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RANKIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

RANKIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Rankin County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rankin County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Rankin County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rankin County School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 4-12 and 49-54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information,

although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Rankin County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2020, on our consideration of the Rankin County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Rankin County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Rankin County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi December 22, 2020 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Rankin County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2020 increased \$2,080,059, including a prior period adjustment of \$743,279, which represents a 2% increase from fiscal year 2019. Total net position for 2019 decreased \$1,147,425 which represents a 1% decrease from fiscal year 2018.
- General revenues amounted to \$173,903,060 and \$167,367,496, or 85% and 85% of all revenues for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$31,182,987, or 15% of total revenues for 2020, and \$28,948,853, or 15% of total revenues for 2019.
- The District had \$203,749,267 and \$197,463,774 in expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019; only \$31,182,987 for 2020 and \$28,948,853 for 2019 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$173,903,060 for 2020 were adequate to provide for these programs and \$167,367,496 for 2019 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$160,536,150 in revenues and \$160,729,203 in expenditures for 2020, and \$151,459,897 in revenues and \$157,433,709 in expenditures in 2019. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,881,914, including a prior period adjustment of \$734,279 from 2019 to 2020, and decreased by \$605,634 from 2018 to 2019.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$62,892,518 for 2020 and increased by \$47,046,878 for 2019. The increase for 2020 was due primarily to the increase in Construction in progress and buildings.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$9,020,868 for 2020 and increased by \$69,990,311 for 2019. The decrease for 2020 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$67,058 for 2020 and increased by \$75,831 for 2019.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is

reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$82,071,211 as of June 30, 2020.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	je
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	Change	
Current assets	\$ 45,942,634	\$ 44,013,959	4.38	%
Restricted assets	98,652,674	164,898,804	(40.17)	%
Capital assets, net	277,098,889	214,206,371	29.36	%
Total assets	421,694,197	423,119,134	(0.34)	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 27,204,805	 32,219,189	(15.56)	%
Current liabilities	8,263,849	8,438,880	(2.07)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	234,759,453	244,438,619	(3.96)	%
Net OPEB liability	17,135,961	15,252,513	12.35	%
Net pension liability	266,562,723	249,156,417	6.99	%
Total liabilities	 526,721,986	517,286,429	1.82	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 4,248,227	 22,203,164	(80.87)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	119,328,843	115,513,568	3.30	%
Restricted	33,838,973	172,932,547	(80.43)	%
Unrestricted	(235,239,027)	(372,597,385)	36.87	%
Total net position	\$ (82,071,211)	\$ (84,151,270)	2.47	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (235,239,027)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	260,844,639
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 25,605,612

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$62,892,518.
- The principal retirement of \$11,376,273 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 were \$205,086,047 and \$196,316,349, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$203,749,267 for 2020 and \$197,463,774 for 2019.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended			Year Ended	Percentag	ge .
	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		Change	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	9,063,115	\$	9,393,553	(3.52)	%
Operating grants and contributions		22,119,872		19,555,300	13.11	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		78,839,253		74,346,996	6.04	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		88,105,248		85,892,176	2.58	%
Unrestricted Investment earnings		3,502,688		4,320,872	(18.94)	%
Sixteenth section sources		1,967,888		1,945,493	1.15	%
Other		1,487,983		861,959	72.63	%
Total revenues		205,086,047		196,316,349	4.47	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		104,046,143		100,479,582	3.55	%
Support services		56,918,724		57,395,878	(0.83)	%
Non-instructional		8,495,762		9,867,358	(13.90)	%
Sixteenth section		252,488		253,933	(0.57)	%
Pension expense		23,904,501		21,010,431	13.77	%
OPEB expense		1,119,753		837,136	33.76	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		9,011,896		7,619,456	18.27	%
Total expenses		203,749,267		197,463,774	3.18	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		1,336,780		(1,147,425)	216.50	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(84,151,270)		(83,003,845)	(1.38)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		743,279			100.00	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(83,407,991)		(83,003,845)	(0.49)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(82,071,211)	<u>\$</u>	(84,151,270)	2.47	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3

Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	Percentage		
		2020		2019	Change
Instruction	\$	104,046,143	\$	100,479,582	3.55 %
Support services		56,918,724		57,395,878	(0.83) %
Non-instructional		8,495,762		9,867,358	(13.90) %
Sixteenth section		252,488		253,933	(0.57) %
Pension Expense		23,904,501		21,010,431	13.77 %
OPEB Expense		1,119,753		837,136	33.76 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		9,011,896		7,619,456	18.27 %
Total expenses	\$	203,749,267	\$ 197,463,774		3.18 %
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue 2019	Percentage Change
Instruction	<u> </u>	•	nse) 	•	_
Instruction Support services	\$	2020		2019	Change
	\$	2020 (87,564,804)		2019 (86,271,504)	Change (1.50) %
Support services	\$	2020 (87,564,804) (50,940,302)		2019 (86,271,504) (53,278,227)	Change (1.50) % 4.39 %
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2020 (87,564,804) (50,940,302) 218,093		2019 (86,271,504) (53,278,227) 754,466	Change (1.50) % 4.39 % (71.09) %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$	2020 (87,564,804) (50,940,302) 218,093 (243,117)		2019 (86,271,504) (53,278,227) 754,466 (252,633)	Change (1.50) % 4.39 % (71.09) % 3.77 %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section Pension Expense	\$	2020 (87,564,804) (50,940,302) 218,093 (243,117) (23,904,501)		2019 (86,271,504) (53,278,227) 754,466 (252,633) (21,010,431)	Change (1.50) % 4.39 % (71.09) % 3.77 % (13.77) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$172,566,280 for 2020 and \$168,514,921 for 2019) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$78,839,253 for 2020 and \$74,346,996 for 2019) and state and federal revenues (\$88,105,248 for 2020 and \$85,892,176 for 2019). In addition, there was \$1,967,888 and \$1,945,493 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$3,502,688 for 2020 and \$2,931,370 for 2019.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$136,926,626, a decrease of \$64,220,077, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$734,279 and an increase in inventory of \$413,814. \$25,913,422, or 19% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$111,013,204, or 81% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,881,914, including a prior period adjustment of \$734,279. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$221,318, which includes an increase in inventory of \$413,814. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
2017 Construction Fund	\$ (52,072,821)
2019 Construction Fund	(14,731,314)
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	923,462

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the fiscal year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared to total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2020, the District's total capital assets were \$376,713,206, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$67,725,909 from 2019. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020, was \$99,944,317, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$6,246,747, resulting in total net capital assets of \$277,098,889.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	Percentag Change	9
Land	\$ 10,365,888	\$ 10,365,888	0.00	%
Construction in progress	98,218,266	57,726,405	70.14	%
Buildings	147,357,613	124,021,673	18.82	%
Building improvements	13,573,473	14,224,401	(4.58)	%
Mobile equipment	6,439,379	6,680,527	(3.61)	%
Furniture and equipment	 1,144,270	 1,187,477	(3.64)	%
Total	\$ 277,098,889	\$ 214,206,371	29.36	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2020, the District had \$209,543,912 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$14,979,269 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$11,376,273 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$67,058 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

			Percenta	ıge
	 June 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	Change	<u> </u>
General Obligation bonds payable	\$ 178,500,000	\$ 178,500,000	0.00	%
General Obligation refunding bonds payable	5,120,000	10,025,000	(48.93)	%
Three mill notes payable	21,635,000	24,840,000	(12.90)	%
Obligations under leases payable	2,961,575	3,939,501	(24.82)	%
Compensated absences payable	 1,327,337	 1,260,279	5.32	%
Total	\$ 209,543,912	\$ 218,564,780	(4.13)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Rankin County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Rankin County School District, 1220 Apple Park Place, Brandon, MS 39042.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Rankin County School District

Statement of Net Position Exhibit A
June 30, 2020

June 30, 2020	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	710011000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 39,658,077
Due from other governments	5,369,029
Accrued interest receivable	129,465
Other receivables, net	128,735
Inventories	657,328
Restricted assets	98,652,674
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	• •
Land	10,365,888
Construction in progress	98,218,266
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	147,357,613
Building improvements	13,573,473
Mobile equipment	6,439,379
Furniture and equipment	1,144,270
Total Assets	421,694,197
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
	100 500
Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt	102,533
Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB	24,405,065
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,697,207
Total Deferred Odiflows of Resources	27,204,805
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	7,625,830
Unearned revenue	42,852
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	595,167
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	12,725,000
Non-capital related liabilities	2,254,269
Net OPEB liability	656,391
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	192,530,000
Capital related bond premiums	25,215,541
Non-capital related liabilities	2,034,643
Net pension liability	266,562,723
Net OPEB liability	16,479,570
Total Liabilities	526,721,986
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	3,114,360
Deferred inflows - OPEB	1,133,867
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,248,227
Net Position	110 000 010
Net investment in capital assets	119,328,843
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	4,473,936
Debt service	10,257,009
Forestry improvements	163,554
Unemployment benefits	443,145
Non-expendable:	40 504 005
Sixteenth section	18,501,329
Unrestricted	(235,239,027)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (82,071,211)

Rankin County School District

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Exhibit B

Net (Expense) Revenue and

173,903,060

(84, 151, 270)

(83,407,991)

\$ (82,071,211)

743,279

1,336,780

				Changes in Net Position			
				Operating		Capital	
		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 104,046,143	\$ 4,750,094	\$	11,731,245	\$	-	\$ (87,564,804)
Support services	56,918,724	279,303		5,699,119		-	(50,940,302)
Non-instructional	8,495,762	4,024,347		4,689,508		-	218,093
Sixteenth section	252,488	9,371		-		-	(243,117)
Pension expense	23,904,501	-		-		-	(23,904,501)
OPEB expense	1,119,753	-		-		-	(1,119,753)
Interest on long-term liabilities	9,011,896	-		-			 (9,011,896)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 203,749,267	\$ 9,063,115	\$	22,119,872	\$	-	\$ (172,566,280)
		General Revenues	s:				
		Taxes:					
		General purp	ose	levies			61,550,235
		Debt purpose					17,289,018
				and contribution	ons:		, ,
		State					87,419,428
		Federal					685,820
		Unrestricted in	vest	ment earnings			3,502,688
		Sixteenth section	on s	sources			1,967,888
		Other					 1,487,983

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in Net Position

Prior Period Adjustments

Net Position (deficit) - Ending

Total General Revenues

Net Position - Beginning, as restated

Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported

Rankin County School District Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet
June 30, 2020

2017 2019 Sixteenth Other Total	nmental inds 554,509 556,242 220,415
Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds Fund Assets	554,509 556,242 220,415
Assets	654,509 656,242 220,415
1.44-4-4	556,242 220,415
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 24,678,162 \$ 2,604 \$ 9,070,695 \$ 9,738,812 \$ 15,164,236 \$ 58,654	556,242 220,415
	220,415
Investments - 70,568,346 9,087,896 - 79,656	
Accrued interest receivable - 117,176 12,289 - 129	29,465
Other receivables, net 126,972 1,763 128	28,735
Due from other funds 2,277,027 56,750 2,333	33,777
Inventories 657,328 657	57,328
Total assets \$ 29,880,357 \$ 2,604 \$ 79,756,217 \$ 18,838,997 \$ 18,302,296 \$ 146,780	80,471
Liabilities and Fund Balances	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 280,649 \$ - \$ 7,279,098 \$ - \$ 66,083 \$ 7,625	25,830
	85,163
Unavailable revenue - federal programs 42,852 42	42,852
Total Liabilities 323,501 - 7,279,098 - 2,251,246 9,853	353,845
Fund Balances:	
Nonspendable:	
·	57,328
	501,329
Restricted:	01,020
	352,176
\cdot	597,962
	63,554
	316,608
	143,145
Assigned:	10,110
-	81,102
2,2 2, 2	13,422
Total Fund Balances 29,556,856 2,604 72,477,119 18,838,997 16,051,050 136,926	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$ 29,880,357 \$ 2,604 \$ 79,756,217 \$ 18,838,997 \$ 18,302,296 \$ 146,780	•

Rankin County School District Governmental Funds

Re Jui	Exhibit C-1		
To	al fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 136,926,626
	ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position different because:		
1.	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Land Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$ 10,365,888 98,218,266 223,213,178 17,868,124 20,202,040 7,175,710 (99,944,317)	277,098,889
2.	Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Net pension liability	(266,562,723)	
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	 24,405,065 (3,114,360)	(245,272,018)
3.	Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Net OPEB liability	(17,135,961)	
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	2,697,207	
	Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	 (1,133,867)	(15,572,621)
4.	Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
	General obligation bonds	(178,500,000)	
	General obligation refunding bonds	(5,120,000)	
	Notes payable	(21,635,000)	
	Lease obligations	(2,961,575)	
	Compensated absences	(1,327,337)	
	Unamortized charges	102,533	
	Unamortized premiums Accrued interest payable	(25,215,541) (595,167)	(235,252,087)
	Accided interest payable	 (595, 167)	(200,202,007)
Ne	Position of governmental activities		\$ (82,071,211)

Rankin County School District Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Exhibit D

Tor the real Efficed Julie 30, 2020		Major F	und	5			
		2017		2019	Sixteenth	Other	Total
	General	Construction		Construction	Section Principal	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$ 68,899,097	\$ 531,541	\$	1,881,581	\$ -	\$ 20,098,733	\$ 91,410,952
State sources	89,819,605	-		-	-	5,894,190	95,713,795
Federal sources	729,016	-		-	-	13,782,311	14,511,327
Sixteenth section sources	 1,088,432	-		-	1,231,254	18,505	2,338,191
Total Revenues	160,536,150	531,541		1,881,581	1,231,254	39,793,739	203,974,265
Expenditures:							
Instruction	99,393,836	-		-	-	13,154,891	112,548,727
Support services	55,951,161	842,500		243,026	-	4,060,423	61,097,110
Noninstructional services	1,773,941	98,522		-	-	7,962,329	9,834,792
Sixteenth section	226,169	-		-	-	26,319	252,488
Facilities acquisition and construction		51,663,340		15,916,122	-	557,561	68,137,023
Debt service:							
Principal	3,266,273	-		-	-	8,110,000	11,376,273
Interest	117,823	-		-	-	9,508,606	9,626,429
Other		-		-	-	18,885	18,885
Total Expenditures	160,729,203	52,604,362		16,159,148	-	43,399,014	272,891,727
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	 (193,053)	(52,072,821)		(14,277,567)	1,231,254	(3,605,275)	(68,917,462)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Capital leases issued	2,288,347	-		-	-	-	2,288,347
Insurance recovery	276,826	-		-	-	-	276,826
Sale of transportation equipment	16,622	-		-	-	-	16,622
Sale of other property	956,619	-		-	-	1,878	958,497
Operating transfers in	817,335	-		-	-	3,477,808	4,295,143
Operating transfers out	(3,024,061)	-		(453,747)	(307,792)	(509,543)	(4,295,143)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,331,688	-		(453,747)	(307,792)	2,970,143	3,540,292
Net Change in Fund Balances	 1,138,635	(52,072,821)		(14,731,314)	923,462	(635,132)	(65,377,170)
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2019, as previously reported	27,674,942	52,075,425		87,208,433	17,915,535	16,272,368	201,146,703
Prior period adjustments	743,279	, , , , <u>-</u>		, , , <u>-</u>	, , , <u>-</u>	-	743,279
July 1, 2019, as restated	28,418,221	52,075,425		87,208,433	17,915,535	16,272,368	201,889,982
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	_	-		-	-	413,814	413,814
June 30, 2020	\$ 29,556,856	\$ 2,604	\$	72,477,119	\$ 18,838,997	\$ 16,051,050	\$ 136,926,626

Rankin County School District Governmental Funds

Exhibit D-1

\$ 1,336<u>,</u>780

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020							
Ne	t change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(65,377,170)			
	ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are erent because:						
1.	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:						
	Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 69,279,428 (6,246,747)		63,032,681			
2.	In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(140,163)			
3.	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:						
	Capital leases issued Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	(2,288,347) 11,376,273 77,653		9,165,579			
4.	Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:						
	Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(23,904,501) 18,154,807		(5,749,694)			
5.	Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:						
	OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(1,119,753) 622,779		(496,974)			
6.	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:						
	Change in compensated absences Change in inventory	(67,058) 413,814		000 504			
	Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	555,765		902,521			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in Net Position of governmental activities

Rankin County School District Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2020

Exhibit E

Assets	vate-Purpose Frust Funds		Agency Funds
ASSEIS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 170,318	_\$	6,752,081
Total Assets	170,318	\$	6,752,081
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$	6,603,467
Due to other funds	 		148,614
Total Liabilities	 <u>-</u>	\$	6,752,081
Net Position			
Reserved for endowments	170,318		
Total Net Position	\$ 170,318		

Rankin County School District Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2020

Exhibit F

		vate-Purpose rust Funds
Additions		
Interest on investments	\$	2,396
Contributions and donations from private sources		1,100
Total Additions		3,496
Deductions Scholarships awarded		1,000
Adult education programs		1,000
Total Deductions	-	2,000
Change in Net Position		1,496
Net Position		
July 1, 2019,		168,822
June 30, 2020	\$	170,318

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Rankin County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

2017 Construction Fund – This is a capital project fund that accounts for the acquisition, construction, or renovation of major capital facilities from the 2017 general obligation bonds series 2017 issue.

2019 Construction Fund – This is a capital project fund that accounts for the acquisition, construction, or renovation of major capital facilities from the 2019 general obligation bonds series 2019 issue.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund - This permanent fund accounts for resources from sixteenth section lands that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for non-payroll type transactions.

Scholarship Funds – These funds are private purpose funds that serve to report all trust arrangements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> - Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as a deferred outflow related to the advance refunding of debt, pensions and a deferred outflow related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as a deferred inflow related to pensions and a deferred inflow related to OPEB.

See Note 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the

general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 10% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$58,654,509 and \$6,922,399, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the

State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2020, none of the district's bank balance of \$73,442,880 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the district had the following investments.

U.S. Treasury	1 year or less	53,817,253
Federal Home Loan Bank	1 to 3 years	11,790,148
Federal Farm Credit	1 to 3 years	12,037,701
Federal National Mortgage	1 to 3 years	 2,011,140
Total		\$ 79,656,242

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

• U.S. Treasury, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit, and Federal National Mortgage type of investments of \$79,656,242 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 2,128,413
	Fiduciary funds	148,614
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	 56,750
Total		\$ 2,333,777

The primary purpose of the inter-fund balance is to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 3,024,061
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	General Fund	307,792
Other governmental funds	General Fund	509,543
2019 Construction Fund	Other governmental funds	 453,747
Total		\$ 4,295,143

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, vocational and special education expenditure transfers, the transfer of expendable sixteenth section sources, debt service transfers, administrative cost pool transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash and investment balances totaling \$9,738,812 and \$9,087,896, respectively of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$2,604 of the 2017 Construction Fund.

The restricted assets represent the cash and investment balance totaling \$9,070,695 and \$70,568,346, respectively of the 2019 Construction Fund.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$184,321 of the 2018 EEF Construction Fund.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2019	Increases	Decreases		Completed Construction	Balance 6/30/2020
Governmental Activities:		7/1/2019	moreases	Decreases		Construction	0/30/2020
Non-depreciable capital assets:	Φ.	40.00F.000 A	Φ.		Φ.	Φ.	40.005.000
Land	\$	10,365,888 \$	\$		\$	\$	10,365,888
Construction in progress		57,726,405	68,137,023			(27,645,162)	98,218,266
Total non-depreciable capital assets		68,092,293	68,137,023	-		(27,645,162)	108,584,154
Depreciable capital assets:							
Buildings		195,568,016				27,645,162	223,213,178
Building improvements		17,832,884	35,240				17,868,124
Mobile equipment		20,617,662	809,858	1,225,480			20,202,040
Furniture and equipment		7,206,442	297,307	328,039			7,175,710
Total depreciable capital assets		241,225,004	1,142,405	1,553,519		27,645,162	268,459,052
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		71,546,343	4,309,222				75,855,565
Building improvements		3,608,483	686,168				4,294,651
Mobile equipment		13,937,135	921,618	1,096,092			13,762,661
Furniture and equipment		6,018,965	329,739	317,264			6,031,440
Total accumulated depreciation		95,110,926	6,246,747	1,413,356		-	99,944,317
Total depreciable capital assets, net		146,114,078	(5,104,342)	140,163		27,645,162	168,514,735
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	214,206,371 \$	63,032,681 \$	140,163	\$	- \$	277,098,889

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 4,669,452
Support services	1,344,772
Non-instructional	232,523
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 6,246,747

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	Spent to	Remaining
	June 30, 2020	Commitment
Governmental Activities:		
Addition Brandon Middle School	\$ 12,880,438 \$	11,044,428
New High School - Northwest Rankin	36,632,475	15,012,107
Addition Brandon Elementary School	5,193,234	167,401
Addition Brandon High School	7,048,784	8,494,186
Addition McLaurin High School	7,498,857	1,490,136
Addition Pelehatchie High School	6,841,719	1,018,627
Addition Puckett High School	3,212,072	1,998,091
Addition Richland High School	3,294,614	6,160,291
Addition Richland Elementary School	4,108,400	503,148
Addition Stonebridge	385,504	232,606
Addition Florence Middle School	1,898,364	2,585,316
Addition Flowood Elementary	1,461,763	2,066,571
Addition to existing NWHS to NWMS	3,785,592	3,892,084
Addition to Pisgah Elementary School	1,816,876	2,188,069
Addition to Florence High School	1,801,574	10,491,738
Concession/Restrooms - Puckett	 358,000	4,995
Total governmental activities	98,218,266	67,349,794
Total construction in progress	\$ 98,218,266 \$	67,349,794

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with the 2017 and 2019 Construction Funds.

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

						Amounts
		Balance			Balance	due within
		7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2020	one year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 178,500,000 \$	\$	- \$	178,500,000 \$	4,310,000
	General obligation refunding bonds payable	10,025,000		4,905,000	5,120,000	5,120,000
B.	Three mill notes payable	24,840,000		3,205,000	21,635,000	3,295,000
C.	Obligation under lease payables	3,939,501	2,288,347	3,266,273	2,961,575	2,187,902
D.	Compensated absences payable	1,260,279	67,058		1,327,337	66,367
	Total	\$ 218,564,780 \$	2,355,405 \$	11,376,273 \$	209,543,912 \$	14,979,269

Premiums

	Balance			Balance
	 7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2020
Premium on bonds	\$ 25,722,288 \$	\$	627,987 \$	25,094,301
Premium on notes	 151,551		30,311	121,240
Total	\$ 25,873,839 \$	- \$	658,298 \$	25,215,541

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Д	mount Issued	Amount Outstanding
General obligation refunding						
1. bonds, Series 2016	2.00-5.00%	10/1/2016	10/1/2020	\$	19,395,000	\$ 5,120,000
General obligation bonds,						
2. Series 2017	3.50-5.00%	6/20/2017	6/20/2042		100,750,000	100,750,000
General obligation bonds,					, ,	, ,
3. Series 2019	4.00-5.00%	2/26/2019	6/1/2043		77,750,000	77,750,000
Total				\$	197,895,000	\$ 183,620,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. General obligation bond issue of 2016:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 5,120,000 \$	128,000 \$	5,248,000
Total	\$ 5,120,000 \$	128,000 \$	5,248,000

This debt will be retired from the 2001 Bond Issue Retirement Fund.

2. General obligation bond issue of 2017:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 2,625,000 \$	4,620,375 \$	7,245,375
2022	2,760,000	4,485,750	7,245,750
2023	2,905,000	4,344,125	7,249,125
2024	3,050,000	4,195,250	7,245,250
2025	3,210,000	4,119,000	7,329,000
2026 - 2030	18,690,000	18,016,750	36,706,750
2031 – 2035	23,615,000	11,733,250	35,348,250
2036 - 2040	29,895,000	7,083,500	36,978,500
2041 – 2042	 14,000,000	739,200	14,739,200
Total	\$ 100,750,000 \$	59,337,200 \$	160,087,200

This debt will be retired from the 2017 Bond Issue Retirement Fund.

3. General obligation bond issue of 2019:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 1,685,000 \$	3,684,300 \$	5,369,300
2022	1,770,000	3,600,050	5,370,050
2023	1,860,000	3,511,550	5,371,550
2024	1,955,000	3,418,550	5,373,550
2025	2,055,000	3,320,800	5,375,800
2026 - 2030	11,965,000	13,554,230	25,519,230
2031 - 2035	15,370,000	10,639,000	26,009,000
2036 - 2040	19,570,000	7,505,350	27,075,350
2041 - 2043	 21,520,000	2,174,500	23,694,500
Total	\$ 77,750,000 \$	51,408,330 \$	129,158,330

This debt will be retired from the 2019 Bond Issue Retirement Fund.

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 9,430,000 \$	8,432,675 \$	17,862,675
2022	4,530,000	8,085,800	12,615,800
2023	4,765,000	7,855,675	12,620,675
2024	5,005,000	7,613,800	12,618,800
2025	5,265,000	7,439,800	12,704,800
2026 - 2030	30,655,000	31,570,980	62,225,980
2031 - 2035	38,985,000	22,372,250	61,357,250
2036 - 2040	49,465,000	14,588,850	64,053,850
2041 - 2045	35,520,000	2,913,700	38,433,700
Total	\$ 183,620,000 \$	110,873,530 \$	294,493,530

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2020, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 12.43% of property assessments as of October 1, 2019.

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

			Maturity				Amount
Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Date	Aı	Amount Issued		Outstanding
 2013 Three Mill Note 	2.25 - 3.0%	8/1/2013	8/1/2023	\$	12,000,000	\$	5,190,000
2. 2015 Three Mill Refunding Note	2.0 - 5.0%	6/30/2015	8/1/2026		9,405,000		7,425,000
3. 2015 Three Mill Note	1.85%	6/1/2015	6/1/2027		8,000,000		4,980,000
4. 2018 EEF Note	3.12%	6/1/2018	6/1/2028		4,905,000		4,040,000
Total				\$	34,310,000	\$	21,635,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Three mill notes payable issue of 2013:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 1,245,000 \$	137,025 \$	1,382,025
2022	1,280,000	99,150	1,379,150
2023	1,315,000	60,225	1,375,225
2024	 1,350,000	20,250	1,370,250
Total	\$ 5,190,000 \$	316,650 \$	5,506,650

This debt will be retired from the 3 Mill 10 Year (2014) Fund.

2. Three mill notes payable issue of 2015 Refunding Note:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 940,000 \$	297,050 \$	1,237,050
2022	970,000	273,250	1,243,250
2023	995,000	238,675	1,233,675
2024	1,045,000	187,675	1,232,675
2025	1,100,000	161,550	1,261,550
2026 – 2027	 2,375,000	155,350	2,530,350
Total	\$ 7,425,000 \$	1,313,550 \$	8,738,550

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Notes 2006 Fund.

3. Three mill notes payable issue of 2015 Three Mill Note:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 655,000 \$	124,072 \$	779,072
2022	675,000	110,318	785,318
2023	690,000	95,131	785,131
2024	710,000	77,191	787,191
2025	730,000	58,731	788,731
2026 - 2027	1,520,000	60,002	1,580,002
Total	\$ 4,980,000 \$	525,445 \$	5,505,445

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill 12 Year 2016 Fund.

4. Three mill notes payable issue of 2018 EEF Note:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 455,000 \$	125,927 \$	580,927
2022	465,000	111,744	576,744
2023	480,000	97,250	577,250
2024	495,000	82,289	577,289
2025	510,000	66,860	576,860
2026 - 2028	1,635,000	102,861	1,737,861
Total	\$ 4,040,000 \$	586,931 \$	4,626,931

This debt will be retired from the EEF Building and Buses Fund.

Total three mill notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 3,295,000 \$	684,074 \$	3,979,074
2022	3,390,000	594,462	3,984,462
2023	3,480,000	491,281	3,971,281
2024	3,600,000	367,405	3,967,405
2025	2,340,000	287,141	2,627,141
2026 – 2028	 5,530,000	318,213	5,848,213
Total	\$ 21,635,000 \$	2,742,576 \$	24,377,576

C. Obligations under capital leases

The school district has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of

computers at a cost of \$2,797,696, \$625,650, \$4,275,516, \$2,288,347. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes.

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	(Amount Outstanding
1. Master Lease - 2017 Computers	0.00%	8/15/2017	8/15/2019	\$ 2,797,696	\$	-
2. Chromebooks	1.80%	8/16/2017	5/16/2020	625,650		-
3. Master Lease - 2019 Computers	0.00%	7/15/2018	7/15/2020	4,275,516		1,425,172
4. Master Lease - 2019 Apple computers	2.91%	7/17/2019	7/17/2021	2,288,347		1,536,403
Total				\$ 9,987,209	\$	2,961,575

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Master Lease – 2019 Computers:

Year Ending	
June 30	Principal
2021	\$ 1,425,172
Total	\$ 1,425,172

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

2. Master Lease – 2019 Apple computers:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 762,730 \$	22,040 \$	784,770
2022	 773,673	11,097	784,770
Total	\$ 1,536,403 \$	33,137 \$	1,569,540

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

Total Lease payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 2,187,902 \$, .	2,209,942
2022	 773,673	11,097	784,770
Total	\$ 2,961,575 \$	33,137 \$	2,994,712

The school district uses the straight-line method of amortization for the lease payments which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the difference between the effective interest method and the straight-line method is not considered material.

D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65. whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2020 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$18,154,807, \$15,542,801 and \$15,066,378, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school district reported a liability of \$266,562,723 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability was 01.515252 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$23,904,501. At June 30,

2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 155,889	\$ 280,584
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,833,776
Changes of assumptions	4,585,576	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,508,793	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	18,154,807	
Total	\$ 24,405,065	\$ 3,114,360

\$18,154,807 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

\$ 2,929,706
(2,359,207)
1,348,400
1,216,999
\$

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2018. Subsequent to the June 30, 2018 valuation, the Board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2018. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected	<u>l Real</u>	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity	27.00	%		4.90	%
	41				
McKenzie CPA, PLLC					

International Equity	22.00	4.75
Global Equity	12.00	5.00
Fixed Income	20.00	1.50
Real Estate	10.00	4.00
Private Equity	8.00	6.25
Cash	1.00	0.25
Total	100 %	, 5

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	Current					
		1% Decrease (6.75%)		Discount Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)
		(0.7570)		Nate (1.1370)		(0.7570)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	350,405,934	\$	266,562,723	\$	197,357,679

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$622,779 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$17,135,961 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 2.01946170 percent. This was an increase of 0.04770639 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,119,753. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 25,910	\$ 245,284
Changes of assumptions	1,277,532	888,583
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	323	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	770,663	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	622,779	
Total	\$ 2,697,207	\$ 1,133,867

\$622,779 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2021	\$ 142,290
2022	142,290
2023	142,290
2024	168,742
2025	243,832
Thereafter	101,117

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases 3.00-18.20 percent, including wage inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.50% Prior Measurement Date 3.89%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2019 Prior Measurement Date 2018

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date 3.50% Prior Measurement Date 3.89%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.00 percent for 2019 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.50 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.89% to 3.50%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2019, the trust has \$1,017,904. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2018 and the June 30, 2019 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase		
	(2.50%)	Rate (3.50%)	(4.50%)		
Net OPEB liability	\$ 19.035.062	\$ 17.135.961	\$ 15.511.102		

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 15,879,108	\$ 17,135,961	\$ 18,559,762

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
2021	\$	1,028,462
	Ψ	
2022		992,782
2023		976,606
2024		949,800
2025		936,145
2026 - 2030		4,222,283
2031 - 2035		3,002,586
2036 - 2040		1,819,734
2041 – 2045		832,092
Thereafter		1,282,743
Total	\$	16,043,233

Note 10 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 11 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 12 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Rankin County School District received \$276,826 in insurance loss recoveries related to damages during the 2019-2020 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and were allocated to the support services expense function.

Note 13 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$119,328,843 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt. The \$102,533 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 23 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$235,239,027) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$18,154,807 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$6,250,258 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$235,239,027) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$3,114,360 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$235,239,027) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$622,779 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June

30, 2021. The \$2,074,428 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$235,239,027) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$1,133,867 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 14 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

	Explanation	Amount
1.	Increase or a decrease of a revenue or expenditure	\$ 743,279
	Total	\$ 743,279

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	Increase or decrease of a revenue or expenditure	\$ 743,279
Total		\$ 743,279

Note 15 – State Compliance Testing

The Mississippi Office of the State Auditor (OSA) has elected to perform procedures in relation to purchasing and compliance with state laws. This report should be viewed in conjunction with the report from OSA in order to gain a comprehensive understanding of the School District's operations. This report and OSA's report will be available on OSA's website at http://www.osa.ms.gov/reports.

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Rankin County School District evaluated the activity of the district through December 22, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Rankin County School District Required Supplementary Information

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

							Positive	e (Ne	egative)
	Budget	ed A	mounts		Actual	•	Original		Final
	Original		Final	•	(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:					,				
Local sources	\$ 69,299,800	\$	70,415,800	\$	68,899,097	\$	1,116,000	\$	(1,516,703)
State sources	91,443,585		91,443,585		89,819,605		-		(1,623,980)
Federal sources	807,000		807,000		729,016		-		(77,984)
Sixteenth section sources	1,548,420		1,596,320		1,088,432		47,900		(507,888)
Total Revenues	163,098,805		164,262,705		160,536,150		1,163,900		(3,726,555)
Expenditures:									
Instruction	99,904,168		101,039,385		99,393,836		(1,135,217)		1,645,549
Support services	57,354,039		57,481,282		55,951,161		(127,243)		1,530,121
Noninstructional services	2,049,880		2,049,880		1,773,941		-		275,939
Sixteenth section	277,504		298,504		226,169		(21,000)		72,335
Debt service:									
Principal	3,446,470		3,381,239		3,266,273		65,231		114,966
Interest	 2,857		2,857		117,823		-		(114,966)
Total Expenditures	163,034,918		164,253,147		160,729,203		(1,218,229)		3,523,944
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures	63,887		9,558		(193,053)		(54,329)		(202,611)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Capital leases issued					2,288,347		-		2,288,347
Insurance recovery					276,826		-		276,826
Sale of transportation equipment					16,622		-		16,622
Sale of other property					956,619		-		956,619
Operating transfers in					817,335		-		817,335
Other financing sources	22,200,970		22,081,239				(119,731)		(22,081,239)
Operating transfers out					(3,024,061)		-		(3,024,061)
Other financing uses	(22,482,679)		(22,510,479)				(27,800)		22,510,479
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (281,709)		(429,240)		1,331,688		(147,531)		1,760,928
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (217,822)		(419,682)		1,138,635		(201,860)		1,558,317
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2019, as previously reported	28,167,000		27,692,164		27,674,942		(474,836)		(17,222)
Prior period adjustments					743,279		-		743,279
July 1, 2019, as restated	28,167,000		27,692,164		28,418,221		(474,836)		726,057
June 30, 2020	\$ 27,949,178	\$	27,272,482	\$	29,556,856	\$	(676,696)	\$	2,284,374

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	1.515252%	1.497967%	1.481706%	1.466595%	1.431513%	1.422435%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 266,562,723 \$	249,156,417 \$	246,309,827	261,970,488	221,283,680	172,657,564
District's covered payroll	98,684,451	95,659,543	95,052,298	93,821,638	89,432,743	86,918,146
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	270.1162%	260.4616%	259.1308%	279.2218%	247.4303%	198.6439%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62%	63%	61%	57%	62%	67%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 18,154,807	\$ 15,542,801	\$ 15,066,378 \$	14,970,737 \$	14,776,908 \$	14,085,657
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 18,154,807	\$ 15,542,801	\$ 15,066,378 \$	14,970,737 \$	14,776,908 \$	14,085,657
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	\$ 104,337,971	\$ 98,684,451	\$ 95,659,543 \$	95,052,298 \$	93,821,638 \$	89,432,743
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	2.01946170%	1.97175531%	1.92938734%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 17,135,961 \$	15,252,513 \$	15,138,147
District's covered-employee payroll	92,479,754	89,181,152	86,682,067
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	18.53%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 622,779 \$	686,862 \$	645,362
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	622,779	686,862	645,362
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0 \$	0 \$	0
District's covered-employee payroll	104,337,971	92,459,539	89,684,244
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.60%	0.74%	0.72%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in the prior year audit report(s).

RANKIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

RANKIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are

reported (June 30, 2017 valuation for the June 30, 2019 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price Inflation Salary increase

Investment rate of return

Entry age
Level percentage of payroll, open
38.4 years
5-year smoothed market
3.00 percent
3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation
7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

RANKIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 4.75%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2028

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

OPEB plan investment expense, including 3

price inflation

3.89%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020			
	Catalog of	Pass-through	
	Federal Domestic	Entity Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:	40 FF2	00514000014000	Ф 704.4 <i>E</i> 7
School breakfast program		205MS326N1099	
National school lunch program		205MS326N1099	4,346,509
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	205MS326N1099	613,257
Total child nutrition cluster			5,660,923
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		;	5,660,923
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			5,660,923
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct Program:	40 VVV		EOE 74E
Reserve Officers' Training Corps	12.XXX	;	525,745
Total U.S. Department of Defense			525,745
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Board for Community and Junior Colleges:			
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	V002A190025	420,307
Total passed-through Mississippi Board for Community and Junior C	olleges		420,307
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- 3		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:			
Rehabilitation Services - Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States	84.126	H126A200034	267,963
Total passed-through Department of Rehabilitation Services			267,963
December of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:	94.010	ES010A190024	2,387,388
Title I grants to local educational agencies		V048A190024	106,402
Career and technical education - basic grants to states		ES365A1190024	48,735
English Language Acquisition State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction state grants		ES367A190024	444,572
Student Support and Academic Enrichment program		ES424A190025	147,736
Subtotal	04.424	LO424/1100020	3,134,833
Special education cluster:		•	5, 154,055
Special education - grants to states	84 027	H027A190108	4,048,725
Special education - preschool grants		H173A190113	95,390
Total special education cluster	04.170	11170/1100110	4,144,115
·		,	
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			7,278,948
Total U.S. Department of Education			7,278,948
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	1905MS5ADM	123,928
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education	000		123,928
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		•	123,928
		•	
U.S. Department of Social Security Administration			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Social Security Disability Insurance	96.001	04-19-04MSDI00	2,492
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,492
Total U.S. Department of Social Security Administration			2,492
T. 16 AUF 1 1A 1			A
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 14,280,306

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

RANKIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Rankin County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Rankin County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Rankin County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Rankin County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

<u>Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures</u> – Governmental Funds

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

RANKIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 145,172,132 127,719,595	112,996,709 18,511,261	2,510,514 1,056,337	12,840,793 179,460	16,824,116 107,972,537
Total	\$ 272,891,727	131,507,970	3,566,851	13,020,253	124,796,653
Total number of students *	 18,840				
Cost per student	\$ 14,484	6,980	189	691	6,624

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

RANKIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2020	2019*	2018*	2017*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 68,899,097	\$ 64,774,757	\$ 63,588,861	\$ 62,304,070
Intermediate sources		-	6,139	12,770
State sources	89,819,605	84,841,229	83,059,449	82,493,705
Federal sources	729,016	690,536	608,657	516,201
Sixteenth Section sources	 1,088,432	1,153,375	1,379,288	1,284,320
Total Revenues	160,536,150	151,459,897	148,642,394	146,611,066
Expenditures:				
Instruction	99,393,836	95,018,828	91,863,401	89,517,813
Support services	55,951,161	56,690,676	52,071,423	51,794,804
Noninstructional services	1,773,941	1,909,660	1,980,762	2,025,982
Sixteenth section	226,169	208,229	259,072	256,869
Facilities acquisition and construction		49,500	182,015	4,195,639
Debt Service:				
Principal	3,266,273	3,550,205	3,785,230	2,999,805
Interest	117,823	6,611	16,157	23,233
Total Expenditures	160,729,203	157,433,709	150,158,060	150,814,145
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (193,053)	(5,973,812)	(1,515,666)	(4,203,079)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Inception of leases	2,288,347	4,275,516	3,423,346	2,872,469
Insurance recovery	276,826	14,592	8,648	1,132,991
Sale of transportation equipment	16,622	20,249	9,641	14,132
Sale of other property	956,619	523,913	1,647,208	6,435
Operating transfers in	817,335	3,117,741	536,894	533,531
Operating transfers out	(3,024,061)	(2,572,078)	(2,288,593)	(2,303,102)
Other financing uses	(, , , ,	(11,755)	(, , , ,	(, , , ,
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,331,688	5,368,178	3,337,144	2,256,456
Net Change in Fund Balances	 1,138,635	(605,634)	1,821,478	(1,946,623)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	27,674,942	28,280,576	26,459,098	28,405,721
Prior period adjustments	743,279	_0,_00,070	_0, .00,000	_5, .55,1
Beginning of period, restated	 28,418,221	28,280,576	26,459,098	28,405,721
End of Period	\$ 29,556,856	\$ 27,674,942	\$ 28,280,576	\$ 26,459,098

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

RANKIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2020	2019*	2018*	2017*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	91,410,952	\$ 86,849,508 \$	84,399,567 \$	75,059,429
Increase(decrease) in fair market value			1,389,502	(136,641)	(401,073)
Intermediate sources		05 740 705	00 050 500	6,139	12,770
State sources		95,713,795	90,359,599	88,810,044	87,842,210
Federal sources		14,511,327	14,582,663	13,642,316	13,626,380
Sixteenth section sources		2,338,191	2,547,555	2,181,982	2,101,800
Total Revenues		203,974,265	195,728,827	188,903,407	178,241,516
Expenditures:					
Instruction		112,548,727	107,217,191	103,482,059	101,082,284
Support services		61,097,110	64,188,400	57,931,566	56,918,462
Noninstructional services		9,834,792	10,002,825	9,861,160	10,133,979
Sixteenth section		252,488	268,598	295,984	312,119
Facilities acquisition and construction		68,137,023	49,474,323	9,681,501	9,177,186
Debt service:					
Principal		11,376,273	12,035,205	12,035,230	11,559,805
Interest		9,626,429	7,151,019	6,087,829	1,702,173
Other		18,885	599,793	115,085	1,380,774
Total Expenditures		272,891,727	250,937,354	199,490,414	192,266,782
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		(68,917,462)	(55,208,527)	(10,587,007)	(14,025,266)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds and notes issued			77,750,000	4,905,000	100,750,000
Inception of leases		2,288,347	4,275,516	3,423,346	2,872,469
Insurance recovery		276,826	14,592	8,648	1,132,991
Refunding bonds issued		,	,	,	19,395,000
Premiums on bonds and notes			9,978,832		16,394,322
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent			, ,		(21,070,132)
Sale of transportation equipment		16,622	20,249	9,641	14,132
Sale of other property		958,497	532,963	1,647,208	7,061
Operating transfers in		4,295,143	6,628,529	2,913,487	2,968,012
Other financing sources					20,790
Operating transfers out		(4,295,143)	(6,628,529)	(2,913,487)	(2,968,012)
Other financing uses			(12,991)	(136,641)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,540,292	92,559,161	9,857,202	119,516,633
Net Change in Fund Balances		(65,377,170)	37,350,634	(729,805)	105,491,367
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as originally reported		201,146,703	163,813,373	164,715,636	59,155,375
Prior period adjustments		743,279		, ,	22,122,212
Beginning of period, restated	•	201,889,982	163,813,373	164,715,636	59,155,375
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		413,814	(17,304)	(172,458)	68,894
End of Period	\$	136,926,626	\$ 201,146,703 \$	163,813,373 \$	164,715,636

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Rankin County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rankin County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Rankin County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Rankin County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rankin County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rankin County School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Rankin County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKernzie CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi December 22, 2020



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Rankin County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Rankin County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Rankin County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Rankin County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Rankin County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Rankin County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Rankin County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Rankin County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Rankin County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Rankin County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rankin County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi December 22, 2020 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

RANKIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:								
1.	Type o	Unmodified						
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:							
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?		No				
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified	1?	None reported				
3.	3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?							
Federal Awards:								
4.	Internal control over major programs:							
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No				
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?		None reported				
5.	Type o	Unmodified						
6.	Any au with 2	No						
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:						
	<u>CFDA</u>	<u>Numbers</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	<u>r</u>				
	84.027	; 84.127	Special Education Cluster					
8.	Dollar	\$750,000						
9.	Audite	Yes						
10.	 Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). 							

RANKIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.