1.82	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		28,744,610		28,054,595	2.46	%
Investment earnings		409,521		425,458	(3.75)	%
Sixteenth section		455		2,198	(79.30)	%
Other		358,052		349,195	2.54	%
Total revenues		56,871,435		54,494,523	4.36	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		30,538,591		28,807,621	6.01	%
Support services		16,742,650		16,382,126	2.20	%
Non-instructional		2,038,425		1,968,415	3.56	%
Pension expense		8,730,408		8,361,115	4.42	%
OPEB expense		328,360		230,657	42.36	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		616,621		608,907	1.27	%
Total expenses		58,995,055		56,358,841	4.68	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(2,123,620)		(1,864,318)	(13.91)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(15,465,046)		(13,600,728)	(13.71)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		217,649		-	N/A	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(15,247,397)		(13,600,728)	(12.11)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(17,371,017)	\$	(15,465,046)	(12.32)	%

# **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total	Percentag	e	
	 2020	 2019	Change	
Instruction	\$ 30,538,591	\$ 28,807,621	6.01	%
Support services	16,742,650	16,382,126	2.20	%
Non-instructional	2,038,425	1,968,415	3.56	%
Pension Expense	8,730,408	8,361,115	4.42	%
OPEB Expense	328,360	230,657	42.36	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 616,621	 608,907	1.27	%
Total expenses	\$ 58,995,055	\$ 56,358,841	4.68	%

	 Net (Exper	Percentage	
	 2020	 2019	Change
Instruction	\$ (25,661,224)	\$ (25,108,045)	(2.20) %
Support services	(15,089,128)	(15,317,226)	1.49 %
Non-instructional	25,894	501,437	94.84 %
Pension Expense	(8,730,408)	(8,361,115)	(4.42) %
OPEB Expense	(328,360)	(230,657)	(42.36) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (616,621)	 (608,907)	(1.27) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (50,399,847)	\$ (49,124,513)	(2.60) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$50,399,847 for 2020 and \$49,124,513 for 2019) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$18,763,589 for 2020 and \$18,428,749 for 2019) and state and federal revenues (\$28,744,610 for 2020 and \$28,054,595 for 2019). In addition, there was \$455 and \$2,198 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$409,521 for 2020 and \$425,458 for 2019.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$15,546,245, a decrease of \$5,166,770, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$217,649 and an increase in inventory of \$57,633. \$9,974,355 or 64% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$5,571,890 or 36% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$3,500, including a prior period adjustment of \$217,649. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$5,163,270, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$57,633, due primarily to normal operations.

# **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the Ocean Springs School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2020, the District's total capital assets were \$104,068,856, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$2,833,246 from 2019. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020, was \$37,755,505 and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,845,221, resulting in total net capital assets of \$66,313,351.

	J	lune 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	Percenta Change	•
Land	\$	2,055,028	\$ 2,055,028	0.00	%
Construction in progress		161,560	2,902,070	(94.43)	%
Buildings		52,539,879	52,011,764	1.02	%
Building improvements		6,053,984	5,759,692	5.11	%
Improvements other than buildings		3,571,048	1,162,913	207.08	%
Mobile equipment		730,976	777,960	(6.04)	%
Furniture and equipment		268,427	82,748	224.39	%
Leased property under capital leases		932,449	 100,771	825.31	%
Total	\$	66,313,351	\$ 64,852,946	2.25	%

# Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2020, the District had \$21,585,339 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$4,007,774, is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$38,157 from the prior year.

Outstand	ling Lor	ng-Term Debt				
		lune 30, 2020	J	une 30, 2019	Percenta Change	0
General obligation bonds payable	\$	16,071,000	\$	18,838,000	(14.69)	%
Three mill note payable		4,150,000		4,650,000	(10.75)	%
Qualified school construction bond payable		-		3,000,000	(100.00)	%
Obligations under capital leases		924,343		81,504	1,034.11	%
Compensated absences payable		439,996		401,839	9.50	%
Total	\$	21,585,339	\$	26,971,343	(19.97)	%

# Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

# **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Ocean Springs School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Ocean Springs School District, 2300 Government Street, Ocean Springs, MS 39564.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Exhibit A

# Statement of Net Position

# June 30, 2020

June 30, 2020		
		nmental ivities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1	3,665,105
Due from other governments		1,794,172
Inventories		118,770
Restricted assets		1,522,165
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		
Land		2,055,028
Construction in progress		161,560
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		
Buildings	5	2,539,879
Building improvements		6,053,984
Improvements other than buildings		3,571,048
Mobile equipment		730,976
Furniture and equipment		268,427
Leased property under capital leases		932,449
Total Assets	8	3,413,563
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - pensions		7,658,379
Deferred outflows - OPEB		835,060
Deferred outflows - bond refunding Total deferred outflows of resources		887,860 9,381,299
Total detened outlows of resources		9,301,299
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,553,967
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		88,399
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		
Capital related liabilities		4,007,774
Net OPEB liability		175,432
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		
Capital related liabilities	1	7,137,569
Non-capital related liabilities		439,996
Net pension liability	8	0,862,911
Net OPEB liability		4,578,497
Total Liabilities		8,844,545
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows of Resources		1,006,772
Deferred inflows - OPEB		
Total deferred inflows of resources		314,562
Total defended innows of resources		1,321,334
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	4	6,663,987
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		
School-based activities		1,151,272
Debt service		924,415
Capital improvements		8,054
Unemployment benefits		103,145
Unrestricted	(6	6,221,890)
Total Net Position		7,371,017)
	÷ (!	,,

# Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			P	rogram Revenue	es		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating		Capital	
		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 30,538,591	\$ 690,280	\$	4,187,087	\$		\$ (25,661,224)
Support services	16,742,650	-		1,653,522		-	(15,089,128)
Non-instructional	2,038,425	750,627		1,313,692		-	25,894
Pension expense	8,730,408	-		-		-	(8,730,408)
OPEB expense	328,360	-		-		-	(328,360)
Interest on long-term liabilities	 616,621	-		-		-	 (616,621)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 58,995,055	\$ 1,440,907	\$	7,154,301	\$	-	\$ (50,399,847)

General Revenues:	
Taxes:	
General purpose levies	15,564,425
Debt purpose levies	3,199,164
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	28,617,036
Federal	127,574
Unrestricted investment earnings	409,521
Sixteenth section	455
Other	358,052
Total General Revenues	48,276,227
Change in Net Position	(2,123,620)
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	(15,465,046)
Prior Period Adjustments	217,649
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	(15,247,397)
Net Position - Ending	\$ (17,371,017)

Exhibit B

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT										
Governm	ental	Funds								
Balance Sheet						Exhibit C				
June 30, 2020										
		Major Funds	_							
		- ·		Other		Total				
		General		Governmental		Governmental				
•		Fund		Funds		Funds				
Assets:	•		•	0.044.007	•					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,545,383	\$	2,641,887	\$	15,187,270				
Due from other governments		903,970		890,202		1,794,172				
Due from other funds		749,300		-		749,300				
Inventories		-		118,770		118,770				
Total assets		14,198,653		3,650,859		17,849,512				
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,535,812	¢	18,155	¢	1,553,967				
Due to other funds	φ	1,000,012	φ	749,300	φ					
Total Liabilities		1,535,812		749,300		749,300 2,303,267				
Total Liabilities		1,000,012		707,433		2,303,207				
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Inventory		-		118,770		118,770				
Restricted:										
Debt service		-		1,012,814		1,012,814				
Grant activities		-		1,032,502		1,032,502				
Capital improvements		-		608,119		608,119				
Unemployment benefits		-		103,145		103,145				
Committed:										
Self-funded insurance/contingency		2,184,385		-		2,184,385				
Capital improvements		-		8,054		8,054				
Assigned:										
Student activities		504,101		-		504,101				
Unassigned		9,974,355				9,974,355				
Total Fund Balances		12,662,841		2,883,404		15,546,245				
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	14,198,653	\$	3,650,859	\$	17,849,512				

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of	Net Position	Exhibit C-1
June 30, 2020		
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	15,546,245
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
<ol> <li>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>		
Land	2,055,028	
Construction in progress	161,560	
Buildings	82,064,949	
Building improvements	8,338,225	
Improvements other than buildings	4,156,588	
Mobile equipment	3,814,777	
Furniture and equipment	2,409,359	
Leased property under capital leases	1,068,370	
Accumulated depreciation	(37,755,505)	66,313,351
<ol> <li>Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>		
Net pension liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(80,862,911)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	7,658,379	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,006,772)	(74,211,304)
4 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability	(4,753,929)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable		
to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	835,060	
Deferred inflow s of resources related to OPEB	(314,562)	(4,233,431)
<ol> <li>Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>		
General obligation bonds payable	(16,071,000)	
Three mill notes payable	(4,150,000)	
Obligations under capital leases	(924,343)	
Unamortized charges related to bond refunding	887,860	
Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	(439,996) (88,399)	(20,785,878)
Net position of governmental activities	ۍ ۲	(17,371,017)
	Ψ	(17,011,017)

OCEAN SPRING Governm		т		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change For the Year Ended June 30, 2020				Exhibit D
	Major Funds			
	 General Fund		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 16,651,534	\$	4,307,971	\$ 20,959,505
State sources	29,984,135		1,530,406	31,514,541
Federal sources	246,995		4,137,374	4,384,369
Sixteenth section	 455		-	455
Total Revenues	 46,883,119		9,975,751	56,858,870
Expenditures:				
Instruction	28,783,862		4,289,986	33,073,848
Support services	17,636,549		1,210,192	18,846,741
Noninstructional services	-		2,383,016	2,383,016
Facilities acquisition and construction	334,349		1,782,920	2,117,269
Debt service:				
Principal	160,113		6,267,000	6,427,113
Interest	3,809		448,910	452,719
Other	 -		4,688	4,688
Total Expenditures	 46,918,682		16,386,712	63,305,394
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (35,563)		(6,410,961)	(6,446,524)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Inception of capital leases	1,002,952		-	1,002,952
Operating transfers in	56,556		1,759,425	1,815,981
Other financing sources	1,658		45	1,703
Operating transfers out	(1,246,569)		(569,412)	(1,815,981)
Other financing uses	 (183)		-	(183)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (185,586)		1,190,058	1,004,472
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (221,149)		(5,220,903)	(5,442,052)
Fund Balances:				
July 1, 2019, as previously reported	12,666,341		8,046,674	20,713,015
Prior period adjustments	217,649			217,649
July 1, 2019, as restated	 12,883,990		8,046,674	20,930,664
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 -		57,633	57,633
June 30, 2020	\$ 12,662,841	\$	2,883,404	\$ 15,546,245

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT					
Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020		Exhibit D-1			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(5,442,052)			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are					
different because:					
<ol> <li>Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:</li> </ol>					
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	1,512,891			
	(1,010,221)	1,012,001			
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets s					
		(52,486)			
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, how ever, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference betw een the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refund debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the stateme of activities:	ded				
Inception of capital leases	(1,002,952)				
Payments of debt principal	6,427,113				
Accrued interest payable	(11,237)	5,412,924			
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide a require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense Contributions cube equate to the measurement date	or (8,730,408)				
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	5,456,940	(3,273,468)			
<ol> <li>Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:</li> </ol>					
OPEB expense	(328,360)				
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	175,432	(152,928)			
<ol> <li>Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of curr financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governme funds. These activities include:</li> </ol>					
Change in compensated absences	(38,157)				
Amortization of deferred bond charges	(147,977)				
Change in inventory reserve	57,633	(128,501)			
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(2,123,620)			
		/			

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

# A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the Ocean Springs School District is considered an "other stand-alone government." The Ocean Springs School District is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Ocean Springs since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the Ocean Springs School District's board but does not have financial accountability for the Ocean Springs School District.

For financial reporting purposes, Ocean Springs School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the Ocean Springs School District based upon an order adopted by the school board of the Ocean Springs School District requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the Ocean Springs School District, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

# D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the School District attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

# E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$7,658,379 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan, \$835,060 related to its OPEB plan and \$887,860 related to bond refuding.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$1,006,772 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$314,562 related to its OPEB plan.

See Note 12 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide, financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

*Restricted fund balance* includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance* includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### 13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, Leases, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases, were postponed eighteen months.

The District has elected to early implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets and (2) the beneficiaries with whom the relationship exists. This means school district clearing and club funds, which were previously reported as agency funds in the statement of fiduciary net position, will no longer meet the requirements to be considered fiduciary. As a fiduciary fund, these activities have not been required to report revenue and expenses and have not been included in the government-wide financial statements. Beginning July 1, 2019, school clearing and student club funds are reported in the general fund. As part of the general fund, they are included in the governmental fund statements as well as in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

# Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$15,187,270.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits.* Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

# Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

# A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 749,300
Total		\$ 749,300

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

# B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 1,246,569
Other governmental funds	General Fund	56,556
	Other governmental funds	 512,856
Total		\$ 1,815,981

The primary reason for the interfund transfers was for debt service requirements, federal grant allocations and the funding of various programs within the district.

# Note 4 – Restricted Assets

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$608,119, of the unspent three mill note proceeds.

Also, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$914,046 of the debt service funds that is restricted for future debt service requirements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

# Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2019	Increases	Decreases	Completed Construction	Balance 6/30/2020
Governmental Activities:					
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 2,055,028 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	2,055,028
Construction in progress	 2,902,070	2,107,284	-	(4,847,794)	161,560
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 4,957,098	2,107,284	-	(4,847,794)	2,216,588
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	80,292,889	-	-	1,772,060	82,064,949
Building improvements	7,826,535	-	-	511,690	8,338,225
Improvements other than buildings	1,582,559	9,985	-	2,564,044	4,156,588
Mobile equipment	3,908,427	67,452	(161,102)	-	3,814,777
Furniture and equipment	2,538,681	234,442	(363,764)	-	2,409,359
Leased property under capital leases	 129,421	938,949	-	-	1,068,370
Total depreciable capital assets	 96,278,512	1,250,828	(524,866)	4,847,794	101,852,268
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	28,281,125	1,243,945	-	-	29,525,070
Building improvements	2,066,843	217,398	-	-	2,284,241
Improvements other than buildings	419,646	165,894	-	-	585,540
Mobile equipment	3,130,467	98,326	(144,992)	-	3,083,801
Furniture and equipment	2,455,933	12,387	(327,388)	-	2,140,932
Leased property under capital leases	 28,650	107,271	-	-	135,921
Total accumulated depreciation	 36,382,664	1,845,221	(472,380)	-	37,755,505
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 59,895,848	(594,393)	(52,486)	4,847,794	64,096,763
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 64,852,946 \$	1,512,891 \$	(52,486) \$	5 - \$	66,313,351

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount				
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$	1,464,510			
Support services		370,929			
Non-instructional		9,782			
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	1,845,221			

Construction in progress is composed of:

	Ju	Spent to ne 30, 2020	Remaining Commitment
Field House	\$	161,560 \$	7,700
Total construction in progress	\$	161,560 \$	7,700

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded by the three mill construction fund.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

# Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance			Balance	Amounts due
		 7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2020	within one year
Α.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 1,600,000 \$	- \$	(450,000) \$	1,150,000 \$	750,000
	General obligation refunding bonds payable	17,238,000	-	(2,317,000)	14,921,000	2,529,000
В.	Three mill notes payable	4,650,000	-	(500,000)	4,150,000	590,000
C.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	3,000,000	-	(3,000,000)	-	-
D.	Obligations under capital leases	81,504	1,002,952	(160,113)	924,343	138,774
Ε.	Compensated absences payable	 401,839	38,157	-	439,996	-
	Total	\$ 26,971,343 \$	1,041,109 \$	(6,427,113) \$	21,585,339 \$	4,007,774

# A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Ocean Springs School District. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
1 General obligation bonds,					
series 2010	4.00%	9/1/2010	9/1/2021	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 1,150,000
2 General obligation refunding bonds, series 2016	1.2%-1.95%	8/16/2016	5/1/2026	18,253,000	14,921,000
Total				\$ 22,253,000	\$ 16,071,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. General obligation bond issue of 2010:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021 2022	\$ 750,000 \$ 400,000	19,875 \$ 5,250	769,875 405,250
2022	 ,	0,200	400,200
Total	\$ 1,150,000 \$	25,125 \$	1,175,125

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

2. General obligation refunding bond issue of 2016:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 2,529,000 \$	258,653 \$	2,787,653
2022	2,634,000	220,718	2,854,718
2023	2,587,000	177,257	2,764,257
2024	2,641,000	133,278	2,774,278
2025	2,595,000	85,740	2,680,740
2026	 1,935,000	37,732	1,972,732
Total	\$ 14,921,000 \$	913,378 \$	15,834,378

Total all issues:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 3,279,000 \$	278,528 \$	3,557,528
2022	3,034,000	225,968	3,259,968
2023	2,587,000	177,257	2,764,257
2024	2,641,000	133,278	2,774,278
2025	2,595,000	85,740	2,680,740
2026	 1,935,000	37,732	1,972,732
Total	\$ 16,071,000 \$	938,503 \$	17,009,503

This debt will be retired from the general obligation bond funds.

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the Ocean Springs School District is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2020, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 5.3% of property assessments as of October 1, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	lssue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Limited tax notes payable,					
Series 2019	2.65%	5/16/2019	5/16/2027	 4,650,000	4,150,000
Total				\$ 4,650,000	\$ 4,150,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 590,000 \$	109,975 \$	699,975
2022	605,000	94,340	699,340
2023	620,000	78,308	698,308
2024	640,000	61,878	701,878
2025	660,000	44,918	704,918
2026-2027	 1,035,000	36,836	1,071,836
Total	\$ 4,150,000 \$	426,255 \$	4,576,255

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Fund.

## C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

This debt was retired during the year.

#### D. Obligations under capital leases

The Ocean Springs School District has entered into a capital lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of the following:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	(	Amount Outstanding
2017 Copier lease	6.011%	8/1/2017	8/1/2021	\$ 73,151	\$	19,965
2018 Copier lease	5.140%	7/1/2018	6/1/2022	56,270		28,747
2020 Bus Lease	2.630%	7/1/2018	7/8/2028	852,200		756,685
2020 Band Equipment Lease Total	2.860%	10/22/2019	11/1/2023	\$ 150,752 1,132,373	\$	118,946 924,343

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year Ending		Interest and Maintenance	
June 30	Principal	Charges	Total
2021	\$ 138,774 \$	25,150 \$	163,924
2022	120,923	20,896	141,819
2023	109,795	17,645	127,440
2024	112,763	14,678	127,441
2025	83,888	11,627	95,515
2026-2029	 358,200	23,858	382,058
Total	\$ 924,343 \$	113,854 \$	1,038,197

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on these leases:

The Ocean Springs School District uses the straight-line method of amortization for the lease payments which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the difference between the effective interest method and the straight-line method is not considered material.

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

#### E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

## Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

*Plan Description.* The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65,

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

*Contributions.* PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2020 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$5,456,940, \$4,714,972 and \$4,590,569, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school district reported a liability of \$80,862,911 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability was a state of .0032 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019. This was an increase of .0032 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$8,730,408. At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	47,498	84,338
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	848,986
Changes of assumptions	792,412	-
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	1,361,529	73,448
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	5,456,940	-
Total	\$ 7,658,379 \$	1,006,772

\$5,456,940 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year ending June 30:	
2021	\$ 1,043,484
2022	(558,290)
2023	340,289
2024	369,184
Total	\$ 1,194,667

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2018. Subsequent to the June 30, 2018 valuation, the Board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2018. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.90	%
International Equity	22.00		4.75	
Global Equity	12.00		5.00	
Fixed Income	20.00		1.50	
Real Estate	10.00		4.00	
Private Equity	8.00		6.25	
Cash	1.00		0.25	
Total	100	%		

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 106,297,098	\$ 80,862,911	\$ 59,869,273

*Pension plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

## Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

*Plan description.* State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$175,432 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$4,753,929 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was .56024746 percent. This was an increase of .0168 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$328,360. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	7,188	68,048
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	90	-
Changes of assumptions	354,418	246,514
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	297,932	-
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	175,432	-
Total	\$ 835,060 \$	314,562

\$175,432 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2021	\$ 26,720
2022	26,720
2023	26,720
2024	38,502
2025	75,019
Thereafter	 151,385
Total	\$ 345,066

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.20 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.50% 3.89%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2019 2018
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.50% 3.89%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00 percent for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.50 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.89% to 3.50%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2019, the trust has \$1,017,904. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2018 and the June 30, 2019 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	urrent		
	1	% Decrease	D	viscount		1% Increase
	(2.50%)		R	ate (3.50%)	(4.50%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	5,280,786	\$	4,753,929	\$	4,303,154

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare		
				Cost Trend		
			Rates			
	1% Decrease			Current		1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	4,405,248	\$	4,753,929	\$	5,148,926

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

## Note 9 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
1. To adjust beginning asset balances related to the implementation of GASB 84	\$ 217,649
Total	\$ 217,649

#### Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To adjust beginning asset balances related to the implementation of GASB 84	\$ 217,649
Total		\$ 217,649

## Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any,

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

## Note 11 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## Note 12 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$66,221,890) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$5,456,940 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$2,201,439 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$66,221,890) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,006,772 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$66,221,890) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$175,432 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$659,628 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$66,221,890) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$314,562 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

## Note 13 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed at require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Ocean Springs School District evaluated the activity of the district through November 15, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined no subsequent event have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020								ances (Negative)
	Budgeted Am		mounts		Actual		Original	Final
		Original	Final	(	GAAP Basis)		to Final	to Actual
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$	16,635,315 \$	16,646,535	\$	16,651,534	\$	11,220	6 4,99
State sources		29,943,334	29,984,135		29,984,135		40,801	
Federal sources		235,300	246,995		246,995		11,695	
Sixteenth section		-	455		455		455	
Total Revenues		46,813,949	46,878,120		46,883,119		64,171	4,99
Expenditures:								
Instruction		29,640,994	28,783,862		28,783,862		857,132	
Support services		16,983,775	17,591,352		17,636,549		(607,577)	(45,19
Facilities acquisition and construction		400,000	379,547		334,349		20,453	45,19
Debt service:								
Principal		156,593	163,922		160,113		(7,329)	3,80
Interest		-	-		3,809		-	(3,80
Total Expenditures		47,181,362	46,918,683		46,918,682		262,679	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures		(367,413)	(40,563)		(35,563)		326,850	5,00
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Inception of capital leases		-	1,002,952		1,002,952		1,002,952	
Operating transfers in		7,381,451	7,381,771		56,556		320	(7,325,21
Other financing sources		-	1,659		1,658		1,659	
Operating transfers out		(9,152,931)	(8,571,784)		(1,246,569)		581,147	7,325,21
Other financing uses		-	(182)		(183)		(182)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,771,480)	(185,584)		(185,586)		1,585,896	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,138,893)	(226,147)		(221,149)		1,912,746	4,99
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2019, as previously reported		12,666,341	12,666,341		12,666,341		_	
Prior period adjustments		12,000,041	12,000,041		217,649		-	217,64
July 1, 2019, as restated		12,666,341	- 12,666,341		12,883,990			217,64
שוא ז, בטוש, מג ובגומובט		12,000,041	12,000,341		12,003,990		-	217,04
June 30, 2020	\$	10,527,448 \$	12,440,194	\$	12,662,841	\$	1,912,746	5 222,64

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	%	.4596580	.4564150	.445400	.441720	.430000	.430000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	80,862,911	75,915,375	74,036,949	78,902,222	66,469,520	52,194,127
District's covered payroll		29,936,330	29,146,470	28,571,251	28,249,448	27,070,959	26,389,187
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		270.12%	260.46%	259.13%	279.31%	245.54%	197.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last	10	Fiscal	Years

Contractually required contribution	\$ <b>2020</b> 5,456,940	<b>2019</b> 4,714,972	<b>2018</b> 4,590,569	<b>2017</b> 4,499,972	<b>2016</b> 4,449,288	<b>2015</b> 4,263,676
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 5,456,940	4,714,972	4,590,569	4,499,972	4,449,288	4,263,676
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 31,361,724	29,936,330	29,146,470	28,571,251	28,249,448	27,070,959
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	.56024746	.54343190	.51978458
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,753,929	4,203,715	4,078,275
District's covered-employee payroll		29,936,330	29,146,470	28,571,251
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	a	15.88%	14.423%	14.274%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.1198%	0.12911%	0.0000%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

#### SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Actuarially determined contribution	\$ <b>2020</b> 175,432	<b>2019</b> 190,552	<b>2018</b> 173,863
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 175,432	190,552	173,863
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 31,361,724	29,936,330	29,146,470
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.5594%	0.6365%	0.5965%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amouths reported in prior year audit report(s).

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### <u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

<u>2019:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2017 valuation for the June 30, 2019 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	38.4 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

#### **OPEB Schedules**

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25% to 18.50%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.25%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2028
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.89%

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Supplementary Information

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Program Title	No.	Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program National school lunch program Total child nutrition cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.553 10.555	205MS326N1099 205MS326N1099	\$ 272,544 <u>1,161,217</u> <u>1,433,761</u> <u>1,433,761</u> <u>1,433,761</u>
Direct program:			
Reserve officers' training corps Total U.S. Department of Defense	12.357	N/A	<u>    105,646</u> 105,646
<u>Federal Communications Commission</u> Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund <b>Total Federal Communications Commission</b>	32.xxx	N/A	41,400
U.S. Department of Education			
Direct program: Impact Aid Total	84.041	N/A	61,683 61,683
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services: Rehabilitation services - vocational rehabilitation grants to states Total	84.126	H126A200034	<u> </u>
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies Career and technical education - basic grants to states English language acquisition grant Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal Special education cluster:	84.010 84.048 84.365 84.367 84.424 84.425	ES010A190024 VO048A190024 ES365A190024 ES367A190023 ES424A190025 S425D200031	1,056,242 60,215 16,823 213,698 25,595 25,383 1,397,956
Special education - grants to states Special education - preschool grants Total special education cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education <b>Total U.S. Department of Education</b>	84.027 84.173	H027A190108-19A H173A190113	1,274,474 44,118 1,318,592 2,716,548 2,794,078
<ul> <li><u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</u></li> <li>Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Medical assistance program</li> <li>Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education</li> <li>Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</li> <li>Total for All Federal Awards</li> </ul>	93.778	2005MS5ADM	9,484 9,484 9,484 \$4,384,369

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

## Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Ocean Springs School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Ocean Springs School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Ocean Springs School District.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Ocean Springs School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### ((4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$177,472 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

#### OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 43,361,377 19,944,017	35,476,849 3,916,418	1,428,364 201,010	2,780,001 33,948	3,676,163 15,792,641
Total	\$ 63,305,394	39,393,267	1,629,374	2,813,949	19,468,804
Total number of students *	 5,984				
Cost per student	\$ 10,579	6,584	272	470	3,253

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

\* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

**Other Information** 

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

#### General Fund

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

		2020		2019*		2018*	2017*
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$	16,651,534	\$	16,224,761	\$	15,426,886 \$	15,437,165
State sources		29,984,135		28,288,468		27,745,328	27,097,959
Federal sources		246,995		267,773		213,624	219,404
Sixteenth section		455		2,198		-	5,984
Total Revenues		46,883,119		44,783,200		43,385,838	42,760,512
Expenditures:							
Instruction		28,783,862		26,759,108		26,259,553	25,535,539
Support services		17,636,549		16,300,558		15,109,803	14,855,776
Noninstructional services		-		-		70,663	2,215
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		334,349		20,326		873,547	-
Principal		160,113		31,240		16,677	-
Interest		3,809		5,241		3,943	-
Total Expenditures		46,918,682		43,116,473		42,334,186	40,393,530
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		(35,563)		1,666,727		1,051,652	2,366,982
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Inception of capital leases		1,002,952		56,270		73,151	-
Insurance recovery		-		1,551		1,522	5,302
Operating transfers in		56,556		48,937		33,357	31,473
Other financing sources		1,658		-		-	-
Operating transfers out		(1,246,569)		(1,437,970)		(1,207,696)	(1,160,689)
Other financing uses		(183)		-		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(185,586)		(1,331,212)		(1,099,666)	(1,123,914)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(221,149)		335,515		(48,014)	1,243,068
Not Change in Fund Dalances		(221,143)		000,010		(+0,01+)	1,240,000
Fund Balances:							
Beginning of period, as previously reported		12,666,341		12,330,826		12,378,840	11,135,772
Prior period adjustment		217,649		-		-	-
Beginning of period, as restated		12,883,990		12,330,826		12,378,840	11,135,772
End of Period	\$	12,662,841	\$	12,666,341	\$	12,330,826 \$	12,378,840
	φ	12,002,041	φ	12,000,341	φ	12,000,020 Φ	12,370,040

**\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS** 

Other Information

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds

## Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	2020	2019*	2018*	2017*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 20,959,505 \$	20,646,242 \$	20,181,893 \$	19,767,323
State sources	31,514,541	29,485,758	28,931,128	27,941,544
Federal sources	4,384,369	4,253,662	3,947,466	3,951,502
Sixteenth section	455	2,198	-	5,984
Total Revenues	56,858,870	54,387,860	53,060,487	51,666,353
Expenditures:				
Instruction	33,073,848	30,940,193	29,913,315	29,093,039
Support services	18,846,741	17,523,015	16,330,923	16,039,266
Noninstructional services	2,383,016	2,081,023	2,009,344	2,055,864
Facilities acquisition and construction	2,117,269	3,082,454	1,155,127	170,322
Debt service:				
Principal	6,427,113	3,169,240	3,150,677	2,743,000
Interest	452,719	418,045	484,700	450,594
Other	4,688	39,124	14,481	216,829
Total Expenditures	63,305,394	57,253,094	53,058,567	50,768,914
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(6,446,524)	(2,865,234)	1,920	897,439
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued	-	4,650,000	525,000	525,000
Capital leases issued	1,002,952	56,270	73,151	-
Insurance recovery	-	108,474	1,522	5,302
Refunding bonds issued	-		-	18,253,000
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent	-	274,712	283,011	280,220
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-			(18,029,768)
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	-	(274,712)	(283,011)	(280,220)
Operating transfers in	1,815,981	1,743,871	1,415,711	1,421,970
Other financing sources	1,703	-	-	
Operating transfers out	(1,815,981)	(1,743,871)	(1,415,711)	(1,421,970)
Other financing uses	(183)	-	-	(1,421,070)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,004,472	4,814,744	599,673	753,534
с (, ,			,	,
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,442,052)	1,949,510	601,593	1,650,973
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	20,713,015	18,768,344	18,152,408	16,518,335
Prior period adjustment	20,713,013 217,649	10,700,044	10,102,400	10,010,000
Beginning of period, as restated	20,930,664	18,768,344	18,152,408	16,518,335
		10,700,044	10,102,400	10,010,000
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	57,633	(4,839)	14,343	(16,900)
End of Period	\$ 15,546,245 \$	20,713,015 \$	18,768,344 \$	18,152,408

\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2020.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ocean Springs School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ocean Springs School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Ocean Springs School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 15, 2020

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Ocean Springs School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Ocean Springs School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Ocean Springs School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Ocean Springs School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Ocean Springs School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Ocean Springs School District's compliance.

## **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Ocean Springs School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Ocean Springs School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Ocean Springs School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ocean Springs School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 15, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, which collectively comprise Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 15, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

## Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:							
1.	Туре с	Unmodified					
2.	2. Internal control over financial reporting:						
	a.						
	b.						
3.	3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?						
Fed	leral Aw	ards:					
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:					
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No			
	b.	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?					
5.	5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:						
6.	6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?						
7.	Iden	tification of major programs:					
	<u>CFD</u>	A Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Clu	<u>ster</u>			
	10.5	53	School Breakfast Program				
	10.5	55	National School Lunch Program				
8.	Dolla	\$750,000					
•	A 11						
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?     Y						
10.	. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal No awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).						

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.