

The following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor, but was prepared by and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor by a private CPA firm. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	6
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	15
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Exhibit A – Statement of Net Position.	16
Exhibit B – Statement of Activities.	17
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit C – Balance Sheet	
Exhibit C-1 – Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	19
Exhibit D – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Exhibit D-1 – Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities.	21
Notes to the Financial Statements.	
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	43
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Education Stabilization Fund	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of District Contributions (PERS)	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	
Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB).	
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.	
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	53
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	54
Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds	
OTHER INFORMATION	57
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund, Last Four Years	58
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years	59
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE	60
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	61
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over	
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	63
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	65
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	68



CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the South Panola School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-14, 44-45, 46, 47, 48, and 49, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the South Panola School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2020 on our consideration of the South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

December 16, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The following discussion and analysis of South Panola School District's financial performance provides an overview of the South Panola School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the South Panola School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the South Panola School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2020 decreased \$2,085,424, including a prior period adjustment of \$95,679 which represents a 8% decrease from fiscal year 2019. Total net position for 2019 decreased \$2,265,397, including a prior period adjustment of (\$60,139), which represents a 9% decrease from fiscal year 2018.
- General revenues amounted to \$34,451,505 and \$33,908,291, or 79% and 80% of all revenues for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$9,145,925, or 21% of total revenues for 2020, and \$8,604,853, or 20% of total revenues for 2019.
- The District had \$45,778,533 and \$44,718,402 in expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019; only \$9,145,925 for 2020 and \$8,604,853 for 2019 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$34,451,505 for 2020 and \$33,908,291 for 2019 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$35,453,831 in revenues and \$34,171,802 in expenditures for 2020, and \$34,179,745 in revenues and \$32,345,716 in expenditures in 2019. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$652,492, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$95,679, from 2019 to 2020, and increased by \$946,449 from 2018 to 2019.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$101,130 for 2020 and increased by \$2,713,900 for 2019. The increase for 2020 was due to construction in progress and other current year additions net of the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$640,000 for 2020 and increased by \$2,460,000 for 2019. This decrease for 2020 was due to the principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$40,970 for 2020 and increased by \$50,570 for 2019.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are considered governmental funds:

Governmental funds – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$29,475,129 as of June 30, 2020.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019	Percentag Change	
Current assets	\$	12,612,690	\$	10,448,258	20.72	
Restricted assets	Ψ	1,506,638	Ψ	2,130,835	(29.29)	
Capital assets, net		30,159,745		30,058,615	0.34	%
Total assets	44,279,073 42,637,70				3.85	%
D. C. and J. and		5 000 554		5.004.044	0.55	۰,
Deferred outflows of resources		5,396,554		5,064,944	6.55	%
Current liabilities		2,608,147		773,578	237.15	%
Long-term debt outstanding		10,236,593		10,835,623	(5.53)	%
Net OPEB liability		4,319,550		3,836,138	12.60	%
Net pension liability		60,292,089		57,795,915	4.32	%
Total liabilities		77,456,379		73,241,254	5.76	%
Deferred inflows of resources		1,694,377		1,851,103	(8.47)	%
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		20,708,167		20,929,515	(1.06)	%
Restricted		1,568,562		1,995,330	(21.39)	%
Unrestricted		(51,751,858)		(50,314,550)	(2.86)	%
Total net position	\$	(29,475,129)	\$	(27,389,705)	(7.61)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (51,751,858)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	60,909,462
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 9,157,604

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$101,130.
- The principal retirement of \$640,000 of long-term debt.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 were \$43,597,430 and \$42,513,144, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$45,778,533 for 2020 and \$44,718,402 for 2019.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2020	,	Year Ended June 30, 2019	Percentage Change	e
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 893,242	\$	829,628	7.67	%
Operating grants and contributions	8,252,683		7,775,225	6.14	%
General revenues:					
Property taxes	10,731,104		10,529,960	1.91	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	22,129,321		22,017,781	0.51	%
Investment earnings	195,746		205,424	(4.71)	%
Other	 1,395,334		1,155,126	20.79	%
Total revenues	43,597,430		42,513,144	2.55	%
Expenses:					
Instruction	22,250,097		21,745,686	2.32	%
Support services	14,266,383		13,959,734	2.20	%
Non-instructional	2,340,739		2,411,697	(2.94)	%
Pension expense	6,315,862		6,026,561	4.80	%
OPEB expense	274,374		194,008	41.42	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 331,078		380,716	(13.04)	%
Total expenses	45,778,533		44,718,402	2.37	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 (2,181,103)		(2,205,258)	1.10	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(27,389,705)		(25,124,308)	(9.02)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 95,679		(60,139)	259.10	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (27,294,026)		(25,184,447)	(8.38)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (29,475,129)	\$	(27,389,705)	(7.61)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total I	enses	Percentage	
		2020		2019	Change
Instruction	\$	22,250,097	\$	21,745,686	2.32 %
Support services		14,266,383		13,959,734	2.20 %
Non-instructional		2,340,739		2,411,697	(2.94) %
Pension Expense		6,315,862		6,026,561	4.80 %
OPEB Expense		274,374		194,008	41.42 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		331,078		380,716	(13.04) %
Total expenses	\$	45,778,533	\$ 44,718,402		2.37 %
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
		Net (Exper	nse)	Revenue 2019	Percentage Change
Instruction	<u> </u>	` .	nse) 		
Instruction Support services	\$	2020	_	2019	Change
	\$	2020 (16,871,294)	_	2019 (17,089,789)	Change 1.28 %
Support services	\$	2020 (16,871,294) (13,028,485)	_	2019 (17,089,789) (12,834,237)	Change 1.28 % (1.51) %
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2020 (16,871,294) (13,028,485) 188,485	_	2019 (17,089,789) (12,834,237) 411,762	Change 1.28 % (1.51) % (54.22) %
Support services Non-instructional Pension Expense	\$	2020 (16,871,294) (13,028,485) 188,485 (6,315,862)	_	2019 (17,089,789) (12,834,237) 411,762 (6,026,561)	1.28 % (1.51) % (54.22) % (4.80) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$36,632,608 for 2020 and \$36,113,549 for 2019) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$10,731,104 for 2020 and \$10,529,960 for 2019) and state and federal revenues (\$22,129,321 for 2020 and \$22,017,781 for 2019).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$195,746 for 2020 and \$205,424 for 2019.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11,026,752, a decrease of \$906,831, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$95,679 and an increase in inventory of \$23,026. \$4,687,969 or 43% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$6,338,783 or 57% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$652,492, including a prior period adjustment of \$95,679. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$1,021,782, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$23,026, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)					
Educational Stabilization Fund	\$	(601,508)				
Capital Projects Fund	\$	63,967				

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the South Panola School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2020, the District's total capital assets were \$48,786,332, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$1,178,142 from 2019. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020, was \$18,626,587 and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,187,682, resulting in total net capital assets of \$30,159,745.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	Percentage Change	<u> </u>
Land	\$ 723,090	\$ 723,090	0.00 %	6
Construction in progress	156,343	3,703,881	(95.78) %	6
Buildings	26,028,118	23,001,530	13.16 %	6
Building improvements	433,137	376,203	15.13 %	6
Improvements other than buildings	620,209	350,969	76.71 %	6
Mobile equipment	1,937,550	1,584,877	22.25 %	6
Furniture and equipment	 261,298	318,065	(17.85) %	6
Total	\$ 30,159,745	\$ 30,058,615	0.34 %	, D

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2020, the District had \$10,236,593 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$650,000 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$40,970 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	<u>J</u>	lune 30, 2020	J	une 30, 2019	Percenta Change	_
Three mill note payable	\$	7,010,000	\$	7,420,000	(5.53)	%
Trust certificates payable		2,695,000		2,925,000	(7.86)	%
Compensated absences payable		531,593		490,623	8.35	%
Total	\$	10,236,593	\$	10,835,623	(5.53)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The South Panola School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the South Panola School District, 209 Boothe Street, Batesville, MS 38606.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2020	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,514,457
Due from other governments	1,766,289
Prepaid items	234,299
Inventories	97,645
Restricted assets	1,506,638
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	723,090
Construction in progress	156,343
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	26,028,118
Building improvements	433,137
Improvements other than buildings	620,209
Mobile equipment	1,937,550
Furniture and equipment	261,298
Total Assets	44,279,073
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	4,745,998
Deferred outflows - OPEB	650,556
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,396,554
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,491,068
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	117,079
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	650,000
Net OPEB liability	157,779
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	9,055,000
Non-capital related liabilities	531,593
Net pension liability	60,292,089
Net OPEB liability	4,161,771
Total Liabilities	77,456,379
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	1,408,557
Deferred inflows - OPEB	285,820
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,694,377
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	20,708,167
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	315,370
Debt service	778,686
Forestry improvements	17,836
Capital improvements	223,055
Unemployment benefits	200,000
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section principal	33,615
Unrestricted	(51,751,858)
Total Net Position	\$ (29,475,129)

Statement of Activities			Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 202	0	P P	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in
		Program Revenues	Net Position
		Operating Capit Charges for Grants and Grants	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Grants and Grants Services Contributions Contribut	
Governmental Activities:			
	22,250,097 14,266,383	\$ 693,083 \$ 4,685,720 \$ - 1,237,898	\$ (16,871,294) - (13,028,485)
Non-instructional	2,340,739	200,159 2,329,065	- 188,485
Pension expense	6,315,862		- (6,315,862)
OPEB expense	274,374	-	- (274,374)
Interest on long-term liabilities _	331,078	<u> </u>	(331,078)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 45,778,533	893,242 \$ 8,252,683 \$	- \$ (36,632,608)
		Taxes: General purpose levies Debt purpose levies Unrestricted grants and contributions: State Federal Unrestricted investment earnings Other Total General Revenues	10,190,488 540,616 22,006,625 122,696 195,746 1,395,334 34,451,505
		Change in Net Position	(2,181,103)
		Net Position - Beginning, as previously reporte Prior Period Adjustments	ed (27,389,705) 95,679
		Net Position - Beginning, as restated	(27,294,026)
		Net Position - Ending	\$ (29,475,129)

		Sovernmenta	l Funds							
Balance Sheet										Exhibit C
June 30, 2020										
			Major Fu Educat			Conital	-	Other		Total
		General	Stabiliza			Capital Projects		Governmental		Governmental
		Fund	Func			Fund		Funds		Funds
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,424,785	\$	-	\$	3,868,990	\$	2,528,218	\$	11,821,993
Cash with fiscal agents		-		-		-		199,102		199,102
Due from other governments		510,528	601	,508		-		654,253		1,766,289
Due from other funds		1,057,750		-		194,597		88,701		1,341,048
Inventories		-		-		-		97,645		97,645
Prepaid items		234,299		-		-		-		234,299
Total assets		7,227,362	601	,508		4,063,587		3,567,919		15,460,376
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,										
and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,980,205	\$	-	\$	-	\$	510,863	\$	2,491,068
Due to other funds		-	601	,508		-		739,540		1,341,048
Total Liabilities		1,980,205	601	,508		-		1,250,403		3,832,116
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenue		-		,508		-		-		601,508
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-	601	,508		-		-		601,508
Fund Balance:										
Nonspendable:										
Permanent fund principal		-		-		-		33,615		33,615
Prepaid items		234,299		-		-		-		234,299
Inventory		-		-		-		97,645		97,645
Restricted:										
Debt service		-		-		-		895,765		895,765
Forestry improvements		-		-		-		17,836		17,836
Grant activities		-	(601	,508)		-		819,233		217,725
Capital improvements		-		-		223,055		253,422		476,477
Unemployment benefits		-		-		-		200,000		200,000
Assigned:										
Student activities		324,889		-		-		-		324,889
Future building projects		-		-		3,840,532				3,840,532
Unassigned		4,687,969		-		-		-		4,687,969
Total Fund Balances		5,247,157	(601	,508)		4,063,587		2,317,516		11,026,752
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and	•	7.007.000	Φ 00.	500	Φ.	4 000 505	•	0.507.010	•	45 400 0=0
Fund Balances	\$	7,227,362	\$ 601	,508	\$	4,063,587	\$	3,567,919	\$	15,460,376

	Governmental Funds		
	conciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Ne	t Position	Exhibit C-1
	tal fund balances for governmental funds	\$	11,026,752
	nounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are		
	ifferent because:		
١.	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
	Land	723,090	
	Construction in progress	156,343	
	Buildings	39,237,951	
	Building improvements	635,894	
	Improvements other than buildings	868,288	
	Mobile equipment	5,438,696	
	Furniture and equipment	1,726,070	
	Accumulated depreciation	(18,626,587)	30,159,745
2.	Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in		
	the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Net pension liability	(60,292,089)	
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable	(, - ,,	
	to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	4,745,998	
	Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,408,557)	(56,954,648)
4	Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in		
	the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Net OPEB liability	(4,319,550)	
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable		
	to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	650,556	
	Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(285,820)	(3,954,814)
5.	Some of the District's revenues do not meet the availability criterion due to being		
٠.	received in excess of 60 days and, therefore, are deferred in governmental funds.		601,508
			,
6.	Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the		
	current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
	Three mill notes payable	(7,010,000)	
	Trust certificates payable	(2,695,000)	
	Compensated absences	(531,593)	(40.050.070)
	Accrued interest payable	(117,079)	(10,353,672)
Ne	t position of governmental activities	\$	(29,475,129)
	-		

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit D For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 Major Funds Capital Total Other Education General Stabilization Projects Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds Revenues: Local sources 12.160.637 \$ \$ 63.967 \$ 766.072 12.990.676 State sources 23.145.984 858.548 24.004.532 Federal sources 144,131 5,631,829 5,775,960 Sixteenth section 3,079 758 3,837 35,453,831 63,967 42,775,005 Total Revenues 7,257,207 Expenditures: Instruction 19,618,394 567,600 4,220,127 24,406,121 Support services 14,200,856 33,908 1,474,360 15,709,124 2,386,775 Noninstructional services 5,613 2,381,162 Facilities acquisition and construction 537,371 537,371 Debt service: Principal 230,000 410,000 640,000 Interest 114,439 224,628 339,067 Other 2,500 500 3,000 Total Expenditures 601,508 34,171,802 9,248,148 44,021,458 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 1,282,029 (601,508)63,967 (1,990,941)(1,246,453)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance loss recoveries 219,362 219,362 Operating transfers in 343,173 2,079,090 2,422,263 Other financing sources 3,163 3,163 Operating transfers out (1,290,914)(1,131,349)(2,422,263)Other financing uses (1,608)(1,608)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (725, 216)946,133 220,917 Net Change in Fund Balances (601,508)(1,044,808)(1,025,536)556,813 63,967 Fund Balances: July 1, 2019, as previously reported 4,594,665 11,933,583 3,999,620 3,339,298 Prior period adjustments 95,679 95,679 3,999,620 July 1, 2019, as restated 4,690,344 3,339,298 12,029,262

23,026

11,026,752

23,026

2,317,516

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

\$

5,247,157 \$

(601,508) \$

4,063,587

Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory

June 30, 2020

	Governmental Funds				
Re	conciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,				Exhibit D-1
	penditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities				
	r the Year Ended June 30, 2020 t change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	(1,025,536)
	nounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are			Ψ	(1,020,000)
	lifferent because:				
•	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:				
	Capital outlay	\$	1,302,075		
	Depreciation expense		(1,187,652)	•	114,423
	In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.				(13,293)
	Prior year receivables that met the "measurable and available" criteria during the current year				
	are recognized in the governmental funds. The government-wide financial statements recogn	ized th	e		
	revenue in the prior year.				601,508
•	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:				
	Payments of debt principal		640,000		
	Accrued interest payable		10,989		650,989
-	Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:				
	Pension expense		(6,315,862)		
	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,941,207		(2,374,655)
•	Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			•	
	OPEB expense		(274,374)		
	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		157,779		(116,595)
•	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:				
	Change in compensated absences		(40,970)		
	Change in inventory reserve		23,026		(17,944)
h	ange in net position of governmental activities			\$	(2,181,103)
- # 1	g p-onio o. goto			Ψ	(2,101,100)

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five-member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, South Panola School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
 by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Fund Financial Statements – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Education Stabilization Fund – This fund accounts for the Education Stabilization (ESSER) grant revenues and related expenditures incurred due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Capital Projects Fund - This capital projects fund is financed with local funds and management has assigned its use for repairs and renovations of school buildings and related facilities.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the School District attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Land	ф	0	0
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$4,745,998 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$650,556 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$1,408,557 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$285,820 related to its OPEB plan.

See Note 12 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide, financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 10% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, Leases, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases, were postponed eighteen months.

The District has elected to early implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets and (2) the beneficiaries with whom the relationship exists. This means school district clearing and club funds, which were previously reported as agency funds in the statement of fiduciary net position, will no longer meet the requirements to be considered fiduciary. As a fiduciary fund, these activities have not been required to report revenue and expenses and have not been included in the government-wide financial statements. Beginning July 1, 2019, school clearing and student club funds are reported in the general fund. As part of the general fund, they are included in the governmental fund statements as well as in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash With Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$11,821,993.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$199,102.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Education Stabilization Fund	\$ 601,508
	Other governmental funds	456,242
Capital Projects Fund	Other governmental funds	194,597
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	88,701
Total		\$ 1,341,048

The primary purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-end.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds General Fund	\$ 1,290,914 343,173
	Other governmental funds	 788,176
Total		\$ 2,422,263

The primary reason for the interfund transfers was federal grant allocations and the funding of various programs within the district.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$33,615 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the School District's programs.

Also, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$341,736, of unspent proceeds of the series 2018 three mill notes. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents balance, totaling \$199,102, of the unspent trust certificates payable.

Also, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$932,185 of the debt service funds that is restricted for future debt service requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2019	Ingragas	Decreases	Completed Construction	Balance
Governmental Activities:		7/1/2019	Increases	Decreases	Construction	6/30/2020
Non-depreciable capital assets:	\$	700 000 ¢	- \$	- \$	r.	702.000
Land	Ф	723,090 \$	*	- ⊅	*	723,090
Construction in progress		3,703,881	537,371	-	(4,084,909)	156,343
Total non-depreciable capital assets		4,426,971	537,371	-	(4,084,909)	879,433
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings		35,495,236	-	-	3,742,715	39,237,951
Building improvements		553,524	-	-	82,370	635,894
Improvements other than buildings		567,514	40,950	-	259,824	868,288
Mobile equipment		4,878,210	684,419	(123,933)	-	5,438,696
Furniture and equipment		1,686,735	39,335	-	-	1,726,070
Total depreciable capital assets		43,181,219	764,704	(123,933)	4,084,909	47,906,899
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		12,493,706	716,127	-	-	13,209,833
Building improvements		177,321	25,436	-	-	202,757
Improvements other than buildings		216,545	31,534	_	-	248,079
Mobile equipment		3,293,333	318,453	(110,640)	-	3,501,146
Furniture and equipment		1,368,670	96,102	_	-	1,464,772
Total accumulated depreciation		17,549,575	1,187,652	(110,640)	-	18,626,587
Total depreciable capital assets, net		25,631,644	(422,948)	(13,293)	4,084,909	29,280,312
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	30,058,615 \$	114,423 \$	(13,293) \$	- \$	30,159,745

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	713,260	
Support services		370,444	
Non-instructional		103,948	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	1,187,652	

Construction in progress is composed of:

	Jı	Spent to une 30, 2020	_	Remaining Commitment
Track Project	\$	156,343	\$_	476,477
Total construction in progress	\$	156,343	\$_	476,477

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded by the three mill construction fund and the capital projects fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts due
	 7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2020	within one year
A. Three mill notes payable	\$ 7,420,000 \$	- \$	(410,000) \$	7,010,000 \$	415,000
B. Trust certificates payable	2,925,000	-	(230,000)	2,695,000	235,000
C. Compensated absences payable	 490,623	40,970	=	531,593	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 10,835,623 \$	40,970 \$	(640,000) \$	10,236,593 \$	650,000

A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Amount Issued	Outstanding
Three mill note, series 2015 Three mill note, series 2018	2.80% 3.0-3.5%	9/1/2015 6/14/2018	9/1/2028 6/1/2033	\$ 4,600,000 3,100,000	\$ 3,910,000 3,100,000
Total	0.0 0.070	0/14/2010	0/1/2000	\$ 7,700,000	\$ 7,010,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Three mill note, series 2015:

2021 \$ 415,000 \$ 109,480 \$ 524,480 2022 425,000 97,860 522,860 2023 435,000 85,960 520,960 2024 445,000 73,780 518,780 2025 460,000 61,320 521,320	Year Ending			
2022 425,000 97,860 522,860 2023 435,000 85,960 520,960 2024 445,000 73,780 518,780 2025 460,000 61,320 521,320 2026-2029 1,730,000 122,780 1,852,780	June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022 425,000 97,860 522,860 2023 435,000 85,960 520,960 2024 445,000 73,780 518,780 2025 460,000 61,320 521,320 2026-2029 1,730,000 122,780 1,852,780				_
2023 435,000 85,960 520,960 2024 445,000 73,780 518,780 2025 460,000 61,320 521,320 2026-2029 1,730,000 122,780 1,852,780	2021	\$ 415,000 \$	109,480 \$	524,480
2024 445,000 73,780 518,780 2025 460,000 61,320 521,320 2026-2029 1,730,000 122,780 1,852,780	2022	425,000	97,860	522,860
2025 460,000 61,320 521,320 2026-2029 1,730,000 122,780 1,852,780	2023	435,000	85,960	520,960
2026-2029 1,730,000 122,780 1,852,780	2024	445,000	73,780	518,780
	2025	460,000	61,320	521,320
Total \$ 3,910,000 \$ 551,180 \$ 4,461,180	2026-2029	 1,730,000	122,780	1,852,780
	Total	\$ 3,910,000 \$	551,180 \$	4,461,180

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Three mill note, series 2018:

Ending

rear Enaing			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ - \$	103,568 \$	103,568
2022	-	103,568	103,568
2023	-	103,568	103,568
2024	-	103,568	103,568
2025	70,000	103,568	173,568
2026-2030	1,320,000	469,244	1,789,244
2031-2033	1,710,000	117,933	1,827,933
Total	\$ 3,100,000 \$	1,105,017 \$	4,205,017

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

Total on all three mill note issues:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 415,000 \$	213,048 \$	628,048
2022	425,000	201,428	626,428
2023	435,000	189,528	624,528
2024	445,000	177,348	622,348
2025	530,000	164,888	694,888
2026-2030	3,050,000	592,024	3,642,024
2031-2033	1,710,000	117,933	1,827,933
Total	\$ 7,010,000 \$	1,656,197 \$	8,666,197

B. Trust Certificates Payable

On December 13, 2018, the district issued \$3,000,000 of trust certificates to fund the construction of a new fieldhouse and indoor practice facility. See Note 13 for further information related to the trust certificates.

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Trust Certificates Total	3.25-4.5%	12/13/2018	4/1/2030	\$ 3,000,000 \$ 3,000,000	\$ 2,695,000 \$ 2,695,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 235,000	\$ 104,188	\$ 339,188
2022	245,000	93,612	338,612
2023	250,000	82,588	332,588
2024	255,000	71,338	326,338
2025	265,000	60,500	325,500
2026-2030	 1,445,000	154,500	1,599,500
Total	\$ 2,695,000	\$ 566,726	\$ 3,261,726

This debt will be retired from the district maintenance fund.

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

30, 2020 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$3,941,207, \$3,515,532 and \$3,494,889, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school district reported a liability of \$60,292,089 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability was .342725 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019. This was a decrease of .0048 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,315,862. At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$;	\$
experience		36,162	65,706
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		-	707,207
Changes of assumptions		591,224	-
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions		177,405	635,644
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	3,941,207	<u> </u>
Total	\$	4,745,998	\$ 1,408,557

\$3,941,207 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2021	\$ 196,707
2022	(1,083,012)
2023	7,269
2024	275,270
Total	\$ (603,766)

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2018. Subsequent to the June 30, 2018 valuation, the Board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2018. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases 3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.90	%
International Equity	22.00		4.75	
Global Equity	12.00		5.00	
Fixed Income	20.00		1.50	
Real Estate	10.00		4.00	
Private Equity	8.00		6.25	
Cash	1.00		0.25	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	 _	 _	
the net pension liability	\$ 79,256,040	\$ 60,292,089	\$ 44,639,050

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$157,779 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$4,319,550 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was .50905619 percent. This was an increase of .0131 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$274,374. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

·	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$	\$
experience	6,531	61,830
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	81	-
Changes of assumptions	322,034	223,990
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	164,131	-
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	157,779	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 650,556	\$ 285,820

\$157,779 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:		
2021	\$	27,979
2022		27,979
2023		27,979
2024		35,990
2025		60,964
Thereafter		26,066
Total	\$	206,957
	_	

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.20 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.50% 3.89%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2019 Prior Measurement Date 2018

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Measurement Date 3.50% Prior Measurement Date 3.89%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.00 percent for 2019 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.50 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.89% to 3.50%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2019, the trust has \$1,017,904. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2018 and the June 30, 2019 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

		(Current	
	1% Decrease	[Discount	1% Increase
	(2.50%)	F	Rate (3.50%)	(4.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 4,798,267	\$	4,319,550	\$ 3,909,964

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
			Rates	
	1	% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	4,002,729	\$ 4,319,550	\$ 4,678,455

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 9 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

	Explanation	Amount
1.	To adjust beginning asset balances related to the implementation of GASB 84	\$ 95,679
	Total	\$ 95,679

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To adjust beginning asset balances related to the implementation of GASB 84	\$ 95,679
Total		\$ 95,679

Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 11 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 56 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 12 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$51,751,858) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$3,941,207 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$804,791 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$51,751,858) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,408,557 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$51,751,858) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$157,779 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$492,777 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$51,751,858) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$285,820 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 13 - Trust Certificates

On December 13, 2018, the district entered into a trust agreement that authorized the issuance of trust certificates in the principal amount of \$3,000,000. Approximately \$2,952,366 was used to provide financing for the construction of the new fieldhouse and indoor practice facility (the "project"); the remainder of approximately \$47,634 was used to pay the cost of issuance.

The project is leased to the school district in accordance with the provisions of the Emergency School

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Leasing Authority Act as described in Section 37-7-351, et seq., Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The lease represents a capital lease under which ownership of the project will transfer to the school district upon complete retirement of the trust certificates. The school district is obligated to make lease payments to the trustee in an amount equal to the debt service requirements for the trust certificates. The lease rental payments by the school district are used by the trustee to pay the principal and interest payments due on the trust certificates.

It is not anticipated the project will have sufficient value to satisfy the certificates in the event the school district defaults under the lease; therefore, the source of payment of the certificates is the responsibility of the school district. See Note 6 for details regarding the debt service requirement on the trust certificates.

Using the guidance provided in Section 2100 of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* dealing with defining the reporting entity, the trust accounts created by this trust agreement were deemed to constitute an inseparable part of the school district. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources/uses of the trust accounts created by this trust agreement are part of the school district's financial statements, thereby eliminating the effects of the lease agreement for financial reporting purposes.

Note 14 - Insurance loss recoveries

The South Panola School District received \$219,362 in insurance loss recoveries related to storm damage. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries are reported as other revenue.

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the South Panola School District evaluated the activity of the district through December 16, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined no subsequent event have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

							Positive (Negative)
		Budgeted A	mounts		Actual	-	Original	Final
		Original	Final	_	(GAAP Basis)		to Final	to Actual
Revenues:		<u> </u>			,			
Local sources	\$	11,125,950 \$	12,160,636	\$	12,160,637	\$	1,034,686 \$	1
State sources		23,146,125	23,147,984		23,145,984		1,859	(2,000)
Federal sources		179,400	144,132		144,131		(35,268)	(1)
Sixteenth section		2,450	3,079		3,079		629	-
Total Revenues		34,453,925	35,455,831		35,453,831		1,001,906	(2,000)
Expenditures:								
Instruction		19,960,594	19,750,258		19,618,394		210,336	131,864
Support services		13,367,912	14,386,704		14,200,856		(1,018,792)	185,848
Noninstructional services		-	5,613		5,613		(5,613)	-
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	16,560		-		(16,560)	16,560
Debt service:								
Principal		200,000	230,000		230,000		(30,000)	-
Interest		114,538	114,439		114,439		99	-
Other		-	2,500		2,500		(2,500)	-
Total Expenditures		33,643,044	34,506,074		34,171,802		(863,030)	334,272
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures		810,881	949,757		1,282,029		138,876	332,272
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Insurance loss recoveries		2,000	219,362		219,362		217,362	-
Operating transfers in		4,490,094	4,393,568		343,173		(96,526)	(4,050,395)
Other financing sources		2,000	2,553		3,163		553	610
Operating transfers out		(5,301,770)	(5,341,307)		(1,290,914)		(39,537)	4,050,393
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(807,676)	(725,824)		(725,216)		81,852	608
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,205	223,933		556,813		220,728	332,880
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2019, as previously reported		4,594,665	4,594,665		4,594,665		-	-
Prior period adjustments		-	-		95,679		-	95,679
July 1, 2019, as restated		4,594,665	4,594,665		4,690,344		-	95,679
June 30, 2020	\$	4,597,870 \$	4,818,598	\$	5,247,157	\$	220,728 \$	428,559

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Education Stabilization Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original (GAAP Basis) Final to Final to Actual Revenues: Federal sources - \$ 601,508 \$ 601,508 \$ (601,508)601,508 601,508 (601,508) **Total Revenues Expenditures:** Instruction 567,600 567,600 (567,600)Support services 54,552 33,908 (54,552)20,644 Total Expenditures 601,508 20,644 622,152 (622, 152)Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (580,864) (20,644)(601,508)(20,644)Net Change in Fund Balances (20,644)(601,508)(20,644)(580,864)July 1, 2019 June 30, 2020 - \$ (20,644)\$ (601,508)\$ (20,644)\$ (580,864)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	%	2020 .3427250	2019 .3474780	2018 .346977	2017 .340000	2016 .320000	2015 .340000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	60,292,089	57,795,915	57,679,354	60,732,490	49,465,689	41,269,775
District's covered payroll		22,320,838	22,189,771	22,258,794	22,006,140	19,880,533	20,751,930
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		270.12%	260.46%	259.13%	275.98%	248.81%	198.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS **PERS**

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2040	2040	2047	2046	2045
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2020 3,941,207	2019 3,515,532	2018 3,494,889	3,505,760	2016 3,465,967	2015 3,131,184
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 3,941,207	3,515,532	3,494,889	3,505,760	3,465,967	3,131,184
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	
District's covered payroll	\$ 22,650,615	22,320,838	22,189,771	22,258,794	22,006,140	19,880,533
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	.509056190	.49591341	.48900980
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,319,550	3,836,138	3,836,815
District's covered-employee payroll		22,320,838	22,189,771	21,969,866
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		19.35%	17.288%	17.464%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.1198%	0.12911%	0.0000%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 157,779	173,141	163,569
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 157,779	173,141	163,569
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	-	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 22,650,615	22,320,838	20,527,008
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.6966%	0.7757%	0.7968%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2017 valuation for the June 30, 2019 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price Inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return Entry age
Level percentage of payroll, open
38.4 years
5-year smoothed market
3.00 percent
3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation
7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 4.75%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2028

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

OPEB plan investment expense, including

price inflation

3.89%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020	Catalog of Federal		
Federal Grantor/	Domestic		
Pass-through Grantor/	Assistance	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Program Title	No.	Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program	10.553	205MS326N1099	\$ 493,867
National school lunch program	10.555	205MS326N1099	1,531,489
Summer food service program for children	10.559	205MS326N1099	323,575
Total child nutrition cluster			2,348,931
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,348,931 2,348,931
U.S. Department of Defense Direct program:			
Reserve officers' training corps	12.357	N/A	70,361
Total U.S. Department of Defense			70,361
U.S. Department of Interior Direct program:			
Payment in lieu of taxes	15.226	N/A	85,528
Total U.S. Department of Interior			85,528
Appalachian Regional Commission: Direct program:			
Appalachian Regional Development Total Appalachian Regional Commission	23.002	N/A	6,455 6,455
U.S. Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.010 84.048	ES010A190024 VO048A190024	1,808,397
Twenty-first community learning center	84.287	ES287C190024	57,957 102,202
Rural education	84.358	ES358B190024	72,426
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	ES424A190025	24,334
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER)	84.425	S425D200031	601,508
Subtotal Special education cluster:			2,666,824
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A190108-19A	1,103,435
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A190113	58,766
Total special education cluster			1,162,201
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education			3,829,025 3,829,025
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	2005MS5ADM	37,168
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			37,168 37,168
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 6,377,468

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the South Panola School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the South Panola School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the South Panola School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The South Panola School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

((4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$189,969 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 32,062,179 11,959,279	23,889,582 3,513,953	1,421,457 230,609	2,456,102 30,810	4,295,038 8,183,907
Total	\$ 44,021,458	27,403,535	1,652,066	2,486,912	12,478,945
Total number of students *	4,266				
Cost per student	\$ 10,319	6,424	387	583	2,925

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2020	2019*	2018*	2017*
Revenues:	<u> </u>				
Local sources	\$ 1	2,160,637	\$ 11,680,743	\$ 11,092,201	\$ 11,065,171
State sources	2	23,145,984	22,303,086	21,050,138	21,020,456
Federal sources		144,131	192,969	224,146	783,946
Sixteenth section		3,079	2,947	35,788	35,662
Total Revenues	3	35,453,831	34,179,745	32,402,273	32,905,235
Expenditures:					
Instruction	1	9,618,394	18,903,894	19,032,263	20,096,008
Support services	1	4,200,856	13,331,447	13,976,640	12,890,493
Noninstructional services		5,613	1	-	61,219
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		-	-	35,675	1,508,597
Principal		230,000	75,000	-	-
Interest		114,439	35,374	_	_
Other		2,500	-	_	_
Total Expenditures	3	34,171,802	32,345,716	33,044,578	34,556,317
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		1,282,029	1,834,029	(642,305)	(1,651,082)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery		219,362	24,123	60,295	1,500,512
Sale of transportation equipment		-	893	3,526	1,673
Operating transfers in		343,173	296,855	1,274,263	352,304
Other financing sources		3,163	-	-	-
Operating transfers out		(1,290,914)	(1,209,451)	(1,113,632)	(1,211,330)
Other financing uses		(70F 046)	(007 500)	224 452	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(725,216)	(887,580)	224,452	643,159
Net Change in Fund Balances		556,813	946,449	(417,853)	(1,007,923)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		4,594,665	3,648,216	4,066,069	5,073,992
Prior period adjustment		95,679	-,,	-	-
Beginning of period, as restated		4,690,344	3,648,216	4,066,069	5,073,992
3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		,)	-,, 0	, ,	-,,
End of Period	\$	5,247,157	\$ 4,594,665	\$ 3,648,216	\$ 4,066,069

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2020	 2019*	2018*	2017*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 12,990,676	\$ 12,692,577	\$ 13,102,357	\$ 12,685,890
State sources	24,004,532	23,321,206	22,321,308	22,329,997
Federal sources	5,775,960	6,471,799	6,008,198	6,788,770
Sixteenth section	3,837	3,439	35,943	37,028
Total Revenues	42,775,005	42,489,021	41,467,806	41,841,685
Expenditures:				
Instruction	24,406,121	23,682,147	22,660,900	24,085,083
Support services	15,709,124	14,659,929	15,289,938	14,254,464
Noninstructional services	2,386,775	2,514,894	2,659,946	2,890,066
Sixteenth section	-	-	-	938
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	537,371	3,696,612	659,888	2,413,600
Principal	640,000	540,000	2,064,104	2,069,271
Interest	339,067	264,948	175,404	213,889
Other	3,000	86,267	6,300	3,200
Total Expenditures	44,021,458	45,444,797	43,516,480	45,930,511
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (1,246,453)	(2,955,776)	(2,048,674)	(4,088,826)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued	-	-	3,100,000	-
Inception of capital leases	-	3,000,000	-	-
Insurance recovery	219,362	24,123	60,295	1,500,512
Sale of transportation equipment	-	893	3,526	1,673
Operating transfers in	2,422,263	2,017,829	3,273,345	1,823,660
Other financing sources	3,163	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	(2,422,263)	(2,017,829)	(3,273,345)	(1,823,660)
Other financing uses	(1,608)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	220,917	3,025,016	3,163,821	1,502,185
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,025,536)	69,240	1,115,147	(2,586,641)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	11,933,583	11,840,913	10,732,789	13,320,041
Prior period adjustment	95,679	-	-	-
Beginning of period, as restated	 12,029,262	11,840,913	10,732,789	13,320,041
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 23,026	23,430	(7,023)	(611)
End of Period	\$ 11,026,752	\$ 11,933,583	\$ 11,840,913	\$ 10,732,789

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the South Panola School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Panola School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Panola School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the South Panola School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Cumingen CAS

Belzoni, Mississippi

December 16, 2020

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420

Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

10 South Bancroft Street

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the South Panola School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the South Panola School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. South Panola School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the South Panola School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the South Panola School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the South Panola School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the South Panola School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the South Panola School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the South Panola School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Panola School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

December 16, 2020

INDEPENDENT	AUDITOR'S REPORT	ON COMPLIANCE	: WITH STATE LAW	'S AND REGULATIONS

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, which collectively comprise South Panola School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Curring CAS

Belzoni, Mississippi

December 16, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fina	ncial St	atements:						
1.	Type o	Unmodified						
2								
2.		I control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?		No				
	a.	, ,	40					
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	ur	None reported				
3.	Nonco	mpliance material to financial staten	nents noted?	No				
Fed	eral Awa	ards:						
4.	Interna	l control over major programs:						
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No				
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	d?	None reported				
5.	Туре о	f auditor's report issued on complia	nce for major programs:	Unmodified				
6.		dit findings disclosed that are requi	red to be reported in accordance	No				
7.	ldent	ification of major programs:						
	CFD/	Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Clus	<u>ster</u>				
	84.02	27	Special Education – grants to stat	es				
	84.17	73	Special Education – preschool gra	ants				
	84.42	25	COVID-19 - Education Stabilization	on Fund (ESSER)				
8.		r threshold used to distinguish een type A and type B programs:	\$750,000					
9.	Audit	ee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes				
10.	 Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). 							

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.