OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR REPORT NOTE:

Section 7-7-211, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) gives the Office of the State Auditor the authority to audit, with the exception of municipalities, any governmental entity in the state. In the case of municipalities, Section 21-35-31, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) requires municipalities to obtain an annual audit performed by a private CPA firm and submit that audit report to the Office of the State Auditor. The Office of the State Auditor files these audit reports for review in case questions arise related to the municipality.

As a result, the following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor. Instead, it was prepared by a private CPA firm and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted and no review of the report was performed by the Office of the State Auditor prior to finalization of the report. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.

CITY OF HOLLANDALE, MISSISSIPPI

AUDIT REPORT September 30, 2021

CITY OF HOLLANDALE, MISSISSIPPI

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended September 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	8
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet- Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	
Statement Activities	14
Statement of Net Position- Proprietary Funds	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position	
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	
Notes to the Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information other than Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule	
General Fund	
Proprietary Fund	
Fire Fund	
Schedule of Investments - All Funds	41
Principal Officials	42
Schedule of Surety Bonds	43
Schedule of Federal, State and Local Awards	
Schedule of Changes in the Pension Liability	46
Schedule of the Net Pension Liability	47
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Fund	48
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
Nonmajor Government Fund	
Additional Auditors' Reports	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	50
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations	52

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City of Hollandale City of Hollandale, Mississippi

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Hollandale, Mississippi as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities,

Jones and Tuggle, PLLC Certified Public Accountants 4466 Elvis Presley Blvd. Suite 249 Memphis, TN 38116 † 1 901.332.0111 F 1 901.332.0504 www.jonesandtuggle.com

LORES"

the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hollandale, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3–6 and 35–36 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Hollandale, Mississippi basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2022, on our consideration of the City of City of Hollandale, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations,

contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hollandale, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Hollandale, Mississippi's internal control over financial control over financial reporting and additional considering the City of Hollandale, Mississippi's internal control over financial control over financial reporting and

Liger, AUC compliance. Brus Cu.

Memphis, Tennessee/ June 24, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Hollandale financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performances.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

. The City's net assets 1ncreased by \$176,355

. Total General Revenues were \$1,550,132

. Total Business-type revenues (sales of water and sewer) \$566,100

. Expenses for the City were \$2,113,776

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT

These statements consist of two types of financial statements:

Government-wide financial statements – These financial statements are designed to provide the reader with an overview of the City's finances, similar to what you would find in a private business. The statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and include all assets and liabilities.

The state of new assets presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as revenues are received or expenditures are made; therefore, some of the expenses reported might reflect payments we have made during this fiscal year related to projects or activities from a prior fiscal year. Likewise, some of the revenues reported may reflect funding we have secured for activities or projects that we are contemplating for the future.

Governmental Fund financial statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over monies that have been earmarked for specific activities of projects. The financial statements do not include any of the "business" type funds, which are our water and sewer fund. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. We currently have the General Fund.

GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the City's net assets can be found in fixed assets and investments less any encumbrance. The City uses these capital assets to provide services; therefore, these assets may not be available for future spending.

Below are a summary and a prior year comparison of the City's net assets:

	FYE 09/30/2021	FYE 09/30/2020
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 1,132,141	\$ 1,072,253
Capital assets, net	2,705,807	2,935,841
Total Assets	3,837,947	4,008,094
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	423,745	123,390
Liabilities	·	
Current Liabilities	2,098,131	2,320,556
Non-current liabilities	135,498	196,378
Total Liabilities	2,233,629	2,516,934
Total Deferred Inflows of Resoorces	446,831	42,970
Net Position		
Invested in capital assets, net		
of related debt	2,705,807	2,935,841
Unreserved	-	-
Restricted	402,106	183,028
Committed	186,857	157,039
Unrestricted	(2,038,736)	(2,181,206)
Total Net Position	1,256,034	1,094,702
Revenue		
Taxes & Others	1,505,420	1,325,218
Charges for Services	736,993	616,690
Investment Income	1,239	2,088
Total Revenue	2,243,652	1,943,996
Expenses		
Primary Government	2,113,776	2,228,767
Business-type (Water & Sewer Fund)	521,900	477,352
Total Expenses	2,635,677	2,706,119

The City of Hollandale had a reasonable financial year for the period ending September 30, 2021. A city's function is not to produce a profit, but we must maintain a level of revenues in excess of expenditures in order to maintain the overall financial health and viability of the City.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - continued (3)

The City of Hollandale had a reasonable financial year for the period ending September 30, 2021. A city's function is not to produce a profit, but we must maintain a level of revenues in excess of expenditures in order to maintain the overall financial health and sustainability of the City. We rely upon our citizens, first for shopping in the City of Hollandale because a percentage of our revenues come from sales taxes and secondly, we rely on the businesses and taxpayers for the prompt payments of property, vehicle ad valorem, personal and utility taxes. As with the prior year, we have seen a decrease in sales tax due to the economy. Expenses increased due to fuel cost and other economic difficulties.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The millage rate is at 76.00 mills for this fiscal year. Budget restraints will remain in place indefinitely. Upon reviewing the income and expenditures for the prior year, the Board of Aldermen decided to increase the present millage rate. Hollandale participated in or applied for several grant programs. The sustainability of our community relies heavily upon our taxpayers and funding from other sources.

- 1. The City of Hollandale was awarded a total of \$566,427.8 in ARPA funds for water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure. In 2021, the City received \$283,213.64 of the funds allocated.
- 2. The City of Hollandale received \$82,270.92 from the Mississippi Infrastructure Modernization Act of 2018 to assist in repair, maintenance and /or reconstruction of streets as well as repair, maintenance and/or improvements to water and sewer infrastructure. The City proposes to overlay Johnson, Truman, and Roosevelt streets.
- 3. In April of 2017, the City of Hollandale was awarded a Transportation Alternative Award. It is anticipated that approximately \$90,000 in federal funds (80% federal funds and 20% local match) are available for the construction of the project. The City proposes to install approximately 1,300 feet of sidewalk along West Avenue between Mill Street and South McKinley Avenue. The funds were obligated before the deadline date of June 30, 2021. The engineers are in the first phase to move this project forward.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's fiscal operating budget for the General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund are presented and adopted by the Board of Aldermen prior to September 15 of each year for the upcoming fiscal year of October 1 to September 30. The City endeavors to determine accurate projections for revenues and expenses based on historical data and a reasonable forecast for the upcoming 12-month period. Due to unforeseen events throughout the year, occasionally it is necessary for the City to amend its budget from time to time during the fiscal year. For FY 2021, there were no substantial adjustments required, therefore no revisions were necessary.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - continued (4)

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS, DECISIONS, OR CONDITIONS:

Currently, there are no pending litigations for the City of Hollandale for this fiscal year.

CONTACT:

If you have any questions concerning this report, please contact the Mayor's Office, City of Hollandale, and P. O. Box 395, Hollandale, MS 38748. Telephone: 662-827-2241 or email: mayormorrow@bbimail.net

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION For the Year Ended SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Primary Government			
	Governmental	Business-Type	Eliminating	
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Entry	Total
Current Assets				
Cash	\$ 259,818	\$ 157,620	\$-	\$ 417,438
Investments (cash equivalents)	50,376	-	-	50,376
Receivables (net of allowance)			-	
Utility bills	12,060	19,503	-	31,563
Property taxes	61,960	-	-	61,960
Accrued Interest	63	214	-	277
Garbage fees	49,026	-	-	49,026
Miscellaneous	-	3,180	-	3,180
Due from other funds	248,421	383,309	(229,069)	402,661
Total Current Assets	681,724	563,826	(229,069)	1,016,481
Restricted Assets				
O & M Escrow	-	27,898	-	27,898
Savings	48,750	16,921	-	65,671
FHA Fund		22,091	-	22,091
Total Restricted Assets	48,750	66,910	-	115,660
Fixed Assets (net of accumulated				
depreciation) (Note 3)	1,319,871	1,385,936		2,705,807
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,050,345	\$ 2,016,672	\$ (229,069)	\$3,837,948
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Pension	140,531	14,930	-	155,461
Unexpended ARPA Funds	283,214			283,214
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources <u>LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY</u>	423,745	14,930	-	438,675
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$ 65,452	\$ 28,505	\$-	\$ 93,957
Loans for O & M Fund	54,000	-	-	54,000
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt (Note 4)	13,217	8,842	-	22,059
Payrolí taxes payable	18,664	-	-	18,664
Compensated absences	58,245	-	-	58,245
Due To Other Funds	189,706	106,233	(203,476)	92,463
Net pension liability	1,283,528	389,174	-	1,672,702
Payables From Restricted Assets:			-	
Customer Deposits	-	86,041		86,041
Total Current Liabilities	1,682,812	618,795	(203,476)	2,098,131
Non-Current Liabilities				
Note Payable	-	-	-	-
General Obligation Bond (Note 4)	-	135,498	-	135,498
Total Non-Current Liabilities		135,498		135,498
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,682,812	754,293	(203,476)	2,233,629
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Revenue-FEMA Grant	-	-		-
Unexpended ARPA Funds	283,214			
Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources	446,831	56,915	<u> </u>	503,746
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	730,045	56,915	-	503,746

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

8

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) For the Year Ended SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Primary Government			
	Governmental	Business-Type	Eliminating	
	Activities	Activities	Entry	Total
NET POSITION				
Investment In General Fixed Assets	\$ 1,319,871	1,385,936	-	\$ 2,705,807
Retained Earnings:				
Unreserved	-	-	-	-
Restricted for:				
FHA Bond Reserve/Saving	-	39,012	-	39,012
Customers deposits	-	27,898	-	27,898
Airport Fund	(790)	-	-	(790)
First Time Homebuyers	1,904	-	-	1,904
Home Investment/Improvement Grants	-	-	-	-
ARPA Grant	283,214	-	-	283,214
FEMA Grant	47,199	-	-	47,199
Sewer Pumping Station Rehab	352	-	-	352
CDBG	3,317	•	-	3,317
Committed:				
Park and Recreation	2,230	-	-	2,230
Fire Fund	184,627	-	-	184,627
Unrestricted	(1,780,691)	(232,452)	(25,593)	(2,038,736)
Total Net Position	61,233	1,220,394	(25,593)	1,256,034
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 2,474,090	\$ 2,031,602		\$ 3,993,409

CITY OF HOLLANDALE, MISSISSIPPI

GENERAL GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

•			Program Revenu	es	Net (Expense	e) Revenue and Cha	nges in Net Positi
			Operating	Capital	P	rimary Governmen	it
		Charges for	grants and	grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
	Expenses	services	contributions	contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government Governmental Activities:							
General Government	715,089	212,211	127,420	512,711	137,253	-	137,253
Public Safety	819,228		-	-	(819,228)	-	(819,228)
Public Works	452,022			-	(452,022)	-	(452,022)
Recreation and Parks					•		
Depreciation Expense	127,437				(127,437)		(127,437)
	2,113,776	212,211	127,420	512,711	(1,261,434)		(1,261,434)
Business-type Activities							
Water Fund	521,900	524,782		-	-	2,882	2,882
Total business activities	521,900	524,782				2,882	2,882
Total Primary Government	\$2,635,676	<u>\$ 736,993</u>	\$ 127,420	512,711	(1,261,434)	2,882	(1,258,552)
General revenue:							
Taxes					1,112,644	-	1,112,644
License and Permits					10,596	-	10,596
Fines and Forfeits					30,743	-	30,743
Interest Income					596	643	1,239
Miscellaneous					183,342	40,675	224,017
Total General Revenues					1,337,921	41,318	1,379,239
Change in Net Position					76,487	44,200	120,687
Net Position at Beginning of year					(125,634)	1,220,336	1,094,702
Prior Period Adjustment					110,380	(44,142)	66,238
Net Position at End of Year					\$ 61,233	\$ 1,220,394	\$ 1,281,627

BALANCE SHEET- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	General Fund		on-Major /ernmental Funds		Total
ASSETS					
<u>Current assets</u>					
Cash	\$ 234,901	\$	24,917	\$	259,818
Investments (Cash Equivalents)	50,376		-		50,376
Receivables (Net of Allowance for uncollectible) Utilitiy	12,060		_		12,060
Property taxes	61,960		_		61,960
Accrued interest	63		_		63
Garbage fees	49,026		-		49,026
Due from other funds	112,544		135,877		248,421
Total Current Assets	520,930		160,794		681,724
Restricted Assets					
Savings			48,750		48,750
Total Restricted Assets			48,750	<u> </u>	48,750
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 520,930	\$	209,544	\$	730,474
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION					
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accounts Payable	\$ 25,452	\$	-	\$	25,452
Payroll taxes payable	18,664		-		18,664
Compensated absences	58,245		-		58,245
Due To Other Funds	189,706		_		189,706
Total Current Liabilities	292,067		-		292,067
Non-Current Liabilities					
General Obligation Bond (Note 4)			· _		
Total Non-Current Liabilities	<u> </u>		-		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	292,067		-		292,067
FUND BALANCES					
Retained Earnings					
Unreserved	-		-		-
Restricted					
Airport Fund	-		(790)		(790)
First Time Homebuyers	-		1,904		1,904
Home Investment/Improvement Grants	-		·_		-
FEMA Grant	47,199		-		47,199
Sewer Pumping Station Rehab			352		352
CDBG	-		3,317		3,317
Committed					
Park and Recreation	-		2,230		2,230
Fire Fund	_		184,627		184,627
Tot Unassigned	181,664		17,904		199,568
Total Fund Balance	228,863		209,544		438,4 <u>07</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 520,930	\$	209,544	\$	730,474

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION For the Year Ended September 30, 2021	-
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 438,407
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:	
Land 656,349	
Building and improvements 2,433,195	
Equipment 2,275,254	
Automobiles 222,466	
Infrastructure 264,640	
Accumulated depreciation (4,532,033	<u>)</u> 1,319,871
Deferred outflows of resources - deferred outflows - pension	423,745
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Note payable for capital assets used in governmental activities	
that is not a finanacial uses and therefore not reported in the funds	(107,217)
Net pension liability	(1,283,528)
	(
Deferred inflow of resources - deferred inflows - pension	(446,831)
Deferred inflow of resources - ARPA Funds	(283,214)
Deferred inflow of resources - FEMA Grant	
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 61,233

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Non Major		
	General	Governmental	I	
	Fund	Funds	Total	_
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$1,112,644	\$-	\$ 1,112,644	
License and Permits	10 <i>,</i> 596	-	10,596	
Intergovernmental	46,116	-	46,116	
Charges for Services	212,211	-	212,211	
Fines and Forfeits	30,743	-	30,743	
Interest Income	165	431	596	
Miscellaneous	105,587	31,639	137,226	
Total Revenues	1,518,062	32,070	1,550,132	
EXPENDITURES:				
Personnel	752,826	-	752,826	
Supplies	565,744	-	565,744	
Other Services and Charges	182,801	350	183,151	
Miscellaneous	27,734		27,734	_
Total Expenditures	1,529,105	350	1,529,455	
Excess Of Revenues Over (Under)	···			
Expenditures	(11,043)	31,720	20,677	
Fund Balances -Beginning of year	27,318	177,824	205,142	
Prior Period Adjustment	248,147		248,147	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 264,422	\$209,544	\$ 473,966	_

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$	20,677
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlays as expenses. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful		
lives as depreciation expense for the period.		(127,437)
Different between pension cost actuarially detrminte and the amount of contribution paid.		(273,637)
Capital expenditures used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds.	<u></u>	456,884
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	76,487

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$	157,620
Accounts Receivable (net allowance)		22,683
Accrued Interest Receivable		214
Due from General Fund		383,309
Total Current Assets		563,826
Restricted Assets		
FHA Funds		22,091
O & M Escrow		27,898
Saving	<u></u>	16,921
Total Restricted Assets		66,910
Fixed Assets		
Property, Plant and Equipment		4,436,802
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	()	3,050,866)
Net Fixed Assets		1,385,936
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,016,672
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	14,930
LIABILITIES, CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL AND NET POSITION		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	28,505
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt (Note 4)		8,842
Due To Other Funds		106,233
Net pension liability		389,174
Customer Deposits		86,041
Total Current Liabilities		618,795
Long-Term Liabilities		
General Obligation Bond (Note 4)	<u> </u>	135,498
Total Long-Term Liabilities	,	135,498
Total Liabilities	.	754,293
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		56,915

:

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- PROPRIETARY FUND (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Contributed Capital and Net Position	
Investment in general fixed assets	1,385,936
Restricted fund balance	66,910
Net Position	(232,452)
Total Contributed Capital and Net Position	1,220,394
TOTAL LIABILITIES, CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL	
AND NET POSITION	\$ 2,031,602

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

٠

.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITIONS-PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

•

Operating Revenues:	
Water and Sewer Fees	\$ 527,998
Tank Repair	7,704
Damages	15,244
Other Charges	14,511
Total Operating Revenues	565,457
Operating Expenses:	
Personnel Costs	128,073
Materials and Supplies	235,275
Other Expenses	53,383
Depreciation Expense	102,598
Total Operating Expenses	519,329
Net Operating Income	46,128
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest Income	643
Interest Expense	(2,571)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(1,928)
Net Income/(Loss)	44,200
Net Position - Beginning of Year	1,220,336
Prior Period Adjustment	(44,142)
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 1,220,394

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS- PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Operating Revenues:	
Water and Sewer Fees	\$ 564,558
Tank Repair	7,704
Damages	15,244
Other Charges	14,511
Total Operating Revenues	602,017
Operating Expenses:	
Personnel Costs	128,073
Materials and Supplies	206,427
Other Expenses	38,343
Depreciation Expense	102,598
Total Operating Expenses	475,441
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	126,576
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Purchase of fixed assets	-
Payment on long-term debt	(29,394)
Interest Income	643
Interest Expense	(2,571)
Net Cash Provided By Capital and Related Financing Activities	(31,322)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-BEGINNING OF YEAR	22,192
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-END OF YEAR	\$ 117,446

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS- PROPRIETARY FUND (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income Adjustments To Reconcile Operating Income	\$ 46,128
To Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities: Depreciation	102,598
Changes In Assets and Liabilities:	
Increase in accounts receivable	36,560
Increase in due from other funds	(79,000)
Decrease in accounts payable	15,040
Increase in customer deposits	5,250
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$ 126,576
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Purchase of fixed assets	-
Payment on long-term debt	(29,394)
Interest Income	643
Interest Expense	(2,571)
Net Cash Provided By Capital and Related Financing Activities	(31,322)
Net Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents	95,254
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-BEGINNING OF YEAR	22,192

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Hollandale operates under an alderman—mayor form of government. The accounting policies of the City of Hollandale conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments except as discussed in Note 6. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Account/Measurement Focus

The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that are comprised its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenue, and expenditures or expensed, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Town's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the Town accompanied by a total column. The Town has no Fiduciary activities.

These statements are presented on a "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The types of transactions reported as program revenue for the Tow are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the government activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Government Fund Accounting

Government Fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the Government-Wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that met those qualifications.

All government funds are accounted for on a spending, or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. (The Town's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are noncurrent.) The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to the finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenue subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the Town, are property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues and other taxes. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

The government reports the following major government funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The solid waste fund accounts for the Town's trash collection and deposits.

C. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and for the non-major aggregated. A column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. However, internal service funds balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent), and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Statement of Net Position, The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Operating revenues in the proprietary fund are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operation expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as necessary.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water and sewer funds operate the water and sewage distribution system. The gas fund operates the gas distribution system.

D. Assets, Liability, and Net Assets or Equity

Deposit and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statues authorized the City to invest in certificate of deposit, obligations of the U. S. Treasury, agencies, instrumentalities and obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States or any of its agencies, repurchase agreements, and the Mississippi local government investment pool.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liability, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds)" (i.e. non-current portion of interfund loans). Receivables and payables classified as "due from related organizations" and "due to related organizations" are made up of transactions between individual funds of the City of Hollandale.

Trade receivables listed on the utilities' balance sheet result from unpaid billing for services to customers, approximately one month's billing.

Property taxes are levied annually on October 1. Taxes are due and payable from the following February 1 through March 31 in the year succeeding the tax levy. An unperfected lien attaches by statute to property on March 15 and unpaid taxes for the prior year's levy. Taxes uncollected for one year past due are submitted to the Chancery Court for collections. Tax liens become perfected at the time the court enters judgement.

The millage rate for the year was 76.00 mills, allocated as follows:

General Fund	87.50 mills
Fire Department Fund	<u>3.50</u> mills
TOTAL	<u>91.00</u> mills

Inventories

Government fund inventories of gasoline and diesel and stated at cost, using the first-in/first-out method (FIFO).

Restricted Assets

One saving account in the general fund and three in the water fund are reported as restricted assets, on the balance sheet.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items). Are reported in the applicable government or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined in the governmental funds as assets with an initial, individual cost or more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liability, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The proprietary funds define capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and construction in progress, as assets with an initial individual cost of more that \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Assets acquired through contributions from developers or other customers are capitalized at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Town of Henning elected not to report major general infrastructure assets retroactively.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' liver are not capitalized. Major outlay for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the following straight-line method over the following estimated useful life:

Fixed Assets and Long-Term Liabilities (Continued) -

Infrastructure	50 years
Building	40 years
Distribution Systems	25 years
Improvements	20 years
Heavy Equipment	10 years
Other Equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 years

Long-term liabilities of the Governmental and Proprietary Funds are accounted for in the funds themselves. Additional information concerning fixed assets and long—term liabilities are provided in Notes 2 and 3.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liability, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Long-term Obligations (Continued

applicable governmental activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance cost, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issue costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt

Net Position/Fund Equity

In the proprietary funds, equity is classified as net position and displayed in the following three components:

- Invested in capital assets, net o related debt consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, debt related to unspent proceeds or other restricted cash and investments is excluded from the determination
- Restricted for debt services consists of net assets for which constraints are placed thereon by external parties such as lenders, grantors, contributor, laws, regulations and enabling legislation including self-imposed legal mandates less any related liabilities.
- Unrestricted All other net assets that do not meet the description of the above categories.

In the fund financial statements, the government has not implemented policies and procedures for the governmental fund balance using committed and assigned fund balances.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDWHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. Transfers of appropriations require the approval of the Town board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditure may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. As an extension of the budgetary process, the Board may transfer or appropriate additional funds

for expenditures not anticipated at the time of the budget adoption. The Board amended the budget at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTE 3 – MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available as net current assets. "Measurable" means that amounts can be reasonably determined within the current period. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Major revenues susceptible to accrual include sales tax and property taxes levied and due in the current year even though a portion of the taxes may be collected in the subsequent year. Penalty on sales taxes and interest on delinquent taxes are considered measurable when paid and are recognized as revenue at that time. Intergovernmental revenues received as reimbursement for specific purposes or projects are recognized in the period the expenditures are incurred. Intergovernmental revenue received but not yet earned.

<u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued) - is recorded as deferred revenue. Property and sales taxes received prior to the time they are due are also recorded as deferred revenue. In subsequent periods, when the City has legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Revenue from land sale contracts receivable is deferred until the receivables are collected. Expenditures are recorded when the fund liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

NOTE 4 – ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 5 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/IFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In additional to assets, the statement of net position will sometime report a separate section for deferred outflows or resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town had no items reported in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The Town has one item that qualify for reporting in this category deferred inflows related to unearned property taxes.

NOTE 6 – BUDGET PROCESS

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

A. Prior to August 1st, the City Clerk and Chief Administrative Officer submits to the Mayor and Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

B. Public notice is given of the City's budget meetings being open to the public, so that public hearings are conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.

C. Prior to September 15th, the budget is legally enacted through adoption by the Mayor and City Aldermen.

D. The budget is formally revised during the year and properly amended by the Mayor and City Aldermen.

E. Budgetary comparisons are employed by management as a management control device during the year for all funds.

F. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Mississippi laws require that municipalities budget revenue and expenditures on a modified-cash basis. Claims that have been incurred prior to the end of the year and that are paid within 30 days under the accrual basis. Prior year claims that are paid after 30 days revert to the cash basis. All revenue is accounted for under the cash basis. The required budgetary basis is therefore not considered a generally accepted accounting principal. Governmental accounting requires that the "budget to actual" statements be prepared according to budgetary laws and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and fund balance be prepared according to the modified-accrual basis (GAAP). The major reconciling items between the budgetary and GAAP presentations are presented on the "budget to actual" statements

NOTE 7 – FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

Governmental activities:

Non Depreciable assets:	021
Depreciable Assets:	
•	349
Building 882,875 882,8	875
Improvements 1,550,320 1,550,3	320
Furniture and Equipment 2,054,407 2,054,4	407
Automobiles 222,466 222,4	466
Mobile Equipment 220,847 220,8	847
Infrastructure 264,640 264,6	640
Total assets 5,851,904 5,851,9	904
Less accumulated depreciation for	
Building and Improvements 1,735,472 60,828 - 1,796,30	300
Furniture and Equipment 2,222,623 19,941 - 2,242,50	564
Mobile Equipment 62,384 5,520 - 67,90	904
Automobiles 154,768 37,367 - 192,13	135
Infrastructure 229,349 3,781 - 233,1	130
4,404,596 127,437 - 4,532,0	033
Net Capital Assets \$ 1,447,308 \$ (127,437) \$ - \$1,319,83	871

Note 7 - Fixed Assets (Continued)

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

Business-type activities:

	Balance 9/30/2020			Balance 9/30/2021
Non Depreciable Assets:				
Land	\$ 7,500	\$-	\$-	\$ 7,500
Depreciable Asset				
Building and Improvements	2,333,708	-	-	2,333,708
Furniture and Equipment	426,857	-	-	426,857
Infrastructure	1,613,372	-	-	1,613,372
Automobile	45,450	-	-	45,450
Mobile Radios	9,915	-		9,915
Total capital assets	4,436,802			4,436,802
Less accumulated depreciation for	•			
Building and Improvements	1,914,817	58,390	-	1,973,207
Furniture and Equipment	421,435	12,102	-	433,537
Infrastructure	547,898	23,048	-	570,946
Automobile	54,203	9,058	-	63,261
Mobile Radios	9,915	-		9,915
Total accumulated depreciation	2,948,268	102,598		3,050,866
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1,488,534	\$ (102,598)	\$ -	\$1,385,936

NOTE 8 – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBTS

General Fund:

The City of Hollandale, MS has an obligation to a bank bearing interest at 4.93%. The loan is payable in monthly installment of \$1,364.12, including interest, and is collateralized by equipment.

Principle and interest payments for the years following September 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Pr	incipal	Int	erest	
2022		13,217		293	
	\$	13,217	\$	293	
Changes in long-term de	ebts				
Balance at 9/30/2020					\$ 49,367
Addtions					-
Payments				_	 (36,150)
Balance at 9/30/21				-	\$ 13,217

NOTE 8 - CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBTS (Continued)

Proprietary Fund:

General Obligation Bond: City of Hollandale has an unsecured obligation to Mississippi Development Authority bearing interest at 4.50%. The loan is payable in monthly installments of \$642, including interest.

Principal and interest payments for the years following September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Principal	Interest
4,499	3,205
4,706	2,998
4,922	2,782
5,148	2,556
5,385	2,319
30,869	7,651
17,738	1,023
\$ 73,267	\$22,534
	4,499 4,706 4,922 5,148 5,385 30,869 17,738

General Obligation Bond:

City of Hollandale has an unsecured obligation to Mississippi Development Authority bearing interest at 4.50%. The loan is payable in monthly installments of \$621.00, including interest. Principal and interest payments for the years following September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Note 5 - Changes in Long-Term Debt (Continued)

	Principal	Interest
2022	4,343	3,109
2023	4,542	2,910
2024	4,751	2,701
2025	4,969	2,483
2026	5,197	2,255
2027 to 2031	29,794	7,466
2032 to 2036	17,478	1,028
	\$ 71,074	\$ 21,952

NOTE 8 - CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBTS (Continued)

Changes in long-term debts	
Balance at 9/30/19	\$ 173,697
Addtions	-
Payments	(29,356)
Balance at 9/30/20	\$ 144,341

NOTE 9 – DEFINED PENSION PLAN

(1) Plan Description

The Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS or the System) was created with the purpose to provide pension benefits for all state and public education employees, sworn officers of the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol, other public employees whose employers have elected to participate in the System, and elected members of the State Legislature and the President of the Senate. The System administers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*.

For the cost-sharing plan participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.00% of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.50% for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. A member may elect a reduced retirement allowance payable for life with the provision that, after death, a beneficiary receives benefits for life or for a specified number of years. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. In the event of death prior to retirement of any member whose spouse and/or children are not entitled to a retirement allowance, the deceased member's accumulated contributions and interest are paid to the designated beneficiary.

A cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became

Note 9 - Defined Pension Plan (Continued)

members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann § 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The PERS plan financial report is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Public Employees' Retirement System available at <u>www.PERS.ms.gov</u>.

(2) Basis of Presentation

The Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Collective Pension Amounts (the Schedules) present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of the System or its participating employers. Accordingly, they do not purport to be a complete presentation of the financial position or changes in financial position of the System or its participating employers. The Schedules are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Such preparation requires management to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature of these estimates, actual results could differ.

(3) Employer Allocations

GASB Statement No.68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires participating employers to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense. These Schedules are prepared to provide employers with their calculated proportionate share. Contributions from the employers are recognized when legally due, based on statutory requirements. The employer allocation percentages presented in the Schedule of Employer Allocations are based on the ratio of each employer's actual contribution to the System's total actual contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

The current year employer contributions used in the Schedule of Employer Allocations for 2021 are a component of total employer contributions presented in the Systems audited financial statements. The reconciliation of employer contributions is as follows for the year ended June 30, 2021:
Note 9 - Defined Pension Plan (Continued)

Total current year employer contributions per Schedule of Employer	
Allocations	\$ 130,929
Timing differences	65
Fees from Optional Retirement Plan *	1,296
Miscellaneous	82
Total employer contributions per audited financial statements	\$ 132,373

* Optional Retirement Plan contributes administrative fees of 2.60% of covered wages.

(4) Collective Net Pension Liability

The components of the collective net pension liability of the participating employers at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$5,658,164
Plan fiduciary net position	3,985,462
Employer's net pension liability	\$1,672,702

(a) Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and a measurement date determined of June 30, 2021 using standard rollforward techniques using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary increases	2.65-17.90%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H.-2010 (B) retiree Table with the following adjustments. For males 95% of male rates up to 60, 110% for ages 61 to and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2021 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions are based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2021.

Note 9 - Defined Pension Plan (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Domestic	27.00%	4.60%
International Equity	22.00	4.50
Global Equity	12.00	4.80
Fixed Income	20.00	(0.25)
Real Estate	10.00	3.75
Private equity	8.00	6.00
Cash Equivilent	1.00	(1.00)
Total	100.00%	

(b) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the cost-sharing plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

Note 9 - Defined Pension Plan (Continued)

	1% decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.55%)	Rate (7.55%)	(8.55%)
Net pension liability	\$ 2,368,938	\$ 1,672,702	\$ 1,098,948

Changes in the Net Pension Liability:

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a-b)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 5,479,265	\$ 3,231,317	\$ 2,247,948
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	81,440	-	81,440
Interest	400,277	-	400,277
Different between actual and expected expense	20,514	-	20,514
Change in assumptions	166,276	-	166,276
Contribution - employer	-	132,373	(132,373)
Contribution - employee	-	67,322	(67,322)
Net investment income		988,725	(988,725)
Benefit payments, including refunds			
of employee contributions	(350,408)	(350,408)	-
Administrative expense	-	(1,776)	1,776
Other changes		1	(1)
Net Changes	318,098	836,236	(518,138)_
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 5,797,363	\$ 4,067,553	\$ 1,729,810

(5) Collective Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Annual changes to the net pension liability resulting from differences between expected and actual experiences with regards to economic and demographic factors and from changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are deferred and amortized over the average of the expected remaining service life of active an inactive member. Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are amortized over a closed period of 5 years. The following

Note 9 - Defined Pension Plan (Continued)

The following presents a summary of changes in the collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the year ended June 30, 2021:

(5) Collective Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

	Measurement Period	Amortization Period	Beginning of year balnace	Additions	Deductions	End of year balance
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources:						
Net difference between						
projected and antual						
earnings on investments	2017	5.00	\$ (115,726)	\$-	\$ 115,726	\$-
	2018	5.00	(15,681)	-	7,841	(7,841)
	2019	5.00	25,936	-	(8,645)	17,291
	2020	5.00	119,016		(29,754)	89,262
	2021	5.00	<u> </u>	(750,569)	150,114	(600,455)
			13,545	(750,569)	235,281	(501,743)
Difference between expected						
and actual experience	2018	3.90	517	-	(517)	-
	2020	3.66	18,940		(7,120)	11,820
	2021	3.88	-	20,514	(5,287)	15,227
			19,457	20,514	(12,924)	27,047
Changes in assummptions	2019	3.76	11,657	-	(6,623)	5,034
	2021	3.88	-	166,276	(76,806)	89,470
			11,657	166,276	(83,429)	94,504
			\$ 44,658	\$ (563,778)	\$ 138,928	\$ (380,192)

The collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported in the table above will be amortized in the collective proportionate share of pension expense as follows:

Note 9 - Defined Pension Plan (Continued)

Years Ended June 30

2022	\$ (65,625)
2023	(64,737)
2024	(85,965)
2025	(163,865)
	\$ (380,192)

The table below provides a summary of the collective deferred outflows and inflows as of June 30, 2021 (measurement date):

	Ľ	Deferred	D	eferred
	Οι	tflows of	In	flows of
	R	esources	Re	sources
Difference between expected and actual experiences	\$	26,746	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		128,714		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	;			
on plan investments		-		503,746
Employer contribution subsequent to the measureme	nt			
date	_Se	e note		-
Total	\$	155,460	\$	503,746

Note: The deferred outflow of resources reported by an employer should include contributions made by the employer during its fiscal year that will be reflected in the net pension liability in the next measurement period. Amortization periods for fiscal year 2022 are 3.88 for the average expected remaining service life of members and 5.0 years for investment gains/losses. PERS will provide current year collective information. In order to properly report PE and deferred outflows/inflows of resources in future years, it will be necessary for employers to maintain schedules for amortizing deferred amounts.

(6) - Allocable Plan Pension Expense

The components of allocable plan pension expense, which excludes amounts attributable to employer-paid members contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021, comprised the following:

Note 9 - Defined Pension Plan (Continued)

Service Cost	\$ 7,985
Interest on total pension liability	366,611
Member contribution	(64,598)
Projected earning on planned investment	(227,688)
Administrative expense	1,841
Other	544
Recgonition of deferred outflows/inflows of resources:	
Differences between expected and actual experiences	15,401
Differences between expected and actual earning on investments	(29,061)
Changes in assumptions	 38,537
	\$ 109,571

The employer proportionate share of the collective pension expense is equal to the collective pension expense multiplied by the employer's allocation percentage for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, as shown in the Schedule of Employer Allocation.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2018, valuation for the June 30, 2021 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	30.9 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,
	Including inflation
Note 10 - Custodial Credit Risk	

Note 10 - Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures deposits up to \$250,000. As of September 30, 2021, the City had unsecured funds in the amount of \$333,474. The State of Mississippi Treasury Department

Note 10 - Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

oversees the collateralization process for all institutions approved as a public depository in the Statewide Public Funds Collateral Program. On a daily basis, the Treasury monitors collateralization requirements maintained for all of the institutions holding public funds. By using this method, we can provide a better level of assurance to our public entities that their funds are properly safeguarded.

Note 11 - Compensated Absences

The City recognizes a liability for the amount of accrued vacation and vested sick leave. Accumulated vacation may be received in cash by the employee at any time, subject to certain restrictions. Unused sick leave is vested at 25% after five years of employment, and an additional 25% is vested after ten years. Vested sick leave may only be received in cash by the employee upon termination of employment. The obligation of accumulated unpaid vacation and vested sick leave amounts to \$58,245 at September 30, 2021 for the Primary Government.

Note 12 – Interfund Receivable and Payables

	Due	
Due From:	То:	Amount
General Fund	Water Fund	222,224

The interfund receivable and payables do not balance out to zero. Management should perform a review of the interfund receivable and payables and correct the balances.

Note 13 – Risk Management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Note 14 – Prior Period Adjustments

The net asset of the general fund was increased by \$26,231 and the enterprise fund was decreased by \$104,072 to record the changes in the net pension adjustments and reclassify the due to and due from and correct the note payable for an amount that was expensed in prior year.

Note 14 – Prior Period Adjustments (continued)

General	Fund:
---------	-------

Beginning Balance	\$ (125,634)
Net pension adjustment	 110,380
Ending Balance	\$ (15,254)
Water Fund:	
Beginning Balance	\$ 1,220,336
Net pension adjustment	 (44,142)
Ending Balance	1,176,194
Net pension adjustment	 (44,142)

Note 15 – Subsequent Events

.

Management has evaluated events and transaction subsequent to the balance sheet date through the date of the auditors' report (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. Management did not identify any items that should be disclosed.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Original	d Amount Final	Actual	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>		
REVENUES				,		
Taxes	\$ 1,201,000	\$1,201,000	\$ 1,112,644	\$ (88,356)		
License and Permits	5,000	5,000	10,596	5,596		
Intergovernmental	136,000	136,000	46,116	(89,884)		
Charges for Services	200,000	200,000	212,211	12,211		
Fines and Forfeits	25,000	25,000	30,743	5,743		
Interest Income	2,000	2,000	596	(1,404)		
Miscellaneous	194,000	194,000	137,226	(56,774)		
TOTAL REVENUES	1,763,000	1,763,000	1,550,132	(212,868)		
EXPENDITURES						
General Government	484,000	484,000	373,039	110,961		
Public Safety	740,000	740,000	664,193	75,807		
Public Works	539,000	539,000	480,559	58,441		
Culture and Recreation	-		11,664	(11,664)		
			· · · · ·			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,763,000	1,763,000	1,529,455	233,545		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER			<i>i</i> .			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_		20,677	20,677		
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR			205,142			
Prior Period Adjustment			248,147			
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR			\$ 473,966			

BUDGETARY COMPARISON PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budged	Amounts		Variance Favorable		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:				-		
Water and Sewer Fees	\$ 425,000	\$ 425,000	\$ 527,998	\$ 102,998		
Late Charges and Connection Fees	24,000	24,000	37,459	13,459		
Total Operating Revenues	449,000	449,000	565,457	116,457		
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel Costs	144,000	144,000	128,073	15,927		
Materials and Supplies	255,000	255,000	235,275	19,725		
Other Expenses	158,000	158,000	53,383	104,617		
Capital Outlay	40,000	40,000	-	40,000		
Depreciation Expense			102,598	(102,598)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	597,000	597,000	519,329	77,671		
NET OPERATING INCOME	(148,000)	(148,000)	46,128	194,128		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
INTEREST INCOME	1,000	1,000	643	(357)		
INTEREST EXPENSE			(2,571)	(2,571)		
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	1,000	1,000	(1,928)	(2,928.00)		
NET INCOME(LOSS)	\$(147,000)	\$ (147,000)	\$ 44,200	\$ 191,200		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR			1,220,336			
Prior Period Adjustment			(44,142)			
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR			\$1,220,394			

FIRE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE- BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budged	Amounts		Variance Favorable		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:						
Grant revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,789	\$ 29,789		
Total Operating Revenue	-	-	29,789	29,789		
Expentitures:						
Other Services and Charges	45,000	45,000		45,000		
Total Expenditures	45,000	45,000	-	45,000		
Net Operating revenue	(45,000)	(45,000)	29,789	(15,211)		
Non-Operating Revenue Interest income	••	-	19	19		
Total Non-Operating Revenue		-	19	19		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$(45,000)	\$ (45,000)	29,808	\$ (15,192)		
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR			154,819			
Prior Period Adjustment						
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR			\$ 184,627			

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS – ALL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

GENERAL FUND:	
Certificate of Deposit	\$ 50,376
Silver Savings	48,750
Total General Fund	99,126
WATER AND SEWER FUND:	
O & M Escrow	27,898
Saving	16,921
Guaranty Bank and TRust-FHA Fund	22,091
Total Water and Sewer Fund	66,910
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	\$ 166,036
	÷ 100,030

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Name	Title and Position	Years in Town Government
Peresa Causey	Mayor	2 months
Robert Swint	Vice Mayor	20
Josh Bogen	City Attorney	32
Jeanette Bowdre	City Cleri	34
Marcus Davis	Chief of Police	1 month
Geraldine Haggard	Alderwoman	4
Bryine Smith	Alderman	4
Angela Warren	Alderwoman	2 months
Janice Williams	Alderwoman	2 months

SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS FOR CITY OFFICIALS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Name and Position	Surety Company	Surety Amount
Pereas Causey, Mayor	Mississippi Municipal Bond Program	\$ 50,000
Robert Swint, Vice Mayor	Mississippi Municipal Bond Program	50,000
Jennette Bowdre, City Clerk	Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America	100,000
Erma Atkins, Deputy Clerk	Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America	10,000
Chief Of Police	Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America	50,000
Alderman	Mississippi Municipal Bond Program	50,000
Alderman	Mississippi Municipal Bond Program	50,000
Alderman	Mississippi Municipal Bond Program	50,000
Alderman	Mississippi Municipal Bond Program	50,000
Radio Dispatchers	Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America	10,000

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

.

CITY OF HOLLANDALE, MISSISSIPPI

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL AWARDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor Program Title FEDERAL AWARD	Type of Grant	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Enity	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures / Revenue Recognized
U.S. Department of Treasury - Coronavius Relief Fund	Emergency Relief Program	21.019	MSEmergency Management Agency		63,286
Coronavius Nelles Fullu	170gram	21.015	Management Gener		,
DRA Truck Route	Truck Route		Delta Regional Authority		285,516
Mississippi Justice Assistance Grant					3,779
Gan			MS Development		3,175
CDBG	Sewer Improvement	14.228	Authority	1135-18-212-PF-01	155,387
Total Federal Awards					507,968
STATE AWARD					
Mississippi Department of					
Transportation	Sidewalk Grant			N/A	71,808
Mississippi Department of Revenue	Modernization Grant				64,134
····· •	Modernzation Grane		MS Department of Public		,
Mississippi Justice Assistance Grant			Safety	201-MU-BX-0165	1,260
Total Local Award					137,202
Total Award					\$ 645,170

ARPA Grant

The Town was awarded an ARPA Grant in the amount \$283,213.64. As of September 30, 2021 the town has not expended any fund relating to the ARPA Grant.

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to the Financial Statements. 44

,

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL AWARDS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards

Note 1—Basis of Accounting

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the City's financial statements. The city uses the accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portions of the program. District records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from non-federal sources.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
GASB 68 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

For the Year Ended September	⁻ 30, 202.	1								
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$ 70,005	\$ 64,439	\$ 73,477	\$ 27,194	\$ 73,642	\$ 74,965	\$ 82,719	\$ 81,440	\$-	\$-
Interest	282,840	274,322	303,304	113,684	339,561	358,447	398,733	400,277		
Benefit changes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Difference between expected and actual experience	25 26,436	31,123	41,362	(6,216)	2,239	-	26,060	20,514		
Changes of assumptions	-	174,219	(6,663)	870	-	24,903	•	166,276		
Benefit payments	(215,612)	(212,292)	(236,842)	(89,304)	(273,519)	(295,730)	(334,202)	(338,973)		
Refund of contributions	(12,479)	(11,416)	(11,296)	{4,098}	(13,030).	{11,630}	{12,175}	(11,435)		
Net change in total pension liability	151,190	320,396	163,342	42,130	128,894	150,956	161,135	318,098		
Total pension liability - beginning	4,353,253	4,504,443	4,824,838	4,988,180	5,030,310	5,167,204	5,318,160	5,479,265		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$4,504,443	\$4,824,839	\$ 4,988,180	\$5,030,310	\$ 5,159,204	\$ 5,318,160	\$ 5,479,295	\$5,797,363		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contribution - employer	\$ 99,566	\$ 95,323	\$ 102,157	\$ 36,728	\$ 106,724	\$ 111,742	136,070	\$ 132,373		
Contribution - members	56,426	53,370	57,275	20,545	59,832	62,532	69,058	67,322		
Net investment income	401,040	79,175	13,094	123,839	250,091	183,130	99,507	988,725		
Benefit payments	{215,612}	{212,292}	(236,842)	(89,304)	(273,519)	(295,730)	(334,202)	(338,973)		
Administrative expense	(1,318)	(1,294)	(1,517)	(615)	(1,705)	(1,820)	(2,294)	(1,776)		
Refunds of contributions	(12,479)	(11,418)	(11,296)	{4,098}	(13,030)	(11,630)	(12,172)	(11,435)		
other	(52)	(48)	(47)	(308)	(504)	(497)	3	1		
Net change in plan position	327,571	2,816	(77,177)	86,787	127,890	47,729	(44,030)	836,236		
Plan net position - beginning	2,759,732	3,087,303	3,090,119	3,012,942	3,099,729	3,227,619	\$ 3,275,348	3,231,317		
Plan net position - ending (b)	\$3,087,303	\$ 3,090,119	\$ 3,012,942	\$3,099,729	\$ 3,227,619	\$ 3,275,348	3,231,318	4,067,553		
Net pension liability -ending (a) - (b)	\$1,417,141	\$1,734,720	\$ 1,975,238	\$1,930,581	\$ 1,931,585	\$ 2,042,812	\$ 2,247,977	\$1,729,810		

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to the Financial Statements. 46

CITY OF HOLLANDALE, MISSISSIPPI

CITY OF HOLLANDALE, MISSISSIPPI

SCHEDULE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY GASB 68 REQUIRED INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

SCHEDULE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY										
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total pemsion liability	\$4,504,443	\$ 4,824,839	\$ 4,988,180	\$ 5,030,310	\$ 5,159,204	\$ 5,318,160	\$ 5,479,295	\$ 5,797,363		
Plan fiduciary net position	3,087,303	3,090,119	3,012,942	3,099,729	3,227,619	3,275,348	3,231,318	4,067,553		
Net pension liability	\$1,417,141	\$1,734,720	\$ 1,975,238	\$ 1,930,581	\$ 1,931,585	\$ 2,042,812	\$ 2,247,977	\$1,729,810		
Plann fiduciary net position as a percentage					÷					
of the total pension liability	31%	36%	40%	38%	37%	38%	41%	30%		
Covered payroll	599,106	564,856	604,060	655,450	628,839	644,280	771,396	705,570		
Net pension liability as a percentage of										
covered payroll	237%	307%	327%	295%	307%	317%	291%	245%		

Employers apply their proportionate share percentage to amounts.

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

47

CITY OF HOLLANDALE, MISSISSIPPI

.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS GASB 67 Paragraph 32(c) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution	\$134,093	\$128,643	\$104,177	\$ 99,042	\$ 343	\$ 94,883	\$ 88,965	\$ 94,584
Actual employer contributions	132,373	136,070	111,742	106,724	367,278	102,157	95,323	99,489
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 1,720	\$ (7,427)	\$ (7,565)	\$ (7,682)	\$(366,935)	\$ (7,273)	\$ (6,358)	\$ (4,904)
Covered Payroli	706,869	\$771,396	\$644,280	\$628,839	\$ 655,450	\$ 604,060	\$ 564,856	\$599,105
Actual contribustion as a percentage of coverage payroll	18.97%	16.68%	16.17%	15.75%	0.05%	15.71%	15.75%	15.79%

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Fire Fund	Park & Recreation	Crime Prevention	Other Funds	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash	\$ -	\$ 2,229	\$ 8,871	13,817	\$ 24,917
Total Current Assets	-	2,229	\$ 8,871	13,817	\$ 24,917
Restricted Assets					
Savings	48,751	-			48,751
Total Restricted Assets	48,751	-	-	-	48,751
Due From Other Funds	135,877			-	135,877
TOTALASSETS	\$184,628	\$ 2,229	<u>\$ 8,871</u>	\$13,817	\$209,545
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION					
Liabilities					
Due To Other Funds	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 1,020	\$ 1,020
Total Current Liabilities	-		-	1,020	1,020
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	-	-	1,020	1,020
FUND BALANCES					
Retained Earnings					
Unreserved					
Restricted					
Airport Fund	-	-	-	(790)	(790)
First Time Homebuyers	-	-	-	1,904	1,904
Home Investment/Improvement Grants	-	-	-	-	-
Sewer Pumping Station Rehab	-	-	-	352	352
CDBG	-	-	-	3,317	3,317
Committed					
Park and Recreation	-	2,22 9	-	-	2,229
Fire Fund	184,628	-	-	-	184,628
Unassigned			8,871	8,014	16,885
Total Fund Balances	184,628	2,229	8,871	12,797	208,525
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$184,628	\$ 2,229	\$ 8,871	\$13,817	\$ 209,545

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHAGE IN FUND BALANCE-NOMAJOR GOVERNMENT FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Fire Fund	Park & Recreation	Crime Prevention	Other Funds	Total	
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 29,789	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 29,789	
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-	
Fines and Forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest Income	19	11	44	357	431	
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>	1,032	3,013	4,045	
Total Revenues	29,808	11	1,076	3,370	34,265	
EXPENDITURES:						
Other Services and Charges		-	-	350	350	
Total Expenditures		<u> </u>		350	350	
Excess Of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	29,808	11	1,076	3,020	33,915	
Fund Balances -Beginning of year	154,819	2,219	7,795	10,797	175,630	
Prior Period Adjustment	<u> </u>	-	-	(1,020)	(1,020)	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$184,627	\$ 2,230	\$ 8,871	\$12,797	\$208,525	

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTER BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING **STANDARDS**

To the City of Hollandale and Board of Aldermen Hollandale, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Hollandale, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Hollandale, Mississippi's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Hollandale, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Hollandale, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Hollandale, Mississippi's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

> Jones and Tuggle, PLLC **Certified Public Accountants** 4466 Elvis Presley Blvd. Suite 249 Memphis, TN 38116 TI 901.332.0111 F 1901.332.0504

ഷ്

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTER BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Continued)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Hollandale, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ons and Thiggle, PUC

Memphis, TN June 24, 2022

TUGG S CONES CONES

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Hollandale, Mississippi

We have audited the general-purpose financial statements of the City of Hollandale, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our reported thereon dated July 10, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

As required by the state compliance and by the audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state law and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of those procedures and our audit, the general-purpose financial statements disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with state law and regulations. The prior year finding has been corrected.

This report is intended for the information of the City's management and the Office of the State Auditors and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public and its distribution is not limited.

Homes and This CUMUC

Memphis, TN / June 24, 2022

> Jones and Tuggle, PLLC Certified Public Accountants 4466 Elvis Presley Blvd. Suite 249 Memphis, TN 38116 T 1 901.332.0111 F 1 901.332.0504 www.jonesandtuggle.com