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# TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

# TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Tate County School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tate County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tate County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tate County School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate

Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 4-12 and 41-47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tate County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 11, 2022, on our consideration of the Tate County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tate County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Tate County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi March 11, 2022 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Tate County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2021 decreased \$797,476, which represents a 25% decrease from fiscal year 2020. Total net position for 2020 increased \$584,293, including a fund reclassification of \$40,469 and a prior period adjustment of (\$354), which represents a 23% increase from fiscal year 2019.
- General revenues amounted to \$18,500,031 and \$18,913,456, or 77% and 81% of all revenues for fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$5,417,796, or 23% of total revenues for 2021, and \$4,351,021, or 19% of total revenues for 2020.
- The District had \$24,715,303 and \$22,720,299 in expenses for fiscal years 2021 and 2020; only \$5,417,796 for 2021 and \$4,351,021 for 2020 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$18,500,031 for 2021 were not adequate to provide for these programs. General revenues of \$18,913,456 for 2020 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$16,662,877 in revenues and \$16,018,159 in expenditures for 2021, and \$17,071,817 in revenues and \$16,218,580 in expenditures in 2020. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$120,908 from 2020 to 2021, and increased by \$795,139 from 2019 to 2020, including a fund reclassification of \$40,469.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$822,537 for 2021 and decreased by \$846,387 for 2020. The decrease for 2021 was due primarily to the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, excluding capital related bond premiums and compensated absences, decreased by \$1,100,000 for 2021 and decreased by \$1,848,441 for 2020. The decrease for 2021 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$41,451 for 2021 and increased by \$10,856 for 2020.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are currently reported as governmental funds.

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

#### Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

## Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2,341,296 as of June 30, 2021.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			rcentag	е
	 June 30, 2021	 June 30, 2020	 Change	
Current assets	\$ 15,467,458	\$ 14,765,252	4.76	%
Capital assets, net	 21,067,465	21,890,002	(3.76)	%
Total assets	 36,534,923	36,655,254	(0.33)	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 4,764,137	 3,114,568	52.96	%
Current liabilities	1,095,370	694,402	57.74	%
Long-term debt outstanding	2,288,175	3,351,365	(31.72)	%
Net OPEB liability	1,869,270	2,073,027	(9.83)	%
Net pension liability	33,054,248	29,548,709	11.86	%
Total liabilities	38,307,063	35,667,503	7.40	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 650,701	 963,547	(32.47)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	18,960,342	18,715,754	1.31	%
Restricted	1,873,470	1,744,117	7.42	%
Unrestricted	(18,492,516)	 (17,321,099)	(6.76)	%
Total net position	\$ 2,341,296	\$ 3,138,772	(25.41)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (18,492,516)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	30,847,597
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 12,355,081

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$822,537.
- The principal retirement of \$1,100,000 of long-term debt.

# Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 were \$23,917,827 and \$23,264,477, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$24,715,303 for 2021 and \$22,720,299 for 2020.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

		Year Ended June 30, 2021	 Year Ended June 30, 2020	Percentag Change	_
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	286,594	\$ 656,797	(56.36)	%
Operating grants and contributions		5,131,202	3,694,224	38.90	%
General revenues:					
Property taxes		5,919,885	6,133,248	(3.48)	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		12,342,950	12,516,064	(1.38)	%
Investment earnings		180,225	212,622	(15.24)	%
Other		56,971	 51,522	10.58	%
Total revenues		23,917,827	23,264,477	2.81	%
Expenses:					
Instruction		11,008,061	10,465,575	5.18	%
Support services		9,548,012	7,889,692	21.02	%
Non-instructional		774,933	1,057,144	(26.70)	%
Pension expense		3,236,502	3,011,730	7.46	%
OPEB expense		38,146	121,388	(68.58)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		109,649	 174,770	(37.26)	%
Total expenses		24,715,303	22,720,299	8.78	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(797,476)	544,178	(246.55)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		3,138,772	2,554,479	22.87	%
Fund Reclassifications		-	40,469	_(100.00)	%
Prior Period Adjustment			(354)	100.00	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	-	3,138,772	 2,594,594	20.97	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	2,341,296	\$ 3,138,772	(25.41)	%

#### Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total I	Percentag			
	 2021		2020	Change	
Instruction	\$ 11,008,061	\$	10,465,575	5.18	%
Support services	9,548,012		7,889,692	21.02	%
Non-instructional	774,933		1,057,144	(26.70)	%
Pension Expense	3,236,502		3,011,730	7.46	%
OPEB Expense	38,146		121,388	(68.58)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	109,649		174,770	(37.26)	%
Total expenses	\$ 24,715,303	\$	22,720,299	8.78	%
	 Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentag	је
	Net (Exper 2021	nse)	Revenue 2020	Percentaç Change	-
Instruction	\$ · ·	nse)   		•	-
Instruction Support services	\$ 2021		2020	Change	%
	\$ <b>2021</b> (8,432,188)		<b>2020</b> (8,542,360)	Change 1.29	%
Support services	\$ 2021 (8,432,188) (7,418,050)		2020 (8,542,360) (6,398,753)	1.29 (15.93)	% % %
Support services Non-instructional	\$ 2021 (8,432,188) (7,418,050) (62,972)		2020 (8,542,360) (6,398,753) (120,277)	1.29 (15.93) 47.64	% % %
Support services Non-instructional Pension Expense	\$ 2021 (8,432,188) (7,418,050) (62,972) (3,236,502)		2020 (8,542,360) (6,398,753) (120,277) (3,011,730)	1.29 (15.93) 47.64 (7.46)	% % % %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$19,297,507 for 2021 and \$18,369,278 for 2020) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$5,919,885 for 2021 and \$6,133,248 for 2020) and state and federal revenues (\$12,342,950 for 2021 and \$12,516,064 for 2020).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$180,225 for 2021 and \$212,622 for 2020.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$14,378,426, an increase of \$298,917, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$24,263. \$11,916,555, or 83% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes

within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,461,871, or 17% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$120,908. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$178,009, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$24,263. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u> <u>Increase (Decrease)</u>
ESSER II Fund no increase or decrease

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared to the total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2021, the District's total capital assets were \$36,426,347, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$24,325 from 2020. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021, was \$15,358,882, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$846,862, resulting in total net capital assets of \$21,067,465.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

					Percentag	-
	June 30, 2021			June 30, 2020	Change	
Land	\$	500,701	\$	500,701	0.00	%
Buildings		18,036,096		18,523,119	(2.63)	%
Building improvements		110,535		121,588	(9.09)	%
Improvements other than buildings		1,210,849		1,279,385	(5.36)	%
Mobile equipment		1,083,594		1,295,108	(16.33)	%
Furniture and equipment		125,690		170,101	(26.11)	%
Total	\$	21,067,465	\$	21,890,002	(3.76)	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2021, the District had \$2,283,537 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$1,112,177 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$1,100,000 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$41,451 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Jı	Percentage Change			
General obligation bonds payable	\$	910,000	\$ 1,820,000	(50.00)	%
Three mill notes payable		1,230,000	1,420,000	(13.38)	%
Compensated absences payable		143,537	102,086	40.60	%
Total	\$	2,283,537	\$ 3,342,086	(31.67)	%
Bond premiums		4,638	 9,279	(50.02)	%
Total	\$	2,288,175	\$ 3,351,365	(31.72)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Tate County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Tate County School District, 574 Parkway Street, Coldwater, MS 38618.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021	Exhibit A
	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,411,461
Due from other governments	1,033,149
Inventories	22,848
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	500,701
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	18,036,096
Building improvements	110,535
Improvements other than buildings	1,210,849
Mobile equipment	1,083,594
Furniture and equipment	125,690
Total Assets	36,534,923
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt	37,515
Deferred outflows - pensions	4,348,402
Deferred outflows - OPEB	378,220
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,764,137
Liabilities	.,,
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,089,032
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	6,338
· · ·	0,338
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	1 105 000
Capital related liabilities	1,105,000
Non-capital related liabilities	7,177
Net OPEB liability	72,877
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	4 005 000
Capital related liabilities	1,035,000
Capital related bond premiums	4,638
Non-capital related liabilities	136,360
Net pension liability	33,054,248
Net OPEB liability	1,796,393
Total Liabilities	38,307,063
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	217,679
Deferred inflows - OPEB	433,022
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	650,701
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	18,960,342
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	1,132,057
Debt service	693,653
Unemployment benefits	47,760
Unrestricted	(18,492,516)
Total Net Decition (deficit)	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total Net Position (deficit)

\$

2,341,296

#### TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Program Revenues

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit B

(797,476)

3,138,772

2,341,296

Net (Expense)
Revenue and
Changes in Net
Position

				- 3			
				Operating		Capital	
		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 11,008,061	\$ 277,143	\$	2,298,730	\$	-	\$ (8,432,188)
Support services	9,548,012	-		2,129,962		-	(7,418,050)
Non-instructional	774,933	9,451		702,510		-	(62,972)
Pension expense	3,236,502	-		-		-	(3,236,502)
OPEB expense	38,146	-		-		-	(38,146)
Interest on long-term liabilities	109,649	-		-		-	(109,649)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 24,715,303	\$ 286,594	\$	5,131,202	\$	-	\$ (19,297,507)
		General Re	venu	ues:			
		Taxes:					
		Genera	al pu	urpose levies			4,666,352
		Debt p	urpo	ose levies			1,253,533
		Unrestri	cted	grants and cor	ntrib	utions:	
		State					12,278,852
		Federa	al				64,098
		Unrestri	cted	l investment ear	ning	gs	180,225
		Other					56,971
		Tota	l Ge	eneral Revenues	3		18,500,031

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in Net Position

Net Position (deficit) - Beginning

Net Position (deficit) - Ending

# TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet
June 30, 2021

	Majo	r Fui	nds		
				Other	Total
	General		ESSER II	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund		Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,279,096	\$	-	\$ 2,132,365	\$ 14,411,461
Due from other governments	248,293		218,548	566,308	1,033,149
Due from other funds	665,538		-	-	665,538
Inventories	 -		-	22,848	22,848
Total assets	\$ 13,192,927	\$	218,548	\$ 2,721,521	\$ 16,132,996
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,024,798	\$	-	\$ 64,234	\$ 1,089,032
Due to other funds	-		218,548	446,990	665,538
Total Liabilities	1,024,798		218,548	511,224	1,754,570
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory	-		-	22,848	22,848
Restricted:					
Ad valorem	114,140				114,140
Debt service	-		-	699,991	699,991
Grant activities	-		-	9,416	9,416
Unemployment benefits	-		-	47,760	47,760
Food service	-		-	533,085	533,085
Senatobia/Tate Vo-Tech activities	-		-	566,708	566,708
Committed:					
District improvements/renovations	-		-	330,489	330,489
Assigned:					
Activity/club funds	137,434		-	-	137,434
Unassigned	11,916,555		-	-	11,916,555
Total Fund Balances	12,168,129		-	2,210,297	14,378,426
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 13,192,927	\$	218,548	\$ 2,721,521	\$ 16,132,996

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Exhibit C-1

2,341,296

\$

June 30, 2021									
To	tal fund balances for governmental funds		\$	14,378,426					
	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:								
1.	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:								
	Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$ 500,701 28,292,390 276,338 1,890,796 4,426,044 1,040,078 (15,358,882)		21,067,465					
2.	Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  Net pension liability  Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(33,054,248)							
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	4,348,402 (217,679)		(28,923,525)					
3.	Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  Net OPEB liability  Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB  Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(1,869,270) 378,220 (433,022)		(1,924,072)					
4.	Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  General obligation bonds Notes payable Compensated absences Unamortized charges	(910,000) (1,230,000) (143,537) 37,515							
	Unamortized premiums Accrued interest payable	(4,638) (6,338)		(2,256,998)					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net Position of governmental activities

# TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit D

	Major	Fur	nds		
				Other	Total
	General		ESSER II	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund		Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 4,767,213	\$	-	\$ 1,673,128	\$ 6,440,341
State sources	11,831,565		-	948,729	12,780,294
Federal sources	64,099		218,548	4,414,545	4,697,192
Total Revenues	16,662,877		218,548	7,036,402	23,917,827
Expenditures:					
Instruction	9,129,061		176,735	2,546,188	11,851,984
Support services	6,889,098		12,383	2,877,220	9,778,701
Noninstructional services	-		-	784,867	784,867
Debt service:					
Principal	-		-	1,100,000	1,100,000
Interest	-		-	75,415	75,415
Other	-		-	3,680	3,680
Total Expenditures	16,018,159		189,118	7,387,370	23,594,647
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	644,718		29,430	(350,968)	323,180
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in	164,525		-	1,546,731	1,711,256
Operating transfers out	(688,335)		(29,430)	(993,491)	(1,711,256)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(523,810)		(29,430)	553,240	
Net Change in Fund Balances	120,908		-	202,272	323,180
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2020	12,047,221		-	2,032,288	14,079,509
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	-		-	(24,263)	(24,263)
June 30, 2021	\$ 12,168,129	\$	-	\$ 2,210,297	\$ 14,378,426

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Exhibit D-1 Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 323,180 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: 1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: \$ 24,325 Capital outlay Depreciation expense (846,862)(822,537)2. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: 1,100,000 Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable 2,321 1.102.321 3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include: (3,236,502)Pension expense (1,324,696)Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 1,911,806 4. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include: OPEB expense (38.146)Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 60,991 22,845 5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences (41,451)Change in inventory (24, 263)Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts (32,875)(98,589)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(797,476)

Change in Net Position of governmental activities

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Tate County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

ESSER II Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal sources received and expenditures incurred related to the District's ESSER II Fund.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

# E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

# 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

#### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

#### 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund. Currently there are no restricted assets for this school district.

# 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund

statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

(\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 4 for details.

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows from advance refunding of debt, deferred outflows related to pensions, and deferred outflows related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB.

See Note 12 for further details.

#### 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

#### 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 5 for details.

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# 11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

#### 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental

funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 15% of total revenues.

#### 13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

GASB 84, Fiduciary Activities, was implemented during fiscal year 2020. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds.

# Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$14,411,461. The carrying amount of deposits reported in the government-wide financial statements was \$14,411,461. The bank balance was \$15,618,349.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2021, none of the district's bank balance of \$15,618,349 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

# Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	ESSER II Fund	\$ 218,548
	Other governmental funds	 446,990
Total		\$ 665,538

The primary reason for the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal program funds as part of routine year end closing adjustments.

#### B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 688,335
ESSER II Fund	General Fund	29,430
Other governmental funds	General Fund	135,095
	Other governmental funds	 858,396
Total		\$ 1,711,256

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, cost pool transfers, debt

service transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

# Note 4 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance	lacross	Daaraaaa	Balance
Governmental Activities:		7/1/2020	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2021
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$	500,701 \$	\$	\$	500,701
Total non-depreciable capital assets	Ψ	500,701 φ 500,701	- Ψ	- Ψ	500,701
Total Horr-depreciable capital assets		300,701			300,701
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings		28,292,390			28,292,390
Building improvements		276,338			276,338
Improvements other than buildings		1,890,796			1,890,796
Mobile equipment		4,426,044			4,426,044
Furniture and equipment		1,015,753	24,325		1,040,078
Total depreciable capital assets		35,901,321	24,325	-	35,925,646
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		9,769,271	487,023		10,256,294
Building improvements		154,750	11,053		165,803
Improvements other than buildings		611,411	68,536		679,947
Mobile equipment		3,130,936	211,514		3,342,450
Furniture and equipment		845,652	68,736		914,388
Total accumulated depreciation		14,512,020	846,862	-	15,358,882
Total depreciable capital assets, net		21,389,301	(822,537)	-	20,566,764
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	21,890,002 \$	(822,537) \$	- \$	21,067,465

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 514,614
Support services	269,878
Non-instructional	62,370
Total depreciation expense	\$ 846,862

# Note 5 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2021	Amounts due within one year
Α.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 1,820,000 \$	\$	910,000 \$	910,000 \$	910,000
В.	Three mill notes payable	1,420,000		190,000	1,230,000	195,000
C.	Compensated absences payable	 102,086	41,451		143,537	7,177
	Total	\$ 3,342,086 \$	41,451 \$	1,100,000 \$	2,283,537 \$	1,112,177
	Bond premium	9,279		4,641	4,638	
	Total	\$ 3,351,365 \$	41,451 \$	1,104,641 \$	2,288,175	

# A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Dutstanding
General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2012 Total	1.0%-2.5%	8/15/2012	6/1/2022	\$ 5,485,000 5,485,000	\$	910,000 910,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 910,000 \$	22,750 \$	932,750
Total	\$ 910,000 \$	22,750 \$	932,750

This debt will be retired from the 2012 Refunding - Original 2005 Debt Service Fund (4033).

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2021, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 1% of property assessments as of October 1, 2020.

# B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Dutstanding
Description	interest reac	Date	Date	100000	_	Jatotarianig
Limited Tax Note, Series 2017	1.5%-2.55%	8/16/2017	5/1/2027	\$ 1,975,000	\$	1.230.000
Total				\$ 1,975,000		1,230,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 195,000 \$	27,405 \$	222,405
2023	200,000	23,700	223,700
2024	210,000	19,700	229,700
2025	215,000	15,185	230,185
2026	215,000	10,240	225,240
2027	 195,000	4,973	199,973
Total	\$ 1,230,000 \$	101,203 \$	1,331,203

This debt will be retired from the 3 Mill Levy - 2017 Debt Service Fund (4022).

# C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 6 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <a href="https://www.pers.ms.gov">www.pers.ms.gov</a>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2021 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019 were \$1,911,806, \$1,978,290, and \$1,722,936, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the school district reported a liability of \$33,054,248 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability was 0.170745 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,236,502. At June 30, 2021 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 286,602	\$
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,362,982	
Changes of assumptions	181,897	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	605,115	217,679
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,911,806	
Total	\$ 4,348,402	\$ 217,679

\$1,911,806 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2022	\$ 180,790
2023	875,038
2024	725,579
2025	437,510

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2019. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates are projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018. The experience report is dated April 2, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real		
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.90	%	
International Equity	22.00		4.75		
Global Equity	12.00		5.00		
Fixed Income	20.00		0.50		
Real Estate	10.00		4.00		
Private Equity	8.00		6.25		
Cash	1.00		0.00		
Total	100	%			

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	Current					
		1% Decrease		Discount		1% Increase
		(6.75%)		Rate (7.75%)		(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of		_		_		_
the net pension liability	\$	42,784,662	\$	33,054,248	\$	25,022,746

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### Note 7 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$60,991 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$1,869,270 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.24020189 percent. This was a decrease of 0.00410299 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$38,146. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,383	\$ 325,303
Changes of assumptions	290,222	78,993
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	60	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	24,564	28,726
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	60,991	
Total	\$ 378,220	\$ 433,022

\$60,991 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2022	\$ (29,566)
2023	(29,566)
2024	(24,988)
2025	(9,492)
2026	(22 181)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases 3.00-18.25 percent, including wage inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 2.19% Prior Measurement Date 3.50%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2020 Prior Measurement Date 2019

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date 2.19% Prior Measurement Date 3.50%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.00 percent for 2021 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.19 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.50% to 2.19%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2020, the trust has \$1,037,371. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2019 and the June 30, 2020 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.19 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.19 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	Jurrent	
	1	% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase
		(1.19%)	F	Rate (2.19%)	(3.19%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,065,671	\$	1,869,270	\$ 1,700,812

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare					
	Cost Trend							
		Rates						
	1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase			
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,725,985	\$	1,869,270	\$	2,031,606			

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Note 8 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

#### Note 9 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Property Trust (MSBAPT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 56 school districts and covers losses associated with property damage to the physical assets owned by the member districts. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Casualty Trust (MSBACT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 56 school districts and covers liability related losses the member may be responsible for through General Liability, Automobile Liability and School Board Legal Liability. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

#### Note 10 – Alternative School Consortium

The school district entered into an Alternative School Agreement dated May 13, 1999, creating the Senatobia-Tate County Regional Optional Learning Center. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Senatobia Municipal School District and the Tate County School District.

Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), allows two or more adjacent school districts to enter into a contract to operate an alternative school program. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the alternative school program. Transportation for students attending the alternative school program will be the responsibility of the individual school district sending the students.

The Senatobia Municipal School District has been designated as the lead school district for the Senatobia-Tate County Regional Optional Learning Center, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

#### Note 11 - Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated January 31, 1984, creating the Senatobia-Tate County Regional Vocational Education Consortium. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The consortium includes the Senatobia Municipal School District and the Tate County School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The Tate County School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Senatobia-Tate County Regional Vocational Education Consortium, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

The following Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is presented to detail the financial activity of the Senatobia-Tate County Regional Vocational Education Consortium.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	
Local sources:	
Taxes	\$ 288,061
Tuition from other LEA's within the state:	 105,000
Total local sources	 393,061
State sources	367,308
Federal sources	 68,493
Total Revenues	 828,862
Expenditures	
Salaries	437,895
Employee benefits	146,713
Purchased property services	47,381
Other purchased services	1,257
Supplies	26,861
Property	41,030
Other	 549
Total Expenditures	 701,686
Net Change in Fund Balance	 127,176
Fund Balance:	
July 1, 2020	 439,532
June 30, 2021	\$ 566,708

#### Note 12 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$18,960,342 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt and deferred bond premiums. The \$37,515 balance of the deferred outflow from advance refunding of debt at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the net investment in capital assets net position for 1 more year. The \$4,638 balance of the deferred bond premiums at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as a decrease in an expense and will increase the net investment in capital assets net position for 1 more year.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$18,492,516) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,911,806 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$2,436,596 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$18,492,516) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$217,679 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$18,492,516) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$60,991 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$317,229 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$18,492,516) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$433,022 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2021, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

#### Note 13 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Tate County School District evaluated the activity of the district through March 11, 2022, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

ŕ						Varia Positive (	_
		Budgete	ed A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$	4,485,181	\$	4,767,213	\$ 4,767,213	\$ 282,032	\$ -
State sources		11,220,264		11,831,565	11,831,565	611,301	-
Federal sources		79,188		64,099	64,099	(15,089)	-
Total Revenues		15,784,633		16,662,877	16,662,877	878,244	-
Expenditures:							
Instruction		9,413,598		9,129,061	9,129,061	284,537	-
Support services		6,835,950		6,889,098	6,889,098	(53,148)	-
Total Expenditures		16,249,548		16,018,159	16,018,159	231,389	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		(464,915)		644,718	644,718	1,109,633	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers in		70,858		239,472	164,525	168,614	(74,947)
Operating transfers out	-	(159,280)		(763,282)	(688,335)	(604,002)	74,947
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(88,422)		(523,810)	(523,810)	(435,388)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(553,337)		120,908	120,908	674,245	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2020		-		12,047,221	12,047,221	12,047,221	-
June 30, 2021	\$	(553,337)	\$	12,168,129	\$ 12,168,129	\$ 12,721,466	\$ -

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

### TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule ESSER II Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

								riand	ces egative)
	Budo	netec	d Amounts		Actual	Original Original		Final	
	 Original	,0.00	Final	-	(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:	 				,				
Federal sources	\$ _	\$	2,834,648	\$	218,548	\$	2,834,648	\$	(2,616,100)
Total Revenues	-		2,834,648		218,548		2,834,648		(2,616,100)
Expenditures:									
Instruction	-		211,019		176,735		(211,019)		34,284
Support services	-		22,258		12,383		(22,258)		9,875
Facilities acquisition and construction	-		2,564,371		-		(2,564,371)		2,564,371
Total Expenditures	-		2,797,648		189,118		(2,797,648)		2,608,530
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures	 -		37,000		29,430		37,000		(7,570)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers out	_		(37,000)		(29,430)		(37,000)		7,570
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		(37,000)		(29,430)		(37,000)		7,570
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-		-		-		
Fund Balances: July 1, 2020	-		-		-		-		-
June 30, 2021	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

## Tate County School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

## PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	_	0.170745%	0.167967%	0.164422%	0.169974%	0.166143%	0.162455%	0.157566%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	33,054,248 \$	29,548,709 \$	27,348,264 \$	28,255,448 \$	29,677,288 \$	25,112,339 \$	19,125,628
District's covered payroll	\$	11,369,483 \$	10,939,276 \$	10,499,924 \$	10,903,905 \$	10,628,597 \$	10,149,263 \$	9,628,121
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		290.7278%	270.1158%	260.4615%	259.1315%	279.2211%	247.4302%	198.6434%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		59%	63%	63%	61%	57%	62%	67%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

## Tate County School District Required Supplementary Information

## Schedule of District Contributions PERS

**Last 10 Fiscal Years** 

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,911,806 \$	1,978,290 \$	1,722,936 \$	1,653,738 \$	1,717,365	1,674,004	1,598,509
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,911,806	1,978,290	1,722,936	1,653,738	1,717,365	1,674,004	1,598,509
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	\$	\$	\$	-		
District's covered payroll	10,987,391	11,369,483	10,939,276	10,499,924	10,903,905	10,628,597	10,149,263
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

### Tate County School District Required Supplementary Information

### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	_	0.24020189%	0.24430488%	0.24140888%	0.24052921%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,869,270 \$	2,073,027 \$	1,867,418 \$	1,887,214
District's covered-employee payroll		11,576,184	11,187,761	10,918,759	10,806,316
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		16.15%	17.10%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

## Tate County School District Required Supplementary Information

## SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	60,991 \$	74,546 \$	83,093 \$	80,455
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		60,991	74,546	83,093	80,455
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
District's covered-employee payroll		10,987,391	12,560,571	10,939,276	9,730,019
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.56%	0.59%	0.76%	0.83%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in the prior year audit report(s).

## TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### <u> 2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### 2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

## TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### 2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

#### (2) Changes in benefit provisions

#### 2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2018 valuation for the June 30, 2020 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period
Asset valuation method
Price Inflation
Salary increase
Investment rate of return

Entry age
Level percentage of payroll, open
30.9 years
5-year smoothed market
3.00 percent

3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

#### **OPEB Schedules**

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

## TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>2020</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

<u>2020</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2020:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 2.75%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.00% to 18.25%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.00%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 4.75%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2028

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

OPEB plan investment expense, including 3.50%

price inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Catalog of

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/	Federal	Pass-through	
Pass-through Grantor/	Domestic	Entitiy Identifying	Federal
Program Title	Assistance No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
National school lunch program	10.555	5 216MS326N10 \$	85,721
Total National school lunch program		<u>+</u>	85,721
COVID-19 - Summer food service program for children	10.559	216MS326N10	851,235
Total Summer food service program for children			851,235
Total child nutrition cluster			936,956
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			936,956
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			936,956
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	SO10A200024	1,199,125
Career and technical education - basic grants to states		3 V048A200024	68,493
Rural education		3 S358B200024	84,507
English language acquisition grants		S365A200024	38,798
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants		S367A200023	132,435
Subtotal			1,523,358
Special education cluster:			1,0=0,000
Special education - grants to states	84.027	' H027A200023	548,011
Special education - preschool grants		3 H173A200113	21,659
Total special education cluster			569,670
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I	84 4250	S425D200031	533,817
		S425D210031	218,548
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II	04.4200		752,365
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal			2,845,393
Total U.S. Paragrams of Education			2,845,393
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,040,393
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:	02 770	200EMCEADM	7.057
Medical Assistance program	93.770	2005MS5ADM _	7,057
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		_	7,057
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services U.S. Department of Social Security Administration			7,057
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Social Security Disability Insurance	96.001		224
	90.001	_	224
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education  Total U.S. Department of Social Security Administration		_	224
U.S. Department of Treasury			224
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund :			
Equity in Distance Learning Act	21.019	<b>\</b>	642,170
Mississippi Pandemic Response Broadband Availability Act	21.019		313,410
Total COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.013	<u>-</u>	955,580
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		=	955,580
Total U.S. Department of Treasury		<del>-</del>	955,580
Total O.O. Department of Heastily		_	300,000
Total for All Federal Awards			4,745,210
		=	1,1 10,210

The accompanying notes to the supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Tate County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Tate County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Tate County School District.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Tate County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### (4) Other Items

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

#### Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds

#### (1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

#### TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **Supplementary Information**

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 15,343,466 8,251,181	11,339,154 3,424,691	885,466 242,012	1,284,739 59,150	1,834,107 4,525,328
Total	\$ 23,594,647	14,763,845	1,127,478	1,343,889	6,359,435
Total number of students *	 2,072				
Cost per student	\$ 11,387	7,125	544	649	3,069

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

### TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2021	2020*	2019*	2018*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 4,767,213 \$	4,528,232 \$	4,536,624	\$ 4,373,362
State sources	11,831,565	12,465,548	12,636,603	12,711,723
Federal sources	64,099	78,037	90,484	202,722
Total Revenues	16,662,877	17,071,817	17,263,711	17,287,807
Expenditures:				
Instruction	9,129,061	9,549,298	9,420,205	9,237,331
Support services	6,889,098	6,645,000	6,946,820	6,622,659
Debt Service:				
Principal	-	23,441	212,422	117,075
Interest	-	841	5,947	4,250
Total Expenditures	16,018,159	16,218,580	16,585,394	15,981,315
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 644,718	853,237	678,317	1,306,492
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Inception of leases				70,352
Insurance recovery			7,767	
Operating transfers in	164,525	51,083	46,183	427,417
Operating transfers out	 (688,335)	(149,650)	(539,795)	(1,886,926)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (523,810)	(98,567)	(485,845)	(1,389,157)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 120,908	754,670	192,472	(82,665)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	12,047,221	11,252,082	11,059,610	11,142,275
Fund reclassification		40,469		
Beginning of period , as restated	12,047,221	11,292,551	11,059,610	 11,142,275
End of Period	\$ 12,168,129 \$	12,047,221 \$	11,252,082	\$ 11,059,610

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

#### TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

Revenues:	
Local sources \$ 6,440,341 \$ 6,965,112 \$ 7,0	53,144 \$ 6,965,660
State sources 12,780,294 13,334,062 13,6	42,602 14,092,381
Federal sources 4,697,192 2,885,303 3,3	32,286 3,568,997
Total Revenues 23,917,827 23,184,477 24,0	28,032 24,627,038
Expenditures:	
Instruction 11,851,984 11,293,115 11,3	35,471 11,077,221
Support services 9,778,701 8,256,078 8,8	84,249 8,725,084
Noninstructional services 784,867 1,072,196 1,1	14,516 1,197,727
Facilities acquisition and construction 27,405 3,0	46,147 601,031
Debt service:	
Principal 1,100,000 1,848,441 1,9	62,422 2,299,075
Interest 75,415 113,781 1	50,767 177,063
Other 3,680 3,880	4,439 26,368
Total Expenditures 23,594,647 22,614,896 26,5	48,011 24,103,569
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
•	19,979) 523,469
	,
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	
Insurance recovery 80,000	7,767 175,708
Notes Issued	1,975,000
Inception of leases	70,352
1 7 7 7	98,377 3,226,289
	98,377) (3,226,289)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 80,000	7,767 2,221,060
Net Change in Fund Balances 323,180 649,581 (2,5	12,212) 2,744,529
Fund Balances:	
	65,046 13,123,226
Fund reclaissification 40,469	10,120,220
Prior period adjustment (354)	
	65,046 13,123,226
11,070,000 10,000,100 10,0	30,010 10,120,220
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (24,263) 40,790	(3,811) (2,709)
End of Period \$ 14,378,426 \$ 14,079,509 \$ 13,3	49,023 \$ 15,865,046

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Tate County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tate County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Tate County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2022.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Tate County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Tate County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tate County School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Tate County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKernzie CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi March 11, 2022



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## Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Tate County School District

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Tate County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Tate County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Tate County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Tate County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Tate County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Tate County School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Tate County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Tate County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and

performing our audit of compliance, we considered Tate County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tate County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi March 11, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Tate County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tate County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, which collectively comprise Tate County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi March 11, 2022

McKenzie CPA, PLLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial S	tatements:
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Unmodified 1. Type of auditor's report issued:

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

> No Material weaknesses identified?

b. Significant deficiencies identified? None reported

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

#### Federal Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness identified? No a.

b. Significant deficiency identified? None reported

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

Name of Federal Program or Cluster **CFDA Numbers** 

84.027; 84.173 Special Education Cluster

84.425D Education Stabilization Fund I (ESSER) 84.425D Education Stabilization Fund II (ESSER)

21.019 Coronavirus Relief Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: 8. \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? 9. No

Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal 10. awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

Nο

#### TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.