OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR REPORT NOTE:

Section 7-7-211, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) gives the Office of the State Auditor the authority to audit, with the exception of municipalities, any governmental entity in the state. In the case of municipalities, Section 21-35-31, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) requires municipalities to obtain an annual audit performed by a private CPA firm and submit that audit report to the Office of the State Auditor. The Office of the State Auditor files these audit reports for review in case questions arise related to the municipality.

As a result, the following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor. Instead, it was prepared by a private CPA firm and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted and no review of the report was performed by the Office of the State Auditor prior to finalization of the report. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor Kenneth Broome and Honorable Members of the Board of Alderpersons Town of Utica, Mississippi

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Utica, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Utica, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Utica, Mississippi, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Utica, Mississippi's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Town of Utica, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Town of Utica, Mississippi's ability to continue as a going concern for
 a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-9 and budgetary comparison information on pages 16-18 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Utica, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 23, 2023, on our consideration of the Town of Utica, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Utica, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Utica, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ridgeland, Mississippi May 23, 2023

Brown, Ey

INTRODUCTION

The discussion and analysis of the Town of Utica, Mississippi's annual financial performance provides an overall narrative review of the Town's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Town's performance as a whole; we encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets of the Town of Utica, Mississippi exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,593,012 (net positions). Of this amount, \$335,283 (unrestricted net positions) is available to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The Town's total net positions increased by \$41,288. This increase is due to an increase in total revenues.

As of close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending deficit fund balances of \$225,784, a deficit increase of \$53,385 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$366,592 or 162.36% of this total amount, is not available for spending at the Town's discretion (unrestricted fund balance) since this amount is a deficit.

At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was a deficit of \$321,715, or 48.54% of total general fund expenditures.

The Town's total debt had a net decrease of \$28,272 or 4.99% during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this decrease was due to principal payments made on outstanding debt.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Town reports all revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Furthermore, the government-wide statements include all of the Town's assets (including infrastructure acquired after July 1, 1980) and all of the Town's liabilities (including long-term debt).

The government-wide financial statements are divided into two categories, which are described as follows:

- ♦ Governmental Activities Expenses incurred in connection with providing basic services including public safety, culture, recreation, public works and general administration are reported as governmental activities. The governmental activities are financed by taxes, license and permit fees, intergovernmental sources, and utility franchise arrangements.
- ♦ Business Type Activities Expenses associated with providing utility services are recovered through fees paid by the customers that utilize these services. These activities are operated in a manner similar to commercial enterprises. Accordingly, activities associated with these services are reported as business type activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund financial statements provide detailed information regarding the Town's most significant activities and are not intended to provide information for the Town as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that are used to account for specific sources of funds. The Town has two types of funds that are described as follows:

- ◆ Governmental Funds These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions that are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, the governmental funds use a modified accrual basis of accounting that provides a short-term view of the Town's finances. Assets reported by governmental funds are limited to amounts that are available for current needs. In addition, liabilities are limited to amounts that are expected to be paid from currently available assets.
- Proprietary Fund These funds are used to account for activities that function in a manner similar to commercial enterprises. Proprietary fund financial statements typically provide a more detail presentation of the information reported in the business-type activities portion of the government-wide financial statements.

GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

NET POSITION

A condensed version of the government-wide Statement of Net Position is presented as follows:

	_	Governme 2022	ental Activities 2021	Business 2022	Type Activities 2021	Total 2022	_	2021
Assets: Current and Other Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	\$ _	379,885 78,698 458,583	308,079 111,470 419,549	1,001,214 1,590,828 2,592,042	1,022,477 1,591,436 2,613,913	\$ 1,381,099 1,669,526 3,050,625	\$	1,330,556 1,702,906 3,033,462
<u>Liabilities:</u> Current and Other Liabilities Long-term Liabilities Total Liabilities	_	439,311 44,881 484,192	438,548 44,881 483,429	248,379 493,717 742,096	242,801 521,989 764,790	687,690 538,598 1,226,288	_	681,349 566,870 1,248,219
Deferred inflows of resources	_	200,175	108,519	31,150	125,000	231,325	-	233,519
Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets (Net) Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$_	78,698 62,110 (366,592) (225,784)	111,470 60,088 (343,957) \$(172,399)	1,116,921 	1,089,257 - 634,866 	1,195,619 62,110 335,283 \$1,593,012	\$_	1,200,727 60,088 290,909 1,551,724

As the presentation appearing above demonstrates, the largest portion of the Town's net positions of \$1,593,012 are invested in capital assets in the amount of \$1,195,619 or 75.05%. Net assets invested in capital assets consist of land, buildings, equipment, and any infrastructure acquired prior to September 30, 2022 less any debt used to acquire assets that remain outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these amounts are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the net assets in the amount of \$62,110 or 3.90% represent resources that are subject to restrictions that are imposed by agreements with the Town's requirements imposed by various revenue sources. The remaining unrestricted net assets in the amount of \$335,283 or 21.05% is available to be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in total current assets in the amount of \$50,543.
- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$33,380.
- Increase in current liabilities in the amount of \$6,341.
- Decrease in long-term liabilities in the amount of \$28,272.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

A condensed version of the government-wide Statement of Changes in Net Position is presented as follows:

Paraman		Sovernme 2022	nta	Activities 2021	Business Typ 2022	pe Activities 2021	_	Total 2022	_	<u>Total</u> 2021
Revenues: Program Revenue:										
Charges for services	\$	65,233	\$	64,124	530,419	520,885	\$	595,652	\$	585,009
Operating grants and contributions	•	2,561	e.	2,561	-	-		2,561		2,561
Capital grants and contributions		43,390		119	48,192	-		91,582		119
General Revenue:		•								
Property taxes		222,631		218,268	-	-		222,631		218,268
Sales taxes		87,490		65,971	-	-		87,490		65,971
Franchise taxes		12,532		11,325	-	-		12,532		11,325
Licenses and permits		2,604		2,671	-	-		2,604		2,671
Fines and forfeits		26,833		57,635	-	-		26,833		57,635
Other		36,632	_	41,739	13,026	13,223	_	49,658	_	54,962
Total Revenue	_	499,906	_	464,413	591,637	<u>534,108</u>	_	1,091,543	-	998,521
Program Expenses:										
General Government								V100000000000		
Finance & Administrative		162,261		130,263	-	1.		162,261		130,263
Public safety		285,088		259,831		-		285,088		259,831
Parks and recreation		16,357		13,275	-	-		16,357		13,275
Sanitation		51,029		49,536	-	· -		51,029		49,536
Public works		230,220		33,445	2 			230,220		33,445
Community development		146		272	3-	-		146		272
Interest on long-term debt		-		35	14,287	15,513		14,287		15,548
Other				-	-	<u></u>		_		-
Cost of services	_				547,409	625,898	_	547,409	-	625,898
Total Expenses		745,101	-	486,657	<u>561,696</u>	641,411	-	<u>1,306,797</u>	-	1,128,068
Increase (decrease)in Net Assets								VIII. 1700 1 1011 1 11 11 11 11 11 11		
Before Transfers and Special Items		(245, 195)		(22,244)	29,941	(107,303)		(215,254)		(129,547)
Transfers and Special Items	_	32,400	-	(5,000)	(32,400)	5,000	-			
Change in Net Position		(212,795)		(27,244)	(2,459)	(102,303)		(215,254)		(129,547)
Net Position Beginning		(172,399)		(145,155)	1,720,008	1,822,311	800	1,547,609		1,677,156
	_		_					4 000 055		1 5 4 7 600
Net Position Ending	\$_	(385,194)	\$_	(172,399)	1,717,549	1,720,008	Φ_	1,332,355	φ.	1,547,609

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Activities:

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the Town's net position by \$212,795, accounting for 123.43% of the decrease in the Town's net assets. A key element of this decrease is detailed as follows:

♦ Total expenses increased by \$258,444 or 53.13% during the year.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by \$2,459, accounting for 0.14% of the decrease in the Town's net position. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Increase in operating transfer out of \$32,400 or 100.00% during the year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserve fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending deficit fund balances of \$385,194, an increase of \$212,795 in comparison to the prior year. In addition, the Town's general fund, reported a deficit net position of \$308,455, which is not available for spending at the Town's discretion.

Proprietary Funds - are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses a proprietary fund to account for the water and sewer, solid waste and electric funds. Fund financial statements for the proprietary fund provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS OF MAJOR FUNDS

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the Town's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as part of the basic financial statements. Significant revisions to the General Fund's budget during the fiscal year are as follows:

- Actual intergovernmental revenues reported for the fiscal year exceeded budgeted amounts due to increase in state shared revenues.
- Actual expenditures for the general fund were less than the budgeted amounts primarily due to a reduction in spending.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Asset - As of September 30, 2022, the Town's total capital assets were \$5,818,925. This includes land, buildings, furniture and equipment, mobile equipment and infrastructure. This amount represents a gross increase, before depreciation, of \$3,750 from the previous fiscal year. The majority of this increase is due to improvements made to Town's water/sewer system.

Total accumulated depreciation as of September 30, 2022 was \$4,243,349, including \$127,330, of depreciation expense for the year. The balance in total net capital assets was \$1,575,576 at year end.

Debt Administration - As of September 30, 2022, the Town had \$538,598 in long term debt outstanding. This includes state revolving loans and obligations under capital leases. Of this debt, \$42,020 is due within one year.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Town of Utica at P. O. Box 335, Utica, Mississippi 39175.

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

			Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Certificate of deposits Accounts receivable, net Other receivables Intergovernmental receivables Due from other funds	\$	279,181 - 66,767 12,835 7,779	154,882 175,028 69,083 - - 602,221	\$	434,063 175,028 135,850 12,835 7,779 602,221
Restricted Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Capital Assets:		13,323	-		13,323
Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		71,105 7,457 136	29,150 - 182,308 		100,255 7,457 182,444 1,379,370
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	458,583	2,592,042	\$_	3,050,625
LIABILITIES Accounts payable, general Accrued expenses Accrued interest payable Customer's deposits Due to other funds Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total Liabilities	\$	50,762 - - - 388,549 7,130 37,751 484,192	26,514 1,490 1,203 5,500 213,672 34,890 458,827 742,096	\$	77,276 1,490 1,203 5,500 602,221 42,020 496,578 1,226,288
Deferred Inflows of Resources Grant revenues Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	200,175 200,175	31,150 31,150	-	231,325 231,325
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position		78,698 62,110 (366,592) (225,784)	1,116,921 - 701,875 1,818,796		1,195,619 62,110 335,283 1,593,012
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	458,583	2,592,042	\$	3,050,625

The Accompanying Notes are an intergral part of these Financial Statements.

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net (Expenses) Revenues Changes in Net Assets Program Revenues Business-Capital Operating Grants and Governmental Type Charges for Grants and Activities Total Services Contributions Contributions Activities Expenses **Primary Government:** Governmental activities: (145, 183)(145, 183)\$ 147,261 2,078 Administration (15,000)(15,000)15,000 Judicial (275,478)(275,478)285,088 9,610 Public safety (63,031)150,283 16,906 (63,031)230,220 Public works (14,873)1,484 (14,873)16,357 Parks and recreation 14,204 14,204 51,029 65,233 Sanitation 24,854 24,854 25,000 Community development 146 161,971 43,390 (474,507)(474,507)65,233 745,101 Total governmental activities Business-type activities: (33,893)(33,893)48,192 219,103 301,188 Water/Sewer 65,095 65,095 246,221 311,316 Gas (14,287)(14,287)Interest on long-term debt 14,287 16,915 16,915 48,192 530,419 Total Business-type activities 561,696 16,915 (457,592)(474,507)91,582 595,652 161,971 \$ 1,306,797 **Total Primary Government** General Revenues: 222,631 \$ 222,631 Property taxes 87,490 87,490 Sales taxes 12,532 12,532 Franchise taxes 26,833 26,833 Fines and report fees 2,604 2,604 License and permits 36,560 12,772 49,332 Miscellaneous 326 254 72 Unrestricted investment earnings 32,400 (32,400)Transfers 401,748 Total general revenues, special items, and transfers (19,374)421,122 (55,844)(2,459)(53,385)Change in net positions 1,551,724 (172,399)1,724,123 Net Positions - Beginning 1,721,664 1,495,880 (225,784)Net Positions - Ending

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Amounts reported for net position in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (259,605)
Amounts reported for net position in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital Assets Less: Accumulated Depreciation 998,647 (919,950)	78,697
Long-term liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds, as follows: Compensated absences Other adjustments (44,881)	 (44,87 <u>6</u>)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (225,784)

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Balance Sheet Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General Fund	Fire Fund	CDBG Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	Total Governmental Fund
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable, net of allowances Other receivables Intergovernmental receivable Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 43,596 66,767 12,835 7,779 \$ 130,977	48,372 - - - - 119 48,491	359 - - - - - - 359	200,175 - - - - - - 200,175	\$ 292,502 66,767 12,835 7,779 119 \$ 380,002
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable, general Accrued expenses Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$ 18,006 32,757 388,669 439,432	-		<u>:</u>	\$ 18,006 32,757 388,669 439,432
Deferred Inflows of Resources Tax revenues				200,175	200,175
Fund Balance Restricted Unassigned Total Fund Balance TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET FUND	13,260 (321,715) (308,455)	48,491 48,491	359 		62,110 (321,715) (259,605)
BALANCES	\$ <u>130,977</u>	48,491	359	200,175	\$ 380,002

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	8	General Fund	Fire Fund	CDBG Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	Total Governmenta Funds	al —
REVENUES: General property taxes Privilege licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Franchise taxes Charges for services Fines and report fees Interest income Rent income Miscellaneous TOTAL REVENUES	\$	219,268 2,604 244,699 12,532 71,633 26,833 23 4,400 25,757 607,749	- 9,610 - - - - - - - - - - - -	25,000 - - - - - - - - 25,000	- 16,906 - - - - 48 - - 16,954	\$ 219,268 2,604 296,218 12,532 71,633 26,833 7 4,400 25,75 659,313	4 5 2 3 1 0 <u>7</u>
EXPENDITURES: General Government: Administration Judicial Public safety Public works Sanitation Cemetery Community development Capital outlay:		141,082 15,000 251,410 187,764 51,030 16,357 146	- 7,086 - - - -	- - 502 - -		141,08: 15,00: 258,49: 188,26: 51,03: 16,35:	0 6 6 0 7 6
Public works TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	662,789	7,086	25,000 25,502	16,954 16,954	41,95 712,33	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(55,040)	2,524	(502)		(53,01	<u>8</u>)
Other Financing Sources: Operating transfers in Total Other Financing Sources	-	32,400 32,400		<u>-</u>	-	32,40 32,40	
Net change in fund balance Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Fund Balance at End of Year	\$_	(22,640) (285,815) (308,455)	2,524 45,967 48,491	(502) 861 359	-	(20,61 (238,98 \$(259,60	37)

The Accompanying Notes are an intergral part of these Financial Statements.

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Amounts reported in the Statement of Activities are different because:		AN	MOUNTS
Net change in fund balances		\$	(20,618)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these			
amounts are: Expenditures for capital assets Current year depreciation expense	- (32,772)		(32,772)
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:			
Other adjustments	5		5
Change in fund balances of governmental activities		\$	(53,385)

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Property taxes Privilege licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Franchise taxes Charges for services Rent Fines and report fees Interest Miscellaneous TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 238,589 2,493 87,244 13,000 63,200 1,750 35,000 14 16,800 458,090	238,589 2,493 87,244 13,000 63,200 1,750 35,000 14 16,800 458,090	219,268 2,604 244,699 12,532 71,633 4,400 26,833 23 25,757 607,749	\$ (19,321) 111 157,455 (468) 8,433 2,650 (8,167) 9 8,957 149,659
OPERATING DISBURSEMENTS: General Government Personal services Supplies Other services and charges Total General Government	47,806 1,969 53,550 103,325	47,806 1,969 53,550 103,325	33,740 23,680 98,662 156,082	14,066 (21,711) (45,112) (52,757)
Public Safety Personal services Supplies Other services and charges Total Public Safety	205,940 19,100 28,525 253,565	205,940 19,100 28,525 253,565	210,291 21,712 19,407 251,410	(4,351) (2,612) 9,118 2,155
Public Works Other services and charges Total Public Works	35,000 35,000	35,000 35,000	187,764 187,764	(152,764) (152,764)
Sanitation Other services and charges	51,000	51,000	51,030	(30)
Cemetery Other services and charges	15,200	15,200	16,357	(1,157)
Community development Other services and charges			146	(146)
Debt service Total Expenditures	458,090	458,090	662,789	(204,699)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			(55,040)	(55,040)
Other Financing Sources: Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total Other Financing Sources		<u>:</u>	32,400 - 32,400	32,400
Net change in fund balance Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Fund Balance at End of Year	(285,81 <u>5</u>) \$ <u>(285,815</u>)	(285,815) (285,815)	(22,640) (285,815) (308,455)	(22,640) - (22,640)

The Accompanying Notes are an intergral part of these Financial Statements.

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Fire Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenues TOTAL REVENUES	\$ <u>4,947</u> 4,947	4,947 4,947	9,610 9,610	\$4,663 4,663
OPERATING DISBURSEMENTS: Public Safety Other services and charges Total Expenditures	-		7,086 7,086	(7,086) (7,086)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	4,947	4,947	2,524	(2,423)
Net change in fund balance Fund Balance at beginning of year Fund Balance at end of year	4,947 45,967 \$ <u>50,914</u>	4,947 45,967 50,914	2,524 45,967 48,491	(2,423) - (2,423)

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI

Community Development Block Grant Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenues TOTAL REVENUES	\$ <u> </u>		25,000 25,000	\$ <u>25,000</u> <u>25,000</u>
OPERATING DISBURSEMENTS: General Government Capital outlays Total Expenditures		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			25,000	25,000
Net change in fund balance Fund Balance at beginning of year Fund Balance at end of year	- <u>861</u> \$ <u>861</u>	861 861	25,000 861 25,861	25,000 \$\$

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Business - Type Activities State Bond Total					
		erworks	Gas Fund	Improvement Fund	_F	Proprietary Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable, net of allowances Due from other funds Total Current Assets	\$	63,414 4,308 18,569 72,989 159,280	60,318 170,720 50,514 529,232 810,784	31,150 - - - - - 31,150	\$	154,882 175,028 69,083 602,221 1,001,214
Property, plant and equipment, at cost Land Utility system Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	4,	29,150 288,411 103,754 421,315 924,437) 496,878	320,408 78,554 398,962 (398,962)	93,950 	-	29,150 4,702,769 182,308 4,914,227 (3,323,399) 1,590,828
Construction in progress Net property, plant and equipment		496,878		93,950	-	1,590,828
Total Assets	\$ <u> </u>	656,158	<u>810,784</u>	125,100	\$_	2,592,042
Liabilities and Net Assets Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Compensated absences Total current liabilities	\$	18,538 464 196,089 2,880 217,971	7,976 1,026 17,583 2,880 29,465		\$	26,514 1,490 213,672 5,760 247,436
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets: Customer deposits Accrued interest payable Current portion of note Total Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets	_	1,800 1,203 29,130 32,133	3,700 - - - 3,700	-	-	5,500 1,203 29,130 35,833
Long-Term Debt (less amounts classified as current) Note payable Compensated absences Total Long-Term Debt Total Liabilities	_	444,777 7,025 451,802 701,906	7,025 7,025 40,190	<u>-</u>	-	444,777 14,050 458,827 742,096
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred grant revenue Total deferred inflows of resources		-	-	31,150 31,150	-	31,150 31,150
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted Total Net Positions	_1	,022,971 (68,719) 954,252	770,594 770,594	93,950 - 93,950		1,116,921 701,875 1,818,796
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ <u> 1</u>	<u>,656,158</u>	810,784	125,100	\$_	2,592,042

The Accompanying Notes are an intergral part of these Financial Statements.

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Business - Type Activities

	Bus	iness - Type Ac			
	·		State Bond		
Waterworks		Gas	Improvement		
					Totals
Φ.		Tuna		\$	219,103
Φ	65	211 216		Ψ	311,316
			100		12,872
_	9,411	3,301	100	-	12,072
-	228,514	314,677	100	_	543,291
	75,914	81,443	-		157,357
	33,776	23,963	-		57,739
	96,940	31,658	=		128,598
	_	109,157	-		109,157
	94.558	-	-		94,558
_	0.1000			-	
_	301,188	246,221		_	547,409
_	(72,674)	68,456	100	_	(4,118)
	17	237	-		254
	(14,287)	-	_		(14,287)
	48,192	-	93,850	_	142,042
0.00		237	93,850		128,009
_					
	(38,752)	68,693	93,950		123,891
	<u>-</u>	(32,400)		_	(32,400)
9.5					
	(38,752)	36,293	93,950		91,491
_	993,004	734,301		_	1,727,305
\$_	954,252	770,594	93,950	\$_	1,818,796
	\$	Waterworks Fund \$ 219,103	Waterworks Fund Gas Fund \$ 219,103 - - 311,316 9,411 3,361 228,514 314,677 75,914 81,443 33,776 23,963 96,940 31,658 - 109,157 94,558 - 301,188 246,221 (72,674) 68,456 17 237 (14,287) - 48,192 - 33,922 237 (38,752) 68,693 - (32,400) (38,752) 36,293 993,004 734,301	Waterworks Fund Gas Fund Improvement Fund \$ 219,103 - - - 311,316 - 9,411 3,361 100 228,514 314,677 100 75,914 81,443 - 33,776 23,963 - 96,940 31,658 - - 109,157 - 94,558 - - 301,188 246,221 - (72,674) 68,456 100 17 237 - 48,192 - 93,850 33,922 237 93,850 (38,752) 68,693 93,950 - (32,400) - (38,752) 36,293 93,950 993,004 734,301 -	Waterworks Fund Gas Fund State Bond Improvement Fund \$ 219,103 - - \$ - 311,316 - - \$ - 3,361 100 - - 100 - 228,514 314,677 100 -<

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Cash Flows All Proprietary Fund Types For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Wa	aterworks Fund .	Business-Tr Gas Fund	ype Activities State Bond Improvement Fund	_	Totals
Receipts from water customers and users Receipts from sewer customers and users Receipts from gas customers and users	\$	114,932 94,411 -	284,733	- - -	\$	114,932 94,411 284,733
Payments to employees Payments to suppliers Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	_	(75,914) (97,685) 35,744	(81,443) (162,519) 40,771		_	(157,357) (260,204) 76,515
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES: Operating transfer out		_	(32,400)	-		(32,400)
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	_	-	(32,400)		_	(32,400)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from capital grants and contributions		48,192		-		48,192
Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Acquisition of capital assets		(28,271) (14,287)	-	- - (93,850)		(28,271) (14,287) (93,850)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	5,634		(93,850)	_	(88,216)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Earnings on investments Purchase of investments Other Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	17 (6) 2,338 2,349	237 (210) (5,315) (5,288)	-	_	254 (216) (2,977) (2,939)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	**	43,727	3,083	(93,850)		(47,040)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$_	19,687 63,414	57,235 60,318	125,000 31,150	\$_	201,922 154,882
Supplemental cash flow information: Cash paid during the year: Interest Expense	\$_	14,287			\$_	14,287

The Accompanying Notes are an intergral part of these Financial Statements.

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Cash Flows All Proprietary Fund Types For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Business-Type Activities

	Duali	less-Type Activ	11100	
	Waterworks Fund	Gas Fund	State Bond Improvement Fund	Totals
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ <u>(72,674)</u>	68,456	100	\$(4,118)
Depreciation	94,558			94,558
(Increase) Decrease in: Accounts receivable	12,729	(38,290)		(25,561)
Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deferred grant revenue Due to other funds Sales tax payable Total adjustments	(745) - 1,800 - - - - - - 108,418	2,257 163 3,700 4,876 (391) (27,685)	(93,850) - - (93,850)	1,512 163 (88,350) 4,876 (315) (13,117)
Net Cash Provided by (used in) Operating Activities	\$35,744	40,771	(93,750)	\$ <u>(17,235</u>)
Recap of cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalent Restricted cash and cash equivalents Net Cash Provided by (used in) Operating Activities	\$ 63,414 \$ 63,414	60,318 - 60,318	31,150 31,150	\$ 123,732 31,150 \$ 154,882

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Utica, Mississippi (the City) was incorporated under the provisions of Mississippi Law. The Town is governed by its Mayor and a Board of Aldermen/Alderwomen consisting of five members. Services provided to the citizens of Utica include but are not limited to public safety (police and fire protection), streets, recreation, and utility services (water and sewer).

The Town's accompanying policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles for governmental units. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Some of the Town's more significant accounting policies are described as follows:

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the primary government of the Town of Utica. The primary government includes only those funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate from the Town.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize activities as either governmental activities or business-type activities, which are described as follows:

- 1. Governmental activities involve government services that are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.
- Business-type activities rely on fees and charges for support and operate in a manner similar to private sector enterprises. Since proprietary funds operate in a manner similar to business enterprises, these funds follow certain pronouncements that are developed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) for business enterprises. However, the Town only applies those FASB pronouncement that were issued on or before November 30, 1989.

The government-wide and fund financial statements present the Town's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the Town as a whole. The effect of most interfund activity is eliminated from these financial statements. Furthermore, government-wide financial statements exclude any fiduciary activities which are reported in the fund financial statements.

Program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities consist of amounts that are directly associated with a governmental service or business-type activity. Program revenues include charges for services, fines, court cost, contributions associated with a particular function and most grants.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds are separate accounting entities that are designed to assist with demonstrating legal compliance and segregating transactions by activity. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and business-type (enterprise) funds. In addition, separate financial statements are presented for any fiduciary activities. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The Town's major funds are described as follows:

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund - The general fund is the primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

MAJOR BUSINESS- TYPE FUNDS

Water/Sewer System - The water/sewer system fund is used to account for the operation of the Town's water/sewer system, which is supported by user charges.

Natural Gas System - The natural gas system fund is used to account for the operation of the Town's natural gas system, which is supported by user charges and special taxes.

Business-Type funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with the funds ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues are charges to customers for water and sewer service and gas services.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND MEASUREMENT FOCUS

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The basis of accounting and measurement focus used for various financial statement presentations are described as follows:

<u>Financial Statement Presentation</u> Government-Wide Financial Statements	Basis of Accounting Accrual Basis	Measurement Focus Economic Resources
Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds Proprietary Funds	Modified Accrual Basis Accrual Basis	Current Financial Resources Economic Resources

Under the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measure focus revenue is recognized when it is considered measurable and available. Revenue is considered available if it is collected within 60 days of year end or if it is due under cost reimbursement arrangement. In addition, expenses are generally recorded when a liability has been incurred; however, debt service, claims and judgments are recorded as expenses when payment is made. Furthermore, when the current financial resources measure focus is used, amounts recorded as assets exclude capital assets and the acquisition of capital assets is treated as an expenditure. In addition, long-term debts are excluded from amounts reported as liabilities. Proceeds from issuing long-term debt is reported as an other financing source and repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the Mayor and governing board. State statue specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Cash and cash equivalents consists of amounts on deposit in demand accounts and certificate of deposits with maturities of 12 months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are valued at costs.

Investments

The Town can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

Investments are reported at fair value.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Interfund transactions and balances are the result of timing differences between the date expense/expenditures occur and the date payments are made.

Short-term (due within one year) interfund loan receivables are reported as "due from other funds" and are considered available expendable resources. Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances and are not offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Assets. See Note 3 for details for interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end.

INTERNAL ACTIVITY

Resources belonging to particular funds are commonly shared with other funds that need access to additional resources. When resources are provided without expectation of repayment, the transaction is reported as a transfer. Transfers are treated as a source of income by the recipient and as an expense or expenditure by the provider. If repayment is eventually expected to occur, interfund receivables and payables are recorded.

In preparing the government-wide financial statement, transfers are eliminated to present net transfers for governmental activities and business-type activities. In addition, interfund receivables and payables are eliminated to present a net internal balance for each type of activity.

Restricted Assets - Restricted assets represent resources that must be expended in a specific manner. Restrictions of this nature are imposed by various contractual obligations including grant agreements and bond covenants. Whenever restricted assets can be used to satisfy an obligation, the restricted assets are typically consumed before utilizing any unrestricted resources.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, equipment and infrastructure acquired after October 1, 2003, are reported as assets in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. Assets reported in the fund financial statements for governmental funds exclude capital assets. Instead, the governmental funds report the acquisition of capital assets as expenditures rather than asset acquisitions.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value when received by the Town.

Capital assets, excluding land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Years</u>
5-50
5-50
5-10
5-10
8-50

Interest is capitalized on proprietary funds assets constructed with the proceeds of tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on investment proceeds over the same period.

Compensated Absences - Full-time, permanent employees are granted forty (40) hours vacation benefits per year in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Town. Sick leave accrues to full-time, permanent employees to specified maximums. Generally, after one (1) year of service, employees are entitled to a percentage of their sick leave balance and all accrued vacation leave upon termination. Police officers are not entitled to their proportionate sick leave balance until they retire or become disabled. However, these employees historically remain with the Town until retirement. Selected management employees are entitled to varying amounts of accrued sick and vacation leave balances at termination. The estimated liabilities include required salary-related payments. Compensated absences are reported as accrued in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statement in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund Balance Spending Policy - The City has not adopted a formal spending policy as it relates to the fund balance therefore, excess amounts are expended in the following manner in accordance with GASB 54 default level: committed, assigned and unassigned.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In additions to assets, the statement of financial position sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY CONTROL

The Town Charter establishes the fiscal year as the twelve-month period beginning October 1. The procedures detailed below are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

The Town Clerk and Mayor prepare a proposed budget based on an estimate of the revenues expected to be received in the next fiscal year and submits the proposal to the Board of Aldermen. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is set.

A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.

As required by state law, the budgets are amended whenever projected revenue fails to meet original expectations or when projected expenditures exceed original expectations. Budgetary amounts are presented as amended and all budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The collateral for public entities, deposits in financial institutions is now held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits.

The carrying amount of the Town's deposits with financial institutions in the governmental activities and the business-type activities funds was \$292,504 and \$329,910, respectively. The carrying amount of deposits reported in the government-wide financial statements was: Cash and Cash Equivalents - \$434,063, certificate of deposits of \$175,028 and restricted assets of \$13,323.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of a failure of a financial institutions, the Town will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasury manages the risk on behalf of the Town deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the city. As of September 30, 2022, none of the Town's bank balance of \$621,995 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The city does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the city will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The city does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages the risk on behalf of the city. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the city. As of September 30, 2022, none of the city's bank balance of \$621,995 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosures of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of September 30, 2022, the city had no investments.

Following is a list of the Town's eligible investments, which in accordance with State statute are limited to the investment of funds in excess of sums required for immediate expenditure or current obligations:

Certificates of deposit with municipal depositories approved annually by the State Treasurer bonds or direct obligations of the:

- United States of America
- State of Mississippi
- County or Municipality of Mississippi
- School Districts

State statue allows the investment of funds received from the sale of bonds, notes, or certificates of indebtedness which are not immediately required for disbursement for the purpose issued, in direct obligations issued by or guaranteed in full by the United States of America, or in certificates of deposit with approved municipal depositories.

NOTE 4 - AD VALOREM TAXES

Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and are due on or before December 31 in the year in which the tax is levied. Property taxes are recognized when the revenue is measurable and available. Available means due or past due and collected no longer than 60 days after the close of the current period. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Town levied and collected 40.00 mills of taxes for general corporate purposes of the Town.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (FUND LEVEL)

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances are presented as of September 30, 2022 as follows:

	Interfund Receivables		Interfund Payables		
Major Funds: General Water/sewer system funds Gas system fund	\$	- 72,989 529,232	\$	388,669 196,089 17,583	
Non Major Fund Fire Fund Total	\$	120 602,341	\$	- 602,341	

Individual fund interfund transfers are presented as of September 30, 2022 as follows:

	Tra	Transfer In		
Major Funds: General Fund Gas System Fund	\$	32,400	\$	- 32,400
Total	\$	32,400	\$	32,400

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

		neral und	CDBG Fund	Waterworks Fund	Gas Fund	_	Total
Accounts Receivable Charges for services Franchise taxes Property taxes Police fines and assessments Interest Other Total accounts receivable		11,880 3,837 3,446 322,419 2 12,833 354,417	- - - - - - - -	14,077 - - - - 39 6,453 20,569	47,726 - - - - 61 <u>4,727</u> 52,514	\$	73,683 3,837 3,446 322,419 102 24,013 427,500
<u>Due From Other Governments</u> Sales Taxes Total due from other governments		7,779 7,779		-		-	7,779 7,779
Less: allowance for uncollectibles Receivables, net of allowance	\$ <u>(2</u>	274,815) 87,381		(2,000) 18,569	(2,000) 50,514	\$_	(278,81 <u>5</u>) 156,464

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset transactions for the year ended September 30, 2022 follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Non Depreciable Capital Assets Land	\$ 71,105	_	-	\$ 71,105
Total non depreciable capital assets	71,105	-		71,105
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings and Improvements	187,623	-	==	187,623
Infrastructure	97,355	-	-	97,355
Automotive and equipment	84,749	-	-	84,749
Machinery and Equipment	557,816	-		557,816
Total depreciable capital assets	927,543	(00.770)	-	927,543 (919,950)
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(887,178</u>)	(32,772)	-	7,593
Net depreciable capital assets	40,365	(32,772) (32,772)		\$ 78,698
Total Governmental Activities	\$ <u>111,470</u>	$\underline{(32,112)}$		Ψ <u> 70,000</u>
Durings Time Activities				
Business-Type Activities: Non Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land and Right of Ways	\$ 29,150	=	-	\$ 29,150
Utility Construction in Process	-			
Total nondepreciable capital assets	29,150			29,150
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Waterworks and sewage system	4,288,411	=	-	4,288,411
Natural gas system	320,408	-	_	320,408
Machinery and equipment - waterworks	103,754	-	-	103,754
Machinery and equipment - natural gas	<u>78,554</u>			<u>78,554</u> 4,791,127
Total depreciable capital assets	4,791,127	₩ %	-	4,791,127
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(0.000.070)	(04 EE0)		(2,924,436)
Waterworks fund	(2,829,878)	(94,558)	-	(398,963)
Gas fund	(398,963)	(94,558)		(3,323,399)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,228,841)</u> 1,562,286	(94,558)		1,467,728
Net depreciable capital assets	\$ 1,591,436	(94,558)		\$ 1,496,878
Total Business-type activities capital assets, net	φ <u>1,081,430</u>	(04,000)		4 11,00,010

Depreciation expense charged to various functions presented on the statement of activities is presented as follows:

	ernmental ctivities	Business-Type Activities		Total
Finance & Administrative	\$ 6,179	-	\$	6,179
Police Protection	26,593	-		26,593
Water/Sewer System	-	94,558		94,558
Gas System	 -		_	
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 32,772	94,558	\$_	127,330

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities

A summary of long-term debt transactions for the year ended September 30, 2022, were as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance at 10/01/2021	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance at 9/30/2022	Amount Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences	\$ <u>44,881</u>	7,130	(7,130)	\$ <u>44,881</u>	\$ <u>7,130</u>	
Total	\$ <u>44,881</u>	7,130	(7,130)	\$ <u>44,881</u>	\$ <u>7,130</u>	

Business-Type Activities

Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, is presented as follows:

Business-type activities:	Beginning Balance at 10/01/2021	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance at 9/30/2022	Amount Due Within One Year
Notes payable Compensated absences Totals	\$ 502,178	5,760 5,760	(28,271) (5,760) (34,031)	\$ 473,907	\$ 29,130 5,760 \$ 34,890

Notes payable consist of the following at September 30, 2022.

Mississippi Development Authority

Note payable to the Mississippi Development Authority under the Authority's Capital Improvement Revolving Loan Program. The note is due in monthly installments of \$3,579, which includes principal and interest starting June 2016 through May 2036 with an interest rate of 3.00%. The note is to be paid by the Town's Waterworks Fund.

\$ 473,907

Debt service requirements at September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Fiscal year ending September 30	Principal	Interest		Total
2023	\$ 29,130	13,819	\$	42,949
2024	29,732	13,217		42,949
2025	30,675	12,274		42,949
2026	31,870	11,079		42,949
2027	32,571	10,378		42,949
2028-2032	178,309	36,436		214,745
2033-2036	141,620	8,601	200	150,221
Total payments	\$ 473,907	105,804	\$_	579,711

NOTE 9 - GASB 54 FUND BALANCE PRESENTATION - CLASSIFICATION TOTAL

The Town has implemented GASB Statement 54, as such, the fund balances of the governmental funds are classified by specific purpose as follows:

Restricted - amounts that can be spent for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Unassigned - amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

Fund Balances:	General Fund		Sepcial Revenue Funds	Total	
Restricted for: Public safety Cemetery maintenance Community development	\$	- 13,260 -	48,491	\$	48,491 13,260 359
Unassigned: Other purposes Total Fund Balances	\$ <u></u>	(321,715) (308,455)	48,850	\$_	(321,715) (259,605)

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The Town has been named as a defendant in several lawsuits as of September 30, 2022. These suits are at various stages in the legal system. It is not possible to predict at this time the extent of the Town's liability. The Town's legal counsel believes that the Town of Utica will prevail in these lawsuits.

NOTE 11 - RESERVED FUND BALANCES AND RETAINED EARNINGS

Various bond covenants require the Town to maintain cash reserves that can only be used under specific circumstances. The Town has no bond covenants.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks of loss are covered by participation in a public entity risk pool that operates as a common insurance program and by acquiring commercial insurance coverage. Claims resulting from these risks have historically not exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTE 13 - PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE AND PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Property taxes receivable are recorded in the general fund after the general fund budget is approved by the Board of Aldermen/Alderwomen. At fiscal year-end, the receivable represent delinquent taxes.

Property taxes on real, personal and public utilities attach as an enforceable lien on the levy date or January 1 for the preceding calendar year. Hinds County bill and collect the real, personal and ad valorem taxes for the Town of Utica, Mississippi. The taxes are remitted to the Town on a monthly basis.

The taxes are due on or before February 1; however, installment payments can be made one-half of balance due February 1 and one-fourth each on May 1 and August 1. Major tax payments are received February through May, are recognized as revenue in the year received. Delinquent tax payments, received throughout the year, are recognized as revenue in the year received.

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occur after the Statement of Financial Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Financial Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Financial Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of Town of Utica, Mississippi evaluated the activity of the Organization through May 23, 2023, which is the date the financial statements are available to be issued.

NOTE 15 - COVID-19 FINANCIAL STATEMENT IMPACTS

The COVID-19 pandemic, whose effects first became known in January 2020, is having a broad and negative impact on commerce and financial markets around the world. The United States and global markets experienced significant declines in value resulting from uncertainty caused by the pandemic. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Town's operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and its impacts on the Town's, employees, and vendors, all of which at present, cannot be determined. Accordingly, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact the Town's net position and changes in net assets/fund balance and cash flows is uncertain and the accompanying financial statements include no adjustments relating to the effects of this pandemic.

NOTE 16 - NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In fiscal year 2022, the City implemented the following GASB Statements:

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements". The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

The City will adopt the following new accounting pronouncements in future years:

The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, "Leases". The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged.

Leases should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that exist at the beginning of the period of implementation (or, if applied to earlier periods, the beginning of the earliest period restated). However, lessors should not restate the assets underlying their existing sales-type or direct financing leases. Any residual assets for those leases become the carrying values of the underlying assets.

NOTE 16 - NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements". The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period". The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements of this Statement should be applied prospectively.

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor Kenneth Broome and Honorable Members of the Board of Alderman Town of Utica, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Utica, Mississippi (the Town), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Utica, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Utica, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Utica, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Utica, Mississippi's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Utica, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

9

Ridgeland, Mississippi

Brown, Egy

May 23, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

To the Honorable Mayor Kenneth Broome, and Honorable Members of the Board of Alderpersons of the Town of Utica, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the government activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Utica, Mississippi (the Town) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, which collectively comprise the Town of Utica, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United of States America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States*.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations disclosed no instances on noncompliance.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Mayor, Board of Alderpersons, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Ridgeland, Miss ssippi May 23, 2023

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Surety Bonds for Municipal Officials September 30, 2022

			Bond
Official Name	Position	Insured By	 Amount
Kenneth Broome	Mayor	Travelers Casualty	\$ 50,000
Robin Robinson	Alderwoman, Ward I	Travelers Casualty	25,000
Georger Walker	Alderman, Ward II	Travelers Casualty	25,000
Ella Green	Alderwoman, Ward III	Travelers Casualty	25,000
Calvin Williams	Alderman, Ward IV	Travelers Casualty	25,000
Doris Ross	Alderwoman-at-Large	Travelers Casualty	25,000
Lisa Morris	Town Clerk	Travelers Casualty	50,000
Tequila McGriggs	Deputy Clerk	Travelers Casualty	50,000
Timothy Myles	Chief of Police	Travelers Casualty	50,000
Lisa Morris	Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty	50,000
Teguila McGriggs	Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty	50,000

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Legal Debt Limit September 30, 2022

Authorized Debt Limit Percent Rule

Authorized Debt Limit Percent 2022 Tax Roll Estimation Less: Homestead Exemption Net 2022 Estimation Tax Roll	\$	10% 5,985,974 (9,353) 5,976,621	\$	15% 5,985,974 (9,353) 5,976,621
Assessed Valuation under respective debt limit	\$_	597,662	\$_	896,493
Less: All Bonded Indebtness		-		-
Deduct: Authorized Exemptions				
Utility Fund Revenue Bonds	_		_	
Present debt subject to limitation	_		_	
Margin for further debt under respective debt limits	\$_	597,662	\$_	896,493

Section 21-33-303 of Mississippi Code of Ordinances 1972 Annotated - Limitation of indebtness as amended April 8, 1985, March 30, 1987, October 1, 1989, March 1, 1992, and July 1, 1995.

No municipality shall hereafter issue bonds secured by a pledge of its full faith and credit for the purposes authorized by law in amount which, when added to the then outstanding bonded indebtedness of such municipality, shall exceed either (a) fifteen percent (15%), until September 30, 1999, and then ten percent (10%) thereafter of the assessed value of the taxable property within such municipality, according to the last completed assessment for taxation, or (b) ten percent (10%) of the assessment upon which taxes were levied for its fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, whichever is greater. In computing such indebtedness, there may be deducted all bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, heretofore or hereafter issued, for school, water, sewerage systems, gas, and light and power purposes, and for the construction of special improvements primarily chargeable to the property benefited, or for the purpose of paying the municipality contract and indebtedness which, when added to all of the outstanding general obligation indebtedness, both bonded and floating, shall exceed either (a) twenty percent (20%) until September 30, 1999, and fifteen percent (15%) thereafter of the assessed value of all taxable property within such municipality according to the last completed assessment for taxation or (b) fifteen percent (15%) of the assessment upon which taxes were levied for its fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, whichever is greater. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to contract obligations in any form heretofore or hereafter incurred by any municipality which are subject to annual appropriations therefore or to bonds heretofore issued by any municipality for school purposes, or to contract obligations in any form heretofore or hereafter incurred by any municipality which are payable exclusively from the revenues of any municipality-owned utility, or to bonds issued by any municipality under the provisions of Sections 57-1-1 through 57-1-51, or to any special assessment improvement bonds issued by any municipality under the provisions of Sections 21-41-1 through 21-41-53.

TOWN OF UTICA, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Long-Term Debt September 30, 2022

		Ĭ				
	Balance Outstanding	09/30/2022		473,907	4/3,90/	28,271 \$ 473,907
		Retired		28,271	78,271	28,271
Fiscal Year		lssned		1	•	•
During Fiscal Year	Balance Outstanding	10/01/2021		502,178	502,178	502,178
		lssned		633,478	633,4/8	633,478
		Authorized		633,478	633,478	\$ 633,478
		Proprietary:	Lona-term Debt	Ms Development Authority Cap Loan	lotal Long-Term Debt	Total Long-Term Debt