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GRENADA COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

Audited Financial Statements and Special Reports For the Year Ended September 30, 2022



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FINANCIAL SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Grenada County, Mississippi

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Grenada County, Mississippi, (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the accompanying financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of Grenada County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2022, or the changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Each Major Fund and the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Grenada County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principle generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified opinions.

Matters Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements do not include financial data for the County's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The County has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The effects of not including the County's legally separate component units on the aggregate discretely presented component units has not been determined.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood, that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
 estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and corresponding notes, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of County Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Omission of Required Supplementary Information

Grenada County, Mississippi, has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Grenada County, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the accompanying Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2024 on our consideration of Grenada County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Grenada County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Grenada County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Vicksburg, MS February 14, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| | Prin | nary Government |
|--|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | Governmental |
| | | Activities |
| ASSETS | c | 24 042 002 |
| Cash | \$ | 21,843,002 |
| Property tax receivable | | 11,222,853 |
| Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$382,505) | | 66,253 |
| Fines receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$673,603) | | 159,783 |
| Lease receivable | | 191,538 |
| Intergovernmental receivables | | 478,768 |
| Other receivables | | 83,118 |
| Capital assets: | | 00,110 |
| Land and construction in progress | | 3,335,121 |
| Other capital assets, net | | 39,533,744 |
| Total Assets | | 76,914,180 |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 1 000 010 |
| Deferred outflows related to pensions | | 1,329,918 |
| Deferred amount on refunding Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | | 4,478 1,334,396 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | | 1,334,390 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Claims payable | | 841,240 |
| Intergovernmental payables | | 361,807 |
| Unearned revenue | | 3,924,236 |
| Amounts held in custody for others | | 211,507 |
| Long-term liabilities | | |
| Due within one year: | | |
| Capital debt | | 444,314 |
| Non-capital debt | | 165,000 |
| Due in more than one year: | | 0.040.044 |
| Capital debt | | 3,012,611 |
| Non-capital debt | | 1,566,285 |
| Net pension liability | | 11,900,431 |
| Total Liabilities | | 22,427,431 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Deferred inflows related to pensions | | 18,741 |
| Property tax for future reporting periods | | 11,265,887 |
| Deferred inflows related to leases | | 191,538 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | | 11,476,166 |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 39,411,940 |
| Restricted for: | | 39,411,940 |
| Expendable: | | |
| General government | | 310,821 |
| Public safety | | 466,647 |
| Public safety Public works | | 8,185,859 |
| Economic development and assistance | | 2,913,267 |
| Debt service | | 291,076 |
| Unrestricted | | (7,234,631) |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 44,344,979 |
| . 5.5 100 1 5011011 | * | 11,511,010 |

| For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 | | Program Revenu | es | | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | Capital Grants and Contributions | Primary Government Governmental Activities |
| Primary government: Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Culture and recreation Education Conservation of natural resources Economic development and assistance Interest on long-term debt Pension expense Total Governmental Activities | \$ 4,382,556 4,498,714 7,379,847 161,876 108,000 24,000 95,090 618,334 52,922 1,107,764 18,429,103 | 540,378 571,236 628,861 | 272,313 296,542 3,304,770 102,895 25,425 | 141,411 1,406,536 1,098,770 2,646,717 | (3,569,865) (3,489,525) (2,039,680) (58,981) (108,000) (24,000) (95,090) 505,861 (52,922) (1,107,764) (10,039,966) |
| | Unrestricted into Miscellaneous Total General Changes in Net F | privilege taxes tributions not restrice erest income Revenues Position ginning, as previous | | | \$ 10,482,572 279,053 1,062,510 45,508 1,336,216 13,205,859 3,165,893 40,875,810 303,276 |
| | | ginning, as restated | d | | \$ 41,179,086 \$ 44,344,979 |

| | N | lajor Funds | | | |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | General Fund | Coronavirus Fiscal Recovery Fund | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
| ASSETS Cash Property tax receivable Accounts receivable (net of allowance | \$ | 5,513,438 7,185,228 | 3,884,215 | 12,445,349 4,037,625 | 21,843,002 11,222,853 |
| for uncollectibles of \$382,505) Fines receivable (net of allowance for | | | | 66,253 | 66,253 |
| uncollectibles of \$673,603) Lease receivable Intergovernmental receivables | | 159,783 191,538 391,964 | | 86,804 | 159,783 191,538 478,768 |
| Other receivables | | 78,030 | | 5,088 | 83,118 |
| Due from other funds Total Assets | \$= | 6,190 13,526,171 | 3,884,215 | 81,341 16,722,460 | 87,531 34,132,846 |
| LIABILITIES Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Claims payable Intergovernmental payables | \$ | 245,376 361,807 | | 595,864 | 841,240 361,807 |
| Due to other funds | | 81,341 | | 6,190 | 87,531 |
| Unearned revenue | | | 3,881,998 | 85,272 | 3,967,270 |
| Amounts held in custody for others Total Liabilities | _ | 211,507 900,031 | 2 004 000 | 687,326 | 211,507 |
| rotal Liabilities | _ | 900,031 | 3,881,998 | 687,326 | 5,469,355 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue - property taxes | | 7,185,228 | | 4,037,625 | 11,222,853 |
| Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable | | | | 66,253 | 66,253 |
| Unavailable revenue - fines | | 159,783 | | | 159,783 |
| Unavailable revenue - leases Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | _ | 191,538 7,536,549 | | 4,103,878 | 191,538 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | _ | 7,536,549 | | 4,103,070 | 11,640,427 |
| Fund balances: Restricted for: | | | | | |
| General government Public safety | | | 2,217 | 308,604 466,647 | 310,821 466,647 |
| Public works | | | | 8,119,606 | 8,119,606 |
| Debt service Committed to: | | | | 291,076 | 291,076 |
| Economic development and assistance | | | | 2,913,267 | 2,913,267 |
| Unassigned | | 5,089,591 | | (167,944) | 4,921,647 |
| Total Fund Balances | | 5,089,591 | 2,217 | 11,931,256 | 17,023,064 |
| Total Link little - Defended before of December | | _ | | | |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances | \$_ | 13,526,171 | 3,884,215 | 16,722,460 | 34,132,846 |

| Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022 | | EXIIIDIL 3-1 |
|--|------------|-----------------------|
| | _ | Amount |
| Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds | \$ | 17,023,064 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | | |
| Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$64,700,424. | | 42,868,865 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. | | 226,036 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | (5,188,210) |
| Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | (11,900,431) |
| Deferred amount on refunding | | 4,478 |
| Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | | 1,329,918 (18,741) |
| Total Net Position - Governmental Activities | \$ <u></u> | 44,344,979 |

Exhibit 3-1

GRENADA COUNTY

Exhibit 4 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 Major Funds

| | M | ajor Funds | | | |
|---|-----|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| | | • | Coronavirus | Other | Total |
| | | General | Fiscal Recovery | | Governmental |
| | | | • | | |
| DEVENUE O | _ | Fund | Fund | Funds | <u>Funds</u> |
| REVENUES | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 5,871,019 | | 4,611,553 | 10,482,572 |
| Road and bridge privilege taxes | | | | 279,053 | 279,053 |
| Licenses, commissions and other revenue | | 310,608 | | 136,422 | 447,030 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 189,469 | | 41,608 | 231,077 |
| | | 1,418,456 | | 6,292,716 | |
| Intergovernmental revenues | | | | | 7,711,172 |
| Charges for services | | 391,656 | | 661,111 | 1,052,767 |
| Interest income | | 37,394 | 1,499 | 6,615 | 45,508 |
| Miscellaneous revenues | | 1,391,805 | | 119,254 | 1,511,059 |
| Total Revenues | | 9,610,407 | 1,499 | 12,148,332 | 21,760,238 |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| | | 4 400 004 | | 544.540 | 4 0 47 507 |
| General government | | 4,103,024 | | 544,543 | 4,647,567 |
| Public safety | | 3,568,855 | | 986,504 | 4,555,359 |
| Public works | | 31,096 | | 8,213,862 | 8,244,958 |
| Health and welfare | | 153,934 | | | 153,934 |
| Culture and recreation | | 108,000 | | | 108,000 |
| Education | | 24,000 | | | 24,000 |
| | | | | | |
| Conservation of natural resources | | 95,090 | | | 95,090 |
| Economic development and assistance | | 97,050 | | 628,564 | 725,614 |
| Debt service: | | | | | |
| Principal | | | | 631,974 | 631,974 |
| Interest | | | | 66,935 | 66,935 |
| Total Expenditures | _ | 8,181,049 | 0 | 11,072,382 | 19,253,431 |
| Total Experiatores | _ | 0,101,043 | | 11,072,002 | 13,233,431 |
| Fueres of Davisson area | | | | | |
| Excess of Revenues over | | | | | |
| (under) Expenditures | | 1,429,358 | 1,499 | 1,075,950 | 2,506,807 |
| | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | | | 46,302 | 46,302 |
| Transfers in | | 1,551 | | 1,775,307 | 1,776,858 |
| Transfers out | | (1,775,307) | | (1,551) | (1,776,858) |
| | | | | (1,551) | |
| Lease principal payments | | 23,643 | | | 23,643 |
| Total Other Financing Sources and Uses | | (1,750,113) | 0 | 1,820,058 | 69,945 |
| | | | | | |
| Net Changes in Fund Balances | | (320,755) | 1,499 | 2,896,008 | 2,576,752 |
| | | | | | |
| Fund Balances - Beginning, as previously reported | | 5,410,346 | 718 | 8,731,972 | 14,143,036 |
| Prior period adjustment | | 0, 0,0 .0 | , 10 | 303,276 | 303,276 |
| Fund Balances - Beginning, as restated | | 5,410,346 | 718 | 9,035,248 | 14,446,312 |
| runu balances - beginning, as restated | | 3,410,346 | / 18 | 9,035,248 | 14,440,312 |
| Fund Dalances - Ending | æ | E 000 E04 | 0.047 | 44 004 050 | 17 000 004 |
| Fund Balances - Ending | ⇒ = | 5,089,591 | 2,217 | 11,931,256 | 17,023,064 |
| | | | | | |

| GRENADA COUNTY Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 | | Exhibit 4-1 |
|--|---------|------------------------|
| Not Changes in Fund Palances - Covernmental Funds | <u></u> | Amount 2 576 752 |
| Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | \$ | 2,576,752 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: | | |
| Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that capital outlays of \$2,078,623 exceeded depreciation of \$1,707,337 in the current period. | | 371,286 |
| In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of gains of \$16,695 and the proceeds from the sale of \$46,302 in the current period. | | (29,607) |
| Fine revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting. | | 29,374 |
| Solid waste revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting. | | (19,773) |
| Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of debt repayments of \$631,974. | | 631,974 |
| Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by a combination of the following items: | | |
| Change in accrued interest payable | | 5,647 |
| The amortization of: Premiums on bonds Deferred amount on refunding bonds | | 8,888 (522) |
| Some items reported in the Statement of Activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include: | | |
| Recording of pension expense for the current period Recording of contributions made during the year | | (1,107,764) 699,638 |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities | \$ | 3,165,893 |

GRENADA COUNTY Statement of Fiduciary Net Position September 30, 2022

Exhibit 5

| | Private-purpose Trust Funds | Custodial Funds |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| ASSETS Cash and investments Total Assets | \$ 121,965 \$ 121,965 | 59,222 59,222 |
| LIABILITIES Other liabilities Intergovernmental payables Total Liabilities | \$ \$0 | 45,359 13,863 59,222 |
| NET POSITION Restricted for: Individuals, organizations and other governments Total Net Position | \$ 121,965 121,965 | 0 |

GRENADA COUNTY Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Exhibit 6

| | _ | Private-purpose Trust Funds | Custodial Funds |
|---|----|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| ADDITIONS Collections on behalf of individuals Assessments of fines for other governments Total Additions | \$ | 0 | 79,115 254,350 333,465 |
| DEDUCTIONS Payment of collections on behalf of individuals Payments of assessments of fines to other governments Total Deductions | _ | 0 | 79,115 254,350 333,465 |
| Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position | | 0 | 0 |
| Net Position - Beginning | | 121,965 | |
| Net Position - Ending | \$ | 121,965 | 0 |

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

A. Financial Reporting Entity.

Grenada County, Mississippi (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi. The County is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Grenada County to present these financial statements on the primary government and its component units which have significant operational or financial relationships with the County.

Management has chosen to omit from these financial statements the following component units which have a significant operational or financial relationship with the County. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include the data of the County's component units necessary for reporting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

- Grenada Lake Medical Center
- Greater Grenada Partnership
- Elizabeth Jones Library

State law pertaining to county government provides for the independent election of county officials. The following elected and appointed officials are all part of the County legal entity and therefore are reported as part of the primary government financial statements.

- Board of Supervisors
- Chancery Clerk
- Circuit Clerk
- Justice Court Clerk
- Purchase Clerk
- Tax Assessor-Collector
- Sheriff

B. Basis of Presentation.

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and accompanying note disclosures which provide a detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information concerning the County as a whole. The statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the County at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Funds are organized into governmental and fiduciary, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual Governmental Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column as Other Governmental Funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.

The Government-wide and Fiduciary Funds financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the County. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

The County reports the following major Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Coronavirus Fiscal Recovery Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for monies received from the federal government to address issues resulting from COVID-19.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> - These funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, under which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria.

D. Account Classifications.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association.

E. Deposits and Investments.

State law authorizes the County to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the County may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, and all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. However, the County did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.

F. Receivables.

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

G. Interfund Transactions and Balances.

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position

H. Capital Assets.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the (applicable) governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure, which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital assets, other than infrastructure, costs have been estimated and the methods of estimation are not readily available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capitalized on capital assets.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

statements. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

| | _ | Capitalization Thresholds | Estimated Useful Life |
|-----------------------------------|----|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | _ | _ | |
| Land | \$ | 0 | N/A |
| Infrastructure | | 0 | 20-50 years |
| Buildings | | 50,000 | 40 years |
| Improvements other than buildings | | 25,000 | 20 years |
| Mobile equipment | | 5,000 | 5-10 years |
| Furniture and equipment | | 5,000 | 3-7 years |

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

<u>Deferred outflows related to pensions</u> - This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note 10 for additional details.

<u>Deferred amount on refunding</u> – In a refunding of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources or deferred inflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

<u>Deferred inflows related to pensions</u> - This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note 10 for additional details.

<u>Property tax for future reporting period/unavailable revenue – property taxes</u> - Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed nonexchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.

<u>Unavailable revenue – accounts receivable</u> – When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such a time that the revenue becomes available.

<u>Unavailable revenue – fines</u> - When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

<u>Unavailable revenue - leases</u> – Deferred inflows of resources measured at the initial value of the lease receivable to reflect that the receivable relates to future periods.

J. Leases.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87), to establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. GASB 87 was implemented during fiscal year 2022.

The County uses the Federal Prime Borrowing Rate in effect at the date of the lease inception to calculate the present value of lease payments when the rate implicit in the lease is not known.

K. Long-term Liabilities.

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on financed purchases and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

L. Pensions.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the County:

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources by an external party or imposed by law through either a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the Board of Supervisors, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is an order of the Board of Supervisors as approved in the board minutes.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

N. Property Tax Revenues:

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Supervisors may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the County. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount, which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Supervisors, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectibility criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

O. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

P. Changes in Accounting Standards.

GASB 87, Leases, was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It established a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments.

(2) Prior Period Adjustments.

A summary of the significant net position/fund balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit 2 – Statement of Activities – Governmental Activities.

| Explanation | , | Amount |
|---------------------------------------|----|---------|
| To correct errors in unearned revenue | \$ | 303,276 |
| Total prior period adjustments | \$ | 303,276 |

Exhibit 4 – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.

| Explanation | Amount |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| Other Governmental Funds: | |
| To correct errors in unearned revenue | \$ 303,276 |
| | |
| Total prior period adjustments | \$ 303,276 |

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

(3) Deposits.

Deposits:

The carrying amount of the County's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2022, was \$22,024,189, and the bank balance was \$22,048,121. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated. Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the County.

(4) Interfund Transactions and Balances.

The following is a summary of interfund balances at September 30, 2022:

A. Due From/To Other Funds:

| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund | Amount |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------------|
| General Fund Other Governmental Funds | Other Governmental Funds General Fund | \$ 6,190 |
| Other Governmental Funds | General Fund | 81,341 |
| Total | | \$ 87,531 |

The receivables represent the tax revenue collected in September, 2022, but not settled until October, 2022 and loans to cover negative cash balances. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

B. Transfers In/Out:

| Transfers In | Transfers Out | Amount |
|--|--|--------------------------|
| General Fund Other Governmental Funds | Other Governmental Funds General Fund | \$ 1,551 1,775,307 |
| Total | | \$ 1,776,858 |

The principal purpose of interfund transfers was to provide funds for county operations, to distribute escrow funds and to supply matching grant funds. All interfund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

(5) Intergovernmental Receivables.

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

| Description | Amount |
|--|---------------|
| Governmental Activities: | |
| Legislative tax credit | \$ 209,270 |
| Hazard mitigation | 41,315 |
| Reimbursement for housing prisoners | 79,728 |
| Reimbursement for Sheriff Overtime - US Marshall | 5,506 |
| Highway planning and construction | 21,935 |
| Welfare reimbursement | 14,836 |
| Truck and bus privilege | 2,242 |
| Waste tire grant | 2,666 |
| Drug court | 24,212 |
| Patrolling Grenada Lake | 5,910 |
| Timber severance tax | 513 |
| Youth Court | 2,000 |
| Petroleum tax | 44,798 |
| Overload ad valorem | 23,837 |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ 478,768 |

(6) Capital Assets.

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2022:

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Governmental activities:

| Governmental activities. | Balance Oct. 1, 2021 | Additions | Deletions | Adjustments* | Balance Sept. 30, 2022 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|---------------------------|
| Non-depreciable capital assets: | | | | | |
| | \$ 1,395,945 | 173,800 | | | 1,569,745 |
| Construction in progress | 516,196 | 1,249,180 | | | 1,765,376 |
| generations in progress | | | | | |
| Total non-depreciable capital assets | 1,912,141 | 1,422,980 | | <u> </u> | 3,335,121 |
| Depreciable capital assets: | | | | | |
| Infrastructure | 65,539,034 | | | | 65,539,034 |
| Buildings | 23,157,433 | | | | 23,157,433 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 3,935,797 | | | | 3,935,797 |
| Mobile equipment | 8,375,522 | 398,168 | 99,756 | 1,577,185 | 10,251,119 |
| Furniture and equipment | 1,093,310 | 257,475 | | | 1,350,785 |
| Leased property under capital leases | 1,577,185 | | | (1,577,185) | - |
| Total depreciable capital assets | 103,678,281 | 655,643 | 99,756 | | 104,234,168 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | |
| Infrastructure | 43,072,582 | 492,499 | | | 43,565,081 |
| Buildings | 11,428,506 | 390,950 | | | 11,819,456 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 443,340 | 147,778 | | | 591,118 |
| Mobile equipment | 6,722,002 | 577,791 | 70,149 | 683,298 | 7,912,942 |
| Furniture and equipment | 713,508 | 98,319 | | | 811,827 |
| Leased property under capital leases | 683,298 | | | (683,298) | - |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 63,063,236 | 1,707,337 | 70,149 | | 64,700,424 |
| Total depreciable capital assets, net | 40,615,045 | (1,051,694) | 29,607 | | 39,533,744 |
| Governmental activities capital assets | \$42,527,186 | 371,286 | 29,607 | <u>-</u> | 42,868,865 |

^{*}Adjustments are a result of the implementation of GASB 87. Under the new guidance, leases that were previously reported as capital leases and whereby the asset conveys to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease, are now considered financed purchases. Since these assets are no longer leased assets, reclassifications have been made to report them in their respective category.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

| | Amount |
|--|-----------------|
| Governmental activities: | _ |
| General government | \$ 114,805 |
| Public safety | 263,476 |
| Public works | 1,109,913 |
| Health and welfare | 7,942 |
| Economic development and assistance | 211,201 |
| Total governmental activities depreciation expense | \$ 1,707,337 |

Commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects at September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

| | Remaining Financial | Expected Date of |
|---|--|--|
| Description of Commitment | Commitment | Completion |
| Hugh White Road Milwaukee Electronic Tool Water-Sewer Project American Way Road | \$ Undetermined Undetermined Undetermined | Undetermined Undetermined Undetermined |

(7) Claims and Judgments.

Risk Financing.

The County finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The County pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$1,000,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by the Workers' Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention, provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective from January 1, 2022, to January 1, 2023. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

(8) Leases.

As Lessor:

On December 1, 2020, Grenada County entered into a lease agreement with Advanced Distributor Products for the lease of a building owned by the County. The lease stipulated that the lessee would pay

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

approximately \$1,000 per year in lease payments commencing December 1, 2020 for a term of 5 years. At the end of the lease term, a new agreement will be required. The County is to receive \$1,000 in rent annually with an implicit interest rate of 4.00%.

On April 24, 2017, Grenada County entered into a lease agreement with McQuay/Modine for the lease of a building owned by the County. The lease stipulated that the lessee would pay approximately \$8,000 per year in lease payments commencing April 24, 2017 for a term of 10 years. At the end of the lease term, there is a right to renew for 10 years. The County is to receive \$8,000 in rent annually with an implicit interest rate of 4.00%.

On January 1, 2022, Grenada County entered into a lease agreement with Heritage Professional Group for the lease of equipment owned by the County. The lease stipulated that the lessee would pay approximately \$14,110 per year in lease payments commencing January 1, 2022 for a term of 7 years. At the end of the lease term, a new agreement will be required. The County is to receive \$14,110 in rent annually with an implicit interest rate of 4.00%.

On January 18, 2022, Grenada County entered into a lease agreement with Ole Corner Store for the lease of equipment owned by the County. The lease stipulated that the lessee would pay approximately \$768 per year in lease payments commencing January 18, 2022 for a term of 10 years. At the end of the lease term, a new agreement will be required. The County is to receive \$768 in rent annually with an implicit interest rate of 4.00%.

On January 1, 2018, Grenada County entered into a lease agreement with Provine Machine Works RBG for the lease of equipment owned by the County. The lease stipulated that the lessee would pay approximately \$1,400 per year in lease payments commencing January 1, 2018 for a term of 10 years. At the end of the lease term, a new agreement will be required. The County is to receive \$1,400 in rent annually with an implicit interest rate of 4.00%.

On February 5, 2019, Grenada County entered into a lease agreement with Provine Machine Works for the lease of equipment owned by the County. The lease stipulated that the lessee would pay approximately \$3,500 per year in lease payments commencing February 5, 2019 for a term of 10 years. At the end of the lease term, a new agreement will be required. The County is to receive \$3,500 in rent annually with an implicit interest rate of 4.00%.

Remaining amounts to be received associated with these leases are as follows:

| Year Ending September 30 | Principal | Interest |
|--------------------------|---------------|----------|
| | | |
| 2023 | \$ 21,117 | 7,661 |
| 2024 | 21,962 | 6,816 |
| 2025 | 22,841 | 5,937 |
| 2026 | 22,753 | 5,025 |
| 2027 | 23,664 | 4,114 |
| 2028 - 2032 | 50,163 | 10,519 |
| 2033 - 2037 | 29,038 | 2,962 |
| | | |
| Total | \$ 191,538 | 43,034 |

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

(9) Long-term Debt.

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

| Des | scription and Purpose | | Amount Outstanding | Interest Rate | Final Maturity Date |
|-----|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| Go | vernmental Activities: | | | | |
| Α. | General Obligation Bonds: | | | | |
| | Series 2021 Refunding Bonds | \$ __ | 1,655,000 | 2.00% | 05/2031 |
| | Total General Obligation Bonds | \$ | 1,655,000 | | |
| В. | Financed Purchases: | | | | |
| | Caterpillar Backhoe | \$ | 1,193 | 2.44% | 11/2022 |
| | John Deere Backhoe | | 2,040 | 2.44% | 12/2022 |
| | John Deere Tractor & Mower | | 22,281 | 4.04% | 02/2024 |
| | Excavator | | 51,482 | 3.92% | 01/2024 |
| | 2019 Ford F150 | | 11,569 | 3.24% | 12/2023 |
| | 2020 Freightliner Truck | | 52,009 | 2.38% | 01/2026 |
| | 2022 M2106 Freightliner Truck | | 41,499 | 2.38% | 07/2026 |
| | Caterpillar 420 Backhoe Loader | | 44,753 | 2.41% | 12/2025 |
| | JD Tractor & Cutter | | 42,179 | 2.41% | 07/2025 |
| | Caterpillar Backhoe Loaders | | 54,233 | 2.41% | 06/2026 |
| | John Deere Tractor & Flex Wing | | 29,898 | 2.41% | 07/2025 |
| | Caterpillar D5 Dozer | | 57,051 | 2.41% | 07/2025 |
| | JD Mini Excavator | - | 36,346 | 2.41% | 07/2025 |
| | Total Financed Purchases | \$ | 446,533 | | |
| C. | Other Loans: | | | | |
| | Freight Rail Revolving Loan | \$_ | 3,010,392 | 0.00% | 05/2034 |
| | Total Other Loans | \$ | 3,010,392 | | |

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the following debt reported in the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Governmental Activities:

| | <u>G</u> | eneral Obligation | n Bonds | Financed Purchases | |
|--------------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|--------------------|----------|
| Year Ending September 30 | | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| | _ | | | | |
| 2023 | \$ | 165,000 | 33,100 | 184,424 | 9,617 |
| 2024 | | 165,000 | 29,800 | 131,116 | 4,791 |
| 2025 | | 175,000 | 26,500 | 105,970 | 1,877 |
| 2026 | | 180,000 | 23,000 | 25,023 | 178 |
| 2027 | | 185,000 | 19,400 | - | - |
| 2028 - 2031 | | 785,000 | 39,600 | | |
| | | | | | |
| Total | \$_ | 1,655,000 | 171,400 | 446,533 | 16,463 |

| Year Ending September 30 | Principal | Interest |
|--------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| | | |
| 2023 | \$ 259,890 | - |
| 2024 | 259,890 | - |
| 2025 | 259,890 | - |
| 2026 | 259,890 | - |
| 2027 | 259,890 | - |
| 2028 - 2032 | 1,299,450 | - |
| 2033 - 2034 | 411,492 | |
| | | |
| Total | \$ 3,010,392 | |

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt that can be incurred by the County is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the County, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever a county issues bonds to repair or replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the County. As of September 30, 2022, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to .70% of the latest property assessments.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2022:

| | Balance Oct. 1, 2021 | Additions | Reductions | Adjustments | Balance Sept. 30, 2022 | Amount due within one year |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------|-------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds Add: | \$ 1,815,000 | | 160,000 | | 1,655,000 | 165,000 |
| Premiums | 85,173 | | 8,888 | | 76,285 | |
| Financed purchases | | | 212,084 | 658,617 | 446,533 | 184,424 |
| Capital leases | 658,617 | | | (658,617) | - | |
| Other loans | 3,270,282 | - | 259,890 | | 3,010,392 | 259,890 |
| Total | \$_5,829,072 | | 640,862 | <u> </u> | 5,188,210 | 609,314 |

(10) Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

General Information about the Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. Grenada County, Mississippi contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by *Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated Section 25-11-1 et seq.* and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits Provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

<u>Contributions</u>. At September 30, 2022, PERS members were required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary, and the County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate at September 30, 2022 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The County's contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$699,638, \$703,147 and \$674,082, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$11,900,431 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The County's proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2022 net pension liability was 0.057815% percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2022. This was an decrease of 0.001948 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,107,764. At September 30, 2022 the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | _ | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|-----|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings | \$ | 170,356 | - |
| on pension plan investments | | 549,336 | - |
| Changes of assumptions | | 425,458 | - |
| Changes in the proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of | | | |
| contributions | | - | 18,741 |
| County contributions subsequent to the measurement | | | |
| date | _ | 184,768 | - |
| Total | \$_ | 1,329,918 | 18,741 |

\$184,768 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

| Year ending September 30 | Amount |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 2023 | \$ 391,990 |
| 2024 | 268,258 |
| 2025 | (179,588) |
| 2026 | 645,749 |
| Total | \$ 1,126,409 |

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary increases 2.65 – 17.90 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

| | | Long-Term | | |
|------------------------|-------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Target | Expected Real | | |
| Asset Class | Allocation_ | Rate of Return | | |
| Domestic Equity | 25.00 % | 4.60 % | | |
| International Equity | 20.00 | 4.50 | | |
| Global Equity | 12.00 | 4.85 | | |
| Fixed Income | 18.00 | 1.40 | | |
| Real Estate | 10.00 | 3.65 | | |
| Private Equity | 10.00 | 6.00 | | |
| Private Infrastructure | 2.00 | 4.00 | | |
| Private Credit | 2.00 | 4.00 | | |
| Cash Equivalents | 1.00 | (0.10) | | |
| Total | 100.00 % | | | |

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% | Current | 1% |
|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------|
| | Decrease | Discount Rate | Increase |
| | (6.55%) | (7.55%) | (8.55%) |
| | | | |
| County's proportionate share of | | | |
| the net pension liability | \$ 15,531,277 | 11,900,431 | 8,906,982 |

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

(11) Deficit Fund Balances of Individual Funds.

The following funds reported deficits in fund balances at September 30, 2022:

| Fund | | Deficit Amount |
|--|----|----------------|
| | _ | |
| Milwaukee Electronic Tool DRA Grant Fund | \$ | 116,361 |
| Solid Waste Fund | | 20,725 |
| Gore Springs Road Repair Fund | | 30,858 |

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

(12) Contingencies.

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The County has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the County. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the County's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> - The County is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the County with respect to the various proceedings. However, the County's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

(13) Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position.

The governmental activities' unrestricted net position amount of (\$7,234,631)includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$184,768 resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. The \$1,145,150 balance of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2022, will be recognized in pension expense over the next 4 years. The \$18,741 balance of the deferred inflows of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2022, will be recognized in pension expense over the next 3 years.

The governmental activities' unrestricted net position amount of (\$7,234,631) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from an advance refunding of County debt. The expense will be recognized over future years and will decrease the unrestricted net position.

The governmental activities' unrestricted net position amount of (\$7,234,631) includes the effect of recognition of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from capital leases receivable. The \$191,538 balance of deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2022, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 15 years.

(14) Related Organizations.

The Grenada County Board of Supervisors is responsible for appointing a voting majority of the board members of the GT&Y Utility District, but the county's accountability for this organization does not exceed beyond making the appointments. The county did not appropriate any funds for the maintenance and support of the district in fiscal year 2022.

(15) Jointly Governed Organizations.

The County participates in the following jointly governed organizations:

The North Central Planning and Development District operates in a district composed of the counties of Attala, Carroll, Grenada, Holmes, Leflore, Montgomery and Yalobusha. The Grenada County Board of Supervisors appoints four of the twenty-eight members of the district board of directors. The county appropriated \$49,500 for maintenance and support of the district in fiscal year 2022.

Holmes Community College operates in a district composed of the counties of Attala, Carroll, Choctaw, Grenada, Holmes, Madison, Montgomery, Webster and Yazoo. The Grenada County Board of Supervisors appoints 2 of the 22 members of the college's board of trustees. The county levied \$429,068 in taxes for maintenance and support of the college in fiscal year 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Mississippi Regional Housing Authority IV operates in a district composed of the counties of Carroll, Choctaw, Clay, Grenada, Lowndes, Montgomery, Oktibbeha, Webster and Winston. The Grenada County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the nine members of the board of commissioners. The county did not appropriate any funds for maintenance and support of the authority in fiscal year 2022.

Region Six Mental Health/Mental Retardation Center/Life Help operates in a district composed of the counties of Attala, Carroll, Grenada, Holmes, Humphreys, Leflore, Montgomery and Sunflower. The Grenada County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the eight members of the board of commissioners. The county appropriated \$35,881 for maintenance and support of the center in fiscal year 2022.

(16) Tax Abatements.

For the year beginning October 1, 2016, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) implemented Statement 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures. This statement requires governmental entities to disclose the reduction in tax revenues resulting from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the government or the citizens of those governments.

The Grenada County Board of Supervisors negotiates property tax abatements on an individual basis. All abatements are for 10 years and are for economic development purposes. The County had tax abatement agreements with fourteen entities as of September 30, 2022.

Section 27-31-34, Miss. Code Ann.(1972) Lease contracts, leases or leaseholds

There are three companies that have abatements under this statute.

Section 27-31-101 through Section 27-31-117, Miss. Code Ann.(1972)
All allowable property tax levies
Payments in lieu of taxes

There are eleven companies that have abatements under these statutes.

| Category | Amount of taxes Abated during the Fiscal Year |
|--|---|
| Additions to furniture, mobile equipment and inventory | \$341,170 |
| Leasehold interest construction | 241,022 |

(17) Subsequent Events.

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events, which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date, require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of Grenada County evaluated the activity of the County through February 14, 2024 and determined that no subsequent events occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GRENADA COUNTY
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
General Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022
UNAUDITED

| REVENUES | _ | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual (Budgetary Basis) | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|--|-----|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Property taxes | \$ | 6,216,903 | 5,875,841 | 5,875,841 | 0 |
| Licenses, commissions and other revenue | , | 228,100 | 246,799 | 246,799 | 0 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 138,500 | 192,606 | 192,606 | 0 |
| Intergovernmental revenues | | 1,096,000 | 1,118,839 | 1,118,839 | 0 |
| Charges for services | | 260,000 | 338,308 | 338,308 | 0 |
| Interest income | | 30,300 | 32,384 | 32,384 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous revenues | _ | 331,200 | 1,788,286 | 1,788,286 | 0 |
| Total Revenues | _ | 8,301,003 | 9,593,063 | 9,593,063 | 0 |
| EXPENDITURES Current: General government | | 5,413,907 | 4,118,718 | 4,118,718 | 0 |
| Public safety | | 4,140,461 | 3,812,823 | 3,812,823 | 0 |
| Public works | | 8,000 | 9,836 | 9,836 | 0 |
| Health and welfare | | 191,211 | 153,405 | 153,405 | 0 |
| Culture and recreation | | 108,000 | 108,000 | 108,000 | 0 |
| Education | | 24,000 | 24,000 | 24,000 | Ö |
| Conservation of natural resources | | 102,814 | 95,130 | 95,130 | 0 |
| Economic development and assistance | | 89,500 | 98,500 | 98,500 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | _ | 10,077,893 | 8,420,412 | 8,420,412 | 0 |
| Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures | _ | (1,776,890) | 1,172,651 | 1,172,651 | 0 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in | | | 500 222 | 1 551 | (500.774) |
| Transfers out | | (210,000) | 590,322 (1,516,632) | 1,551 (1,516,632) | (588,771) 0 |
| Total Other Financing Sources and Uses | _ | (210,000) | (926,310) | (1,515,081) | (588,771) |
| Total Other I marioling Cources and Oses | _ | (210,000) | (320,310) | (1,010,001) | (300,771) |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (1,986,890) | 246,341 | (342,430) | (588,771) |
| Fund Balances - Beginning | | 5,389,439 | 4,775,014 | 5,410,346 | 635,332 |
| , and the second | - | | | | |
| Fund Balances - Ending | \$_ | 3,402,549 | 5,021,355 | 5,067,916 | 46,561 |
| | _ | | | | |

GRENADA COUNTY
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
Coronavirus Fiscal Recovery Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022
UNAUDITED

| REVENUES | _ | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual (Budgetary Basis) | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|-----|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Intergovernmental revenues | \$ | | 2,015,999 | 2,015,999 | 0 |
| Interest income | _ | | 1,499 | 1,499 | 0 |
| Total Revenues | _ | 0 | 2,017,498 | 2,017,498 | 0 |
| EXPENDITURES Current: Total Expenditures | _ | 0 | | | |
| Total Experialitation | _ | | | | |
| Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures | | 0 | 2,017,498 | 2,017,498 | 0 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources and Uses | _ | 0 | (2,017,338) (2,017,338) | (150,000) (150,000) | 1,867,338 1,867,338 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balances - Beginning | _ | 0 2,016,208 | 160 3,884,055 | 1,867,498 718 | 1,867,338 (3,883,337) |
| Fund Balances - Ending | \$_ | 2,016,208 | 3,884,215 | 1,868,216 | (2,015,999) |

GRENADA COUNTY
Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Last 10 Fiscal Years*
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022
UNAUDITED

| | _ | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2015 |
|--|----|------------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) | | 0.057815% | 0.059763% | 0.058171% | 0.057768% | 0.057252% | 0.064922% | 0.059458% | 0.059342% | 0.060552% |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ | 11,900,431 | 8,833,232 | 11,261,230 | 10,162,531 | 9,522,709 | 10,792,239 | 10,620,683 | 9,173,103 | 7,349,904 |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 4,020,920 | 4,041,069 | 3,873,523 | 3,785,622 | 3,691,962 | 3,965,599 | 3,803,651 | 3,707,333 | 3,700,057 |
| County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll | | 295.96% | 218.59% | 290.72% | 268.45% | 257.93% | 272.15% | 279.22% | 247.43% | 198.64% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 59.93% | 70.44% | 58.97% | 61.59% | 62.54% | 61.49% | 57.47% | 61.70% | 67.21% |

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the twelve months ended at the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

GRENADA COUNTY
Schedule of County Contributions
Last 10 Fiscal Years*
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022
UNAUDITED

| | _ | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|---------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | \$ _ | 699,638 699,638 | 703,147 703,147 | 674,082 674,082 | 611,580 611,580 | 581,485 581,485 | 628,843 628,843 | 627,675 627,675 | 590,754 590,754 | 587,655 587,655 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$_ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 4,020,908 | 4,041,073 | 3,874,034 | 3,781,897 | 3,691,968 | 3,992,654 | 3,985,238 | 3,750,819 | 3,731,143 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 17.40% | 17.40% | 17.40% | 16.17% | 15.75% | 15.75% | 15.75% | 15.75% | 15.75% |

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until, a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 UNAUDITED

A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the County's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Supervisors of the County, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the Sheriff and the Tax Assessor-Collector for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Supervisors that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The County's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplementary information.

C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund:

| | (| Governmental Fund Types | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | | | Coronavirus | | | |
| | | General | Fiscal Recovery | | | |
| | _ | Fund | Fund | | | |
| Budget (Cash Basis) | \$ | (342,430) | 1,867,498 | | | |
| Increase (Decrease) | | | | | | |
| Net adjustments for revenue accruals | | 40,987 | (2,015,999) | | | |
| Net adjustments for expenditure accru | uals _ | (19,312) | 150,000 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| GAAP Basis | \$_ | (320,755) | 1,499 | | | |

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 UNAUDITED

Pension Schedules

A. Changes of assumptions.

2015

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumptions was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6.00% to 7.00%.

2019

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments:

For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119.

For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119.

Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:

For males, 137% of male rates at all ages.

For females, 115% of female rates at all ages.

Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 UNAUDITED

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

2021

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments:

For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77.

For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76. Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:

For males, 134% of male rates at all ages.

For females, 121% of female rates at all ages.

Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments:

For males, 97% of male rates at all ages.

For females, 110% of female rates at all ages.

Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28% of payroll.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 UNAUDITED

B. Changes in benefit provisions.

2016

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

C. Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2020 valuation for the June 30, 2022 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method

Price inflation Salary increase

Investment rate of return

Entry age Level percentage of payroll, open

27.7 years

5-year smoothed market

2.75 percent

3.00 percent to 18.25 percent,

including inflation

7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

| For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title or Cluster | Federal Assistance Listing Number | Pass-through Entity Identifying Number | Federal Expenditures |
|--|--|--|------------------------------|
| Community Facilities Loans and Grants Cluster: U.S. Department of Agriculture - Rural Development (Direct) Community Facilities Grant Loans and Grants Total Community Facilities Loans and Grants Cluster | 10.766 | | \$ <u>210,842</u> 210,842 |
| Economic Development Cluster: U.S. Department of Commerce (Direct) | 11.300 | | 17,595 17,595 |
| Highway Planning and Construction Cluster: U.S. Department of Transportation Passed through the Mississippi Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster | 20.205 | ER-0820-00(003)LPA | 891,478 891,478 |
| Other Programs: | | | |
| U.S. Department of Agriculture (Direct) Rural Business Development Grant | 10.351 | | 98,770 |
| U.S. Department of Defense Passed Through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency Flood Control Projects | 12.106 | Unknown | 39,197 |
| U.S. Department of Justice Passed through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program | 16.738 | 20DC1221 | 104,249 |
| U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency Coronavirus Relief Fund | 21.019 | Unknown | 80,017 |
| U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency Disaster Grants-Public Assistance Disaster Grants-Public Assistance Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security | 97.036 97.036 | FEMA-4429-DR-MS FEMA-4536-DR-MS | 13,418 5,830 19,248 |
| Total Expenditures of Federal Awards | | | \$ <u>1,461,396</u> |

The accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Grenada County under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Grenada County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Grenada County.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimburement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Note C - Indirect Cost Rate

Grenada County has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

GRENADA COUNTY Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Operating Expenditures, Cash Basis:

| Personnel | \$ 77,324 |
|---|---------------|
| Expendable Commodities: | |
| Gasoline and petroleum products | 11,429 |
| Repair parts | 16,984 |
| Professional services | 30,262 |
| Insurance | 2,466 |
| Solid waste disposal fee | 617,009 |
| Supplies | 4,989 |
| Solid Waste Cash Basis Operating Expenditures | 760,463 |
| Full Cost Expenses: | |
| Indirect administrative costs | 14,320 |
| Depreciation on equipment | 23,873 |
| Net effect of other accrued expenses | 2,937 |
| Solid Waste Full Cost Operating Expenses | \$ 801,593 |

OTHER INFORMATION

GRENADA COUNTY Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 UNAUDITED

| Name | Position | Company | Bond |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------|
| Michael Lott | County Supervisor - District 1 | FCCI Insurance Group | 100,000 |
| Timothy C. Bridges | County Supervisor - District 2 | FCCI Insurance Group | 100,000 |
| Christopher Colombus Hankins | County Supervisor - District 3 | FCCI Insurance Group | 100,000 |
| Darrell Robinson | County Supervisor - District 4 | FCCI Insurance Group | 100,000 |
| Chad Gray | County Supervisor - District 5 | FCCI Insurance Group | 100,000 |
| Johnny Hayward | Chancery Clerk | FCCI Insurance Group | 100,000 |
| Michele Redditt | Circuit Clerk | FCCI Insurance Group | 100,000 |
| Leatha Faye Collins | Deputy Circuit Clerk | RLI Insurance Company | 50,000 |
| LaPorche Baker | Deputy Circuit Clerk | RLI Insurance Company | 50,000 |
| Jessica T. Westmoreland | Deputy Circuit Clerk | FCCI Insurance Group | 100,000 |
| Charles D. Melton | Tax Collector/Assessor | FCCI Insurance Group | 100,000 |
| Robyn Perry Hood | Deputy Tax Collector | FCCI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| Tammy Lynn McRee | Deputy Tax Collector | RLI Insurance Company | 50,000 |
| Lisa K. Roberson | Deputy Tax Collector | FCCI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| Jennifer Annemarie Williamson | Deputy Tax Collector | RLI Insurance Company | 50,000 |
| Monica Shipp | Deputy Tax Collector | RLI Insurance Company | 50,000 |
| Stephanie Bell | Deputy Tax Assessor | FCCI Insurance Group | 10,000 |
| Tanesha Harbin Wilson | Deputy Tax Assessor | RLI Insurance Company | 50,000 |
| Sherrie Jones | Deputy Tax Assessor | FCCI Insurance Group | 10,000 |
| Rolando Fair | Sheriff | FCCI Insurance Group | 100,000 |
| Vincent Marascalco | Justice Court Judge | RLI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| Adam Kirk | Justice Court Judge | RLI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| Leon Williamson | Justice Court Judge | FCCI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| Judith H. Eldridge | Justice Court Clerk | FCCI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| Lucille Shipp | Deputy Justice Court Clerk | FCCI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| Jernesha Cladwell | Deputy Justice Court Clerk | RLI Surety | 50,000 |
| Alexander Farmer | Constable | RLI Insurance Company | 50,000 |
| Stephan Howell | Constable | FCCI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| Vickie J. Conley | Purchase Clerk | Western Surety Company | 100,000 |
| Sherrie Jones | Assistant Purchasing Clerk | FCCI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| Latania Johnson | Receiving Clerk | RLI Insurance Company | 75,000 |
| Bennie Rounds | Receiving Clerk | Western Surety Company | 75,000 |
| Jennifer Moore | Assistant Receiving Clerk | RLI Insurance Company | 50,000 |
| Casey Vance | Assistant Receiving Clerk | RLI Insurance Company | 50,000 |
| Lewis Henry Bradford | Assistant Receiving Clerk | RLI Insurance Company | 50,000 |
| David C. Marter | Assistant Receiving Clerk | FCCI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| Charles L.Williams | Assistant Receiving Clerk | FCCI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| David Jeffery Hughes | Assistant Receiving Clerk | FCCI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| Charles Mansfield | Assistant Receiving Clerk | RLI Insurance Company | 50,000 |
| Jonathan Eric Fowler | Assistant Receiving Clerk | FCCI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| Stephanie Bell | Assistant Receiving Clerk | RLI Insurance Company | 50,000 |
| Angela Mullen | Inventory Control Clerk | FCCI Insurance Group | 75,000 |
| Karl Howard Grubb | County Engineer | FCCI Insurance Group | 50,000 |
| | | | |

SPECIAL REPORTS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Supervisors Grenada County, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Grenada County, Mississippi (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2024. Our report includes an adverse opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units due to the omission of the discretely presented component units which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Grenada County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Grenada County, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2022-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Grenada County, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted a certain matter that we reported to the management of Grenada County, Mississippi, in the Limited Internal Control and Compliance Review Management Report dated February 14, 2024, included within this document.

Grenada County's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Grenada County, Mississippi's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Grenada County, Mississippi's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Bridgers, Arodnan, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Vicksburg, MS February 14, 2024



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Supervisors Grenada County, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited Grenada County, Mississippi's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Grenada County, Mississippi's major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2022. Grenada County, Mississippi's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, Grenada County, Mississippi complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Grenada County, Mississippi's and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Grenada County, Mississippi's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Grenada County, Mississippi's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Grenada County, Mississippi's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Grenada County, Mississippi's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Grenada County Mississippi's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Grenada County, Mississippi's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Grenada County, Mississippi's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance.

Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Vicksburg, MS February 14, 2024



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON CENTRAL PURCHASING SYSTEM, INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM AND PURCHASE CLERK SCHEDULES (REQUIRED BY SECTION 31-7-115, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972 ANNOTATED)

Members of the Board of Supervisors Grenada County, Mississippi

We have examined Grenada County, Mississippi's (the County) compliance with establishing and maintaining a central purchasing system and inventory control system in accordance with Sections 31-7-101 through 31-7-127, Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated and compliance with the purchasing requirements in accordance with bid requirements of Section 31-7-13, Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated during the year ended September 30, 2022. The Board of Supervisors of Grenada County, Mississippi is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements. The Board of Supervisors of Grenada County, Mississippi, has established centralized purchasing for all funds of the County and has established an inventory control system. The objective of the central purchasing system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that purchases are executed in accordance with state law.

Because of inherent limitations in any central purchasing system and inventory control system, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any current evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Grenada County, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with state laws governing central purchasing, inventory and bid requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

The accompanying schedules of (1) Purchases Not Made from the Lowest Bidder, (2) Emergency Purchases and (3) Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source are presented in accordance with *Section 31-7-115, Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated.* The information contained on these schedules has been subjected to procedures performed in connection with our aforementioned examination and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in relation to that examination.

This report is intended for use in evaluating Grenada County, Mississippi's compliance with the aforementioned requirements, and is not intended to be and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Vicksburg, MS February 14, 2024

Certified Public Accountants

GRENADA COUNTY Schedule of Purchases From Other Than the Lowest Bidder For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 Schedule 1

Our tests did not identify any purchases from other than the lowest bidder.

GRENADA COUNTY Schedule of Emergency Purchases For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 Schedule 2

Our tests did not identify any emergency purchases.

GRENADA COUNTY Schedule of Purchases Made Noncompetitively From a Sole Source For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Schedule 3

Our tests did not identify any purchases made noncompetitively from a sole source.



Certified Public Accountants

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LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Grenada County, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Grenada County, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2022, we considered Grenada County, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to Grenada County, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the County's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated February 14, 2024, on the financial statements of Grenada County, Mississippi.

Due to the reduced scope, these review procedures and compliance tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated, the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

The results of our review procedures and compliance tests identified a certain area that is an opportunity for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. Our finding, recommendation, and your response is disclosed below:

Tax Collector

1. The Tax Collector should ensure that assets are sufficient to settle all liabilities.

Repeat Finding Yes. 2021-3.

Criteria An effective system of accounting should ensure that all reported account balances are

properly stated, and sufficient assets are available to extinguish all liabilities.

Condition During the course of our audit, we were made aware of a situation from 2009 involving the

embezzlement of funds from the Tax Collector's account. Upon further discussion, we were made aware that there are uncertainties as to the reported balances of three ledger accounts. After further testing and analysis, we noted that the assets available for

settlement of all liabilities were insufficient.

Cause The Tax Collector did not ensure that all account balances were correctly stated.

Effect Failure to properly account for all funds could result in the misappropriation of public funds

or insufficient assets to settle all liabilities.

Recommendation The Tax Collector should investigate the relevant account balances to ensure that they are

accurately stated. We recommend that particular attention be paid to the replacement of

removed funds, the listing of bad checks, and the short/over account.

Response No response to the finding was provided.

Grenada County's response to the finding included in this report was not audited, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, and others within the entity, is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Vicksburg, MS February 14, 2024

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

| 4 | Type of cuditoria | ranart is accord | an tha | financial | atatam antai |
|----|-------------------|------------------|--------|-----------|--------------|
| 1. | Type of auditor's | report issued (| on me | imanciai | statements. |

Governmental activities

Aggregate discretely presented component units

General Fund

Coronavirus Fiscal Recovery Fund

Aggregate remaining fund information

Unmodified

Unmodified

Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major federal programs:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

6. Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

7. Identification of major federal programs:

ALN #20.205 - Highway Planning and Construction

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No

10. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b)?

Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

Board of Supervisors

Material Weakness

2022-001 Component units should be included in the financial statements.

Repeat Finding Yes. 2021-001.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Criteria Generally accepted accounting principles require the financial data for the County's

component units to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the county also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that

include the financial data for its component units.

Condition The financial statements do not include the financial data for the county's legally separate

component units.

Cause The County lacked the resources to include the audited financial statements of the

component units.

Effect The failure to properly follow generally accepted accounting principles resulted in an

adverse opinion on the discretely presented component units.

Recommendation The Board of Supervisors should provide the audited financial data for its discretely

presented component units for inclusion in the County's financial statements.

View of Responsible

Official(s) See Auditee's Corrective Action Plan

Section 3: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS



Grenada County Board of Supervisors

Post Office Box 1208 Grenada, MS 38902-1208 Telephone (682) 226-1821 Michael for t District 1

Chad Bridge. District 2

Amos inthroy leanson District 3

> Daniel Robinson O'strict 4

> > Ched Gray

Johany J. Hayword, Clork Jay Gore, III, Altomed

Bridgers, Goodinan, Baird & Clarke, PLLC Certified Public Accountants 3528 Manor Drive Vicksburg, Mississippi 39180

To Whom It May Concern:

Grenada County respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended September 30, 2022.

The finding from the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs is discussed below. The finding is numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule. <u>Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results</u> does not include findings and is not addressed.

2022-001.

Corrective Action Planned:

We believe that the cost of compliance with the requirement to provide audited financial data for the County's component units outweighs the benefits to the County. Therefore, management has chosen to omit the audited financial data for the component units for inclusion in the County's financial statements.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Not applicable

Signature and Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Johnny L. Hayward Chancery Clerk

Phone #662 226-1821

E SALES

My Commission Expires January 3, 2028



Grenada County Board of Supervisors

Post Office Box 1208 Crenada, MS 38902-1208 Telephone (662) 226-1821 Michael Lott Uburat 1

Chad Bridges District 7

Antos Jeffrey Lorrison District 3

> Darrell Robinson District 4

> > Chac Gray District 5

Johnny L. Ekyward, Clerk Jay Gom, III, Actorney

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Bridgers, Goodman, Boird & Clarke, PLLC Certified Public Accountants 3528 Manor Drive Vicksburg, MS 39180

To Whom It May Concern:

The Gronada County Board of Supervisors respectfully submits the following summary schedule of prior audit findings.

The finding from the Schedule at Findings and Questioned Costs is discussed below. The finding is numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

2021-001.

Component units should be included in the financial statements.

NOT CORRECTED

The Board of Supervisors believes that the cost of compliance with the requirement to provide audited financial data for the County's companent units outweighs the benefits to the County. Therefore, management has chosen to cmit the audited financial data for the component units for inclusion in the County's financial statements.

Sincerely,

President, Board of Supervisors

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My Commission Expires January 3, 2028