# **RANKIN COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI**

Audited Financial Statements and Special Reports For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

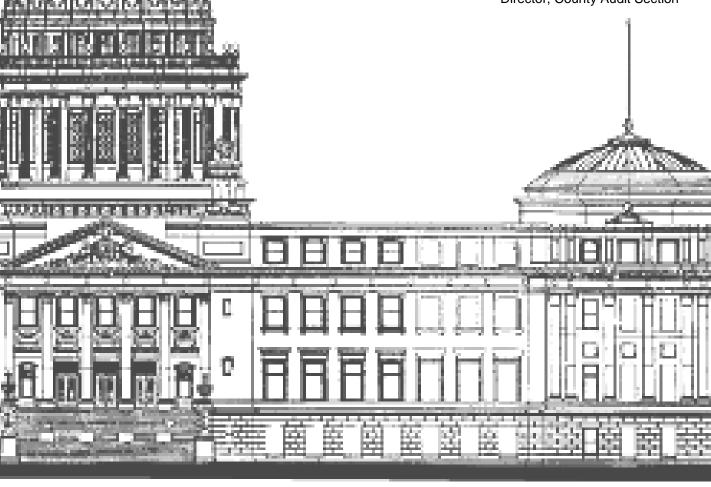


## **SHAD WHITE**

STATE AUDITOR

Stephanie C. Palmertree, CPA Director, Financial and Compliance Audit Division

Joe E. McKnight, CPA Director, County Audit Section



A Report from the County Audit Section

www.osa.state.ms.us



September 26, 2022

Members of the Board of Supervisors Rankin County, Mississippi

**Dear Board Members:** 

I am pleased to submit to you the 2021 financial and compliance audit report for Rankin County. This audit was performed pursuant to Section 7-7-211(e), Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). The audit was performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

I appreciate the cooperation and courtesy extended by the officials and employees of Rankin County throughout the audit. Thank you for working to move Mississippi forward by serving as a supervisor for Rankin County. If I or this office can be of any further assistance, please contact me or Joe McKnight of my staff at (601) 576-2674.

Respectfully submitted,

Shad White

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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## STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE

**AUDITOR** 

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Rankin County, Mississippi

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rankin County, Mississippi, (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements do not include financial data for the County's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial date for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The County has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units has not been determined.

#### **Adverse Opinion**

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of Rankin County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

As discussed in Note 11 to the financial statements, the County has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits in the governmental activities and, accordingly, has not recorded an expense for the current period change in that liability. Accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America require that other postemployment benefits attributable to employee services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee be accrued as liabilities and expenses as employees earn the rights to the benefits, which would increase the liabilities, reduce the net position, and change the expenses of the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net position, and expenses of the governmental activities has not been determined.

## **Qualified Opinion**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of Rankin County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Unmodified Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rankin County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and corresponding notes, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of County Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Omission of Required Supplementary Information

Rankin County, Mississippi, has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Changes in the County's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

## Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Rankin County, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the accompanying Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2022 on our consideration of Rankin County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Rankin County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Rankin County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

JOE E. MCKNIGHT, CPA Director, County Audit Section

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September 26, 2022

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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September 30, 2021

	Primary Government
	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 83,988,968
Investments	26,673,529
Accrued interest receivable	95,927
Property tax receivable	53,238,421
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for	
uncollectibles of \$1,183,260)	328,944
Fines receivable (net of allowance for	
uncollectibles of \$8,814,388)	1,729,878
Intergovernmental receivables	1,798,431
Other receivables	147,207
Capital assets:	42.454.040
Land and construction in progress	13,154,910
Other capital assets, net Total Assets	216,739,338
Total Assets	397,895,553
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	6,084,331
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,084,331
Total Belefied Outliows of Nesources	0,004,331
LIABILITIES	
Claims payable	1,517,555
Intergovernmental payables	5,309,171
Accrued interest payable	364,464
Unearned revenue	15,039,297
Amounts held in custody for others	980,963
Claims and judgments payable	177,667
Long-term liabilities	,
Due within one year:	
Capital debt	6,482,704
Due in more than one year:	
Capital debt	72,152,857
Non-capital debt	1,641,608
Net pension liability	46,993,660
Total Liabilities	150,659,946
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	14,259,638
Deferred revenues - property taxes	53,238,421
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	67,498,059
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	151,258,687
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	4 470 400
General government	1,472,480
Public safety Public works	8,973,730 31,521,761
Health and welfare	
Culture and recreation	1,988,069 534,798
Debt service	16,747,730
Unemployment compensation	124,174
Unrestricted	(26,799,550)
Total Net Position	\$185,821,879

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Program F	Revenues
-----------	----------

Charges for Grants and Grants and Contributions   Expenses   Services   Charges for Grants and Contributions   Contributions	Governmental Activities (11,501,444) (18,009,245) (16,086,955)
Governmental activities:         General government       \$ 17,791,562       5,507,336       782,782         Public safety       23,958,276       4,779,164       919,867       250,000         Public works       24,505,790       5,139,147       1,818,090       1,461,598         Health and welfare       1,269,298       78,228	(18,009,245) (16,086,955)
Governmental activities:         General government       \$ 17,791,562       5,507,336       782,782         Public safety       23,958,276       4,779,164       919,867       250,000         Public works       24,505,790       5,139,147       1,818,090       1,461,598         Health and welfare       1,269,298       78,228	(18,009,245) (16,086,955)
General government       \$ 17,791,562       5,507,336       782,782         Public safety       23,958,276       4,779,164       919,867       250,000         Public works       24,505,790       5,139,147       1,818,090       1,461,598         Health and welfare       1,269,298       78,228	(18,009,245) (16,086,955)
Public safety       23,958,276       4,779,164       919,867       250,000         Public works       24,505,790       5,139,147       1,818,090       1,461,598         Health and welfare       1,269,298       78,228	(18,009,245) (16,086,955)
Public works       24,505,790       5,139,147       1,818,090       1,461,598         Health and welfare       1,269,298       78,228	(16,086,955)
Health and welfare 1,269,298 78,228	
7 - 7 - 7	(4 404 070)
Culture and representation	(1,191,070)
Culture and recreation 57,498	(57,498)
Conservation of natural resources 354,586	(354,586)
Economic development and assistance 812,867	(812,867)
Interest on long-term debt 2,417,454	(2,417,454)
Pension expense 3,957,453	(3,957,453)
Total Governmental Activities \$ 75,124,784 15,425,647 3,598,967 1,711,598	(54,388,572)
General revenues:	
Property taxes \$	52,910,344
Road & bridge privilege taxes	2,215,240
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	4,651,484
Unrestricted interest income	546,848
Miscellaneous	3,717,085
Total General Revenues	64,041,001
Changes in Net Position	9,652,429
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	175,226,167
Fund reclassification	943,283
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	176,169,450
Net Position - Ending \$	

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

	ľ	Major Funds					
	_	•		County	Rankin County		
			American	Unit Road	2008 Bond	Other	Total
		General	Rescue Plan	Maintenance	and Interest	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS		·					
Cash	\$	27,209,293	15,082,472	11,203,656	4,549,877	23,878,951	81,924,249
Investments		7,247,797		7,390,476	517,700	11,517,556	26,673,529
Accrued interest receivable		26,087		26,600	1,863	41,377	95,927
Property tax receivable		32,056,211		8,030,000	8,000,000	5,152,210	53,238,421
Accounts receivable (net of allowance							
for uncollectibles of \$1,183,260)						328,944	328,944
Fines receivable (net of allowance for							
uncollectibles of \$8,814,388)		1,729,878					1,729,878
Intergovernmental receivables		1,776,320				22,111	1,798,431
Other receivables		35,472				10,718	46,190
Due from other funds				451,379	298,395	422,851	1,172,625
Advances to other funds				58,191			58,191
Total Assets	\$	70,081,058	15,082,472	27,160,302	13,367,835	41,374,718	167,066,385
LIABILITIES							
Liabilities:							
Claims payable	\$	551,063	40,489	410,228		515,775	1,517,555
Intergovernmental payables	Ψ	4,903,679	10,100	110,220		010,110	4,903,679
Due to other funds		1,578,117					1,578,117
Advances from other funds		1,070,117				58,191	58,191
Unearned revenue			15,039,297			30,131	15,039,297
Amounts held in custody for others		980,963	10,000,201				980,963
Total Liabilities	-	8,013,822	15,079,786	410,228	0	573,966	24,077,802
Total Liabilities	-	0,010,022	10,010,100	+10,220		373,300	24,077,002
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		32,056,211		8,030,000	8,000,000	5,152,210	53,238,421
Unavailable revenue - solid waste fees						328,944	328,944
Unavailable revenue - fines		1,729,878					1,729,878
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	33,786,089	0	8,030,000	8,000,000	5,481,154	55,297,243
Fund balances:							
Restricted for:							
General government						1,472,480	1,472,480
Public safety						8,973,730	8,973,730
Public works			2,686	18,720,074		12,470,057	31,192,817
Culture and recreation			_,			534,798	534,798
Debt service					5,367,835	11,744,359	17,112,194
Unemployment compensation					0,001,000	124,174	124,174
Unassigned		28,281,147				. = .,	28,281,147
Total Fund Balances	-	28,281,147	2,686	18,720,074	5,367,835	35,319,598	87,691,340
	-	20,201,111	2,000	10,120,01 T	0,007,000	20,010,000	01,001,010
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	Φ.	70.004.050	45 000 470	07.400.000	40 007 005	44 074 740	407.000.005
and Fund Balances	\$_	70,081,058	15,082,472	27,160,302	13,367,835	41,374,718	167,066,385

September 30, 2021		
		Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	87,691,340
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$230,902,325.		229,894,248
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		2,058,822
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(80,277,169)
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(46,993,660)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		(364,464)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		6,084,331 (14,259,638)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are		4 000 000
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		1,988,069
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	» <u>—</u>	185,821,879

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RANKIN COUNTY

Exhibit 3-1

Exhibit 4

	1	Major Funds					
	-			County	Rankin County		
			American	Unit Road	2008 Bond	Other	Total
		General	Rescue Plan	Maintenance	and Interest	Governmental	Governmental
	_	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES	Φ.	00 000 044		0.007.045	0.570.000	5 000 400	50.040.044
Property taxes	\$	30,083,911		8,037,045	9,579,896	5,209,492	52,910,344
Road and bridge privilege taxes		4 077 005		2,215,240	4 705	470.000	2,215,240
Licenses, commissions and other revenue		4,877,285		2,130	1,785	172,868	5,054,068
Fines and forfeitures		714,010	40.400	0.000.000		1,822,328	2,536,338
Intergovernmental revenues		6,041,521	40,489	3,080,283		799,756	9,962,049
Charges for services		835,345	0.000	400 770	00.040	6,894,848	7,730,193
Interest income		177,163	2,686	108,772	33,916	208,646	531,183
Miscellaneous revenues	_	637,991	40.475	2,151,985	0.045.507	195,658	2,985,634
Total Revenues	-	43,367,226	43,175	15,595,455	9,615,597	15,303,596	83,925,049
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		17,986,632				851,262	18,837,894
Public safety		20,978,912				4,261,482	25,240,394
Public works			40,489	14,074,997		13,159,223	27,274,709
Health and welfare		1,269,298					1,269,298
Culture and recreation		53,812					53,812
Conservation of natural resources		345,070					345,070
Economic development and assistance		302,381				510,486	812,867
Debt service:							
Principal				1,138,800	6,225,000	1,202,676	8,566,476
Interest				67,870	1,771,874	1,529,402	3,369,146
Total Expenditures	_	40,936,105	40,489	15,281,667	7,996,874	21,514,531	85,769,666
Excess of Revenues over							
(under) Expenditures		2,431,121	2,686	313,788	1,618,723	(6,210,935)	(1,844,617)
(under) Experiatures	-	2,431,121	2,000	313,700	1,010,723	(0,210,933)	(1,044,017)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Long-term capital debt issued				1,290,585			1,290,585
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		23,575		1,040,110		357,425	1,421,110
Transfers in						1,185,235	1,185,235
Transfers out	_	(250,000)				(935,235)	(1,185,235)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_	(226,425)	0	2,330,695	0	607,425	2,711,695
Net Changes in Fund Balances	_	2,204,696	2,686	2,644,483	1,618,723	(5,603,510)	867,078
Fund Polonogo Poginning on province by real and		27 500 720	0	16 075 504	2 740 440	20 547 550	05 000 070
Fund Balances - Beginning, as previously reported Fund reclassification		27,508,720	0	16,075,591	3,749,112	38,547,556	85,880,979
	-	(1,432,269)		16 075 501	2 7/0 112	2,375,552	943,283
Fund Balances - Beginning, as restated	-	26,076,451	0	16,075,591	3,749,112	40,923,108	86,824,262
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	28,281,147	2,686	18,720,074	5,367,835	35,319,598	87,691,340

## Exhibit 4-1 RANKIN COUNTY Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 Amount Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds 867,078 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that capital outlays of \$11,001,005 exceeded depreciation of \$9,494,407 in the current period. 1,506,598 In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of the net gain of \$629,994 and the proceeds from the sale of \$1,421,110 in the current period. (791,116)Fine revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting. 83,650 Solid waste revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required 21,398 on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting. Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that debt repayments of \$8,566,476 exceeded debt proceeds of \$1,290,585. 7,275,891 Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by a combination of the following items:

(21,946)

64,196

901,441

(13,945)

The amount of increase in compensated absences liability

The amount of decrease in accrued interest payable

The amortization of bond premiums

The amortization of bond discounts

Exhibit 4-1

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	-	Amount
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Recording of pension expense for the current period		(3,957,453)
Recording of contributions made during the year		3,696,279
An Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) is reported within governmental		
activities.		20,358
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$.	9,652,429

	Governmental Activities Self-insurance Internal Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	<b>A</b> 0.004.740
Cash	\$ 2,064,719
Other receivables	101,017
Total Current Assets	2,165,736
Total Assets	2,165,736
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:	
Claims and judgments payable	177,667
Total Current Liabilties	177,667
Total Liabilities	177,667
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Health and welfare	1,988,069
Total Net Position	\$ 1,988,069

Exhibit 6

Operating Revenues         \$ 4,879,260           Premiums         \$ 4,879,260           Miscellaneous         101,457           Total Operating Revenues         4,980,717           Operating Expenses         \$ 4,209,462           Claims payments         4,209,462           Administrative         766,562           Total Operating Expenses         4,976,024           Operating Income (Loss)         4,693           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         15,665           Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         15,665           Changes in Net Position         20,358           Net Position - Beginning         1,967,711           Net Position - Ending         \$ 1,988,069		Governmental Activities Self-insurance Internal Service Fund
Miscellaneous         101,457           Total Operating Revenues         4,980,717           Operating Expenses         4,209,462           Claims payments         4,209,462           Administrative         766,562           Total Operating Expenses         4,976,024           Operating Income (Loss)         4,693           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         15,665           Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         15,665           Changes in Net Position         20,358           Net Position - Beginning         1,967,711		
Total Operating Revenues         4,980,717           Operating Expenses         4,209,462           Claims payments         4,209,462           Administrative         766,562           Total Operating Expenses         4,976,024           Operating Income (Loss)         4,693           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         15,665           Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         15,665           Changes in Net Position         20,358           Net Position - Beginning         1,967,711		\$ , ,
Operating Expenses       4,209,462         Claims payments       4,209,462         Administrative       766,562         Total Operating Expenses       4,976,024         Operating Income (Loss)       4,693         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)       15,665         Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)       15,665         Changes in Net Position       20,358         Net Position - Beginning       1,967,711		
Claims payments       4,209,462         Administrative       766,562         Total Operating Expenses       4,976,024         Operating Income (Loss)       4,693         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)       15,665         Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)       15,665         Changes in Net Position       20,358         Net Position - Beginning       1,967,711	Total Operating Revenues	4,980,717
Claims payments       4,209,462         Administrative       766,562         Total Operating Expenses       4,976,024         Operating Income (Loss)       4,693         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)       15,665         Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)       15,665         Changes in Net Position       20,358         Net Position - Beginning       1,967,711	Operating Expenses	
Administrative         766,562           Total Operating Expenses         4,976,024           Operating Income (Loss)         4,693           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         15,665           Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         15,665           Changes in Net Position         20,358           Net Position - Beginning         1,967,711		4.209.462
Total Operating Expenses         4,976,024           Operating Income (Loss)         4,693           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         5           Interest income         15,665           Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)         15,665           Changes in Net Position         20,358           Net Position - Beginning         1,967,711		
Operating Income (Loss)  Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Interest income Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)  Changes in Net Position  Net Position - Beginning  14,693  15,665  15,665  20,358	Total Operating Expenses	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Interest income 15,665 Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) 15,665  Changes in Net Position 20,358  Net Position - Beginning 1,967,711		
Interest income 15,665 Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) 15,665  Changes in Net Position 20,358  Net Position - Beginning 1,967,711	Operating Income (Loss)	4,693
Interest income 15,665 Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) 15,665  Changes in Net Position 20,358  Net Position - Beginning 1,967,711		
Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)15,665Changes in Net Position20,358Net Position - Beginning1,967,711	Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Changes in Net Position 20,358  Net Position - Beginning 1,967,711		
Net Position - Beginning 1,967,711	Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	15,665
Net Position - Beginning 1,967,711	Changes in Net Position	20.358
	Ordingso in Not i soldon	20,000
Net Position - Ending \$ 1,988,069	Net Position - Beginning	1,967,711
	Net Position - Ending	\$ 1,988,069

Governmental

## RANKIN COUNTY Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	A	ctivities
	_	Self-insurance
		Internal Service
	_	Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Receipts for premiums	\$	4,879,260
Payments for claims		(4,059,566)
Payments to administrator for services		(766,562)
Other operating cash receipts	_	101,457
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	_	154,589
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest on deposits		15,665
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	_	15,665
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		170,254
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	1,894,465
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ <b>_</b>	2,064,719
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	4,693
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	_	
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		69,348
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments liability		80,548
Total Adjustments	_	149,896
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ <u>_</u>	154,589

	Custo Fu	odial ınds
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 371,	123
Receivables:		
Due from other funds	405,4	492
Total Assets	\$ 776,6	615
LIABILITIES		
Intergovernmental payables	\$ 405,4	492
Total Liabilities	405,4	492
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Individuals, organizations and other governments	371, <sup>-</sup>	123
Total Net Position	\$	

Exhibit 9

	Custodial
	Funds
ADDITIONS	 
Tax collections for other governments	\$ 15,394,494
Other taxes and fees collected for other governments	1,879,851
Licenses and fees collected for State	 1,050,898
Total Additions	 18,325,243
DEDUCTIONS	
Payments of tax to other governments	15,402,956
Payment of other taxes and fees to other governments	2,137,142
Payment of licenses and fees to state	 1,058,539
Total Deductions	 18,598,637
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	(273,394)
Net Position - Beginning	 644,517
Net Position - Ending	\$ 371,123

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

## (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

## Financial Reporting Entity.

Rankin County, Mississippi (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi. The County is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Rankin County to present these financial statements on the primary government and its component units which have significant operational or financial relationships with the County.

Management has chosen to omit from these financial statements the following component units which have significant operational or financial relationships with the County. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include the data of the County's component units necessary for reporting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

- Rankin County Economic Development Authority
- Rankin County Human Resource Agency
- Cleary Water, Sewer, and Fire Protection District
- Evergreen Fire Protection District
- Lake Harbor Fire Protection District
- Reservoir Fire Protection District
- Robinhood Fire Protection District
- Southwest Rankin County Fire Protection District
- Star Fire Protection District
- Richland Creek Watershed Drainage District
- Five Lakes Utility District

State law pertaining to county government provides for the independent election of county officials. The following elected and appointed officials are all part of the County legal entity and therefore are reported as part of the primary government financial statements.

- Board of Supervisors
- Chancery Clerk
- Circuit Clerk
- Justice Court Clerk
- Purchase Clerk
- Tax Assessor
- Tax Collector
- Sheriff

#### B. Basis of Presentation.

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and accompanying note disclosures which provide a detailed level of financial information.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information concerning the County as a whole. The statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the County at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. Internal service fund balances have been eliminated against the expenses and program revenue. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into governmental, proprietary and fiduciary, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual Governmental Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column as Other Governmental Funds.

## C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.

The Government-wide, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the County. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The revenues and expenses of Proprietary Funds are classified as operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a Proprietary Fund's primary operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

Governmental financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

The County reports the following major Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

American Rescue Plan Fund - This fund is used to account for monies from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) that are considered restricted in nature.

<u>County Unit Road Maintenance Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for monies from specific revenue sources that are restricted for road maintenance.

Rankin County 2008 Bond and Interest Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general obligation bond principal, interest and related costs.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

#### PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for those operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County's internal service fund reports on self-insurance programs for employee medical and dental benefits.

#### FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria.

## D. Account Classifications.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association.

#### E. Deposits and Investments.

State law authorizes the County to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the County may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, and all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value.

## F. Receivables.

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

## G. Interfund Transactions and Balances.

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

## H. Capital Assets.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure, which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital assets, costs have been estimated and the methods of estimation are not readily available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capitalized on capital assets.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements and Proprietary Funds. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

		Capitalization Thresholds	Estimated Useful Life
	·		
Land	\$	0	N/A
Infrastructure		0	20-50 years
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

<sup>\*</sup> Leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

## I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

<u>Deferred outflows related to pensions</u> - This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note 12 for additional details.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

<u>Deferred revenues – property taxes/unavailable revenue – property taxes</u> - Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed nonexchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.

<u>Unavailable revenue – solid waste fees</u> - When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

<u>Unavailable revenue – fines</u> - When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

<u>Deferred inflows related to pensions</u> - This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note 12 for additional details.

## J. Long-term Liabilities.

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Fund Types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

## K. Pensions.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## L. Compensated Absences.

The County has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee personal leave. No payment is authorized for accrued major medical leave. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require accrual of accumulated unpaid employee benefits as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In fund financial statements, Governmental Funds report the compensated absence liability payable only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee resigns or retires.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

#### M. Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

## Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the County:

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources by an external party or imposed by law through either a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

## Fund Balance Flow Assumption:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

## N. Property Tax Revenues:

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Supervisors may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the County. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount, which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Supervisors, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectibility criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

#### O. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

## P. Changes in Accounting Standards.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

GASB 84, Fiduciary Activities, was implemented during fiscal year 2021. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds.

#### (2) Fund Reclassification (Accounting Change).

Effective October 1, 2020, and in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the Payroll Clearing Fund, the Bail Bond Fund, and the Constable Fund, previously reported as Fiduciary Funds, were reclassified and reported in the General Fund. Therefore, the County has adjusted beginning fund balance/net position for the General Fund and Governmental Activities in the amount of \$943,283.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Additionally, the State Drug Money Confiscation Fund's and Special Supplemental Sheriff Fund's beginning fund balances of \$2,316,755 and \$58,797, respectively, were reclassified from a General Fund to a Special Revenue Fund because the activity of the funds are restricted in nature. These funds were misclassified in the prior year.

For the Fiduciary Fund Custodial Activities, the County has treated the beginning of year net position of \$644,517 as having been recognized in the period incurred. The County has adjusted beginning net position for their fiduciary activities from \$0 to \$644,517.

## (3) Deposits and Investments.

#### Deposits:

The carrying amount of the County's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2021, was \$84,360,091, and the bank balance was \$86,533,367. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated. Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the County.

#### Investments:

Investments balances at September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Investment Type	Maturities	Fair Value Level		Fair Value	Rating
Money market securities	Less than 1 year	1	\$	181,917	AAAm
Agency obligations	More than 1 year	1	*	91,116	Not rated
Treasury inflation-protected securities	More than 1 year	1		1,149,372	AAA / Not rated
Agency mortgage pass-through obligations	More than 1 year	2		6,274,552	Not rated
Collateralized mortgage obligations	More than 1 year	2		5,847,141	Not rated
Asset backed securities	More than 1 year	2		1,132,183	Not rated
Municipal obligations	More than 1 year	2		7,895,420	AA / Not rated
Small business administration loans	More than 1 year	2		3,063,734	Not rated
International debt	Less than 1 year	2		1,038,094	Not rated
Total			\$_	26,673,529	

Interest Rate Risk. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, Section 19-9-29, Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated limits the maturity period of any investment to no more than one year.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those authorized by *Sections 19-9-29* and *91-13-8*, *Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated*. The County does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investments choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. All of the County's investments were uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty trust department in the County's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The County places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the County's investments are in agency mortgage pass-through obligations, collateralized mortgage obligations, municipal obligations, and small business administration loans. These investments are 86.53% of the County's total investments.

Investment Type	Fund	 Fair Value	Percentage of total investments
Agency mortgage pass-through obligations	Various	\$ 6,274,552	23.52%
Collateralized mortgage obligations	Various	5,847,141	21.92%
Municipal obligations	Various	7,895,420	29.60%
Small business administration loans	Various	 3,063,734	11.49%
Total		\$ 23,080,847	86.53%

### (4) Interfund Transactions and Balances.

The following is a summary of interfund balances at September 30, 2021:

### A. Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
County Unit Road Maintenance Fund	General Fund	\$ 451,379
Rankin County 2008 Bond and Interest Fund	General Fund	298,395
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	422,851
Custodial Funds	General Fund	 405,492
Total		\$ 1,578,117

The majority of the receivables represent the tax revenue collected in September, 2021, but not settled until October, 2021. All other receivables are to correct immaterial errors in the general ledger. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

#### B. Advances from/to Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	-	Amount
County Unit Road Maintenance Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$	58,191

The amount due to the County Unit Road Maintenance Fund is for debt service payments made out of the incorrect fund in the prior year.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

# C. Transfers In/Out:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
Other Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds	General Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$ 250,000 935,235
Total		\$ 1,185,235

The principal purpose of interfund transfers was to provide funds for operating expenses or to correct immaterial errors in the general ledger. All interfund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

# (5) Intergovernmental Receivables.

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Description	 Amount
Governmental Activities:	
Legislative tax credit	\$ 1,481,084
Reimbursement for housing prisoners	80,335
Disaster grants - public assistance reimbursement	87,178
Various grant reimbursements	 149,834
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,798,431

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

# (6) Capital Assets.

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2021:

## Governmental activities:

		Balance Oct. 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments*	Balance Sept. 30, 2021
	-	<u> </u>				
Non-depreciable capital assets:	_					
Land	\$	5,078,099				5,078,099
Construction in progress	-	32,057,284	3,749,491		(27,729,964)	8,076,811
Total non-depreciable capital assets	_	37,135,383	3,749,491	0	(27,729,964)	13,154,910
Depreciable capital assets:						
Infrastructure		283,690,286	3,538,687		1,877,245	289,106,218
Buildings		76,398,608			25,852,719	102,251,327
Improvements other than buildings		10,425,728	33,473			10,459,201
Mobile equipment		19,382,629	1,678,138	817,990	552,431	20,795,208
Furniture and equipment		12,733,886	710,631	120,882		13,323,635
Leased property under capital leases	-	12,296,428	1,290,585	1,328,508	(552,431)	11,706,074
Total depreciable capital assets	_	414,927,565	7,251,514	2,267,380	27,729,964	447,641,663
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Infrastructure		157,185,653	4,040,360			161,226,013
Buildings		35,037,271	2,029,967			37,067,238
Improvements other than buildings		4,533,105	361,640			4,894,745
Mobile equipment		13,343,140	1,571,184	627,203	116,310	14,403,431
Furniture and equipment		10,029,337	698,480	108,346		10,619,471
Leased property under capital leases	_	2,755,676	792,776	740,715	(116,310)	2,691,427
Total accumulated depreciation	_	222,884,182	9,494,407	1,476,264	0	230,902,325
Total depreciable capital assets, net	_	192,043,383	(2,242,893)	791,116	27,729,964	216,739,338
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	229,178,766	1,506,598	791,116	0	229,894,248

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,971,354
Public safety	2,369,246
Public works	5,140,605
Culture and recreation	3,686
Conservation of natural resources	 9,516
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 9,494,407

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects at September 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	Remaining	
	Financial	Expected Date of
Description of Commitment	 Commitment	Completion
Andrew Jackson Circle	\$ 160,000	December, 2022
Andrew Chapel Road	2,000,000	December, 2022
Gunter Road - widening	4,400,000	December, 2023
Spillway Road - widening	440,000	December, 2022
Gunter Road - extension	6,750,000	December, 2023
Mill Creek improvements	100,000	December, 2022
Old Pearson Road	288,755	December, 2022

As of September 30, 2021, the County had the following commitments:

On May I, 2000, the Rankin County Board of Supervisors entered into an agreement with the City of Flowood to pledge to the City, for payment of a portion of the principal, interest, fees, and expenses of the bonds for the Dogwood Festival Market Project, the avails of the added incremental increase in county ad valorem taxes levied against the real and personal property constituting the project. County ad valorem taxes for school district purposes shall not be subject to the pledge of ad valorem taxes. The pledge of tax revenues is irrevocable until such time as the entirety of the principal, interest, fees, and expenses relating to the bonds are paid in full. In the event that there shall be surplus revenues on December 31, the surplus revenue shall be reimbursed to the City and County on a pro rata basis. This agreement was amended on March 1, 2021.

On October 1, 2003, the Rankin County Board of Supervisors entered into an agreement with the City of Flowood to pledge to the City, for payment of a portion of the principal, interest, fees, and expenses of the bonds for the Dogwood Promenade, the avails of the added incremental increase in county ad valorem taxes levied against the real and personal property constituting the project. County ad valorem taxes for school district purposes shall not be subject to the pledge of ad valorem taxes. The pledge of tax revenues is irrevocable until such as the entirety of the principal, interest, fees, and expenses relating to the bonds are paid in full. This agreement was amended on March 1, 2021.

On May 31, 2004, the Rankin County Board of Supervisors entered into an agreement with the City of Flowood to pledge to the City, for payment of a portion of the principal, interest, fees, and expenses of the bonds for the Lakeland Commons, the avails of the added incremental increase in county ad valorem taxes levies against the real and personal property constituting the project. County ad valorem taxes for school district purposes shall not be subject to the pledge of ad valorem taxes. The pledge of tax revenues is irrevocable until such time as the entirety of the principal, interest, fees, and expenses relating to the bonds are paid in full. This agreement was amended on March 1, 2021.

On December 6, 2004, the Rankin County Board of Supervisors entered into an agreement with the City of Pearl to pledge to the City, for payment of a portion of the principal, interest, fees, and expenses of the bonds for the Bass Pro Shops/Bloomfield project, the avails of the added incremental increase in county real and personal property taxes from the Bass Pro portion of the project. The terms of this agreement will not exceed twenty years.

On September 7, 2004, the Rankin County Board of Supervisors entered into an agreement with the City of Pearl to pledge to the City, for a partial payment of a loan from Mississippi Development Bank to the City to be used to purchase land for a baseball stadium, site work, and parking lot construction. The amount pledged is \$320,000 a year for twenty years.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

On November 13, 2009, the Rankin County Board of Supervisors entered into an agreement with the City of Flowood to pledge to the City, for payment of a portion of the principal, interest, fees, and expenses of the bonds for the East Wind project, the avails of the added incremental increase in county ad valorem taxes levied against the real and personal property constituting the project. County ad valorem taxes for school district purposes shall not be subject to the pledge of ad valorem taxes. The pledge of tax revenues is irrevocable until such time as the entirety of the principal, interest, fees, and expenses relating to the bonds are paid in full.

On December 5, 2009, the Rankin County Board of Supervisors entered into an agreement with the City of Flowood to pledge to the City, for payment of a portion of the principal, interest, fees, and expenses of the bonds for the Market Street Flowood project, the avails of the added incremental increase in county ad valorem taxes levied against the real and personal property constituting the project. County ad valorem taxes for the school district purposes shall not be subject to the pledge of ad valorem taxes. The pledge of tax revenues is irrevocable until such time as the entirety of the principal, interest, fees, and expenses relating to the bonds are paid in full. This agreement was amended on March 1, 2021.

On August 19, 2014, the Rankin County Board of Supervisors entered into an agreement with the City of Flowood to pledge to the City for a portion of the costs to construct a conference center and full service hotel by means of a public/private partnership whereby the City will own the conference center and the hotel will be privately owned. The costs to construct the conference center and hotel will be financed by bonds issued by the City, the debt service of which will be paid by certain tax revenues of the City and the pledge provided by the County. The amount pledged is \$250,000 a year for twenty years.

On January 31, 2020, Rankin County was named a defendant in a lawsuit alleging fault on the County for failing to maintain drainage infrastructure located within the Mill Creek Residential Subdivision. The parties involved reached a settlement of all matters in dispute and the County has undertaken a repair of the residential subdivision's drainage infrastructure. The total costs associated with the repair of the specified drainage infrastructure are estimated to be \$600,000. The County will have no continuing obligation to maintain or repair the drainage infrastructure once all repairs are complete.

# (7) Claims and Judgments.

### Risk Financing.

The County finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The County pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$1,000,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by the Workers' Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention, provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective from January 1, 2021, to January 1, 2022. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

The County is exposed to risk of loss relating to employee health, accident and dental coverage. Beginning in 2004 and pursuant to *Section 25-15-101*, *Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated*, the County established a risk management fund (included as an Internal Service Fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss. The Rankin County Board of Supervisors has extended coverage to the employees of the following public entities:

- Rankin First
- Rankin County Human Resource Agency
- Cleary Water, Sewer and Fire Protection District
- USDA Soil and Water Conservation, Rankin County District

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Under the plan, amounts payable to the risk management fund are based on actuarial estimates. Each participating entity pays the premium on a single coverage policy for its employees. Employees desiring additional and/or dependent coverage pay the additional premium through a payroll deduction. Premium payments to the risk management fund are determined on an actuarial basis. The County has minimum uninsured risk retention for the County, to the extent actual claims submitted exceed the predetermined premium. The County has implemented the following plans to minimize this potential loss:

The County has purchased coinsurance, which functions on two separate stop loss coverages: specific and aggregate. These coverages are purchased from an outside commercial carrier. For the current fiscal year, the specific coverage begins when an individual participant's claim exceeds \$100,000, and the aggregate policy covers all submitted claims in excess of \$1,000,000.

Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). At September 30, 2021, the amount of these liabilities was \$177,667. An analysis of claims activities is presented below:

		Beginning of Fiscal Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in	Claim	Balance at Fiscal Year
		Liability	Estimates	Payments	End
2019 - 2020 2020 - 2021	\$ \$	131,218 97,119	3,271,815 4,290,010	(3,305,914) (4,209,462)	97,119 177,667

## (8) Operating Leases.

### As Lessor:

On December 18, 1996, Rankin County entered into an operating lease with Health Management Associates, Inc. (Merit Health Rankin) for the lease of certain property formerly known as the Rankin Medical Center in Brandon, Mississippi. The primary operating lease which stipulated that the lessee, Health Management Associates, Inc. (Merit Health Rankin), would pay approximately \$140,000 per year in lease payments commencing January 1, 1997 for a term of 30 years.

The County receives income from property it leases under noncancellable operating lease. Total income from such leases was \$140,000 for the year ended September 30, 2021. The future minimum lease receivables for the lease are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	 Amount
2022	\$ 140,000
2023	140,000
2024	140,000
2025	140,000
2026	 140,000
Total Minimum Payments Required	\$ 700,000

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

## As Lessee:

On June 30, 2020, Rankin County entered into two non-cancellable operating lease agreements with Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation for the lease of five excavators and one backhoe owned by Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation for the purpose of road and bridge maintenance. The operating leases stipulated that the lessee would pay \$9,849 per month in lease payments commencing June 30, 2020 for a term of three years. At the end of the lease term, Rankin County has the right to purchase said equipment at fair market value

The County has entered into certain operating leases which do not give rise to property rights. Total costs for such leases were \$122,598 for the year ended September 30, 2021. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	 Amount
2022 2023	\$ 118,188 86,404
Total Minimum Payments Required	\$ 204,592

# (9) Capital Leases.

#### As Lessee:

The County is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2021:

Classes of Property	 Governmental Activities
Mobile equipment	\$ 2,596,322
Furniture and equipment	 9,109,752
Total	11,706,074
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (2,691,427)
Leased Property Under Capital Leases	\$ 9,014,647

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due as of September 30, 2021:

	_	Governmental Ac	tivities
Year Ending September 30	-	Principal	Interest
2022	\$	1,397,704	74,648
2023		1,172,037	46,613
2024		763,667	25,378
2025	-	564,045	11,668
Total	\$ <sub>=</sub>	3,897,453	158,307

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

# (10) Long-term Debt.

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

				Final
		Amount		Maturity
Description and Purpose		Outstanding	Interest Rate	Date
Governmental Activities:				
A. General Obligation Bonds:				
2009 GO Bond	\$	1,950,000	3.50/3.875%	06/2022
2012 Refunding	•	7,955,000	2.00%	09/2021
2017 GO Bond		25,000,000	3.00/5.00%	03/2032
2019 MDB Rankin County - MS GO Bond Project	_	26,850,000	3.00/5.00%	08/2034
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$_	61,755,000		
B. Limited Obligation Bonds:				
Series 2014 A	\$	655,000	3.30%	12/2029
Series 2014 B	_	2,155,000	4.50%	12/2029
Total Limited Obligation Bonds	\$_	2,810,000		
C. Capital Leases:				
911 equipment	\$	1,688,797	2.44%	03/2025
Caterpillar 930M rubber tire loader		127,057	2.84%	11/2022
Caterpillar 325F LCR hydraulic excavator		145,397	2.68%	03/2022
Caterpillar 930M rubber tire loader		124,606	2.84%	10/2022
Caterpillar 930M asphalt paver - milling machine		265,604	3.17%	04/2023
John Deere 670G motor grader		190,289	3.02%	04/2023
Kenworth W900L lowboy truck		120,316	1.80%	04/2024
Kenworth K370 with durapatcher		193,555	1.62%	01/2024
Etnyre chip spreader		309,074	1.25%	07/2025
Kenworth T370		130,000	1.15%	09/2024
(2) Kenworth T880 dump trucks		302,177	0.77%	08/2022
(2) Kenworth T880 dump trucks	_	300,581	0.77%	07/2022
Total Capital Leases	\$_	3,897,453		
D. Other Loans:				
Promissory Note: Road Maintenance Facility	\$_	1,050,000	3.14%	08/2033

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the following debt reported in the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

#### **Governmental Activities:**

		Seneral Obligation	n Bonds	Limited Obligation Bonds		
Year Ending September 30	_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2022	\$	4,750,000	2,850,213	265,000	113,018	
2023		6,055,000	2,626,825	275,000	101,648	
2034		4,850,000	2,420,000	285,000	89,858	
2025		4,400,000	2,242,500	295,000	77,648	
2026		4,600,000	2,022,500	310,000	64,875	
2027 - 2031		26,100,000	6,415,000	1,380,000	119,807	
2032 - 2036		11,000,000	905,000			
Total	\$_	61,755,000	19,482,038	2,810,000	566,854	

	Other Loans						
Year Ending September 30	<del>-</del>	Principal	Interest				
2022	\$	70,000	32,928				
2023		75,000	30,733				
2024		75,000	28,381				
2025		80,000	26,029				
2026		85,000	23,520				
2027 - 2031		460,000	76,518				
2032 - 2036	_	205,000	9,722				
Total	\$	1,050,000	227,831				

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt that can be incurred by the County is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the County, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever a county issues bonds to repair or replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the County. As of September 30, 2021, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 3.28 percent of the latest property assessments.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2021:

Governmental Activities:	_	Balance Oct. 1, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance Sept. 30, 2021	Amount due within one year
Compensated absences	\$	1,619,662	21,946		1,641,608	
General obligation bonds Less:		67,980,000		6,225,000	61,755,000	4,750,000
Discounts		(32,827)		(13,945)	(18,882)	
Add:						
Premiums		10,043,431		901,441	9,141,990	
Limited obligation bonds		3,060,000		250,000	2,810,000	265,000
Capital leases		4,628,344	1,290,585	2,021,476	3,897,453	1,397,704
Other loans	_	1,120,000		70,000	1,050,000	70,000
Total	\$	88,418,610	1,312,531	9,453,972	80,277,169	6,482,704

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid, which are generally the General Fund, Emergency Management Fund, Volunteer Fire Fund, County Unit Road Maintenance Fund, County Unit Bridge and Culvert Fund, and Solid Waste Fund.

## (11) Other Postemployment Benefits.

## Plan Description

The Rankin County Board of Supervisors administers the County's health insurance plan, which is authorized by Sections 25-15-101 et seq., Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated. The County's health insurance plan may be amended by the Rankin County Board of Supervisors. The County purchases health insurance coverage from a commercial insurance company and offers health insurance benefit coverage through the County's health insurance plan (the Plan). Since retirees may obtain health insurance by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive a health insurance premium rate differential, the County has a postemployment healthcare benefit reportable under GASB Statement 75 as a single employer defined benefit health care plan. The County does not issue a publicly available financial report for the Plan. However, the County has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits nor has the County reported the note disclosures which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## (12) Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. Rankin County, Mississippi contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by *Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated Section 25-11-1 et seq.* and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits Provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

<u>Contributions</u>. At September 30, 2021, PERS members were required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary, and the County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate at September 30, 2021 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The County's contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019 were \$3,696,279, \$3,632,908 and \$3,319,507 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$46,993,660 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The County's proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2021 net pension liability was 0.317945 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021. This was a increase of 0.005321 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2020 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$3,957,453. At September 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	746,014	
on pension plan investments Changes of assumptions		3,613,918	14,194,354
Changes in the proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of		2,2 2,2 2	
contributions		866,262	65,284
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	858,137	
Total	\$_	6,084,331	14,259,638

\$858,137 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30	 Amount
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ (1,357,771) (1,456,642) (2,001,669) (4,217,362)
Total	\$ (9,033,444)

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, by the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary increases 2.65 – 17.90 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	TargetAllocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	27.00 %	4.60 %
International Equity	22.00	4.50
Global Equity	12.00	4.80
Fixed Income	20.00	(0.25)
Real Estate	10.00	3.75
Private Equity	8.00	6.00
Cash Equivalents	1.00	(1.00)
Total	100.00 %	

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Sensitivity to the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55 percent) than the current rate:

		1%	Current	1%
		Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	_	(6.55%)	(7.55%)	(8.55%)
County's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$	66,554,041	46,993,660	30,874,351

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

## (13) Contingencies.

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The County has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the County. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the County's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> - The County is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the County with respect to the various proceedings. However, the County's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

### (14) Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position.

The governmental activities' unrestricted net position amount of \$(26,799,550) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$858,137 resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2022. The \$5,226,194 balance of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2021, will be recognized in pension expense over the next three years. The \$14,259,638 balance of the deferred inflows of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2021, will be recognized in pension expense over the next four years.

### (15) Joint Venture.

The County participates in the following joint venture:

Rankin County is a participant with Scott, Simpson and Smith Counties in a joint venture authorized by Section 39-3-9, Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated, to operate the Central Mississippi Regional Library System. The joint venture was created to provide library services to the public and is governed by a five-member board of which two members are appointed by Rankin County and one member each from the other three counties. By contractual agreement, the County's appropriation to the joint venture was \$2,042,807 in fiscal year 2021. Complete financial statements for the Central Mississippi Regional Library System can be obtained from 3470 Hwy 80 East, Pearl, MS 39208.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

## (16) Jointly Governed Organizations.

The County participates in the following jointly governed organizations:

Central Mississippi Emergency Medical Services District operates in a district composed of the Counties of Attala, Clarke, Copiah, Holmes, Lauderdale, Leake, Madison, Neshoba, Rankin, Scott, Smith, Warren and Yazoo. The Rankin County Board of Supervisors appoints two of the 26 members of the board. The County provided no financial support in fiscal year 2021.

Central Mississippi Planning and Development District operates in a district composed of the Counties of Copiah, Hinds, Madison, Rankin, Warren and Yazoo. The Rankin County Board of Supervisors appoints three of the 33 members of the board of directors. The County appropriated \$31,469 for support of the district in fiscal year 2021.

East Central Community Action Agency, Inc. operates in a district composed of the Counties of Leake, Neshoba, Rankin, Scott and Smith. The Rankin County Board of Supervisors appoints two of the 30 board members. The County provides a modest amount of support when matching funds are required for federal grants. The County provided no support for the district in fiscal year 2021.

Hinds Community College operates in a district composed of the Counties of Claiborne, Copiah, Hinds, Rankin and Warren. The Rankin County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the 15 members of the college board of trustees. The County appropriated \$4,564,654 for maintenance and improvement of the college and \$3,191,709 for the Vo-Tech in fiscal year 2021.

Region Eight Mental Health Commission operates in a district composed of the Counties of Copiah, Madison, Rankin and Simpson. The Rankin County Board of Supervisors appoints one member of the board of commissioners. The County appropriated \$337,000 for support of the commission in fiscal year 2021.

#### (17) Tax Abatements.

As of September 30, 2021, Rankin County provides tax exempt status to a recycling company, a communications company, various wholesale companies, various medical supply companies, various warehouse storage facilities, various manufacturing companies, an electric power association and a real estate company subject to the requirements of GASB Statement No. 77. These companies are exempt from real property taxes and personal property taxes except for the levies involving the school; the mandatory mill and the community college tax levies. These exemptions are authorized under Sections 27-31-101, 27-31-51, 27-31-15(2) and 27-31-105 of the Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated. These exemptions encourage businesses to locate or expand operations in the County and to create jobs. The amount of taxes abated during fiscal year 2021 totaled \$1,517,576.

# (18) Subsequent Events.

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events, which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date, require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of Rankin County evaluated the activity of the County through September 26, 2022, and determined that the following subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Subsequent to September 30, 2021, the County issued the following debt obligations:

Issue Date	Interest Rate	 Issue Amount	Type of Financing	Source of Financing
10/04/2021	1.15%	\$ 130,000	Capital lease	Ad valorem taxes
12/06/2021	1.29%	260,000	Capital lease	Ad valorem taxes
03/07/2022	2.14%	266,808	Capital lease	Ad valorem taxes
09/13/2022	3.43%	159,000	Capital lease	Ad valorem taxes

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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RANKIN COUNTY
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
General Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021
UNAUDITED

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	29,825,117	30,109,045	30,109,045	
Licenses, commissions and other revenue		3,495,800	4,736,729	4,736,729	
Fines and forfeitures		675,000	723,647	723,647	
Intergovernmental revenues		5,745,000	6,042,583	6,042,583	
Charges for services		1,040,000	845,459	845,459	
Interest income		1,000,000	248,832	248,832	
Miscellaneous revenues	_	1,706,000	636,878	636,878	
Total Revenues	-	43,486,917	43,343,173	43,343,173	0
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government		18,112,219	18,112,684	18,112,684	
Public safety		22,359,003	20,820,130	20,820,130	
Health and welfare		1,275,452	1,269,440	1,269,440	
Culture and recreation		67,200	53,712	53,712	
Conservation of natural resources		456,615	338,220	338,220	
Economic development and assistance		310,326	302,381	302,381	
Total Expenditures	-	42,580,815	40,896,567	40,896,567	0
Excess of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	-	906,102	2,446,606	2,446,606	0
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			18,105	18,105	
Transfers in			2,511,046	2,511,046	
Transfers out		(1,800,000)	(1,820,976)	(1,820,976)	
Other financing sources	_	1,615,000			
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-	(185,000)	708,175	708,175	0
Net Change in Fund Balance		721,102	3,154,781	3,154,781	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	22,500,000	23,345,069	23,345,069	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	23,221,102	26,499,850	26,499,850	0

RANKIN COUNTY
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
American Rescue Plan Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021
UNAUDITED

			Variance with
		Actual	Final Budget
Original	Final	(Budgetary	Positive
 Budget	Budget	Basis)	(Negative)
\$	15,079,786	15,079,786	
	2,685	2,685	
0	15,082,471	15,082,471	0
 0	15,082,471	15,082,471	0
	15,082,471	15,082,471	0
 	0	0	0
\$ 0	15,082,471	15,082,471	0
		Budget         Budget           \$         15,079,786           2,685           0         15,082,471           0         15,082,471           15,082,471         0	Original Budget         Final Budget         (Budgetary Basis)           \$         15,079,786         15,079,786           2,685         2,685           0         15,082,471         15,082,471           0         15,082,471         15,082,471           15,082,471         15,082,471         0

RANKIN COUNTY
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
County Unit Road Maintenance Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021
UNAUDITED

					Variance with
				Actual	Final Budget
		Original	Final	(Budgetary	Positive
	_	Budget	Budget	Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	7,940,390	8,051,977	8,051,977	
Road and bridge privilege taxes		2,150,000	2,213,884	2,213,884	
Licenses, commissions and other revenue		3,000	2,130	2,130	
Fines and forfeitures		510,000	1,461,598	1,461,598	
Intergovernmental revenues		1,588,000	1,618,685	1,618,685	
Interest income		215,000	169,257	169,257	
Miscellaneous revenues	_	16,000	70,047	70,047	
Total Revenues	-	12,422,390	13,587,578	13,587,578	0
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public works		12,071,930	10,720,950	10,720,950	
Debt service:		-,-::,	, ,	, ,	
Principal		1,299,820	1,264,329	1,264,329	
Total Expenditures	-	13,371,750	11,985,279	11,985,279	0
Excess of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		(949,360)	1,602,299	1,602,299	0
over (under) Experialities	-	(949,360)	1,002,299	1,002,299	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			1,082,862	1,082,862	
Other financing sources		949,360	1,002,002	1,002,002	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-	949,360	1,082,862	1,082,862	0
Total Other I marieing Gources and Oses	-	343,300	1,002,002	1,002,002	
Net Change in Fund Balance		0	2,685,161	2,685,161	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	15,500,000	15,647,608	15,647,608	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	15,500,000	18,332,769	18,332,769	0
Tana Balanooo Enanig	Ψ=	.5,555,555	10,002,700	10,002,100	

RANKIN COUNTY
Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Last 10 Fiscal Years\*
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021
UNA UDITED

	_	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.317945%	0.312624%	0.313208%	0.309056%	0.300000%	0.280000%	0.280000%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	46,993,660	60,520,374	55,099,467	51,405,195	49,870,182	50,014,992	43,282,478
Covered payroll	\$	21,140,085	20,819,622	20,398,462	19,736,159	19,144,540	18,281,327	17,701,963
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		222.30%	290.69%	270.12%	260.46%	260.49%	273.73%	244.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the twelve months ended at the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. How ever, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

RANKIN COUNTY
Schedule of County Contributions
Last 10 Fiscal Years\*
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021
UNAUDITED

	_	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$_	3,696,279 3,696,279	3,632,908 3,632,908	3,319,507 3,319,507	3,128,346 3,128,346	3,015,265 3,015,265	2,877,734 2,877,734	2,788,056 2,788,056
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Covered payroll	\$	21,242,983	20,878,782	20,541,504	19,862,513	19,144,540	18,271,327	17,701,943
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.40%	17.40%	16.16%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until, a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

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# Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

## A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the County's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Supervisors of the County, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the Sheriff and the Tax Assessor and Tax Collector for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Supervisors that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The County's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

### B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplementary information.

## C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund:

	Go	vernmental Fund Typ	es	-
		General Fund	American Rescue Plan Fund	County Unit Road Maintenance Fund
Budget (Cash Basis)	\$	3,154,781	15,082,471	2,685,161
Increase (Decrease)  Net adjustments for revenue accruals  Net adjustments for expenditure accruals	s	(2,481,523) 1,531,438	(15,039,296) (40,489)	3,255,710 (3,296,388)
GAAP Basis	\$	2,204,696	2,686	2,644,483

# Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

## Pension Schedules

# A. Changes of assumptions.

## <u>2015</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### 2016

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

## 2017

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumptions was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6.00% to 7.00%.

## 2019

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments:

For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119.

For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119.

Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:

For males, 137% of male rates at all ages.

For females, 115% of female rates at all ages.

Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

# Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

2021

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments:

For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77.

For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76. Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:

For males, 134% of male rates at all ages.

For females, 121% of female rates at all ages.

Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B)

Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments:

For males, 97% of male rates at all ages.

For females, 110% of female rates at all ages.

Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28% of payroll.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in in the line of duty was decreased from

6% to 4%.

# Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

## B. Changes in benefit provisions.

### 2016

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2019 valuation for the June 30, 2021 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price inflation Salary increase

Investment rate of return

Entry age
Level percentage of payroll, open
28.8 years
5-year smoothed market
2.75 percent
3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including inflation
7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# RANKIN COUNTY Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title or Cluster	Federal AL Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
1 Togram Title of Oldstei	- IVAITIBET	Transci	Experialitates
U.S Department of Justice			
Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program (Direct Award)	16.585	N/A \$	89,934
Passed-through the National Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges (Non-Profit Organization)			
Drug court discretionary grant program	16.585	N/A	8,123
Subtotal			98,057
U.S. Department of Justice - Office of Justice Programs/ Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety			
Edward Byrne memorial justice assistance grant program*	16.738	19DC1611	142,237
Edward Byrne memorial justice assistance grant program*	16.738	20DC1611	47,329
Subtotal			189,566
LLC Department of Justice Office of Criminal Division			
U.S. Department of Justice - Office of Criminal Division Equitable sharing program (Direct Award)	16.922	N/A	22,596
U.S. Department of Justice - United States Marshals Service Joint law enforcement operations task force (Direct Award)	16.UKN	N/A	12,540
Total U.S. Department of Justice			322,759
U.S. Department of the Treasury			
Passed-through the Mississippi Secretary of State's Office			
Coronavirus relief fund	21.019	N/A	67,946
Passed-through the Supreme Court of Mississippi			
Coronavirus relief fund	21.019	1728-61Y-09302020	34,051
Subtotal			101,997
U.S. Department of the Treasury			
Coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds (Direct Award)	21.027	N/A	40,489
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			142,486
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the ZERO TO THREE: National Center for Infants, Toddlers and Families (Non-Profit Organization)			
Maternal and child health federal consolidated programs*	93.110	2020090534	145,085
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			145,085

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/	Federal	Pass-through	
Pass-through Grantor/	AL	Entity Identifying	Federal
Program Title or Cluster	Number	Number	Expenditures
Executive Office of the President/			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety -			
Bureau of Narcotics			
High intensity drug trafficking areas program	95.001	G20-GC0003A	19,315
High intensity drug trafficking areas program	95.001	G21-GC0003A	25,253
Subtotal			44,568
Total Executive Office of the President			44,568
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed-through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency			
Disaster grants - public assistance (Presidentially declared disasters)	97.036	FEMA-4598-DR-MS	87,178
Emergency management performance grants	97.042	N/A	5,000
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety			
Homeland security grant program	97.067	20LE061	8,376
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			100,554
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ <u>755,452</u>

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

### Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Rankin County under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Rankin County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Rankin County.

## Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

# Note C - Indirect Cost Rate

 $Rankin\ County\ has\ elected\ to\ use\ the\ 10\%\ de\ minimis\ indirect\ cost\ rate\ allow\ ed\ under\ Uniform\ Guidance.$ 

### Note D - Maternal and Child Health Federal Consolidated Programs

Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule, the County provided federal awards totaling \$49,973 to subrecipients during the year ended September 30, 2021.

<sup>\*</sup> Denotes major federal aw ard programs

Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

# Operating Expenditures, Cash Basis:

Salaries Solid waste disposal fee Professional fees, legal advertising and other fees Postage and box rent Telephone and utilities Legal fees	\$  34,664 5,464,115 14,400 33,951 213 904
Solid Waste Cash Basis Operating Expenditures	5,548,247
Full Cost Expenses: Indirect administrative costs	 760,649
Solid Waste Full Cost Operating Expenses	\$ 6,308,896

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OTHER INFORMATION

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## RANKIN COUNTY Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 UNAUDITED

Name	Position	Company	Bond
Jared Morrison	Supervisor District 1	Western Surety	\$200,000
Daniel Cross	Supervisor District 2	Western Surety	\$200,000
Bradley Calhoun	Supervisor District 3	Western Surety	\$100,000
Steve Gaines	Supervisor District 4	Western Surety	\$200,000
Jay Bishop	Supervisor District 5	Western Surety	\$200,000
Larry Swales	Chancery Clerk	RLI	\$100,000
Laura Oster	County Administrator	Western Surety	\$100,000
Keith Hicks	County Administrator	Western Surety	\$100,000
Brigette Herring	Purchase Clerk	Western Surety	\$100,000
Rachel Knight	Assistant Purchase Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Ann Bowman	Receiving Clerk	Western Surety	\$75,000
Blanket Bond	Assistant Receiving Clerks (24)	Western Surety	\$50,000
Kim Griffith	Inventory Control Clerk	Western Surety	\$75,000
Mike Harrison	Road Manager	Western Surety	\$50,000
Robert Hancock	Constable	Western Surety	\$50,000
Brad Patridge	Constable	Western Surety	\$50,000
Barry Bean	Constable	Western Surety	\$50,000
Gary Windham	Constable	Western Surety	\$50,000
Rebecca Boyd	Circuit Clerk	Western Surety	\$100,000
Blanket Bond	Deputy Circuit Clerks (11)	Western Surety	\$50,000
Bryan Bailey	Sheriff	Western Surety	\$100,000
Richard Redfern	Justice Court Judge	Western Surety	\$50,000
Whitney Adams	Justice Court Judge	Western Surety	\$50,000
Joshua McCrory	Justice Court Judge	Western Surety	\$50,000
Levoy Agnew IV	Justice Court Judge	Western Surety	\$50,000
Jessica Massey	Justice Court Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
John Elliot	Justice Court Judge	Western Surety	\$50,000
Blanket Bond	Justice Court Clerk and Deputy	Western Surety	\$50,000
Caroline Gilbert	Tax Collector	Western Surety	\$100,000
Blanket Bond	Deputy Tax Collectors (26)	Western Surety	\$50,000
John Sullivan	Tax Assessor	Western Surety	\$50,000
Blanket Bond	Deputy Tax Assessors (21)	Western Surety	\$10,000
Amie Mondello	Deputy Chancery Clerk	Western Surety	\$100,000
Lynn Means	Deputy Chancery Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Ben Thomas	Deputy Chancery Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Jessica Flood	Deputy Chancery Clerk	Western Surety	\$100,000
Constance Jones	Deputy Chancery Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Catherine Le	Deputy Chancery Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Whitney McCoy	Deputy Chancery Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Jared Lal	Deputy Chancery Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000

SPECIAL REPORTS



# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE

**AUDITOR** 

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Supervisors Rankin County, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rankin County, Mississippi (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2022. Our report includes an adverse opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units due to the omission of the discretely presented component units which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The report is also qualified on the governmental activities because the County did not record a liability or current year expense for other postemployment benefits as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Rankin County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rankin County, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as 2021-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Rankin County, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of Rankin County, Mississippi, in the Independent Accountant's Report on Central Purchasing System, Inventory Control System and Purchase Clerk Schedules and the Limited Internal Control and Compliance Review Management Report dated September 26, 2022, included within this document.

## Rankin County's Response to Finding

Rankin County's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Auditee's Corrective Action Plan. Rankin County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

JOE E. MCKNIGHT, CPA Director, County Audit Section

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September 26, 2022



# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE

**AUDITOR** 

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Supervisors Rankin County, Mississippi

## Report on Compliance for the Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Rankin County, Mississippi's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Rankin County, Mississippi's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021. Rankin County, Mississippi's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Rankin County, Mississippi's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Rankin County, Mississippi's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each of the major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Rankin County, Mississippi's compliance.

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Rankin County, Mississippi complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Rankin County, Mississippi is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Rankin County, Mississippi's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

JOE E. MCKNIGHT CPA Director, County Audit Section

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September 26, 2022



# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE

**AUDITOR** 

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON CENTRAL PURCHASING SYSTEM, INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM AND PURCHASE CLERK SCHEDULES (REQUIRED BY SECTION 31-7-115, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972 ANNOTATED)

Members of the Board of Supervisors Rankin County, Mississippi

We have examined Rankin County, Mississippi's (the County) compliance with establishing and maintaining a central purchasing system and inventory control system in accordance with Sections 31-7-101 through 31-7-127, Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated and compliance with the purchasing requirements in accordance with bid requirements of Section 31-7-13, Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated during the year ended September 30, 2021. The Board of Supervisors of Rankin County, Mississippi is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements. The Board of Supervisors of Rankin County, Mississippi, has established- centralized purchasing for all funds of the County and has established an inventory control system. The objective of the central purchasing system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that purchases are executed in accordance with state law.

Because of inherent limitations in any central purchasing system and inventory control system, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any current evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed a certain instance of noncompliance with the aforementioned code sections. This instance of noncompliance was considered in forming our opinion on compliance. Our finding and recommendation and your response are disclosed below:

## Receiving Clerk and Assistant Receiving Clerks.

Assistant Receiving Clerks should be bonded as required by state statute.

Repeat Finding Yes

Criteria Section 31-7-124, Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated, requires Assistant Receiving

Clerks to execute a bond in a penalty not less than \$50,000, to be payable, conditioned and approved as provided by law. In addition, *Section 25-1-15(2), Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated*, requires a new bond every four years concurrent with the normal election cycle of the County for all public employees required to give individual bond.

**Condition** As reported in the prior three years' audit reports, the County has twenty-four (24)

Assistant Receiving Clerks that are bonded for an indefinite time period under a blanket

bond for \$50,000.

**Cause** The County did not comply with state laws.

Effect Failure to comply with state statutes would limit the amount available for recovery if a

loss occurred over multiple terms.

**Recommendation** The County should cancel the blanket bond and obtain individual bonds for the Assistant

Receiving Clerks in the amount of \$50,000 for a period of time concurrent with the normal election cycle of the Governor or with the normal election cycle of the local

government applicable to the employee.

Views of Responsible Official(s)

Rankin County's Assistant Receiving Clerks are bonded, under a blanket bond, in the amount required by *Mississippi Code Annotated Section 31-7-124*. The Mississippi Attorney General has consistently opined that, in the context of county employees who are required to be bonded, a blanket bond is sufficient. *MS AG Op., Meadows (Jan. 24, 1997); MS AG Op., Howard (Aug. 23, 2002); MS AG Op., Lamar (Jan. 26, 2009); MS AG Op., Lamar (Feb. 26, 2016). Section 31-7-124* does not expressly require use of an "individual" bond. Accordingly, in reliance on the aforementioned Attorney General's

opinions, Rankin County believes it is in compliance with Section 31-7-124.

Auditor's Note The Mississippi Attorney General Opinion 2016 WL 1072881 states, "It should be noted

that the blanket bond will list each position covered under the bond, including the deputy circuit court clerks covered." Therefore, a blanket bond is considered sufficient if each employee's name, title/position and bond amount are listed on the face of the bond. The County failed to include this information on the face of the blanket bond and also issued the bond for an indefinite time period, which is not in compliance with *Section* 

25-1-15(2), Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance referred to in the preceding paragraph, Rankin County, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with state laws governing central purchasing, inventory and bid requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

The accompanying schedules of (1) Purchases Not Made from the Lowest Bidder, (2) Emergency Purchases and (3) Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source are presented in accordance with Section 31-7-115, *Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated.* The information contained on these schedules has been subjected to procedures performed in connection with our aforementioned examination and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in relation to that examination.

Rankin County's response to the finding included in this report was not audited, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended for use in evaluating Rankin County, Mississippi's compliance with the aforementioned requirements, and is not intended to be and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

JOE E. MCKNIGHT, CPA Director, County Audit Section

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September 26, 2022

RANKIN COUNTY Schedule 1

Schedule of Purchases From Other Than the Lowest Bidder For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Our tests did not identify any purchases from other than the lowest bidder.

Date	Item Purchased	Amount Paid	Vendor	Reason for Emergency Purchase
10/5/2020	911 Tower repair \$	29,108	T.L. Wallace	Struck by lightning
10/5/2020	911 Tower repair	29,108	T.L. Wallace	Struck by lightning
10/26/2020	Road stabilization	50,000	Adcamp, Inc.	Road washed out due to storm
2/12/2021	Salt for roadways	7,440	Rankin County Co-op	Winter storm
2/12/2021	Saltspreading	7,200	R.R. Martin, LLC	Winter storm
2/12/2021	De-lcer	14,664	Forestry Suppliers	Winter storm
2/12/2021	Storm supplies	5,613	Van's Processing	Winter storm
5/11/2021	Diesel/gasoline	20,385	Waring Oil Company	Cyber-attack on fuel supply
5/11/2021	Gasoline	21,335	Waring Oil Company	Cyber-attack on fuel supply
8/27/2021	Diesel/gasoline	21,829	Waring Oil Company	Hurricane Ida

RANKIN COUNTY
Schedule of Purchases Made Noncompetitively From a Sole Source
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Date	Item Purchased	 Amount Paid	Vendor	
3/1/2021	Livescan system	\$ 8,723	IDEMIA	
4/23/2021	Traffic sign system	19,795	URW America	
8/3/2021	WRAP safety restraint	7,573	Safe Restriaints	
8/3/2021	OSCR 360 law kit	12,315	L-Tron Corporation	
8/16/2021	Power Pro XT stretcher	43,373	Stryker Medical	
9/27/2021	WRAP safety restraint	8,863	Safe Restriaints	



# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE

AUDITOR

#### LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Rankin County, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Rankin County, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2021, we considered Rankin County, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to Rankin County, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the County's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated September 26, 2022, on the financial statements of Rankin County, Mississippi.

Due to the reduced scope, these review procedures and compliance tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated, the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

The results of our review procedures and compliance tests identified certain areas that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. Our findings, recommendations, and your responses are disclosed below:

## Circuit Clerk and Deputy Circuit Clerks.

1. Deputy Circuit Clerks should be bonded as required by state statute.

Repeat Finding Yes

Criteria Section 9-7-123(2), Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated, requires that all Deputy Circuit

Clerks be bonded for three percent (3%) of the prior year's taxes with a minimum of \$50,000 and a maximum of \$100,000. Furthermore, Section 25-1-15(2), Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated, requires a new bond every four years concurrent with the normal election cycle of the County for all public employees required to give individual

bond.

**Condition** As reported in the prior three years' audit reports, the Deputy Circuit Clerks are bonded

for an indefinite time period under a blanket bond for \$50,000.

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**Cause** The County did not comply with state laws.

Effect Failure to comply with state law would limit the amount available for recovery if a loss

occurred over multiple terms.

**Recommendation** The County should cancel the blanket bond and obtain individual bonds for each Deputy

Circuit Clerk. Additionally, the County should ensure that all Deputy Circuit Clerks are

bonded in accordance with state law.

Views of Responsible Official(s)

Rankin County's Deputy Circuit Court Clerks are bonded, under a blanket bond, in the amount required by *Mississippi Code Annotated Section 9-7-123*. In addition to specifically finding that a deputy circuit court clerk may be bonded under a blanket bond, MS AG Op., Lamar (Feb. 26, 2016), the Mississippi Attorney General has consistently opined that, in the context of county employees who are required to be bonded, a blanket bond is sufficient. *MS AG Op., Meadows (Jan. 24, 1997); MS AG Op., Howard (Aug. 23, 2002); MS AG Op., Lamar (Jan. 26, 2009)*. In addition, *Section 9-7-123* does not expressly require use of an "individual" bond. Accordingly, in reliance on the aforementioned Attorney General's opinions, Rankin County believes it is in compliance with *Section 9-7-123*.

Auditor's Note

The *Mississippi Attorney General Opinion 2016 WL 1072881* states, "It should be noted that the blanket bond will list each position covered under the bond, including the deputy circuit court clerks covered." Therefore, a blanket bond is considered sufficient if each employee's name, title/position and bond amount are listed on the face of the bond. The County failed to include this information on the face of the blanket bond and also issued the bond for an indefinite time period, which is not in compliance with *Section 25-1-15(2)*, *Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated*.

## **Justice Court Clerk and Deputy Justice Court Clerks.**

2. The Justice Court Clerk and all Deputy Justice Court Clerks should be bonded as

required by state statute.

Repeat Finding Yes

Criteria Section 9-11-29(2), Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated, requires that the Justice Court

Clerk and each Deputy Justice Court Clerk be bonded for a minimum of \$50,000. Furthermore, Section 25-1-15(2), Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated, requires a new bond every four years concurrent with the normal election cycle of the County for all

public employees required to give individual bond.

**Condition** As reported in the prior three years' audit reports, the Justice Court Clerk and all the

Deputy Justice Court Clerks are bonded for an indefinite time period under a blanket

bond for \$50,000.

**Cause** The County did not comply with state laws.

Effect Failure to comply with state law would limit the amount available for recovery if a loss

occurred over multiple terms.

**Recommendation** The County should cancel the blanket bond and obtain individual bonds for the Justice

Court Clerk and each Deputy Justice Court Clerk. Additionally, the County should ensure that the Justice Court Clerk and all Deputy Justice Court Clerks are bonded in

accordance with state law.

# Views of Responsible Official(s)

Rankin County's Justice Court Clerk and Deputy Justice Court Clerks are bonded, under a blanket bond, in the amount required by *Mississippi Code Annotated Section 9-11-29*. In addition to specifically finding that a deputy justice court clerk may be bonded under a blanket bond, MS AG Op., Lamar (Jan. 26. 2009), the Mississippi Attorney General has consistently opined that, in the context of county employees who are required to be bonded, a blanket bond is sufficient. *MS AG Op., Meadows (Jan. 24, 1997); MS AG Op., Howard (Aug. 23, 2002); MS AG Op., Lamar (Feb. 26, 2016)*. In addition, *Section 9-11-29* does not expressly require use of an "individual" bond. Accordingly, in reliance on the aforementioned Attorney General's opinions, Rankin County believes it is in compliance with *Section 9-11-29*.

#### **Auditor's Note**

The *Mississippi Attorney General Opinion 2016 WL 1072881* states, "It should be noted that the blanket bond will list each position covered under the bond, including the deputy circuit court clerks covered." Therefore, a blanket bond is considered sufficient if each employee's name, title/position and bond amount are listed on the face of the bond. The County failed to include this information on the face of the blanket bond and also issued the bond for an indefinite time period, which is not in compliance with *Section 25-1-15(2)*, *Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated*.

## Tax Assessor and Deputy Tax Assessors.

3. Deputy Tax Assessors should be bonded as required by state statute.

## Repeat Finding Yes

## Criteria Section 27-1-3, Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated, requires that each Deputy Tax

Assessor shall give bond in an amount not less than \$10,000 for the faithful discharge of his duties. Also, Section 25-1-15(2), Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated, requires a new bond every four years concurrent with the normal election cycle of the County for

all public employees required to give individual bond.

**Condition** As reported in the prior three years' audit reports, the Deputy Tax Assessors are bonded

for an indefinite time period under a blanket bond for \$10,000.

**Cause** The County did not comply with state laws.

**Effect** Failure to comply with state law would limit the amount available for recovery if a loss

occurred over multiple terms.

**Recommendation** The County should cancel the blanket bond and obtain individual bonds for each Deputy

Tax Assessor. Additionally, the County should ensure that all the Deputy Tax Assessors

are bonded in accordance with state law.

# Views of Responsible Official(s)

Rankin County's Deputy Tax Assessors are bonded, under a blanket bond, in the amount required by *Mississippi Code Annotated Section 27-1-3*. The Mississippi Attorney General has consistently opined that, in the context of county employees who are required to be bonded, a blanket bond is sufficient. *MS AG Op., Meadows (Jan. 24, 1997); MS AG Op., Howard (Aug. 23, 2002); MS AG Op., Lamar (Jan. 26, 2009); MS AG Op., Lamar (Feb. 26, 2016). Section 27-1-3* does not expressly require use of an "individual" bond. Accordingly, in reliance on the aforementioned Attorney General's opinions, Rankin County believes it is in compliance with *Section 27-1-3*.

#### **Auditor's Note**

The *Mississippi Attorney General Opinion 2016 WL 1072881* states, "It should be noted that the blanket bond will list each position covered under the bond, including the deputy circuit court clerks covered." Therefore, a blanket bond is considered sufficient if each employee's name, title/position and bond amount are listed on the face of the bond. The County failed to include this information on the face of the blanket bond and also issued the bond for an indefinite time period, which is not in compliance with *Section 25-1-15(2)*, *Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated*.

## Tax Collector and Deputy Tax Collectors.

**4.** Deputy Tax Collectors should be bonded as required by state statute.

Repeat Finding Yes

Criteria Section 27-1-9(a), Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated, requires each Deputy Tax

Collector to be bonded for an amount not less than \$50,000. Also, Section 25-1-15(2), Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated, requires a new bond every four years concurrent with the normal election cycle of the County for all public employees required to give

individual bond.

**Condition** As reported in the prior three years' audit reports, the Deputy Tax Collectors are bonded

for an indefinite time period under a blanket bond for \$50,000.

**Cause** The County did not comply with state laws.

**Effect** Failure to comply with state law would limit the amount available for recovery if a loss

occurred over multiple terms.

**Recommendation** The County should cancel the blanket bond and obtain individual bonds for each Deputy

Tax Collector. Additionally, the County should ensure that all the Deputy Tax Collectors

are bonded in accordance with state law.

Views of Responsible Official(s)

Rankin County's Deputy Tax Collectors are bonded, under a blanket bond, in the amount required by *Mississippi Code Annotated Section 27-1-9*. The Mississippi Attorney General has consistently opined that, in the context of county employees who are required to be bonded, a blanket bond is sufficient. *MS AG Op., Meadows (Jan. 24, 1997); MS AG Op., Howard (Aug. 23, 2002); MS AG Op., Lamar (Jan. 26, 2009); MS AG Op., Lamar (Feb. 26, 2016). Section 27-1-9 does not expressly require use of an "individual" bond. Accordingly, in reliance on the aforementioned Attorney General's opinions, Rankin County believes it is in compliance with <i>Section 27-1-9*.

**Auditor's Note** 

The *Mississippi Attorney General Opinion 2016 WL 1072881* states, "It should be noted that the blanket bond will list each position covered under the bond, including the deputy circuit court clerks covered." Therefore, a blanket bond is considered sufficient if each employee's name, title/position and bond amount are listed on the face of the bond. The County failed to include this information on the face of the blanket bond and also issued the bond for an indefinite time period, which is not in compliance with *Section 25-1-15(2)*, *Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated*.

Rankin County's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, and others within the entity, is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

JOE E. MCKNIGHT, CPA Director, County Audit Section

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September 26, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

## Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

#### Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements:

Governmental activities

Aggregate discretely presented component units

General Fund

American Rescue Plan Fund

County Unit Road Maintenance Fund

Rankin County 2008 Bond and Interest Fund

Aggregate remaining fund information

Qualified

Adverse

Unmodified

Unmodified

Unmodified

Unmodified

- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
  - a. Material weakness identified?
  - b. Significant deficiency identified?

    None Reported
- 3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

## Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major federal programs:
  - a. Material weakness identified?
  - b. Significant deficiency identified?

    None Reported
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit finding disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?
- 7. Identification of major federal programs:
  - a. AL #16.738, Edward Byrne memorial justice assistance grant program
  - b. AL #93.110, Maternal and child health federal consolidated programs
- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000
- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?
- 10. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b)?
  Yes

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

## Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

**Board of Supervisors.** 

**Material Weakness** 

**2021-001.** Liability for postemployment benefits not recorded and note disclosure for

postemployment benefits not reported.

Repeat Finding Yes

Criteria Rankin County purchases health insurance coverage from a commercial insurance

company and offers health insurance benefit coverage to active employees and retirees through the County's health insurance plan. Since retirees may obtain health insurance by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive a health insurance premium rate differential, the County has a postemployment healthcare benefit reportable under GASB Statement No. 75 as a single-employer defined benefit health care plan. GASB Statement No. 75 requires the County to report on an accrual basis

the liability associated with other postemployment benefits.

**Condition** As reported in the prior three years' audit reports, the County does not issue a publicly

available financial report for its health insurance plan. However, the County has not recorded a liability for other post-employment benefits nor has the County reported the note disclosures that are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the

United States of America.

**Cause** This was caused by a lack of resources.

Effect The failure to follow Generally Accepted Accounting Principles resulted in a qualified

opinion on the Governmental Activities' opinion unit.

**Recommendation** The Board of Supervisors should have an actuarial valuation performed annually so that

a liability for other postemployment benefits can be recorded and the appropriate note disclosures can be made in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in

the United States of America.

Views of Responsible

Official(s) See Auditee's Corrective Action Plan.

Section 3: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND AUDITEE'S SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

211 E. Government St., Suite A Brandon, Mississippi 39042

Telephone: (601) 825-1475

Fax: (601) 825-9600

#### CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

September 12, 2022

Office of the State Auditor P.O. Box 956 Jackson, Mississippi 39205

Gentlemen:

Rankin County respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended September 30, 2021.

The findings from the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule. Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results, does not include findings and is not addressed.

#### **SECTION 2: FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

2021-001. Corrective Action Planned:

Rankin County currently has 15 retirees that remain on our health insurance plan. When considering the possibility of acquiring actuarial services to prepare the postemployment liability, the county did not believe it to be a wise fiscal use of taxpayer funds. The Board of Supervisors continues to review policies that pertains to its retirees, the offering of retiree health insurance, and the Issues affecting compliance with GASB 75.

Anticipated Completion Date: Unknown

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action: Keith Hicks

## **SECTION 3: FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS**

There are no findings and questioned costs related to federal awards.

Sincerely yours,

Daniel Cross Board President 601-825-9224



211 E. Government St., Suite A Brandon, Mississippi 39042

Telephone: (601) 825-1475

Fax: (601) 825-9600

#### Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

September 12, 2022

Office of the State Auditor P.O. Box 956 Jackson, Mississippi 39205

#### Gentlemen:

Rankin County respectfully submits the following Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings for the year ended September 30, 2021.

The findings from the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered with the numbers assigned in the first year of issuance. Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results, does not include findings and is not addressed.

#### **SECTION 2: FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

<u>Liability for postemployment benefits not recorded and note disclosure for postemployment benefits not</u> 2018-001.

reported.

NOT CORRECTED; Repeated as 2019-001, 2020-001 and 2021-001.

### **SECTION 3: FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS**

There were no prior year findings and questioned costs related to federal awards.

Sincerely yours,

Daniel Cross Board President 601-825-9224