OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR REPORT NOTE:

Section 7-7-211, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) gives the Office of the State Auditor the authority to audit, with the exception of municipalities, any governmental entity in the state. In the case of municipalities, Section 21-35-31, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) requires municipalities to obtain an annual audit performed by a private CPA firm and submit that audit report to the Office of the State Auditor. The Office of the State Auditor files these audit reports for review in case questions arise related to the municipality.

As a result, the following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor. Instead, it was prepared by a private CPA firm and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted and no review of the report was performed by the Office of the State Auditor prior to finalization of the report. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.

City of Corinth, Mississippi

Financial Statements For the year ended September 30, 2022

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI TABLE OF CONTENTS September 30, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	5
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	10
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - OVERVIEW:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	19
Statement of Activities	20
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	21
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government - Wide Statement of Net Position	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	23
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government - Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position	24
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	27
Statement of Cash Flows	28
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	30
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	31
Notes to Financial Statements	33

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI TABLE OF CONTENTS September 30, 2022

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

	General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Budgetary Basis	57
	General Obligation Bond Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Budgetary Basis	58
	Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	59
	Schedule of the City's Contributions	60
	Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	61
su	JPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
	Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Other Governmental Funds	65
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Governmental Funds	66
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	67
01	THER INFORMATION:	
	Schedule of Surety Bonds for Municipal Officials	70
RE	EPORTS ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL:	
	Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	72
	Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	74
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	77
	Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With State Laws and Regulations	78

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Corinth, Mississippi

Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Corinth, Mississippi as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Corinth, Mississippi's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Summary of Opinions:

Opinion Unit	Type of Opinion
Governmental Activities	Unmodified
Business-Type Activities	Unmodified
General Fund	Unmodified
General Obligation Bond Fund	Unmodified
Sewer System Fund	Unmodified
Sanitation Enterprise Fund	Unmodified
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified
Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units	Adverse

Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units section of this report, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the City of Corinth, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2022, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, Each Major Fund, and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Corinth, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Corinth, Mississippi, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified audit opinions.

Matters Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements referred to above do not include financial data for the City's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for those component units to be reported with financial data of the City's primary government unless the City also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The City has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. Because of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units would have been presented as \$82,169,588, \$817,789, \$32,938,414, \$192,924, \$49,856,039, \$14,206,796, and \$13,970,175, respectively.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Corinth, Mississippi ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Corinth, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Corinth, Mississippi's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis. General Fund and General Obligation Fund Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Budgetary Basis, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of City Contributions on pages 10-17, 57-58, 59, and 60, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Corinth, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The accompanying Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds, the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a

required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information is comprised of the Schedule of Surety Bonds for Municipal Officials but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 6, 2024, on our consideration of the City of Corinth, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Corinth, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Corinth, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jarrell Group, PLLC

Jarrell Group, PLLC

Tupelo, Mississippi May 6, 2024 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Required Supplemental Information for the year ended September 30, 2022

The following discussion and analysis of the City of Corinth, Mississippi's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the 2022 by \$34,253,646 (\$12,827,290 in governmental activity net position and \$21,426,356 in business-type activity net position).
- The City's total net position increased by \$1,916,952, or 5.9% compared to 2021. Net position of the City's governmental activities increased \$558,488, or 4.6%. Net position of the business-type activities increased \$1,358,464, or 6.8% from 2021.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,912,158, an increase of \$4,007,450 when compared to 2021. Of the combined ending governmental fund balances, approximately 58.1% or \$9,243,004 is available for spending at the City's discretion subject to the Board's approved policies (committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances).
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$1,245,005 for 2022 and decreased by \$1,196,465 for 2021. The increase for 2022 was due to the increase in capital projects and equipment acquisitions.
- The City's total debt is \$29,813,652. New debt issued was \$5,165,049 and debt in the amount of \$2,373,165 was repaid during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – continued

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the City that are principally supported by property taxes and sales taxes (governmental activities) and sewer and solid waste charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, interest on long-term debt, and pension expense.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the City's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Proprietary funds – The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of the sewer system and solid waste system.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – continued

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Budgetary Basis, General Obligation Bond Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Budgetary Basis, Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and Schedule of City Contributions as required supplementary information. The City adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Other Governmental Funds and a Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Governmental Funds, can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Schedule of Surety Bonds for Municipal Officials is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Office of the State Auditor.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Analysis of Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$34,253,646, as of September 30, 2022.

The largest portion of the City's net position, 83.6% reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; however, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The City's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – continued

Table 1 presents a summary of the City's net position at September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021.

Table A-1

City of Corinth's Summary of Net Position

	Govern Activ	mental vities	Busines Activ	ss-Type vities		rimary nment
	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Current & Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 24,741,033 21,956,369	\$ 18,624,067 19,718,347	\$ 7,756,473 36,502,647	\$ 6,907,280 37,495,664	\$ 32,497,506 58,459,016	\$ 25,531,347 57,214,011
Total Assets	46,697,402	38,342,414	44,259,120	44,402,944	90,956,522	82,745,358
Total Deferred Outflows	1,856,379	1,278,579	240,040	180,320	2,096,419	1,458,899
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities	4,723,684 27,285,908	2,819,312 17,619,320	277,488 21,379,364	76,213	5,001,172 48,665,272	2,895,525 40,319,034
Total Liabilities	32,009,592	20,438,632	21,656,852	22,699,714 22,775,927	53,666,444	43,214,559
Total Deferred Inflows	3,716,899	6,913,559	1,415,952	1,739,445	5,132,851	8,653,004
Net Position: Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	11,360,692	13,754,656	17,284,672	16,437,587	28,645,364	30,192,243
Restricted	6,299,465	1,762,038	-	-	6,299,465	1,762,038
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(4,832,867)	(3,247,892)	4,141,684	3,630,305	(691,183)	382,413
Total Net Position	\$ 12,827,290	\$ 12,268,802	\$ 21,426,356	\$ 20,067,892	\$ 34,253,646	\$ 32,336,694

There is a deficit of \$4,832,867 in governmental activities unrestricted net position in 2022 due to recording of unfunded pension liabilities under GASB 68. Please refer to Note 10.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – continued

Analysis of Changes in Net position

Approximately 14.5% of the City's total revenues come from property taxes, with 60.5% of all revenue coming from some type of tax. (See Table A-2.) This compares to 16.1% and 64.8% for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Another 29.1% comes from fees charged for services, and the balance is from operating and capital grants and contributions and investment earnings.

Table A-2 and the narrative that follows consider the operations of governmental and business-type activities separately.

Table A-2

Changes in the City of Corinth's Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ		Total Primary Government		
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	
Revenues							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 431,413	\$ 227,359	\$ 6,690,652	\$ 6,024,297	\$ 7,122,065	\$ 6,251,656	
Operating Grants							
and Contributions	322,552	51,693	-	-	322,552	51,693	
Capital Grants	1 007 107	705.050			1 007 107	705.050	
and Contributions General Revenues:	1,897,497	795,858	-	-	1,897,497	795,858	
Sales Taxes	9,117,011	8,621,637			9,117,011	8,621,637	
Property Taxes	3,550,294	3,429,124	-	-	3,550,294	3,429,124	
Gain on (Loss) Disposal	3,330,294	3,429,124	-	-	3,330,294	3,423,124	
of Assets	(25,326)	(76,646)	_	_	(25,326)	(76,646)	
Other	2,384,593	2,071,115	70,593	89,675	2,455,186	2,160,790	
Total Revenues	17,678,034	15,120,140	6,761,245	6,113,972	24,439,279	21,234,112	
Expenses							
General Government	2,306,793	2,664,950	_	_	2,306,793	2,664,950	
Public Safety	6,944,624	6,729,192	_	-	6,944,624	6,729,192	
Public Works	5,338,142	3,391,676	-	-	5,338,142	3,391,676	
Culture & Recreation	1,530,894	1,384,462	-	-	1,530,894	1,384,462	
Sewer	-	-	3,095,295	2,799,077	3,095,295	2,799,077	
Solid Waste	-	-	1,594,044	1,445,199	1,594,044	1,445,199	
Pension Expense	1,022,402	1,074,608	132,203	145,884	1,154,605	1,220,492	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	195,861	188,438	362,069	396,157	557,930	584,595	
Total Expenses	17,338,716	15,433,326	5,183,611	4,786,317	22,522,327	20,219,643	
Excess of Revenue Over Exp.	339,318	(313,186)	1,577,634	1,327,655	1,916,952	1,014,469	
Transfers	219,170	302,371	(219,170)	(302,371)	-		
Change in Net Position	558,488	(10,815)	1,358,464	1,025,284	1,916,952	1,014,469	
Net Position—Beginning	12,268,802	12,279,617	20,067,892	19,042,608	32,336,694	31,322,225	
Net Position—Ending	\$12,827,290	\$12,268,802	\$ 21,426,356	\$20,067,892	\$34,253,646	\$32,336,694	

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – continued

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$558,488. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

The largest funding sources for the City's governmental activities, as a percent of total revenues, are sales tax 51.6% and property taxes 20.1%.

The largest expense categories for the City's governmental activities are public safety 40.1% and public works 30.8%.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,358,464.

Charges for services are the major revenue categories for the enterprise funds. Total business-type revenues are comprised of \$4,947,294 for sewer and \$1,743,358 for solid waste.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds—The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund—The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$9,243,004, which comprised 100.0% of total general fund balance. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the fund balance, assigned and unassigned, to total fund expenditures. Total fund balance represents 65.8% of total fund expenditures. The fund balance of the City's general fund decreased by \$563,697 during the current fiscal year.

Major Fund—The General Obligation Bond Fund is used to account for the projects approved by the Board and funded with Special Obligation Bond proceeds. The net increase in fund balance during the current year was \$3,642,152.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds—The nonmajor governmental funds have a total fund balance of \$3,027,002, all of which is restricted or committed for the payment of various governmental services. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year was \$928,995.

Proprietary Funds—The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Sewer System Fund at year end amounted to \$4,141,684. The increase in net position amounted to \$1,375,681. Unrestricted net position of the Sanitation Fund at year-end amounted to deficit balance of (\$1,004,984). The decrease in net position amounted to \$17,217.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – continued

Budgetary Highlights

During the year, the City revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the City.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the City's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The City anticipates spending approximately \$16,500,000 on capital projects from fiscal years 2023-2025. The sources of revenues include federal grants, G.O. bonds, and general fund revenues. The City of Corinth also anticipates spending an additional \$1.8 million of ARPA funds from fiscal year 2023-2024.

Capital Assets— In accordance with GASB 34, the City has recorded depreciation expense associated with all of its capital assets, including infrastructure. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounted to \$58,459,016, net of accumulated depreciation of \$40,167,273. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, sewer plant and buildings, mobile equipment, furniture and equipment, infrastructure-streets, and construction in progress.

Table A-3

City of Corinth's Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities				Busines Activ		•	Total Primary Government				
	2	2022		<u>2021</u>		2022		<u>2021</u>		2022		<u>2021</u>
Land	\$	705,126	\$	705,126	\$	62,493	\$	62,493	\$	767,619	\$	767,619
Construction in Progress	. 2	,523,742	·	, <u>-</u>	·	46,087	·	· -	•	2,569,829	·	· -
Buildings	6	,916,524		6,916,524		-		-		6,916,524		6,916,524
Infrastructure - Streets	16	,943,488	1	6,943,488		-		-	1	6,943,488	1	6,943,488
Mobile Equipment	4	,235,711		4,304,943		3,495,638		2,849,420		7,731,349		7,154,363
Furniture & Equipment		909,255		644,590		559,427		540,140		1,468,682		1,184,730
Sewer Plant & Buildings		-		-	6	52,228,798	6	52,158,047	6	52,228,798	6	2,158,047
Accumulated Depreciation	(10,	277,477)	(9	9,796,324)	(2	9,889,796)	(2	8,114,436)	(40	0,167,273)	(3	7,910,760)
Total	\$ 21	,956,369	\$ 1	9,718,347	\$ 3	36,502,647	\$ 3	37,495,664	\$ 5	8,459,016	\$ 5	7,214,011

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Notes 1 and 5 included in this report.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION - continued

Long-term Debt—At year-end, the City had \$29,813,652 in bonds, notes, and capital lease obligations outstanding. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table A-4

City of Corinth's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ	ss-Type vities	Total Primary Government			
	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>		
General Obligation Bonds Special Obligation Bonds Notes Payable	\$ 4,338,000 5,000,000 1,022,727	\$ 4,708,000 - 1,087,341	\$ - 19,205,753	\$ - 21,017,207	\$ 4,338,000 5,000,000 20,228,480	\$ 4,708,000 - 22,104,548		
Capital Lease Obligations	234,950	168,350	12,222	40,870	247,172	209,220		
Total	\$ 10,595,677	\$ 5,963,691	\$ 19,217,975	\$ 21,058,077	\$ 29,813,652	\$ 27,021,768		

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Key assumptions for revenue forecasts for fiscal year 2023 are summarized as follows:

- 1. Sales tax revenues will remain flat
- 2. Property tax revenue will remain flat
- 3. Interest rates will remain flat

This contributed to the following projections:

- 1. Millage rates remained the same at 35.80 for the City's 2023 fiscal year budget. This includes 27.3 mills for the General Revenue and General Improvement, 5 mills for the Municipal Bond and Interest fund, 2 mills for the Parks and Playground, and 1.5 mills for the Corinth Library.
- 2. Personnel cost will increase due to health insurance increase effective January 1st and cost of living raise given October 1st.

CONTACTING THE CITY OF CORINTH FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Corinth, P.O. Box 669 Corinth, MS 38835.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

	•	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	19,410,703	\$	7,047,065	\$	26,457,768
Property Taxes Receivable		2,791,501		-		2,791,501
Accounts Receivable		-		706,975		706,975
Intergovernmental Receivables		1,062,685		-		1,062,685
Fines Receivable (net of allowance for		4 050 000				4 050 000
uncollectibles of \$902,575)		1,353,863		-		1,353,863
Other Receivables		118,281		- 0.400		118,281
Due from Other Funds		4,000		2,433		6,433
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		3,228,868		108,580		3,337,448
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	-	18,727,501	•	36,394,067	_	55,121,568
TOTAL ASSETS	-	46,697,402		44,259,120	_	90,956,522
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	-	1,856,379		240,040	_	2,096,419
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>						
Accounts Payable		567,020		210,981		778,001
Accrued Liabilities		205,707		33,693		239,400
Amounts Held in Custody for Others		33,527		-		33,527
Accrued Interest Payable		40,173		28,814		68,987
Due to Other Governments		9,035		-		9,035
Due to Other Funds		2,433		4,000		6,433
Unearned Revenues		3,865,789		-		3,865,789
Noncurrent Liabilities:		440.070		F7 400		470 000
Accrued Compensated Absences		418,973		57,426		476,399
Pension Liability		16,271,258		2,103,963 1,857,391		18,375,221
Long-Term Debt: Due Within One Year Long-Term Debt: Due in More Than One Year		733,345 9,862,332		17,360,584		2,590,736 27,222,916
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	32,009,592	• •	21,656,852	_	53,666,444
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	32,009,392	•	21,030,032	_	33,000,444
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		025 200		1 415 052		2 244 250
Property Taxes for Future Reporting Period		925,398 2,791,501		1,415,952 -		2,341,350 2,791,501
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	•	3,716,899	•	1,415,952	_	5,132,851
NET POSITION	•		•	, ,	_	· · · ·
Net Investment in Capital Assets		11,360,692		17,284,672		28,645,364
Restricted for (Expendable):		, ,		,,		,, - 3 .
Debt Service		534,830		-		534,830
Public Safety		195,967		-		195,967
Public Works		4,254,359		-		4,254,359
Culture and Recreation		1,314,309		-		1,314,309
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(4,832,867)		4,141,684	_	(691,183

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CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended September 30, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			PROGRAM R	REVENUES		PRI	MARY GOVERNMEN	NT
FUNCTIONS/ PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charge for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
Government Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Interest on Long-Term Debt Pension Expense	\$ 2,306,793 6,944,624 5,338,142 1,530,894 195,861 1,022,402	\$ 148,128 \$ 279,629 3,656	9,187 \$ 184,809 128,556 - - -	- \$ 11,638 1,837,444 48,415 -	157,315 \$ 476,076 1,969,656 48,415 -	(2,149,478) \$ (6,468,548) (3,368,486) (1,482,479) (195,861) (1,022,402)	- \$ - - - - -	(2,149,478) (6,468,548) (3,368,486) (1,482,479) (195,861) (1,022,402)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	17,338,716	431,413	322,552	1,897,497	2,651,462	(14,687,254)	<u> </u>	(14,687,254)
Business-Type Activities: Sewer System Sanitation Interest on Long-Term Debt Pension Expense	3,095,295 1,594,044 362,069 132,203	4,947,294 1,743,358 - -	- - - -	- - - -	4,947,294 1,743,358 - -	- - - -	1,851,999 149,314 (362,069) (132,203)	1,851,999 149,314 (362,069) (132,203)
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	5,183,611	6,690,652			6,690,652		1,507,041	1,507,041
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 22,522,327	\$ 7,122,065 \$	322,552 \$	1,897,497 \$	9,342,114 \$	(14,687,254)	1,507,041 \$	(13,180,213)
	GENERAL REVE	ENUES:						
	Property Taxe Sales Taxes Franchise Ta Gasoline Tax Pro-Rata Roa In Lieu of Tax Homestead F Modernization Interest Income	xes es ad Taxes es eimbursement n Use Tax	ssets		\$	3,550,294 \$ 9,117,011 453,412 13,924 247,821 152,045 214,544 1,030,452 143,400 (25,326) 128,995 219,170	- \$ 69,787 - 806 (219,170)	3,550,294 9,117,011 453,412 13,924 247,821 152,045 214,544 1,030,452 213,187 (25,326) 129,801
	TOTAL GENERA	L REVENUES AND	TRANSFERS			15,245,742	(148,577)	15,097,165
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION				558,488	1,358,464	1,916,952
	NET POSITION	BEGINNING				12,268,802	20,067,892	32,336,694
	NET POSITION	ENDING			\$	12,827,290 \$	21,426,356 \$	34,253,646

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

		General Fund		General Obligation Bond Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents Property Taxes Receivable Intergovernmental Receivables Fines Receivable (Net of Allowance for	\$	12,653,620 2,254,674 630,939	\$	3,943,247	\$	2,813,836 536,827 431,746	\$ 19,410,703 2,791,501 1,062,685
Uncollectibles of \$902,575) Other Receivables Due from Other Funds		1,353,863 118,281 4,000	_	- - -	•	- - -	1,353,863 118,281 4,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	17,015,377	\$	3,943,247	\$	3,782,409	\$ 24,741,033
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Amounts Held in Custody for Others Unearned Revenues Due to Other Governments Due to Other Funds	\$	47,345 205,707 33,527 3,865,789 9,035 2,433	\$	301,095 - - - - -	\$	218,580 - - - - -	\$ 567,020 205,707 33,527 3,865,789 9,035 2,433
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,163,836	_	301,095	•	218,580	4,683,511
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Fines		2,254,674 1,353,863	_	- -		536,827	2,791,501 1,353,863
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	ES	3,608,537	_	-		536,827	4,145,364
FUND BALANCES:							
Restricted for Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Debt Service Committed to Culture and Recreation Unassigned		- - - - - 9,243,004		- 3,642,152 - - -		195,967 612,207 1,314,309 534,830 369,689	195,967 4,254,359 1,314,309 534,830 369,689 9,243,004
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		9,243,004	-	3,642,152		3,027,002	15,912,158
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	17,015,377	\$	3,943,247	\$		\$ 24,741,033

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION For the year ended September 30, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 15,912,158
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	21,956,369
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	(10,635,850)
Accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	(418,973)
Net pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	(16,271,258)
Deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet: Deferred outflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plan Deferred inflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plan	1,856,379 (925,398)
Accrual of court fine revenues to qualify as financial resources.	1,353,863
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 12,827,290

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2022

	General Fund	General Obligation Bond Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmenta Funds
REVENUES:				
Property Taxes \$	2,887,612	\$ -	\$ 662,682	\$ 3,550,294
Licenses and Permits	601,540	-	-	601,540
Intergovernmental Revenues	9,261,132	-	3,734,714	12,995,846
Charges for Services	7,610	-	-	7,610
Fines and Forfeitures	275,675	-	-	275,675
Miscellaneous Revenues	243,202	14,835	14,358	272,395
TOTAL REVENUES	13,276,771	14,835	4,411,754	17,703,360
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government	2,305,420	-	-	2,305,420
Public Safety	7,053,450	-	27,006	7,080,456
Public Works	4,615,346	1,372,683	1,488,089	7,476,118
Culture and Recreation	-	-	1,530,894	1,530,894
Debt Service:				
Principal	61,943	-	471,120	533,063
Interest	19,134	-	168,433	187,567
Other			2,823	2,823
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,055,293	1,372,683	3,688,365	19,116,341
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(778,522)	(1,357,848)	723,389	(1,412,981
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	36,212	-	-	36,212
Operating Transfers In	186,000	-	205,606	391,606
Operating Transfers Out	(172,436)	-	-	(172,436
Proceeds from Debt Issued	165,049	5,000,000		5,165,049
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	214,825	5,000,000	205,606	5,420,431
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(563,697)	3,642,152	928,995	4,007,450
FUND BALANCES - Beginning,	9,806,701		2,098,007	11,904,708
FUND BALANCES - Ending \$	9,243,004	\$ 3,642,152	\$ 3,027,002	\$ 15,912,158

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended September 30, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	4,007,450
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.		3,029,003
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the statement of activities, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(729,443)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the remaining basis of the capital assets sold.		(61,538)
Changes to net pension liability, deferred inflows and deferred outflows are reported in pension expense in the statement of activities but do not provide or require the use of current financial resources; therefore, pension expense related to these changes are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(1,022,402)
The change in accrued interest payable is reported as an expense on the statement of activities.		(5,471)
Repayment and refunding of the principal of long-term debt is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		533,063
The proceeds of debt are an other financing source on the governmental funds income statement but are not reported on the statement of activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of bonds and notes payable		(5,165,049)
Decrease in accrual of compensated absences.	_	(27,125)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	558,488

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES September 30, 2022

	Business	-Ty	pe ActivitiesEnte	rpr	ise Funds
	Sewer System		Sanitation		
	Fund		Fund		Total
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,404,389	\$	642,676	\$	7,047,06
Accounts Receivable	560,327		146,648		706,97
Due from Other Funds			2,433		2,433
Total Current Assets	6,964,716		791,757		7,756,473
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital Assets:					
Land	17,500		44,993		62,49
Sewer Plant and Buildings	62,228,798		-		62,228,79
Mobile Equipment	1,384,229		2,111,409		3,495,63
Furniture and Equipment	555,699		3,728		559,42
Construction in Progress	46,087		-		46,08
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(26,821,377)		(3,068,419)		(29,889,796
Total Noncurrent Assets	37,410,936	-	(908,289)		36,502,647
Total Assets	44,375,652	•	(116,532)		44,259,120
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	88,679		151,361		240,04

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

September 30, 2022

-Continued-

	Business	-Ту	pe ActivitiesEnte	erp	rise Funds
	Sewer System		Sanitation		
	Fund		Fund		Total
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$ 210,981	\$	_	\$	210,981
Accrued Liabilities	11,982		21,711		33,693
Due to Other Funds	4,000		-		4,000
Accrued Interest Payable	28,814		-		28,814
Capital Leases, Due Within One Year	-		12,222		12,222
Notes Payable, Due Within One Year	1,845,169				1,845,169
Total Current Liabilities	2,100,946		33,933		2,134,879
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Compensated Absences Payable	26,857		30,569		57,426
Capital Leases, Due in More Than One Year	-		-		-
Notes Payable, Due in More Than One Year	17,360,584		-		17,360,584
Net Pension Liability	777,272		1,326,691		2,103,963
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	18,164,713	•	1,357,260		19,521,973
Total Liabilities	20,265,659		1,391,193		21,656,852
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	846,821		569,131		1,415,952
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	18,205,183		(920,511)		17,284,672
Unrestricted (Deficit)	5,146,668		(1,004,984)		4,141,684
Total Net Position	\$ 23,351,851	\$	(1,925,495)	\$	21,426,356

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2022

	Business-Tvr	e ActivitiesEnter	orise Funds
	Sewer System	Sanitation	
	Fund	Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Services	\$ 4,947,294 \$	1,743,358 \$	6,690,652
Total Operating Revenues	4,947,294	1,743,358	6,690,652
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and Benefits	382,577	679,233	1,061,810
Materials and Supplies	294,347	155,705	450,052
Repairs and Maintenance	366,236	28,851	395,087
Other Operating Expenses	365,197	641,833	1,007,030
Pension Expense	48,840	83,363	132,203
Depreciation and Amortization	88,422	1,686,938	1,775,360
Total Operating Expenses	1,545,619	3,275,923	4,821,542
Net Operating Income	3,401,675	(1,532,565)	1,869,110
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest Income	59,830	9,957	69,787
Interest Expense	(361,138)	(931)	(362,069)
Miscellaneous Revenues	-	`806 [°]	806
Operating Transfer Out	(126,170)	(93,000)	(219,170)
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	(427,478)	(83,168)	(510,646)
Change in Net Position	2,974,197	(1,615,733)	1,358,464
TOTAL NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	20,377,654	(309,762)	20,067,892
TOTAL NET POSITION - End of Year	\$ 23,351,851 \$	(1,925,495) \$	21,426,356

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2022

	Business-Type ActivitiesEnterprise Fund			
•	Sewer System	Sanitation		
	Fund	Fund	Total	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Cash Receipts from Customers \$ Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Payments for Employees for Services Cash Payments to Vendors for Other Services and Charges	4,790,414 \$ (469,111) (377,814) (365,197)	1,739,540 \$ (184,556) (667,072) (641,833)	6,529,954 (653,667) (1,044,886) (1,007,030)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	3,578,292	246,079	3,824,371	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Cash Receipts From Other Revenues Payment of Transfers to Other Funds	- (126,170)	806 (93,000)	806 (219,170)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Noncapital Financing Activities	(126,170)	(92,194)	(218,364)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt Interest Paid on Debt Acquisition of Capital Assets	(1,811,454) (363,923) (347,106)	(28,648) (931) (435,237)	(1,840,102) (364,854) (782,343)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2,522,483)	(464,816)	(2,987,299)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Interest Received on Cash and Cash Equivalents	59,830	9,957	69,787	
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Investing Activities	59,830	9,957	69,787	
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents	989,469	(300,974)	688,495	
Cash and Cash EquivalentsBeginning	5,414,920	943,650	6,358,570	
Cash and Cash EquivalentsEnding \$	6,404,389 \$	642,676 \$	7,047,065	

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2022

	Business-Type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds			
	S	ewer System	Sanitation	
		Fund	Fund	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	3,401,675 \$	(1,532,565) \$	1,869,110
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)				
to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense		88,422	1,686,938	1,775,360
Net Pension Expense		48,840	83,363	132,203
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:				
Accounts Receivable		(156,880)	(3,818)	(160,698
Accounts Payable		191,472	· -	191,472
Accrued Liabilities		2,168	10,420	12,588
Due to Other Funds		-	-	-
Compensated Absences Payable		2,595	1,741	4,336
Total Adjustments		176,617	1,778,644	1,955,261
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	3,578,292 \$	246,079 \$	3,824,371

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2022

	Private-Purpose Custodial Trust Funds Funds	Custodial Funds	
ASSETS Cash	\$ 18,252 \$ 44,4	.06	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 18,252 \$ 44,4	06	
LIABILITIES Amounts Held for Others		06	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	- \$ \$	06	
NET ASSETS Held in Trust	18,252_		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$18,252_		

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2022

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS	
Interest Income	\$ 176
Lot Sales	1,400
Total Additions	1,576
DEDUCTIONS	
Other	2,000
Total Deductions	2,000
Change in Net Position	(424)
NET POSITION	
October 1, 2020	18,676
September 30, 2021	\$ 18,252

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except as described below under "Financial Reporting Entity", the accompanying financial statements of the City of Corinth, Mississippi, have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

The City of Corinth was incorporated March, 1855, and operates under an Aldermen-Mayor form of government. The City's major operations include public safety (fire and police protection), public works (street and drainage services), culture and recreation, and general government. In addition, the City owns and operates a sewer system and solid waste system.

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements present the City's primary government only. Management has chosen to omit from these financial statements the following component units, which have a significant operational or financial relationship with the City. Accordingly, the financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the reporting entity of the City of Corinth, Mississippi, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows, where applicable, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Corinth Utility Commission

Corinth Library Commission

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information for the primary government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the primary government as a whole. They include all funds of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Governmental and business-type activities are reported separately.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the City by activity type at yearend. The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the City's activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or service offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each function is self-balancing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the primary government are organized into funds, each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, business-type, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within governmental and business-type categories.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Program revenues on the Statement of Activities consist primarily of charges for services and state and federal awards.

The revenues and expenses of Proprietary Funds are classified as operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a Proprietary Fund's primary operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and agency funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which is reported when due.

Fund Types

Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is a major fund.

Debt Service Funds - Debt Service Funds were established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. These are non-major governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific federal and state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These are non-major governmental funds.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. These are non-major governmental funds.

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for the proprietary funds are as follows: sale of water for the Water Fund, refuse collection charges for the Solid Waste Fund, and sale of electricity for the Electric Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Sewer System Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewer systems operations.

Sanitation Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the City's solid waste operations.

Fiduciary Funds

Private-Purpose Trust Funds - Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those reported elsewhere, under which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Custodial Funds - Custodial Funds are used to report resources held by the City in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, drainage systems, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined by the government as assets with an estimated useful life greater than one year, an initial, individual cost greater than \$5,000 for furniture and equipment, \$25,000 for building improvements and improvements other than buildings, and \$50,000 for buildings. These capitalization thresholds are consistent with the suggested thresholds in the Mississippi Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, issued by the Mississippi Office of the State Auditor. Business-type activities capital assets are defined as assets with an initial cost greater than \$500 and an estimated useful life greater than one year.

All property, plant and equipment are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated property, plant and equipment are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis using the following useful lives:

Land	N/A
Buildings	40 years
Building Improvements	20 years
Improvements Other than Buildings	20 years
Infrastructure	20 years
Furniture and Equipment	3 - 10 years
Sewer System Infrastructure	50 years

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

<u>Deferred Outflows Related to Pension</u> - This amount represents the City's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the City participates. See Note 10 for additional details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

<u>Property Tax for Future Reporting Period / Unavailable Revenue – Property Taxes</u> - Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed nonexchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.

<u>Fines Receivable / Unavailable Revenue</u> - When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements, but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

<u>Deferred Inflows Related to Pension</u> - This amount represents the City's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the City participates. See Note 10 for additional details.

LONG-TERM DEBT AND BOND DISCOUNTS / PREMIUMS

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as a liability in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond discounts or premiums, and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

CASH AND OTHER DEPOSITS

The City deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the City board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

State law authorizes the City to invest in interest-bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any City, municipality or school district of the state.

Cash consists of amounts on deposit in demand accounts. Other deposits consist of certificates of deposit and other highly liquid investments. Cash and other deposits are valued at cost.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Proprietary Funds consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This allowance is estimated by analyzing the allowance for doubtful accounts percentage of receivables from prior years.

INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in the Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because the expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees of the City accumulate sick and personal leave at a minimum amount as required by state law or at a greater amount provided by City policy. The City pays for unused personal leave for employees as provided by City policy for each department.

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements.

ESTIMATES

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures/expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used. Significant estimates used in preparing these financial statements include those assumed in computing the depreciation expense and the net pension liability. It is at least reasonably possible that the significant estimates used will change within the next year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION

On the government-wide and proprietary fund statement of net position, the City reports net position in the following three categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of those assets.

Restricted Net Position – consists of assets, less any related liabilities, restricted externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – consists of net position that is not classified as net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

On the fund financial statements, the governmental funds balance sheet reports assets in excess of liabilities as fund balances. The fund balances are segregated into the following classifications indicating the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which those funds can be spent:

Nonspendable – the fund balance is reported as nonspendable when the resources are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – the fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the resources are (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments: or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – the fund balance is reported as committed for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by formal action of the council. Committed amounts cannot be uncommitted except by removing the constraints through the same formal action.

Assigned – the fund balance is reported as assigned for resources that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent can be expressed by the board of aldermen or an official to which the board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION - continued

Unassigned – the unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents general fund balance that is not otherwise reported as restricted or assigned to specific purposes. This classification is also used to report any negative fund balance in other governmental funds.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

PROPERTY TAX REVENUES

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Aldermen may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the City. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Aldermen, each year in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

Section 35-57-1 et seq., Mississippi Code 1972, requires that the City levy and collect all taxes for and on behalf of the municipal separate school district. Section 39-3-7, Mississippi Code 1972, authorized the City to levy and collect a tax not in excess of three mills for the support of any public library system located within the municipality. Ad valorem taxes collected and settled in accordance with the above noted statutory authorities are not recognized as revenues and expenditures of the City.

INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

During the course of normal operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the governmental funds balance sheet. These interfund balances are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Corinth's participation in the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), and additions to/deductions from the City of Corinth's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS). For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS). Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND OTHER DEPOSITS

DEPOSITS

The carrying amount of the City's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2022, was \$26,520,426 and the bank balance was \$27,515,519. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the City. As of September 30, 2022, none of the City's bank balance of \$27,515,519 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES

The following is a summary of interfund balances at September 30, 2022:

Due From / To Other Funds

Funds:	Du	e From	D	Due To		
General Fund	\$	4,000	\$	2,433		
Sanitation Fund		2,433		-		
Sewer System Fund				4,000		
Total funds	\$	6,433	\$	6,433		

Interfund balances consist of payments for monthly claims and are expected to be paid back within the year. These Due From/Due to items are routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

Transfers In / Out

Funds:	Tra	nsfers Out	Transfers In		
General Fund	\$	972,436	\$	986,000	
Non-Major Governmental Funds		-		205,606	
Sanitation Fund		93,000		-	
Sewer System Fund		126,170			
Total funds	\$	1,191,606	\$	1,191,606	

The principal purpose of the interfund transfers was to provide funds for operating expenses or to provide funds for capital projects. All interfund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

NOTE 4 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2022 consisted of the following for governmental activities:

Description	Amount
Due From State - Sales Tax	\$ 630,939
Due From State - Tourism Tax	134,766
Due From USDOT – Federal Land Access Program	78,400
Due From State - FEMA Disaster Grant	218,580
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,062,685

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of capital asset activity as of September 30, 2022:

		Balance Oct. 1, 2021	_	Acquisitions	_	Capitalized Construction, Sales, or Retirements		Balance Sept. 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:	_		_		_		_	
Land	\$	705,126	\$	-	\$	-	\$	705,126
Construction in Progress		-	-	2,523,742	_			2,523,742
Total Capital Assets,								
not being Depreciated:		705,126	_	2,523,742				3,228,868
Capital Assets being Depreciated:								
Buildings		6,916,524		_		_		6,916,524
Infrastructure - Streets		16,943,488		_		_		16,943,488
Mobile Equipment		4,304,943		240,596		(309,828)		4,235,711
Furniture and Equipment		644,590		264,665		-		909,255
Total Capital Assets,	•	,	•		•			
being Depreciated	,	28,809,545	_	505,261	_	(309,828)	<u>.</u>	29,004,978
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings		(2,591,326)		(115,987)		_		(2,707,313)
Infrastructure - Streets		(3,412,499)		(500,602)		-		(3,913,101)
Mobile Equipment		(3,280,835)		(88,088)		248,290		(3,120,633)
Furniture and Equipment		(511,664)		(24,766)		, -		(536,430)
	•		-		•			
Total Accumulated Depreciation	,	(9,796,324)		(729,443)	-	248,290		(10,277,477)
Total Capital Assets being								
Depreciated, net:	,	19,013,221	_	(224,182)		(61,538)		18,727,501
Total Governmental Activities	\$	10 710 247	\$	2 200 560	ď	(61.539)	¢	24 056 260
Capital Assets, net	Φ.	19,718,347	Φ	2,299,560	\$	(61,538)	\$	21,956,369

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - continued

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS -	COII	unuea				Conitalizad		
	_	Balance Oct. 1, 2021		Acquisitions		Capitalized Construction, Sales, or Retirements		Balance Sept. 30, 2022
Business-Type Activities:	_							
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	62,493	\$	-	\$	-	\$	62,493
Construction in Progress	_	-		46,087		-		46,087
Total Capital Assets,								
not being Depreciated:	_	62,493		46,087	-	-		108,580
Capital Assets being Depreciated:								
Sewer Plant and Buildings		62,158,047		70,751		-		62,228,798
Mobile Equipment		2,849,420		646,218		-		3,495,638
Furniture and Equipment	_	540,140		19,287	•			559,427
Total Capital Assets,						-		
being Depreciated	_	65,547,607		736,256				66,283,863
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:		(05.005.040)		(4.054.000)				(00.000.000)
Sewer Plant and Buildings		(25,235,316)		(1,654,923)		-		(26,890,239)
Mobile Equipment		(2,373,171)		(107,329)		-		(2,480,500)
Furniture and Equipment	_	(505,949)		(13,108)	-	-		(519,057)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	-	(28,114,436)		(1,775,360)	-			(29,889,796)
Total Capital Assets being								
Depreciated, net:		37,433,171		(1,039,104)				36,394,067
Depreciated, flet.	-	37,433,171		(1,039,104)	•	<u>-</u>		30,394,007
Total Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets, net	\$	37,495,664	\$	(993,017)	\$	_	\$	36,502,647
	· =	21,122,001	•	(000,011)	. *		•	
Total Capital Assets	\$ _	57,214,011	\$	1,306,543	\$	(61,538)	\$	58,459,016
Depreciation expense was char	ged	to functions / pr	ogr	rams of the prim	ary	government as	follo	ows:
Governmental Activities:								
General Government						\$		77,429
Public Safety						Ψ		117,829
Public Works								534,185
Total Depreciation Expense - (Gove	rnmontal Activ	itio			\$		729,443
Total Depreciation Expense - V	GOVE	illillelitai Activ	ILIE	:5		Ψ =		129,443
Business-Type Activities:								
Electric Department						\$		1,686,938
Solid Waste						φ		88,422
	Buo!	noce Type Acti	,,i4:	05		<u> </u>		
Total Depreciation Expense - I	usil	iess-i ype Acti	vili	c o		\$ <u></u>		1,770,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the City's governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Fund Debt Retired By	Balances Oct. 1,	Additions	Reductions	Balances Sept. 30	Current Portion
Governmental Activities:		,			•	
General Obligation Bonds	Bond & Int.	\$ 4,708,000	\$ -	\$ 370,000	\$ 4,338,000	\$ 383,000
Special Obligation Bonds	Bond & Int.	-	5,000,000	-	5,000,000	202,000
Notes Payable	General & Fire	1,087,341	-	64,614	1,022,727	66,375
Capital Lease Obligations	General & Fire	168,350	165,049	98,449	234,950	81,970
Total Governmental Activities		\$ <u>5,963,691</u>	\$ <u>5,165,049</u>	\$ <u>533,063</u>	\$ <u>10,595,677</u>	\$ <u>733,345</u>

General and Special Obligation Bonds

The general and special obligation bonds were issued to provide funds for the construction of major capital facilities. These bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

General and Special Obligation Bonds as of September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	_	Issued	Outstanding
Series 2013	3.30-3.50%	12/19/13	12/01/28	\$	1,600,000	\$ 945,000
Series 2018	3.25-3.50%	02/01/18	02/01/38		2,000,000	1,700,000
Series 2020	2.00-2.20%	01/08/20	12/01/29		2,054,000	1,693,000
Series 2022	2.20%	05/05/22	09/01/42	-	5,000,000	5,000,000
Total				\$	10,654,000	\$ 9,338,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Years Ending				
September 30,	_	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2023	\$	585,000	\$ 223,742	\$ 808,742
2024		601,000	209,568	810,568
2025		613,000	194,960	807,960
2026		634,000	179,630	813,630
2027		686,000	163,094	849,094
2028-2032		2,698,000	575,847	3,273,847
2033-2037		1,925,000	320,212	2,245,212
2038-2042		1,596,000	 99,984	 1,695,984
Total	\$	9,338,000	\$ 1,967,037	\$ 11,305,037

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - continued

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - continued

Notes Payable

The 2010 CAP Loan was issued to provide funds for the construction of a new fire station. The debt will be retired from the Municipal Fire Protection Fund. The 2019 CAP Loan was issued to provide matching funds for The EDA Drainage Project. The debt will be retired from the Municipal Reserve Fund.

Notes Payable as of September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	_	Issued		Outstanding
CAP Loan	3.00%	11/01/10	11/01/30	\$	411,265	\$	194,385
CAP Loan	2.00%	08/01/18	08/01/38	_	1,000,000	_	828,342
Total				\$	1,411,265	\$	1,022,727

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Years Ending				
September 30,	_	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2023	\$	66,375	\$ 21,702	\$ 88,077
2024		67,937	20,140	88,077
2025		69,538	18,539	88,077
2026		71,178	16,899	88,077
2027		72,857	15,220	88,077
2028-2032		335,800	50,818	386,618
2033-2037		283,852	19,678	303,530
2038	_	55,190	 180	 55,370
Total	\$	1,022,727	\$ 163,176	\$ 1,185,903

Capital Leases

The capital leases were issued to provide funds for the purchase of equipment. The debt will be retired from the General Fund.

Capital Leases as of September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	_	Issued	Outstanding
Fire Truck	3.15%	10/22/18	10/22/23	\$	386,213	\$ 88,360
Mini Excavator	2.24%	03/07/22	03/07/27	_	165,367	146,590
Total				\$	551,580	\$ 234,950

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - continued

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - continued

Capital Leases - continued

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Years Ending				
September 30,	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	113,940	\$ 4,646	\$ 118,586
2024		39,077	2,884	41,961
2025		33,433	1,561	34,994
2026		34,190	805	34,995
2027	_	14,310	123	14,433
Total	\$	234,950	\$ 10,019	\$ 244,969

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the City's business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Fund Debt Retired By	Balances Oct. 1,	Additions	Reductions	Balances Sept. 30	Current Portion
Business-Type Activities: Notes Payable	Sewer	\$ 21,017,207	\$ -	\$ 1,811,454	\$ 19,205,753	\$ 1,845,169
Capital Lease Obligations	Sanitation	40,870		28,648	12,222	12,222
Total Business-Type Activ	rities	\$ <u>21,058,077</u>	\$	\$ <u>1,840,102</u>	\$ <u>19,217,975</u>	\$ <u>1,857,391</u>

Notes Payable

Notes payable consist of three loans from the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality State Revolving Loan Fund. Payments for these loans are withheld from sales tax payments due to the City.

Notes Payable as of September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date		Issued	_	Outstanding
State Revolving Loan	2.00%	02/08/08	12/01/27	\$	12,655,057	\$	3,865,100
State Revolving Loan	1.75%	11/14/14	03/14/34		20,250,866		13,172,407
State Revolving Loan	1.75%	03/24/16	02/14/36	-	3,027,904	_	2,168,246
Total				\$	35,933,827	\$	19,205,753

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - continued

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES – continued

Notes Payable - continued

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Years Ending				
September 30,	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	1,845,169	\$ 330,208	\$ 2,175,377
2024		1,879,513	295,863	2,175,376
2025		1,914,500	260,877	2,175,377
2026		1,950,141	225,236	2,175,377
2027		1,986,448	188,929	2,175,377
2028-2032		6,636,925	553,247	7,190,172
2033-2037	_	2,993,057	62,436	3,055,493
Total	\$	19,205,753	\$ 1,916,796	\$ 21,122,549

Capital Leases

Capital Leases as of September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount		Amount		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	_	Issued		Outstanding				
Knuckle Boom Truck	3.35%	02/21/18	02/16/23	\$	136,000	\$	12,222				
Total				\$	136,000	\$	12,222				

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Years Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 12,222	\$ 103	\$ 12,325
Total	\$ 12,222	\$ 103	\$ 12,325

NOTE 7 - CONDUIT DEBT (NOT INCLUDED IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS)

Management has determined that the conduit debt is repaid only by the entities for whom the debt was issued and includes debt that either bears the City's name or for which a moral responsibility may exist that is not an enforceable promise to pay. No commitment debt explicitly states the absence of obligation by the City other than possibly an agreement to assist creditors in exercising their rights in the event of default. The City of Corinth and Alcorn County issued this debt on a basis of 45% City and 55% County. Because a default may adversely affect the City's own ability to borrow, the principal amount of such debt outstanding at year end is disclosed as follows as of September 30, 2022:

	Total	City Share
Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 A	\$ 86,200,000	\$ 38,790,000

NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAXES

The millage rate for the City for October 1, 2021, through September 30, 2022, was 95.0 mills, broken down as follows:

School: Public School Purposes	46.20	Mills
School: School Three Mill Notes	3.00	Mills
School: General Obligation Bonds	10.00	Mills
General Revenue and General Improvement	27.30	Mills
Corinth Library	1.50	Mills
Parks and Playgrounds	2.00	Mills
Municipal Bond and Interest	5.00	Mills
Total	95.00	

The distribution of taxes to funds was found to be in accordance with prescribed tax levies, and uncollected taxes were determined to be properly handled.

NOTE 9 - JOINT VENTURES

The City of Corinth is a participant with Alcorn County in a joint venture, authorized by Section 61-3-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), to operate the Corinth-Alcorn County Airport. The joint venture was created to provide an airport for the area and is governed by a five-member board of commissioners appointed as follows: Alcorn County, two; City of Corinth, two; jointly, one. The City contributed \$128,556, including the local match, federal, and state expenditures from grants, to support the operation of this joint venture during the year ended September 30, 2022. Complete financial statements for the Corinth-Alcorn County Airport can be obtained from the Corinth-Alcorn County Airport, 56 County Road 613, Corinth, MS 38834.

The City of Corinth is a participant with Alcorn County in a joint venture to operate the Siege and Battle of Corinth Commission. The joint venture was created to promote tourism and is governed by a five-member Board appointed as follows: Alcorn County, two; City of Corinth, two; jointly, one. Complete financial statements for the Siege and Battle of Corinth Commission can be obtained from Siege and Battle of Corinth Commission, P.O. Box 45, Corinth, MS 38835.

The City of Corinth is a participant with Alcorn County in a joint venture, authorized by Section 41-13-15, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), to operate the Magnolia Regional Health Center. The joint venture was created to provide a community hospital for the area and is governed by a five-member board of directors, two appointed by the City board of supervisors, two appointed by the City and one jointly appointed. Complete financial statements for the Magnolia Regional Health Center can be obtained from Magnolia Regional Health Center, 611 Alcorn Drive, Corinth, MS 38834.

The City of Corinth is a participant with Alcorn County in a joint venture, authorized by Section 55-9-1, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), to operate the Corinth-Alcorn County Recreation Commission. The joint venture was created to provide recreational opportunities for the area and is governed by a five-member board. Each entity appoints two of the five board members, and the fifth is jointly appointed. The City contributed \$210,946 to support the operation of this joint venture during the year ended September 30, 2022. Complete financial statements for the Corinth-Alcorn County Recreation Commission can be obtained from Corinth-Alcorn County Recreation Commission, P.O. Box 1372, Corinth, MS 38835.

The City of Corinth is a participant with Alcorn County in a joint venture, established by local and private legislation (Senate Bill 3219), 1997 Session, to operate the Corinth Area Convention and Visitors Bureau. The joint venture was created to promote tourism and is governed by a seven-member board of

NOTE 9 - JOINT VENTURES - continued

directors. Each entity appoints one board member, the Corinth Area Restaurant Association appoints three board members and the Corinth Area Hotel-Motel-Inn-Bed and Breakfast Association appoints three board members. The joint venture is funded with one-half of a 2 percent sales tax on motel and food and beverage sales within the City of Corinth. Complete financial statements for the Corinth Area Convention and Visitors Bureau can be obtained from Corinth Area Convention and Visitors Bureau, P.O. Box 2158, Corinth, MS 38835.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> - Employees of the City of Corinth are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing agent multiple-employer pension plan. The Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) was created with the purpose to provide pension benefits for all state and public education employees, sworn officers of the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol, other public employees whose employers have elected to participate in the System, and elected members of the State Legislature and the President of the Senate. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits Provided - For the cost-sharing plan participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0% of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5% for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less (the actuarial reduction for less than 30 years or below age 65 apply only to those who became members on or after July 1, 2011). Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service.

A member may elect a reduced retirement allowance payable for life with the provision that, after death, a beneficiary receives benefits for life or for a specified number of years. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. In the event of death prior to retirement of any member whose spouse and/or children are not entitled to a retirement allowance, the deceased member's accumulated contributions and interest are paid to the designated beneficiary. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - continued

Employee membership data related to the Plan, as of June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Inactive Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	112,158
Inactive Members Assumed Eligible for a	
Benefit at Retirement Date	16,887
Inactive Members Assumed Not to Receive	
Service Retirement Benefits	68,026
Active Members	145,673
Total	342,744

Contributions - The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary and the City of Corinth is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 17.40% of annual covered payroll. The contributions are deducted from the employees' wages or salary and remitted by the City to PERS on a monthly basis. By law, employer contributions are required to be paid. The employer's actuarially determined contribution and member contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City of Corinth's total payroll for all employees was \$5,979,823. Total covered payroll was also \$5,979,823. Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the City to active employees covered by the Plan.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> - At September 30, 2022, the City of Corinth reported a liability of \$18,375,220 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability percentage used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City of Corinth's proportion of the net pension was based on a projection of the City of Corinth's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the City of Corinth's proportion was 0.089271 percent.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City of Corinth recognized pension expense of \$1,154,605. At September 30, 2022, the City of Corinth reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of
	Resources	_	Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 260,181	\$	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	965,156		-
City Pension Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	235,554		-
Changes of Assumptions	635,528		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences in			
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Assets	-		2,341,350
Total	\$ 2,096,419	\$	2,341,350

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - continued

The \$235,554 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Amount
2023	\$ (240,261)
2024	(348,944)
2025	(564,296)
2026	673,016
Total	\$ (480,485)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.40%

Salary increases 2.65 - 17.90%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.55%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments. For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions are based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - continued

The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Long-Term	
			Expected	
	Target		Real Rate	
Asset Class	Allocation	_	of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	22.00		4.50	
Global Equity	12.00		4.80	
Fixed Income	20.00		(0.25)	
Real Estate	10.00		3.75	
Private Equity	8.00		6.00	
Cash Equivalents	1.00		(1.00)	
Total	100.00	%		

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City of Corinth's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the City of Corinth's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.55 percent, as well as what the City of Corinth's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55 percent) than the current rate:

		City of Corinth's
	Discount	Proportionate Share
	Rate	of Net Pension Liability
1% Decrease	6.55%	\$ 21,981,539
Current Discount Rate	7.55%	18,375,220
1% Increase	8.55%	13,753,096

<u>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) financial report.

NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation - The City of Corinth is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate outcome or liability, if any, of the City with respect to the various proceedings. However, the City's legal counsel does not expect any liability resulting from these lawsuits will have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Federal Grants - The City participates in numerous federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the City has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required. Accordingly, no provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the City's financial statements.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. Except as described below, the City carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The City is a member of the Mississippi Municipal Workers' Compensation Group (MMWCG) and the Mississippi Municipal Liability Plan (MMLP), both of which are administered by Municipal Services, Inc. Both groups are risk-sharing pools. Such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool.

MMWCG covers risk of loss arising from injuries to the City's employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of the MMWCG contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any employee claim. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the pool members would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The City has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

MMLP covers the risk of loss related to torts and other liability claims. The general policy limit is \$500,000 per occurrence, but the policy also tracks the Mississippi tort claims law for municipalities which limits the City's liability to \$250,000 per occurrence. The policy also covers up to \$1,000,000 in federal claims. As with the MMWCG, pool members would be required to pay for the deficiency should total claims for the year exceed member contributions. The City has received no assessments for excess losses incurred by the pool.

NOTE 13 - OPERATING LEASES

As Lessor:

On November 1, 2007, the City entered into a non-cancellable operating lease agreement with AbilityWorks, Inc. for the lease of a building owned by the City for the purpose of conducting the business activities of AbilityWorks, Inc. The operating lease stipulated that the lease would pay approximately \$4,000 per month in lease payments commencing November 1, 2007 for a term of 15 years. At the end of the lease term, the lessee has the right to renew for an additional 3 months.

The City receives income from property it leases under non-cancellable operating leases. Total income from such leases was \$48,000 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Year Ending September 30,	_	Amount
2023	\$	4,000
Total Minimum Payments Required	\$	4,000

NOTE 14 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The City enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses for economic development purposes. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to locate within the city limits. The abatements are negotiated on an individual basis. Each abatement is for either 7 or 10 years. The City had twelve tax abatement agreements with eleven entities as of September 30, 2022.

The City had two types of abatements, none of which provides for the abatement of school or state tax levies:

Section 17-21-5 – Central business improvement district Section 27-31-101 – New enterprise exemptions

All twelve entities had tax abatements listed under the above listed statutes.

Category	Amount of taxes abated during the fiscal year
New and central business district	\$6,985

The companies were not required to comply with any special provisions in order to receive the abatements and the City made no commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes. Abatements may be voided pursuant to state law in the event of a cessation of company operations.

NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Date of Management Evaluation

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management has evaluated the activity of the City through May 6, 2024, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) and determined that the following subsequent events have occurred that would require disclosure in the notes to the financial statements. No adjustments were considered necessary to the financial statements.

• Approved lowest and best bid in the amount of \$1,763,502 for Norman and Gaines Road Project on February 7, 2023.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS

For the year ended September 30, 2022

		Dudge	4		Variance with
	_	Budge Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes	\$	2,893,500 \$	3,013,400 \$	2,814,306 \$	(199,094
Licenses and Permits		584,000	574,000	601,540	27,540
Intergovernmental Revenues		8,110,500	8,642,152	9,333,107	690,955
Charges for Services		4,500	6,950	7,610	660
Fines and Forfeitures		275,000	265,000	275,675	10,675
Miscellaneous Revenues	_	158,000	151,000	243,202	92,202
TOTAL REVENUES	_	12,025,500	12,652,502	13,275,440	622,938
EXPENDITURES:					
General Government		4,154,252	4,726,792	4,236,265	490,527
Public Safety		7,081,551	7,165,364	7,053,450	111,91
Public Works		2,648,780	2,736,238	2,684,501	51,73
Debt Service:		, ,	, ,	, ,	,
Principal		61,881	62,181	61,943	23
Interest	_	15,000	19,200	19,134	66
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	13,961,464	14,709,775	14,055,293	654,482
EXCESS OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	_	(1,935,964)	(2,057,273)	(779,853)	1,277,420
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from Debt Issued		300,000	165,000	165,049	4:
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		5,000	31,000	36,212	5,21
Operating Transfers In		186,000	186,000	186,000	
Operating Transfers Out	_	(173,000)	(173,000)	(172,436)	56
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	_	318,000	209,000	214,825	5,825
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER					
SOURCES OVER FINANCING AND OTHER USES	\$	(1 617 964) \$	(1,848,273) \$	(565,028) \$	1,283,24

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS

For the year ended September 30, 2022

	_	Budg			Variance with Final Budget
		Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:					
Miscellaneous Revenues	\$_	1,500 \$	6,800	14,835 \$	8,035
TOTAL REVENUES	_	1,500	6,800	14,835	8,035
EXPENDITURES:					
Public Works	_	4,210,000	1,512,000	1,372,683	139,317
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	4,210,000	1,512,000	1,372,683	139,317
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	(4,208,500)	(1,505,200)	(1,357,848)	147,352
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from Debt Issued	_	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER FINANCING	•	- 0400 +	0.404.005		
AND OTHER USES	\$ _	791,500 \$	3,494,800	3,642,152 \$	147,352

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Nine Years Ended September 30, 2022*

		-	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	. <u>-</u>	2014	-
	City's proportion of net pension liability (%)		0.089271	%	0.086955	%	0.085466	%	0.086220	%	0.093742	%	0.090697	%	0.091820	%	0.089430	%	0.091881	%
	City's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	18,375,220	\$	12,852,328	\$	16,545,224	\$	15,167,799	\$	15,592,079	\$	15,076,920	\$	16,402,059	\$	13,824,114	\$	10,924,352	
	City's covered payroll	\$	5,979,823	\$	5,775,891	\$	5,730,087	\$	5,576,862	\$	5,949,776	\$	5,824,959	\$	6,099,105	\$	5,647,613	\$	5,629,460	
	City's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		307.29	%	222.52	%	288.74	%	271.98	%	262.06	%	258.83	%	268.93	%	244.78	%	194.06	%
-59-	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		59.93	%	70.44	%	58.97	%	61.59	%	62.54	%	61.49	%	57.47	%	61.70	%	67.21	%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be available as they become available.

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30.

6

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of the City's Contributions For the Nine Years Ended September 30, 2022

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	-	2017		2016	_	2015		2014
Statutorily required contributions	\$	1,040,489	\$	1,005,005	\$	997,035	\$	902,879	\$	937,072	\$	917,431	\$	960,609	\$	889,499	\$	886,640
Contributions in relation to statutor required contributions	ily \$	1,040,489	\$	1,005,005	\$	997,035	\$	902,879	\$	937,072	\$	917,431	\$	960,609	\$	889,499	\$	886,640
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered payroll	\$	5,979,823	\$	5,775,891	\$	5,730,087	\$	5,576,862	\$	5,949,776	\$	5,824,959	\$	6,099,105	\$	5,647,613	\$	5,629,460
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.40	%	17.40	%	17.40	%	16.12	%	15.75	%	15.75	%	15.75	%	15.75	%	15.75 %

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data. This schedule is presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund.

Budget/GAAP Reconciliation

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the amounts on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund to the amounts on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds:

	_	Governmental Fund Types
	_	General Fund
Budget (Cash Basis) Increase (Decrease) Net adjustments for	\$	(565,028)
revenue accruals		1,331
GAAP Basis	\$	(563,697)

2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the City's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Aldermen of the City, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the City Clerk, Police Chief, Fire Chief and Public Works Director for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investments balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Aldermen that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The City's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Pension Schedules - Changes of Assumptions

2021:

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree
 Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 134% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 121% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 134% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 121% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B)
 Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 97% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 110% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- o The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.
- The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.
- o The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.
- The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28% of payroll.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.
- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.
- The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in in the line of duty was decrease from 6% to 4%.

2019:

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree
 Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119.
 - For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119.
 - Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree
 Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 137% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 115% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Pension Schedules - Changes of Assumptions 2019 (continued)

- The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

2017:

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.
- The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

2016:

 The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2015:

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree
 Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.
- The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

Pension Schedules - Changes of Benefit Provisions

2016:

 Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI NON-MAJOR OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

September 30, 2022

		Fire Protection Fund		Library Fund	Tourism Construction Fund	Tourism Budget Fund	FAA Grant Fund	EFLAP Project Fund	House Bill 1353 Bridge Replacement	Burnsville Water Project Fund	FEMA Fund	Municipal Bond and Interest Fund	Other Funds	Totals
ASSETS	•	405.007.4	Φ.	000 000 #	4 470 540 . Ф		. 0.705 (500.047 (6	54.0		* * * * * * * * * *	D 05 004 A	0.040.00
Cash and Cash Equivalents Property Taxes Receivable Intergovernmental Receivables	\$	195,967 \$ - 		369,689 \$ 123,883 -	1,179,543 \$ - 67,383	- 5 - 67,383	\$ 8,735 \$ - 	- \$ - 78,400	5 500,017 \$ - 	5 54 \$ - 	- : - 218,580	\$ 534,830 \$ 412,944	\$ 25,001 \$ - 	2,813,83 536,82 431,74
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	195,967	\$ <u>_</u>	493,572 \$	1,246,926 \$	67,383	\$ 8,735	\$ <u>78,400</u> \$	500,017	54 \$	218,580	\$ 947,774	\$ 25,001 \$	3,782,40
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	\$;	\$	\$	\$		\$\$	§ <u> </u>	S\$	S\$	218,580	\$	\$ <u>-</u> \$	218,58
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_										218,580			218,58
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes	-		_	123,883		<u> </u>						412,944		536,82
FUND BALANCES Restricted:		405.007												405.00
Public Safety Public Works		195,967 -		-	-	-	8,735	- 78,400	500,017	- 54	-	-	- 25,001	195,96 612,20
Culture and Recreation Debt Service Committed to:		-		-	1,246,926 -	67,383 -	-	-	-	-	-	534,830	-	1,314,30 534,83
Culture and Recreation Unassigned	-	- -	_;	369,689	- 	- 	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	- -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	369,68
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	195,967	;	369,689	1,246,926	67,383	8,735	78,400	500,017	54		534,830	25,001	3,027,00
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND AND, FUND BALANCES	\$	195,967	\$ <u>_</u>	493,572_\$	1,246,926 \$	67,383	\$ 8,735	\$ <u>78,400</u> \$	500,017	54 \$	218,580	\$ <u>947,774</u>	\$ <u>25,001</u> \$	3,782,40

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year Ended September 30, 2022

	F	Fire Protection Fund	Library Fund	Tourism Construction Fund	Tourism Budget Fund	FAA Grant Fund	EFLAP Project Fund	House Bill 1353 Bridge Replacement	Burnsville Water Project Fund	FEMA Fund	Municipal Bond and Interest Fund	Other Funds	Totals
REVENUES: Property Taxes Intergovernmental Revenues Miscellaneous Revenues:	\$	- \$ 184,809 1,797	152,919 \$ 10,727 3,474	- \$ 786,589 5,077	- \$ 786,589 	- \$ 128,556 167	- \$ 236,087 -	5 - \$ 500,000 17	- \$ 139,555 	- 9 899,257 -	\$ 509,763 \$ 37,545 <u>3,825</u>	- \$ 25,000 1	662,682 3,734,714 14,358
TOTAL REVENUES	_	186,606	167,120	791,666	786,589	128,723	236,087	500,017	139,555	899,257	551,133	25,001	4,411,754
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Debt Service:		27,006 - -	133,400	- - 618,622	- - 778,872	- 122,560 -	- 293,458 -	- - -	- 139,555 -	- 899,257	- - -	- 33,259 -	27,006 1,488,089 1,530,894
Principal Interest Other		101,120 9,841 	- - -	- - -	- - 	- - 	- - -	- - -	- - 	- - -	370,000 158,592 2,823	- - -	471,120 168,433 2,823
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	137,967	133,400	618,622	778,872	122,560	293,458		139,555	899,257	531,415	33,259	3,688,365
EXCESS OF REVENUES REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING		48,639	33,720	173,044	7,717	6,163	(57,371)	500,017			19,718	(8,258)	723,389
SOURCES (USES) Transfers from Other Funds Transfers to Other Funds		- -	- -	- 	<u>-</u>	- 	135,771	- 	<u>-</u>	- -	36,665	33,170 -	205,606
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>	135,771		<u>-</u>		36,665	33,170	205,606
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER SOURCES (USES)		48,639	33,720	173,044	7,717	6,163	78,400	500,017	-	-	56,383	24,912	928,995
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year		147,328	335,969	1,073,882	59,666	2,572			54_		478,447	89	2,098,007
FUND BALANCES - End of Year	\$	195,967 \$	369,689 \$	1,246,926 \$	67,383 \$	8,735 \$	78,400 \$	5 500,017 \$	54 \$	- :	\$ 534,830 \$	25.001 \$	3,027,002

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CITY OF CORINTH SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended September 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Grantor Agency ID Number	Federal Assistance Listing Number		Federal Expenditures
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
U.S. Department of Commerce				
Economic Development Administration	04-79-07296	11.307	\$	82,845
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			\$	82,845
U. S. Department of Justice				
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program		16.607	\$	1,638
Total U.S. Department of Justice			\$	1,638
U. S. Department of Transportation				
Airport Improvement Program Airport Improvement Program Airport Rescue Grant	3-28-0021-030-2021 3-28-0021-033-2022 3-28-0021-032-2022	20.106 20.106 20.106	\$	100,753 5,803 22,000
Passed through State Office of: Mississippi Department of Transportation Federal Lands Access Program	9999-09(153)LPA/107193-301000	20.224		236,087
Total U. S. Department of Transportation			\$	364,643
U. S. Department of Homeland Security			•	
Passed through State Office of: Mississippi Emergency Management Agency: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance*	FEMA-4470-DR-MS	97.036	\$	674,443
Passed through State Office of: Mississippi Department of Public Safety: Homeland Security Grant	21HS155	97.067		10,000
Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security			\$	684,443
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES			\$	1,133,569

CITY OF CORINTH SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended September 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/	Grantor	Federal	
Pass Through Grantor/	Agency ID	Assistance	Federal
Program Title	Number	Listing	Expenditures
		Number	

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The accompanying Schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal award activity of the City of Corinth, Mississippi under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The City has elected not to use the 10% deminimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

* - Major Program

OTHER INFORMATION

CITY OF CORINTH SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS FOR MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS (UNAUDITED)

September 30, 2022

NAME	POSITION		BOND	INSURANCE COMPANY
		_	400 000 00	
Tommy Irwin	Mayor	\$	100,000.00	Western Surety Company
Vickie Roach	City Clerk/Tax Collector		100,000.00	Western Surety Company
Benjamin Albarracin	Alderman		100,000.00	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co of America
Adrian L. Wood, III	Alderman		100,000.00	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co of America
Mike Hopkins	Alderman		100,000.00	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co of America
Michael McFall	Alderman		100,000.00	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co of America
Christopher Wilson	Alderman		100,000.00	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co of America
J.C. Hill	Alderman		100,000.00	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co of America
Becky Phipps	City Judge		50,000.00	Western Surety Company
Ralph Dance	Chief of Police		50,000.00	Western Surety Company
Zane Elliott	Court Clerk		100,000.00	Western Surety Company
Shea Willis	Deputy Court Clerk		100,000.00	Western Surety Company
Ginger Seawright	Deputy Court Clerk		100,000.00	Western Surety Company
Missy Wilbanks	Deputy Court Clerk		100,000.00	Western Surety Company
Greg Tyson	Building Official		50,000.00	Western Surety Company
Melissa Powers	Admin. Clerk, Bldg. Dept		25,000.00	Western Surety Company
Misty McGee	Admin. Clerk		25,000.00	Western Surety Company
Brandy Smith	Deputy City Clerk		100,000.00	Western Surety Company
Christe Bennett	Deputy City Clerk		100,000.00	Western Surety Company
Alicia Walker	Deputy Tax Collector		100,000.00	Western Surety Company
Donna Null	Deputy Tax Collector		100,000.00	Western Surety Company
Kim Ratliff	Project Coordinator		25,000.00	Western Surety Company

REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Corinth, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Corinth, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Corinth, Mississippi's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 6, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Corinth, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Corinth, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Corinth, Mississippi's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Corinth, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Jarrell Group, PLLC Tupelo, Mississippi

Jarrell Group, PLLC

May 6, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Corinth, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Corinth, Mississippi's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Corinth, Mississippi's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. The City of Corinth, Mississippi's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City of Corinth, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City of Corinth, Mississippi and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Corinth, Mississippi's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City of Corinth, Mississippi's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City of Corinth, Mississippi's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City of Corinth, Mississippi's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City of Corinth, Mississippi's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City of Corinth, Mississippi's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Corinth, Mississippi's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jarrell Group, PLLC Tupelo, Mississippi

Jarrell Group, PLLC

May 6, 2024

CITY OF CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS September 30, 2022

SECTION 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' re				
Governmental Activities		<u>Unmodi</u>		
Business-Type Activities General Fund		<u>Unmodi</u>		
General Obligation Bond Fund		<u>Unmodi</u> <u>Unmodi</u>		
Sewer System Fund		Unmodi		
Sanitation Enterprise Fund		<u>Unmodi</u>		
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information		Unmodi		
Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units		Advers		
	er financial reporting:	<u>/tavore</u>	<u>. </u>	
Material weakness identified?		Yes	X No	
Significant deficiency identified				
	ered to be a material weakness?	Yes _	X Non	e reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes _	X No	
Federal Awards				
Internal Control ov				
Material weakne	Yes _	X No		
Significant deficiency identified				
not considered to be a material weakness?		Yes _	X Non	e reported
Type of auditors' re	eport issued on compliance			
for major programs:		<u>Unmodi</u>	<u>fied</u>	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		Yes _	<u>X</u> No	
Identification of major program:				
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
97.036	U.S. Department of Homeland Security	∕ – Disaster Gran	<u>ts - Public</u>	: Assistance
Dollar threshold us	sed to distinguish			
between Type A and Type B programs:		\$ <u>750,</u>	000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes _	X No	
SECTION 2 - FINA	ANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS:			
None				
SECTION 3 - FED	ERAL AWARD FINDINGS:			
None				



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Corinth, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Corinth, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 6, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*.

As required by the State legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of those procedures and our audit of the general purpose financial statements disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor, and pass-through entities and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Jarrell Group, PLLC Tupelo, Mississippi

Jarrell Group, PLLC

May 6, 2024