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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the

respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-14, 47-48, 49, 50, 51 & 52, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2021, on our consideration of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, MS

December 9, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The following discussion and analysis of District's financial performance provides an overview of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's financial performance.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2021 increased \$1,118,806, including a prior period adjustment of \$67,726, which represents an 8% increase from fiscal year 2020. Total net position for 2020 increased \$1,054,940, including a prior period adjustment of (\$221,191), which represents a 7% increase from fiscal year 2019.
- General revenues amounted to \$10,574,912 and \$10,326,236, or 71% and 77% of all revenues for fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,299,749, or 29% of total revenues for 2021, and \$3,165,396, or 23% of total revenues for 2020.
- The District had \$13,823,581 and \$12,215,501 in expenses for fiscal years 2021 and 2020; only \$4,299,749 for 2021 and \$3,165,396 for 2020 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$10,574,912 for 2021 and \$10,326,236 for 2020 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$10,637,081 in revenues and \$9,525,559 in expenditures for 2021, and \$10,405,140 in revenues and \$9,621,564 in expenditures in 2020. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$673,129, including a prior period adjustment of \$67,726, from 2020 to 2021, and increased by \$528,625, from 2019 to 2020.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$1,895,484 for 2021 and decreased by \$295,705, including a prior period adjustment of (\$166,530) for 2020. The increase for 2021 was due primarily to construction in progress net of the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt increased by \$182,143 for 2021 and increased by \$1,915,493 for 2020. This
  increase for 2021 was due primarily to the inception of energy efficiency leases net of the principal
  payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by
  \$380 for 2021 and increased by \$13,299 for 2020.

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are classified as governmental funds.

**Governmental funds** – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts.* Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

#### **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

#### Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$12,411,103 as of June 30, 2021.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 June 30, 2021	 June 30, 2020	Percentag Change	je
Current assets	\$ 5,889,924	\$ 4,599,197	28.06	%
Restricted assets	1,037,919	2,559,895	(59.45)	%
Capital assets, net	5,771,184	3,875,700	48.91	%
Total assets	 12,699,027	 11,034,792	15.08	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 3,372,633	 1,732,327	94.69	%
Current liabilities	620,363	94,736	554.83	%
Long-term debt outstanding	3,206,323	3,023,800	6.04	%
Net OPEB liability	1,169,681	1,247,643	(6.25)	%
Net pension liability	 21,090,680	 17,967,562	17.38	%
Total liabilities	 26,087,047	 22,333,741	16.81	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 2,395,716	 3,963,287	(39.55)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	2,950,195	2,846,995	3.62	%
Restricted	1,694,610	1,428,079	18.66	%
Unrestricted	 (17,055,908)	 (17,804,983)	4.21	%
Total net position	\$ (12,411,103)	\$ (13,529,909)	8.27	%

# Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (17,055,908)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	21,283,444
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 4,227,536

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$1,895,484.
- The principal retirement of \$35,357of long-term debt.
- Inception of \$217,500 of capital leases.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 were \$14,874,661 and \$13,491,632, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$13,823,581 for 2021 and \$12,215,501 for 2020.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

## Table 2Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2021		 Year Ended June 30, 2020	Percentage Change	
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	260,914	\$ 286,541	(8.94)	%
Operating grants and contributions		4,038,835	2,878,855	40.29	%
General revenues:					
Property and gaming taxes		3,195,476	2,956,601	8.08	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		7,039,037	7,112,189	(1.03)	%
Investment earnings		80,351	75,681	6.17	%
Sixteenth section		213,468	136,720	56.14	%
Other		46,580	 45,045	3.41	%
Total revenues		14,874,661	 13,491,632	10.25	%
Expenses:					
Instruction		7,524,712	6,586,074	14.25	%
Support services		4,305,126	4,375,676	(1.61)	%
Non-instructional		744,739	679,789	9.55	%
Sixteenth section		44,666	20,917	113.54	%
Pension expense		1,082,619	454,542	138.18	%
OPEB expense		(11,977)	29,188	(141.03)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		133,696	 69,315	92.88	%
Total expenses		13,823,581	 12,215,501	13.16	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		1,051,080	 1,276,131	(17.64)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(13,529,909)	(14,584,849)	7.23	%
Prior Period Adjustment		67,726	 (221,191)	130.62	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(13,462,183)	 (14,806,040)	9.08	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(12,411,103)	\$ (13,529,909)	8.27	%

#### **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 Total	Percentage	
	 2021	 2020	Change
Instruction	\$ 7,524,712	\$ 6,586,074	14.25 %
Support services	4,305,126	4,375,676	(1.61) %
Non-instructional	744,739	679,789	9.55 %
Sixteenth section	44,666	20,917	113.54 %
Pension Expense	1,082,619	454,542	138.18 %
OPEB Expense	(11,977)	29,188	(141.03) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 133,696	 69,315	92.88 %
Total expenses	\$ 13,823,581	\$ 12,215,501	13.16 %

#### Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Net (Exper	Percentage	
	 2021	 2020	Change
Instruction	\$ (5,044,225)	\$ (4,897,137)	(3.00) %
Support services	(3,365,691)	(3,584,582)	6.11 %
Non-instructional	135,088	5,576	(2,322.67) %
Sixteenth section	(44,666)	(20,917)	(113.54) %
Pension Expense	(1,082,619)	(454,542)	(138.18) %
OPEB Expense	11,977	(29,188)	141.03 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (133,696)	 (69,315)	(92.88) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (9,523,832)	\$ (9,050,105)	(5.23) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$9,523,832 for 2021 and \$9,050,105 for 2020) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,195,476 for 2021 and \$2,956,601 for 2020) and state and federal revenues (\$7,039,037 for 2021 and \$7,112,189 for 2020). In addition, there was \$213,468 and \$136,720 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2021 and 2020, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$80,351 for 2021 and \$75,681 for 2020.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,378,345, a decrease of \$749,861, including a prior period adjustment of \$67,726, and which includes a decrease in inventory of \$44,553. \$2,819,587 or 44% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$3,558,758 or 56% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$673,129, including a prior period adjustment of \$67,726. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$187,151, which includes a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$44,553, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)				
Title I Fund		No increase or decrease			
Energy Project Fund	\$	(1,610,141)			

## **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2021, the District's total capital assets were \$11,707,666, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$1,891,304 from 2020. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021, was \$5,936,482, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$204,087, resulting in total net capital assets of \$5,771,184.

					Percenta	ıge
	J	une 30, 2021	J	une 30, 2020	Change	<b>)</b>
Land	\$	263,682	\$	263,683	(0.00)	%
Construction in progress		2,073,572		-	N/A	%
Buildings		2,241,037		2,302,506	(2.67)	%
Building improvements		337,929		367,944	(8.16)	%
Improvements other than buildings		508,386		513,293	(0.96)	%
Mobile equipment		305,045		336,559	(9.36)	%
Furniture and equipment		41,533		91,715	(54.72)	%
Total	\$	5,771,184	\$	3,875,700	48.91	%

# Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2021, the District had \$3,206,323 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$63,813 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$380 from the prior year.

## Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Percenta Change	-
Qualified school construction bonds payable Obligations under energy efficiency leases	\$	1,000,000 2,102,958	\$	1,000,000 1,920,815	0.00 9.48	
Compensated absences payable		103,365		102,985	0.37	%
Total	\$	3,206,323	\$	3,023,800	6.04	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

## **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, 218 Fairgrounds Street, Winona, MS 38967.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position		Exhibit A
June 30, 2021		
		vernmental
	A	Activities
Assets	•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,305,983
Due from other governments		548,592
Inventories		35,349
Restricted assets		1,037,919
Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land		263,682
Construction in progress		2,073,572
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		2,073,372
Buildings		2,241,037
Building improvements		337,929
Improvements other than buildings		508,386
Mobile equipment		305,045
Furniture and equipment		41,533
Total Assets		12,699,027
Deferred Outflows of Resources		,,
Deferred outflows of Resources		3,123,442
Deferred outflows - OPEB		249,191
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,372,633
		3,372,033
Liabilities		- 10 100
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		549,498
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		70,865
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		62.042
Capital related liabilities		63,813
Net OPEB liability		39,253
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		
Capital related liabilities		3,039,145
Non-capital related liabilities		103,365
Net pension liability		21,090,680
Net OPEB liability		1,130,428
Total Liabilities		26,087,047
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows - pensions		1,962,751
Deferred inflows - OPEB		432,965
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,395,716
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		2,950,195
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		
School-based activities		645,273
Debt service		568,332
Forestry improvements		216,192
Capital improvements		86,395
Unemployment benefits		59,801
Expendable:		
Sixteenth section principal		118,617
Unrestricted		(17,055,908)
Total Net Position	\$	(12,411,103)
	<u>Ψ</u>	(12, 411, 100)

## Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Exhibit B

									I	Net (Expense) Revenue and
										Changes in
					Р	rogram Revenue	es			Net Position
						Operating		Capital		
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$	7,524,712	\$	253,426	\$	2,227,061	\$	-	\$	(5,044,225)
Support services		4,305,126		-		939,435		-		(3,365,691)
Non-instructional		744,739		7,488		872,339		-		135,088
Sixteenth section		44,666		-		-		-		(44,666)
Pension expense		1,082,619		-		-		-		(1,082,619)
OPEB expense		(11,977)		-		-		-		11,977
Interest on long-term liabilities		133,696		-		-		-		(133,696)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	13,823,581	\$	260,914	\$	4,038,835	\$	-	\$	(9,523,832)
General Revenues:										

Taxes:	
General purpose levies	3,119,337
Debt purpose levies	76,139
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	6,953,393
Federal	85,644
Unrestricted investment earnings	80,351
Sixteenth section	213,468
Other	46,580
Total General Revenues	10,574,912
Change in Net Position	1,051,080
Net Position - Beginning, as originally reported	(13,529,909)
Prior period adjustment	67,726
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	(13,462,183)
Net Position - Ending	\$ (12,411,103)

**Governmental Funds** 

Balance Sheet									Exhibit C
June 30, 2021			N	1ajor Funds					
		General		Title I		Energy Project	Other Governmental		Total Governmental
Acceptor		Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds		Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,264,229	\$		\$	281,969 \$	1,160,072	¢	5,706,270
Cash with fiscal agents	ψ	4,204,229	Ψ		ψ	201,909 ψ	5,632	ψ	5,632
Investments						_	632,000		632,000
Due from other governments		- 203,977		- 26,268		-	318,347		548,592
Due from other funds		463,253		20,208 170,522		-	6,646		640,421
Inventories		403,233				_	35,349		35,349
Total assets		4,931,459		196,790		281,969	2,158,046		7,568,264
		4,001,400		100,700		201,000	2,130,040		7,000,204
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	514,163	\$	2,167	\$	- \$		\$	549,498
Due to other funds		-		194,623		-	445,798		640,421
Total Liabilities		514,163		196,790		-	478,966		1,189,919
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Inventory		-		-		-	35,349		35,349
Permanent fund principal		-		-		-	118,617		118,617
Restricted:									
Debt service		-		-		-	639,197		639,197
Grant activities		-		-		-	609,924		609,924
Forestry improvements		-		-		-	216,192		216,192
Capital improvements		86,395		-		281,969	-		368,364
Unemployment benefits		-		-		-	59,801		59,801
Assigned:									
Capital improvements		1,413,605		-		-	-		1,413,605
Student activities		97,709		-		-	-		97,709
Unassigned		2,819,587		-		-	-		2,819,587
Total Fund Balances		4,417,296		-		281,969	1,679,080		6,378,345
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,931,459	\$	196,790	\$	281,969 \$	2,158,046	\$	7,568,264

WINONA-MONTGOMERY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL	DISTRICT	
Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of I	Net Position	Exhibit C-1
June 30, 2021		
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	6,378,345
<ul> <li>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:</li> <li>1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: <ul> <li>Land</li> <li>Construction in progress</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	263,682 2,073,572	
Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	5,373,674 867,057 984,821 1,333,111 811,749 (5,936,482)	5,771,184
<ol> <li>Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability</li> <li>Deferred outflow s and inflow s of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>	(21,090,680)	
Deferred outflow s of resources related to pensions Deferred inflow s of resources related to pensions	3,123,442 (1,962,751)	(19,929,989)
<ul> <li>Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB liability</li> <li>Deferred outflow s and inflow s of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred outflow s of resources related to OPEB</li> <li>Deferred outflow s of resources related to OPEB</li> <li>Deferred inflow s of resources related to OPEB</li> </ul>	(1,169,681) 249,191 (432,965)	(1,353,455)
4 Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Qualified school construction bonds payable Obligations under energy efficiency leases Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	(1,000,000) (2,102,958) (103,365) (70,865)	(3,277,188)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(12,411,103)

WINONA-MONTGOMERY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL D	DISTRICT
Governmental Funds	

Exhibit D

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	_
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021	

For the fear Ended June 30, 2021	Major Funds						
				iviajoi Funus	Energy	Other	Total
		General		Title I	Project	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:							· · · ·
Local sources	\$	3,462,748	\$	- \$	- \$	105,596 \$	3,568,344
State sources		6,889,005		-	-	558,077	7,447,082
Federal sources		54,625		754,686	-	2,821,481	3,630,792
Sixteenth section sources		230,703		-	-	19,294	249,997
Total Revenues		10,637,081		754,686	-	3,504,448	14,896,215
Expenditures:							
Instruction		5,641,455		694,210	-	1,881,464	8,217,129
Support services		3,596,919		207,169	2,500	841,033	4,647,621
Noninstructional services		4,258		7,829	-	708,082	720,169
Sixteenth Section		34,496		-	-	10,170	44,666
Facilities acquisition and construction		248,431		-	1,825,141	-	2,073,572
Debt service:							
Principal		-		-	-	35,357	35,357
Interest		-		-	-	125,337	125,337
Other		-		-	-	1,344	1,344
Total Expenditures		9,525,559		909,208	1,827,641	3,602,787	15,865,195
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		1,111,522		(154,522)	(1,827,641)	(98,339)	(968,980)
		.,,022		(101,022)	(1,021,011)	(00,000)	(000,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Inception of capital leases		-		-	217,500	-	217,500
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent		-		-	-	95,000	95,000
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		-		-	-	(95,000)	(95,000)
Operating transfers in		22,200		170,522	-	670,277	862,999
Operating transfers out		(506,765)		(16,000)	-	(340,234)	(862,999)
Other financing uses		(21,554)		-	-	-	(21,554)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(506,119)		154,522	217,500	330,043	195,946
Net Change in Fund Balances		605,403		-	(1,610,141)	231,704	(773,034)
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2020, as originally reported		3,744,167		-	1,892,110	1,491,929	7,128,206
Prior period adjustment		67,726		-	-	-	67,726
July 1, 2020, as restated		3,811,893		-	1,892,110	1,491,929	7,195,932
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		-		-	-	(44,553)	(44,553)
June 30, 2021	\$	4,417,296	¢	- \$	281,969 \$	1,679,080 \$	6,378,345
0010 00, 2021	Ψ	-1,-11,230	Ψ	- ψ	201,303 Ø	1,073,000 \$	0,070,040

WINONA-MONTGOMERY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DIS Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021			Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(773,034)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are			
different because:			
<ol> <li>Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:</li> </ol>			
Capital outlay	\$ 2,104,069		
Depreciation expense	 (204,087)	-	1,899,982
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			
			(4,498)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, w hile the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, how ever, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference betw een the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt w hen debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
Payments of debt principal	35,357		
Inception of capital leases	(217,500)		
Accrued interest payable	 (7,015)	_	(189,158)
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense	(1,082,619)		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date			
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:	 1,194,110		111,491
OPEB expense	11,977		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 39,253	_	51,230
<ol> <li>Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmenta funds. These activities include:</li> </ol>		-	
Change in compensated absences	(380)		
Change in inventory reserve	 (44,553)		(44,933)
		•	
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	1,051,080

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five-member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the federal Title I program.

Energy Project Fund – This is a capital projects funds used to account for the energy efficiency project throughout the district.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District reports the following fund types:

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

#### E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Investments

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$3,123,442 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$249,191 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$1,962,751 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$432,965 related to its OPEB plan.

See Note 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with Winona-Montgomery

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Consolidated School District policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

#### 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

*Nonspendable fund balance* includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

*Restricted fund balance* includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance* includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is for formal board approvement of commitments. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts

13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

GASB 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, was implemented during fiscal year 2021. The objective of this statement was to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

## Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$5,706,270.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits.* Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

#### Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$5,632.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Government securities	AA+	1-5 years	\$ 632,000
Total			\$ 632,000

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

 U.S. government securities type of investments of \$632,000 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Investments.* Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

*Concentration of Credit Risk.* Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2021, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	Value	Investments
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 632,000	100%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

## Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 194,623
	Other governmental funds	268,630
Title I Fund	Other governmental funds	170,522
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	 6,646
Total		\$ 640,421

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend.

#### B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 506,765
Title I Fund	General Fund	16,000
Other governmental funds	General Fund	6,200
	Title I Fund	170,522
	Other governmental funds	 163,512
Total		\$ 862,999

The primary reason for the interfund transfers was for debt service requirements, federal grant allocations and the funding of various programs within the district.

## Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$118,318, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents and investment balance, totaling \$5,632 and \$632,000, of the QSCB sinking fund.

Restricted assets also include the cash balance, totaling \$281,969, of unspent energy efficiency lease proceeds.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

## Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	-	Balance				Balance
		7/1/2020	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	6/30/2021
Governmental Activities:						
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$	263,683 \$	- \$	- \$	(1) \$	263,682
Construction in progress		-	2,073,572	-	-	2,073,572
Total non-depreciable capital assets		263,683	2,073,572	-	(1)	2,337,254
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings		5,373,674	-	-	-	5,373,674
Building improvements		867,057	-	-	-	867,057
Improvements other than buildings		939,066	-	-	45,755	984,821
Mobile equipment		1,348,538	-	(17,252)	1,825	1,333,111
Furniture and equipment		1,024,344	30,497	(195,512)	(47,580)	811,749
Total depreciable capital assets		9,552,679	30,497	(212,764)	-	9,370,412
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		3,071,168	61,470	-	(1)	3,132,637
Building improvements		499,113	30,015	-	-	529,128
Improvements other than buildings		425,773	50,662	-	-	476,435
Mobile equipment		1,011,979	41,151	(18,632)	(6,432)	1,028,066
Furniture and equipment		932,629	20,789	(189,634)	6,432	770,216
Total accumulated depreciation		5,940,662	204,087	(208,266)	(1)	5,936,482
Total depreciable capital assets, net		3,612,017	(173,590)	(4,498)	1	3,433,930
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	3,875,700 \$	1,899,982 \$	(4,498) \$	- \$	5,771,184

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 117,994
Support services	69,609
Non-instructional	 16,484
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 204,087

Construction in progress is composed of:

	 Spent to June 30, 2021	Remaining Commitment
Energy Project Knox Gym HVAC Project	\$ 1,825,141 \$ 248,431	350,745 17,619
Total construction in progress	\$ 2,073,572 \$	368,364

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded by the energy project fund.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

## Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts due
	 7/1/2020	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2021	within one year
A. Qualified school construction bonds payable	\$ 1,000,000 \$	- \$	- \$	1,000,000 \$	-
B. Obligations under energy efficiency leases	1,920,815	217,500	(35,357)	2,102,958	63,813
C. Compensated absences payable	 102,985	380	-	103,365	-
Total	\$ 3,023,800 \$	217,880 \$	(35,357) \$	3,206,323 \$	63,813

#### A. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 12, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date		Amount Issued	С	Amount Dutstanding
Qualified school construction bonds Total	5.32%	9/24/2010	8/1/2024	\$ \$	1,000,000 1,000,000	\$ \$	1,000,000 1,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ - \$	53,200 \$	53,200
2023	-	53,200	53,200
2024	-	53,200	53,200
2025	 1,000,000	53,200	1,053,200
Total	\$ 1,000,000 \$	212,800 \$	1,212,800

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Debt Retirement Fund.

## B. Obligation under energy efficiency lease.

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest	lssue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Energy Efficiency Lease	4.250%	5/21/2020	4/1/2040	\$ 1,920,815	\$ 1,900,336
Energy Efficiency Lease	4.25%	10/1/2020	4/1/2035	217,500	202,622
Total				\$ 2,138,315	\$ 2,102,958

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Series 2020:

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2022	\$ 52,924	\$ 80,764	\$ 133,688
2023	56,704	78,515	135,219
2024	60,691	76,105	136,796
2025	64,895	73,526	138,421
2026	69,332	70,768	140,100
2027-2031	422,062	305,500	727,562
2032-2036	574,633	203,509	778,142
2037-2040	 599,095	65,503	 664,598
Total	\$ 1,900,336	\$ 954,190	\$ 2,854,526

Series 2021:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	 Interest	 Total
2022	\$	10,889	\$ 8,612	\$ 19,501
2023		11,351	8,148	19,499
2024		11,834	7,666	19,500
2025		12,337	7,164	19,501
2026		12,861	6,638	19,499
2027-2031		72,983	24,516	97,499
2032-2035		70,367	7,630	77,997
Total	\$	202,622	\$ 70,374	\$ 272,996
	-			

**Total All Series** 

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	 Total
2022	\$ 63,813	\$ 89,376	\$ 153,189
2023	68,055	86,663	154,718
2024	72,525	83,771	156,296
2025	77,232	80,690	157,922
2026	82,193	77,406	159,599
2027-2031	495,045	330,016	825,061
2032-2036	645,000	211,139	856,139
2037-2040	599,095	65,503	664,598
Total	\$ 2,102,958	\$ 1,024,564	\$ 3,127,522

This debt will be retired from the Obligation Under Energy Efficiency Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Series 2020:

An energy efficiency lease agreement dated May 21, 2020 was executed by and between the district, the lessee, and Bank of Winona, the lessor.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$1,920,815 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the lease shall be made from the district maintenance fund.

The district entered into this energy efficiency lease agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the lessor, the lessee has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

#### Series 2021:

An energy efficiency lease agreement dated October 1, 2020 was executed by and between the district, the lessee, and Bank of Winona, the lessor.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$217,500 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the lease shall be made from the district maintenance fund.

The district entered into this energy efficiency lease agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the lessor, the lessee has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

#### C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

*Plan Description.* The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

*Benefits provided.* Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who gualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

*Contributions.* PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2021 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019 were \$1,194,110, \$1,262,274 and \$1,047,657, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District reported a liability of \$21,090,680 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability was .108946 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020. This was an increase of .0068 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,082,619. At June 30, 2021 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$		\$	
experience		183,948		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		763,963		-
Changes of assumptions		110,606		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
District contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		870,815		1,962,751
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	1,194,110	_	-
Total	\$	3,123,442	\$	1,962,751

\$1,194,110 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

 Year ending June 30:

 2022
 \$ (804,530)

 2023
 (126,805)

 2024
 618,758

 2025
 279,158

 Total
 \$ (33,419)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2019. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates are projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018. The experience report is dated April 2, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.90	%
International Equity	22.00		4.75	
Global Equity	12.00		5.00	
Fixed Income	20.00		0.50	
Real Estate	10.00		4.00	
Private Equity	8.00		6.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	 , <u>, </u>	 · · · · ·	 · · ·
the net pension liability	\$ 27,299,293	\$ 21,090,680	\$ 15,966,079

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

*Plan description.* State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$39,253 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$1,169,681 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .1503044 percent. This was an increase of .0033 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$11,977). At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	1,491	203,556
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	38	-
Changes of assumptions	181,604	49,429
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	26,805	179,980
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	39,253	-
Total	\$ 249,191 \$	432,965

\$39,253 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:

2022	\$ (54,349)
2023	(54,349)
2024	(51,004)
2025	(40,473)
2026	 (22,852)
Total	\$ (223,027)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.19% 3.50%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2020 2019
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.19% 3.50%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare

7.00 percent for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.19 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.50% to 2.19%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2020, the trust has \$1,037,371. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2019 and the June 30, 2020 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.19 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.19 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(1.19%)	Rate (2.19%)	(3.19%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,292,577	\$ 1,169,681	\$ 1,064,269

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,080,021	\$ 1,169,681	\$ 1,271,261

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

### Note 9 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District.

Litigation –The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District with respect to the various proceedings. However, the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District.

#### Note 10 – Risk Management

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 57 School Districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member School Districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

#### Note 11 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2022	\$ 88,301
2023	63,986
2024	23,488
2025	10,542
2026	5,227
2027-2031	25,735
Thereafter	36,124
Total	\$ 253,403

## Note 12 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the subsidy payments amounted to \$50,418.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2021 was \$637,632. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

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Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

### Note 13 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,055,908) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,194,110 resulting from the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$1,929,332 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2021 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,055,908) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,962,751 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2021 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,055,908) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$39,253 resulting from the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$209,938 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2021 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,055,908) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$432,965 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2021 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

#### Note 14 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
1. To adjust beginning asset balances related to the implementation of GASB 84	\$ 67,726
Total	\$ 67,726

#### Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To adjust beginning asset balances related to the implementation of GASB 84	\$ 67,726
Total		\$ 67,726

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District evaluated the activity of the district through December 9, 2021 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Varianc Positive (Ne	
	Budgeted A	mounts		Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	((	GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:	 0			,		
Local sources	\$ 3,276,890 \$	3,453,697	\$	3,462,748 \$	176,807 \$	9,051
State sources	6,917,981	6,905,471		6,889,005	(12,510)	(16,466)
Federal sources	95,000	38,164		54,625	(56,836)	16,461
Sixteenth section	220,044	204,453		230,703	(15,591)	26,250
Total Revenues	 10,509,915	10,601,785		10,637,081	91,870	35,296
Expenditures:						
Instruction	5,593,482	5,633,453		5,641,455	(39,971)	(8,002)
Support services	3,806,174	3,845,348		3,596,919	(39,174)	248,429
Noninstructional services	-	4,259		4,258	(4,259)	1
Sixteenth section	21,200	34,496		34,496	(13,296)	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	 -	-		248,431	-	(248,431)
Total Expenditures	 9,420,856	9,517,556		9,525,559	(96,700)	(8,003)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	 1,089,059	1,084,229		1,111,522	(4,830)	27,293
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in	1,261,104	1,353,222		22,200	92,118	(1,331,022)
Operating transfers out	(1,871,035)	(1,836,903)		(506,765)	34,132	1,330,138
Other financing uses	 -	7,676		(21,554)	7,676	(29,230)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (609,931)	(476,005)		(506,119)	133,926	(30,114)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 479,128	608,224		605,403	129,096	(2,821)
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2020, as previously reported	3,744,167	3,744,167		3,744,167	-	-
Prior period adjustments	-	-		67,726	-	67,726
July 1, 2020, as restated	 3,744,167	3,744,167		3,811,893	-	67,726
June 30, 2021	\$ 4,223,295 \$	4,352,391	\$	4,417,296 \$	129,096 \$	64,905

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Varian	ces
			_	Positive (N	legative)
	Budgeted /	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 1,187,833 \$	1,200,614 \$	\$ 754,686 \$	12,781 \$	(445,928)
Total Revenues	1,187,833	1,200,614	754,686	12,781	(445,928)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	919,615	929,384	694,210	(9,769)	235,174
Support services	241,842	244,687	207,169	(2,845)	37,518
Noninstructional	10,376	10,429	7,829	(53)	2,600
Total Expenditures	1,171,833	1,184,500	909,208	(12,667)	275,292
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	16,000	16,114	(154,522)	114	(170,636)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in	-	-	170,522	-	170,522
Operating transfers out	(16,000)	(16,000)	(16,000)	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(16,000)	(16,000)	154,522	-	170,522
Net Change in Fund Balances		114	-	114	(114)
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2020		-	-	-	-
June 30, 2021	\$-\$	114 \$	\$-\$	114 \$	(114)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	 <b>2021</b> 0.108946%	<b>2020</b> 0.102135%	<b>2019</b> 0.126782%	<b>2018</b> 0.127404%	<b>2017</b> 0.133583%	<b>2016</b> 0.128552%	<b>2015</b> 0.129000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 21,090,680	17,967,562	21,087,613	21,178,872	23,861,260	19,871,605	15,658,239
District's covered payroll	7,254,448	6,651,790	8,096,241	8,172,997	8,544,578	8,060,101	7,816,032
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	290.73%	270.12%	260.46%	259.13%	279.26%	246.54%	200.33%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

## SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

Contractually required contribution	\$ <b>2021</b> 1,194,110	<b>2020</b> 1,262,274	<b>2019</b> 1,047,657	<b>2018</b> 1,275,158	<b>2017</b> 1,287,247	<b>2016</b> 1,345,771	<b>2015</b> 1,269,466
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,194,110	1,262,274	1,047,657	1,275,158	1,287,247	1,345,771	1,269,466
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,862,701	7,254,448	6,651,790	8,096,241	8,172,997	8,544,578	8,060,101
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	 <b>2021</b> 0.15030440%	<b>2020</b> 0.14703395%	<b>2019</b> 0.17840011%	<b>2018</b> * 0.17750679%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,169,681	1,247,643	1,380,014	1,392,737
District's covered-employee payroll	7,254,448	6,651,790	8,096,241	8,219,335
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	16.12%	18.76%	17.05%	16.94%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.1331%	0.1198%	0.1291%	0.0000%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

\*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2021	2020	2019	2018*
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 39,253	46,647	50,009	59,374
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 39,253	46,647	50,009	59,374
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,862,701	7,254,448	6,651,790	8,164,281
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.5720%	0.6430%	0.7518%	0.7272%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### <u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### <u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

<u>2019:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2018 valuation for the June 30, 2020 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	30.9 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

#### **OPEB Schedules**

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

 $\underline{2020}$ : The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

<u>2020</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2020:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% to 18.25%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2028
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.50%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021			
	Catalog of		
	Federal		
Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/	Domestic Assistance		Federal
Program Title	No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures
			Experiantaleo
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster:			
COVID-19 - Summer food service program for children Total child nutrition cluster	10.559	215MS326N1099	<u>\$ 974,842</u> 974,842
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			974,842
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			974,842
U.S. Department of Treasury Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund: Equity in Distance Learning Act COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund Subtotal Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Treasury	21.019	21/12010115/8491/EDLA	408,625 408,625 408,625 408,625
<u>Federal Communications Commission</u> Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund Total Federal Communications Commission	32.xxx	N/A	<u> </u>
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:			
Rehabilitation services - vocational rehabilitation grants to states	84.126	H126A210034	16,461
Total Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			16,461
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	S010A200024	925,208
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	VO048A200024	16,505
Education of homeless children and youths	84.196	ES196A200025	8,223
Rural Education	84.358	S358A200024	2,698
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants School improvement grant	84.367 84.377	S367A200023 ES377A200025	2,403 74,771
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	S424A200025	11,845
Subtotal	-		1,041,653
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief I	84.425D	S425D200031	530,203
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II	84.425D	S425D210031	86,501
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III ARP	84.425U	S425U210031	69,221
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal			685,925
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A200108	383,731
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A200113	33,910
Total special education cluster			417,641
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education			2,145,219 2,161,680
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	2105MS5ADM	19,603
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			19,603
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			19,603
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 3,580,374

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

## Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$47,526 are included in the COVID-19 – Summer Food Service Program for Children.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 9,952,439 5,912,756	7,636,731 1,696,508	911,142 422,777	753,440 72,571	651,126 3,720,900
Total	\$ 15,865,195	9,333,239	1,333,919	826,011	4,372,026
Total number of students *	 1,152				
Cost per student	\$ 13,772	8,102	1,158	717	3,795

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

\* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

**Other Information** 

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2021	2020*	2019*	2018*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 3,462,748	\$ 3,109,274	\$ 2,944,540	\$ 2,932,495
State sources	6,889,005	7,094,219	7,855,552	8,020,169
Sixteenth section sources	54,625	53,210	43,911	141,512
Federal sources	 230,703	148,437	123,601	133,146
Total Revenues	 10,637,081	10,405,140	10,967,604	11,227,322
Expenditures:				
Instruction	5,641,455	5,759,870	5,688,543	6,861,440
Support services	3,596,919	3,839,465	3,562,249	4,348,433
Noninstructional services	4,258	-	5,315	4,401
Sixteenth section	34,496	16,907	27,936	78,599
Facilities acquisition and construction	248,431	-	166,530	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	5,322	5,321	5,321
Total Expenditures	 9,525,559	9,621,564	9,455,894	11,298,194
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	1,111,522	783,576	1,511,710	(70,872)
	 1,111,022	100,010	1,011,110	(10,012)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	-	-	-	33,772
Sale of other property	-	45,000	-	-
Operating transfers in	22,200	21,815	21,230	115,565
Other financing sources	-	42,143	11,021	-
Operating transfers out	(506,765)	(363,909)	(406,898)	(376,463)
Other financing uses	 (21,554)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (506,119)	(254,951)	(374,647)	(227,126)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 605,403	528,625	1,137,063	(297,998)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	3,744,167	3,215,542	2,078,479	2,376,477
Prior period adjustments	67,726		_,07.0,170	_,010,117
Beginning of period, as restated	 3,811,893	3,215,542	2,078,479	2,376,477
	 3,011,000	 3,210,042	_,0.0, 110	 _,010,111
End of Period	\$ 4,417,296	\$ 3,744,167	\$ 3,215,542	\$ 2,078,479

\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

**Other Information** 

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2021	2020*	2019*	2018*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 3,568,344	\$ 3,300,490	\$ 3,153,631	\$ 3,164,727
Intermediate sources	-	-	-	872
State sources	7,447,082	7,742,677	8,784,513	8,822,603
Federal sources	3,630,792	2,248,368	2,229,702	2,859,982
Sixteenth section sources	 249,997	157,954	127,252	133,656
Total Revenues	 14,896,215	13,449,489	14,295,098	14,981,840
Expenditures:				
Instruction	8,217,129	7,410,428	7,269,166	8,672,280
Support services	4,647,621	4,740,373	4,381,774	5,464,831
Noninstructional services	720,169	733,723	889,672	912,319
Sixteenth section	44,666	20,917	37,421	78,599
Facilities acquisition and construction	2,073,572	-	166,530	-
Debt service:				
Principal	35,357	5,322	5,321	105,321
Interest	125,337	53,200	53,200	59,377
Other	1,344	1,092	843	595
Total Expenditures	 15,865,195	12,965,055	12,803,927	15,293,322
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (968,980)	484,434	1,491,171	(311,482)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	-	-	-	33,772
Inception of capital leases	217,500	1,920,815	-	-
Sale of other property	-	45,000	-	-
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent	95,000	95,000	95,000	95,000
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(95,000)	(95,000)	(95,000)	(95,000)
Operating transfers in	862,999	614,756	666,691	588,878
Other financing sources	-	42,143	11,021	
Operating transfers out	(862,999)	(614,756)	(666,691)	(588,878)
Other financing uses	(21,554)	-	(5,963)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 195,946	2,007,958	5,058	33,772
	<u> </u>			
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (773,034)	2,492,392	1,496,229	(277,710)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	7,128,206	4,658,937	3,139,046	3,407,866
Prior period adjustments	 67,726	(54,661)	-	-
Beginning of period, as restated	 7,195,932	4,604,276	3,139,046	3,407,866
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 (44,553)	31,538	23,662	8,890
End of Period	\$ 6,378,345	\$ 7,128,206	\$ 4,658,937	\$ 3,139,046

\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2021.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations dated December 9, 2021, which is included within this document.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cuminfor CAAS

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi December 9, 2021

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a reasonable possibility of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a reasonable possibility of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi December 9, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, which collectively comprise Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following instance of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations:

#### Finding

During our testing, we noted the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District is administering two scholarship funds. According to the MS AG Opinion 1980 WL 28797, there is no authority whereby the school board can administer a scholarship fund. Therefore, the school district may not maintain a scholarship fund composed of nonpublic funds.

#### Recommendation

We recommend the District cease to administer this scholarship fund.

#### School District's Response

We have recently become aware that these scholarship funds are not allowed and will begin the process of disbanding them.

#### Finding

During our testing of travel reimbursements, we noted the district is not consistently including evidence of the purpose of the travel. Items such as conference agendas, sign-in sheets, etc. should be included with all applicable travel reimbursements

#### Recommendation

We recommend items such as conference agendas, sign-in sheets, etc. be included prior to approving any travel reimbursements.

#### School District's Response

We will put procedures in place to ensure compliance with all relevant travel reimbursement laws and regulations.

#### Finding

During our testing of athletic event transmittals and receipts, we noted some instances where the transmittals were not properly signed off on by the person collection the money. We also noted instances of the beginning and ending ticket numbers sold not being documented.

#### Recommendation

We recommend the district put procedures in place to ensure compliance with all relevant laws and regulations related to athletic event transmittals.

#### School District's Response

We will put procedures in place to ensure compliance with all relevant laws and regulations related to athletic event transmittals

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cuminfor CAAS

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi December 9, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

# Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:											
1.	Туре с	Unmodified									
-											
2.	Interna	nternal control over financial reporting:									
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?									
	b.	. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?									
3.	Nonco	No									
Federal Awards:											
4.	Internal control over major programs:										
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified?		No							
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?									
5.	5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:										
6.	6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?										
7.	7. Identification of major programs:										
	<u>CFD</u>	A Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Clus	ster							
	21.0 <sup>-</sup>	19	COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief F	Fund							
	84.42	25D	COVID-19 – Elementary and Sec	ondary School							
	84.42	25U	Emergency Relief I & II (ESSER) COVID-19 – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III ARP (ESSER)								
				\$750,000							
8.	8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:										
9.	Audit	Yes									
10.	10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).										

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.