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AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



346 Sundial Rd Madison, MS 39110 (Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Amite County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Amite County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Amite County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Amite County School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the

District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 4-12 and 42-46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Amite County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 26, 2022, on our consideration of the Amite County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Amite County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Amite County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi August 26, 2022 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Amite County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2021 increased \$350,934, including a prior period adjustment of \$4,446, which represents a 3% increase from fiscal year 2020. Total net position for 2020 decreased \$1,144,273, including a prior period adjustment of (\$13,357), which represents a 10% decrease from fiscal year 2019.
- General revenues amounted to \$10,344,119 and \$10,153,894, or 78% and 77% of all revenues for fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,983,464, or 22% of total revenues for 2021, and \$2,953,609, or 23% of total revenues for 2020.
- The District had \$12,981,095 and \$14,238,419 in expenses for fiscal years 2021 and 2020; only \$2,983,464 for 2021 and \$2,953,609 for 2020 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$10,344,119 for 2021 were adequate to provide for these programs. General revenues of \$10,153,894 for 2020 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$10,118,300 in revenues and \$8,438,243 in expenditures for 2021, and \$9,871,176 in revenues and \$9,653,755 in expenditures in 2020. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,348,533 from 2020 to 2021, and decreased by \$758,688 from 2019 to 2020.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$99,651 for 2021 and decreased by \$89,811 for 2020. The increase for 2021 was due to the addition of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment.
- Total long-term debt decreased by \$65,271 for 2021 and decreased by \$42,163 for 2020. The decrease for 2021 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$17,288 for 2021 and increased by \$4,646 for 2020.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are currently reported as governmental funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$10,592,075 as of June 30, 2021.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020	Percentag Change	•
Current assets	\$	11,777,890	\$	10,547,896	11.66	%
Restricted assets	Ψ	14,632,162	Ψ	14,350,842	1.96	%
Capital assets, net		3,901,477		3,801,826	2.62	%
Total assets		30,311,529		28,700,564	5.61	%
Deferred outflows of resources		2,735,156		2,012,430	35.91	%
Current liabilities		622,046		146,471	324.69	%
Long-term debt outstanding		53,677		118,948	(54.87)	%
Net OPEB liability		1,215,230		1,330,564	(8.67)	%
Net pension liability		20,200,754		18,407,009	9.74	%
Total liabilities		22,091,707		20,002,992	10.44	%
Deferred inflows of resources		362,903		468,861	(22.60)	%
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		3,901,477		3,753,843	3.93	%
Restricted		16,275,539		16,275,260	0.00	%
Unrestricted		(9,584,941)		(9,787,962)	2.07	%
Total net position	\$	10,592,075	\$	10,241,141	3.43	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (9,584,941)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	19,043,731
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 9,458,790

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$99,651.
- The principal retirement of \$47,983 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 were \$13,327,583 and \$13,107,503, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$12,981,095 for 2021 and \$14,238,419 for 2020.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended		Year Ended		Percentage	
		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020	Change	_
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	216,376	\$	201,473	7.40	%
Operating grants and contributions		2,767,088		2,752,136	0.54	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		3,537,334		3,413,585	3.63	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		5,560,567		5,383,702	3.29	%
Investment earnings		157,083		464,333	(66.17)	%
Sixteenth section sources		988,894		790,725	25.06	%
Other		100,241		101,549	(1.29)	%
Total revenues		13,327,583		13,107,503	1.68	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		5,510,846		5,906,741	(6.70)	%
Support services		4,588,782		5,835,576	(21.37)	%
Non-instructional		708,459		644,686	9.89	%
Sixteenth section		128,035		54,348	135.58	%
Pension expense		1,990,947		1,688,083	17.94	%
OPEB expense		29,548		79,887	(63.01)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		24,478		29,098	(15.88)	%
Total expenses		12,981,095		14,238,419	(8.83)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		346,488		(1,130,916)	130.64	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		10,241,141		11,385,414	(10.05)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		4,446		(13,357)	133.29	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		10,245,587		11,372,057	(9.91)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	10,592,075	\$	10,241,141	3.43	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total	Percentage		
	2021		2020	Change
Instruction	\$ 5,510,846	\$	5,906,741	(6.70) %
Support services	4,588,782		5,835,576	(21.37) %
Non-instructional	708,459		644,686	9.89 %
Sixteenth section	128,035		54,348	135.58 %
Pension Expense	1,990,947		1,688,083	17.94 %
OPEB Expense	29,548		79,887	(63.01) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 24,478		29,098	(15.88) %
Total expenses	\$ 12,981,095	\$	14,238,419	(8.83) %
	Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	2021		2020	Change
Instruction	\$ (4,053,636)	\$	(4,855,915)	16.52 %
Support services	(3,859,742)		(4,673,949)	17.42 %
Non-instructional	(25,319)		19,311	(231.11) %
Sixteenth section	(13,961)		22,811	(161.20) %
Pension Expense	(1,990,947)		(1,688,083)	(17.94) %
OPEB Expense	(29,548)		(79,887)	63.01 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	(24,478)		(29,098)	15.88 %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (9,997,631)	\$	(11,284,810)	11.41 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$9,997,631 for 2021 and \$11,284,810 for 2020) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,537,334 for 2021 and \$3,413,585 for 2020) and state and federal revenues (\$5,560,567 for 2021 and \$5,383,702 for 2020). In addition, there was \$988,894 and \$790,725 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2021 and 2020, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$157,083 for 2021 and \$464,333 for 2020.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$25,788,006, an increase of \$1,035,614, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$4,446 and a decrease in inventory of \$7,775. \$9,362,274, or 36% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$16,425,732, or 64% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,348,533. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$514,546, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$4,446 and a decrease in inventory of \$7,775. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increase	(Decrease)	
16th Section Principal Fund	\$	201,627	,

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the fiscal year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2021, the District's total capital assets were \$9,542,282, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$461,107 from 2020. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021, was \$5,640,805, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$381,802, resulting in total net capital assets of \$3,901,477.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

_	June 30, 2021	 June 30, 2020	Percentage Change	_
Land \$	20,500	\$ 20,500	0.00	%
Buildings	729,217	766,231	(4.83)	%
Building improvements	1,549,981	1,674,154	(7.42)	%
Improvements other than buildings	229,568	243,111	(5.57)	%
Mobile equipment	1,040,327	968,056	7.47	%
Furniture and equipment	331,884	129,774	155.74	%
Total \$	3,901,477	\$ 3,801,826	2.62	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2021, the District had \$53,677 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$2,684 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$47,983 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$17,288 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Jur	ne 30, 2021	Jui	ne 30, 2020	Percenta Change	_
Transportation equipment loans payable	\$	-	\$	47,983	(100.00)	%
Compensated absences payable		53,677		70,965	(24.36)	%
Total	\$	53,677	\$	118,948	(54.87)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Amite County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Amite County School District, P.O. Box 378, Liberty, MS 39645.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Exhibit A

	Governmental Activities
Assets	.
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,215,691
Due from other governments	475,351
Accrued interest receivable	15,316
Other receivables, net	42,434
Inventories	16,216
Prepaid items	12,882
Restricted assets	14,632,162
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	20,500
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	729,217
Building improvements	1,549,981
Improvements other than buildings	229,568
Mobile equipment	1,040,327
Furniture and equipment	331,884
Total Assets	30,311,529
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,452,011
Deferred outflows - OPEB	283,145
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,735,156
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	622,021
Unearned revenue	25
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Non-capital related liabilities	2,684
Net OPEB liability	46,241
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Non-capital related liabilities	50,993
Net pension liability	20,200,754
Net OPEB liability	1,168,989
Total Liabilities	22,091,707
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	73,847
Deferred inflows - Perisions Deferred inflows - OPEB	289,056
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	362,903
	302,903
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	3,901,477
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	168,588
Ad valorem	15,294
Forestry improvements	888,825
Unemployment benefits	37,575
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section	15,165,257
Unrestricted	(9,584,941)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ 10,592,075

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit B

Revenue and
Changes in Net
Position
Governmental
Activities

Net (Expense)

				 Position		
			Operating		Capital	
		Charges for	Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$ 5,510,846	\$ 64,409	\$ 1,392,801	\$	-	\$ (4,053,636)
Support services	4,588,782	-	729,040		-	(3,859,742)
Non-instructional	708,459	37,893	645,247		-	(25,319)
Sixteenth section	128,035	114,074	-		-	(13,961)
Pension expense	1,990,947	-	-		-	(1,990,947)
OPEB expense	29,548	-	-		-	(29,548)
Interest on long-term liabilities	24,478	-	-		-	 (24,478)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 12,981,095	\$ 216,376	\$ 2,767,088	\$	-	\$ (9,997,631)

General Revenues:

Taxes:	
General purpose levies	3,537,334
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	5,452,481
Federal	108,086
Unrestricted investment earnings	157,083
Sixteenth section sources	988,894
Other	100,241
Total General Revenues	10,344,119
Change in Net Position	 346,488
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	10,241,141
Prior Period Adjustments	 4,446
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	 10,245,587
Net Position (deficit) - Ending	\$ 10,592,075

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet
June 30, 2021

Exhibit C

	Major Funds						
				16th Section		Other	Total
		General		Principal		Governmental	Governmental
		Fund		Fund		Funds	Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,016,823	\$	8,913,077	\$	1,198,868	\$ 20,128,768
Cash with fiscal agents		-		224,387		-	224,387
Investments		-		5,494,698		-	5,494,698
Due from other governments		212,642		-		262,709	475,351
Accrued interest receivable		-		15,316		-	15,316
Other receivables, net		-		22,372		20,062	42,434
Due from other funds		299,641		-		5,007	304,648
Advance to other funds		-		495,407		-	495,407
Inventories		-		-		16,216	16,216
Prepaid items		12,882		-		-	12,882
Total assets	\$	10,541,988	\$	15,165,257	\$	1,502,862	\$ 27,210,107
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	603,170	\$	-	\$	18,851	\$ 622,021
Due to other funds		-		-		304,648	304,648
Advances from other funds		495,407		-		-	495,407
Unavailable revenue - federal programs		-		-		25	25
Total Liabilities		1,098,577		-		323,524	1,422,101
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory		-		-		16,216	16,216
Permanent fund principal		-		14,669,850		-	14,669,850
Advances		-		495,407		-	495,407
Prepaid items		12,882		-		-	12,882
Restricted:							
Forestry improvement purposes		-		-		888,825	888,825
Grant activities		-		-		139,490	139,490
Unemployment benefits		-		-		37,575	37,575
Ad valorem		15,294		-		-	15,294
Assigned:							
School activities		52,961		-		-	52,961
Other purposes		-		-		97,232	97,232
Unassigned		9,362,274		-		-	9,362,274
Total Fund Balances		9,443,411		15,165,257		1,179,338	25,788,006
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	10,541,988	\$	15,165,257	\$	1,502,862	\$ 27,210,107

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds

Exhibit C-1

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021		EXTIBIT O
Total fund balances for governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:	\$	25,788,006
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 		
Land\$ 20,Buildings2,572,Building improvements3,104,Improvements other than buildings338,Mobile equipment2,511,Furniture and equipment994,Accumulated depreciation(5,640,	287 561 669 313	3,901,477
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability (20,200, Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	754)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions 2,452, Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (73,	011 847)	(17,822,590)
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability (1,215,	230)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB 283, Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (289,		(1,221,141)
 Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 		
Compensated absences		(53,677)
Net Position of governmental activities	\$	10,592,075

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit D

For the real Ended Julie 30, 2021	Major F	Funds					
	 •		th Section	-	Other		Total
	General	ı	Principal		Governmental		Governmental
	Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$ 3,636,146	\$	23,398	\$	102,151	\$	3,761,695
State sources	5,484,823		-		261,930		5,746,753
Federal sources	108,086		-		2,475,284		2,583,370
Sixteenth section sources	 889,245		235,050		105,938		1,230,233
Total Revenues	 10,118,300		258,448		2,945,303		13,322,051
Expenditures:							
Instruction	4,716,791		-		1,580,355		6,297,146
Support services	3,659,253		-		1,382,371		5,041,624
Noninstructional services	-		-		751,510		751,510
Sixteenth section	38,801		-		89,234		128,035
Debt service:							
Principal	-		-		47,983		47,983
Interest	 23,398		-		1,205		24,603
Total Expenditures	8,438,243		-		3,852,658		12,290,901
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	 1,680,057		258,448		(907,355)		1,031,150
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Sale of transportation equipment	6,643		-		-		6,643
Sale of other property	-		-		1,150		1,150
Operating transfers in	205,786		-		1,126,170		1,331,956
Operating transfers out	(543,953)		(56,821)		(731,182)		(1,331,956)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(331,524)		(56,821)		396,138		7,793
Net Change in Fund Balances	 1,348,533		201,627		(511,217)		1,038,943
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2020, as previously reported	8,094,878		14,963,630		1,693,884		24,752,392
Prior period adjustments	-		-		4,446		4,446
July 1, 2020, as restated	 8,094,878		14,963,630		1,698,330		24,756,838
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	 -		-		(7,775)		(7,775)
June 30, 2021	\$ 9,443,411	\$	15,165,257	\$	1,179,338	\$	25,788,006
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AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,038,943
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 483,714 (381,802)	101,912
 In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold. 		
		(2,261)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	47,983 125	48,108
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(1,990,947) 1,133,842	(857,105)
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(29,548) 36,926	7,378
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory	17,288 (7,775)	9,513
Change in Net Position of governmental activities	-	\$ 346,488

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Amite County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources
 imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund - This is a permanent fund used to account for resources from sixteenth section lands that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from

other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years

See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB. See Note 13 for further details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB. See Note 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 10% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

GASB 84, Fiduciary Activities, was implemented during fiscal year 2021. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$20,128,768.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2021, none of the district's bank balance of \$20,392,022 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$224,387.

Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
Fidelity Investment Bonds	Various	1 to 15 years	\$ 5,494,698
Total			\$ 5,494,698

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

• Fidelity Investment Bonds of \$5,494,698 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2021, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 299,641
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	5,007
Total		\$ 304,648

The primary purpose of the inter-fund receivables and payables was to close out federal program funds as part of routine year-end closing procedures. All inter-fund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
16th Section Principal Fund	General Fund	\$ 495,407
Total		\$ 495,407

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The interest rate on the sixteenth section principal loans payable as of June 30, 2021 is four percent.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 53,766	\$ 19,816	\$ 73,582
2023	55,916	17,666	73,582
2024	58,153	15,429	73,582
2025	60,479	13,103	73,582
2026	62,898	10,684	73,582
2027 - 2029	 204,195	16,550	220,745
Total	\$ 495,407	\$ 93,248	\$ 588,655

C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 543,953
16th Section Principal Fund	General Fund	56,821
Other governmental funds	General Fund	148,965
	Other governmental funds	 582,217
Total		\$ 1,331,956

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, vocational and special education expenditure transfers, the transfer of expendable resources from the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund, the transfer of funds from the General Fund to the HVAC Fund, cost pool transfers, and other routine operating transfers

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, cash with fiscal agent balance, and investment balance, totaling \$8,913,077, \$224,387, and \$5,494,698, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2021
Governmental Activities:	 77 172020	inorcases	Beereases	0/00/2021
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 20,500 \$	\$	\$	20,500
Total non-depreciable capital assets	20,500	-	-	20,500
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	2,572,952			2,572,952
Building improvements	3,104,287			3,104,287
Improvements other than buildings	338,561			338,561
Mobile equipment	2,319,155	215,121	22,607	2,511,669
Furniture and equipment	725,720	268,593		994,313
Total depreciable capital assets	9,060,675	483,714	22,607	9,521,782
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,806,721	37,014		1,843,735
Building improvements	1,430,133	124,173		1,554,306
Improvements other than buildings	95,450	13,543		108,993
Mobile equipment	1,351,099	140,589	20,346	1,471,342
Furniture and equipment	 595,946	66,483		662,429
Total accumulated depreciation	5,279,349	381,802	20,346	5,640,805
Total depreciable capital assets, net	3,781,326	101,912	2,261	3,880,977
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,801,826 \$	101,912 \$	2,261 \$	3,901,477

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount	
Governmental activities:		
Instruction	\$	45,339
Support services		321,324
Non-instructional		15,139
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	381,802

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

						Amounts
		Balance			Balance	due within
		 7/1/2020	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2021	one year
Α.	Transportation equipment loans payable	\$ 47,983 \$	\$	47,983 \$	- \$	-
В.	Compensated absences payable	70,965		17,288	53,677	2,684
	Total	\$ 118,948 \$	- \$	65,271 \$	53,677 \$	2,684

A. Transportation equipment loans payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Transportation note, Series 2017	2.51%	5/23/2017	5/23/2021	\$ 185,000	\$ -
Total				\$ 185,000	\$ -

This debt was retired from the EEF Buildings and Buses Fund.

B. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2021 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019 were \$1,133,842, \$1,209,007 and \$1,073,280, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the school district reported a liability of \$20,200,754 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability was 0.104349 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020. This was a decrease of 0.000284 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,990,947. At June 30, 2021 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 175,372	\$
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	843,627	
Changes of assumptions	113,311	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	185,859	73,847
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,133,842	
Total	\$ 2,452,011	\$ 73,847

\$1,133,842 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2022	\$ 238,228
2023	356,561
2024	382,156
2025	267,377

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2019. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates are projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018. The experience report is dated April 2, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real			
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return			
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.90	%		
International Equity	22.00		4.75			
Global Equity	12.00		5.00			
Fixed Income	20.00		0.50			
Real Estate	10.00		4.00			
Private Equity	8.00		6.25			
Cash	1.00		0.00			
Total	100	%				

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share	 _	 _	 _
of the net pension liability	\$ 26,147,394	\$ 20,200,754	\$ 15,292,387

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan available report obtained issues publicly financial that can be http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$36,926 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$1,215,230 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.15615749 percent. This was a decrease of 0.00064866 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$29,548. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,549	\$ 211,483
Changes of assumptions	188,676	51,354
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	39	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	55,955	26,219
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	36,926	
Total	\$ 283,145	\$ 289,056

\$36,926 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2022	\$ (14,472)
2023	(14,472)
2024	(8,784)
2025	4,305
2026	(9,414)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

0.75 -----

Intiation	2.75 percen			
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 inflation	percent,	including	wage

Municipal Bond Index Rate

1...41...41....

Measurement Date 2.19% Prior Measurement Date 3.50%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2020 Prior Measurement Date 2019

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Measurement Date 2.19% Prior Measurement Date 3.50%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.00 percent for 2021 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.19 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.50% to 2.19%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2020, the trust has \$1,037,371. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2019 and the June 30, 2020 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.19 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.19 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	urrent	
	•	1% Decrease	D	iscount	1% Increase
		(1.19%)	R	ate (2.19%)	(3.19%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,342,912	\$	1,215,230	\$ 1,105,714

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,122,079	\$ 1,215,230	\$ 1,320,766

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 9 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2022	\$ 128,659
2023	107,610
2024	105,750
2025	59,490
2026	16,918
2027 - 2031	39,369
2032 - 2036	412
2037 - 2041	412
2042 - 2046	248
Total	\$ 458,868

Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To correct prior year expenditures at the governmental fund level	\$ 4,446
Total	\$ 4,446

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
Other governmental funds	To correct prior year expenditures	\$ 4,446
Total		\$ 4,446

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 57 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 13 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$9,584,941) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,133,842 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$1,318,169 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$9,584,941) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$73,847 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$9,584,941) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$36,926 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$246,219 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$9,584,941) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$289,056 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

Note 14 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Amite County School District evaluated the activity of the district through August 26, 2022, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Final Actual Original Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources \$ 3,738,831 3,636,146 3,636,146 (102,685) \$ State sources 5,107,095 5,484,823 5,484,823 377,728 Federal sources 160,000 108,086 108,086 (51,914)Sixteenth section sources 630,005 889,245 889,245 259,240 **Total Revenues** 9,635,931 482,369 10,118,300 10,118,300 **Expenditures:** Instruction 4,990,496 4,716,791 4,716,791 273,705 4,154,194 3,659,253 3,659,253 494,941 Support services Noninstructional services 700 700 45,000 38,801 38,801 6,199 Sixteenth section Debt service: Interest 23,398 23,398 23,398 Total Expenditures 8,438,243 8,438,243 775,545 9,213,788 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 422,143 1,680,057 1,680,057 1,257,914 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of transportation equipment 6,643 6,643 6,643 Operating transfers in 2,473,163 2,037,358 205,786 (435,805)(1,831,572)Operating transfers out (2,851,899)(2,375,525)(543,953)476,374 1,831,572 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 47,212 (378,736)(331,524)(331,524)Net Change in Fund Balances 43.407 1.348.533 1,348,533 1,305,126 Fund Balances: July 1, 2020 7,684,831 8,094,878 8,094,878 410,047 June 30, 2021 \$ 7,728,238 \$ 9,443,411 \$ 9,443,411 1,715,173

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.104349%	0.104633%	0.104909%	0.099986%	0.106172%	0.104799%	0.101994%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$	20,200,754 \$	18,407,009 \$	17,449,484 \$	16,621,067	18,964,970	16,199,859	12,380,204
District's covered payroll	6,948,316	6,814,476	6,699,454	6,414,190	6,792,083	6,547,238	6,232,362
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	290.7288%	270.1163%	260.4613%	259.1296%	279.2217%	247.4304%	198.6439%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59%	62%	63%	61%	57%	62%	67%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,133,842 \$	1,209,007 \$	1,073,280 \$	1,055,164 \$	1,010,235 \$	1,069,753 \$	1,031,190
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,133,842 \$	1,209,007 \$	1,073,280 \$	1,055,164 \$	1,010,235 \$	1,069,753 \$	1,031,190
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,516,333 \$	6,948,316 \$	6,814,476 \$	6,699,454 \$	6,414,190 \$	6,792,083 \$	6,547,238
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021 2020		2019		2018	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	 0.15615749%	0.15680615%	_	0.15071218%	0.14584890%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,215,230 \$	1,330,564	\$	1,165,834	\$ 1,144,344	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,948,316 \$	6,814,476	\$	6,699,454	\$ 6,552,590	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.49%	19.53%		17.40%	17.46%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.13%	0.12%		0.13%	0.00%	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented

Amite County School District Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 36,926 \$	48,463 \$	53,333 \$	48,785
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	36,926	48,463	53,333	48,785
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
District's covered-employee payroll	6,516,333	6,948,316	6,814,476	6,699,454
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.57%	0.70%	0.78%	0.73%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in the prior year audit report(s).

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

2019:

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2018 valuation for the June 30, 2020 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age
Amortization method Level perd
Remaining amortization period 30.9 years
Asset valuation method 5-year sm
Price Inflation 3.00 perd
Salary increase 3.25 perd
Investment rate of return 7.75 perd

Level percentage of payroll, open 30.9 years 5-year smoothed market 3.00 percent 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2017: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>2020</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

<u>2020</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2020:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 2.75%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.00% to 18.25%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.00%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 4.75%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2028

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

OPEB plan investment expense, including 3.50%

price inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Amite County School District Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021			
	Catalog of	Pass-through	
	Federal Domestic	Entity Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
National school lunch program	10.555	216MS326N10	\$ 36,967
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	216MS326N10	842,733
Total child nutrition cluster			879,700
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			879,700
Passed-through Amite County, Mississippi:	40.005	NI/A	00.000
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	N/A	96,086 96,086
Total passed-through Amite County, Mississippi Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			975,786
· -			913,100
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:	84.010	S010A200024	672 225
Title I grants to local educational agencies		V048A200024	673,335
Career and technical education - basic grants to states Rural Education	84.048 84.358	S3588200024	31,936 700
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A200023	41,776
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A200025	18,022
Subtotal	011.12.17	0 12 17 1200020	765,769
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A200108	348,940
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A200113	13,587
Total special education cluster			362,527
COVID - 19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER)			
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I	84.425D	S425D200031	377,625
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal			377,625
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			1,505,921
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,505,921
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	2005MS5ADM	5,394
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			5,394
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			5,394
U.S. Department of Social Security			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:			
Social Security disability insurance	96.001	04-19-04MSD100	532
Total U.S. Department of Social Security			532
U.S. Department of Treasury			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund			
Equity in Distance Learning Act	21.019	N/A	311,565
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education	•		311,565
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			311,565
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 2,799,198

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Amite County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Amite County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Amite County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Amite County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

<u>Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures</u> – Governmental Funds

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 9,054,773 3,236,128	6,276,382 878,431	517,491 91,396	540,743 14,417	1,720,157 2,251,884
Total	\$ 12,290,901	7,154,813	608,887	555,160	3,972,041
Total number of students *	 862				
Cost per student	\$ 14,258	8,300	706	644	4,608

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2021	2020*	2019*	2018*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	3,636,146	\$ 3,503,048	\$ 3,274,081	\$ 3,478,059
State sources		5,484,823	5,461,148	5,679,791	5,857,206
Federal sources		108,086	192,751	136,137	165,142
Sixteenth Section sources		889,245	714,229	2,220,100	849,189
Total Revenues		10,118,300	9,871,176	11,310,109	10,349,596
Expenditures:					
Instruction		4,716,791	5,537,721	5,292,599	5,330,234
Support services		3,659,253	4,048,034	4,269,382	3,886,603
Noninstructional services		-	-	200	504
Sixteenth section		38,801	41,158	15,030	37,146
Debt Service:					
Interest		23,398	26,842	30,154	33,511
Total Expenditures		8,438,243	9,653,755	9,607,365	9,287,998
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		1,680,057	217,421	1,702,744	1,061,598
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery				8,691	8,619
Sale of transportation equipment		6,643	1,911	-,	2,081
Sale of other property		,	,		280
Operating transfers in		205,786	293,352	576,609	112,662
Operating transfers out		(543,953)	(1,271,372)	(3,753,129)	(1,589,213)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(331,524)	(976,109)	(3,167,829)	(1,465,571)
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,348,533	(758,688)	(1,465,085)	(403,973)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		8,094,878	8,853,566	10,319,190	10,731,699
Prior period adjustments		-,,	-,,	(539)	(8,536)
Beginning of period , as restated	_	8,094,878	8,853,566	10,318,651	10,723,163
End of Period	\$	9,443,411	\$ 8,094,878	\$ 8,853,566	\$ 10,319,190

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2021	2020*	2019*	2018*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 3,761,695	\$ 3,681,532	\$ 3,487,153	\$ 3,684,040
State sources	5,746,753	5,988,086	6,105,393	6,171,200
Federal sources	2,583,370	2,152,077	2,237,085	2,306,387
Sixteenth section sources	 1,230,233	1,285,808	2,878,479	1,338,091
Total Revenues	 13,322,051	13,107,503	14,708,110	13,499,718
Expenditures:				
Instruction	6,297,146	6,738,380	6,447,614	6,437,568
Support services	5,041,624	6,096,096	8,360,160	6,707,208
Noninstructional services	751,510	727,391	718,430	773,786
Sixteenth section	128,035	54,348	22,171	135,619
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:				326,701
Principal	47,983	46,809	45,663	44,545
Interest	24,603	29,221	33,679	38,154
Total Expenditures	 12,290,901	13,692,245	15,627,717	14,463,581
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 1,031,150	(584,742)	(919,607)	(963,863)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery			8,691	8,619
Sale of transportation equipment	6,643	1,911		2,081
Sale of other property	1,150		201	280
Operating transfers in	1,331,956	1,593,512	4,356,523	1,835,505
Operating transfers out	(1,331,956)	(1,593,512)	(4,356,523)	(1,835,505)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7,793	1,911	8,892	10,980
Net Change in Fund Balances	 1,038,943	(582,831)	(910,715)	(952,883)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as originally reported	24,752,392	25,338,640	26,253,563	27,210,571
Prior period adjustments	 4,446	(12,822)	(539)	(8,536)
Beginning of period, as restated	 24,756,838	25,325,818	26,253,024	27,202,035
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 (7,775)	9,405	(3,669)	4,411
End of Period	\$ 25,788,006	\$ 24,752,392	\$ 25,338,640	\$ 26,253,563

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



346 Sundial Rd
Madison, MS 39110
(Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Amite County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Amite County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Amite County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 26, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Amite County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Amite County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Amite County School District's internal control. A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Amite County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKernzie CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi August 26, 2022



346 Sundial Rd
Madison, MS 39110
(Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Amite County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Amite County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Amite County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Amite County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Amite County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Amite County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Amite County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Amite County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Amite County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Amite County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Amite County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi August 26, 2022

NDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	3



346 Sundial Rd
Madison, MS 39110
(Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Amite County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Amite County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, which collectively comprise Amite County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 26, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi August 26, 2022

McKenzie CPA, PLLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weaknesses identified?

b. Significant deficiencies identified? None reported

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards:

4. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weakness identified?

b. Significant deficiency identified? None reported

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

7. Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Numbers</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>

84.010 Title I grants to local educational agencies
84.425D Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER I)

Coronavirus Relief Funds

21.019 Equity in Distance Learning Act

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

10. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

No

AMITE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.