OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR REPORT NOTE:

Section 7-7-211, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) gives the Office of the State Auditor the authority to audit, with the exception of municipalities, any governmental entity in the state. In the case of municipalities, Section 21-35-31, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) requires municipalities to obtain an annual audit performed by a private CPA firm and submit that audit report to the Office of the State Auditor. The Office of the State Auditor files these audit reports for review in case questions arise related to the municipality.

As a result, the following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor. Instead, it was prepared by a private CPA firm and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted and no review of the report was performed by the Office of the State Auditor prior to finalization of the report. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Saltillo, Mississippi

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

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P.O. Box 731 Tupelo, MS 38802 (662) 844-5226





Partners Gary Franks, CPA Bryon Wilemon, CPA Jonathan Hagood, CPA

Rudolph Franks, CPA (1933-2019)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

www.ffwhcpa.com

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Saltillo, Mississippi

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Saltillo, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Saltillo, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 11, the schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the schedule of the City's contributions on pages 43 through 47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Saltillo, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements and other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund financial statements and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements and other supplemental information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 3, 2022 on our consideration of the City of Saltillo, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Saltillo's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Franks, Franks, Wilconon + Hagood P.A.

FRANKS, FRANKS, WILEMON & HAGOOD, P.A. Tupelo, Mississippi May 3, 2022

Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended September 30, 2021

This section of the City of Saltillo's Financial Report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the City of Saltillo's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$7,664,799. Of this amount, \$1,820,652 may be used to meet the City of Saltillo's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. This compares to the previous year when assets exceeded liabilities by \$6,160,750, of which \$1,143,141 was available to meet the City's ongoing obligations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Saltillo's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,377,977, an increase of \$985,521 in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 75% of the combined fund balances, \$2,535,834 is considered unassigned and is available for spending at the City of Saltillo's discretion.
- The City of Saltillo's total debt is \$2,080,857. No new debt was issued in the current fiscal year. Debt in the amount of \$231,957 was repaid during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for non-major governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two types of statements that present different views of the City of Saltillo.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both longterm and short-term information about the City of Saltillo's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City of Saltillo's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The Governmental Funds statements tell how general government services such as public safety were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The City of Saltillo has three Governmental Fund types: the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Special Revenue Fund.

Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates in a similar manner as businesses, and include the Water and Sewer fund.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining statements that provide details about our non-

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OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

major governmental funds, each of which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the City of Saltillo's financial statements, including the portion of the City of Saltillo they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-1 Major Features of the City of Saltillo's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements Fund Statements

		Fund Sta	atements		
	Government-wide Statements	e Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds		
Government (except C fiduciary funds) and p the City's fi component units. p		overnment (except uciary funds) and e City'sCity that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as			
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position; Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet; Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Net Position; Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Net Cash Flows		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term		
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City of Saltillo as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City of Saltillo's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the City of Saltillo's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the City of Saltillo's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the city of Saltillo's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City of Saltillo, the reader should consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the City of Saltillo's property tax base.
- Governmental activities Most of the City of Saltillo's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, public works, parks and recreation departments, and general administration. Property taxes, sales and use taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City of Saltillo charges fees to customers to help cover the costs of certain services that it provides. The City of Saltillo's water and sewer system services are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City of Saltillo's most significant funds—not the City as a whole. The "fund" level is where the basic unit of financial organization and operation within the City of Saltillo exists. Funds are accounting tools that are used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. They are the basic budgetary and accounting entities.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Alderman establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The City of Saltillo has two types of funds:

- · Governmental funds-most of the City of Saltillo's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed shortterm view that help determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City of Saltillo's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them. The measurement focus of governmental funds is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balance of financial resources) rather than upon net income determination. These funds are maintained on a modified accrual basis of accounting (explained further in the notes to the financial statements under "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies"). The basic financial statements for governmental funds are the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. The City of Saltillo utilizes three types of governmental funds: the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Special Revenue Fund.
- Proprietary funds—Services for which the City of Saltillo charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information. The City has only one type of proprietary fund—enterprise funds. The City of Saltillo's enterprise funds are the same as its business-type activities yet provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The measurement focus of proprietary funds is upon determination of net income, financial position and change in financial position. These funds are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. The Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows are all required statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City of Saltillo's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$7,664,799 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion, 67%, of the City's net position reflect its investment in capital assets (such as land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; however, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table A-1

City of Saltillo's Net Position

	Govern		Busines					
	Activ	ities	Activit	ies	Total			
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	2021	2020	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 3,727,339	\$ 2,782,407	\$ 3,065,166	\$ 2,929,073	\$ 6,792,505	\$ 5,711,480		
Noncurrent Assets	2,158,331	2,154,800	5,054,999	5,054,588	<u>7,213,330</u>	7,209,388		
Total Assets	5,885,670	4,937,207	8,120,165	7,983,661	14,005,835	12,920,868		
Deferred Outflows	269,248	205,700	83,286	64,434	352,534	270,134		
Total Deferred Outflows	269,248	205,700	83,286	64,434	352,534	270,134		
Current and Other Liabilities	113,267	233,103	383,962	413,575	497,229	646,678		
Long-Term Liabilities	2,378,317	3,096,198	2,572,484	<u>2,911,574</u>	4,950,801	6,007,772		
Total Liabilities	2,491,584	3,329,301	2,956,446	3,325,149	5,448,030	6,654,450		
Deferred Inflows	951,282	286,162	294,258	89,640	1,245,540	<u>375,802</u>		
Total Deferred Inflows	951,282	286,162	294,258	89,640	1,245,540	375,802		
Net Investment in Capital								
Assets	2,050,773	1,955,564	3,081,700	2,941,010	5,132,473	4,896,574		
Restricted	711,674	121,035	0	0	711,674	121,035		
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(50,395)	(549,155)	1,871,047	1,692,296	1,820,652	<u>1,143,141</u>		
Total Net Position	\$ 2,712,052	\$ 1,527,444	\$ 4,952,747	\$ 4,633,306	\$ 7,664,799	\$ 6,160,750		

An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Unrestricted net position of the business-type activities was \$1,871,047 at the end of the current fiscal year. These resources cannot be used to add to the net position surplus in governmental activities. The City of Saltillo generally can only use this net position to finance the continuing operations of the business type activities.

Changes in net position. Approximately 17.85% of the City of Saltillo's revenue comes from property taxes, with 41.06% of all revenue coming from some type of tax. (See Table A-2.) Another 42.48% comes from fees charged for services and the balance is from intergovernmental revenue, investment earnings and other miscellaneous receipts.

Table A-2 and the narrative that follows consider the operations of governmental and business-type activities separately.

Table A-2

Changes in The City of Saltillo's Net Position

		Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		Tota	ıl	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 231,901	\$ 141,606	\$ 2,208,936	\$ 1,945,751	\$ 2,440,837 \$	5 2,087,357
Operating Grants & Contributions	0	0	0	0	0	0
Capital Grants & Contributions	628,764	37,815	0	108,926	628,764	146,741
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	1,025,895	966,574	0	0	1,025,895	966,574
Other Taxes	1,333,796	1,213,284	0	0	1,333,796	1,213,284
Intergovernmental Revenues	57,809	100,873	0	0	57,809	100,873
Investment Income	65,262	50,579	2,086	2,023	67,348	52,602
Other	192,026	77,760	0	<u> </u>	192,026	227,865
Total Revenues	<u>3,535,453</u>	2,588,491	2,211,022	2,206,805	5,746,475	4,795,296
Expenses						
General Government	614,509	597,772	0	0	614,509	597,772
Public Safety	1,177,695	1,231,774	0	0	1,177,695	1,231,774
Public Works	236,339	195,954	0	0	236,339	195,954
Culture & Recreation	309,900	284,729	0	0	309,900	284,729
Interest on Long-Term Debt	10,252	11,741	0	0	10,252	11,741
Water and Sewer System	0	0	1,893,731	1,704,365	1,893,731	1,704,365
Total Expenses	2,348,695	2,321,970	1,893,731	1,704,365	4,242,426	4,026,335
Excess (Deficit) of	4 400 750	000 504	017 001	500 440	1 504 040	769.061
Revenue Over Expenses Transfers In (Out)	1,186,758 (2,150)	266,521 (205,087)	317,291 2,150	502,440 205,087	1,504,049 0	768,961 0
				19		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	1,184,608	61,434	319,441	707,527	1,504,049	768,961
Net Position-Beginning	\$ <u>1,527,444</u> 2,712,052	<u>1,466,010</u> \$ <u>1,527,444</u>	<u>4,633,306</u> 4 ,952,747	<u>3,925,779</u> \$ <u>4,633,306</u>	<u>6,160,750</u> <u>7,664,799</u>	<u>5,391,789</u> 6,160,750
Net Position-Ending	$\varphi = \underline{\zeta_1 (1 \underline{\zeta}_1 \underline{\zeta}_2)}$	Ψ <u>1,027,444</u>	$\Psi = 4,302,747$	Ψ_4,000,000	ሳ <u>፲፲୦୦4, រ ጛ</u> ቅ	0,100,750

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,184,608, thereby accounting for 78.76 percent of the total increase in the net position of the City. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

The largest funding sources for the City's governmental activities, as a percent of total revenues, are other taxes (38%), property taxes (29%) and charges for services (7%).

The largest expense categories for the City's governmental activities are public safety (50%) and general government (26%).

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$319,441.

Charges for services are the major revenue categories for the enterprise funds. Total business-type revenues are comprised of \$2,208,936 for charges for water and sewer.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds—The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund—The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,535,834. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the fund balance, assigned and unassigned, to total fund expenditures. Total fund balance represents 109% of total fund expenditures. The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$394,882 during the current fiscal year.

Major Fund: Infrastructure- American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) — This major fund has a fund balance of \$622,235, all of which is committed to public health expenditures, replacement of lost revenue, providing pay for essential workers, and investing in water and sewer infrastructure. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the ARPA fund was \$622,235.

Special Revenue Funds—The special revenue funds are used to account for the programs and projects primarily funded by grants from the federal and state governments. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance was \$56,951, which will be used for future expenditures. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year in the special revenue funds was \$33,477.

Debt Service Fund—The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$32,488, all of which is committed to the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the debt service fund was \$1,881.

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Proprietary Funds—The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the current fiscal year totaled \$4,952,757.

Budgetary Highlights

The City's annual budget, which is prepared on an operating basis, includes estimated revenues and annual appropriations for the proprietary funds as well as the governmental funds.

The City's 2020-2021 general fund operating budget increased by approximately \$40,013 during the current fiscal year. This increase was primarily related to an increase in expenditures related to other services and charges and personnel services in the general government.

The City's tax millage for the 2021 fiscal year remained constant with no change.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets—In accordance with GASB 34, the City has recorded depreciation expense associated with all of its capital assets, including infrastructure. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2021, amounted to \$7,213,330, net of accumulated depreciation of \$7,927,166. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery & equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress.

Table A-3

	Governme Activitie					Business-Type Activities			Total				
		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>	2	021	2	2020	
Land Plant, Buildings &	\$	268,815	\$	268,815	\$	0	\$	0	\$	268,815	\$	268,815	
improvements Machinery &		2,265,077		2,165,646		9,676,827	ļ	9,466,407	1	1,941,904	1	1,632,053	
Equipment		2,147,468		2,107,779		747,130		715,074		2,894,598		2,822,853	
Infrastructure		35,179		35,179		0		0		35,179		35,179	
Construction in													
Progress		0		0		0		0		0		0	
Accumulated													
Depreciation	(2,558,208)		2,422,619)	1.000	5,368,958)	-	5,126,893 <u>)</u>	-	<u>,927,166)</u>		7, <u>549,512)</u>	
Total	\$	2,158,331	<u>\$</u>	2,154,800	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,054,999</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,054,588</u>	<u>\$</u>	7,213,330	<u>\$</u>	<u>7,209,388</u>	

City of Saltillo's Capital Assets

Long-term Debt—At year-end, the City had \$2,080,857 in bonds and notes outstanding. More detailed information about the City of Saltillo's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table A-4

		Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities						
	3	<u>2021</u>		2020	<u>2021</u>		2020		<u>2021</u>		2020
General Obligation Bonds	\$	88,200	\$	137,200	\$ 91,800	\$	142,800	\$	180,000	\$	280,000
CAP Loans Lease Purchases		0 19,358		0 62,036	794,136 0		840,226 0		794,136 19,358		840,226 62,036
Promissory Notes		0		0	1,087,363		1,130,552		1,087,363		1,130,552
Total	\$	107,558	\$	199,236	\$ 1,973,299	\$	2,113,578	\$	2,080,857	\$	2,312,814

City of Saltillo's Outstanding Debt

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City considered current year operational expenses and estimated increases based on economic factors when establishing the fiscal year 2022 budget. The total budgeted appropriations for the City general fund operations is \$2,412,159. This budget reflects a decrease of approximately \$43,115. This decrease was primarily related to a decrease in personnel services in various departments.

CONTACTING THE CITY OF SALTILLO FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City of Saltillo finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Saltillo's Finance Department, P.O. Box 1426 Saltillo, MS 38866.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2021

			Prin	nary Governm	ent	
		Governmental Activities	B	Business-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS:	æ					
Cash on Deposit	\$	2,545,465	\$	2,589,410	\$	5,134,875
Investments		87,157		148,452		235,609
Restricted Cash		622,235		-		622,235
Due From Other Governments		222,560		5		222,560
Accounts Receivable, net		(#)		255,658		255,658
Court Fines Receivable, net		289,004		-		289,004
Property Taxes Receivable		32,564		÷		32,564
Internal Balances		(71,646)		71,646		
Capital Assets:		8				
Land		268,815		-		268,815
Plant, Buildings, & Improvements		2,265,077		9,676,827		11,941,904
Machinery & Equipment		2,147,468		747,130		2,894,598
Infrastructure		35,179		-		35,179
Construction in Progress				2		
Accumulated Depreciation	5	(2,558,208)	-	(5,368,958)	-	(7,927,166)
TOTAL ASSETS	3	5,885,670	-	8,120,165	-	14,005,835
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	9	269,248	÷	83,286		352,534
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	269,248	\$_	83,286	\$	352,534

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CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2021

			Prim	ary Governm	nent	
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Customer Deposits Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions		Governmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	9	Total
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	27,794	\$	55,874	\$	83,668
Accrued Interest Payable		÷.		13,708		13,708
Accrued Compensated Absences		53,929		15,687		69,616
Net Pension Liability		2,302,303		712,167		3,014,470
Customer Deposits		1		185,711		185,711
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year		31,544		112,982		144,526
Due in More Than One Year	ŝ	76,014		1,860,317		1,936,331
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,491,584	- -	2,956,446		5,448,030
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions		951,282	-	294,258		1,245,540
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		951,282		294,258	n n	1,245,540
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:		2,050,773		3,081,700		5,132,473
Special Revenue		56,951				56,951
Debt Service		32,488		7 -		32,488
Infrastructure- ARPA		622,235		-		622,23
Unrestricted (Deficit)	3	(50,395)	-	1,871,047	N (9	1,820,652
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	2,712,052	\$	4,952,747	\$	7,664,799

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements			Business-Type Activities: Water & Sewer System TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Government Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Interest on Long-Term Debt TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	FUNCTIONS/ PROGRAMS
[:] these financial stateme	Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Investment Earnings Donations Miscellaneous Transfers TOTAL GENERAL REVENUE CHANGE IN NET POSITION NET POSITIONBEGINNING NET POSITIONENDING	GENERAL REVENUES: Taxes: Property Taxes, Le Property Taxes, Le Sales Taxes Licenses and Perm Franchise Fees In Lieu Taxes Gasoline Taxes & C Homestead Reimbu	1,893,731 1,893,731 \$ 4,242,426 \$	\$ 614,509 \$ 1,177,695 236,339 309,900 10,252 2,348,695	Expenses
ents.	Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets Investment Earnings Donations Miscellaneous Transfers TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS CHANGE IN NET POSITION CHANGE IN NET POSITION NET POSITIONBEGINNING NET POSITIONENDING	ERAL REVENUES: xes: Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Specific Purposes Sales Taxes Licenses and Permits Franchise Fees In Lieu Taxes Gasoline Taxes & Other Taxes Homestead Reimbursement	2,208,936 2,208,936 2,440,837 \$		CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, PROGRAM REVENUES Charge for Operating Capita Charge for Grants and Grants a Services Contributions Contribut
	ND TRANSFERS	eneral Purposes pecific Purposes		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Fiscal Year Ended September 30, : PROGRAM REVENUES PROGRAM REVENUES Operating Capital rige for Grants and Grants ar
			628,764 \$	628,764 - - 628,764	ISSIPPI ITIES mber 30, 2021 EVENUES Capital Grants and Contributions
	φ	÷	2,208,936 2,208,936 3,069,601	28,899 691,661 - 140,105 - 860,665	Total
	17,280 65,262 350 135,746 (2,150) 2,672,638 1,184,608 1,527,444 2,712,052 \$		(1,488,030)	(585,610) \$ (486,034) (236,339) (169,795) (10,252) (1,488,030)	Net (and Ch PRIMA Governmental Activities
	2,086 2,150 4,236 319,441 4,633,306 \$ 4,952.747 \$	67 • • • • • • • • 67	315,205 315,205 \$ <u>315,205</u> \$	φ , , , , , , φ	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position PRIMARY GOVERNMENT ental Business-Type es Activities
1	17,280 67,348 350 135,746 2,676,874 1,504,049 6,160,750 6 7.664,799	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	315,205 315,205 (1,172,825)	6 (585,610) (486,034) (236,339) (169,795) (10,252) (1,488,030)	Je NT Total

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CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2021

		General Fund	Major Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:					
Cash on Deposit Investments Restricted Cash Due From Other Governments Due From Other Funds	\$	2,460,084 87,157 - 219,889 2,487	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 85,381 \$ 2,671 	2,545,465 87,157 622,235 222,560 2,487
TOTAL ASSETS	=	2,769,617	\$ 622,235	88,052	3,479,904
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:					
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Due to Other Funds	_	29,181 74,133		(1,387)	27,794 74,133
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	103,314	<u> </u>	(1,387)	101,927
FUND BALANCES:					
Nonspendable: Unemployment Trust Fund Restricted for:		-	-	11,547	11,547
Fire Insurance Rebate		-	5	45,404	45,404
Police/Narcotics Grant Infrastructure- ARPA Committed to:			- 622,235	8	622,235
Cemetery Main Street Fund Debt Service		71,837 58,632 -	ज स	- - 32,488	71,837 58,632 32,488
Unassigned	-	2,535,834	2		2,535,834
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	2,666,303	622,235	89,439	3,377,977
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	2,769,617	\$ 622,235	\$ 88,052 \$	3,479,904

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2021

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 3,377,977
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	2,158,331
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	(107,558)
Deferred revenues for deliquent property taxes deferred in the governmental funds because they will not be received within sixty days of the Consolidated Government's year end.	32,564
Accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	(53,929)
Net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	(2,302,303)
Deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions are applicable to future periods and therefore they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Deferred outflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plan Deferred inflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plan	269,248 (951,282)
Accrual of court fine revenues to qualify as financial resources.	 289,004
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 2,712,052

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended Sentember 30, 2021

For the Fiscal Year Ended Septemi	oer 30, 2021
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TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 14,053 - 5,669 19,722 SOURCES (USES) 14,053 - 5,669 19,722 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	-		General Fund		Major Governmental Funds	Ģ	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Sales and Use Taxes 1,094,200 - - 1,094,200 Licenses and Permits 38,650 - - 38,650 In Lieu of Taxes 67,826 - - 67,826 Franchise Fees 164,944 - - 104,944 Charges for Services 7,200 - - 7,200 Intergovernmental Revenues 63,993 - 642 64,635 Recreation Use Fees 132,905 - - 122,905 Rentals 28,899 - - 28,899 Fines and Forfeits 45,795 - - 45,795 Interest Income 65,530 622,234 - 628,764 Donations 350 - - 335,746 TOTAL REVENUES 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 EXPENDITURES: 2 - 624,920 - 624,920 Outlic safety 1,191,460 - 2,213 1,214,673 Public Safety </td <td>REVENUES:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	REVENUES:							
Licenses and Permits 38,650 - - 38,650 In Lieu of Taxes 67,826 - - 67,826 Franchise Fees 164,944 - - 164,944 Charges for Services 7,200 - - 7,200 Intergovernmental Revenues 63,993 - 642 644,835 Recreation Use Fees 132,905 - - 28,899 Fines and Forfeits 45,765 - - 45,765 Interest Income 65,20 622,234 - 628,764 Donations 350 - - 350 Grant Income 65,30 622,235 63,668 3,502,307 EXPENDITURES: 2,826,604 622,235 63,668 3,502,307 Current: - - 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Safety 1,191,460 - 2,213 1,214,673 - 255,703 Cutrent: - - - -	General Property Taxes	\$	974,208	9	6 -	\$	52,923 \$	1,027,131
In Lieu of Taxes 67,826 - - 67,826 Franchise Fees 164,944 - - 164,944 Charges for Services 7,200 - - 7,200 Intergovernmental Revenues 63,993 - 642 64,635 Recreation Use Fees 132,905 - - 28,899 - - 28,899 Fines and Forfeits 45,795 - - 45,785 - - 45,785 Intergoversitic Income 65,258 1 3 65,262 Grant Income 65,258 - - 350 Miscellaneous Revenues 135,746 - - 350 - - 350 Current: General Government 624,920 - - 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Safety 1,191,460 - 23,213 1,214,673 - 255,703 - - 255,703 - - 56,139 91,678 Debt Service	Sales and Use Taxes		1,094,200		-		2	1,094,200
Franchise Fees 164,944 - - 164,944 Charges for Services 7,200 - - 7,200 Intergovernmental Revenues 63,993 - 642 64,635 Recreation Use Fees 132,905 - - 28,899 Fines and Forfeits 45,795 - - 45,795 Interest Income 65,258 1 3 65,262 Grant Income 6,530 622,234 - 628,744 Donations 350 - - 350 Miscellaneous Revenues 135,746 - - 350 Current: Current: - - 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Safety 1,191,460 - 23,213 1,214,673 - 339,282 - 339,282 - 339,283 - 339,283 - 339,283 - 32,350,508 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 - - 39,282 - - 39,282 - - 39,263	Licenses and Permits		38,650		×		-	38,650
Charges for Services 7,200 - - 7,200 Intergovernmental Revenues 63,993 - 642 64,835 Recreation Use Fees 132,905 - - 132,905 Rentals 28,899 - - 28,899 Fines and Forfeits 45,795 - - 45,795 Interest Income 65,258 1 3 65,262 Grant Income 6,530 622,234 - 628,764 Donations 350 - - 350 TOTAL REVENUES 2,826,504 622,235 53,668 3,502,307 EXPENDITURES: 2,826,504 622,235 53,668 3,502,307 Current: General Government 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Safety 1,191,460 - 23,213 1,214,673 Public Vorks 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252	In Lieu of Taxes		67,826		<u>1</u> 2		<u>~</u>	67,826
Intergovernmental Revenues 63,993 - 642 64,635 Recreation Use Fees 132,905 - - 122,895 Rentals 28,899 - - 28,899 Fines and Forfeits 45,795 - - 45,795 Interest Income 65,258 1 3 65,262 Grant Income 6,530 622,234 - 628,764 Donations 350 - - 350 Miscellaneous Revenues 135,746 - - 135,746 TOTAL REVENUES 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 EXPENDITURES: 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 Current: General Government 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Works 255,703 - - 255,703 - - 255,703 Debt Service - Principal 33,539 - 56,139 91,678 0481 10,252 0VER (uNDER) EXPENDITURES 2,445,6	Franchise Fees		164,944		-1		-	164,944
Recreation Use Fees 132,905 - - 132,905 Rentals 28,899 - - 28,899 Fines and Forfeits 45,795 - - 45,795 Interest Income 65,5258 1 3 65,262 Grant Income 6,530 622,234 - 628,764 Donations 350 - - 350 Miscellaneous Revenues 135,746 - - 135,746 TOTAL REVENUES 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 EXPENDITURES: 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 Current: General Government 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Works 255,703 - - 239,282 - - 339,282 Debt Service - Interest 7711 - 9,481 10,252 - 339,282 - - 339,282 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,345,675 - 90,833 2,536,508	Charges for Services		7,200		÷.		<u>2</u>	7,200
Rentals 28,899 - - 28,899 Fines and Forfeits 45,795 - 45,795 Interest Income 65,258 1 3 65,262 Grant Income 6,530 622,234 - 628,764 Donations 350 - - 350 Miscellaneous Revenues 135,746 - - 135,746 TOTAL REVENUES 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 EXPENDITURES: 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 Current: General Government 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Works 255,703 - - 255,703 Cuttre and Recreation 339,282 - - 339,282 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OVER	Intergovernmental Revenues		63,993		-		642	64,635
Fines and Forfeits 45,795 - - 45,795 Interest Income 65,258 1 3 65,262 Grant Income 6,530 622,234 - 628,744 Donations 350 - - 350 Miscellaneous Revenues 135,746 - - 135,746 TOTAL REVENUES 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 EXPENDITURES: 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 Current: General Government 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Safety 1,191,460 - 23,213 1,214,673 Public Works 255,703 - - 255,703 Cutture and Recreation 33,539 - 58,139 91,678 Debt Service - Principal 33,539 - 58,139 91,678 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) <td< td=""><td>Recreation Use Fees</td><td></td><td>132,905</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td>132,905</td></td<>	Recreation Use Fees		132,905				2	132,905
Interest Income 65,258 1 3 65,262 Grant Income 6,530 622,234 - 628,764 Donations 350 - - 350 Miscellaneous Revenues 135,746 - - 135,746 TOTAL REVENUES 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 EXPENDITURES: 2 - - 624,920 Current: 6 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Safety 1,191,460 - 23,213 1,214,673 Public Works 255,703 - - 255,703 Culture and Recreation 339,282 - - 339,282 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - Proc	Rentals		28,899		+		-	28,899
Grant Income 6,530 622,234 - 628,764 Donations 350 - - 350 Miscellaneous Revenues 135,746 - - 135,746 TOTAL REVENUES 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 EXPENDITURES: 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 Current: General Government 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Safety 1,191,460 - 23,213 1,214,673 Public Works 255,703 - - 255,703 Cutture and Recreation 339,282 - - 339,282 Debt Service - Principal 33,539 - 58,139 91,678 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES - - - - OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 9	Fines and Forfeits		45,795) E		3	45,795
Donations 350 - - 350 Miscellaneous Revenues 135,746 - - 135,746 TOTAL REVENUES 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 EXPENDITURES: 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 Current: General Government 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Safety 1,191,460 - 23,213 1,214,673 Public Works 255,703 - - 255,703 Outration Recreation 339,282 - - 339,282 Debt Service - Principal 33,539 - 58,139 91,678 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES - - - - OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 280,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - -	Interest Income		65,258		1		3	65,262
Miscellaneous Revenues 135,746 - - 135,746 TOTAL REVENUES 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Safety 1,191,460 - 23,213 1,214,673 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 255,703 - 239,282 - - 339,282 - - 339,282 - - 339,282 - - 339,282 - - 339,282 - - 339,282 - - 339,282 - - 39,483 2,536,508 24,45,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 -	Grant Income		6,530		622,234		ē	628,764
TOTAL REVENUES 2,826,504 622,235 53,568 3,502,307 EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Safety 1,191,460 - 23,213 1,214,673 Public Works 255,703 - 255,703 Culture and Recreation 339,282 - 339,282 Debt Service - Principal 33,539 - 58,139 91,678 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 21,872 - - 21,872 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING (7,819) - - - - SOURCES (USES) 14,053	Donations		350		-		-	350
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Safety 1,191,460 - 23,213 1,214,673 Public Works 255,703 - - 255,703 Culture and Recreation 339,282 - - 339,282 Debt Service - Principal 33,539 - 58,139 91,678 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES 0VER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - - - Proceeds from Issuance of Debt -	Miscellaneous Revenues	:0	135,746	-0		-		135,746
Current: General Government 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Safety 1,191,460 - 23,213 1,214,673 Public Works 255,703 - - 255,703 Culture and Recreation 339,282 - - 339,282 Debt Service - Principal 33,539 - 58,139 91,678 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 21,872 - - - Transfers (to) from Other Funds (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING (7,819) - 5,669 19,722 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Begi	TOTAL REVENUES		2,826,504		622,235	_	53,568	3,502,307
General Government 624,920 - - 624,920 Public Safety 1,191,460 - 23,213 1,214,673 Public Works 255,703 - - 255,703 Culture and Recreation 339,282 - - 339,282 Debt Service - Principal 33,539 - 58,139 91,678 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 21,872 - - 21,872 Proceeds from Issuance of Debt - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235	EXPENDITURES:							
Public Safety 1,191,460 - 23,213 1,214,673 Public Works 255,703 - - 255,703 Culture and Recreation 339,282 - - 339,282 Debt Service - Principal 33,539 - 58,139 91,678 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - 21,872 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 21,872 - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - Proceeds from Issuance of Debt - - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) SOURCES (USES) 14,053 - 5,669 19,722 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421	Current:							
Public Works 255,703 - - 255,703 Culture and Recreation 339,282 - - 339,282 Debt Service - Principal 33,539 - 58,139 91,678 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - - Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 21,872 - - 21,872 Proceeds from Issuance of Debt - - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) SOURCES (USES) 14,053 - 5,669 19,722 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	General Government				-			624,920
Culture and Recreation 339,282 - - 339,282 Debt Service - Principal 33,539 - 58,139 91,678 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 21,872 - - 21,872 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	Public Safety		1,191,460		<u> </u>		23,213	1,214,673
Debt Service - Principal 33,539 - 58,139 91,678 Debt Service - Interest 771 - 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 - 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 21,872 - - 21,872 Proceeds from Issuance of Debt - - - - Transfers (to) from Other Funds (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	Public Works		255,703		-			255,703
Debt Service - Interest 771 9,481 10,252 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 21,872 - - 21,872 Proceeds from Issuance of Debt - - - - Transfers (to) from Other Funds (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 14,053 - 5,669 19,722 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	Culture and Recreation		339,282		1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000		3	339,282
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,445,675 90,833 2,536,508 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 21,872 - 21,872 - 21,872 Proceeds from Issuance of Debt - - - - - - Transfers (to) from Other Funds (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 14,053 - 5,669 19,722 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	Debt Service - Principal		33,539		-		58,139	91,678
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 965,799 965,799 965,799 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 21,872 - - 21,872 Proceeds from Issuance of Debt - - - - Transfers (to) from Other Funds (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 14,053 - 5,669 19,722 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	Debt Service - Interest		771	-	<u> </u>	-	9,481	10,252
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 380,829 622,235 (37,265) 965,799 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 965,799	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,445,675	•	. <u> </u>	-	90,833	2,536,508
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 21,872 - 21,872 Proceeds from Issuance of Debt - - - Transfers (to) from Other Funds (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 14,053 - 5,669 19,722 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	EXCESS OF REVENUES							
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 21,872 - - 21,872 Proceeds from Issuance of Debt - - - - - Transfers (to) from Other Funds (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING - 5,669 19,722 SOURCES (USES) 14,053 - 5,669 19,722 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		380,829	3	622,235	-	(37,265)	965,799
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt - <	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers (to) from Other Funds (7,819) - 5,669 (2,150) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 14,053 - 5,669 19,722 SOURCES (USES) 14,053 - 5,669 19,722 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		21,872		8			21,872
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 14,053 - 5,669 19,722 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	Proceeds from Issuance of Debt		(=)		-		-	-
SOURCES (USES) 14,053 - 5,669 19,722 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	Transfers (to) from Other Funds		(7,819))	ž	_	5,669	(2,150)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 394,882 622,235 (31,596) 985,521 FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING			2				
FUND BALANCES - Beginning 2,271,421 - 121,035 2,392,456	SOURCES (USES)		14,053	-		-	5,669	19,722
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		394,882		622,235		(31,596)	985,521
	FUND BALANCES - Beginning		2,271,421	_	-		121,035	2,392,456
FUND BALANCES - Ending \$ 2,666,303 \$ 622,235 \$ 89,439 \$ 3,377,977	FUND BALANCES - Ending	\$	2,666,303		622,235	\$	89,439 \$	3,377,977

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 985,521
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	175,287
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds.	(167,164)
Changes to net pension liability, deferred inflows and deferred outflows are reported in pension expense in the statement of activities but do not provide or require the use of current financial resources; therefore, pension expense related to these changes are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	84,755
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the Government's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.	(1,236)
Payments received related to deferred revenues reported as revenue on the Governmental Funds financial statements as received.	17,102
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the remaining basis of the capital assets sold.	(4,592)
(Increase) decrease in accrual of compensated absences.	3,257
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	
This amount represents long-term debt issued. This amount represents long-term debt repayments.	 91,678
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,184,608

CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL -BUDGETARY BASIS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

			i.					Variance with
	-	Bu Original	dget	Final		Actual		Final Budget (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:								
General Property Taxes	\$	947,681	\$	970,351	\$	975,585	\$	5,234
Sales and Use Taxes		920,000		1,056,296		1,107,774		51,478
Licenses and Permits		42,500		41,350		38,650		(2,700
In Lieu of Taxes		67,704		67,841		67,826		(15
Franchise Fees		157,600		162,757		167,134		4,377
Charges for Services		6,000		7,200		7,200		-
Intergovernmental Revenues		62,550		90,615		63,993		(26,622
Recreation Use Fees		105,726		66,455		132,905		66,450
Rentals		28,500		28,898		28,899		1
Fines and Forfeits		36,200		41,731		45,795		4,064
Grant Income		5,000		6,530		6,530		
Interest Income		40,000		58,834		65,258		6,424
Donations				350		350		-
Miscellaneous Revenues	-	7,000	_	132,678	-	135,746		3,068
TOTAL REVENUES	_	2,426,461	-	2,731,886	2	2,843,645		111,759
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government		592,015		630,850		624,920		5,930
Public Safety		1,183,421		1,192,310		1,191,460		850
Public Works		224,469		256,217		255,703		514
Culture and Recreation		381,045		341,126		339,282		1,844
Debt Service	:=	34,311		34,771	3) —	34,310		461
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,415,261	_	2,455,274	5 —	2,445,675	2	9,599
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		11,200		276,612		397,970		121,358
OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES):								
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		155		622				(622
Transfers (to) from Other Funds	-	(567,945)	-	(508,270)	-	(7,819)	8	500,45 ⁻
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)	-	(567,945)	-	(507,648)	<u>.</u>	(7,819)	Ĭ.	499,829
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF								
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER FINANCING								
AND OTHER USES	\$	(556,745)	¢	(231,036)	¢	390,151	\$	621,187

CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI INFRASTRUCTURE- ARPA FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL -BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

		_					Variance with
	9	B Original	udge	Final		Actual	Final Budget (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:							
Grant Income Interest Income	\$	24 12	\$	622,234 1	\$	622,234 1	\$
TOTAL REVENUES	5			622,235		622,235	
EXPENDITURES: Current: Capital Projects				1472	_	-	<u> </u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		12		-	_		#
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1	÷	-):	622,235	-	622,235	-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER FINANCING AND OTHER USES	\$	-	=\$ =	622,235	\$ =	622,235	\$

CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2021

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ASSETS:		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,589,410
Investments		148,452
Accounts Receivable, Net of Provision for Bad Debts		255,658
Due From Other Funds	::	76,654
Total Current Assets		3,070,174
Noncurrent Assets:		
Water and Sewer System,		
Vehicles and Equipment		10,423,957
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	·	(5,368,958)
Net Noncurrent Assets	0	5,054,999
TOTAL ASSETS		8,125,173
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Deferred Outflows - Pensions		83,286
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	83,286
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	55,874
Accrued Interest Payable		13,708
Customer Deposits		185,711
Due to Other Funds		5,008
Accrued Compensated Absences		15,687
Notes and Bonds- Due Within One Year		112,982
Total Current Liabilities		388,970
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Notes and Bonds - Due in More Than One Year		1,860,317
Net Pension Liability		712,167
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,572,484
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,961,454
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Deferred Inflows - Pensions		294,258
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		294,258
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,081,700
Unrestricted		1,871,047
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	4,952,747

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for Services	\$	1,831,060
Service Charges and Penalties		72,557
Other Receipts		305,319
Total Operating Revenues	-	2,208,936
OPERATING EXPENSES		075 750
Personnel Services		375,752
Contractual Services		97,812
Supplies		169,069
Depreciation and Amortization		242,065
Other Services		922,783
Total Operating Expenses		1,807,481
Net Operating Income (Loss)		401,455
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Grant Income		-
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Fixed Assets		-
Bad Debt Expense		(7,779)
Interest Income		2,086
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(78,471)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	-	(84,164)
Income (Loss) before Operating Transfers		317,291
TRANSFERS (TO) FROM OTHER FUNDS		
Transfers (to) from Other Funds		2,150
	3 	
Total Transfers (to) from Other Funds	1	2,150
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		319,441
NET POSITION - OCTOBER 1		4,633,306
NET POSITION - SEPTEMBER 30	\$	4,952,747

CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash Received from Customers	\$	2,243,531
Cash Payments for Personnel Services	Ŧ	(423,179)
Cash Payments for Contractual Services		(97,812)
Cash Payments for Supplies		(199,450)
Cash Payments for Other Services		(922,783)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities	<u>i</u>	600,307
		000,001
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		500
Transfers (to) from Other Funds	12	508
Net Cash Flows Provided By (Used In) Noncapital Financing Activities	-	508
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of Capital Assets		(242,476)
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt		(140,279)
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		(78,471)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Noncapital Financing Activities	-	(461,226)
	-	(,)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest on Investments		2,086
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Investing Activities	(6	2,086
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS		141,675
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, OCTOBER 1	-	2,596,187
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, SEPTEMBER 30	\$	2,737,862
BALANCE SHEET RECONCILIATION Cash and cash equivalents	¢	2 590 440
Investments	\$	2,589,410
investments	\$	<u> </u>
	Ψ ====	2,101,002
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH		
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	401,455
		- ,
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided By Operating Activities		
Depreciation & Amortization		242,065
Net Pension Expense		(38,248)
Provision for Doubtful Accounts		(7,779)
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		7,224
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable - operating activities		(30,381)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Compensated Absences		(9,179)
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		35,150
Total Adjustments		198,852
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	600,307

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Saltillo, Mississippi operates under the Home-Rule authority granted by the 1985 Mississippi Legislature. A mayor-board of aldermen form of government is used and the City provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), street maintenance, water and sewer services and general administrative services.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and those that are considered business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and businesstype activities for the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods and services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the governmental-wide financial statements. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements are on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds, where applicable, are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible in the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt services expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Significant revenues considered to be susceptible to accrual in addition to general property taxes include sales tax and various categorical grants.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources of the primary government except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The majority of current operations are financed by this fund. Transfers to other funds and agencies are made from this fund. Monies from other funds may be received unless prohibited by the purpose and object of such funds.

Infrastructure-American Rescue Plan Act Fund (ARPA) – The ARPA Fund is used to account for funds received directly from the U.S. Department of Treasury for relief to local governments derived from the COVID- 19 pandemic. These funds may be used to support public health expenditures, replace lost revenue, provide pay for essential workers, and invest in water and sewer infrastructure.

Additionally, the City reports the following governmental fund types:

Special Revenue Fund – The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific federal and state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. This fund is a non-major governmental fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund was established to receive and account for resources restricted for the payment of interest and principal on general improvement and park bonds and notes. This is a non-major governmental fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water & Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's water treatment and distribution system. This fund is responsible for water delivery to the residents of the City of Saltillo.

The City has elected to apply all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements, and Accounting Principals Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues are those which cannot be associated directly with program activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for the proprietary funds are related to the sale and distribution of water and collection and treatment of sewage. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The mayor and board of aldermen generally follow the following proposed budget calendar of the State Department of Audit in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) The mayor and board of aldermen formulate the budget policy at the May board meeting.
- (2) Department budget requests are prepared by the appropriate people and submitted by the July board meeting.
- (3) A proposed budget is presented at the August meeting and a notice of public budget hearings and availability of the budget for inspection is published.
- (4) Between August 15th-30th a public hearing is held and the budget is adopted. The anticipated tax levy is reviewed to determine whether public notice is required on any levy.
- (5) Between September 1st-15th the budget must be adopted and the tax levy set.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (6) Between September 1st-30th, in accordance with the City's population, the budget must be published in a local newspaper.
- (7) And, between September 15th-30th the budget as adopted should be written up, filed with the municipal clerk and public notice given of the availability of the budget for inspection. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.
- (8) Further, budgets are used as management control devices in the Proprietary Fund. This budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), except the Proprietary Fund recognizes all expenditures for debt as expense and no depreciation expense is recognized.

Unused appropriations for all of the above annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts after appropriate revisions during the year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level except for capital outlays, election expenses and emergency expenditures.

Cash and Investments

The collateral for the City's deposits in financial institutions is now held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5 Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the City's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied October 1 become delinquent February 1 of the following year.

General Obligation Enterprise Bonds

The enterprise funds provide the annual debt service requirements on certain general obligation enterprise bonds (not secured by system revenues) issued to finance system improvements. Since the enterprise funds provide the annual debt service on these general obligation enterprise bonds, the bonds are considered to be obligations of the Enterprise Funds and have been reported on the balance sheets of the Enterprise Funds.

Although the general obligation enterprise bonds are reported on the balance sheets of the Enterprise Funds, they are backed by the full faith and credit of the City and are therefore a contingent liability to the general government.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Encumbrances

State law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when paid for. Due to this circumstance the City does not employ an encumbrance system.

Compensated Absences

The City's policy allows employees to accumulate unused sick leave. The City also allows employees to accumulate comp time. Upon termination, any accumulated comp time will be paid to the employee.

Interfund Transactions and Balances

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. Any outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balance."

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates used in preparing these financial statements include those assumed in computing the provision for uncollectible court fines and defined benefit pension plan liabilities. It is at least reasonably possible that the significant estimates used will change within the next year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Fund Balance Classification

The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, the governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

• Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

• Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

• Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's Board of Aldermen. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Aldermen removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

• Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Aldermen or through the Board of Aldermen delegating this responsibility to the City's management through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.

• Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund and all other amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then use unassigned amounts.

Business Information

The City of Saltillo provides water and sewer services to customers located within the City limits of Saltillo, Mississippi as well as a limited number of customers outside the City limits. Credit is extended to all of these customers for services.

Comparative Data

Comparative data for the prior year has not been presented in the accompanying financial statements.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Saltillo's participation in the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), and additions to/deductions from the City of Saltillo's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Public Employees' Retirement

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

System of Mississippi (PERS). For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS). Investments are reported at fair value.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the City to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of proprietary fund accounts receivable. The City grants unsecured credit to customers in and around the City of Oxford. Consequently, the City's ability to collect amounts due from customers is affected by economic fluctuations in that region, although a security deposit is generally required before credit is granted.

Reclassifications

Certain accounts in the prior-year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current-year financial statements.

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NOTE 2 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes, except motor vehicles, attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Property taxes are collected by the County Tax Collector and remitted to the City each month. Taxes are levied on October 1st and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied October 1st become delinquent February 1st of the following year. Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within thirty days after year end.

The millage was allocated as follows:	
General Fund	23.60
Fire Fund	2.00
Debt Service Fund	1.40
Total	27.00

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The carrying amount of the City's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2021, was \$5,134,875 and the bank balance was \$5,790,196. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial credit risk: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's entire bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with state law at year end. The collateral for

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

public entities' deposits in financial institutions are held in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5 Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the City's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

Investments

The carrying amount of the City's total investments with financial institutions at September 30, 2021, was \$235,609, and the bank balance was \$235,609.

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City's investment policy is limited to complying with the State's investment statutes. The State law has not addressed an interest rate risk; however, the City's policy is to hold all investments to maturity, thereby reducing any interest rate risk.

Credit risk: The City and its component units are allowed, by State statute, to invest excess funds in any bonds or other direct obligations of the United States of America, of the State of Mississippi, or of any county or municipality of Mississippi, when such county or municipal bonds have been properly approved; or in obligations issued or guaranteed in full as to principal and interest by the United States of America which are subject to a repurchase agreement with a qualified depository; or in interest-bearing time certificates of deposit with any financial institution approved for the deposit of state funds. It is the City's policy to limit its investments to those allowed by the State statute.

Concentration of credit risk: The City complies with the State statute regarding investments; as a result, concentration risk is limited.

Custodial credit risk: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To minimize this risk, the City's requires that all negotiable instruments be held in safekeeping in the trust department of a bank. The City's investments are insured or registered, or are securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of capital asset activity as of September 30, 2021:

Governmental Activities:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 10-01-2020	Additions	Reclass/ Disposals	Balance 9-30-2021
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 268,815	\$0	\$ 0	\$ 268,815
Construction in Progress	0	0	0	0
Total Capital Assets, not being				000.045
depreciated	268,815	0	0	268,815
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Plant, Buildings, & Improvements	2,165,646	99,431	0	2,265,077
Infrastructure	35,179	0	0	35,179
Machinery and Equipment	2,107,779	75,856	(36,167)	2,147,468
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	4,308,604	175,287	(36,167)	4,447,724
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Plant, Buildings, & Improvements	(825,893)	(68,006)	0	(893,899)
Infrastructure	(24,625)	0	0	(24,625)
Machinery and Equipment	(1,572,101)	(99,158)	31,575	(1,639,684)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,422,619)	(167,164)	31,575	(2,558,208)
Total Capital Assets, depreciated, net				
Governmental Activities	1,885,985	<u> </u>	(4,592)	1,889,516
Capital Assets, net	\$ <u>2,154,800</u>	\$ <u>8,123</u> \$	5 <u>(4,592)</u> S	<u>2,158,331</u>

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NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Business-Type Activities:

		Balance)-01-2020		Additions		Reclass/ Disposals	Balance 9-30-2021
Capital Assets, not being depreciated; Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$	0 0 0	\$	0 0 0	\$	0 9 0 0	6 <u>0</u> 0
Capital Assets being depreciated: Plant, Buildings, & Improvements Machinery and Equipment	7	9,466,407 715,074_	- 1 5-	210,420 <u>32,056</u>	2	0 0	9,676,827 747,130
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	·	10,181,481		242,476		0	10,423,957
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Plant, Buildings, & Improvements Machinery and Equipment Total Accumulated Depreciation	2	(4,503,150) (623,743) (5,126,893)	8 <u>-</u>	(232,238) (9,827) (242,065)		0 0 0	(4,735,388) (633,570) (5,368,958)
Total Capital Assets, depreciated, net Business-type Activities	_	5,054,588		411		(0)	_5,054,999
Capital Assets, net	\$	5,054,588	\$	<u> 411</u> \$	5	(0)	\$ <u>5,054,999</u>

The City adopted a capitalization threshold of \$1,000 for general fixed assets and a threshold of \$5,000 for infrastructure assets effective for the current fiscal year. The City has retroactively applied these thresholds to all general fixed assets in service at September 30, 2021.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Depreciation has been calculated on the fixed assets using the following useful lives:

Plant, Building, and Improvements	5 – 40 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5 – 15 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 – 20 Years
Vehicles	5 – 10 Years

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works Culture & Recreation	\$ 25,870 67,443 28,739 45,112
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$ 167,164
Business-type Activities:	
Water and Sewer	\$ 242,065
Total Depreciation Expense – Business-type Activities	\$ 242,065

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2021, consisted primarily of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services including unbilled utility services), intergovernmental receivables arising from entitlements and shared revenues, and accrued interest on investments.

Receivables for accounts of the Water and Sewer Fund (an Enterprise Fund) have been reduced by \$50,854 to reflect the provision for uncollectible accounts. The accrual amount of court fine receivables on the Statement of Net Position-Government-Wide has been reduced by \$715,111 to reflect the provision for uncollectible fines.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended September 30, 2021:

	Balance at 9/30/20		Additions		Deletions	Balance at 9/30/21	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:		0 9					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 137,200	\$	12	\$	49,000	\$ 88,200	\$ 22,050
Capital Leases	62,036		4.55		42,678	 19,358	 9,494
Governmental Long-term Liabilities	\$ 199,236	\$	1. 	\$_	91,678	\$ 107,558	\$ 31,544
Business- Type Activities:							
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 142,800	\$	18. 19.	\$	51,000	\$ 91,800	\$ 22,950
Notes Payable	1,970,778			=	89,279	 1,881,499	90,032
	\$ 2,113,578	\$	14	\$_	140,279	\$ 1,973,299	\$ 112,982

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

General Obligation Bonds. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. General obligation bonds are subject to optional redemption at various dates. General obligation bonds currently outstanding as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date		А	mοι	unts
Governmental				-	Issued		Outstanding
2008	2.65-4.30%	5/7/2008	6/1/2025	\$ \$	612,500 612,500	\$ \$_	88,200 88,200
Proprietary							
2008	2.65-4.30%	5/7/2008	6/1/2025	\$ \$	637,500 637,500	\$ \$_	91,800 91,800
Total				\$	1,250,000	\$	180,000

Capital Leases. The City is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2021:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date		A	mo	unts
Governmental				т (л Се	Issued		Outstanding
2017 Ford Explorers (4)	2.30%	2/23/2017	2/23/2021	\$	129,698	\$	20
Jaws of Life	4.34%	2/28/2020	2/28/2023		33,497		19,358
				\$	163,195	\$	19,358

Loans. The City also uses loans to finance its projects. Loans outstanding as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	An	noı	unts
Proprietary				 Issued	_	Outstanding
Rural Development (91-10)	5.50%	9/30/2014	9/30/2040	\$ 360,000	\$	237,541
Rural Development (91-12)	4.00%	9/30/2014	9/30/2049	714,000		636,820
CAP Loan	2.00%	8/11/2014	3/1/2036	1,030,949		794,136
FANB Loan	5.00%	11/7/2019	11/7/2024	250,000		213,002
				\$ 2,354,949	\$	1,881,499

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NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the bond indentures. The City was in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions contained in the bond indentures.

The Annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of September 30, 2021 including interest payments of \$729,590 are as follows:

Year Ending <u>September 3</u>	Governm Principa		I Funds Interest	-	Proprietary Funds Principal Interest				Total Principal	Total Interest	
2022	\$ 31,544	\$	4,566	\$	112,982	\$	66,380	\$	144,526	\$	70,946
2023	31,914		3,239		115,939		62,437		147,853		65,675
2024	22,050		1,896		119,007		58,404		141,057		60,301
2025	22,050		948		241,646		48,747		263,696		49,695
2026	0		0		76,105		45,735		76,105		45,735
2027 - 2031	0		0		356,622		189,994		356,622		189,994
2032 - 2036	0		0		499,562		123,900		499,562		123,900
2037 - 2041	0		0		194,567		74,901		194,567		74,901
2042 - 2046	0		0		151,427		39,854		151,427		39,854
2047 - 2051	0	-	0	3	105,442	_	8,589	8	105,442	_	8,589
	\$ 107,558	\$	10,649	\$	1,973,299	\$_	718,941	\$	2,080,857	\$	729,590

NOTE 7 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

The City has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee personal leave. No payment is authorized for accrued major medical leave. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require accrual of accumulated unpaid employee benefits as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and the Proprietary Fund financial statements. In fund financial statements, Governmental Funds report the compensated absence liability payable only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee resigns or retires.

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The following is a summary of interfund balances at September 30, 2021:

Due From/To Other Funds:

	Due From	Due To
General Fund	\$ 2,487	\$ 74,133
Water & Sewer Fund	 76,654	5,008
	 79,141	79,141

All interfund balances are resulted from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided and the payment between funds are made. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid.

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

Transfers In/Out: Transfers In Transfers Out 7,819 \$ **General Fund** Other Governmental Funds Water & Sewer Fund 7,819 \$

The principal purpose of interfund transfers was to provide funds to pay for capital outlay expenses in the governmental funds. All transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

5.669

2,150

7,819

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NOTE 9 - LITIGATION

Certain claims, suits, and complaints arising in the ordinary course of business have been filed or are pending against the City. In the opinion of the elected officials, all such matters are adequately covered by insurance, or if not so covered, are without merit or are of such kind, or involve such amounts, as would not have a significant effect on the financial position or results of operations of the City if disposed of unfavorably.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits Provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 vears of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. At September 30, 2021, PERS members were required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary, and the City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate at September 30, 2021 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The City's contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019 were \$238,225, \$234,552 and \$217,613, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At September 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$3,014,470 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2021 net pension liability was 0.020395 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021. This was an increase of 0.000121 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2021.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$115,222. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and	20		
actual experience	\$	48,078	\$ 5 .
City contributions subsequent			
to the measurement date		55,164	
Changes of assumptions		231,905	2 - 3
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments		÷.	908,864
Changes in the proportion and differences between the City's contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions		17,387	336,676
Total	\$	352,534	\$ 1,245,540

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

\$55,164 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Amount
2022	\$ (302,247)
2023	(196,367)
2024	(179,027)
2025	(270,529)
Total	\$ (948,170)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, by the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65 - 17.90 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 100% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

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		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity	27.00%	4.60%
International Equity	22.00%	4.50%
Global Equity	12.00%	4.80%
Fixed Income	20.00%	-0.25%
Real Estate	10.00%	3.75%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.00%
Cash Equivalents	1.00%	-1.00%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

	Discount	City's Proportionate Share of
	Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease	6.55%	\$4,269,196
Current discount rate	7.55%	\$3,014,470
1% increase	8.55%	\$1,980,476

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

NOTE 11 - FUND BALANCE RECONCILIATION – GENERAL FUND BUDGET BASIS

Mississippi state law requires, for budget purposes, that the general fund record revenues on the cash basis. Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) would require that the revenues be accounted for on the modified accrual basis; therefore, the required budgetary basis would not be considered to be GAAP. Any accruals of revenues included on the "Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes - All Governmental Fund Types" are eliminated for budget purposes. In the current fiscal year, accrued revenues were \$4,731 less than cash revenues.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Saltillo is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs of the City except for certain employment practices liabilities, certain environmental liabilities, worker's compensation liabilities funded through a public entity risk pool, and catastrophic natural disasters that may exceed insurance coverage for which the City retains the risk of loss.

Risk of loss related to workers compensation for injuries to City employees is covered through the Mississippi Municipal Workers' Compensation Group, a public entity risk pool. The pool was formed on March 28, 1989, by the Mississippi Nonprofit Corporation Act, pursuant to Section 71-3-75, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972), to provide public entities within the State of Mississippi workers compensation and employer's liability coverage. The City pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage based on total payroll. The participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. Expenditures and claims are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered.

For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years. The City Attorney estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the City as of September 30, 2021, will not materially affect the financial condition of the City. Therefore, no provisions have been made for estimated claims. There have been no material claims paid by the City during the current or prior year.

The City has a general fund in which it holds funds restricted to pay unemployment claims. At September 30, 2021, \$11,547 has been accumulated in this fund. The general fund of the City would be required to pay any claims exceeding monies available in this fund.

NOTE 13 - EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

Any expenditures over appropriations at the legal level or budgetary control for the respective funds are disclosed in the Combined Statement or Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual for the respective fund. There were no expenditures over appropriations at the legal level of budgetary control.

NOTE 14 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amount of cash, investments, accounts and other receivables, accounts payables and accrued expenses approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these financial instruments.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS

The City participates in certain federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

NOTE 16 – TAX ABATEMENTS

The City enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses for economic development purposes. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to locate within the city limits. The abatements are negotiated on an individual basis. The City had one tax abatement agreement with one entity as of September 30, 2021. This abatement is for 7 years or a total cumulative tax abatement amount of \$50,000.

The City had one type of abatement, which does not provide for the abatement of school or state tax levies:

Section 27-31-101 – New enterprise exemptions

Total amount of taxes abated for the year ended September 30, 2021, was \$1,847.

NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Date of Management Evaluation

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the City of Saltillo evaluated the activity of the City through May 3, 2022, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent event(s) has (have) occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

In December 2021, the City issued 2021 General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$1.5 million from Duncan Williams, with an interest rate of 2.14 percent for the prepayment of the City's two USDA loans and to purchase, repair, and improve municipal buildings.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS * PERS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 UNAUDITED

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
A. Saltillo's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.020395%	0_020274%	0,020714%	0.021031%	0.021656%	0.019869%	0.019000%
B. Saltillo's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 3,014,470	\$ 3,924,811	\$ 3,644,001	\$ 3,498,080	\$ 3,599,962	\$ 3,549,100	\$ 2,937,025
C. Saltillo's covered employee payroll	\$ 1,356,057	\$ 1,349,989	\$ 1,349,029	\$ 1,343,003	\$ 1,389,244	\$ 1,271,086	\$ 1,193,492
D. Saltillo's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll (%)	222.30%	290.73%	270.12%	260.47%	259.13%	279,22%	246.09%
E. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	70,44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 9/30/2015, and until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information was available.

CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI	PERS
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS	For the Year Ended September 30, 2021
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *	UNAUDITED

	20	2021	5(20		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	*	2014	ĩ
A. Statutonily required contributions	8	238,225	N 69	234,552	\$	217,613	ŝ	211,671	ŝ	208,866	\$	205,102	\$	190,397	69	181,913	
B. Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	8	238,225	2 2 2	234,552	\$	217,613	Ф	211,671	Ś	208,866	ŝ	205,102	в	190,397	69	181,913	
C. Contribution deficiency (excess)	S		ዓ	ı	Ś	ı	Ф	ı	s	×	ŝ	ı	\$		⇔	ı	
D. Saltillo's covered employee payroll	\$ 1,3(\$ 1,369,105	\$ 1,3	,347,985	с, Т	1,349,613	\$ 1	1,343,945	s.	1,326,131	\$ 1	1,302,236	\$	1,208,852	\$ 7	1,154,999	_
E. Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		17.40%		17.40%		16.12% **		15.75%		15.75%		15.75%		15.75%		15.75%	9

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 9/30/2015, and until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information was available.

** Until July 1, 2019, contributions were 15.75%. Subsequent to July 1, 2019 contributions were 17.40%.

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The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

PENSION SCHEDULES

(1) Changes in assumptions

- a. 2021
 - The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77.
 - For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
 - The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 134% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 121% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
 - The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 97% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 110% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
 - The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.
 - The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.
 - The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.
 - The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28% of payroll.
 - Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.
 - The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.
 - The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.
 - b. 2019
 - The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119.
 - For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119.
 - Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
 - The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 137% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 115% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
 - The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.
 - The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.
 - Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION **SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

PENSION SCHEDULES (continued)

- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.
- 2017 C.
- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.
- The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.
- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.
- d. 2016
- The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.
- e. 2015
- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather that the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.
- Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience more closely.
- The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.
- (2) Changes in benefit provisions
 - a. 2016
 - Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.
- (3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2019 valuation for the June 30, 2021 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:
 - Actuarial cost method
 - Amortization method
 - Remaining amortization period 28.8 years
 - Asset valuation method
 - Price Inflation
 - Salary increase
 - Investment rate of return
- Entry age
- Level percentage of payroll, open
- - 5-year smoothed market
 - 2.75 percent
 - 3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including inflation 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

PENSION SCHEDULES (continued)

(4) The comparative information presented on the Schedule of the City's Contributions does not include information for years prior to 2014 because GASB 68 was implemented in the 2015 fiscal year. Information for the 2014 year was included because it was necessary to record the prior period adjustment in the implementation of GASB 68.

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INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES:				
General Property Taxes \$	970,351	\$	975,585	\$ 5,234
Licenses and Permits	41,350		38,650	(2,700)
Grant Income	6,530		6,530	(_
Sales and Use Taxes	1,056,296		1,107,774	51,478
Intergovernmental Revenues	61,128		41,032	(20,096)
Homestead Reimbursement	29,487		22,961	(6,526)
Fines and Forfeits	41,731		45,795	4,064
TVA In-Lieu Tax	53,704		53,690	(14)
In Lieu of Taxes	14,137		14,136	(1)
Franchise Fees	162,757		167,134	4,377
Charges for Services	7,200		7,200)ê,
Recreation Use Fees	66,455		132,905	66,450
Donations	350		350	-
Miscellaneous Revenues	132,678		135,746	3,068
Interest Income	58,834		65,258	6,424
Rentals	28,898		28,899	1
TOTAL REVENUES	2,731,886	2 (2	2,843,645	111,759
EXPENDITURES:				
General Government:				
Personnel Services	303,816		300,817	2,999
Supplies	10,794		10,621	173
Other Services and Charges	302,369		286,706	15,663
Capital Outlay	13,871		26,776	(12,905)
Total	630,850		624,920	5,930
Public Safety:				
Personnel Services	974,497		973,740	757
Supplies	116,581		113,056	3,525
Other Services and Charges	61,804		61,595	209
Capital Outlay	39,428		43,069	(3,641)
Total	1,192,310		1,191,460	850
Public Works:				
Personnel Services	87,526		87,196	330
Supplies	49,094		44,178	4,916
Other Services and Charges	77,966		77,858	108
Capital Outlay	41,631	-	46,471	(4,840)
Total	256,217	-0 -0	255,703	514

CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

				VARIANCE
				FAVORABLE
	BUDGET		ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
Culture and Recreation:				
Personnel Services \$	180,233	\$	178,592	\$ 1,641
Supplies	62,892		59,544	3,348
Other Services and Charges	42,553		42,491	62
Capital Outlay	55,448		58,655	(3,207)
Total	341,126		339,282	1,844
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	34,771		33,539	1,232
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(e)		771	(771)
Total	34,771		34,310	461
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,455,274		2,445,675	9,599
Excess (Deficit) revenues over (under)				
expenditures	276,612	2 I	397,970	121,358
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				18
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	622		-	(622)
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt	2			<u></u>
Transfers from(to) Other Funds	(508,270)	e :	(7,819)	500,451
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(507,648)	ar s	(7,819)	499,829
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURC	ES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	(231,036)		390,151	621,187
FUND BALANCES AT OCTOBER 1, 2020,	2,271,421	66 - 1	2,271,421	
FUND BALANCES AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 \$	2,040,385	0	2,661,572	\$ 621,187
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS:				
Less: Accrued Revenue			4,731	
FUND BALANCE GAAP SEPTEMBER 30, 2021		\$	2,666,303	
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CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF LONG TERM DEBT For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

O	5	BALANCE OUTSTANDING October 1, 2020	5 5		TIONS SCAL YEAR REDEEMED	BALANCE OUTSTANDING September 30, 2021
Governmental Funds:						
General Obligation Bonds						
General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2008 Interest Rate 2.00 - 4.30% Maturity 2025	\$	137,200	\$	11	\$ 49,000	\$ 88,200
Other Long Term Debt						
Lease Purchase Agreement Interest Rate 3.99% Maturity 2023		28,497		12	9,139	19,358
Lease Purchase Agreement Interest Rate 2.30%		22 520			22 520	
Maturity 2021	9	33,539	6 9	0.5	33,539	
Total Governmental Funds	3	199,236	1 3		91,678	107,558
Proprietary Fund:						
General Obligation Bonds						
General Obligation Water & Sewer Refunding Series 2008 Interest Rate 2.00 - 4.30% Maturity 2025		142,800		14	51,000	91,800
Other Long Term Debt						
Note Payable - Rural Development Interest Rate 4.5% Maturity 2040		247,795		-	10,254	237,541
Note Payable - Rural Development Interest Rate 4.0% Maturity 2049		649,112		-	12,292	636,820
Note payable - FANB Interest Rate 5.0% Maturity 2024		233,645		-	20,643	213,002
Note Payable - CAP Loan in Progress Interest Rate 2.0% Maturity 2036		840,226		774	46,090	794,136
Total Proprietary Fund		2,113,578	त स्व तः स्व	-	140,279	1,973,299
Total Government-wide	\$	2,312,814	\$		\$ 231,957	\$ 2,080,857

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CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS FOR MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS September 30, 2021

NAME

Mary Parker Monica Daniels Julie Morton Copey Grantham Monica Daniels Monica Daniels Linda Brown Charles Wilcox Samuel Clark Grant Bailey Sonya Hill-Witcher Terry Glidewell Craig Sanders Scottie Clark Brian Morgan

POSITION

City Clerk Deputy City Clerk Deputy City Clerk Mayor Court Clerk Water Clerk Water Clerk Park & Rec Director Asst Park & Rec Director Chief of Police Alderwoman Alderman Alderman Alderman Alderman Police Officers

COMPANY BOND Travelers Casualty and Surety Co. \$100,000 Travelers Casualty and Surety Co. \$50,000 Travelers Casualty and Surety Co. \$50,000 Clyde Scott Insurance \$50,000 Travelers Casualty and Surety Co. \$50,000 **Clyde Scott Insurance** \$50,000 Travelers Casualty and Surety Co. \$25,000

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OTHER REPORTS

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P.O. Box 731 Tupelo, MS 38802 (662) 844-5226



Partners Gary Franks, CPA Bryon Wilemon, CPA Jonathan Hagood, CPA

P.O. Box 355 Fulton, MS 38843 (662) 862-4967

www.ffwhcpa.com

Rudolph Franks, CPA (1933-2019)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Saltillo, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Saltillo, Mississippi as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Saltillo, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 3, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Saltillo, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Saltillo, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Saltillo, Mississippi's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a material weakness as Finding No. 1.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Saltillo, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Saltillo, Mississippi's Response to Findings

City of Saltillo, Mississippi's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of Saltillo, Mississippi's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Franks, Franks, Wilconow + Hagood P.A.

FRANKS, FRANKS, WILEMON & HAGOOD, P.A. Tupelo, Mississippi May 3, 2022 P.O. Box 731 Tupelo, MS 38802 (662) 844-5226





Partners Gary Franks, CPA Bryon Wilemon, CPA Jonathan Hagood, CPA

Rudolph Franks, CPA (1933-2019)

www.ffwhcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Saltillo, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of City of Saltillo, Mississippi as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated May 3, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of those procedures and our audit of the general purpose financial statements disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on a subsequent year's audit engagement, the findings in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

This report is intended for the information of management and the Office of the State Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Franks, Franks, Wilconow + Hagood P.A.

FRANKS, FRANKS, WILEMON & HAGOOD, P.A. Tupelo, Mississippi May 3, 2022

CITY OF SALTILLO, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES September 30, 2021

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS:

FINDING NO. 1 (material weakness)

Criteria: The City is to maintain adequate internal controls to ensure accurate processing of transactions for the fair presentation of its financial records.

Cause of Condition: The City's internal control did not provide for adequate segregation of duties in relation to the utility systems and areas of park and recreation fees. Specifically, most employees have the capability of adding and deleting accounts, downloading meter readings, billings, adjustments, collections, deposits, and posting of payments. There is no clear defined segregation of duties between any utility personnel or personnel involved in collection of park and recreation fees. The City's size and number of personnel limit the segregation of duties.

Effect: The City's lack of segregation of duties could increase the risk that financial statements could be misstated due to error or fraud, and such misstatements could go undetected.

Recommendation: The City should consider segregation of duties in all areas of the accounting system. The City should consider job descriptions for various employees. Due to the size and number of employees, optimal segregation of duties will be difficult, however, the City should strengthen segregation of duties in all areas possible.

Response: The City will analyze the accounting system and establish procedures that provide clear segregation of duties. The City will continue to look to segregate duties with the limited amount of personnel.

^{*} Finding 1 is considered a Material Weakness.

^{*} Finding 1 was a finding in the prior year.