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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Yazoo County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Yazoo County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Yazoo County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Yazoo County School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-14, 48, 49, 50, 51, and 52, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Yazoo County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 5, 2021 on our consideration of the Yazoo County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Yazoo County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Yazoo County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi

March 5, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The following discussion and analysis of Yazoo County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the Yazoo County School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Yazoo County School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Yazoo County School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2020 increased \$1,241,702, including a prior period adjustment of \$21,957, which represents a 139% increase from fiscal year 2019. Total net position for 2019 increased \$634,999, including a prior period adjustment of (\$39,565), which represents a 42% increase from fiscal year 2018.
- General revenues amounted to \$15,992,960 and \$15,553,505, or 83% and 82% of all revenues for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,255,064, or 17% of total revenues for 2020, and \$3,354,001, or 18% of total revenues for 2019.
- The District had \$18,028,279 and \$18,232,942 in expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019; only \$3,255,064 for 2020 and \$3,354,001 for 2019 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$15,992,960 for 2020 and \$15,553,505 for 2019 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$16,073,876 in revenues and \$14,595,047 in expenditures for 2020, and \$15,227,319 in revenues and \$13,900,534 in expenditures in 2019. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$969,206, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$21,957, from 2019 to 2020, and increased by \$813,117 from 2018 to 2019.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$218,027, for 2020 and decreased by \$807,179, including a prior period adjustment of (\$167,336) for 2019. The decrease for 2020 was due to construction in progress and other current year additions net of the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$633,758 for 2020 and decreased by \$665,256 for 2019. This
 decrease for 2020 was due to the principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability
 for compensated absences increased by \$34,962 for 2020 and decreased by \$16,088 for 2019.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are considered governmental funds:

Governmental funds – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$346,474 as of June 30, 2020.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Condens	eu Si	latement of Ne	SILION			
		June 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	Percentag		
Current assets	\$	9,194,380	\$ 7,932,734	15.90	%	
Restricted assets		3,226,317	3,069,236	5.12	%	
Capital assets, net		16,371,666	 16,589,693	(1.31)	%	
Total assets		28,792,363	 27,591,663	4.35	%	
Deferred outflows of resources		2,230,104	 2,062,632	8.12	%	
Current liabilities		609,428	151,250	302.93	%	
Long-term debt outstanding		5,182,274	5,781,070	(10.36)	%	
Net OPEB liability		1,451,119	1,342,388	8.10	%	
Net pension liability		21,922,237	 21,973,153	(0.23)	%	
Total liabilities		29,165,058	 29,247,861	(0.28)	%	
Deferred inflows of resources		1,510,935	 1,301,662	16.08	%	
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		11,350,911	10,983,938	3.34	%	
Restricted		4,334,094	4,342,751	(0.20)	%	
Unrestricted		(15,338,531)	 (16,221,917)	5.45	%	
Total net position	\$	346,474	\$ (895,228)	138.70	%	

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (15,338,531)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	22,654,187
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 7,315,656

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$218,027.
- The principal retirement of \$633,758 of long-term debt.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 were \$19,248,024 and \$18,907,506, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$18,028,279 for 2020 and \$18,232,942 for 2019.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Table 2Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2020	 Year Ended June 30, 2019	Percentag Change	e
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 298,424	\$ 374,457	(20.30)	%
Operating grants and contributions	2,956,640	2,979,544	(0.77)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	7,152,525	6,764,408	5.74	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	7,269,550	7,185,441	1.17	%
Investment earnings	272,255	168,269	61.80	%
Sixteenth section	1,098,557	1,083,713	1.37	%
Other	200,073	 351,674	(43.11)	%
Total revenues	19,248,024	18,907,506	1.80	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	7,472,251	7,626,176	(2.02)	%
Support services	7,725,051	7,577,699	1.94	%
Non-instructional	993,500	929,499	6.89	%
Sixteenth section	104,555	93,210	12.17	%
Pension expense	1,509,636	1,782,169	(15.29)	%
OPEB expense	73,140	56,458	29.55	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	150,146	 167,731	(10.48)	%
Total expenses	18,028,279	18,232,942	(1.12)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	1,219,745	674,564	80.82	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(895,228)	(1,530,227)	41.50	%
Prior Period Adjustment	21,957	 (39,565)	155.50	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(873,271)	(1,569,792)	44.37	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ 346,474	\$ (895,228)	138.70	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	 Total	nses	Percentage	
	 2020		2019	Change
Instruction	\$ 7,472,251	\$	7,626,176	(2.02) %
Support services	7,725,051		7,577,699	1.94 %
Non-instructional	993,500		929,499	6.89 %
Sixteenth section	104,555		93,210	12.17 %
Pension Expense	1,509,636		1,782,169	(15.29) %
OPEB Expense	73,140		56,458	29.55 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 150,146		167,731	(10.48) %
Total expenses	\$ 18,028,279	\$	18,232,942	(1.12) %

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Net (Exper	Revenue	Percentage	
	 2020		2019	Change
Instruction	\$ (5,966,315)	\$	(6,239,703)	(4.38) %
Support services	(6,864,541)		(6,648,256)	3.25 %
Non-instructional	(104,882)		108,586	(196.59) %
Sixteenth section	(104,555)		(93,210)	12.17 %
Pension Expense	(1,509,636)		(1,782,169)	(15.29) %
OPEB Expense	(73,140)		(56,458)	29.55 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (150,146)		(167,731)	(10.48) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (14,773,215)	\$	(14,878,941)	(0.71) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$14,773,215 for 2020 and \$14,878,941 for 2019) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$7,152,525 for 2020 and \$6,764,408 for 2019) and state and federal revenues (\$7,269,550 for 2020 and \$7,185,441 for 2019). In addition, there was \$1,098,557 and \$1,083,713 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$272,255 for 2020 and \$168,269 for 2019.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11,865,057, an increase of \$953,204, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$21,957 and a decrease in inventory of \$8,798. \$7,323,829 or 62% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

\$4,541,228 or 38% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$969,206, including a prior period adjustment of \$21,957. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$195,549, which includes a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$8,798, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Incre	<u>ase (Decrease)</u>
16th Section Principal Fund	\$	179,547

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the Yazoo County School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2020, the District's total capital assets were \$26,366,001, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$334,966 from 2019. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020, was \$9,994,335, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$678,732, resulting in total net capital assets of \$16,371,666.

	 lune 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	Percentage Change
Land	\$ 413,786	\$ 413,786	0.00 %
Construction in progress	231,738	-	N/A %
Buildings	10,688,004	10,965,392	(2.53) %
Building improvements	4,590,687	4,683,307	(1.98) %
Improvements other than buildings	225,052	275,686	(18.37) %
Mobile equipment	38,152	31,288	21.94 %
Furniture and equipment	 184,247	 220,234	(16.34) %
Total	\$ 16,371,666	\$ 16,589,693	(1.31) %

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2020, the District had \$5,182,274 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$620,361 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$34,962 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2020	J	une 30, 2019	Percenta Change	0
General obligation bonds payable	\$	240,000	\$	475,000	(49.47)	%
Three mill notes payable		625,000		880,000	(28.98)	%
Qualified school construction bond payable		200,755		200,755	0.00	%
Shortfall notes payable		50,361		99,119	(49.19)	%
Trust certificates payable		3,955,000		4,050,000	(2.35)	%
Compensated absences payable		111,158		76,196	45.88	%
Total	\$	5,182,274	\$	5,781,070	(10.36)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Yazoo County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Yazoo County School District, 94 Panther Drive, Yazoo City, MS 39194.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

Exhibit	Α
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June 30, 2020	
	Governmental
	 Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,302,677
Due from other governments	843,166
Prepaid items	14,606
Inventories	33,931
Restricted assets	3,226,317
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	413,786
Construction in progress	231,738
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	10,688,004
Building improvements	4,590,687
Improvements other than buildings	225,052
Mobile equipment	38,152
Furniture and equipment	 184,247
Total Assets	 28,792,363
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,037,305
Deferred outflows - OPEB	 192,799
Total deferred outflows of resources	 2,230,104
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	555,640
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	53,788
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	570,000
Non-capital related liabilities	50,361
Net OPEB liability	49,814
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	4,450,755
Non-capital related liabilities	111,158
Net pension liability	21,922,237
Net OPEB liability	 1,401,305
Total Liabilities	 29,165,058
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	1,354,895
Deferred inflows - OPEB	156,040
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,510,935
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	11,350,911
Restricted for:	,000,011
Expendable:	
School-based activities	420,454
Debt service	488,833
Forestry improvements	169,758
Unemployment benefits	29,260
Non-expendable:	-,
Sixteenth section principal	3,225,789
Unrestricted	(15,338,531)
Total Net Position	\$ 346,474

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				P	rogram Revenue	es		I	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:									
Instruction	\$ 7,472,251	\$	258,964	\$	1,246,972	\$		\$	(5,966,315)
Support services	7,725,051	·	-		860,510	·	-		(6,864,541)
Non-instructional	993,500		39,460		849,158		-		(104,882)
Sixteenth section	104,555		-		-		-		(104,555)
Pension expense	1,509,636		-		-		-		(1,509,636)
OPEB expense	73,140		-		-		-		(73,140)
Interest on long-term liabilities	 150,146		-		-		-		(150,146)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 18,028,279	\$	298,424	\$	2,956,640	\$	-	\$	(14,773,215)

General Revenues:	
Taxes:	
General purpose levies	6,924,352
Debt purpose levies	228,173
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	7,222,308
Federal	47,242
Unrestricted investment earnings	272,255
Sixteenth section	1,098,557
Other	200,073
Total General Revenues	15,992,960
Change in Net Position	1,219,745
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported Prior Period Adjustments	(895,228) 21,957
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	(873,271)
Net Position - Ending	\$ 346,474

Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

		Majo	or Fu	unds				
				16th Section	-	Other		Total
		General		Principal		Governmental		Governmental
		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,694,576	\$	589,228	\$	965,511	\$	9,249,315
Cash with fiscal agents		-		99,811		17,440		117,251
Investments		-		2,053,408		109,020		2,162,428
Due from other governments		535,013		4,389		303,764		843,166
Due from other funds		270,691		-		55,578		326,269
Advances to other funds		-		479,253		-		479,253
Prepaid items		14,606		-		-		14,606
Inventories		-		-		33,931		33,931
Total assets		8,514,886		3,226,089		1,485,244		13,226,219
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	555,170	\$	300	\$	170	\$	555,640
Due to other funds	Ψ	3,288	Ψ		Ψ	322,981	Ψ	326,269
Advances from other funds		479,253		-				479,253
Total Liabilities		1,037,711		300		323,151		1,361,162
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Permanent fund principal		-		3,225,789		-		3,225,789
Prepaid items		14,606		-		-		14,606
Inventory		-		-		33,931		33,931
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		-		542,621		542,621
Forestry improvements		-		-		169,758		169,758
Grant activities		-		-		386,523		386,523
Unemployment benefits		-		-		29,260		29,260
Assigned:								
Student activities		138,740		-		-		138,740
Unassigned		7,323,829		-		-		7,323,829
Total Fund Balances		7,477,175		3,225,789		1,162,093		11,865,057
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,514,886	\$	3,226,089	\$	1,485,244	\$	13,226,219

YAZOO COUNTY SCHOOL DI	STRICT
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	Governmental Funds		
Re	conciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of N	et Position	Exhibit C-1
Ju	ne 30, 2020		
То	tal fund balances for governmental funds	\$	11,865,057
	nounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are fferent because:		
1.	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
	Land	413,786	
	Construction in progress	231,738	
	Buildings	17,318,214	
	Building improvements	6,222,786	
	Improvements other than buildings	775,010	
	Mobile equipment	239,045	
	Furniture and equipment	1,165,422	
	Accumulated depreciation	(9,994,335)	16,371,666
2.	Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in		
	the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Net pension liability	(21,922,237)	
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable		
	to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	2,037,305	
	Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,354,895)	(21,239,827)
4	Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in		
	the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Net OPEB liability	(1,451,119)	
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable		
	to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	192,799	
	Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(156,040)	(1,414,360)
5.	Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the		
0.	current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
	General obligations bonds payable	(240,000)	
	Three mill notes payable	(625,000)	
	Qualified school construction bonds	(200,755)	
	Trust certificates payable	(3,955,000)	
	Shortfall notes payable	(50,361)	
	Compensated absences	(111,158)	
	Accrued interest payable	(53,788)	(5,236,062)
Ne	t position of governmental activities	\$	346,474
NC		<u>Ψ</u>	540,47

Y	AZOO COUNTY SCHOO	OL DISTRICT		
	Governmental F			
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	Changes in Fund Bala	ances		Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020	Maior	r Funds		
	General Fund	16th Section Principal Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 7,420,420	\$-	\$ 309,426 \$	7,729,846
State sources	7,526,601	-	349,460	7,876,061
Federal sources	47,242	-	2,302,886	2,350,128
Sixteenth section	1,079,613	180,113	30,296	1,290,022
Total Revenues	16,073,876	180,113	2,992,068	19,246,057
Expenditures:				
Instruction	6,864,948	-	1,315,700	8,180,648
Support services	7,160,169	-	625,453	7,785,622
Noninstructional services	17,472	-	991,508	1,008,980
Sixteenth section	82,094	371	22,090	104,555
Facilities acquisition and construction	449,967	-	-	449,967
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	633,758	633,758
Interest	20,397	-	137,094	157,491
Other	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	14,595,047	371	3,725,603	18,321,021
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	1,478,829	179,742	(733,535)	925,036
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating transfers in	81,477	-	695,263	776,740
Other financing sources	15,411	-	-	15,411
Operating transfers out	(628,468)	(195)	(148,077)	(776,740)
Other financing uses	-	-	(402)	(402)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(531,580)	(195)	546,784	15,009
Net Change in Fund Balances	947,249	179,547	(186,751)	940,045
Fund Balances:				
July 1, 2019, as previously reported	6,507,969	3,046,242	1,357,642	10,911,853
Prior period adjustments	21,957	3,040,242	1,337,042	21,957
July 1, 2019, as restated	6,529,926	3,046,242	1,357,642	10,933,810
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	-	(8,798)	(8,798)
June 30, 2020	\$ 7,477,175	\$ 3,225,789	\$ 1,162,093 \$	
00.10 00, 2020	<i>\ i</i> , <i>iii</i> , <i>iii</i>	φ 0, <u>22</u> 0,700	<i>↓</i> 1,102,000 <i>↓</i>	

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: 1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 2. Capital outlay \$ 473,747 Depreciation expense \$ 473,747 (678,732) 2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, w hile in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold. 3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds,	Exhibit D-1 \$ 940,045
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Image: The statement of activities are different because: 1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Image: Capital outlay the cost of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.	
 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: 1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay Capital outlay Depreciation expense 2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, w hile in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold. 	
activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:	
Depreciation expense (678,732) 2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.	
governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.	(204,985)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds,	
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds,	(13,042)
w hile the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, how ever, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference betw een the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt w hen debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:	
Payments of debt principal 633,758	
Accrued interest payable 7,345	641,103
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:	
Pension expense (1,509,636) Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	
 5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: 	(76,290)
OPEB expense (73,140)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 49,814	(23,326)
 Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: 	
Change in compensated absences (34,962)	
Change in inventory reserve (8,798)	(43,760)
Change in net position of governmental activities	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five-member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Yazoo County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

Blended component unit

The Yazoo County School District Leasing Authority ("the Authority") as explained in the following paragraph is considered to be a blended component unit as determined by Section 2100 of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* and is included in the district's reporting entity.

The Authority is governed by a five member board which is appointed by the school district's governing board. Although it is legally separate from the school district, it is reported as if it is part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide financing for the renovation, improvement, construction, and equipping of certain school facilities. Therefore, all of the Authority's assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources and uses have been included in the government-wide financial statements of the school district (see Note 16).

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund- This fund is used to account for the generation of revenues and expenditures associated with sixteenth section lands that are legally required to be accounted for in the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund. Those revenues include but are not limited to, sales of non-renewable resources, easements, interest on investments, loans to the district, and transfers.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the School District attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

statements.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Ca Pol	pitalization icy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

(expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$2,037,305 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$192,799 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$1,354,895 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$156,040 related to its OPEB plan.

See Note 14 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, Leases, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases, were postponed eighteen months.

The District has elected to early implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

(GASB) issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets and (2) the beneficiaries with whom the relationship exists. This means school district clearing and club funds, which were previously reported as agency funds in the statement of fiduciary net position, will no longer meet the requirements to be considered fiduciary. As a fiduciary fund, these activities have not been required to report revenue and expenses and have not been included in the government-wide financial statements. Beginning July 1, 2019, school clearing and student club funds are reported in the general fund. As part of the general fund, they are included in the governmental fund statements as well as in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$9,249,315.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$117,251.

Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Government securities	AA+	1-5 years	\$ 2,162,428
Total			\$ 2,162,428

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

• U.S. government securities type of investments of \$2,162,428 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2020, the district had the following investments:

lssuer	Fair Value	% of Total Investments
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 2,162,428	100%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 270,691
Other governmental funds	General Fund	3,288
	Other governmental funds	 52,290
Total		\$ 326,269

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend.

B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Sixteenth section principal fund	General Fund	\$ 479,253
Total		\$ 479,253

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

Note: The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The interest rate on the sixteenth section principal loans payable at June 30, 2020 is 4.0 percent.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2021	\$ 31,895	\$ 19,170	\$ 51,065	
2022	33,171	17,894	51,065	
2023	34,498	16,567	51,065	
2024	35,878	15,187	51,065	
2025	37,313	13,752	51,065	
2026-2030	210,184	45,141	255,325	
2031-2032	96,314	5,815	102,129	
Total	\$ 479,253	\$ 133,526	\$ 612,779	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	 Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 628,468
16th section principal fund	General Fund	195
Other governmental funds	General Fund	81,282
	Other governmental funds	 66,795
Total		\$ 776,740

The primary reason for the interfund transfers was for debt service requirements, federal grant allocations and the funding of various programs within the district.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash, cash with fiscal agents, and investment balances, totaling \$589,228, \$99,811, and \$2,053,408, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash, cash with fiscal agents balance, and investment balance, totaling \$115, \$17,440, and \$109,020, respectively, of the qualified school construction bond sinking fund.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$357,295, of other debt services funds whose assets are restricted for future debt service requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	•	Balance			Balance
		7/1/2019	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2020
Governmental Activities:					
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$	413,786 \$	- \$	- \$	413,786
Construction in progress		-	231,738	-	231,738
Total non-depreciable capital assets		413,786	231,738	-	645,524
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings		17,259,710	58,504	-	17,318,214
Building improvements		6,063,061	159,725	-	6,222,786
Improvements other than buildings		801,510	-	(26,500)	775,010
Mobile equipment		227,864	11,181	-	239,045
Furniture and equipment		1,265,104	12,599	(112,281)	1,165,422
Total depreciable capital assets		25,617,249	242,009	(138,781)	25,720,477
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		6,294,318	335,892	-	6,630,210
Building improvements		1,379,754	252,345	-	1,632,099
Improvements other than buildings		525,824	42,154	(18,020)	549,958
Mobile equipment		196,576	4,317	-	200,893
Furniture and equipment		1,044,870	44,024	(107,719)	981,175
Total accumulated depreciation		9,441,342	678,732	(125,739)	9,994,335
Total depreciable capital assets, net		16,175,907	(436,723)	(13,042)	15,726,142
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	16,589,693 \$	(204,985) \$	(13,042) \$	16,371,666

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount	
Governmental activities:		
Instruction	\$	254,315
Support services		393,622
Non-instructional		30,795
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	678,732

Construction in progress is composed of:

		Spent to	Remaining
	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Commitment
School Access Project	\$	231,738 \$	
Total construction in progress	\$	231,738 \$	-

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded by the District Maintenance Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance			Balance	Amounts due
		 7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2020	within one year
Α.	General obligation refunding bonds payable	\$ 475,000 \$	- \$	(235,000) \$	240,000 \$	240,000
В.	Three mill notes payable	880,000	-	(255,000)	625,000	235,000
C.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	200,755	-	-	200,755	-
D.	Shortfall notes payable	99,119	-	(48,758)	50,361	50,361
Ε.	Trust certificates payable	4,050,000	-	(95,000)	3,955,000	95,000
F.	Compensated absences payable	 76,196	34,962	-	111,158	-
	Total	\$ 5,781,070 \$	34,962 \$	(633,758) \$	5,182,274 \$	620,361

A. General Obligation Refunding bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district.

Debt currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Refunding bonds, Series 2016	1.70%	2/16/2016	5/1/2021	\$ 1,395,000	\$ 240,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending					
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total	
2021	\$	240,000 \$	4,080 \$	244,080	
Total	\$	240,000 \$	4,080 \$	244,080	

This debt will be retired from the Refunding Bonds Debt Service Fund.

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2020, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to .1% of property assessments as of October 1, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Limited tax note, series 2012	1.95%	8/1/2012	8/1/2022 \$	2,600,000	\$ 625,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 235,000 \$	12,188 \$	247,188
2022	215,000	7,605	222,605
2023	 175,000	3,413	178,413
Total	\$ 625,000 \$	23,206 \$	648,206

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest	lssue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Qualified school constructior bonds payable Total	0.65%	12/29/2009	9/15/2024	\$ 200,755 \$ 200,755	\$ 200,755 \$ 200,755

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ -	\$ 1,305 \$	1,305
2022	-	1,305	1,305
2023	-	1,305	1,305
2024	-	1,305	1,305
2025	 200,755	1,305	202,060
Total	\$ 200,755	\$ 6,525 \$	207,280

This debt will be retired from the QSCB sinking debt service fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

D. Shortfall notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued		Amount Outstanding	
2017 Shortfall note	3.25%	8/17/2017	8/17/2020	\$	146,322	\$	50,361
Total				\$	146,322	\$	50,361

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending					
June 30		Principal		Interest	Total
2021	\$	50,361	\$	1,664 \$	52,025
Total	\$	50,361	\$	1,664 \$	52,025

This debt will be retired from the 2017 shortfall note debt service fund.

E. Trust certificates payable

On February 16, 2016, the district issued \$4,320,000 of trust certificates to fund the energy efficiency project throughout the district. The lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes. See Note 16 for further information related to the trust certificates.

Description	Interest	lssue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Trust Certificates Total	2.65%	2/16/2016	2/15/2031	<u>\$4,320,000</u> \$4,320,000	\$3,955,000 \$3,955,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

	Total
June 30 Principal Interest	
2021 \$ 95,000 \$ 104,808 \$ 19	99,808
2022 345,000 102,290 44	47,290
2023 350,000 93,148 44	43,148
2024 360,000 83,873 44	43,873
2025 370,000 74,332 44	44,332
2026-2030 2,000,000 219,288 2,21	19,288
2031 435,000 11,528 44	46,528
Total \$ 3,955,000 \$ 689,267 \$ 4,64	44,267

This debt will be retired from the trust certificate debt service fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

F. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who gualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 vears of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2020 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$1,433,346, \$1,278,234 and \$1,328,704, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school district reported a liability of \$21,922,237 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability was .124615 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019. This was a decrease of .0075 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,509,636. At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	13,748	24,140
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	236,239
Changes of assumptions	215,003	-
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	375,208	1,094,516
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	1,433,346	-
Total	\$ 2,037,305 \$	1,354,895

\$1,433,346 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2021	\$ (169,150)
2022	(486,339)
2023	(195,533)
2024	 100,086
Total	\$ (750,936)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2018. Subsequent to the June 30, 2018 valuation, the Board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2018. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.90	%
International Equity	22.00		4.75	
Global Equity	12.00		5.00	
Fixed Income	20.00		1.50	
Real Estate	10.00		4.00	
Private Equity	8.00		6.25	
Cash	1.00		0.25	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	 (6.75%)	 Rate (7.75%)	 (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 28,817,540	\$ 21,922,237	\$ 16,230,783

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$49,814 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$1,451,119 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was .17101341 percent. This was a decrease of .0025 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$73,140. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	2,194	20,771
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	27	-
Changes of assumptions	108,185	75,248
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	32,579	60,021
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	49,814	-
Total	\$ 192,799 \$	156,040

\$49,814 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2021	\$ (9,635)
2022	(9,635)
2023	(9,635)
2024	(2,598)
2025	13,277
Thereafter	 5,171
Total	\$ (13,055)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.20 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.50% 3.89%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2019 2018
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.50% 3.89%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare

7.00 percent for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.50 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.89% to 3.50%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2019, the trust has \$1,017,904. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2018 and the June 30, 2019 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	urrent	
	1	1% Decrease	D	Discount	1% Increase
		(2.50%)	R	ate (3.50%)	(4.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,611,940	\$	1,451,119	\$ 1,313,522

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost Trend				
				Rates		
	1	% Decrease		Current		1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,344,685	\$	1,451,119	\$	1,571,690

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 9 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
1. To adjust beginning asset balances related to the implementation of GASB 84	\$ 21,957
Total	\$ 21,957

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To adjust beginning asset balances related to the implementation of GASB 84	\$ 21,957
Total		\$ 21,957

Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 11 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 56 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 12 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

	Amount
•	704 050
\$	724,853
	553,819
	413,130
	334,529
	201,485
	6,402
	4,369
\$	2,238,587
	\$

• •

Note 13– Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit in the sinking fund at June 30, 2020 was \$126,575. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period will be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 16,000
2022	16,000
2023	15,000
2024	15,000
2025	 15,755
Total	\$ 77,755

Note 14 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$15,338,531) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,433,346 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$603,959 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$15,338,531) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,354,895 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$15,338,531) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$49,814 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$142,985 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$15,338,531) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$156,040 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 15 - Vocational School Consortium.

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated August 9, 1956, creating the Yazoo City Vocational School. This center was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The center includes the Yazoo City School District and the Yazoo County School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The Yazoo City School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Yazoo City Vocational School and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 16 – Trust Certificates

A trust agreement dated February 16, 2016 was executed by and between the school district and Yazoo County School District Leasing Authority, as trustees.

The trust agreement authorized the issuance of trust certificates in the principal amount of \$4,320,000. Approximately \$4,207,652 was used to provide financing for the construction and renovation of school buildings and related facilities and equipment (the "project"); the remainder of approximately \$112,348 was used to pay the cost of issuance.

The project is leased to the school district in accordance with the provisions of the Emergency School Leasing Authority Act as described in Section 37-7-351, <u>et seq</u>., Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The lease represents a capital lease under which ownership of the project will transfer to the school district upon complete retirement of the trust certificates. The school district is obligated to make lease payments to the trustee in an amount equal to the debt service requirements for the trust certificates. The lease rental payments by the school district are used by the trustee to pay the principal and interest payments due on the trust certificates.

It is not anticipated the project will have sufficient value to satisfy the certificates in the event the school district defaults under the lease; therefore, the source of payment of the certificates is the responsibility of the school district. See Note 6 for details regarding the debt service requirement on the trust certificates.

Using the guidance provided in Section 2100 of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* dealing with defining the reporting entity, the trust accounts created by this trust agreement were deemed to constitute an inseparable part of the school district. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources/uses of the trust accounts created by this trust agreement are part of the school district's financial statements, thereby eliminating the effects of the lease agreement for financial reporting purposes.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Yazoo County School District evaluated the activity of the district through March 5, 2021, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined no subsequent event have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020				Varian Positive (N	
	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 7,370,337 \$	7,105,208	\$ 7,420,420 \$	(265,129) \$	315,212
State sources	7,252,252	7,533,468	7,526,601	281,216	(6,867)
Federal sources	90,000	47,242	47,242	(42,758)	-
Sixteenth section	 824,284	1,079,613	1,079,613	255,329	-
Total Revenues	 15,536,873	15,765,531	16,073,876	228,658	308,345
Expenditures:					
Instruction	7,892,486	6,923,456	6,864,948	969,030	58,508
Support services	8,276,424	7,128,190	7,160,169	1,148,234	(31,979)
Noninstructional services	-	17,472	17,472	(17,472)	-
Sixteenth section	121,193	82,094	82,094	39,099	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	975,000	316,015	449,967	658,985	(133,952)
Debt service:					
Interest	 20,400	20,397	20,397	3	-
Total Expenditures	 17,285,503	14,487,624	14,595,047	2,797,879	(107,423)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 (1,748,630)	1,277,907	1,478,829	3,026,537	200,922
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in	370,203	990,857	81,477	620,654	(909,380)
Other financing sources	-	-	15,411	-	15,411
Operating transfers out	 (965,627)	(1,515,049)	(628,468)	(549,422)	886,581
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (595,424)	(524,192)	(531,580)	71,232	(7,388)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (2,344,054)	753,715	947,249	3,097,769	193,534
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2019, as previously reported	6,507,969	6,507,969	6,507,969	-	-
Prior period adjustments	-	23,752	21,957	23,752	(1,795)
July 1, 2019, as restated	 6,507,969	6,531,721	6,529,926	23,752	(1,795)
June 30, 2020	\$ 4,163,915 \$	7,285,436	\$ 7,477,175 \$	3,121,521 \$	191,739

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	%	2020 .1246150	2019 .1321060	2018 .127473	2017 .135600	2016 .140000	2015 .138000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	21,922,237	21,973,153	21,190,339	24,221,546	21,641,240	16,750,674
District's covered payroll		8,115,771	8,436,216	8,177,441	8,673,549	8,947,873	8,452,241
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		270.12%	260.46%	259.13%	279.26%	241.86%	198.18%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contractually required contribution	\$ 2020 1,433,346	2019 1,278,234	2018 1,328,704	2017 1,287,946	2016 1,366,084	2015 1,409,290
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,433,346	1,278,234	1,328,704	1,287,946	1,366,084	1,409,290
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 8,237,621	8,115,771	8,436,216	8,177,441	8,673,549	8,947,873
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	.17101341	.17353602	.16778882
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,451,119	1,342,388	1,316,486
District's covered-employee payroll		8,115,771	8,436,216	7,538,290
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	1	17.88%	15.912%	17.464%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.1198%	0.12911%	0.0000%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 49,814	58,165	56,124
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 49,814	58,165	56,124
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,237,621	8,115,771	8,852,456
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.6047%	0.7167%	0.6340%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

<u>2019:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2017 valuation for the June 30, 2019 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	38.4 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25% to 18.50%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.25%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2028
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.89%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Tor the real Lindeu Julie 30, 2020	Catalog of		
	Federal		
Federal Grantor/	Domestic	Deer through Entity	E e de vel
Pass-through Grantor/	Assistance	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Program Title	No.	Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	205MS326N1099	\$ 216,102
National school lunch program	10.555	205MS326N1099	604,623
Summer food service program for children	10.559	205MS326N1099	22,644
Total child nutrition cluster			843,369
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			843,369
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			843,369
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct program: Reserve officers' training corps	12.357	N/A	48,921
Total U.S. Department of Defense	12.337	IN/A	48,921
•			40,921
Federal Communications Commission			
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:			
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	N/A	24,300
Total Federal Communications Commission			24,300
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A190024	919,240
Rural education	84.358	ES358A190024	19,925
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	ES367A190023	118,052
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	ES424A190025	13,079
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER)	84.425	S425D200031	26,850
Subtotal			1,097,146
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A190108-19A	306,660
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A190113	6,790
Total special education cluster			313,450
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			1,410,596
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,410,596
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	2005MS5ADM	22,942
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			22,942
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			22,942
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 2,350,128

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Yazoo County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Yazoo County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Yazoo County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Yazoo County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$87,162 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 11,335,166 6,985,855	8,385,664 1,155,802	817,549 531,242	1,200,913 25,042	931,040 5,273,769
Total	\$ 18,321,021	9,541,466	1,348,791	1,225,955	6,204,809
Total number of students *	 1,494				
Cost per student	\$ 12,263	6,386	903	821	4,153

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund

Last Four Years

UNAU	DITED	

		2020		2019*		2018*	2017*
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$	7,420,420	\$	7,056,423	\$	6,956,497 \$	6,332,695
State sources		7,526,601		7,154,082		7,248,156	7,232,484
Federal sources		47,242		71,463		95,449	327,955
Sixteenth section		1,079,613		945,351		858,280	936,092
Total Revenues		16,073,876		15,227,319		15,158,382	14,829,226
Expenditures:							
Instruction		6,864,948		7,021,091		6,831,135	6,572,361
Support services		7,160,169		6,786,265		6,321,325	6,478,747
Noninstructional services		17,472		3,788		14,029	104,233
Sixteenth section		82,094		67,814		71,907	83,326
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		449,967		-		168,169	-
Interest		20,397		21,576		22,711	23,801
Total Expenditures		14,595,047		13,900,534		13,429,276	13,262,468
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		1,478,829		1,326,785		1,729,106	1,566,758
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds of loans		-		-		146,322	-
Insurance recovery		-		86,407		-	-
Operating transfers in		81,477		44,842		96,708	77,385
Other financing sources		15,411		43,092		-	189
Operating transfers out		(628,468)		(688,009)		(625,268)	(689,976)
Other financing uses		-		-		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(531,580)		(513,668)		(382,238)	(612,402)
Net Change in Fund Balances		947,249		813,117		1,346,868	954,356
Fund Balances:							
Beginning of period, as previously reported		6,507,969		5,694,852		4,494,072	3,539,716
Prior period adjustment		21,957		-,,		(146,088)	-,,
Beginning of period, as restated		6,529,926		5,694,852		4,347,984	3,539,716
	-		•		•		
End of Period	<u>\$</u>	7,477,175	\$	6,507,969	\$	5,694,852 \$	4,494,072

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

Revenues: Local sources State sources Federal sources Sixteenth section Total Revenues Expenditures: Instruction Support services Noninstructional services	7,; 2; 1,; <u>19,;</u> 8,, 7, 1,	729,846 876,061 350,128 290,022 246,057 180,648 785,622 008,980	\$ 7,441,127 7,401,075 2,763,911 1,195,025 18,801,138 8,291,953	\$ 7,393,214 7,541,804 2,897,077 1,051,967 18,884,062	\$ 6,685,762 7,622,615 2,715,431 1,138,972 18,162,780
State sources Federal sources Sixteenth section Total Revenues Expenditures: Instruction Support services	7,; 2,; <u>1,;</u> <u>19,;</u> 8,, 7,; 1,;	876,061 350,128 290,022 246,057 180,648 785,622	\$ 7,401,075 2,763,911 1,195,025 18,801,138 8,291,953	\$ 7,541,804 2,897,077 1,051,967 18,884,062	\$ 7,622,615 2,715,431 1,138,972
Federal sources Sixteenth section Total Revenues Expenditures: Instruction Support services	2,; 1,; 19,; 8,, 7, 1,,	350,128 290,022 246,057 180,648 785,622	 2,763,911 1,195,025 18,801,138 8,291,953	 2,897,077 1,051,967 18,884,062	2,715,431 1,138,972
Sixteenth section Total Revenues Expenditures: Instruction Support services	1,: <u>19,:</u> 8, 7, 1,(290,022 246,057 180,648 785,622	 1,195,025 18,801,138 8,291,953	 1,051,967 18,884,062	2,715,431 1,138,972
Total Revenues Expenditures: Instruction Support services	1,: <u>19,:</u> 8, 7, 1,(290,022 246,057 180,648 785,622	 1,195,025 18,801,138 8,291,953	 1,051,967 18,884,062	1,138,972
Expenditures: Instruction Support services	19,2 8, 7 7, 1,0	246,057 180,648 785,622	18,801,138 8,291,953	18,884,062	
Instruction Support services	7, ⁻ 1,0	785,622		7 000 714	
Support services	7, ⁻ 1,0	785,622		7 000 714	
	1,0		7 005 400	7,900,714	7,707,528
Noninstructional services		008,980	7,605,196	7,432,301	8,218,849
			957,825	1,058,457	116,674
Sixteenth section		104,555	93,210	82,613	86,483
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		449,967	-	168,169	1,075,256
Principal	(633,758	665,256	639,436	663,535
Interest		157,491	171,331	180,683	197,427
Other		- , -	2,800	500	500
Total Expenditures	18,3	321,021	17,787,571	17,462,873	18,066,252
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		925,036	1,013,567	1,421,189	96,528
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds of loans		-	-	146,322	-
Insurance recovery		-	86,407	-	-
Operating transfers in	-	776,740	785,141	774,267	767,361
Other financing sources		15,411	43,092	-	189
Operating transfers out	((776,740)	(785,141)	(774,267)	(767,361)
Other financing uses		(402)	(23,131)	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		15,009	106,368	146,322	189
Net Change in Fund Balances		940,045	1,119,935	1,567,511	96,717
		340,043	 1,119,900	 1,507,511	 30,717
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported	10,9	911,853	9,782,962	8,350,715	8,248,633
Prior period adjustment		21,957	-	(146,087)	-
Beginning of period, as restated	10,9	933,810	9,782,962	8,204,628	8,248,633
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		(8,798)	8,956	10,823	5,365
End of Period	<u>\$ 11,8</u>	865,057	\$ 10,911,853	\$ 9,782,962	\$ 8,350,715

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Yazoo County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Yazoo County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Yazoo County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 5, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Yazoo County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Yazoo County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Yazoo County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Yazoo County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cuminfor CPAS

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi March 5, 2021

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Yazoo County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Yazoo County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Yazoo County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Yazoo County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Yazoo County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Yazoo County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Yazoo County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Yazoo County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Yazoo County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Yazoo County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Yazoo County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi March 5, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Yazoo County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Yazoo County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, which collectively comprise Yazoo County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 5, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cuminfor CPAS

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi March 5, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fina	ancial St	atements:					
1.	Туре с	Unmodified					
2.	Interna	al control over financial reporting:					
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No			
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	ed?	None reported			
3.	Nonco	No					
Fed	leral Aw	ards:					
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:					
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No			
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	ed?	None reported			
5.	Туре с	Unmodified					
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?						
7.	Ident	tification of major programs:					
	<u>CFD</u>	A Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Clu	ster			
	84.0	10	Title I – grants to local educational agencies				
	84.4	25	COVID-19 - Education Stabilizati	on Fund (ESSER)			
8.	Dolla	ar threshold used to distinguish betw	veen type A and type B programs:	\$750,000			
9.	Audi	tee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No			
10.	awar	fiscal year audit findings(s) and qu ds which would require the auditee ior audit findings in accordance with	to prepare a summary schedule	No			

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.