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NORTH BOLIVAR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

NORTH BOLIVAR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

BROWN CPA, PLLC

7708 Old Canton Rd, Suite A Madison, MS 39110 Phone: 601-325-6013 Fax: 601-202-3038

clint.brown@brownafs.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board North Bolivar Consolidated School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Bolivar Consolidated School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the North Bolivar Consolidated School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our modified audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit

Governmental Activities General Fund Title I A Basic Fund Aggregate Remaining Fund Information Type of Opinion

Qualified Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

The North Bolivar Consolidated School District did not properly reconcile and verify the entries in the accounting software and the related presentation on the financial statements of the Capital Assets that have a material effect on assets for governmental activities. Due to the significance of this matter with the North Bolivar Consolidated School District's records, we were unable to satisfy ourselves as to the fair presentation of the capital assets.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Governmental activities and capital asset information of the North Bolivar Consolidated School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, except the items noted in "Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities", the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Bolivar Consolidated School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 5-13 and 43-48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the North Bolivar Consolidated School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements.

statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 29, 2022, on our consideration of the North Bolivar Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Bolivar Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering North Bolivar Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brown CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi July 29, 2022

Brown CRA, PLLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of North Bolivar Consolidated School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2021 increased \$1,239,422, including a prior period adjustment of \$160,174, which represents a 12% increase from fiscal year 2020. Total net position for 2020 increased \$1,735,492, including a prior period adjustment of (\$209,353), which represents a 14% increase from fiscal year 2019.
- General revenues amounted to 8,324,331 and 8,129,768, or 68% and 68% of all revenues for fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,999,307, or 32% of total revenues for 2021, and \$3,859,888, or 32% of total revenues for 2020.
- The District had \$11,244,390 and \$10,044,811 in expenses for fiscal years 2021 and 2020; only \$3,999,307 for 2021 and \$3,859,888 for 2020 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$8,324,331 for 2021 and 8,129,768 for 2020 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$7,770,409 in revenues and \$7,125,667 in expenditures for 2021, and \$7,730,068 in revenues and \$7,290,929 in expenditures in 2020. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$686,624, including a prior period adjustment of \$25,663, from 2020 to 2021, and increased by \$996,115, including a prior period adjustment of \$59,430, from 2019 to 2020.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$260,030 for 2021 and increased by \$649,445 for 2020. The increase for 2021 was due primarily to the addition of construction in progress assets and other prior period adjustments made to assets and accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$87,272 for 2021 and increased by \$1,077,665 for 2020. The decrease for 2021 was due primarily to the payment of principal. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$10,831 for 2020 and increased by \$5,866 for 2020.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are classified as governmental funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$9,286,473 as of June 30, 2021.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Conder	ised a	Statement of Ne	et Pos	sition				
June 30, 2021 June 30, 202				June 30, 2020	Percentag Change			
Current assets	\$	5,743,500	\$	4,940,050	16.26	%		
Restricted assets		103,617		5,329	1,844.40	%		
Capital assets, net		3,039,916		2,779,886	9.35	%		
Total assets		8,887,033		7,725,265	15.04	%		
Deferred outflows of resources		2,864,164		1,260,757	127.18	%		
Current liabilities		594,776		128,008	364.64	%		
Long-term debt outstanding		1,320,018		1,407,290	(6.20)	%		
Net OPEB liability		966,461		1,039,065	(6.99)	%		
Net pension liability		16,408,164		13,759,738	19.25	%		
Total liabilities		19,289,419	19,289,419 16,334,101		18.09	%		
Deferred inflows of resources		1,748,251		3,177,816	(44.99)	%		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets		1,922,199		1,695,062	13.40	%		
Restricted		945,765		1,076,526	(12.15)	%		
Unrestricted		(12,154,437)		(13,297,483)	8.60	%		
Total net position	\$	(9,286,473)	\$	(10,525,895)	11.77	%		

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit) Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	\$ (12,154,437)
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows	16,258,712
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 4,104,275

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$260,030.
- Decrease in long term debt of \$87,272.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$16,408,164
- Recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$966,461

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 were \$12,323,638 and \$11,989,656, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$11,244,390 for 2021 and \$10,044,811 for 2020.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Table 2Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2021		 Year Ended June 30, 2020	Percentage Change	
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	127,260	\$ 581,275	(78.11)	%
Operating grants and contributions		3,872,047	3,278,613	18.10	%
General revenues:					
Property taxes		1,927,815	1,869,861	3.10	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		5,870,442	5,763,149	1.86	%
Investment earnings		4,198	2,420	73.47	%
Sixteenth section sources		257,542	290,788	(11.43)	%
Other		264,334	203,550	29.86	%
Total revenues		12,323,638	 11,989,656	2.79	%
Expenses:					
Instruction		5,379,395	5,210,511	3.24	%
Support services		4,451,591	4,205,086	5.86	%
Non-instructional		782,049	632,976	23.55	%
Sixteenth section		5,869	8,245	(28.82)	%
Pension expense		608,389	(58,980)	1,131.52	%
OPEB expense		(25,038)	10,783	(332.20)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		42,135	 36,190	16.43	%
Total expenses		11,244,390	 10,044,811	11.94	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		1,079,248	 1,944,845	(44.51)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(10,525,895)	 (12,261,387)	14.15	%
Prior Period Adjustment		160,174	 (209,353)	176.51	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(10,365,721)	(12,470,740)	16.88	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(9,286,473)	\$ (10,525,895)	11.77	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total I	Percentage	
	 2021	 2020	Change
Instruction	\$ 5,379,395	\$ 5,210,511	3.24 %
Support services	4,451,591	4,205,086	5.86 %
Non-instructional	782,049	632,976	23.55 %
Sixteenth section	5,869	8,245	(28.82) %
Pension Expense	608,389	(58,980)	1,131.52 %
OPEB Expense	(25,038)	10,783	(332.20) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 42,135	 36,190	16.43 %
Total expenses	\$ 11,244,390	\$ 10,044,811	11. 94 %

	Net (Exper	Percentage	
	2020	 2019	Change
Instruction	\$ (3,526,236)	\$ (3,567,930)	1.17 %
Support services	(3,226,329)	(2,675,331)	(20.60) %
Non-instructional	138,837	54,576	154.39 %
Sixteenth section	(5,869)	(8,245)	28.82 %
Pension Expense	(608,389)	58,980	(1,131.52) %
OPEB Expense	25,038	(10,783)	332.20 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (42,135)	 (36,190)	(16.43) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (7,245,083)	\$ (6,184,923 <u>)</u>	(17.14) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$7,245,083 for 2021 and \$6,184,923 for 2020) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$1,927,815 for 2021 and \$1,869,861 for 2020) and state and federal revenues (\$5,870,442 for 2021 and 5,763,149 for 2020). In addition, there was \$257,542 and \$290,788 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2021 and 2020, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$4,198 for 2021 and \$2,420 for 2020.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5,284,630, an increase of \$432,953, which includes an increase in inventory of \$3,603 and a prior period adjustment of \$41,468. \$4,179,315, or 79% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$1,105,315, or 21% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$686,624, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$25,663. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$253,671, which includes an increase in inventory of \$3,603 and a prior period adjustment of \$15,805. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>
Title I-A Basic Fund	\$ no increase or decrease

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2021, the District's total capital assets were \$6,583,174, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$263,392 from 2020. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021, was \$3,543,258, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$199,816, resulting in total net capital assets of \$3,039,916.

	J	une 30, 2021	 June 30, 2020	Percentag Change	je
Land	\$	37,690	\$ 37,690	0.00	%
Construction in Progress		-	836,795	(100.00)	%
Buildings		1,046,783	1,074,528	(2.58)	%
Building improvements		1,415,531	451,075	213.81	%
Mobile equipment		382,559	271,033	41.15	%
Furniture and equipment		157,353	 108,765	44.67	%
Total	\$	3,039,916	\$ 2,779,886	9.35	%

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2021, the District had \$1,320,018 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$124,248 is due within one year. The District made principal payments totaling \$108,515 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$10,831 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Jı	une 30, 2021	Jı	une 30, 2020	Percent Chang	•
Three Mill notes payable	\$	1,216,000	\$	1,306,000	(6.89)	%
Shortfall notes payable		51,358		37,799	35.87	%
Compensated absences payable		52,660		63,491	(17.06)	%
Total	\$	1,320,018	\$	1,407,290	(6.20)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The North Bolivar Consolidated School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the North Bolivar Consolidated School District, 204 North Edwards Street, Mound Bayou, MS 38762.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NORTH BOLIVAR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

Exhibit A

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,210,330
Due from other governments	517,383
Inventories	15,787
Restricted assets	103,617
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	37,690
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	1,046,783
Building improvements	1,415,531
Mobile equipment	382,559
Furniture and equipment	157,353
Total Assets	8,887,033
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,656,239
Deferred outflows - OPEB	207,925
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,864,164
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	506,802
Unearned revenue	55,685
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	32,289
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	52,209
	03 000
Capital related liabilities	92,000
Non-capital related liabilities	32,248
Net OPEB liability	37,514
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	1 104 000
Capital related liabilities	1,124,000
Non-capital related liabilities	71,770
Net pension liability	16,408,164
Net OPEB liability	928,947
Total Liabilities	19,289,419
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	1,328,825
Deferred inflows - OPEB	419,426
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,748,251
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,922,199
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	628,302
Debt service	274,519
Forestry improvements	19,078
Unemployment benefits	18,532
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section	5,334
Unrestricted	(12,154,437)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (9,286,473)
	. (-,, -)

NORTH BOLIVAR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			F	Program Reven	ues	3	Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 5,379,395	\$ 24,857	\$	1,828,302	\$	-	\$ (3,526,236)
Support services	4,451,591	102,396		1,122,866		-	(3,226,329)
Non-instructional	782,049	7		920,879		-	138,837
Sixteenth section	5,869	-		-		-	(5,869)
Pension expense	608,389	-		-		-	(608,389)
OPEB expense	(25,038)	-		-		-	25,038
Interest on long-term liabilities	42,135	-		-		-	(42,135)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 11,244,390	\$ 127,260	\$	3,872,047	\$	-	\$ (7,245,083)

General Revenues:

Taxes:	
General purpose levies	1,822,011
Debt purpose levies	105,804
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	5,870,358
Federal	84
Unrestricted investment earnings	4,198
Sixteenth section sources	257,542
Other	264,334
Total General Revenues	8,324,331
Change in Net Position	1,079,248
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	(10,525,895)
Prior Period Adjustments	160,174
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	(10,365,721)
Net Position (deficit) - Ending	\$ (9,286,473)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit B

Net (Expense)

NORTH BOLIVAR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Exhibit C

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2021

00.00 00, 2021	Major F	und	s			
			Title I	•	Other	Total
	General		A Basic		Governmental	Governmental
	Fund		Fund		Funds	Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,120,108	\$	43,304	\$	1,150,535	\$ 5,313,947
Due from other governments	81,853		84,154		351,376	517,383
Due from other funds	436,151		-		17,468	453,619
Inventories	 -		-		15,787	15,787
Total assets	\$ 4,638,112	\$	127,458	\$	1,535,166	\$ 6,300,736
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 418,709	\$	-	\$	88,093	\$ 506,802
Due to other funds	11,110		84,154		358,355	453,619
Unearned revenue	-		43,304		12,381	55,685
Total Liabilities	 429,819		127,458		458,829	1,016,106
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	-		-		15,787	15,787
Permanent fund principal	-		-		5,334	5,334
Restricted:						
Debt service	-		-		306,808	306,808
Capital projects	-		-		98,283	98,283
Forestry improvement purposes	-		-		19,078	19,078
Grant activities	-		-		612,515	612,515
Unemployment benefits	-		-		18,532	18,532
Assigned:						
Activity funds	28,978		-		-	28,978
Unassigned	 4,179,315		-		-	4,179,315
Total Fund Balances	 4,208,293		-		1,076,337	5,284,630
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 4,638,112	\$	127,458	\$	1,535,166	\$ 6,300,736

NORTH BOLIVAR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Ne June 30, 2021		Exhibit C-1	
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	5,284,630
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:			
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 			
Land	\$ 37,690		
Construction in progress	-		
Buildings	2,556,790		
Building improvements	1,824,797		
Mobile equipment	1,636,243		
Furniture and equipment	527,654		
Accumulated depreciation	(3,543,258)	_	3,039,916
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Net pension liability	(16,408,164)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	2,656,239		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,328,825)		(15,080,750)
 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 		-	
Net OPEB liability	(966,461)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	207,925		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(419,426)		(1,177,962)
 Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: 		-	
Notes payable	(1,267,358)		
Compensated absences	(52,660)		
Accrued interest payable	(32,289)		(1,352,307)
Net Position of governmental activities		\$	(9,286,473)

NORTH BOLIVAR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds

$\label{eq:statement} Statement \ of \ Revenues, \ Expenditures \ and \ Changes \ in \ Fund \ Balances$

Exhibit D

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues: Title I Other Tot. Local sources \$ 1,873,194 \$ - \$ 299,081 \$ 2,17 State sources 5,638,359 - 510,323 6,14 Federal sources \$ 1,873,194 \$ - \$ 299,081 \$ 2,17 State sources 5,638,359 - 510,323 6,14 Federal sources \$ 2,814,537 3,59 Sixteenth section sources 258,772 - 7 25 Total Revenues 7,770,409 780,885 3,623,948 12,17 State sources 3,669,880 580,827 1,768,391 6,011 Support services 3,448,552 1155,401 1,007,263 4,61 Noninstructional services 2,255 44,657 864,915 91 Sixteenth section 4,980 - 889 5 3,00,513 100 Debt service: - Principal 108,515 100 Interest - - Total Expenditures 108,515 100 - - - Principal 108,515 100 - - - - Instruction 5,647 7 780,885 3,994,778 11,90 - - - - Sixteenth section 300,653 200 - - - - - - - - - -	the Year Ended June 30, 2021	Ma	ajor Fun	ds			
General A Basic Governmental Governmental Governmental Governmental Revenues: Local sources \$ 1,873,194 \$ - \$ 299,081 \$ 2,17 State sources $5,638,359$ - \$ 299,081 \$ 2,17 State sources $5,638,359$ - \$ 299,081 \$ 2,17 State sources 84 780,885 $2,814,537$ $3,59$ Sixteenth section sources $258,772$ - 7 255 Total Revenues $7,770,409$ $780,885$ $3,623,948$ $12,177$ Expenditures: Instruction $3,669,880$ $580,827$ $1,768,391$ $6,011$ Support services $2,255$ $44,657$ $864,915$ 91 Noninstructional services $2,255$ $44,657$ $864,915$ 91 Sixteenth section $4,980$ - 889 7 Total Expenditures $7,125,667$ $780,885$ $3,994,778$ $11,900$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues $644,742$ - $(370$					•	Other	Total
Fund Fund Funds Funds Local sources \$ 1,873,194 \$ - \$ 299,081 \$ 2,17 State sources 5,638,359 - 510,323 6,14 Federal sources 288,772 - 7 255 Total Revenues 7,770,409 780,885 3,623,948 12,17 Expenditures: 1nstruction 3,669,880 580,827 1,768,391 6,001 Support services 3,448,552 155,401 1,007,263 4,611 Noninstructional services 2,255 44,657 864,915 91 Sixteenth section 4,980 - 889 3200 Debt service: - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 441,152 4 Total Expenditures 7,125,667 780,885 3,994,778 11,90 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - - 441,152 4 over (under) Expendit		Gene	ral				Governmental
Revenues: S 1,873,194 - \$ 299,081 \$ 2,17 State sources 5,638,359 - 510,323 6,14 Federal sources 84 780,885 2,814,537 3,59 Sixteenth section sources 258,772 - 7 255 Total Revenues 7,770,409 780,885 3,623,948 12,17 Expenditures: - 7 255 7,770,409 780,885 3,623,948 12,17 Support services 3,669,880 580,827 1,768,391 6,001 Support services 3,448,552 155,401 1,007,263 4,61 Noninstructional services 2,255 44,657 864,915 91 Sixteenth section 4,980 - 889 42 Principal - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 44,152 44 Total Expenditures 7,125,667 780,885 3,994,778 11,90 Excess (Defici		-				-	Funds
Local sources \$ 1,873,194 \$ 299,081 \$ 2,17 State sources 5,638,359 - 510,323 6,14 Federal sources 84 780,885 2,814,537 3,59 Sixteenth section sources 258,772 - 7 255 Total Revenues 7,770,409 780,885 3,623,948 12,17 Expenditures: - 7,770,409 780,885 3,623,948 12,17 Support services 3,669,880 580,827 1,768,391 6,013 Support services 2,255 44,657 864,915 91 Sixteenth section 4,980 - 889 - Facilities acquisition and construction - - 200,653 200 Debt service: - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 44,152 4 Total Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 27 Oth	anues:						
State sources 5,638,359 - 510,323 6,14 Federal sources 84 780,885 2,814,537 3,59 Sixteenth section sources 258,772 - 7 255 Total Revenues 7,770,409 780,885 3,623,948 12,177 Expenditures: - - 7 255 Instruction 3,669,880 580,827 1,768,391 6,011 Support services 3,448,552 155,401 1,007,263 4,611 Noninstructional services 2,255 44,657 864,915 91 Sixteenth section 4,980 - 889 - Facilities acquisition and construction - - 200,653 200 Debt service: - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 44,152 44 Total Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 27 Other Financing		\$ 1,873,	194 \$	-	\$	299,081	\$ 2,172,275
Federal sources 84 780,885 2,814,537 3,59 Sixteenth section sources 258,772 - 7 250 Total Revenues 7,770,409 780,885 3,623,948 12,17 Expenditures: - - 7 250 Instruction 3,669,880 580,827 1,768,391 6,011 Support services 3,448,552 155,401 1,007,263 4,61 Noninstructional services 2,255 44,657 864,915 91 Sixteenth section 4,980 - 889 - Principal - - 200,653 200 Debt service: - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 44,152 44 Total Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 275 Detr Financing Sources (Uses): -	tate sources			-		-	6,148,682
Sixteenth section sources 258,772 - 7 255 Total Revenues 7,770,409 780,885 3,623,948 12,173 Expenditures: 1 7,770,409 780,885 3,623,948 12,173 Instruction 3,669,880 580,827 1,768,391 6,013 Support services 3,448,552 155,401 1,007,263 4,61 Noninstructional services 2,255 44,657 864,915 91 Sixteenth section 4,980 - 889 32 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 200,653 200 Debt service: - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 44,152 44 Total Expenditures 7,125,667 780,885 3,994,778 11,900 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - - 102,396 - - 100 over (under) Expenditures 32,074 - - 33 0perating transfers in 60,000 <t< td=""><td>ederal sources</td><td></td><td></td><td>780,885</td><td></td><td>2,814,537</td><td>3,595,506</td></t<>	ederal sources			780,885		2,814,537	3,595,506
Total Revenues 7,770,409 780,885 3,623,948 12,177 Expenditures: Instruction 3,669,880 580,827 1,768,391 6,019 Support services 3,448,552 155,401 1,007,263 4,61 Noninstructional services 2,255 44,657 864,915 91 Sixteenth section 4,980 - 889 42 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 200,653 200 Debt service: - 108,515 100 11,907 200,653 200 Principal - - 108,515 100 11,900 200 <td>ixteenth section sources</td> <td>258,</td> <td>772</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>7</td> <td>258,779</td>	ixteenth section sources	258,	772	-		7	258,779
Instruction 3,669,880 580,827 1,768,391 6,019 Support services 3,448,552 155,401 1,007,263 4,61 Noninstructional services 2,255 44,657 864,915 91 Sixteenth section 4,980 - 889 - Facilities acquisition and construction - - 200,653 200 Debt service: - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 44,152 44 Total Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 275 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - - - 100 over (under) Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 275 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - - 100 Insurance recovery 102,396 - - 100 Bonds and notes issued 32,074 - - 33 Operat	Revenues	7,770,	409	780,885		3,623,948	12,175,242
Instruction 3,669,880 580,827 1,768,391 6,019 Support services 3,448,552 155,401 1,007,263 4,61 Noninstructional services 2,255 44,657 864,915 91 Sixteenth section 4,980 - 889 - Facilities acquisition and construction - - 200,653 200 Debt service: - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 44,152 44 Total Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 275 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - - - 100 over (under) Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 275 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - - 100 Insurance recovery 102,396 - - 100 Bonds and notes issued 32,074 - - 33 Operat	anditures:						
Support services 3,448,552 155,401 1,007,263 4,61 Noninstructional services 2,255 44,657 864,915 91 Sixteenth section 4,980 - 889 91 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 200,653 200 Debt service: - - 200,653 200 Interest - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 44,152 44 Total Expenditures 7,125,667 780,885 3,994,778 11,90 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - - (370,830) 27 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - - 102,396 - - 100 Bonds and notes issued 32,074 - - 33 Operating transfers in 60,000 - 166,711 220 Other financing sources 46,000 - - 44 - - 40 Operating transfers out <t< td=""><td></td><td>3,669,</td><td>880</td><td>580,827</td><td></td><td>1,768,391</td><td>6,019,098</td></t<>		3,669,	880	580,827		1,768,391	6,019,098
Noninstructional services 2,255 44,657 864,915 91 Sixteenth section 4,980 - 889 - Facilities acquisition and construction - 200,653 200 Debt service: - 108,515 100 Interest - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 44,152 44 Total Expenditures 7,125,667 780,885 3,994,778 11,90 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - (370,830) 27 over (under) Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 27 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 102,396 - - 100 Bonds and notes issued 32,074 - - 33 Operating transfers in 60,000 - 166,711 220 Other financing sources 46,000 - - 44 Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (221 Other financing uses<	upport services	3,448,	552	155,401		1,007,263	4,611,216
Sixteenth section 4,980 - 889 - Facilities acquisition and construction - - 200,653 200 Debt service: - - 200,653 200 Principal - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 44,152 44 Total Expenditures 7,125,667 780,885 3,994,778 11,90 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - (370,830) 27 over (under) Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 27 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 100 32,074 - - 33 Operating transfers in 60,000 - 166,711 224 - - 44 Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (224 Other financing uses (66,500) - - - 64							911,827
Debt service: Principal - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 44,152 4 Total Expenditures 7,125,667 780,885 3,994,778 11,90 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 27 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - (370,830) 27 Insurance recovery 102,396 - - 100 Bonds and notes issued 32,074 - - 33 Operating transfers in 60,000 - 166,711 220 Other financing sources 46,000 - - 44 Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (220 Other financing uses (66,500) - - (66	ixteenth section	4,	980	-		889	5,869
Principal Interest - - 108,515 100 Interest - - 44,152 4 Total Expenditures 7,125,667 780,885 3,994,778 11,90 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 27 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - (370,830) 27 Insurance recovery 102,396 - - 100 Bonds and notes issued 32,074 - - 33 Operating transfers in 60,000 - 166,711 220 Other financing sources 46,000 - - 44 Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (220 Other financing uses (66,500) - - - 64	acilities acquisition and construction		-	-		200,653	200,653
Interest - - 44,152 44 Total Expenditures 7,125,667 780,885 3,994,778 11,90 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 27 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 102,396 - - 102 Insurance recovery 102,396 - - 32 Operating transfers in 60,000 - 166,711 224 Other financing sources 46,000 - - 44 Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (224) Other financing uses (66,500) - - (66)	ebt service:						
Total Expenditures 7,125,667 780,885 3,994,778 11,90 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 274 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance recovery 102,396 - - 100 Bonds and notes issued 32,074 - - 30 30 Operating transfers in 60,000 - 166,711 220 Other financing sources 46,000 - - 40 Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (220 Other financing uses (66,500) - - (66	Principal		-	-		108,515	108,515
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 644,742 - (370,830) 274 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 102,396 - - 100 Insurance recovery 102,396 - - 100 Bonds and notes issued 32,074 - - 30 Operating transfers in 60,000 - 166,711 220 Other financing sources 46,000 - - 44 Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (220 Other financing uses (66,500) - - (66	Interest		-	-		44,152	44,152
over (under) Expenditures 644,742 - (370,830) 273 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 102,396 - - 102 Insurance recovery 102,396 - - 102 - 102 Bonds and notes issued 32,074 - - 32 - 32 Operating transfers in 60,000 - 166,711 22 - - 44 Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (224) Other financing uses (66,500) - - - (64)	Expenditures	7,125,	667	780,885		3,994,778	11,901,330
Other Financing Sources (Uses): 102,396 - - 102 Insurance recovery 102,396 - - 102 Bonds and notes issued 32,074 - - 32 Operating transfers in 60,000 - 166,711 22 Other financing sources 46,000 - - 44 Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (224) Other financing uses (66,500) - - (66)	ess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Insurance recovery 102,396 - - 102 Bonds and notes issued 32,074 - - 32 Operating transfers in 60,000 - 166,711 22 Other financing sources 46,000 - - 44 Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (22 Other financing uses (66,500) - - (66	r (under) Expenditures	644,	742	-		(370,830)	273,912
Bonds and notes issued 32,074 - - 32 Operating transfers in 60,000 - 166,711 22 Other financing sources 46,000 - - 44 Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (22 Other financing uses (66,500) - - (64	r Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in 60,000 - 166,711 220 Other financing sources 46,000 - - 44 Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (22) Other financing uses (66,500) - - (66)	surance recovery	102,	396	-		-	102,396
Other financing sources 46,000 - - 44 Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (224 Other financing uses (66,500) - - (64	onds and notes issued	32,	074	-		-	32,074
Operating transfers out (157,751) - (68,960) (22 Other financing uses (66,500) - - (66	perating transfers in	60,	000	-		166,711	226,711
Other financing uses (66,500) (60	ther financing sources	46,	000	-		-	46,000
	perating transfers out	(157,	751)	-		(68,960)	(226,711)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)16,219-97,75111	ther financing uses	(66,	500)	-		-	(66,500)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)	16,	219	-		97,751	113,970
Net Change in Fund Balances 660,961 - (273,079) 38	Change in Fund Balances	660,	961	-		(273,079)	387,882
Fund Balances:	Balances:						
July 1, 2020, as previously reported 3,521,669 - 1,330,008 4,85	1, 2020, as previously reported	3,521,	669	-		1,330,008	4,851,677
Prior period adjustments 25,663 - 15,805 4	rior period adjustments	25,	663	-		15,805	41,468
July 1, 2020, as restated 3,547,332 - 1,345,813 4,89	1, 2020, as restated	3,547,	332	-		1,345,813	4,893,145
Increase (Decrease) in inventory 3,603	ase (Decrease) in inventory		-	-		3,603	3,603
June 30, 2021 \$ 4,208,293 \$ - \$ 1,076,337 \$ 5,28	30, 2021	\$ 4,208,	293 \$	-	\$	1,076,337	\$ 5,284,630

NORTH BOLIVAR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds	r	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021		Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 387,882
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 341,782 (199,816)	141,966
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		(642)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statemer of activities:		
Bonds and notes issued Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	(32,074) 108,515 2,017	78,458
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(608,389) 1,008,151	399,762
 Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include: 		
OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	25,038 32,350	57,388
 Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: 		
Change in compensated absences	10,831	
Change in inventory	3,603	14,434
Change in Net Position of governmental activities	-	\$ 1,079,248

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five-member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, North Bolivar Consolidated School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I-A Basic Fund - This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code

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Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value

of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years

See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB.

See Note 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on

historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes

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pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the policy adopted by the school district.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 7% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

The district implemented GASB Statement No. 84 during the 2021 fiscal year. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3), private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the

State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$5,313,947. The carrying amount of deposits in the government-wide financial statements was reported as cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$5,210,330 and the restricted assets in the amount of \$103,617 (see Note 4).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2021, none of the district's bank balance of \$5,493,298 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 351,997
General Fund	Title I Fund	84,154
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	11,110
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	 6,358
Total		\$ 453,619

The primary purpose of the inter-fund balances is to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 157,751
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	60,000
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	 8,960
Total		\$ 226,711

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, the transfer of expendable sixteenth section sources, debt service transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$5,334 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. It also includes the fund balance totaling \$98,283 of the capital projects funds which is restricted for capital projects and improvements.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balanc 7/1/202	-	Increases	Decreases		Completed Construction		Adjustments	Balance 6/30/2021
Governmental Activities:									
Non-depreciable capital assets:									
Land	\$ 37,69	0 \$	-	\$ -	\$	0	\$	- \$	37,690
Construction in progress	836,79	5	200,653	-		1,037,448		-	-
Total non-depreciable capital assets	874,48	5	200,653	-	-	1,037,448	-	-	37,690
Depreciable capital assets:									
Buildings	2,556,79	0	-	-		-		-	2,556,790
Building improvements	787,34	9	-	-		1,037,448		-	1,824,797
Mobile equipment	1,668,82	6	30,500	64,137		-		1,054	1,636,243
Furniture and equipment	432,33	2	110,629	-		-		(15,307)	527,654
Total depreciable capital assets	5,445,29	7	141,129	64,137		1,037,448		(14,253)	6,545,484
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings	1,482,26	2	27,746	-		-		(1)	1,510,007
Building improvements	336,27	4	72,992	-		-		-	409,266
Mobile equipment	1,397,79	3	50,866	63,495		-		(131,480)	1,253,684
Furniture and equipment	323,56	7	48,212	-		-		(1,478)	370,301
Total accumulated depreciation	3,539,89	6	199,816	63,495		-		(132,959)	3,543,258
Total depreciable capital assets, net	1,905,40	1	(58,687)	642		1,037,448		118,706	3,002,226
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,779,88	6\$	141,966	\$ 642	\$	-	\$	118,706 \$	3,039,916

Adjustments were needed to correct cost and accumulated depreciation for various asset groups.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount			
Governmental activities:				
Instruction	\$	29,730		
Support services		133,065		
Non-instructional		37,021		
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	199,816		

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance		Reduction	Balance	Amounts due within
	7/1/2020	Additions	S	6/30/2021	one year
A. Three Mill notes payable	\$ 1,306,000 \$	- \$	90,000 \$	1,216,000 \$	92,000
B. Shortfall notes payable	37,799	32,074	18,515	51,358	29,615
C. Compensated absences payable	63,491	-	10,831	52,660	2,633
Total	\$ 1,407,290 \$	32,074 \$	5 119,346 \$	1,320,018 \$	124,248

A. Three Mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	lssue	Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	(Outstanding
Limited tax notes series 2012	3.05%	9/21/2012	9/21/2022	\$ 627,000	\$	139,000
Limited tax notes series 2019	3.03%	9/20/2019	9/20/2032	1,100,000		1,077,000
Total				\$ 1,727,000	\$	1,216,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Three mill note issue of September 21, 2012

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	69,000	4,240	73,240
2023	 70,000	2,135	72,135
Total	\$ 139,000 \$	6,375 \$	145,375

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

2. Three mill note issue of September 20, 2019

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	23,000	35,541	58,541
2023	24,000	34,782	58,782
2024	26,000	33,990	59,990
2025	98,000	33,132	131,132
2026	101,000	29,898	130,898
2027	105,000	26,565	131,565
2028	109,000	23,100	132,100
2029	111,000	19,503	130,503
2030	114,000	15,840	129,840
2031	118,000	12,078	130,078
2032	122,000	8,184	130,184
2033	126,000	4,158	130,158
Total	\$ 1,077,000 \$	276,771 \$	1,353,771

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Total three mill notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	92,000	39,781	131,781
2023	94,000	36,917	130,917
2024	26,000	33,990	59,990
2025	98,000	33,132	131,132
2026	101,000	29,898	130,898
2027	105,000	26,565	131,565
2028	109,000	23,100	132,100
2029	111,000	19,503	130,503
2030	114,000	15,840	129,840
2031	118,000	12,078	130,078
2032	122,000	8,184	130,184
2033	126,000	4,158	130,158
Total	\$ 1,216,000 \$	283,146 \$	1,499,146

B. Shortfall notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	lssued	Out	tstanding
Shortfall note payable series 2019	4.15%	8/30/2019	9/3/2021	\$ 57,757	\$	19,284
Shortfall note payable series 2020	3.45%	11/24/2020	11/24/2023	32,074		32,074
Total				\$ 89,831	\$	51,358

The following is a schedule by year of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Shortfall note issue of August 30, 2019

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	 19,284	800	20,084
Total	\$ 19,284 \$	800 \$	20,084

This debt will be retired from the shortfall debt service fund.

2. Shortfall note issue of November 24, 2020

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	10,331	1,107	11,438
2023	10,687	750	11,437
2024	 11,056	381	11,437
Total	\$ 32,074 \$	2,238 \$	34,312

This debt will be retired from the shortfall debt service fund.

Total shortfall notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	29,615	1,907	31,522
2023	10,687	750	11,437
2024	11,056	381	11,437
Total	\$ 51,358 \$	3,038 \$	54,396

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who gualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65. whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2021 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019 were \$1,008,151, \$982,024, and \$802,303, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the school district reported a liability of \$16,408,164 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability was 0.084758 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020. This was a increase of 0.006542 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020 net

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$608,389. At June 30, 2021 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 142,491	\$
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,420,895	
Changes of assumptions	84,702	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,328,825
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,008,151	
Total	\$ 2,656,239	\$ 1,328,825

\$1,008,151 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2022	\$ (767,121)
2023	349,384
2024	519,820
2025	217,180

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2019. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018. The experience report is dated April 2, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of

return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Allocation</u>		<u>Rate of Return</u>	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.90) %
International Equity	22.00		4.75	5
Global Equity	12.00		5.00)
Fixed Income	20.00		0.50)
Real Estate	10.00		4.00)
Private Equity	8.00		6.25	;
Cash	1.00		0.00)
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	 · · ·	 `,`,	 <i>i</i>
the net pension liability	\$ 21,238,352	\$ 16,408,164	\$ 12,421,318

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan.

Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$32,350 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$966,461 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.12419060 percent. This was an increase of 0.00173748 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$25,038). At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,232	\$ 168,190
Changes of assumptions	150,052	40,841
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	31	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	24,260	210,395
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	32,350	

Total

\$ 207,925 \$ 419,426

\$32,350 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2022	\$ (60,046)
2023	(60,046)
2024	(58,783)
2025	(43,761)
2026	(21,215)
Thereafter	0

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.19% 3.50%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2020 2019
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.19% 3.50%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00 percent for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.19 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.50% to 2.19%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2020, the trust has \$1,037,371. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2019 and the June 30, 2020 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.19 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.19 percent) than the current discount rate:

			С	urrent	1%
	1	1% Decrease	D	iscount	Increase
		(1.19%)	R	ate (2.19%)	(3.19%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,068,006	\$	966,461	\$ 879,364

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		ŀ	Iealthcare	
		(Cost Trend	
	1%		Rates	1%
	Decrease		Current	Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 892,379	\$	966,461	\$ 1,050,393

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

Note 9 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2022	\$ 232,680
2023	172,680
2024	172,680
2025	86,680
2026	86,680
Total	\$ 751,400

Note 10 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To correct cost and accumulated depreciation of capital assets Increase or decrease in a prior period revenue or expenditure	\$ 118,706 41,468
Total	\$ 160,174

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund Other Governmental Funds	Increase or decrease in a prior period revenue or expenditure Increase or decrease in a prior period revenue or expenditure	\$ 25,663 15,805
Total		\$ 41,468

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$12,154,437) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,008,151 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$1,648,088 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$12,154,437) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,328,825 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$12,154,437) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$32,350 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$175,575 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$12,154,437) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$419,426 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

Note 14 – Insurance Loss Recoveries

The North Bolivar Consolidated School District received \$102,396 in insurance loss recoveries related to property damage during the 2020-2021 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services within support services.

Note 15 – Washington County Juvenile Detention Center Consortium

The North Bolivar Consolidated School District entered into a Juvenile Detention Center Agreement dated August 16, 2018 creating the Washington County Juvenile Detention Center. This program was in accordance with Section 43-21-321, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) which states sponsoring school district must provide educational services to youths detained in juvenile centers. It was approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Greenville Public School District, Cleveland School District, Grenada School District, Hollandale School District, Leland School District, Quitman County School District, West Bolivar Consolidated School District has been designated as the lead school district for the Washington County Juvenile Detention Center and the operations of the program are included in its financial statements.

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the North Bolivar Consolidated School District evaluated the activity of the district through July 29, 2022, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NORTH BOLIVAR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Vari Positive	
		Budgete	ed A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$	1,972,177	\$	1,873,194	\$ 1,873,194	\$ (98,983)	\$ -
State sources		5,674,111		5,638,359	5,638,359	(35,752)	-
Federal sources		100		84	84	(16)	-
Sixteenth section sources		276,500		258,772	258,772	(17,728)	-
Total Revenues		7,922,888		7,770,409	7,770,409	(152,479)	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		4,253,576		3,667,869	3,669,880	585,707	(2,011)
Support services		4,387,098		3,409,586	3,448,552	977,512	(38,966)
Noninstructional services		-		2,255	2,255	(2,255)	-
Sixteenth section		11,535		4,980	4,980	6,555	-
Facilities acquisition and construction		10,000		-	-	10,000	-
Total Expenditures		8,662,209		7,084,690	7,125,667	1,577,519	(40,977)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	. <u> </u>	(739,321)		685,719	644,742	1,425,040	(40,977)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Insurance recovery		15,000		102,396	102,396	87,396	-
Bonds and notes issued		31,274		32,074	32,074	800	-
Operating transfers in		1,471,669		778,099	60,000	(693,570)	(718,099)
Operating transfers out		(1,591,669)		(875,850)	(157,751)	715,819	718,099
Other financing sources		-		46,000	46,000	46,000	
Other financing uses		(100,000)		(66,500)	(66,500)	33,500	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(173,726)		16,219	16,219	189,945	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(913,047)		701,938	660,961	1,614,985	(40,977)
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2020, as previously reported		2,811,200		3,547,332	3,521,669	736,132	(25,663)
Prior Period adjustments				-	25,663	-	25,663
July 1, 2020, as restated		2,811,200		3,547,332	3,547,332	736,132	-
June 30, 2021	\$	1,898,153	\$	4,249,270	\$ 4,208,293	\$ 2,351,117	\$ (40,977)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

NORTH BOLIVAR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I-A Basic Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

							Va	arian	ces
							Positi	ve (N	egative)
	 Budget	ed A	mounts	_	Actual	Or	iginal		Final
	 Original		Final		(GAAP Basis)	to	Final		to Actual
Revenues:									
Federal sources	\$ 834,401	\$	1,095,015	\$	780,885	\$ 26	60,614	\$	(314,130)
Total Revenues	 834,401		1,095,015		780,885	26	60,614		(314,130)
Expenditures:									
Instruction	734,294		833,694		580,827	(9	9,400)		252,867
Support services	50,604		202,427		155,401	(15	51,823)		47,026
Noninstructional services	49,503		58,894		44,657		(9,391)		14,237
Total Expenditures	 834,401		1,095,015		780,885	(26	60,614)		314,130
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures	 -		-		-		-		-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers in	-		-		-		-		-
Operating transfers out	 -		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	 -		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2020	 -		-		-				-
June 30, 2021	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

North Bolivar Consolidated School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	2021 0.084758%	2020 0.078216%	2019 0.086075%	2018 0.104582%	2017 0.111512%	2016 0.110487%	2015 0.114243%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 16,408,164 \$	13,759,738 \$	14,316,830 \$	17,385,076 \$	19,918,826 \$	17,079,111 \$	13,867,008
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,643,816 \$	5,093,987 \$	5,496,356 \$	6,709,003 \$	7,133,683 \$	6,902,578 \$	6,980,825
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	290.7282%	270.1173%	260.4786%	259.1305%	279.2222%	247.4309%	198.6443%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59%	62%	63%	61%	57%	62%	67%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

North Bolivar Consolidated School District Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,008,151 \$	982,024 \$	802,303 \$	865,676 \$	1,056,668 \$	1,123,555 \$	1,087,156
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,008,151	982,024	802,303	865,676	1,056,668	1,123,555	1,087,156
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$\$	s <u> </u>	\$	\$	\$	\$	
District's covered payroll	5,793,971	5,643,816	5,093,987	5,496,356	6,709,003	7,133,683	6,902,578
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

North Bolivar Consolidated School District Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.12419060%	0.12245312%	0.15026319%	0.16219340%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 966,461 \$	1,039,065 \$	1,162,361 \$	1,272,584
District's covered-employee payroll	5,985,187	5,607,650	6,796,302	7,286,903
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	16.15%	18.53%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

North Bolivar Consolidated School District Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 32,350	38,542 \$	41,649 \$	54,252
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	32,350	38,542	41,649	54,252
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	0\$	0\$	0
District's covered-employee payroll	5,796,971	5,643,816	5,093,987	6,819,649
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.56%	0.68%	0.82%	0.80%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from

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6% to 7%.

<u>2019:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2018 valuation for the June 30, 2020 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	30.9 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

North Bolivar Consolidated School District Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2020:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

<u>2020:</u> The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2020:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% to 18.25%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2028
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.50%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NORTH BOLIVAR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Catalog of Federal Domestic	Pass-through Entity Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			I
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
National school lunch program		5 215MS326N1099	46,052
COVID-19 Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	215MS326N1099	904,576
Total child nutrition cluster			950,628
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			950,628
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			950,628
<u>U.S. Department of the Treasury</u> Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund:			
Equity in Distance Learning Act	21.019	9 21/120101115/8491/EDLA	314,648
Mississippi Pandemic Response Broadband Availability Act	21.019	9 21/1201021785/8499/PRBAA	140,499
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund Subtotal			455,147
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			455,147
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			455,147
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies) S010A200024	1,043,274
Career and technical education - basic grants to states		3 V048A200024	23,414
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers		S287C200024	187,714
Rural Education		3 S358B200024	4,400
Supporting Effective Instruction state grants		S367A200023	76,641
Student Support and Academic Enrichment program	84.424	S424A200025	44,962
Subtotal			1,380,405
Special education cluster:		_	
Special education - grants to states		7 H027A200108	348,121
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	3 H173A200113	26,907
Total special education cluster			375,028
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I		S425D200031	351,448
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II	84.425D	S425D210031	6,204
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal			357,652
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,113,085
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,113,085
U.S. Department of Social Security Administration			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:			
Social Security Disability Insurance	96.001	· •	84
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Service	S		84
Total U.S. Department of Social Security Administration			84
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 3,518,944
The notes to the supplementary information ar	e an integral part	of this schedule	

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

North Bolivar Consolidated School District Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the North Bolivar Consolidated School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the North Bolivar Consolidated School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the North Bolivar Consolidated School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The North Bolivar Consolidated School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

*- the passthrough entity did not provide any identifying number.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

North Bolivar Consolidated School District Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 8,067,554 3,833,776	5,026,796 967,637	611,646 217,237	458,487 396	1,970,625 2,648,506
Total	\$ 11,901,330	5,994,433	828,883	458,883	4,619,131
Total number of students *	 911				
Cost per student	\$ 13,064	6,580	910	504	5,070

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

NORTH BOLIVAR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2021	2020*	2019*	2018*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	1,873,194 \$	1,907,969 \$	1,782,700 \$	1,818,873
State sources		5,638,359	5,530,664	5,748,344	5,571,460
Federal sources		84	70	378	24,085
Sixteenth Section sources		258,772	291,365	298,485	316,373
Total Revenues	_	7,770,409	7,730,068	7,829,907	7,730,791
Expenditures:					
Instruction		3,669,880	3,904,231	3,434,741	4,294,019
Support services		3,448,552	3,378,453	3,082,666	3,375,949
Noninstructional services		2,255	-	1,212	6,319
Sixteenth Section		4,980	8,245	-	-
Total Expenditures		7,125,667	7,290,929	6,518,619	7,676,287
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		644,742	439,139	1,311,288	54,504
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery		102,396	479,202	90,677	-
Bonds and notes issued		32,074	57,757	-	-
Operating transfers in		60,000	66,527	116,651	36,657
Operating transfers out		(157,751)	(105,940)	(211,465)	(356,532)
Other financing sources		46,000	-	-	-
Other financing uses		(66,500)	-	(1,267)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		16,219	497,546	(5,404)	(319,875)
Net Change in Fund Balances		660,961	936,685	1,305,884	(265,371)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period , as previously reported		3,521,669	2,525,554	1,081,614	1,346,985
Prior period adjustments		25,663	59,430	138,056	-
Beginning of period, restated		3,547,332	2,584,984	1,219,670	1,346,985
End of Period	\$	4,208,293 \$	3,521,669 \$	2,525,554 \$	1,081,614

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

NORTH BOLIVAR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2021	2020*	2019*	2018*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	2,172,275 \$	2,177,321 \$	2,087,652 \$	1,907,623
State sources		6,148,682	6,167,542	6,087,132	6,112,717
Federal sources		3,595,506	2,874,221	2,836,203	2,477,866
Sixteenth section sources		258,779	291,370	298,513	316,389
Total Revenues		12,175,242	11,510,454	11,309,500	10,814,595
Expenditures:					
Instruction		6,019,098	5,865,886	4,993,542	5,538,342
Support services		4,611,216	4,442,129	4,014,557	4,087,656
Noninstructional services		911,827	721,207	792,710	872,322
Sixteenth section		5,869	8,245	105	800
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		200,653	836,795	-	-
Principal		108,515	85,958	64,000	357,000
Interest		44,152	8,316	10,248	16,387
Other		-	-	-	1,575
Total Expenditures	_	11,901,330	11,968,536	9,875,162	10,874,082
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		273,912	(458,082)	1,434,338	(59,487)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery		102,396	479,202	90,677	-
Bonds and notes issued		32,074	1,157,757	-	-
Operating transfers in		226,711	172,467	328,145	473,223
Operating transfers out		(226,711)	(172,467)	(328,145)	(473,223)
Other financing sources		46,000	-	-	-
Other financing uses		(66,500)	-	(1,267)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	113,970	1,636,959	89,410	0
Net Change in Fund Balances		387,882	1,178,877	1,523,748	(59,487)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as originally reported		4,851,677	3,728,854	2,190,819	2,319,000
Prior period adjustments		41,468	(56,210)	17,247	(67,591)
Beginning of period, restated	_	4,893,145	3,672,644	2,208,066	2,251,409
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		3,603	156	(2,960)	(1,103)
End of Period	\$	5,284,630 \$	4,851,677 \$	3,728,854 \$	2,190,819

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

BROWN CPA, PLLC

7708 Old Canton Rd, Suite A Madison, MS 39110 Phone: 601-325-6013 Fax: 601-202-3038

clint.brown@brownafs.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Superintendent and School Board North Bolivar Consolidated School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Bolivar Consolidated School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise North Bolivar Consolidated School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 29, 2022. As noted in our independent auditor's report a qualified opinion was issued on governmental activities, due to the improper recording of entries related to capital assets that have a material effect on assets for governmental activities.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered North Bolivar Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of North Bolivar Consolidated School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of North Bolivar Consolidated School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items **2021-001**, **2021-002**, **2021-003**, and **2021-004** to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item **2021-005** to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether North Bolivar Consolidated School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* that are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Cost. We consider findings **2021-001**, **2021-002**, **2021-003**, and **2021-004** to be instances of material non-compliance. We consider finding **2021-005** to be an instance of immaterial non-compliance.

North Bolivar Consolidated School District's Responses to Findings

North Bolivar Consolidated School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying auditee's corrective action plan. North Bolivar Consolidated School District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brown CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi July 29, 2022

Brown CRA, PLLC

BROWN CPA, PLLC

7708 Old Canton Rd, Suite A Madison, MS 39110 Phone: 601-325-6013 Fax: 601-202-3038

clint.brown@brownafs.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board North Bolivar Consolidated School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited North Bolivar Consolidated School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of North Bolivar Consolidated School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. North Bolivar Consolidated School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of North Bolivar Consolidated School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about North Bolivar Consolidated School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of North Bolivar Consolidated School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, North Bolivar Consolidated School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items **2021-006** and **2021-007**. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

North Bolivar Consolidated School District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. North Bolivar Consolidated School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of North Bolivar Consolidated School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered North Bolivar Consolidated School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of North Bolivar Consolidated School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding **2021-006** that we consider to be a material weakness and **2021-007** that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

North Bolivar Consolidated School District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. North Bolivar Consolidated School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brown CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi July 29, 2022

Brown CRA, PLLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

BROWN CPA, PLLC

7708 Old Canton Rd, Suite A Madison, MS 39110 Phone: 601-325-6013 Fax: 601-202-3038

clint.brown@brownafs.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board North Bolivar Consolidated School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Bolivar Consolidated School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, which collectively comprise North Bolivar Consolidated School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 29, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our report differed from the standard report because the North Bolivar Consolidated School District did not properly reconcile and verify the entries in the accounting software and the related presentation on the financial statements of the Capital Assets that have a material effect on assets for governmental activities.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations:

State Legal Finding 01:

<u>Criteria:</u>

Section 25-11-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) addresses reemployment of PERS retirees by a school district under the PERS system and states the following: "No person who is being paid a retirement allowance or a pension after retirement under this article shall be employed or paid for any service by the State of

Mississippi, including services as an employee, contract worker, contractual employee or independent contractor, until the retired person has been retired for not less than ninety (90) consecutive days from his or her effective date of retirement. After the person has been retired for not less than ninety (90) consecutive days from his or her effective date of retirement or such later date as established by the board, he or she may be reemployed while being paid a retirement allowance under the terms and conditions provided in this

For a period of time not to exceed one-half (1/2) of the normal working days for the position in any fiscal year during which the retiree will receive no more than one-half (1/2) of the salary in effect for the position at the time of employment, or

For a period of time in any fiscal year sufficient in length to permit a retiree to earn not in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) of retiree's average compensation.

Notice shall be given in writing to the executive director, setting forth the facts upon which the employment is being made, and the notice shall be given within five (5) days from the date of employment and also from the date of termination of the employment."

Condition:

During our test of PERS Form 4Bs, we noted the following exceptions:

1. The superintendent hired by the school board is a retiree of PERS. The board approved position salary was \$115,000. According to the law and noted on PERS Form 4B the employee should only receive 50% or \$57,500 of the approved position amount and should not exceed one-half the normal working days for the position. The district reported to PERS a position amount of \$230,000 and the actual payroll amount paid to the superintendent was \$115,000. This was according to the PERS Form 4B filed by the district and the payroll records provided by the district.

Due to the board approved salary amount of \$115,000 for the superintendent position, this results in a questioned cost of \$57,500 in salary and \$14,404 in benefits that should be reconciled with PERS or returned to the district.

2. One employee was overpaid according to the calculation on the 4B form. The employee should have received no more than one-half of the position amount. This resulted in a question cost of \$1,683.58

Questioned Cost:

Total questioned cost is \$73,588.

Cause:

The district did not have the proper controls in place to ensure compliance with the state requirements of rehiring PERS retirees and properly reporting information on the PERS form 4B.

Effect:

Failure to properly complete the Form 4B and comply with applicable state laws could result in overpayments of a retiree and the school district being assessed penalties by PERS.

Recommendation:

We recommend the district follow Section 25-11-127 of the MS code and ensure that all PERS retirees who are hired are properly reported with PERS Form 4B to PERS. The district should also ensure that the hired retiree is not paid more than allowed by law as noted on the Form 4B.

Response:

The district will implement procedures to ensure all hired PERS retirees will be properly reported to PERS and paid according to their board approved position amount and percent allocated on Form 4B.

State Legal Finding 02:

Criteria:

Section 31-7-13(b), Mississippi Code Annotated (1972), requires the District to obtain at least two competitive written bids for purchases over \$5,000 but not over \$50,000 exclusive of freight and shipping charges. The District is required to accept the lowest and best competitive written bid. The term "competitive written bid" shall mean a bid submitted on a bid form furnished by the buying agency or governing authority and signed by authorized personnel representing the vendor, or a bid submitted on a vendor's letterhead or identifiable bid form and signed by authorized personnel representing the vendor.

Section 31-7-305(2), Mississippi Code Annotated (1972), states, "All public bodies that are authorized to issue checks in payment of goods and services and are not required to issue requisitions for payment to the State Fiscal Management Board shall mail or otherwise deliver such checks no later than forty-five (45) days after receipt of the invoice and receipt, inspection and approval of the goods or services."

Condition:

During our internal control test on accounts payable we noted the following exceptions out of a sample of seventy (70) tested:

- 1. Five (5) purchases did not have two quotes or declaration of an emergency purchase.
- 2. Four (4) purchases were paid forty-five (45) days after receiving the invoices.

Cause:

The district did not have the proper internal controls in place with regard to purchasing laws to ensure quotes are being obtained for all required purchases and invoices are being paid within forty-five (45) days of receiving the invoice.

Effect:

This could result in the district overpaying for purchases or being charged additional fees for not paying invoices on time. This also results in the district not being in compliance with state purchase laws.

Recommendation:

The district should implement the proper controls to ensure all purchasing laws are being followed and properly monitored.

Response:

The district will implement better controls to ensure quotes will be obtained, when required, and that all invoices will be paid within forty-five (45) days of receiving the invoice.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the findings in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The North Bolivar Consolidated School District's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

Brown CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi July 29, 2022

Brown CRA, PLLC

67 Brown CPA, PLLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

North Bolivar Consolidated School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued:

	Governmental Activities General Fund Title I-A Basic Fund Aggregate Remaining Fund Information						
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:						
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?	eaknesses identified?				
	b.	Yes					
3.	3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?						
Federal Awards:							
4.	Internal control over major programs:						
	a.	Material weakness identified?	Yes				
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?		Yes			
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodifi						
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance Yes with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?						
7.	. Identification of major programs:						
	<u>CFDA</u>	Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
	84.010 84.027; 84.173 84.425D		Title I grants to local educational agencies				
			Special education cluster				
			COVID-19 – Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief I and II (ESSER)				
	21.019)	COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund: Equity in Distance Learning Act Mississippi Pandemic Response Broadband Availability Act				

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000
- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

10. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

Yes

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Material Weakness/Material Non-Compliance

2021-001 Finding

Repeat Finding from 2018-001, 2019-001, and 2020-001

Capital assets were not properly recorded.

Criteria:

According to the MS Public School Asset Management Manual and based on the requirement of GASB Statement 34 public school districts are required to establish and maintain a system of accountability, control, and reporting for their capital assets. School districts are required to develop policies and to establish and implement control procedures to implement those policies to ensure a high degree of certainty that the policies are adhered to as intended by the school board. Required policies include valuation of its capital assets, capitalization policy, and a policy on depreciating capital assets. In addition, all capital assets should be tagged and properly recorded in the financial statements.

Condition:

- 1. During our asset inventory testing we noted the following exceptions out of a sample of thirtynine (39) tested:
 - a. Two (2) assets were found but are no longer in use. The assets should be disposed and removed from the inventory list.
 - b. One (1) asset was not tagged
 - c. One (1) asset was not in the location according to the inventory sheet
- During observation of other floor assets, not included in our sample, we noted several assets (copiers and fireproof filing cabinets) still in use by the district that could not be identified on the inventory sheet. The assets were not tagged, and the inventory sheet did not contain serial numbers to properly identify the assets.
- 3. Assets were not properly recorded in the financial statements. Disposals from prior years are not being removed from the reporting and some assets are not showing the correct depreciation values. Adjustments were made to reconcile balances based on the support provided.
- 4. District is not maintaining the subsidiary ledger accurately. The asset ledger is not being properly reconciled to the general ledger.
- 5. District is not properly keeping up with construction in progress. Pay applications could not be provided to support year end balances. Adjustments were made to properly show completed construction and capitalization of assets.

Due to the lack of internal controls over inventory and reporting, it could not be determined that the capital asset balances are fairly stated. The qualified opinion will be repeated.

Cause:

District did not have adequate controls in place to ensure that all assets are being properly maintained and accurately reported.

Effect:

This could cause capital assets to be misstated on the financials and could lead to assets being easily misplaced or stolen.

Recommendation:

The district should implement the proper procedures and controls with regard to the purchase, disposal, and transfer of fixed assets. District should reconcile assets monthly to the general ledger, including additions and board approved disposals. The district should also require an annual inventory of all capital assets within the district. The proper transfer paperwork should be submitted when an asset is moved to a new location within the district and each asset should be tagged with the number assigned by the software.

Response:

Please refer to the Auditee's Corrective Action Plan beginning on page 79.

2021-002 Finding

Repeat Finding from 2018-002, 2019-003, and 2020-002

Accounts payable testing and internal controls.

Criteria:

An effective system of internal control is the responsibility of management. Management should establish an internal control system that ensures strong financial accountability and safeguarding of assets. This includes maintenance of accurate accounting records and following the proper purchasing procedures.

Condition:

During our testing of thirty-three (33) invoices, we noted the following exceptions:

- 1. Eighteen (18) Invoices were not initialed and dated received by the employee.
- 2. Two (2) invoices tested were paid more than 45 days after the invoice date.
- 3. Seven (7) instances where the purchase order was dated after the invoice date.
- 4. Twenty-seven (27) invoices were not properly cancelled to indicate invoices were paid.
- 5. Fourteen (14) instances of invoices showing no indication, signature and/or dated by the employee, of receipt of goods or services.
- 6. One (1) instance where payment was made to a vendor for past due invoices dating back to FY18

Cause:

The district did not properly implement an effective internal control system for accounts payable and did not follow the purchasing procedures required by the state.

Effect:

Without a proper internal control system being in place to ensure accurate accounting records, there is an increased risk that the financial statements could be materially misstated.

Recommendation:

District should implement policies and procedures to establish an internal control system that will require accountability with regard to accounts payable and purchasing. This will ensure the proper safeguarding of assets and accurate accounting records.

Response:

Please refer to the Auditee's Corrective Action Plan beginning on page 79.

2021-003 Finding

Repeat Finding from 2019-004 and 2020-003

Payroll testing and internal controls

Criteria:

The school district is charged with developing controls around payroll expenditures that will provide authorization of pay through school board approval and the existence of time and attendance records. The district should also have controls, including policies and procedures, that will ensure compliance with the record-keeping requirements of the federal wage and hour law.

Condition:

We noted the following items while testing payroll expenditures:

- 1. One (1) employee had two different hourly rates of pay and overtime was not calculated (blended) between the two rates. Overtime was only calculated on the higher rate of pay.
- 2. Superintendent's board approved contract does not agree to what is reported to PERS on the 4B form. For more detail see Finding 01 in the Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations. This resulted in a questioned cost amount of \$71,904.

Cause:

The district did not have the proper controls in place to ensure all employees were paid the amount approved by the board, including calculation of overtime.

Effect:

The miscalculation of the software or not verifying an employee's pay could result in underpaying or overpaying an employee according to their contract and board approval. Employees not keeping proper time records could cause the employee to be overpaid or underpaid with federal or state money.

Questioned Costs: \$71,904

Recommendation:

We recommend the district implement internal controls to ensure all employees are properly board approved and employee payments are verified according to the board approved amounts. We recommend that any overpayments be returned to the district. Additionally, the district should implement controls to ensure all employee time records are being kept and reviewed. Overtime should be calculated according to the wage laws and allocated between rates of pay, if applicable.

Response:

2021-004 Finding

Repeat Finding from 2020-005

Receipt testing and internal controls

Criteria:

The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) publishes The Internal Control-Integrated Framework that establishes guidance on internal control and fraud deterrence. Good internal controls require the functions of processing, recording transactions, and maintaining custody of related assets to be properly recorded to ensure the assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or theft. Management is responsible for ensuring that all funds are properly receipted, timely deposited, and adequately reported.

Condition:

During out testing of twenty-six (26) receipts, we noted the following items:

- 1. Five (5) in the sample the district could not provide a copy of the receipt.
- 2. Two (2) receipts did not match the amount deposited.
- 3. One (1) receipt was not properly filled out. It did not include a full description of the money received and was not signed by the employee. Also, the money receipted was not timely deposited.
- 4. Two (2) of the three (3) schools do not prepare receipts when collecting money. Only the deposit slip is prepared when received.

Cause:

The district did not have the proper controls in place to ensure all funds are being properly receipted.

Effect:

This could cause revenues being misstated and not all revenues being recorded.

Recommendation:

The district should implement stronger internal controls to ensure that all revenues are properly recorded through receipting, recording the deposit, recording to the general ledger, and timely bank reconciliations.

Response:

Significant Deficiency/Non-Compliance

2021-005 Finding

Repeat Finding from 2019-006 & 2020-004

Claims payable reporting

Criteria:

Management is responsible for ensuring that all items are reported correctly on the school district's financial statements. The accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) require that expenditures are properly accrued and recorded when the transaction occurs.

Condition:

During our testing of claims payable, it was noted that the district did not properly accrue all claims. In review of the July and August claims dockets the auditor identified expenditures that should have been accrued and reported as claims payables. Also, some of the balances in claims payables are carried over from the prior year and are not being reconciled.

Cause:

The district did not properly reconcile and review all claims at year end, and the following months, to ensure all payables are accrued according to invoices dates, or in the fiscal year of occurrence.

Effect:

The effect could lead to a material misstatement in the financials by not matching expenditures to the occurrence, and may affect the calculation of major funds due to the liability amount.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the school district comply with the GAAP principles and properly accrue claims payable.

Response:

Please refer to the Auditee's Corrective Action Plan beginning on page 79.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Material Weakness/Material Non-Compliance

2021-006 Finding

Accounts payable testing and internal controls.

Programs: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, CFDA #84.010 Special Education – Grants to States, CFDA #84.027 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I, CFDA #84.425D

Compliance Requirement: Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Repeat Finding: None

Criteria:

An effective system of internal control is the responsibility of management. Management should establish an internal control system that ensures strong financial accountability and safeguarding of assets. This includes maintenance of accurate accounting records and following the proper purchasing procedures.

Condition:

During our testing of forty-five (45) invoices, we noted the following exceptions:

- 1. Three (3) invoices tested were paid more than 45 days after the invoice date.
- 2. Twelve (12) instances where the purchase order was dated after the invoice date.
- 3. Forty (40) invoices were not properly cancelled to indicate invoices was paid.
- 4. Twenty-Two (22) instances of no indication, signature and/or dated by the employee, of receipt of goods or services.

Context:

Internal control procedures were tested for accounts payable in the major federal funds.

Cause:

The district did not properly implement an effective internal control system for accounts payable and did not follow the purchasing procedures required by the state.

Effect:

Without a proper internal control system being in place to ensure accurate accounting records, there is an increased risk that the financial statements could be materially misstated.

Questioned Cost: None

Recommendation:

District should implement policies and procedures to establish an internal control system that will require accountability with regard to accounts payable and purchasing. This will ensure the proper safeguarding of assets and accurate accounting records.

Response:

Significant Deficiency/Non-Compliance

2021-007 Finding

Cash management excessive cash and fund balances.

Programs: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, CFDA #84.010 Special Education – Grants to States, CFDA #84.027

Compliance Requirement: Cash Management

Repeat Finding: None

Criteria:

Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of the Mississippi Department of Education Special Education Policy and Procedures Manual, which recommends that expenditures should be expended before the reimbursements are requested.

Condition:

We noted the following exceptions during our review of cash management:

- 1. The cash balance was excessive for Title I Fund and IDEA Part B Fund in the amount of \$43,304 and \$11,053 respectively. These amounts were included in the allocation of funds to the district for reimbursement of expenditures that had not been expended by the district.
- 2. The amounts were presented as deferred revenues on the district's financial statements.

Context:

Federal funds were reviewed for excessive cash balances and/or fund balances at year end.

Cause:

Improper internal controls resulted in the district not recording expenditures and reimbursements accurately and timely. Expenditures and reimbursements for request were not properly reconciled.

Effect:

The effect could lead to fraud and errors occurring if transactions are not properly recorded accurately and timely. Improper internal controls concerning these particular fund allocations could result in questioned cost by the federal agencies.

Questioned Cost:

Title I School Grants to local educational agencies - \$43,304 Special Education – Grants to States - \$11,053

Recommendation:

The district should implement stronger internal controls to ensure that all reimbursements are requested accurately in each area when the expenditure is expended by the district.

Response:

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN/ AUDITEE'S SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

North Bolivar Consolidated School District 204 North Edwards Street Mound Bayou, MS 38762 Maurice Smith, Superintendent Sharonda Windless, Business Manager

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

As required by the Uniform Guidance, The North Bolivar Consolidated School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Finding Corrective Action Plan Details

2021-001 Capital assets were not properly recorded.

- A. Name of contact person responsible for corrective action: Name: Maurice Smith Title: Superintendent
- B. Corrective action planned:

District will comply with The Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts and properly record all assets, and follow the proper procedures when disposing of assets.

C. Anticipated completion date:

June 30, 2022.

2021-002 Accounts payable testing and internal controls

A. Name of contact person responsible for corrective action: Name: Maurice Smith Title: Superintendent

B. Corrective action planned:

District will implement policies and procedures to establish an internal control system that will require accountability with regard to accounts payable and purchasing. That will also ensure proper safeguarding of assets and accurate accounting records

C. Anticipated completion date:

June 30, 2022

2021-003	Payroll testing and internal controls		
	Name of contact person responsible for corrective action: Name: Maurice Smith Title: Superintendent		
	Corrective action planned:		
	The district will implement internal controls to ensure all employees ar properly board approved and employee payments are verified accordi to the board approved amounts. The district will also ensure all employees keep proper time records and will calculate applicable overtime based on the proper rates.		
	Anticipated completion date:		
	June 30, 2022		
2021-004	eceipt testing and internal controls		
	Name of contact person responsible for corrective action: Name: Sharonda Windless Title: Business Manager		
	Corrective action planned:		
	The district will implement stronger controls to ensure all revenues are properly receipted, timely deposited, and properly recorded in the gen ledger.		
	Anticipated completion date:		
	June 30, 2022		
2021-005	aims payable reporting		
	Name of contact person responsible for corrective action: Name: Sharonda Windless Title: Business Manager		
	Corrective action planned:		
	The district will implement better internal controls over reconciling liable accounts and other accruals within the financial statements to ensure the balances are accurate.	-	
	Anticipated completion date:		
	June 30, 2022		

2021-006	Accounts payable testing and internal controls		
	A.	Name of contact person responsible for corrective action: Name: Maurice Smith Title: Superintendent	
	В.	Corrective action planned:	
		District will implement policies and procedures to establish an internal control system that will require accountability with regard to accounts payable and purchasing that will also ensure proper safeguarding of assets and accurate accounting records	
	C.	Anticipated completion date:	
		June 30, 2022	
2021-007	Ca	sh management excessive cash and fund balances.	
	A.	Name of contact person responsible for corrective action: Name: Maurice Smith Title: Superintendent	
		Name: Maurice Smith	
		Name: Maurice Smith Title: Superintendent	

June 30, 2022

North Bolivar Consolidated School District 204 North Edwards Street Mound Bayou, MS 38762 Maurice Smith, Superintendent Sharonda Windless, Business Manager

AUDITEE'S SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

As required by Uniformed Guidance, the North Bolivar Consolidated School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary of prior year audit findings as of June 30, 2021:

<u>Findings</u>	<u>Status</u>
2020-001	See 2021-001
2020-002	See 2021-002
2020-003	See 2021-003
2020-004	See 2021-005
2020-005	See 2021-004