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QUITMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	7
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Exhibit A - Statement of Net Position	17
Exhibit B - Statement of Activities	18
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit C - Balance Sheet	19
Exhibit C-1 - Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	
Statement of Net Position	20
Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	21
Exhibit D-1 - Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	00
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	22
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	22
Exhibit E - Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Notes to the Financial Statements	23 27
Notes to the Financial Statements	21
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	53
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title I Fund	54
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - School Improvement Fund	55
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - 21st Century Fund	56
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	57
Schedule of District Contributions (Pension)	58
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB)	59 60
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	61
Notes to the Required Supplementary information	01
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	67
Schedule of Instructional, Administative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds	68
Notes to the Supplementary Information	69
OTHER INFORMATION	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund,	
Last Four Years	73
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental	
Funds, Last Four Years	74
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	77
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on	
Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	79
INDEDENDENT AUDITOD'S DEDOCT ON COMPULANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND DECULATIONS	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	83
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	87







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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Quitman County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Quitman County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Quitman County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Quitman County School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 7-14, 53-56, 57, 58, 59, and 60, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Quitman County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated September 3, 2021, on my consideration of the Quitman County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide

an opinion on the effectiveness of the Quitman County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Quitman County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi September 3, 2021 (This page left blank intentionally)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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The following discussion and analysis of Quitman County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2020 decreased \$833,684, including a prior period adjustment of \$(87,965), which represents a 6% decrease from fiscal year 2019. Total net position for 2019 increased \$237,117, including a prior period adjustment of \$1,049,712, which represents a 2% increase from fiscal year 2018.
- General revenues amounted to \$ 9,149,264 and \$9,381,326, or 70% and 69% of all revenues for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,872,632 or 30% of total revenues for 2020, and \$4,150,976, or 31% of total revenues for 2019.
- The District had \$13,767,615 and \$14,344,897 in expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019; only \$3,872,632 for 2020 and \$4,150,976 for 2019 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$9,149,264 for 2020 and \$9,381,326 for 2019 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$ 8,628,821 in revenues and \$8,224,222 in expenditures for 2020, and \$9,068,551 in revenues and \$9,473,366 in expenditures in 2019. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$26,852 from 2019 to 2020, and decreased by \$113,189 from 2018 to 2019.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$333,654 for 2020 and increased by \$1,288,561 for 2019. The decrease for 2020 was due to the addition of furniture and equipment coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$315,910 for 2020 and increased by \$284,261 for 2019. This decrease for 2020 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$5,989 for 2020 and decreased by \$4,078 for 2019.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position."

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental

funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$14,623,244 as of June 30, 2020.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

		June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	Percentage Change
Current assets	\$	1,756,029	\$ 1,885,790	-6.88%
Restricted assets		454,495	375,436	21.06%
Capital assets, net		7,306,252	 7,639,906	-4.37%
Total assets	_	9,516,776	 9,901,132	-3.88%
Deferred outflows of resources	_	2,498,473	 2,689,108	-7.09%
Current liabilities		672,523	717,402	-6.26%
Long-term debt outstanding		5,296,015	5,617,914	-5.73%
Net OPEB liability		1,457,497	1,315,760	10.77%
Net pension liability		18,706,776	 17,949,803	4.22%
Total liabilities	_	26,132,811	 25,600,879	2.08%
Deferred inflows of resources	_	505,682	 778,921	-35.08%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		2,217,908	2,085,645	6.34%
Restricted		650,199	779,177	-16.55%
Unrestricted		(17,491,351)	 (16,654,382)	-5.03%
Total net position	\$	(14,623,244)	\$ (13,789,560)	-6.05%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (17,491,351)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows	18,171,482
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 680,131

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$333,654.
- The principal retirement of \$315,910 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 were \$13,021,896 and \$13,532,302, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$13,767,615 for 2020 and \$14,344,897 for 2019.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2020	Year Ended June 30, 2019	Percentage Change
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 99,676	\$ 346,416	(71.23) %
Operating grants and contributions	3,772,956	3,804,560	(0.83) %
General revenues:			
Property taxes	3,488,389	3,667,268	(4.88) %
Grants and contributions not restricted	5,239,782	5,424,401	(3.40) %
Investment earnings	27,874	32,748	(14.88) %
Sixteenth section sources	216,654	256,909	(15.67) %
Other	 176,565		N/A %
Total revenues	13,021,896	13,532,302	(3.77) %
Expenses:			
Instruction	5,613,014	6,124,240	(8.35) %
Support services	4,895,588	5,028,397	(2.64) %
Non-instructional	1,005,962	1,085,928	(7.36) %
Pension expense	1,928,586	1,871,664	3.04 %
OPEB expense	101,188	75,985	33.17 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	223,277	158,683	40.71 %
Total expenses	 13,767,615	14,344,897	(4.02) %
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 (745,719)	 (812,595)	8.23 %
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported *	(13,789,560)	(14,026,677)	1.69 %
Prior Period Adjustment	 (87,965)	1,049,712	(108.38) %
Net Position, July 1, as restated *	 (13,877,525)	(12,976,965)	(6.94) %
Net Position, June 30	\$ (14,623,244)	\$ (13,789,560)	(6.05) %

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	Percentage		
		2020		2019	Change
Instruction	\$	5,613,014	\$	6,124,240	(8.35) %
Support services		4,895,588		5,028,397	(2.64) %
Non-instructional		1,005,962		1,085,928	(7.36) %
Pension Expense		1,928,586		1,871,664	3.04 %
OPEB Expense		101,188		75,985	33.17 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		223,277		158,683	40.71 %
Total expenses	\$	13,767,615	\$	14,344,897	(4.02) %
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue 2019	Percentage Change
Instruction	<u> </u>		nse) 		_
Instruction Support services	\$	2020		2019	Change
	\$	2020 (4,008,428)		2019 (4,183,090)	Change 4.18 %
Support services	\$	2020 (4,008,428) (3,704,633)		2019 (4,183,090) (3,953,953)	Change 4.18 % 6.31 %
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2020 (4,008,428) (3,704,633) 71,129		2019 (4,183,090) (3,953,953) 49,454	Change 4.18 % 6.31 % 43.83 %
Support services Non-instructional Pension Expense	\$	2020 (4,008,428) (3,704,633) 71,129 (1,928,586)		2019 (4,183,090) (3,953,953) 49,454 (1,871,664)	Change 4.18 % 6.31 % 43.83 % (3.04) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$9,894,983 for 2020 and \$10,193,921 for 2019) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,488,389 for 2020 and \$3,667,268 for 2019) and state and federal revenues (\$5,239,782 for 2020 and \$5,424,401 for 2019). In addition, there was \$216,654 and \$256,909 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$27,874 for 2020 and \$32,748 for 2019.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,590,081, an increase of \$15,358, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$(87,965) and an increase in inventory of \$10,765. \$684,848 or 43% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$905,233 or 57% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$26,852. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$74,383, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$(1,034) and an increase in reserve for inventory of \$10,765. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Title I Fund	\$ no increase or decrease
School Improvement Fund	\$ no increase or decrease
21st Century Fund	\$ no increase or decrease
QSCB Fund	\$ 116,593

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions made during the fiscal year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared to the total revenues and expenditures of the district.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2020, the District's total capital assets were \$11,943,113, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$7,623 from 2019. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020, was \$4,636,861, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$341,277, resulting in total net capital assets of \$7,306,252.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	Percentage Change
Land	\$	76,602	\$ 76,602	0.00 %
Buildings		3,280,700	3,345,601	(1.94) %
Building improvements		2,593,787	2,727,883	(4.92) %
Improvements other than buildings		516,972	546,018	(5.32) %
Mobile equipment		808,465	911,391	(11.29) %
Furniture and equipment		29,726	32,411	(8.28) %
Total	\$	7,306,252	\$ 7,639,906	(4.37) %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2020, the District had \$ 5,296,015 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$325,841 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$5 989 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2020	Jı	une 30, 2019	Percenta Change	_
General obligation bonds payable	\$	2,890,000	\$	3,130,000	(7.67)	%
Three mill notes payable		885,000		910,000	(2.75)	%
Installment purchase loans payable		488,351		539,261	(9.44)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		975,000		975,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		57,664		63,653	(9.41)	%
Total	\$	5,296,015	\$	5,617,914	(5.73)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Quitman County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Quitman County School District, P. O. Drawer E. Marks, MS 38666.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020	Exhibit A
	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 901,463
Due from other governments	823,478
Inventories	31,088
Restricted assets Capital assets, non-depreciable:	454,495
Land	76,602
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	70,002
Buildings	3,280,700
Building improvements	2,593,787
Improvements other than buildings	516,972
Mobile equipment	808,465
Furniture and equipment	29,726
Total Assets	9,516,776
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,248,689
Deferred outflows - OPEB	249,784
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,498,473
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	599,169
Unearned revenue	21,274
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	52,080
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	322,958
Non-capital related liabilities	2,883
Net OPEB liability	55,299
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	4.045.000
Capital related liabilities	4,915,393
Non-capital related liabilities	54,781
Net pension liability	18,706,776
Net OPEB liability	1,402,198
Total Liabilities	26,132,811
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	409,241
Deferred inflows - OPEB	96,441
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	505,682
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	2,217,908
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	111,843
Capital Projects	492
Debt service	445,141
Forestry improvements	63,599 20,124
Unemployment benefits Unrestricted	29,124 (17,491,351)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (14,623,244)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

				MIT SCHOOL DI			
Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020	,						Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020	'		D	or Doverno			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
	-		Progr	am Revenues Operating	Capital		Position
		Charges for		Grants and	Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 5,613,014	65,484	\$	1,539,102 \$	-	\$	(4,008,428)
Support services	4,895,588	-		1,190,955	-		(3,704,633)
Non-instructional	1,005,962	34,192		1,042,899	-		71,129
Pension expense	1,928,586	-		-	-		(1,928,586)
OPEB expense	101,188	-		-	-		(101,188)
Interest on long-term liabilities	223,277	-		-			(223,277)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 13,767,615	99,676	\$	3,772,956 \$		\$	(9,894,983)
		General Revenues: Taxes: General purp Debt purpose		es			3,103,674 384,715
		Unrestricted gra	ants and	contributions:			
		State					5,172,248
		Federal					67,534
		Unrestricted inv					27,874
		Sixteenth section	n sourc	es			216,654
		Other Total Gene	nal Dav				176,565
		rotal Gene	erai Rev	enues		_	9,149,264
		Change in Net Posi	tion			_	(745,719)
		Net Position - Begir	•	previously reporte	d		(13,789,560)
		Prior Period Adjus	stments				(87,965)
		Net Position - Begin	ning, as	restated			(13,877,525)
		Net Position (deficit) - Endir	ng		\$	(14,623,244)

Governmental Funds								
Balance Sheet							Exhibit C	
June 30, 2020		Maian Funda						
		Major Funds	School			_ Other	Total	
	General		Improvement	21st Century	QSCB	Governmental	Governmental	
	Fund	Title I Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 463,567	\$	\$	\$		\$ 438,374 \$	901,941	
Cash with fiscal agents					123,017		123,017	
Investments					331,000		331,000	
Due from other governments	71,971	177,727	165,297	175,209		221,983	812,187	
Due from other funds	625,673	476		2,500		15,402	644,051	
Inventories						31,088	31,088	
Total assets	\$ 1,161,211	178,203 \$	165,297 \$	177,709 \$	454,017	\$ 706,847 \$	2,843,284	
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilitie	\$ 408,458 \$	53,771 \$	32,248 \$	- \$		\$ 104,692 \$	599,169	
Due to other funds	14,958	124,432	133,049	177,709		182,612	632,760	
Unearned revenue	,	•	,	, -		21,274	21,274	
Total Liabilities	423,416	178,203	165,297	177,709	-	308,578	1,253,203	
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory						31,088	31,088	
Restricted:								
Debt service					454,017	43,204	497,221	
Capital projects						150,499	150,499	
Forestry improvement purposes						63,599	63,599	
Grant activities						80,755	80,755	
Unemployment benefits						29,124	29,124	
Assigned:								
Student activities	52,947						52,947	
Unassigned	684,848						684,848	
Total Fund Balances	737,795		_	-	454,017	398,269	1,590,081	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance:	\$ 1,161,211	178,203 \$	165,297 \$	177,709 \$	454,017	\$ 706,847 \$	2,843,284	

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of N June 30, 2020	let Position	Exhibit C-1
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	1,590,081
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$ 76,602 4,396,713 4,184,365 726,132 2,066,442 492,859 (4,636,861)	7,306,252
 Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 		.,,
Net pension liability	(18,706,776)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	2,248,689 (409,241)	(16,867,328)
3. Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability	(1,457,497)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to futuperiods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	ure	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	249,784 (96,441)	(1,304,154)
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds Other bonds payable Compensated absences Three mill notes payable Installment purchase loan payable Accrued interest payable	(2,890,000) (975,000) (57,664) (885,000) (488,351) (52,080)	(5,348,095)
N. A. D 161 of management of the late		/4.4.000.04.0
Net Position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(14,623,244)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

			mental Funds				
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures a	nd Changes in Fu	ind Balances					Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020		Major Funds					
-	General Fund	Title I Fund	School Improvement Fund	21st Century Fund	QSCB Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Local sources	3,286,140 \$	\$;	\$	8,593 \$	497,486 \$	3,792,219
State sources	5,120,668				-	567,354	5,688,022
Federal sources	5,202	1,006,633	544,193	256,640	41,837	1,470,212	3,324,717
Sixteenth section sources	216,811			-		127	216,938
Total Revenues	8,628,821	1,006,633	544,193	256,640	50,430	2,535,179	13,021,896
Expenditures:							
Instruction	4,376,851	357,987	528,805	172,796		934,436	6,370,875
Support services	3,713,263	516,299		49,309		685,554	4,964,425
Noninstructional services	41,712	102,347		34,535		897,438	1,076,032
Debt service:							
Principal	50,910		-	-	-	265,000	315,910
Interest	21,690		-	-	44,460	114,606	180,756
Other	19,796		-	-	844	700	21,340
Total Expenditures	8,224,222	976,633	528,805	256,640	45,304	2,897,734	12,929,338
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	404,599	30,000	15,388	-	5,126	(362,555)	92,558
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Payments held by escrow agent	_		_		108,000	_	108,000
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	_		_	-	(108,000)		(108,000)
Operating transfers in	151,686				111,467	440,753	703,906
Operating transfers out	(496,206)	(30,000)	(15,388)			(162,312)	(703,906)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(344,520)	(30,000)	(15,388)	-	111,467	278,441	_
Net Change in Fund Balances	60,079	-	-	-	116,593	(84,114)	92,558
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2019, as previously reported	764,647				337,424	472,652	1,574,723
Prior period adjustments	(86,931)					(1,034)	(87,965)
July 1, 2019, as restated	677,716	-	-	-	337,424	471,618	1,486,758
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	-			-	-	10,765	10,765
June 30, 2020	737,795 \$	-	- \$	- \$	454,017 \$	398,269 \$	1,590,081

QUITMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT					
Governmental Funds					
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		Exhibit D-1			
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities					
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020					
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	92,558			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:					
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 					
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 7,623 (341,277)	(333,654)			
2. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:					
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	315,910 (21,181)	294,729			
3 Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:					
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(1,928,586) 1,163,086	(765,500)			
4. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:					
OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(101,188) 50,582	(50,606)			
5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:					
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory	5,989 10,765	16,754			
Change in Net Position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(745,719)			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	Exhibit E
June 30, 2020	
	Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,026
Total Assets	\$ 23,026
Liabilities	
Due to other funds	11,291
Due to student clubs	 11,735
Total Liabilities	\$ 23,026

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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QUITMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five-member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Quitman County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources
 imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

QUITMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for the federal revenue received and expenditures incurred related to the Title I grants to local education agencies program.

School Improvement Grant Fund – This is a special revenue fund that accounts for the federal revenue received and expenditures incurred related to the School Improvement Grants program.

21St Century Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for the federal revenue received and expenditures incurred related to the Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers program.

QSCB Fund – This is a debt service fund that accounts for the repayment of the district's qualified school construction bond.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets and liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through student club activities.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the resources of paid claims held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets and liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

QUITMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g., Qualified School Construction Bond sinking fund. The restricted assets represent the unexpended bond and note proceeds.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$ 0	0	
Buildings	50,000	40 years	
Building improvements	25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years	
Leased property under capital leases	*	*	

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as a deferred outflow related to pensions and a deferred outflow related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as a deferred inflow related to pensions and a deferred inflow related to OPEB.

See Note 16 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The formal action required is approval in the official board minutes. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by policy adopted by the School Board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 3% of revenues. If the unassigned fund

balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$ 901,941 and \$23,026, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust

department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2020, none of the district's bank balance of \$ 1,898,847 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$ 123,017.

Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	3	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years))	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury SLGS	N/A	1 to 5	\$	331,000
Total			\$	331,000

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

Level 1 type of investments of \$ 331,000 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 124,432
	School Improvement Fund	133,049
	21st Century Fund	177,709
	Other governmental funds	182,612
	Fiduciary funds	7,871
Title I fund	Fiduciary funds	476
21st Century fund	Fiduciary funds	2,500
Other governmental funds	General Fund	14,958
	Fiduciary funds	 444
Total		\$ 644,051

The inter fund balances represent loans created by the existence of negative fund cash balances in a pooled bank account. Negative fund cash balances in governmental funds(special revenues funds) are a result of the timing of cash flows inherent in the reimbursable grant funds due from the Federal government. Interfund balances also include amounts in agency funds (fiduciary funds) due to the General Fund.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers In		Amount
QSCB fund	\$	55,453
Other governmental funds		440,753
General Fund		30,000
General Fund		15,388
General Fund		106,298
QSCB fund		56,014
	\$	703,906
	QSCB fund Other governmental funds General Fund General Fund General Fund	QSCB fund \$ Other governmental funds General Fund General Fund General Fund QSCB fund

Transfers are used primarily to move unrestricted general fund monies to finance various programs and projects accounted for in other funds.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent balance and investment balance, totaling \$123,017 and \$331,000, respectively, of the Quitman County School District Qualified School Construction Bond Fund. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash, totaling \$478 of the Quitman County School District Middle School Gym Debt Fund.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance
	 7/1/2019	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2020
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 76,602 \$	\$	\$	76,602
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 76,602	-	-	76,602
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	4,396,713			4,396,713
Building improvements	4,184,365			4,184,365
Improvements other than buildings	726,132			726,132
Mobile equipment	2,066,442			2,066,442
Furniture and equipment	 485,236	7,623		492,859
Total depreciable capital assets	 11,858,888	7,623		11,866,511
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,051,112	64,901		1,116,013
Building improvements	1,456,482	134,096		1,590,578
Improvements other than buildings	180,114	29,046		209,160
Mobile equipment	1,155,051	102,926		1,257,977
Furniture and equipment	452,825	10,308		463,133
Total accumulated depreciation	4,295,584	341,277	-	4,636,861
Total depreciable capital assets, net	7,563,304	(333,654)	-	7,229,650
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,639,906 \$	(333,654) \$	- \$	7,306,252

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount	
Governmental activities:		
Instruction	\$	103,521.00
Support services		236,078.00
Non-instructional		1,678.00
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	341,277.00

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2020	Amounts due within one year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 3,130,000 \$		\$ 240,000 \$	2,890,000 \$	245,000
В.	Three mill notes payable	910,000		25,000	885,000	25,000
C.	Installment purchases loans payable	539,261		50,910	488,351	52,958
D.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	975,000			975,000	
E.	Compensated absences payable	63,653		5,989	57,664	2,883
	Total	\$ 5,617,914 \$	-	\$ 321,899 \$	5,296,015 \$	325,841

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
General obligation	2.5-				
bonds, Series 2015	3.25%	4/1/2015	4/2/2030	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 2,890,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 245,000 \$	78,906 \$	323,906
2022	255,000	72,475	327,475
2023	265,000	66,100	331,100
2024	275,000	59,475	334,475
2025	285,000	52,600	337,600
2026 - 2030	 1,565,000	142,075	1,707,075
Total	\$ 2,890,000 \$	471,631 \$	3,361,631

This debt will be retired from the G. O. Bond Debt Service Fund.

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2020, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 3.48% of property assessments as of October 1, 2019.

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	0	utstanding
Limited tax note, Series 2016	3.0- 4.25%	5/16/2016	5/1/2031	\$ 985.000	\$	885.000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 25,000 \$	28,038 \$	53,038
2022	25,000	26,975	51,975
2023	25,000	25,912	50,912
2024	30,000	24,850	54,850
2025	30,000	23,575	53,575
2026 - 2030	610,000	77,825	687,825
2031 – 2035	 140,000	4,375	144,375
Total	\$ 885,000 \$	211,550 \$	1,096,550

This debt will be retired from the Three mill 10/20 years Note Fund.

C. Installment purchases loans payable

The school district has entered into Master installment purchases agreement as listed below. Property under these installment purchases agreements are composed of the following:

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Master installment purchase					
agreement No. 3188942	4.56%	8/1/2018	2/1/2028	\$ 599,536	\$ 488,351

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 52,958 \$	19,642 \$	72,600
2022	55,088	17,512	72,600
2023	57,304	15,296	72,600
2024	59,608	12,992	72,600
2025	62,006	10,594	72,600
2026 – 2028	 201,387	16,413	217,800
Total	\$ 488,351 \$	92,449 \$	580,800

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

D. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 15, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	(<u>Dutstanding</u>
Qualified school						
construction bonds,						
Series 2013	4.56%	4/15/2013	12/1/2024	\$ 975,000	\$	975,000

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021		44,460	44,460
2022		44,460	44,460
2023		44,460	44,460
2024		44,460	44,460
2025	 975,000	44,460	1,019,460
Total	\$ 975,000 \$	222,300 \$	1,197,300

The annual sinking bond payments will be paid from the Qualified School Construction Bond Debt Retirement Fund (debt service fund). It is secured with a pledge of Education Enhancement (EEF) Funds for buildings and buses that are to be used for repayment of the bonds. Proceeds of the bonds were used to finance capital improvements. The notes are payable partially from future revenues of the state Education Enhancement revenue funds for buildings and buses and partially from local funds and are payable through December 1, 2024. Annual sinking fund deposits are expected to require all of the district's annual allocation of such state revenues and other local funds to complete the required debt service payments. The total amount remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$975,000. The school district made a sinking fund payment totaling \$108,000 which was required for the current year. Interest payments of \$44,460 were made. Total state Education Enhancement Fund revenue for buildings and buses was \$56,014.

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Short-Term Financing

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the school district participated in the following short-term financing(s) for cash flow purposes.

A. Bank-financed short term debt.

The school district issued a revenue anticipation note payable to Hancock Whitney Bank, and the proceeds from such issuance are accounted for as a current liability in the General fund of the school district. Once the cash flow was available, the district made a payment consisting of principal and interest to the trustee.

All transactions related to participation in this program are accounted for as part of the school district's General Fund.

B. Changes in short-term debt activity recorded in the governmental activities during fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

Description	7/1/2019	Additions	F	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2020
Tax Anticipation Note \$		\$ 748,185	\$	748,185	\$ _
Total \$	-	\$ 748,185	\$	748,185	\$

Note 8 - Other Commitments

Operating leases:

The school district has several operating leases for the following:

- 1. Three (3) copiers at Quitman Curriculum Office
- 2. Five (5) copiers at Quitman Middle School
- 3. Six (6) copiers at Quitman Middle School

Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2020, amounted to \$10,788.

Future lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2021 2022	\$ 6,496 2,100
Total	\$ 8,596

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of

creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2020 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$1,163,086, \$1,090,755 and \$1,085,415, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school district reported a liability of \$18,706,776 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability was .106337 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019. This was an decrease of .00158 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,928,586. At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 11,231	\$ 18,337
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		381,798
Changes of assumptions	183,151	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	891,221	9,106
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,163,086	
Total	\$ 2,248,689	\$ 409,241

\$1,163,086 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2021	\$ 479,047
2022	113,273
2023	-1,364
2024	85,406

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2018. Subsequent to the June 30, 2018 valuation, the Board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2018. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases 3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.90	%
International Equity	22.00		4.75	
Global Equity	12.00		5.00	
Fixed Income	20.00		1.50	
Real Estate	10.00		4.00	
Private Equity	8.00		6.25	
Cash	1.00		0.25	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease			Discount		1% Increase
		(6.75%)		Rate (7.75%)		(8.75%)
District's proportionate share	·	_		_		_
of the net pension liability	\$	24,590,706	\$	18,706,776	\$	13,850,121

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$50,582 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$1,457,497 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.17176512 percent. This was an increase of 0.00167139 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$101,188. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,204	\$ 20,863
Changes of assumptions	108,660	75,578
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	27	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	88,311	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	50,582	
Total	\$ 249,784	\$ 96,441

\$50,582 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

2021	\$ 4,836
2022	4,836
2023	4,836
2024	8,449
2025	19,297
Thereafter	60,507

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases 3.00-18.20 percent, including wage

inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.50% Prior Measurement Date 3.89%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2019 Prior Measurement Date 2018

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date 3.50% Prior Measurement Date 3.89%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.00 percent for 2019 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.50 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.89% to 3.50%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2019, the trust has \$1,017,904. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2018 and the June 30, 2019 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate

that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current				
	•	1% Decrease		Discount		1% Increase
		(2.50%)	F	Rate (3.50%)		(4.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,619,025	\$	1,457,497	\$	1,319,295

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,350,596	\$ 1,457,497	\$ 1,578,599

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 11 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending		Amount
June 30		
2021	S	154,849
2022		154,849
Total	S	309,698

Note 12 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
An increase/decrease in a revenue or expenditure from a prior period	\$ (87,965)
Total	\$ (87,965)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	An increase/decrease in a revenue or expenditure from a prior period	\$ (86,931)
Other governmental funds	An increase/decrease in a revenue or expenditure from a prior period	(1,034)
Total		\$ (87,965)

Note 13 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 14 -Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 56 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 15 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While

Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the subsidy payments amounted to \$41,837.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2020 was \$454,017. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 108,000
2022	108,000
2023	108,000
2024	108,000
2025	 108,000
Total	\$ 540,000

Note 16 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(17,491,351) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,163,086 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$1,085,603 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(17,491,351) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$409,241 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(17,491,351) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$50,582 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$199,202 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(17,491,351) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$96,441 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Quitman County School District evaluated the activity of the district through September 3, 2021, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

On September 16, 2020, the school district issued a tax anticipation note with First Security Bank for a maximum principal amount of \$2,204,634 at 2.3% with a maturity date of June 1, 2021.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Required Supplementary Information

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Positive (Negative)	
	 Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 3,066,795 \$	3,281,656 \$	3,286,140 \$	214,861 \$	4,484
State sources	5,033,769	5,120,668	5,120,668	86,899	-
Federal sources	2,000	5,202	5,202	3,202	-
Sixteenth section sources	 265,404	216,811	216,811	(48,593)	
Total Revenues	 8,367,968	8,624,337	8,628,821	256,369	4,484
Expenditures:					
Instruction	4,600,596	4,376,851	4,376,851	223,745	-
Support services	4,007,076	3,713,263	3,713,263	293,813	-
Noninstructional services	43,765	41,712	41,712	2,053	-
Debt service: Principal		93,095	50,910	(93,095)	42,185
Interest		23,347	21,690	(23,347)	1,657
Other			19,796	(=0,0)	(19,796)
Total Expenditures	8,651,437	8,248,268	8,224,222	403,169	24,046
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 (283,469)	376,069	404,599	659,538	28,530
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in	1,732,255	1,385,852	151,686	(346,403)	(1,234,166)
Other financing sources Operating transfers out	(2,128,520)	(1,730,374)	(496,206)	- 398,146	- 1,234,168
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (396,265)	(344,522)	(344,520)	51,743	2
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	 (590,205)	(344,322)	(344,320)	31,743	
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (679,734)	31,547	60,079	711,281	28,532
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2019, as previously reported	842,700	762,799	764,647	(79,901)	1,848
Prior period adjustments		(80,569)	(86,931)	(80,569)	(6,362)
July 1, 2019, as restated	 842,700	682,230	677,716	(160,470)	(4,514)
June 30, 2020	\$ 162,966 \$	713,777 \$	737,795 \$	550,811 \$	24,018

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

June 30, 2020

To the real chief dulle 30, 2020			_	Varian Positive (N	
	Budgeted .	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	\$	\$	- \$	-
State sources				-	-
Federal sources	1,059,406	1,006,633	1,006,633	(52,773)	-
Total Revenues	1,059,406	1,006,633	1,006,633	(52,773)	-
Expenditures:					
Instruction	390,804	357,987	357,987	32,817	-
Support services	525,971	516,299	516,299	9,672	-
Noninstructional services	92,827	102,347	102,347	(9,520)	-
Total Expenditures	1,009,602	976,633	976,633	32,969	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	49,804	30,000	30,000	(19,804)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in				-	-
Operating transfers out	(49,804)	(30,000)	(30,000)	19,804	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(49,804)	(30,000)	(30,000)	19,804	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	-	-
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2019				-	

- \$

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule School Improvement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

June 30, 2020

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Federal sources 600,817 544,193 544,193 (56,624)**Total Revenues** 600,817 544,193 544,193 (56,624) **Expenditures:** Instruction 572,519 528,711 528,805 43,808 (94)**Total Expenditures** 572,519 528,805 43,808 528,711 (94)Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 28,298 15,482 15,388 (12,816)(94)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out (28, 298)94 (15,482)(15,388)12,816 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (28, 298)94 (15,482)(15,388)12,816 Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances: July 1, 2019

- \$

- \$

- \$

- \$

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule 21st Century Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Varian	ices
			_	Positive (N	legative)
	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	246,840	241,580	256,640	(5,260)	15,060
Total Revenues	 246,840	241,580	256,640	(5,260)	15,060
Expenditures:					
Instruction	152,895	172,796	172,796	(19,901)	-
Support services	26,127	49,309	49,309	(23,182)	-
Noninstructional services	55,327	34,535	34,535	20,792	-
Total Expenditures	 234,349	256,640	256,640	(22,291)	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 12,491	(15,060)	-	(27,551)	15,060
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	(12,491)			12,491	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (12,491)	-	-	12,491	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	 -	(15,060)	-	(15,060)	15,060
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2019				-	-
June 30, 2020	\$ - \$	(15,060)\$	- \$	(15,060)\$	15,060

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liab	oility	0.106337%	0.107917%	0.096832%	0.097244%	0.108979%	0.100609%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	18,706,776	17,949,803	16,096,767	17,370,208	16,846,005	12,212,091
District's covered payroll		6,925,429	6,891,524	6,211,829	6,221,327	6,808,375	6,147,702
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		270.12%	260.46%	259.13%	279.20%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentag the total pension liability	e of	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Contributions **PERS** Last 10 Fiscal Years 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Contractually required contribution 1,163,086 1,090,755 1,085,415 978,363 1,072,319 979,859 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution 1,163,086 1,090,755 1,085,415 978,363 979,859 1,072,319 Contribution deficiency (excess) District's covered payroll 6,684,402 6,925,429 6,891,524 6,211,829 6,221,327 6,808,375 Contributions as a percentage of covered 17.40% payroll 15.75% 15.75% 15.75% 15.75% 15.75%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.17176512%	0.17009373%	0.15983744%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,457,497	1,315,760	1,254,099
District's covered - employee payroll	6,925,429	6,891,524	7,181,057
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	21.05%	19.09%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2020 50,582	2019 58,421 \$	2018 53,464
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	50,582	58,421	53,464
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	
District's covered - employee payroll	6,684,402	6,925,429	4,494,756
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	0.76%	0.84%	1.19%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

QUITMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased

QUITMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2020

from 6% to 7%.

2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2017 valuation for the June 30, 2019 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Entry age

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price Inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return

Level percentage of payroll, open 38.4 years 5-year smoothed market 3.00 percent 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

QUITMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2020

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 4.75%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2028

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

OPEB plan investment expense, including 3.89%

price inflation

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information					
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards					
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020					
	Catalog of Federal				
Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/	Domestic Assistance	Page through Entity	Federal		
Program Title	No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures		
. reg.am riae					
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster:					
School breakfast program	10.553 10.555	205MS326N1099	\$ 184,138 366,775		
National school lunch program National school lunch program - donated commodities	10.555	205MS326N1099 205MS326N1099	54,786		
Summer food service program for children	10.559	205MS326N1099	6,675		
Covid-19 - Summer food service program for children	10.559	205MS326N1099	315,805		
Total child nutrition cluster			928,179		
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			928,179 928,179		
·			920,179		
U.S. Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:					
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A170024	30,309		
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A180024	95,717		
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A190024	880,607		
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A190024	30,762		
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	ES287C190024	256,640		
Rural education	84.358	ES358B190024	25,000		
Supporting effective instruction state grants Supporting effective instruction state grants	84.367 84.367	ES367A170023 ES367A180023	2,206 18,767		
Supporting effective instruction state grants	84.367	ES367A190023	56,249		
School Improvement Grants	84.377	ES377A150025	544,194		
Student support and academic enrichment	84.424	ES424A190025	60,916		
Covid 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	S425D200031	3,264		
Subtotal Special education cluster:			2,004,631		
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A190108	310,088		
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A170113	3,135		
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A180113	1,770		
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A190113	7,540		
Total special education cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education			322,533 2,327,164 2,327,164		
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:					
Medical assistance program	93.778	1905MS5ADM	25,305		
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			25,305 25,305		
U. S. Department of Social Security					
Direct Program:	06 004	04-20-04MSD100	202		
Social security disability insurance Total U.S. Department of Social Security	96.001	04-20-04M9D100	392 392		
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 3,281,040		

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 9,736,768 3,192,570	6,797,718 825,997	776,860 222,910	824,761 49,881	1,337,429 2,093,782
Total	\$ 12,929,338	7,623,715	999,770	874,642	3,431,211
Total number of students *	 928				
Cost per student	\$ 13,932	8,215	1,077	943	3,697

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

QUITMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Quitman County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Quitman County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Quitman County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and using the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Quitman County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and using the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

Total Revenues 8,628,821 9,068,551 8,883,868 8,993,751 Expenditures: Instruction 4,376,851 4,968,512 4,697,571 4,528,243 Support services 3,713,263 4,351,084 4,175,815 3,917,469 Noninstructional 41,712 81,170 114,602 87,036 Debt service: Principal 50,910 60,275 114,602 87,036 Interest 21,690 12,325 21,690 12,325 21,690 12,325 21,690 12,325 22,748		2020	2019*	2018*	2017*
State sources 5,120,668 5,284,256 5,381,328 5,665,460 Federal sources 5,202 63,516 3,969 43,365 Sixteenth section sources 216,811 256,909 258,390 286,945 Total Revenues 8,628,821 9,068,551 8,883,868 8,993,751 Expenditures: Instruction 4,376,851 4,968,512 4,697,571 4,528,243 Support services 3,713,263 4,351,084 4,175,815 3,917,469 Noninstructional 41,712 81,170 114,602 87,036 Debt service: Principal Interest 21,690 12,325 114,602 87,036 Other 19,796 Total Expenditures 8,224,222 9,473,366 8,987,988 8,532,748 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 404,599 (404,815) (104,120) 461,003 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bond and notes issued 599,536 Coperating transfers in 151,686 133,322 292,926 88,918 </td <td>Revenues:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td>	Revenues:				_
Federal sources 5,202 63,516 3,969 43,365 Sixteenth section sources 216,811 256,909 258,390 286,945 Total Revenues 8,628,821 9,068,551 8,883,868 8,993,751 Expenditures: Instruction 4,376,851 4,968,512 4,697,571 4,528,243 Support services 3,713,263 4,351,084 4,175,815 3,917,469 Noninstructional 41,712 81,170 114,602 87,036 Debt service: Principal Interest 21,690 12,325 12,325 12,400 12,325 Other 19,796 19,796 17 19,796 17 17 10,700 1	Local sources	\$ 3,286,140	3,463,870	3,240,181	2,997,981
Sixteenth section sources 216,811 256,909 258,390 286,945 Total Revenues 8,628,821 9,068,551 8,883,868 8,993,751 Expenditures: Instruction 4,376,851 4,968,512 4,697,571 4,528,243 Support services 3,713,263 4,351,084 4,175,815 3,917,469 Noninstructional 41,712 81,170 114,602 87,036 Debt service: Principal Interest 21,690 12,325 50,910 60,275 50,910 60,275 50,910 50,910 60,275 50,910 50,910 60,275 50,910 50,910 60,275 50,910 50,910 60,275 50,910 <td></td> <td>5,120,668</td> <td>5,284,256</td> <td>5,381,328</td> <td>5,665,460</td>		5,120,668	5,284,256	5,381,328	5,665,460
Total Revenues 8,628,821 9,068,551 8,883,868 8,993,751 Expenditures: Instruction 4,376,851 4,968,512 4,697,571 4,528,243 Support services 3,713,263 4,351,084 4,175,815 3,917,469 Noninstructional 41,712 81,170 114,602 87,036 Debt service: Principal 50,910 60,275 114,602 87,036 Interest 21,690 12,325 21,690 12,325 21,690 12,325 21,690 12,325 22,748	Federal sources	5,202	63,516	3,969	43,365
Expenditures:	Sixteenth section sources	216,811	256,909	258,390	286,945
Instruction	Total Revenues	8,628,821	9,068,551	8,883,868	8,993,751
Instruction	Expenditures:				
Noninstructional 41,712 81,170 114,602 87,036 Debt service: Principal Interest 50,910 60,275 70,275		4,376,851	4,968,512	4,697,571	4,528,243
Debt service: Principal 50,910 60,275 Interest 21,690 12,325 Other 19,796 Total Expenditures 8,224,222 9,473,366 8,987,988 8,532,748 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 404,599 (404,815) (104,120) 461,003 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 599,536 Other financing sources 111,000 0perating transfers in 151,686 133,322 292,926 88,918 Operating transfers out (496,206) (552,232) (1,275,295) (840,881) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (344,520) 291,626 (982,369) (751,963)	Support services				
Principal Interest Interest 50,910 60,275 60,275 60,275 60,275 60,275 70,200 <td>Noninstructional</td> <td>41,712</td> <td>81,170</td> <td>114,602</td> <td>87,036</td>	Noninstructional	41,712	81,170	114,602	87,036
Interest Other	Debt service:				
Interest Other	Principal	50,910	60,275		
Total Expenditures 8,224,222 9,473,366 8,987,988 8,532,748 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 404,599 (404,815) (104,120) 461,003 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 599,536 0ther financing sources 111,000 111,000 0perating transfers in 151,686 133,322 292,926 88,918 0perating transfers out (496,206) (552,232) (1,275,295) (840,881) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (344,520) 291,626 (982,369) (751,963)	•	21,690	12,325		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 404,599 (404,815) (104,120) 461,003 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bond and notes issued 599,536 Other financing sources 111,000 Operating transfers in 151,686 133,322 292,926 88,918 Operating transfers out (496,206) (552,232) (1,275,295) (840,881) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (344,520) 291,626 (982,369) (751,963)	Other	19,796			
over (under) Expenditures 404,599 (404,815) (104,120) 461,003 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bond and notes issued 599,536 Other financing sources 111,000 Operating transfers in 151,686 133,322 292,926 88,918 Operating transfers out (496,206) (552,232) (1,275,295) (840,881) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (344,520) 291,626 (982,369) (751,963)	Total Expenditures	8,224,222	9,473,366	8,987,988	8,532,748
over (under) Expenditures 404,599 (404,815) (104,120) 461,003 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bond and notes issued 599,536 Other financing sources 111,000 Operating transfers in 151,686 133,322 292,926 88,918 Operating transfers out (496,206) (552,232) (1,275,295) (840,881) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (344,520) 291,626 (982,369) (751,963)	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Bond and notes issued 599,536 Other financing sources 111,000 Operating transfers in 151,686 133,322 292,926 88,918 Operating transfers out (496,206) (552,232) (1,275,295) (840,881) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (344,520) 291,626 (982,369) (751,963)	` ,	404,599	(404,815)	(104,120)	461,003
Other financing sources 111,000 Operating transfers in 151,686 133,322 292,926 88,918 Operating transfers out (496,206) (552,232) (1,275,295) (840,881) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (344,520) 291,626 (982,369) (751,963)	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating transfers in 151,686 133,322 292,926 88,918 Operating transfers out (496,206) (552,232) (1,275,295) (840,881) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (344,520) 291,626 (982,369) (751,963)			599,536		
Operating transfers out (496,206) (552,232) (1,275,295) (840,881) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (344,520) 291,626 (982,369) (751,963)	Other financing sources		111,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (344,520) 291,626 (982,369) (751,963)	Operating transfers in	151,686	133,322	292,926	88,918
	Operating transfers out	(496,206)	(552,232)	(1,275,295)	(840,881)
Net Change in Fund Balances 60,079 (113,189) (1,086,489) (290,960)	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(344,520)	291,626	(982,369)	(751,963)
	Net Change in Fund Balances	60,079	(113,189)	(1,086,489)	(290,960)
Fund Balances:	Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported 764,647 877,836 1,924,112 2,366,474		764,647	877,836	1,924,112	2,366,474
		•	, -		(151,402)
	·		877,836		2,215,072
End of Period \$ 737,795 764,647 877,836 1,924,112	End of Period	\$ 737,795	764,647	877,836	1,924,112

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2020	2019	2018*	2017*
Revenues:					_
Local sources	\$	3,792,219	3,935,433	3,697,943	3,500,781
State sources		5,688,022	5,846,707	5,963,782	6,224,776
Federal sources		3,324,717	3,382,253	3,410,555	2,837,256
Sixteenth section sources		216,938	256,909	258,390	286,945
Total Revenues		13,021,896	13,421,302	13,330,670	12,849,758
Expenditures:					
Instruction		6,370,875	6,937,346	6,581,019	5,931,237
Support services		4,964,425	5,546,038	5,857,011	6,356,566
Noninstructional services		1,076,032	1,142,838	1,110,640	1,101,585
Sixteenth section				530,673	
Facilities acquisition and construction					1,725,230
Debt service:					
Principal		315,910	315,275	245,000	240,000
Interest		180,756	179,354	174,631	180,948
Other		21,340	2,494	34	500
Total Expenditures		12,929,338	14,123,345	14,499,008	15,536,066
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		92,558	(702,043)	(1,168,338)	(2,686,308)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds and notes Issued			599,536		
Payments held for QSCB escrow agent		108,000	109,000	109,000	109,000
Payments to QSCB debt escrow agent		(108,000)	(109,000)	(109,000)	(109,000)
Sale of other property		, ,	(, ,	, ,	, ,
Operating transfers in		703,906	741,567	1,568,221	929,799
Other financing sources			111,000		
Operating transfers out		(703,906)	(741,567)	(1,568,221)	(929,799)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	710,536	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances		92,558	8,493	(1,168,338)	(2,686,308)
5 IBI					
Fund Balances:		4 574 700	4 570 070	2 242 700	0.075.000
Beginning of period, as previously reported		1,574,723	1,570,676	3,243,700	6,075,362
Prior period adjustments		(87,965)	(5,372)	(504,476)	(151,402)
Beginning of period, as restated		1,486,758	1,565,304	2,739,224	5,923,960
Impresso (Dannasa) in mass of a line and the		10.765	000	(040)	6.040
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		10,765	926	(210)	6,048
End of Period	\$	1,590,081	1,574,723	1,570,676	3,243,700
LIIU OI F GIIOU	ψ	1,00,001	1,014,120	1,070,070	3,243,700

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

L. Reeves CPA, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 305 PARK RIDGE DRIVE BRANDON, MS 39042 601-624-0777

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Superintendent and School Board Quitman County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Quitman County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Quitman County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated September 3, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Quitman County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Quitman County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Quitman County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Quitman County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not

express such an opinion. The results of tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi September 3, 2021

L. Reeves CPA, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 305 PARK RIDGE DRIVE BRANDON, MS 39042 601-624-0777

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Quitman County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Quitman County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the district's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Quitman County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Quitman County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Quitman County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Quitman County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Quitman County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Quitman County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Quitman County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Quitman County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi September 3, 2021

INDEPENDENT	AUDITOR'S RE	PORT ON COM	IPLIANCE WIT	H STATE LAWS	AND REGULATIONS

L. Reeves CPA, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 305 PARK RIDGE DRIVE BRANDON, MS 39042 601-624-0777

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Quitman County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Quitman County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, which collectively comprise Quitman County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 3, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed the following instance of noncompliance. The noncompliance is reported in finding number SL-001 below.

FINDING SL-001

Criteria:

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds."

Condition:

During our test of classroom supply funds, we noted three (3) instances in which the district could not provide evidence that the eligible employee had received a EEF card or signed a card holder agreement.

Recommendation:

The district should implement procedures to ensure that all eligible employees are issued their EEF classroom supply cards. Evidence of receipt of card and agreement to abide by the cardholder agreement should be maintained by the district and available for audit.

Response:

The district will establish and adhere to a sound system of internal controls ensuring EEF cards issuances, receipts and card holder agreements are accurately recorded and maintained.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the findings in this report to insure that corrective action has been taken.

The Quitman County School District's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC

L. Reeves, CPA, PLLC Brandon, MS September 3, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fina	Financial Statements:					
1.	Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified					
2.	Interna	l control over financial reporting:				
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	?	No		
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identif	ïed?	None Reported		
3.	Noncor	No				
Fed	eral Awa	ards:				
4.	Interna	l control over major programs:				
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	?	No		
	b.	None reported				
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified					
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?					
7.	Identification of major programs:					
	CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
	84.010 Title I Grants to Local Educational A			Agencies		
	84.027	' & 84.173	Special Education Cluster			
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000					
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No					
10	Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal Yes awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).					

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards..

P. O. Drawer E • Marks, MS 38646 • 662-326-5451 • Fax: 662-326-3694 • qcschools.com

SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (UG), the Quitman County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary of prior year audit findings follow up as of June 30, 2020:

Finding	Status
2019-001	Corrected
2019-002	Corrected
2019-003	Corrected
2019-004	Corrected