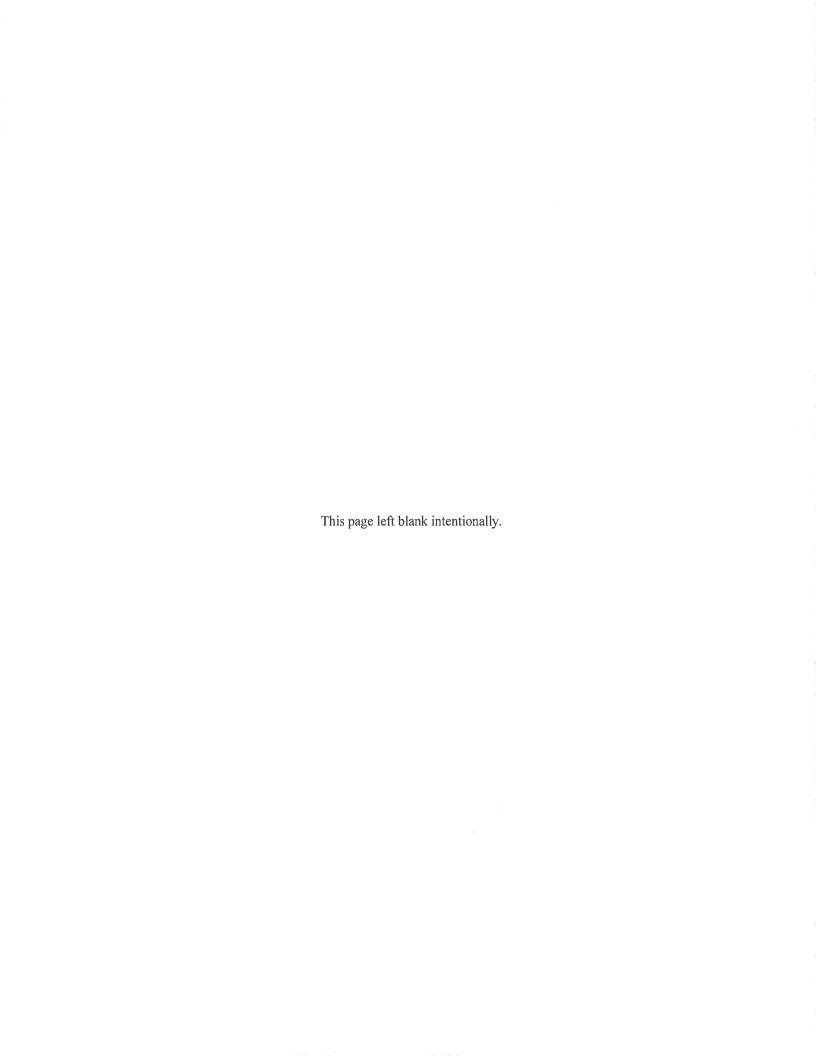


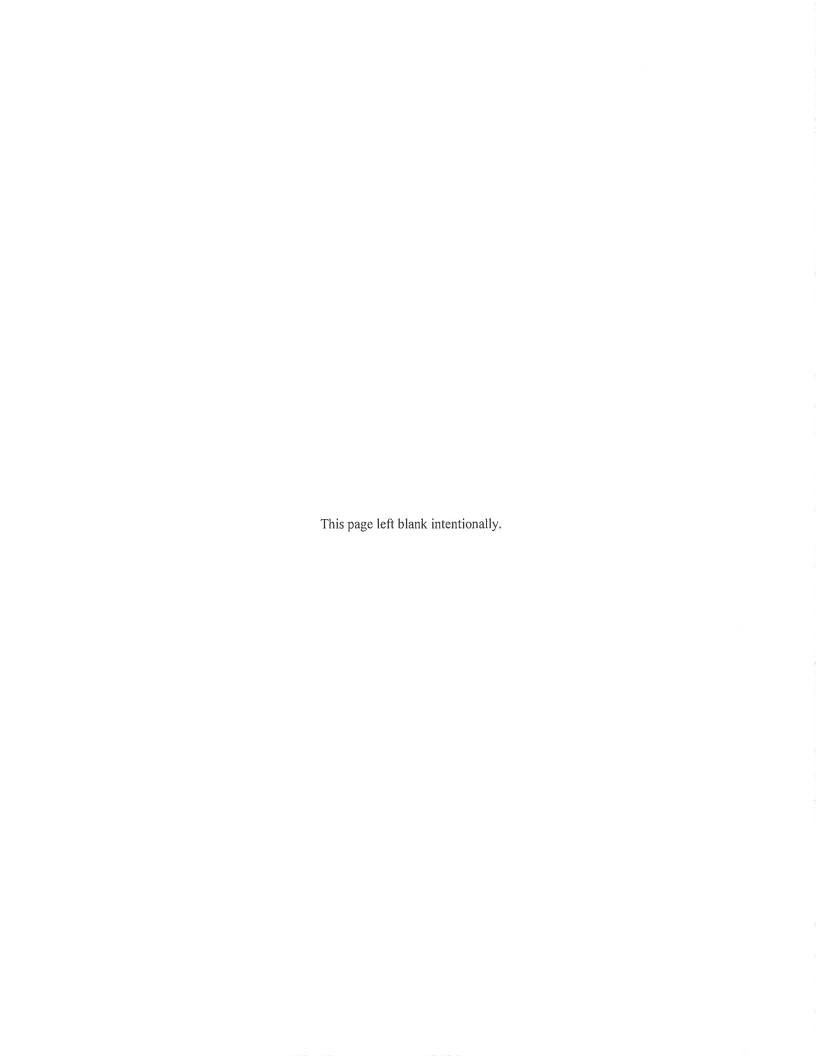
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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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# CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

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Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Lamar County School District

#### Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lamar County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lamar County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lamar County School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lamar County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated January 15, 2022, on my consideration of the Lamar County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lamar County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Lamar County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

Ridgeland, MS January 15, 2022 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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#### LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The following discussion and analysis of Lamar County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2021 decreased \$3,560,362, including a prior period adjustment of (\$224,835), which represents an 8% decrease from fiscal year 2020. Total net position for 2020 increased \$528,832, including the reclassification of agency funds due to GASB 84 in the amount of \$148,635, which represents a 1% increase from fiscal year 2019
- General revenues amounted to \$90,584,599 and \$89,060,519, or 81% and 84% of all revenues for fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$21,077,914, or 19% of total revenues for 2021, and \$16,425,139, or 16% of total revenues for 2020.
- The District had \$114,998,040 and \$105,105,461 in expenses for fiscal years 2021 and 2020; only \$21,077,914 for 2021 and \$16,425,139 for 2020 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$90,584,599 for 2021 were not adequate to provide for these programs. General revenues of \$89,060,519 for 2020 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$85,732,621 in revenues and \$83,966,116 in expenditures for 2021, and \$85,422,457 in revenues and \$83,253,991 in expenditures in 2020. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,371,722, including a prior period adjustment of (\$27,154) from 2020 to 2021, and increased by \$2,185,996, which included the reclassification of agency funds due to GASB 84 in the amount of \$148,635 from 2019 to 2020.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$1,334,067 for 2021 and decreased by \$629,603 for 2020. The decrease for 2021 was due to the disposal of capital assets coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$3,977,544 for 2021 and decreased by \$3,875,620 for 2020. This decrease for 2021 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$67,629 for 2021 and increased by \$29,553 for 2020.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are in the governmental funds category.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

#### Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$50,235,603 as of June 30, 2021.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	<u></u>	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020	Percentag Change	-
Current assets	\$	23,086,611	\$	22,575,372	2.26	%
Restricted assets		21,818,895		19,522,182	11.76	%
Capital assets, net		92,720,847		94,054,914	(1.42)	%
Total assets		137,626,353	_	136,152,468	1.08	%
Deferred outflows of resources		23,351,405	·	15,120,300	54.44	%
Current liabilities		6,119,011		5,819,773	5.14	%
Long-term debt outstanding		28,711,516		32,689,060	(12.17)	%
Net OPEB liability		9,104,006		9,814,667	(7.24)	%
Net pension liability		165,309,764		145,398,536	13.69	%
Total liabilities		209,244,297		193,722,036	8.01	%
Deferred inflows of resources		1,969,064		4,225,973	(53,41)	%
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		66,826,086		64,414,591	3.74	%
Restricted		27,671,703		26,964,558	2.62	%
Unrestricted		(144,733,392)		(138,054,390)	(4.84)	%
Total net position	\$	(50,235,603)	\$	(46,675,241)	(7.63)	9/0

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (144,733,392)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability and net	
OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows	 154,877,366
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 10,143,974

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$1,334,067.
- The principal retirement of \$3,965,000 of long-term debt.

#### Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 were \$111,662,513 and \$105,485,658, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$114,998,040 for 2021 and \$105,105,461 for 2020.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2021		Year EndedJune 30, 2020		Percentage Change	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	2,116,629	\$	3,561,553	(40.57)	
Operating grants and contributions		18,961,285		12,863,586	47.40	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		35,512,231		34,012,831	4.41	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		52,436,816		52,548,285	(0.21)	%
Investment earnings		645,844		404,963	59.48	%
Sixteenth section sources		1,985,140		2,094,440	(5.22)	%
Other		4,568		0	N/A	%
Total revenues		111,662,513		105,485,658	5.86	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		57,810,142		55,310,800	4.52	%
Support services		33,581,606		30,252,793	11.00	%
Non-instructional		3,168,010		3,723,926	(14.93)	%
Sixteenth section		164,186		241,793	(32.10)	%
Pension expense		18,562,897		13,400,256	38.53	%
OPEB expense		286,876		630,183	(54.48)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		1,424,323		1,545,710	(7.85)	%
Total expenses		114,998,040		105,105,461	9.41	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(3,335,527)		380,197	(977.32)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(46,675,241)		(47,204,073)	1.12	%
Fund Reclassification (GASB 84)		0		148,635	(100.00)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		(224,835)		0_	N/A	
Net Position, July 1, as restated	7	(46,900,076)		(47,055,438)	0.33	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(50,235,603)	\$	(46,675,241)	(7.63)	%

#### Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total Expenses			Total Expenses Percent					
		2021		2020	Change					
Instruction	\$	57,810,142	\$	55,310,800	4.52 %					
Support services		33,581,606		30,252,793	11.00 %					
Non-instructional		3,168,010		3,723,926	(14.93) %					
Sixteenth section		164,186		241,793	(32.10) %					
Pension Expense		18,562,897		13,400,256	38.53 %					
OPEB Expense		286,876		630,183	(54.48) %					
Interest on long-term liabilities		1,424,323		1,545,710	(7.85) %					
Total expenses	\$	114,998,040	\$	105,105,461	9.41 %					
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage					
		2021		2020	Change					
Instruction	\$	(50,291,691)	\$	(46,625,702)	(7.86) %					
Support services		(25,139,666)		(27,451,724)	8.42 %					
Non-instructional		1,949,513		1,215,046	60.45 %					
Sixteenth section		(164,186)		(241,793)	32.10 %					
Pension Expense		(18,562,897)		(13,400,256)	(38.53) %					

Net cost of governmental activities (\$93,920,126 for 2021 and \$88,680,322 for 2020) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$35,512,231 for 2021 and \$34,012,831 for 2020) and state and federal revenues (\$52,436,816 for 2021 and \$52,548,285 for 2020). In addition, there was \$1,985,140 and \$2,094,440 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2021 and 2020, respectively.

(286,876)

\$

(1,424,323)

(93,920,126)

\$

54.48 %

7.85 %

(5.91) %

(630,183)

(1,545,710)

(88,680,322)

• Investment earnings amounted to \$645,844 for 2021 and \$404,963 for 2020.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Interest on long-term liabilities

Total net (expense) revenue

OPEB Expense

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$38,968,826, an increase of \$2,492,366, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$82,926) and a decrease in inventory of \$35,506. \$9,826,384 or 25% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$29,142,442 or 75% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,371,722, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$27,154). The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$1,026,994, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$55,772) and a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$35,506. The increase in the fund balances for the other major fund was as follows:

16th Section Principal Fund

\$93,650 (increase)

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2021, the District's total capital assets were \$144,691,798, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$665,292 from 2020. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021, was \$51,970,951, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$3,187,752, resulting in total net capital assets of \$92,720,847.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

				Percentag	ge
	,J	June 30, 2021	 June 30, 2020	Change	
Land	\$	718,100	\$ 718,100	0.00	%
Construction in Progress		238,980	1,800,542	(86.73)	%
Buildings		81,702,990	82,664,160	(1.16)	%
Building improvements		1,514,515	529,518	186.02	%
Improvements other than buildings		4,353,349	4,515,734	(3.60)	%
Mobile equipment		3,894,670	3,489,075	11.62	%
Furniture and equipment		298,243	337,785	(11.71)	%
Total	\$	92,720,847	\$ 94,054,914	(1.42)	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2021, the District had \$28,711,516 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$4,208,619 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$67,629 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

Parcentage

June 30, 2021_		June 30, 2020	Change	_
\$ 13,475,000	\$	16,560,000	(18.63)	%
320,698		400,871	(20.00)	%
13,945,000		14,825,000	(5.94)	%
970,818		903,189	7.49	%
\$ 28,711,516	\$	32,689,060	(12.17)	%
\$	\$ 13,475,000 320,698 13,945,000 970,818	\$ 13,475,000 \$ 320,698 13,945,000 970,818	\$ 13,475,000 \$ 16,560,000 320,698 400,871 13,945,000 14,825,000 970,818 903,189	June 30, 2021         June 30, 2020         Change           \$ 13,475,000         \$ 16,560,000         (18.63)           320,698         400,871         (20.00)           13,945,000         14,825,000         (5.94)           970,818         903,189         7.49

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Lamar County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools. The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years.

The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Lamar County School District, P.O. Box 609, Purvis, Mississippi 39475.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,464,023
Due from other governments	2,279,838
Other receivables, net	238,980
Inventories	103,570
Prepaid items	200
Restricted assets (Note 4)	21,818,895
Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 5)	957,080
Depreciable capital assets, net (Note 5)	91,763,767
Total Assets	137,626,353
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflow - pensions (Note 7)	19,401,423
Deferred outflow - OPEB (Note 8)	2,104,045
Deferred outflow - advance refunding on bonds	1,845,937
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	23,351,405
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,795,080
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	182,331
Other payables	141,600
Long-term liabilities (Due within one year)	
Capital related liabilities (Note 6)	4,060,000
Bond premiums (discounts) (Note 6)	80,173
Non-capital related liabilities (Note 6)	68,446
Net OPEB liability (Note 8)	314,422
Long-term liabilities (Due beyond one year)	
Capital related liabilities (Note 6)	23,360,000
Bond premiums (discounts) (Note 6)	240,525
Non-capital related liabilities (Note 6)	902,372
Net OPEB liability (Note 8)	8,789,584
Net pension liability (Note 7)	165,309,764
Total Liabilities	209,244,297
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - OPEB (Note 8)	1,969,064
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,969,064
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	66,826,086
Restricted net position	, ,
Expendable	
School-based activities	1,712,941
Debt service	2,398,506
Forestry improvements	128,228
Unemployment benefits	192,000
Non-expendable	
Sixteenth section	23,240,028
Unrestricted	(144,733,392)
Total Not Doubtion	\$ (50,235,603)
Total Net Position	\$ (50,235,603)
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	

		Program Revenue	es	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Position Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 57,810,142	2,026,289	5,492,162	(50,291,691)
Support services	33,581,606	, ,	8,441,940	(25,139,666)
Non-instructional	3,168,010	90,340	5,027,183	1,949,513
Sixteenth section	164,186	,	, ,	(164,186)
Pension expense	18,562,897			(18,562,897)
OPEB expense	286,876			(286,876)
Interest on long-term liabilities	1,424,323			(1,424,323)
Total Governmental Activities	114,998,040	2,116,629	18,961,285	(93,920,126)
	General Revenues			
	Taxes			
	General purpos	se levies		30,589,198
	Debt purpose l	evies		4,923,033
	Unrestricted gran	ts and contribution	S	
	State			52,141,910
	Federal			294,906
	Unrestricted inves	stment earnings		645,844
	Sixteenth section	sources		1,985,140
	Other			4,568
	Total General	Revenues		90,584,599
	Changes in Net Posi	tion		(3,335,527)
	Net Position - Begin	ning, as previously	reported	(46,675,241)
	Prior Period Adju			(224,835)
	Net Position - Begin	ning - as restated		(46,900,076)
	Net Position - Endin	g		\$ (50,235,603)

## LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Major Funds			
	General Fund	16th Section Principal Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets  Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)  Investments (Note 2)	\$ 20,464,023	5,427,683 11,626,086	4,765,126	30,656,832 11,626,086
Due from other governments Other receivables, net	1,134,388		1,145,450 238,980	2,279,838 238,980
Due from other funds (Note 3) Advances to other funds (Note 3)	1,451,464	6,761,750	418,596	1,870,060 6,761,750
Inventories Prepaid items	200		103,570	103,570 200
Total Assets	23,050,075	23,815,519	6,671,722	53,537,316
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities				
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities  Due to other funds (Note 3)  Advances from other funds (Note 3)	5,079,320 94,213 6,761,750	575,491	715,760 1,200,356	5,795,080 1,870,060 6,761,750
Other payables	0,701,730		141,600	141,600
Total Liabilities	11,935,283	575,491	2,057,716	14,568,490
Fund Balances Nonspendable				
Inventory Permanent fund principal Advances Prepaid items	200	16,478,278 6,761,750	103,570	103,570 16,478,278 6,761,750 200
Restricted  Debt service			2,580,837	2,580,837
Forestry improvements Unemployment benefits Grant activities			128,228 192,000 1,609,371	128,228 192,000 1,609,371
Assigned School activities	1,208,570		1,000,011	1,208,570
School grants Insurance deductibles Unassigned	27,641 51,997			27,641 51,997
	9,826,384	00.040.000	4.614.006	9,826,384
Total Fund Balances	11,114,792	23,240,028	4,614,006	38,968,826
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 23,050,075	23,815,519	6,671,722	53,537,316

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

		Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 38,968,826
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Improvement other than buildings Mobile equipment	718,100 238,980 117,755,337 1,620,681 8,555,459 11,654,263	
Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	4,148,978 (51,970,951)	92,720,847
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability		(165,309,764)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		19,401,423
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability		(9,104,006)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	2,104,045 (1,969,064)	134,981
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds  Notes payable Compensated absences Unamortized charges Unamortized premiums	(13,475,000) (13,945,000) (970,818) 1,845,937 (320,698)	
Accrued interest payable	(182,331)	(27,047,910)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$(50,235,603)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June  $30,\,2021$ 

	Major Funds			
	General Fund	16th Section Principal Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 32,957,636		5,334,979	38,292,615
State sources	51,205,961		3,643,203	54,849,164
Federal sources	294,906		16,236,118	16,531,024
Sixteenth section sources	1,274,118	669,141	41,883	1,985,142
Total Revenues	85,732,621	669,141	25,256,183	111,657,945
Expenditures				
Instruction	52,215,785		10,052,191	62,267,976
Support services	30,784,133		5,776,151	36,560,284
Noninstructional services			4,106,154	4,106,154
Sixteenth section	140,616		23,570	164,186
Facilities acquisition and construction  Debt service	527,902		238,980	766,882
Principal (Note 6)			3,965,000	3,965,000
Interest	297,680		919,479	1,217,159
Other	,		4,074	4,074
Total Expenditures	83,966,116	0	25,085,599	109,051,715
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,766,505	669,141	170,584	2,606,230
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Insurance loss recoveries	4,568			4,568
Operating transfers in (Note 3)	668,781		1,366,435	2,035,216
Operating transfers out (Note 3)	(1,040,978)	(575,491)	(418,747)	(2,035,216)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(367,629)	(575,491)	947,688	4,568
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,398,876	93,650	1,118,272	2,610,798
Fund Balances				
July 1, 2020, as previously reported	9,743,070	23,146,378	3,587,012	36,476,460
Prior period adjustments (Note 10)	(27,154)	0	(55,772)	(82,926)
July 1, 2020, as restated	9,715,916	23,146,378	3,531,240	36,393,534
Decrease in reserve for inventory			(35,506)	(35,506)
June 30, 2021	\$ 11,114,792	23,240,028	4,614,006	38,968,826

Exhibit D-1

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Amount
Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 2,610,798
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, those amounts are:		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	2,104,183 (3,187,752)	(1,083,569)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.		(108,589)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		27
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	3,965,000 16,348	3,981,348
Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Pension expense Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(18,562,897) 10,122,409	(8,440,488)
Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
OPEB expense Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(286,876)	27,546
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve	(67,629) (35,506)	
Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	(219,438)	(322,573)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (3,335,527)

# LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, the School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on the activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

16th Section Principal Fund - This fund is used to account for the non-expendable resources generated from the sale of non-

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

renewable resources on sixteenth section lands.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

#### E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

#### 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

#### Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Cap Pol	oitalization icy	Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$	0	0	
Buildings		50,000	40 years	
Building improvements		25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years	

See Note 5 for details.

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting and advance refunding of general obligations bonds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

See Note 13 for further details.

#### 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

#### 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

#### 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party

#### LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is documented in the board minutes of the school board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent of education and/or the business manager pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

*Unassigned fund balance* is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the policy of the Lamar County School District to maintain a minimum fund balance in the General Fund that is not less than 5% of the revenues of the General Fund.

#### 13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

GASB 84, Fiduciary Activities, was implemented during fiscal year 2020. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds.

#### Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security

# LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements

For Year Ended June 30, 2021

repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$30,656,832.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the district had the following investments.

	Credit		Fair
Investment Type	Rating	Maturities	Value
Fidelity Money market	N/A	< 1 year	\$ 298,198
US Treasury Bonds	AA+	1 to 5	248,536
	AA+	5 to 10	1,465,788
	AA+	>10	542,668
Government Agency Bonds	AA+	1 to 5	676,422
Corporate Bonds	AA-	1 to 5	152,739
Taxable Municipal Bonds	AA	1 to 5	1,413,912
Taxable Municipal Bonds	AA	5 to 10	1,071,141
Taxable Municipal Bonds	AA	> 10	129,504
Collateralized mortgage obligations	AA+	1 to 5	37,635
Collateralized mortgage obligations	AA+	5 to 10	418,712
Collateralized mortgage obligations	AA+	> 10	126,615
Mortgaged Backed Securities	AA+	1 to 5	2,312,704
Mortgaged Backed Securities	AA+	5 to 10	1,591,369
Mortgaged Backed Securities	AA+	> 10	1,140,143
		Total	\$11,626,086

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021: The listed investments of \$11,626,086 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The

# LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements

For Year Ended June 30, 2021

district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

#### Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Major fund - 16th section pricipal fund	\$ 575,491
	Other governmental funds	875,973
Other governmental funds	General Fund	94,213
	Other governmental funds	 324,383
Total		\$ 1,870,060

The purpose of the more significant interfund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year end closing adjustments. The interfund loan associated with the Major fund - 16th section principal fund represents the accumulation of interest earned which will be paid to the 16th section interest fund (General Fund).

#### B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Major fund - 16th section principal fund	General Fund	\$ 6,761,750

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

Note: The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The interest rate on the sixteenth section principal loans payable as of June 30, 2021 is 4% percent. The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$	680,250	\$	270,470	\$	950,720
2023	4	680,250	4	243,260	4	923,510
2024		680,250		216,050		896,300
2025		680,250		188,840		869,090
2026		680,250		161,630		841,880
2027 - 2031		2,915,500		415,030		3,330,530
2032	9	445,000		17,800		462,800
Total	\$	6,761,750	\$	1,513,080	\$	8,274,830

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 1,040,978
Major fund - 16th section principal	General Fund	575,491
Other governmental funds	General Fund	93,290
-	Other governmental funds	325,457
Total		\$ 2,035,216

The transfer out of the General Fund was for the purpose of funding the vocational program and unemployment compensation in the Other Governmental Funds. The transfer from the 16th Section Principal Fund was to transfer interest earned to the 16th Section Interest Fund in the General Fund. The transfers from the Other Governmental Funds to the General Fund were to transfer indirect cost. The transfer within the Other Governmental Funds was to fund debt service.

#### Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance and investment balance, totaling \$5,427,683 and \$11,626,086, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) and the cash balance of \$4,765,126 in the Other Governmental Funds which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

#### Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Completed		Balance
	7/1/2020	Increases	Decreases	Construction	Adjustments	6/30/2021
Governmental Activities:						
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 718,100 \$	\$	5	\$	\$	718,100
Construction-in-progress	1,800,542	766,882		(2,169,055)	(159,389)	238,980
Total non-depreciable capital assets	2,518,642	766,882	0	(2,169,055)	(159,389)	957,080
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	116,563,546			1,197,852	(6,061)	117,755,337
Building improvements	581,187	68,291		971,203		1,620,681
Improvements other than buildings	8,483,394	55,318			16,747	8,555,459
Mobile equipment	11,517,007	1,118,907	(981,651)			11,654,263
Furniture and equipment	4,362,730	94,785	(315,331)		6,794	4,148,978
Total depreciable capital assets	141,507,864	1,337,301	(1,296,982)	2,169,055	17,480	143,734,718
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	33,899,386	2,152,961				36,052,347
Building improvements	51,669	54,497				106,166
Improvements other than buildings	3,967,660	234,450				4,202,110
Mobile equipment	8,027,932	614,344	(882,683)			7,759,593
Furniture and equipment	4,024,945	131,500	(305,710)			3,850,735
Total accumulated depreciation	49,971,592	3,187,752	(1,188,393)	0	0	51,970,951
Total depreciable capital assets, net	91,536,272	(1,850,451)	(108,589)	2,169,055	17,480	91,763,767
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 94,054,914 \$	(1,083,569) \$	(108,589)	\$ 0:	\$ (141,909) \$	92,720,847

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:	N==		
Instruction	\$	1,945,408	
Support services		1,172,311	
Non-instructional		70,033	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	3,187,752	

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	Spent to	Remaining
	June 30, 2021	Commitment
Governmental Activities:		
Solar Voltaic Installation	\$ 238,980 \$	5,000

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with grant funds.

# Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

						Amounts
		Balance			Balance	due within
		7/1/2020	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2021	one year
A.	General obligation refunding bonds payable	\$ 16,560,000 \$		\$ 3,085,000 \$	13,475,000 \$	3,145,000
	Premiums	400,871		80,173	320,698	80,173
B.	Three mill notes payable	14,825,000		880,000	13,945,000	915,000
C.	Compensated absences payable	903,189	67,629		970,818	68,446
	Total	\$ 32,689,060 \$	67,629	\$ 4,045,173 \$	28,711,516 \$	4,208,619

# A. General obligation refunding bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
1. General obligation refunding bonds, 2012	2.125	12/3/2012	6/1/2025	\$ 9,985,000	\$ 9,155,000
2. General obligation refunding bonds, 2013	2.0 - 5.0	3/21/2013	6/1/2023	20,990,000	 4,320,000
Total				\$ 30,975,000	\$ 13,475,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. General obligation refunding bonds, 2012:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 115,000 \$	191,881 \$	306,881
2023	2,015,000	189,580	2,204,580
2024	3,475,000	149,281	3,624,281
2025	3,550,000	75,438	3,625,438
Total	\$ 9,155,000 \$	606,180 \$	9,761,180

This debt will be retired from the 2005 Bond Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

# 2. General obligation refunding bonds, 2013:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 3,030,000 \$	190,200 \$	3,220,200
2023	1,290,000	38,700	1,328,700
Total	\$ 4,320,000 \$	228,900 \$	4,548,900

This debt will be retired from the 2005 Bond Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Total	\$	13,475,000 \$	835,080 \$	14,310,080
2025	:-	3,550,000	75,438	3,625,438
2024		3,475,000	149,281	3,624,281
2023		3,305,000	228,280	3,533,280
2022	\$	3,145,000 \$	382,081 \$	3,527,081
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
Year Ending				

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2021, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 2.2% of property assessments as of October 1, 2020.

# B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity			Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Aı	nount Issued	Outstanding
1. Limited Tax Notes, 2013	3.0 - 5.0	9/5/2013	9/1/2026	\$	17,900,000	\$ 5,135,000
2. Limited Tax Refunding Notes, 2017	2.5 - 4.0	12/20/2017	9/1/2033		9,280,000	8,810,000
Total				\$	27,180,000	\$ 13,945,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Three mill notes payable, 2013:

# LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 775,000 \$	584,804 \$	1,359,804
2023	805,000	553,204	1,358,204
2024	840,000	520,304	1,360,304
2025	870,000	486,104	1,356,104
2026	905,000	450,604	1,355,604
2027	940,000	412,999	1,352,999
Total	\$ 5,135,000 \$	3,008,019 \$	8,143,019

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

# 2. Three mill notes payable, 2017:

Year Ending				
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$	140,000 \$	249,524 \$	389,524
2023		145,000	245,249	390,249
2024		150,000	240,824	390,824
2025		150,000	236,324	386,324
2026		155,000	231,749	386,749
2027 - 2031		4,955,000	843,295	5,798,295
2032 - 2034	13	3,115,000	102,537	3,217,537
Total	\$	8,810,000 \$	2,149,502 \$	10,959,502

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Total three mill notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 915,000 \$	834,328 \$	1,749,328
2023	950,000	798,453	1,748,453
2024	990,000	761,128	1,751,128
2025	1,020,000	722,428	1,742,428
2026	1,060,000	682,353	1,742,353
2027 - 2031	5,895,000	1,256,294	7,151,294
2032 - 2034	3,115,000	102,537	3,217,537
Total	\$ 13,945,000 \$	5,157,521 \$	19,102,521

# C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <a href="https://www.pers.ms.gov">www.pers.ms.gov</a>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2021 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019 were \$10,122,409, \$9,893,770 and \$8,477,921, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the school district reported a liability of \$165,309,764 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability was .853924 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020. This was an increase of .027419 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$18,562,897. At June 30, 2021 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,042,857	\$ 0
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	5,432,234	0
Changes of assumptions	672,085	0

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

		of Resources	of Resources
Changes in proportion and differences between District	-		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,131,838	0
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		10,122,409	0
Total	\$	19,401,423	\$ 0

\$10,122,409 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2022	\$ 2,862,385
2023	2,862,385
2024	2,196,185
2025	1,358,059

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2019. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates are projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018. The experience report is dated April 2, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected 1	Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity	27.00	%		4.90	%
International Equity	22.00			4.75	
Global Equity	12.00			5.00	
Fixed Income	20.00			0.50	
Real Estate	10.00			4.00	
Private Equity	8.00			6.25	
Cash	1.00			0.00	
Total	100	%			

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-

# LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current		
	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)	
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 213,973,176	\$ 165,309,764	\$ 125,142,895	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

# Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$314,422 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$9,104,006 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 1.16986798 percent. This was an increase of .01321593 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$286,876. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 11,605	\$ 1,584,341
Changes of assumptions	1,413,481	384,723
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District	292	0
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	364,245	0
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	314,422	0
Total	\$ 2,104,045	\$ 1,969,064

\$314,422 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2022	\$ (42,909)
2023	(42,909)
2024	(32,801)
2025	2,760
2026	(63.582)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.19% 3.50%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2020 2019
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.19% 3.50%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare

7.00 percent for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.19 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.50% to 2.19%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2020, the trust has \$1,037,371. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2019 and the June 30, 2020 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.19 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.19 percent) than the current discount rate:

		C	urrent	
	1% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1% Increase
	(1.19%)	(2	2.19%)	(3.19%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 10,060,549	\$	9,104,006	\$ 8,283,554

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Hoolthoore

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 8,406,157	\$ 9,104,006	\$ 9,894,638

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

### Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2022	\$ 1,070,518
2023	1,060,857
2024	1,057,275
2025	1,040,860
2026	5,044,294
2027 - 2031	4,401,261
2032 - 2036	3,170,632
2037 - 2041	2,803,163
Total	\$ 19,648,860

# Note 10 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

# Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

	Explanation	Amount
1.	Restatement of a prior period asset	\$ (27,154)
2.	Restatement of a prior period liability	(55,772)
3.	Adjustment to capital assets	(141,909)
	Total	\$ (224,835)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	Restatement of a prior period asset	\$ (27,154)
Other governmental funds	Restatement of a prior period liability	 (55,772)
Total		\$ (82,926)

#### Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

# Note 12 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

# LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

# Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$66,826,086 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt and deferred bond premiums. The \$1,845,937 balance of deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 12 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$144,733,392) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$10,122,409 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$9,279,014 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2021 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$144,733,392) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$314,422 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$1,789,623 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2021 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$144,733,392) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$1,969,064 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2021 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

# Note 14 - Tax Abatement

On April 20, 2016, the Lamar County Board of Supervisors, the Lamar County Tax Assessor and Collector, the Lamar County Chancery Clerk and Origis Energy USA, Inc. entered into an agreement for in lieu payments of ad valorem taxes. The agreement provides for annual payments of one third of the taxes otherwise payable from the Origis Energy USA, Inc. property. The payment period will not exceed ten years pursuant to applicable state laws. The amount received by the Lamar County School District was \$554,826 for the 2020-2021 fiscal year and is anticipated to be approximately that each school year during the payment period. The payment period is expected to terminate on or about the year 2029. The Lamar County Board of Supervisors is responsible for making the annual in lieu of ad valorem payment to the Lamar County School District.

# Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through January 15, 2022, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Variar Positive (	nces (Negative)
	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 32,768,170	32,957,636	32,957,636	189,466	0
State sources	51,252,293	51,205,961	51,205,961	(46,332)	0
Federal sources	50,000	294,906	294,906	244,906	0
Sixteenth section sources	1,034,200	1,274,118	1,274,118	239,918	0
Total Revenues	85,104,663	85,732,621	85,732,621	627,958	0
Expenditures					
Instruction	54,894,649	52,215,785	52,215,785	2,678,864	0
Support services	30,348,072	30,784,133	30,784,133	(436,061)	0
Sixteenth section	134,200	140,616	140,616	(6,416)	0
Facilities acquisition and construction	0	527,902	527,902	(527,902)	0
Debt service		,	·		
Principal	280,250	0	0	280,250	0
Interest	297,680	297,680	297,680	0	0
Total Expenditures	85,954,851	83,966,116	83,966,116	1,988,735	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(850,188)	1,766,505	1,766,505	2,616,693	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Insurance loss recoveries	0	4,568	4,568	4,568	0
Operating transfers in	15,644,357	16,066,293	668,781	421,936	(15,397,512)
Operating transfers out	(15,849,557)	(16,438,490)	(1,040,978)	(588,933)	15,397,512
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(205,200)	(367,629)	(367,629)	(162,429)	0
Net Change in Fund Balances			1,398,876		
Fund Balances					
July 1, 2020, as previously reported			9,743,070		
Prior period adjustments			(27,154)		
July 1, 2020, as restated			9,715,916		
June 30, 2021			\$ 11,114,792		

LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.853924%	0.826505%	0.839080%	0.773836%	0.748187%	0.743341%	0.719420%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<del>&lt;</del>	\$ 165,309,764	145,398,536	139,563,933	128,637,807	133,644,880	114,905,860	87,394,817
District's covered payroll	€	56,860,747	53,828,070	49,655,524	49,642,006	47,863,346	46,439,676	43,940,267
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		290.73%	270.12%	281.06%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.89%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

,		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	€	10,122,409	9,893,770	8,477,921	7,820,745	7,818,616	7,538,477	7,314,249
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		10,122,409	9,893,770	8,477,921	7,820,745	7,818,616	7,538,477	7,314,249
Contribution deficiency (excess)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	↔	58,174,764	56,860,747	53,828,070	49,655,524	49,642,006	47,863,346	46,439,676
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

		2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	-	1.16986798%	1.15665205%	1.14650510%	1.05561916%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	€>	9,104,006	9,814,667	8,868,791	8,282,483
Covered employee payroll	€9	56,860,747	53,828,070	49,655,524	49,642,006
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		16.01%	18.23%	17.86%	16.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	%00.0

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	↔	314,422	363,066	393,402	353,095
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		314,422	363,066	393,402	353,095
Contribution deficiency (excess)		0	0	0	0
Covered employee payroll	€9	58,174,764	56,860,747	53,828,070	49,655,524
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.54%	0.64%	0.73%	0.71%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 75 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-18, and, until a full 10prior year audit report(s).

# Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

# (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

## 2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

# 2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2018 valuation for the June 30, 2020 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

Amortization method

Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period

30.9 years

Asset valuation method

5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation

3.00 percent

Salary increase

3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return

7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

#### **OPEB Schedules**

# (1) Changes of assumptions

2017: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

2018: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

2019: The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2020</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

# LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

<u>2020</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2020:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

Amortization method

Level dollar

Amortization period

30 years, open

Asset valuation method

Market Value of Assets

Price inflation

2.75%

Salary increases, including wage inflation

3.00% to 18.25%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

7.00%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

4.75%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

2028

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

OPEB plan investment expense, including price 3.50%

inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture  Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: COVID-19 - summer food service program for children Total child nutrition cluster	10.559	215MS326N1099	\$ 4,542,143 4,542,143
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			4,542,143
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			4,542,143
Department of the Treasury  Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:  COVID-19 - Coronavirus relief fund  Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education  Total Department of the Treasury	21.019	*	3,605,529 3,605,529 3,605,529
U.S. Department of Education  Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:  Title I - grants to local educational agencies  Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.010 84.048	S010A200024 V048A200024	2,728,725 119,388
Twenty first century community learning centers  English language acquisition grants  Supporting effective instruction - state grants  Student support and academic enrichment program	84.287C 84.365 84.367 84.424	S287C200024 S365A200024 S367A200023 S424A200025	249,289 61,839 414,421 196,029
Total			3,769,691
Education stabilization funds:  COVID-19 - Education stabilization fund (ESSER) l  COVID-19 - Education stabilization fund (ESSER) lI  COVID-19 - Education stabilization fund (ESSER) ARP III  COVID-19 - CTE ESSER Grant  Total education stabilization funds	84.425D 84.425D 84.425U 84.425D	S425D200031 S425D210031 S425D210031 S425D210031	1,690,916 34,672 4,138 13,498 1,743,224
Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states Special education - preschool grants Total special education cluster	84.027 84.173	H027A200108 H173A200113	2,008,793 66,200 2,074,993
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education  Total U.S. Department of Education			7,587,908 7,587,908
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:  Medical assistance program  Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education	93.778	2005MS5ADM	53,240 53,240
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			53,240
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 15,788,820

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* Pass through numbers have not been provided by the Mississippi Department of Education

# LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

## (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

# (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# (4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$378,117 are included in the COVIP-19 summer food service program for children.

# (5) Other Items

For each federal grant passed through the Mississippi Department of Education, the school district has elected to use the pass-through entity identifying number as provided by the Mississippi Department of Education for the most recent and significant grant year.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 80,351,180 28,700,535	66,115,704 9,622,193	2,297,828 502,073	6,010,658 170,934	5,926,990 18,405,335
Total	109,051,715	75,737,897	2,799,901	6,181,592	24,332,325
Total number of students	8,931				
Cost per student	\$ 12,210	8,480	314	692	2,724

# Notes to the schedule.

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

Total number of students - the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the school year.

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OTHER INFORMATION

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# LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years

# UNAUDITED

	2021	2020*	2019*	2018*
Revenues	3			
Local sources	\$ 32,957,636	31,914,772	30,764,059	27,651,981
State sources	51,205,961	52,150,419	49,390,649	44,374,697
Federal sources	294,906	397,866	89,124	250,484
Sixteenth section sources	1,274,118	959,400	938,118	1,002,977
Total Revenues	85,732,621	85,422,457	81,181,950	73,280,139
Expenditures				
Instruction	52,215,785	52,135,195	49,187,091	45,020,578
Support services	30,784,133	29,588,931	27,128,481	25,112,564
Noninstructional services	0	108	0	27,985
Sixteenth section	140,616	197,647	147,819	114,680
Facilities acquisition and construction	527,902	1,007,220	177,090	0
Debt service				
Interest	297,680	324,890	352,100	371,819
Total Expenditures	83,966,116	83,253,991	76,992,581	70,647,626
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,766,505	2,168,466	4,189,369	2,632,513
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Insurance loss recoveries	4,568	107,082	0	7,238
Operating transfers in	668,781	961,171	1,445,570	854,742
Operating transfers out	(1,040,978)	(1,199,358)	(4,054,426)	(3,598,216)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(367,629)	(131,105)	(2,608,856)	(2,736,236)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,398,876	2,037,361	1,580,513	(103,723)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	9,743,070	7,557,074	3,472,806	3,576,529
Lumberton Public School Consolidation	0	0	2,347,659	0
Prior period adjustments	(27,154)	0	156,096	0
Fund Reclassification (GASB 84)	0	148,635	0	0
Beginning of period, as restated	9,715,916	7,705,709	5,976,561	3,576,529
End of period	\$ 11,114,792	9,743,070	7,557,074	3,472,806

<sup>\*</sup> Source - Prior year audit reports.

# UNAUDITED

	2021	2020*	2019*	2018*
Revenues	<b>.</b>	27 001 010	27 050 420	22.757.544
Local sources	\$ 38,292,615	37,901,818	37,059,438	33,757,544
State sources	54,849,164	55,689,315	53,797,661	48,408,896
Federal sources	16,531,024	9,722,556	9,589,051	8,843,351
Sixteenth section sources	1,985,142	2,094,440	2,195,530	1,671,602
Total Revenues	111,657,945	105,408,129	102,641,680	92,681,393
Expenditures				
Instruction	62,267,976	59,371,911	55,806,087	50,724,348
Support services	36,560,284	32,672,836	32,362,222	30,497,003
Noninstructional services	4,106,154	4,916,956	4,794,793	4,459,437
Sixteenth section	164,186	241,793	193,084	151,743
Facilities acquisition and construction	766,882	2,106,075	518,250	779,925
Debt service				
Principal	3,965,000	3,825,000	5,839,000	4,500,000
Interest	1,217,159	1,338,131	1,509,897	1,651,136
Other	4,074	4,081	3,660	198,927
Total Expenditures	109,051,715	104,476,783	101,026,993	92,962,519
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,606,230	931,346	1,614,687	(281,126)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds of refunding bonds	0	0	0	9,280,000
Insurance loss recoveries	4,568	107,082	0	7,238
Operating transfers in	2,035,216	2,160,529	5,499,996	4,452,958
Other financing sources	0	0	0	264,739
Operating transfers out	(2,035,216)	(2,160,529)	(5,499,996)	(4,452,958)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	0	0	0	(9,279,967)
Other financing uses	0	0	(1,573)	(71,067)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,568	107,082	(1,573)	200,943
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,610,798	1,038,428	1,613,114	(80,183)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	36,476,460	35,136,371	29,498,689	29,594,946
Lumberton Public School Consolidation	0	0	4,042,929	0
Prior period adjustments	(82,926)	0	13,282	0
Fund Reclassification (GASB 84)	0	148,635	0	0
Beginning of period, as restated	36,393,534	35,285,006	33,554,900	29,594,946
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(35,506)	153,026	(31,643)	(16,074)
End of period	\$ 38,968,826	36,476,460	35,136,371	29,498,689

<sup>\*</sup> Source - Prior year audit reports.

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

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# CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

# Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Lamar County School District

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lamar County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lamar County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated January 15, 2022.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Lamar County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lamar County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lamar County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lamar County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

Ridgeland, MS January 15, 2022

# CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, MS 39158 Phone: 601.941.6649 Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

# Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Lamar County School District

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Lamar County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lamar County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Lamar County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Lamar County School District's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lamar County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

l believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of Lamar County School District's compliance.

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Lamar County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Lamar County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered Lamar County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lamar County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, I identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item [2021-001] that I consider to be a significant deficiency.

Lamar County School District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying Auditee's Corrective Action Plan. Lamar County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, I express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

Ridgeland, MS January 15, 2022 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Lamar County School District

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lamar County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, which collectively comprise Lamar County School District's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated January 15, 2022. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and my audit of the financial statements disclosed the following immaterial instance of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. My finding and recommendation and Lamar County School District's response are as follows:

CONDITION: Nine Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) retirees out of sample of fourteen had a PERS Form 4B for reemployment which was dated by management beyond the five days of the employment date.

CRITERIA: PERS requires that the Form 4B be dated by management within five days of reemployment of the PERS retiree.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition was an oversight by management.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of the condition could be construed to be a matter of noncompliance. RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the PERS Form 4B be dated by management within five days of employment as required by PERS.

SCHOOL DISTRICT'S RESPONSE: The Business Office has already developed and put into place an internal procedure to properly record the submission date on Form 4B's to PERS within 5 days of reemployment.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to insure that corrective action has been taken.

The Lamar County School District's response to the finding included in this report was not audited and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

Ridgeland, MS January 15, 2022 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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### LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

### Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

#### Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements?

#### Federal Awards:

4. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?Yes

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Yes

7. Federal program identified as major program:

Federal Program or Cluster	Assistance Listing Number
COVID-19 - Coronavirus relief fund	21.019
Special education cluster	84.027, 84.173
COVID-19 - Education stabilization fund (ESSER I) COVID-19 - Education stabilization fund (ESSER II) COVID-19 - Education stabilization fund (ESSER ARP III) COVID-19 - CTE ESSER grant	84.425D 84.425D 84.425U 84.425D

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). Yes

### Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under the *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses.

### Finding 2021-001

Assistance Listing No.:	Program Passed through the Mississippi Department of Education:
21.019	COVID-19 - MS pandemic response broadband availability act
84.010	Title I grants to local education agencies

### LAMAR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Assistance Listing No.:

Program Passed through the Mississippi Department of Education:

84,424

Student support and academic enrichment

Compliance Requirement: Procurement, Suspension and Debarment

CRITERIA: Uniform Guidance requires two written quotes for the purchase of services and/or commodities that exceed \$10,000 but are less than \$250,000.

CONDITION: The district expended an amount greater than \$10,000 for services and/or commodities without having received written quotes for the following:

- 1) Coronavirus Relief Fund (HB 1788) the district entered into a contract for \$27,090 without having received at least two competitive quotes.
- 2) The Student Support and Academic Enrichment program and the Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies the program expended \$36,505 and \$21,859, respectively, for a combined total of \$62,864 for commodities without having received at least two competitive quotes.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition appears to be an oversight by management.

EFFECT: The effect of this condition could result in noncompliance with program requirements.

**QUESTIONED COSTS: None** 

PREVALENCE AND CONSEQUENCE: This appears to be an isolated matter.

REPEAT FINDING: Not a repeat finding.

RECOMMENDATION: When expending federal funds, it is recommended that at least two competitive quotes be received when the expenditure exceeds \$10,000 and is less than \$250,000.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL: See the section Auditee's Corrective Action Plan and Summary of Prior Audit Findings for the school district's response to the finding.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

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Corrective Action Plan

January 15, 2022

As required by 2 CFR 200.516(a), the Lamar County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the finding included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

## Finding 2021-001

### Corrective Action Plan

a. Contact person responsible for corrective action: Jennifer Hession

- b. Description of correction action to be taken: The Business Manager, Assistant Superintendent, Federal Programs Director and Technology Director met to discuss requirement of uniform guidance requiring two quotes as it relates to purchases greater than \$10,000 but less than \$250,000.
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action: This meeting occurred December 10, 2021.

Sincerely,

Superintendent of Education



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# Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

January 15, 2022

As required by 2 CFR 200.511(b), the Lamar County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings as of June 30, 2021.

Finding

Status

2020 - 001

Corrected

Sincerely

Superintendent of Education