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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Interim Superintendent Tunica County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tunica County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tunica County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tunica County School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-14, 42-43, 44, 45, 46 & 47, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tunica County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2021, on our consideration of the Tunica County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tunica County School District's internal control over financial reporting an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Tunica County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, MS

December 9, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The following discussion and analysis of District's financial performance provides an overview of the Tunica County School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Tunica County School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Tunica County School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2021 increased \$1,985,878, which represents a 412% increase from fiscal year 2020. Total net position for 2020 increased \$2,228,222, including a prior period adjustment of (\$114,393), which represents a 128% increase from fiscal year 2019.
- General revenues amounted to \$22,459,270 and \$23,211,278, or 79% and 82% of all revenues for fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$5,867,430, or 21% of total revenues for 2021, and \$5,218,638, or 18% of total revenues for 2020.
- The District had \$26,340,822 and \$26,087,301 in expenses for fiscal years 2021 and 2020; only \$5,867,430 for 2021 and \$5,218,638 for 2020 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$22,459,270 for 2021 and \$23,211,278 for 2020 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$22,059,686 in revenues and \$18,657,751 in expenditures for 2021, and \$23,204,935 in revenues and \$20,391,399 in expenditures in 2020. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$2,615,796 from 2020 to 2021, and increased by \$2,700,252, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$366,751, from 2019 to 2020.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$295,781 for 2021 and increased by \$157,309 for 2020. The decrease for 2021 was due primarily to capital additions net of the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$510,542 for 2021 and decreased by \$295,299 for 2020. This
 decrease for 2021 was due primarily to issuing shortfall notes payable net of the principal payments
 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$4,061 for
 2021 and increased by \$41,318 for 2020.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are classified as governmental funds.

Governmental funds – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts.* Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2,468,026 as of June 30, 2021.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 June 30, 2021	 June 30, 2020	Percentag Change	
Current assets	\$ 25,425,273	\$ 22,481,727	13.09	%
Restricted assets	1,604,926	1,689,997	(5.03)	%
Capital assets, net	16,632,376	16,928,157	(1.75)	%
Total assets	 43,662,575	 41,099,881	6.24	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 5,228,384	 3,871,863	35.04	%
Current liabilities	949,073	933,720	1.64	%
Long-term debt outstanding	2,646,617	3,161,220	(16.28)	%
Net OPEB liability	1,995,991	2,170,619	(8.05)	%
Net pension liability	 39,160,800	 36,088,525	8.51	%
Total liabilities	 44,752,481	 42,354,084	5.66	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,670,452	 2,135,512	(21.78)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	16,548,160	16,803,067	(1.52)	%
Restricted	2,664,966	2,437,640	9.33	%
Unrestricted	 (16,745,100)	 (18,758,559)	10.73	%
Total net position	\$ 2,468,026	\$ 482,148	411.88	%

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (16,745,100)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	37,598,859
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 20,853,759

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$295,781.
- The principal retirement of \$1,617,480 of long-term debt.
- Issuing \$1,106,938 in shortfall notes payable.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 were \$28,326,700 and \$28,429,916, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$26,340,822 for 2021 and \$26,087,301 for 2020.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2021	Year Ended une 30, 2020	Percentag Change	e
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 2,744	\$ 194,037	(98.59)	%
Operating grants and contributions	5,864,686	5,024,601	16.72	%
General revenues:				
Property and gaming taxes	12,991,964	13,383,212	(2.92)	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	9,015,176	9,260,436	(2.65)	%
Investment earnings	262,256	225,796	16.15	%
Other	 189,874	 341,834	(44.45)	%
Total revenues	28,326,700	28,429,916	(0.36)	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	11,695,437	11,555,790	1.21	%
Support services	9,589,598	10,110,780	(5.15)	%
Non-instructional	1,597,481	1,773,456	(9.92)	%
Pension expense	3,371,466	2,436,787	38.36	%
OPEB expense	24,185	103,601	(76.66)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 62,655	 106,887	(41.38)	%
Total expenses	 26,340,822	 26,087,301	0.97	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	1,985,878	2,342,615	(15.23)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	 482,148	 (1,746,074)	127.61	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 -	 (114,393)	100.00	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 482,148	(1,860,467)	125.92	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ 2,468,026	\$ 482,148	411.88	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Total	Expe	enses	Percentage	е
	 2021		2020	Change	
Instruction	\$ 11,695,437	\$	11,555,790	1.21	%
Support services	9,589,598		10,110,780	(5.15)	%
Non-instructional	1,597,481		1,773,456	(9.92)	%
Pension Expense	3,371,466		2,436,787	38.36	%
OPEB Expense	24,185		103,601	(76.66)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 62,655		106,887	(41.38)	%
Total expenses	\$ 26,340,822	\$	26,087,301	0.97	%

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Net (Exper	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	 2021		2020	Change
Instruction	\$ (8,937,036)	\$	(9,283,178)	3.73 %
Support services	(8,498,012)		(8,900,609)	4.52 %
Non-instructional	419,962		(37,601)	1,216.89 %
Pension Expense	(3,371,466)		(2,436,787)	(38.36) %
OPEB Expense	(24,185)		(103,601)	76.66 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (62,655)		(106,887)	41.38 %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (20,473,392)	\$	(20,868,663)	1.89 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$20,473,392 for 2021 and \$20,868,663 for 2020) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property and gaming taxes (\$12,991,964 for 2021 and \$13,383,212 for 2020) and state and federal revenues (\$9,015,176 for 2021 and \$9,260,436 for 2020).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$262,256 for 2021 and \$225,796 for 2020.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$26,105,950, an increase of \$2,824,907, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$4,113. \$17,407,866 or 67% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$8,698,084 or 33% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$2,615,796. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$209,111, which includes a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$4,113, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund Increase (Decrease)

Title I Fund

No increase or decrease

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the Tunica County School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2021, the District's total capital assets were \$34,959,657, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$563,696 from 2020. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021, was \$18,327,281, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$859,477, resulting in total net capital assets of \$16,632,376.

	J	lune 30, 2021	 June 30, 2020	Percentage Change
Land	\$	160,050	\$ 160,050	0.00 %
Buildings		14,146,627	14,665,259	(3.54) %
Building improvements		198,740	223,586	(11.11) %
Improvement other than buildings		14,301	16,086	(11.10) %
Mobile equipment		1,816,996	1,569,199	15.79 %
Furniture and equipment		295,662	 293,977	0.57 %
Total	\$	16,632,376	\$ 16,928,157	(1.75) %

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2021, the District had \$2,646,617 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$1,410,570 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$4,061 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	JI	une 30, 2021	Jı	une 30, 2020	Percenta Change	•
Three mill notes payable Shortfall notes payable	\$	84,216 2,442,327	\$	125,090 2,911,995	(32.68) (16.13)	
Compensated absences payable		120,074		124,135	(3.27)	%
Total	\$	2,646,617	\$	3,161,220	(16.28)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Tunica County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

During fiscal year 2021, the school district was still under conservatorship by the Mississippi Department of Education (MDE) due to accreditation issues. The MDE appointed a conservator (Interim Superintendent) to govern the district. As a consequence, there's still no acting school board.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Tunica County School District, P.O. Box 758, Tunica, MS 38676.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Exhibit A

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	EXIIIDITA
June 30, 2021	O au marrier a materi
	Governmental
• .	Activities
Assets	\$ 22.632.468
Cash and cash equivalents	+
Due from other governments	2,790,667
	2,138
Restricted assets	1,604,926
Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land	100.050
	160,050
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: Buildings	14,146,627
Building improvements	198,740
Improvement other than buildings	14,301
Mobile equipment	1,816,996
Furniture and equipment	295,662
Total Assets	43,662,575
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	4,821,956
Deferred outflows - OPEB	406,428
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,228,384
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	924,249
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	24,824
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	41,691
Non-capital related liabilities	1,368,879
Net OPEB liability	66,159
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	42,525
Non-capital related liabilities	1,193,522
Net pension liability	39,160,800
Net OPEB liability	1,929,832
Total Liabilities	44,752,481
Deferred Inflame of Decourses	· · · ·
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1 172 940
Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred inflows - OPEB	1,172,849
Total deferred inflows of resources	497,603
Total deletted filliows of resources	1,670,452
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	16,548,160
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	1,022,922
Debt service	1,595,443
Unemployment benefits	46,601
Unrestricted	(16,745,100)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,468,026
	÷ 2,100,020

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Pr	ogram Revenue	es		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		 Charges for		Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and	 Governmental
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	 Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 11,695,437	\$ -	\$	2,758,401	\$	-	\$ (8,937,036)
Support services	9,589,598	-		1,091,586		-	(8,498,012)
Non-instructional	1,597,481	2,744		2,014,699		-	419,962
Pension expense	3,371,466	-		-		-	(3,371,466)
OPEB expense	24,185	-		-		-	(24,185)
Interest on long-term liabilities	 62,655	-		-		-	 (62,655)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 26,340,822	\$ 2,744	\$	5,864,686	\$	-	\$ (20,473,392)
		General Revenu	ies	:			
		Taxes:					
		General pu	rpc	se levies			10,394,931
		Gaming					2,597,033
			gra	ants and contril	outi	ons:	
		State					8,963,179
		Federal	_				51,997
			inv	estment earnir	igs		262,256
		Other					 189,874
		Total Ge	ner	al Revenues			 22,459,270

Change in Net Position	1,985,878
Net Position - Beginning	 482,148
Net Position - Ending	\$ 2,468,026

Exhibit B

Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet							Exhibit C
June 30, 2021		Mai	or F	unds			
	Major Fur General Fund			Title I Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,598,280	\$	-	\$	2,639,114	\$ 24,237,394
Due from other governments		2,066,189		409,736		314,742	2,790,667
Due from other funds		601,955		-		3,016	604,971
Inventories		-		-		2,138	2,138
Total assets		24,266,424		409,736		2,959,010	27,635,170
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	850,073	\$	12,529	\$	61,647	\$ 924,249
Due to other funds		191		397,207		207,573	604,971
Total Liabilities		850,264		409,736		269,220	1,529,220
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:							
Inventory Restricted:		-		-		2,138	2,138
Debt service		-		-		1,620,267	1,620,267
Grant activities		-		-		1,020,784	1,020,784
Unemployment benefits		-		-		46,601	46,601
Assigned:							
Capital improvements		5,950,879		-		-	5,950,879
Student activities		57,415		-		-	57,415
Unassigned		17,407,866					17,407,866
Total Fund Balances		23,416,160		-		2,689,790	26,105,950
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	24,266,424	\$	409,736	\$	2,959,010	\$ 27,635,170

TUNICA	COUNTY	SCHOOL	DISTRICT
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Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of N	Net Position	Exhibit C-1
June 30, 2021		
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	26,105,950
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land	160,050	
Buildings	26,942,379	
Building improvements	621,061	
Improvement other than buildings	44,692	
Mobile equipment	5,308,230	
Furniture and equipment	1,883,245	
Accumulated depreciation	(18,327,281)	16,632,376
 Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability Deferred outflow s and inflow s of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 	(39,160,800)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	4,821,956	
Deferred inflow s of resources related to pensions	(1,172,849)	(35,511,693)
 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB liability Deferred outflow s and inflow s of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred outflow s of resources related to OPEB 	(1,995,991) 406,428	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(497,603)	(2,087,166)
4 Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Three mill notes payable	(84,216)	
Shortfall notes payable	(2,442,327)	
Compensated absences	(120,074)	/
Accrued interest payable	(24,824)	(2,671,441)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	2,468,026

TUNICA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Exhibit D

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Major Funds Other Total General Title I Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Funds Funds **Revenues:** Local sources 13,269,109 \$ - \$ 11,959 13.281.068 \$ \$ State sources 8.738.580 782,046 9.520.626 Federal sources 5,359,237 51,997 1,128,840 4,178,400 **Total Revenues** 22,059,686 1,128,840 4,972,405 28,160,931 Expenditures: Instruction 9,178,754 900,399 2,378,609 12,457,762 Support services 9,478,106 202,852 1,067,772 10,748,730 Noninstructional services 891 9,061 1,654,019 1,663,971 Debt service: Principal _ -1,617,480 1,617,480 Interest 80,870 80,870 **Total Expenditures** 18,657,751 6,798,750 1,112,312 26,568,813 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 3,401,935 16,528 (1,826,345) 1,592,118 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bonds and notes issued 1,106,938 1,106,938 _ 136,334 Insurance loss recoveries 136,334 -_ Operating transfers in 74,766 2,185,478 2,260,244 -(2,260,244) Operating transfers out (139,539) (2,104,177) (16,528) Other financing uses (6,370) (6,370) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (786,139) (16,528) 2,039,569 1,236,902 Net Change in Fund Balances 2,615,796 213,224 2,829,020 Fund Balances: July 1, 2020 20,800,364 2,480,679 23,281,043 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (4, 113)(4,113) June 30, 2021 23,416,160 \$ - \$ 2,689,790 \$ 26,105,950

TUNICA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021		Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	2,829,020
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Capital outlay	\$ 563,696	
Depreciation expense	(859,477)	(295,781)
2. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, how ever, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference betw een the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Payments of debt principal	1,617,480	
Proceeds of loans	(1,106,938)	
Accrued interest payable	18,215	528,757
 Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: 		
Pension expense	(3,371,466)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,253,426	(1,118,040)
4. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
OPEB expense	(24,185)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	66,159	41,974
5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences	4,061	
Change in inventory reserve	(4,113)	(52)
Change in not position of governmental activities	a	1 005 070
Change in net position of governmental activities		5 1,985,878

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Tunica County School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the Tunica County School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a fivemember board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district. However, during fiscal year 2021, the school district was still under conservatorship by the Mississippi Department of Education (MDE) due to accreditation issues. The MDE appointed a conservator(Interim Superintendent) to govern the district. As a consequence, there's still no acting school board.

For financial reporting purposes, Tunica County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The Tunica County School District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the Tunica County School District's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the Tunica County School District reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Tunica County School District deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Investments

The Tunica County School District can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Ca _l Pol	oitalization icy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$4,821,956 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$406,428 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$1,172,849 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$497,603 related to its OPEB plan.

See Note 11 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the Tunica County School District accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by Tunica County School District policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with Tunica County School District policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is for formal board approvement of commitments. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this Tunica County School District.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts

13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

GASB 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, was implemented during fiscal year 2020. The objective of this statement was to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the Tunica County School District's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the Tunica County School District's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$24,237,394.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 397,207
	Other governmental funds	204,748
Other governmental funds	General Fund	191
	Other governmental funds	 2,825
Total		\$ 604,971

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 2,104,177
Title I Fund	General Fund	16,528
Other governmental funds	General Fund	58,238
	Other governmental funds	 81,301
Total		\$ 2,260,244

The primary reason for the interfund transfers was for debt service requirements, federal grant allocations and the funding of various programs within the district.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$1,604,926 of the debt service funds that is restricted for future debt service requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance	3			Balance
	7/1/2020	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	6/30/2021
Governmental Activities:					
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 160,050 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	160,050
Total non-depreciable capital assets	160,050	-	-	-	160,050
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	26,942,379	-	-	-	26,942,379
Building improvements	621,061	-	-	-	621,061
Improvements other than buildings	44,692	-	-	-	44,692
Mobile equipment	4,842,159	466,071	-	-	5,308,230
Furniture and equipment	1,785,620	97,625	-	-	1,883,245
Total depreciable capital assets	34,235,911	563,696	-	-	34,799,607
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	12,277,120	518,632	-	-	12,795,752
Building improvements	397,475	24,842	-	4	422,321
Improvements other than buildings	28,606	1,788	-	(3)	30,391
Mobile equipment	3,272,960	218,274	-	-	3,491,234
Furniture and equipment	1,491,643	95,941	-	(1)	1,587,583
Total accumulated depreciation	17,467,804	859,477	-	-	18,327,281
Total depreciable capital assets, net	16,768,107	(295,781)	-	-	16,472,326
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 16,928,157 \$	(295,781) \$	- \$	- \$	16,632,376

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	605,075	
Support services		229,977	
Non-instructional		24,425	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	859,477	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	 Balance 7/1/2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2021	Amounts due within one year
A. Three mill notes payable	\$ 125,090 \$	- \$	(40,874) \$	84,216 \$	41,691
B. Shortfall notes payable	2,911,995	1,106,938	(1,576,606)	2,442,327	1,368,879
C. Compensated absences payable	 124,135	-	(4,061)	120,074	-
Total	\$ 3,161,220 \$	1,106,938 \$	(1,621,541) \$	2,646,617 \$	1,410,570

A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	0	utstanding
Limited tax notes payable,						
Series 2017	2.00%	7/20/2017	7/20/2022	\$ 204,450	\$	84,216
Total				\$ 204,450	\$	84,216

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 41,691 \$	1,684 \$	43,375
2023	 42,525	851	43,376
Total	\$ 84,216 \$	2,535 \$	86,751

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Fund.

B. Shortfall notes payable

Shortfall notes currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued		Amount Outstanding	
Shortfall notes, series 2018 Shortfall notes, series 2019	3.11% 1.93%	11/16/2019 4/27/2020	11/16/2021 4/27/2023	\$	1,991,079 967,685	\$	684,120 651,269
Shortfall notes, series 2020	1.85%	2/12/2021	2/12/2024		1,106,938		1,106,938
Total				\$	4,065,702	\$	2,442,327

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Series 2018:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 684,120 \$	21,276 \$	705,396
Total	\$ 684,120 \$	21,276 \$	705,396

This debt will be retired from the Shortfall Debt Service Fund.

Series 2019:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 322,522 \$	12,570 \$	335,092
2023	 328,747	6,345	335,092
Total	\$ 651,269 \$	18,915 \$	670,184

This debt will be retired from the Shortfall Debt Service Fund.

Series 2020:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 362,237 \$	20,478 \$	382,715
2023	368,938	13,777	382,715
2024	375,763	6,952	382,715
Total	\$ 1,106,938 \$	41,207 \$	1,148,145

This debt will be retired from the Shortfall Debt Service Fund.

Total all series:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
	- I		
2022	\$ 1,368,879 \$	54,324 \$	1,423,203
2023	697,685	20,122	717,807
2024	 375,763	6,952	382,715
Total	\$ 2,442,327 \$	81,398 \$	2,523,725

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The Tunica County School District contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for gualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the Tunica County School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2021 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The Tunica County School District's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019 were \$2,253,426, \$2,343,767 and \$2,104,263, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Tunica County School District reported a liability of \$39,160,800 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Tunica

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

County School District's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The Tunica County School District's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability was .202289 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020. This was a decrease of .0029 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,371,466. At June 30, 2021 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$		\$
experience		340,549	-
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		1,590,214	-
Changes of assumptions		222,154	-
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions		415,613	1,172,849
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	2,253,426	 -
Total	\$	4,821,956	\$ 1,172,849

\$2,253,426 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Tunica County School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:

2022	\$ (52,181))
2023	259,874	
2024	669,652	
2025	518,336	
Total	\$ 1,395,681	_

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2019. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates are projected

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018. The experience report is dated April 2, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target		Long-Term Expected Real		
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.90	%	
International Equity	22.00		4.75		
Global Equity	12.00		5.00		
Fixed Income	20.00		0.50		
Real Estate	10.00		4.00		
Private Equity	8.00		6.25		
Cash	1.00		0.00		
Total	100	%			

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)			1% Increase (8.75%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 50,688,843	\$	39,160,800	\$	29,645,532	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$66,159 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$1,995,991 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

of June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .25648549 percent. This was an increase of .0007 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$24,185. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	2,544	347,356
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	64	-
Changes of assumptions	309,896	84,348
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	27,765	65,899
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	66,159	-
Total	\$ 406,428 \$	497,603

\$66,159 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Tunica County School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2022	\$ (48,119)
2023	(48,119)
2024	(36,093)
2025	(6,242)
2026	 (18,761)
Total	\$ (157,334)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.19% 3.50%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2020 2019
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net	

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Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.19% 3.50%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00 percent for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.19 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.50% to 2.19%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2020, the trust has \$1,037,371. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2019 and the June 30, 2020 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.19 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.19 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	Current		
	1	1% Decrease	C	Discount		1% Increase
		(1.19%)		Rate (2.19%)		(3.19%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,205,706	\$	1,995,991	\$	1,816,112

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,842,992	\$ 1,995,991	\$ 2,169,331

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 9 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The Tunica County School District has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the Tunica County School District.

Litigation –The Tunica County School District is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the Tunica County School District with respect to the various proceedings. However, the Tunica County School District's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Tunica County School District.

Note 10 – Risk Management

The Tunica County School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The Tunica County School District is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 57 School Districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member School Districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 11 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$16,745,100) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$2,253,426 resulting from the Tunica County School District contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$2,568,530 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2021 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$16,745,100) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,172,849 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2021 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$16,745,100) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

related to OPEB in the amount of \$66,159 resulting from the Tunica County School District contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$340,269 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2021 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$16,745,100) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$497,603 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2021 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

Note 12 - Juvenile Detention Center Education Program

The Tunica County School District entered into an Alternative School Agreement dated August 6, 2018 creating the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center. This program was in accordance with Section 43-21-321, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) which states a sponsoring school district must provide educational services to youths detained in juvenile detention centers. It was approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Attala County School District, Carroll County School District, Coffeeville School District, Clarksdale Municipal School District, Coahoma Agricultural High School, Coahoma County School District, East Tallahatchie School District, Greenwood Leflore Consolidated School District, North Panola School District, Senatobia Municipal School District, South Panola School District, Sunflower County Consolidated School District, Tate County School District, Tunica County School District, Water Valley School District. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the alternative school program. The Greenwood Leflore Consolidated School District has been designated as the lead school district for the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center and the operations of the program are included in its financial statements.

Note 13 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Tunica County School District received \$136,334 in insurance loss recoveries related to storm damage. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as other revenue.

Note 14 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Tunica County School District evaluated the activity of the district through December 9, 2021 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Varian	
			-	Positive (N	
	 Budgeted A		Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 12,606,548 \$	13,623,578 \$	13,269,109 \$	1,017,030 \$	(354,469)
State sources	8,454,807	8,738,580	8,738,580	283,773	-
Federal sources	 3,260	51,997	51,997	48,737	-
Total Revenues	 21,064,615	22,414,155	22,059,686	1,349,540	(354,469)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	10,662,195	9,178,754	9,178,754	1,483,441	-
Support services	15,952,864	9,478,106	9,478,106	6,474,758	-
Noninstructional services	 3,625	892	891	2,733	1
Total Expenditures	 26,618,684	18,657,752	18,657,751	7,960,932	1
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 (5,554,069)	3,756,403	3,401,935	9,310,472	(354,468)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds and notes issued	-	1,106,938	1,106,938	1,106,938	-
Insurance loss recoveries	2,400	136,334	136,334	133,934	-
Operating transfers in	1,481,697	935,574	74,766	(546,123)	(860,808)
Operating transfers out	 (2,144,037)	(2,964,985)	(2,104,177)	(820,948)	860,808
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (659,940)	(786,139)	(786,139)	(126,199)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (6,214,009)	2,970,264	2,615,796	9,184,273	(354,468)
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2020	 20,800,364	20,800,364	20,800,364	-	-
June 30, 2021	\$ 14,586,355 \$	23,770,628 \$	23,416,160 \$	9,184,273 \$	(354,468)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

For the fear Ended June 30, 2021					
				Variar	ces
			_	Positive (N	legative)
	 Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 2,017,476 \$	2,049,336 \$	1,128,840 \$	31,860 \$	(920,496)
Total Revenues	 2,017,476	2,049,336	1,128,840	31,860	(920,496)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	1,571,813	1,570,390	900,399	1,423	669,991
Support services	376,051	407,556	202,852	(31,505)	204,704
Noninstructional services	 39,265	41,602	9,061	(2,337)	32,541
Total Expenditures	 1,987,129	2,019,548	1,112,312	(32,419)	907,236
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 30,347	29,788	16,528	(559)	(13,260)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	(30,347)	(29,788)	(16,528)	559	13,260
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (30,347)	(29,788)	(16,528)	559	13,260
Net Change in Fund Balances	 -	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2020	 -	-	-	-	-
June 30, 2021	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	2021 0.202289%	2020 0.205142%	2019 0.215041%	2018 0.204207%	2017 0.217119%	2016 0.236608%	2015 0.228279%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 39,160,800	36,088,525	35,767,707	33,946,134	38,782,874	36,574,930	27,708,890
District's covered payroll	13,469,925	13,360,400	13,732,432	13,100,019	13,889,625	14,781,943	13,949,035
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	290.73%	270.12%	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Contractually required contribution	\$ 2021 2,253,426	2020 2,343,767	2019 2,104,263	2018 2,162,858	2017 2,063,253	2016 2,187,616	2015 2,328,156
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 2,253,426	2,343,767	2,104,263	2,162,858	2,063,253	2,187,616	2,328,156
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 12,950,724	13,469,925	13,360,400	13,732,432	13,100,019	13,889,625	14,781,943
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	 2021 0.25648549%	2020 0.25580600%	2019 0.25689916%	2018 * 0.25164641%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,995,991	2,170,619	1,987,243	1,974,439
District's covered-employee payroll	13,469,925	13,360,400	11,619,374	11,305,781
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	14.82%	16.25%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.1331%	0.1198%	0.1291%	0.0000%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2021	2020	2019	2018*
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	66,159	79,600	87,005	84,173
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	66,159	79,600	87,005	84,173
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	12,950,724	13,469,925	11,642,256	13,732,432
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payro	11	0.5109%	0.5909%	0.7473%	0.6130%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

<u>2019:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2018 valuation for the June 30, 2020 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	30.9 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

 $\underline{2020}$: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

<u>2020</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2020:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% to 18.25%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2028
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.50%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: COVID-19 - Summer food service program for children Total child nutrition cluster Fresh fruits and vegetables program Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.559 10.582	215MS326N1099 215MS326L1603	\$ 2,049,199 2,049,199 72,979 2,122,178 2,122,178
U.S. Department of Treasury Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund: Equity in Distance Learning Act Mississippi Pandemic Response Broadband Availability Act COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund Subtotal Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Treasury	21.019 21.019		613,016 281,942 894,958 894,958 894,958
Federal Communications Commission Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund Total Federal Communications Commission	32.xxx	N/A	<u> </u>
U.S. Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies Career and technical education - basic grants to states Rural education Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief I Subtotal	84.010 84.048 84.358 84.367 84.424 84.425D	VO048A200024 ES358A200024 S367A200023	1,136,640 46,058 17,193 1,000 96,226 561,041 1,858,158
Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states Special education - preschool grants Total special education cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education	84.027 84.173	H027A200108 H173A200113	425,417 6,529 431,946 2,290,104 2,290,104
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</u> Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Medical assistance program Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Total for All Federal Awards	93.778	2105MS5ADM	2,632 2,632 2,632 \$ 5,359,237
			φ 0,000,201

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Tunica County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Tunica County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Tunica County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Tunica County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$84,196 are included in the COVID-19 – Summer Food Service Program for Children.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 17,781,363 8,787,450	12,554,857 2,823,901	892,400 490,054	1,465,808 13,242	2,868,298 5,460,253
Total	\$ 26,568,813	15,378,758	1,382,454	1,479,050	8,328,551
Total number of students *	 1,798				
Cost per student	\$ 14,777	8,553	769	823	4,632

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2021		2020*		2019*		2018*
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$	13,269,109	\$	13,746,057	\$	12,383,506	\$	12,393,586
State sources		8,738,580		9,390,587		9,105,918		9,007,850
Federal sources		51,997		68,291		73,578		90,142
Total Revenues		22,059,686		23,204,935		21,563,002		21,491,578
Expenditures:								
Instruction		9,178,754		10,055,642		9,592,497		9,812,095
Support services		9,478,106		10,333,387		9,452,239		9,205,536
Noninstructional services		891		2,370		401		300
Total Expenditures		18,657,751		20,391,399		19,045,137		19,017,931
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures		3,401,935		2,813,536		2,517,865		2,473,647
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Bonds and notes issued		1,106,938		967,685		1,991,079		1,738,811
Insurance recovery		136,334		244,527		-		-
Sale of other property		-		-		-		5,724
Operating transfers in		74.766		42.765		92.485		38,122
Operating transfers out		(2,104,177)		(1,732,751)		(1,196,637)		(1,185,739)
Other financing uses		-		(2,261)		-		(45,186)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(786,139)		(480,035)		886,927		551,732
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,615,796		2,333,501		3,404,792		3,025,379
Fund Balances:								
Beginning of period, as previously reported		20,800,364		18,100,112		14,707,254		11,681,875
Prior period adjustments		-		366,751		(11,934)		-
Beginning of period, as restated		20,800,364		18,466,863		14,695,320		11,681,875
	_		•		_		<u> </u>	
End of Period	\$	23,416,160	\$	20,800,364	\$	18,100,112	\$	14,707,254

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2021	2020*	2019*	2018*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	13,281,068	\$ 13,904,777	\$ 13,169,302	\$ 12,542,063
State sources		9,520,626	10,238,438	9,779,254	9,724,425
Federal sources		5,359,237	4,046,598	4,194,395	3,939,055
Total Revenues		28,160,931	28,189,813	27,142,951	26,205,543
Expenditures:					
Instruction		12,457,762	12,552,941	11,735,603	11,773,909
Support services		10,748,730	11,582,499	10,669,004	10,505,740
Noninstructional services		1,663,971	1,848,081	1,913,529	1,984,083
Debt service:					
Principal		1,617,480	1,262,984	618,106	474,927
Interest		80,870	100,274	56,229	20,353
Total Expenditures		26,568,813	27,346,779	 24,992,471	 24,759,012
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		1,592,118	843,034	2,150,480	1,446,531
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds and notes issued		1,106,938	967,685	1,991,079	1,959,411
Insurance recovery		136,334	244,527	-	-
Sale of other property				-	5,724
Operating transfers in		2,260,244	1,892,891	1,462,769	1,307,852
Other financing sources		_,00,	-,002,001		-
Operating transfers out		(2,260,244)	(1,892,891)	(1,462,769)	(1,307,852)
Other financing uses		(6,370)	(4,423)	-	(45,186)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,236,902	1,207,789	1,991,079	1,919,949
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,829,020	2,050,823	4,141,559	3,366,480
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		23,281,043	20,859,332	16,733,211	13,369,454
Prior period adjustments			366,751	(11,934)	-
Beginning of period, as restated	_	23,281,043	21,226,083	16,721,277	13,369,454
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		(4,113)	4,137	(3,504)	(2,723)
End of Period	\$	26,105,950	\$ 23,281,043	\$ 20,859,332	\$ 16,733,211

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Interim Superintendent Tunica County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tunica County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tunica County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Tunica County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tunica County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tunica County Tunica County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Tunica County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cuminfor CPAS

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi December 9, 2021

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Interim Superintendent Tunica County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Tunica County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Tunica County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Tunica County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Tunica County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Tunica County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Tunica County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Tunica County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Tunica County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Tunica County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tunica County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi December 9, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Interim Superintendent Tunica County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tunica County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, which collectively comprise Tunica County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi December 9, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

8.

Fina	ancial St	atements:					
1.	Туре о	Unmodified					
2.	Interna	I control over financial reporting:					
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No			
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	d?	None reported			
3.	Nonco	nents noted?	No				
Fed	eral Awa	ards:					
4.	Interna	I control over major programs:					
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No			
	b.	d?	None reported				
5.	Туре о	Unmodified					
6.		idit findings disclosed that are requi CFR 200.516(a)?	red to be reported in accordance	No			
7.	Ident	ification of major programs:					
	<u>CFD</u>	A Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Clus	ster			
	21.01	19	COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief F	Fund			
	84.425D COVID-19 – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief I (ESSER)						
	10.55	59	COVID-19 - Summer food service	e program for children			
•				A- - - - - - - - -			

9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes
10.	Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).	No

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

\$750,000

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.