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BAY ST. LOUIS - WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards)*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material

misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay St. Louis Waveland School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bay St. Louis Waveland School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements and certain additional procedures, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements or to the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally

accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 2, 2024, on our consideration of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi February 2, 2024

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2022 increased \$2,311,362 which represents a 10% increase from fiscal year 2021. Total net position for 2021 decreased \$1,523,620, including a fund reclassification of \$72,530 and a prior period adjustment of \$7,793, which represents a 6% decrease from fiscal year 2020.
- General revenues amounted to \$19,249,142 and \$18,986,463, or 66% and 75% of all revenues for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$10,048,773, or 34% of total revenues for 2022, and \$6,344,738, or 25% of total revenues for 2021.
- The District had \$26,888,248 and \$26,935,144 in expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021; only \$10,048,773 for 2022 and \$6,344,738 for 2021 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$19,249,142 for 2022 were adequate to provide for these programs. General revenues of \$18,986,463 for 2021 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$19,370,899 in revenues and \$20,333,949 in expenditures for 2022, and \$18,989,685 in revenues and \$19,736,456 in expenditures for 2021. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,431,184 from 2021 to 2022, including a prior period adjustment of (\$8,642) and decreased by \$230,737 from 2020 to 2021, including a fund reclassification of \$72,530 and a prior period adjustment of (\$646).
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$92,323 for 2022 and decreased by \$372,354 for 2021. The decrease for 2022 was due primarily to the increase in Construction-inprogress and the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, including compensated absences, decreased by \$241,358 for 2022 and decreased by \$244,719 for 2021. The decrease for 2022 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$11,358 for 2022 and decreased by \$21,719 for 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its

financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are currently reported as governmental funds.

Governmental funds – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

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McKenzie CPA, PLLC

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$24,609,466 as of June 30, 2022.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

		June 30, 2022	 June 30, 2021	Percentage Change)
Current assets	\$	11,080,536	\$ 8,845,398	25.27	%
Capital assets, net		47,235,168	47,327,491	(0.20)	%
Total assets	_	58,315,704	 56,172,889	3.81	%
Deferred outflows of resources		7,502,158	5,735,563	30.80	%
Current liabilities		1,578,721	1,444,216	9.31	%
Long-term debt outstanding		2,263,532	2,504,890	(9.64)	%
Net OPEB liability		1,418,293	1,593,639	(11.00)	%
Net pension liability		27,133,483	33,569,580	(19.17)	%
Total liabilities		32,394,029	 39,112,325	(17.18)	%
Deferred inflows of resources		8,814,367	 498,023	1,669.87	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		45,193,168	45,055,491	0.31	%
Restricted		2,713,373	1,992,889	36.15	%
Unrestricted		(23,297,075)	(24,750,276)	5.87	%
Total net position	\$	24,609,466	\$ 22,298,104	(10.37)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$	(23,297,075)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows		29,811,782
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	¢	0 544 707
liability effect	\$	6,514,707

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$92,323.
- The principal retirement of \$230,000 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 were \$29,297,915 and \$25,331,201, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$26,888,248 for 2022 and \$26,935,144 for 2021.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Table 2Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2022	 Year Ended June 30, 2021	Percentag Change	e
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,350,781	\$ 965,568	39.89	%
Operating grants and contributions	8,697,992	5,379,170	61.70	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	9,905,151	9,632,344	2.83	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	9,245,393	8,949,403	3.31	%
Investment earnings	41,638	37,988	9.61	%
Sixteenth section sources	1,065	2,400	(55.63)	%
Other	 55,895	 364,328	(84.66)	%
Total revenues	 29,297,915	25,331,201	15.66	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	12,549,863	12,645,256	(0.75)	%
Support services	10,253,244	9,377,954	9.33	%
Non-instructional	1,776,053	1,204,076	47.50	%
Pension expense	2,295,138	3,598,822	(36.23)	%
OPEB expense	(46,454)	45,396	(202.33)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 60,404	63,640	(5.08)	%
Total expenses	26,888,248	26,935,144	(0.17)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 2,409,667	(1,603,943)	250.23	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	 22,298,104	 23,821,724	(6.40)	%
Fund reclassification	-	72,530	(100.00)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 (98,305)	 7,793	(1,361.45)	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 22,199,799	23,902,047	(7.12)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ 24,609,466	\$ 22,298,104	10.37	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total I	Percentage	
	2022	 2021	Change
Instruction	\$ 12,549,863	\$ 12,645,256	(0.75) %
Support services	10,253,244	9,377,954	9.33 %
Non-instructional	1,776,053	1,204,076	47.50 %
Pension Expense	2,295,138	3,598,822	(36.23) %
OPEB Expense	(46,454)	45,396	(202.33) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 60,404	 63,640	(5.08) %
Total expenses	\$ 26,888,248	\$ 26,935,144	(0.17) %

	Net (Expe	Percentag	le	
	 2022	 2021	Change	
Instruction	\$ (8,365,111)	\$ (9,728,797)	14.02	%
Support services	(6,723,773)	(7,389,075)	9.00	%
Non-instructional	558,497	235,324	137.33	%
Pension Expense	(2,295,138)	(3,598,822)	36.23	%
OPEB Expense	46,454	(45,396)	202.33	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (60,404)	 (63,640)	5.08	%
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (16,839,475)	\$ (20,590,406)	18.22	%

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$16,839,475 for 2022 and \$20,590,406 for 2021) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$9,905,151 for 2022 and \$9,632,344 for 2021) and state and federal revenues (\$9,245,393 for 2022 and \$8,949,403 for 2021). In addition, there was \$1,065 and \$2,400 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$41,638 for 2022 and \$37,988 for 2021.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District

completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$9,452,041, a increase of \$2,048,063, which includes an increase in inventory of \$18,516. \$5,744,161, or 61% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$3,707,880, or 39% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,431,184. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$616,879, which includes an increase in inventory of 18,516. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increase (Decrease)
ESSER II Fund	No increase or decrease

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared to the total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2022, the District's total capital assets were \$67,848,485, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a increase of \$1,243,847 from 2021. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022, was \$20,613,317, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,509,578, resulting in total net capital assets of \$47,235,168.

	 June 30, 2022	 June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Land	\$ 600,512	\$ 600,512	0.00 %
Construction in progress	1,021,390	229,282	345.47 %
Buildings	40,422,449	41,545,577	(2.70) %
Building improvements	2,890,603	2,639,029	9.53 %
Improvements other than buildings	1,789,732	1,700,860	5.23 %
Mobile equipment	304,852	366,873	(16.91) %
Furniture and equipment	 205,630	 245,358	(16.19) %
Total	\$ 47,235,168	\$ 47,327,491	(0.20) %

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$2,263,532 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$232,000 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$230,000 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$11,358 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

					Percenta	ge
	J	une 30, 2022	Jı	une 30, 2021	Change)
Three mill notes payable	\$	2,042,000	\$	2,272,000	(10.12)	%
Compensated absences payable		221,532		232,890	(4.88)	%
Total	\$	2,263,532	\$	2,504,890	(9.64)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District, 200 North Second Street, Bay St. Louis, MS 39520.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BAY ST. LOUIS-WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022	Exhibit A
	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,761,007
Due from other governments	1,517,928
Lease receivable	50,868
Inventories	62,710
Prepaid items	688,023
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	600,512
Construction in progress	1,021,390
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	40,422,449
Building improvements	2,890,603
Improvements other than buildings	1,789,732
Mobile equipment	304,852
Furniture and equipment	205,630
Total Assets	58,315,704
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	7,080,907
Deferred outflows - OPEB	421,251
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,502,158
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,573,431
Unearned revenue	2,861
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	2,429
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	2,723
Capital related liabilities	232,000
Non-capital related liabilities	11,077
Net OPEB liability	55,684
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	1,810,000
Non-capital related liabilities	210,455
Net pension liability	27,133,483
Net OPEB liability	1,362,609
Total Liabilities	32,394,029
Deferred Inflows of Department	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - pensions	8 263 040
Deferred inflows - OPEB	8,263,940 498,224
Deferred inflows - Cereb	52,203
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,814,367
	0,014,007
Net Position	45 102 169
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	45,193,168
Expendable: School-based activities	2,520,678
Debt service	
Unemployment benefits	154,415 38,280
Non-expendable:	30,280
Unrestricted	(23,297,075)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ 24,609,466
Total Not T Osmon (denoty	ψ 24,003,400

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. I $\ensuremath{\mathsf{D}}$

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BAY ST. LOUIS-WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit B

Net (Expense) Revenue and

			Pro	ogram Revenue	S		 Changes in Net Position
	-			Operating		Capital	
		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 12,549,863	\$ 221,054	\$	3,963,698	\$	-	\$ (8,365,111)
Support services	10,253,244	1,076,795		2,452,676		-	(6,723,773)
Non-instructional	1,776,053	52,932		2,281,618		-	558,497
Sixteenth section	-	-		-		-	-
Pension expense	2,295,138	-		-		-	(2,295,138)
OPEB expense	(46,454)	-		-		-	46,454
Interest on long-term liabilities	60,404	-		-		-	(60,404)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 26,888,248	\$ 1,350,781	\$	8,697,992	\$	-	\$ (16,839,475)

General Revenues:

Taxes: General purpose levies	9,237,485
General nurnose levies	9.237.485
General purpose levies	-, -,
Debt purpose levies	290,882
Gaming	376,784
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	9,066,253
Federal	179,140
Unrestricted investment earnings	41,638
Sixteenth section sources	1,065
Other	55,895
Total General Revenues	19,249,142
Change in Net Position	2,409,667
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	22,298,104
Prior Period Adjustments	(98,305)
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	22,199,799
Net Position (deficit) - Ending	\$ 24,609,466

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BAY ST. LOUIS-WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2022

	Major Funds							
					-	Other		Total
		General		ESSER II		Governmental		Governmental
		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,719,132	\$	-	\$	2,041,875	\$	8,761,007
Due from other governments		231,432		560,123		726,373		1,517,928
Lease receivable		50,868						50,868
Due from other funds		1,093,887		-		3,194		1,097,081
Inventories		-		-		62,710		62,710
Prepaid items		688,023		-		-		688,023
Total assets	\$	8,783,342	\$	560,123	\$	2,834,152	\$	12,177,617
Deferred Inflows of Resources, Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,306,877	\$	124,611	\$	141,943	\$	1,573,431
Due to other funds		-		435,512		661,569		1,097,081
Unavailable revenue - federal programs		-		-		2,861		2,861
Total Liabilities		1,306,877		560,123		806,373		2,673,373
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Leases		52,203		-		-		52,203
Total deferred inflows of resources		52,203	-	-	-	-	-	52,203
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory						62,710		62,710
Prepaid items		688,023						688,023
Restricted:								
Debt service						156,844		156,844
Unemployment benefits						38,280		38,280
Grant activities						1,769,945		1,769,945
Assigned:								
Capital improvements		779,664						779,664
Student activities		137,936						137,936
Other purposes		74,478						74,478
Unassigned		5,744,161				-		5,744,161
Total Fund Balances		7,424,262		-		2,027,779		9,452,041
Total Deferred inflows of resources,								
Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,783,342	\$	560,123	\$	2,834,152	\$	12,177,617

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Exhibit C

Rec	BAY ST. LOUIS-WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds conciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Posi	tion		Exhibit C-1
Jun	ne 30, 2022			
Tota	al fund balances for governmental funds			\$ 9,452,041
	ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different ause:			
1.	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
	Land	\$	600,512	
	Construction in progress	•	1,021,390	
	Buildings		56,136,912	
	Building improvements		4,204,703	
	Improvements other than buildings		2,784,012	
	Mobile equipment		1,077,553	
	Furniture and equipment		2,023,403	
	Accumulated depreciation		(20,613,317)	47,235,168
2.	Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
	Net pension liability		(27,133,483)	
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		7,080,907	
	Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(8,263,940)	(28,316,516)
3.	Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
	Net OPEB liability		(1,418,293)	
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		421,250	
	Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(498,223)	(1,495,266)
4.	Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
	Notes payable		(2,042,000)	
	Compensated absences		(221,532)	
	Accrued interest payable		(2,429)	(2,265,961)
Net	Position of governmental activities			\$ 24,609,466

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BAY ST. LOUIS-WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit D

For the real Ended June 30, 2022	Major Funds					
				-	Other	Total
		General	ESSER II		Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund		Funds	Funds
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	9,966,210	\$ -	\$	356,606	\$ 10,322,816
State sources		9,300,659	-		400,901	9,701,560
Federal sources		102,101	1,983,062		6,161,810	8,246,973
Sixteenth section sources		1,929	-		-	1,929
Total Revenues		19,370,899	1,983,062		6,919,317	28,273,278
Expenditures:						
Instruction		10,760,190	486,871		1,882,157	13,129,218
Support services		9,145,564	468,580		1,275,342	10,889,486
Noninstructional services		-	331,014		1,433,436	1,764,450
Facilities acquisition and construction		428,195	696,597		6,862	1,131,654
Debt service:						
Principal		-	-		230,000	230,000
Interest		-	-		60,021	60,021
Other		-	-		750	750
Total Expenditures		20,333,949	1,983,062		4,888,568	27,205,579
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		(963,050)	-		2,030,749	1,067,699
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Insurance recovery		1,024,637				1,024,637
Operating transfers in		1,550,292			175,781	1,726,073
Operating transfers out		(172,053)			(1,554,020)	(1,726,073)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,402,876	-		(1,378,239)	1,024,637
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,439,826	-		652,510	2,092,336
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2021, as previously reported		5,993,078			1,410,900	7,403,978
Prior period adjustments		(8,642)			(54,147)	(62,789)
July 1, 2021, as restated		5,984,436	 -		1,356,753	 7,341,189
Increase (Decrease) in inventory					18,516	18,516
June 30, 2022	\$	7,424,262	\$ -	\$	2,027,779	\$ 9,452,041

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	BAY ST. LOUIS-WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds			
Exp	conciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, penditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities the Year Ended June 30, 2022			Exhibit D-1
Net	change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	2,092,336
Amo	ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
1.	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
	Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 1,454,021 (1,509,578)		(55,557)
2.	In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(1,250)
3.	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
	Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	230,000 367	<u>-</u>	230,367
4.	Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:			
	Pension expense	(2,295,138)		
_	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,316,071		20,933
5.	Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:			
	OPEB expense	46,454		
	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	46,510	-	92,964
6.	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:			
	Change in compensated absences	11,358		
	Change in inventory	18,516		29,874
Cha	ange in Net Position of governmental activities		\$	2,409,667

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Bay St. Louis since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

ESSER II Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal sources received and expenditures incurred related to the District's ESSER II Fund.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or

materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Ca Pol	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life		
Land	\$	0	0		
Buildings		50,000	40 years		
Building improvements		25,000	20 years		
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years		
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years		
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years		
Intangible assets		*	*		

(*) Intangible assets for the district represent right to use leased assets and are amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the underlying asset or lease term. See Note 4 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows related to pensions, deferred inflows related to OPEB, and deferred inflows of resources related to leases. See Note 12 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Leases

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87) to establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. GASB 87 was implemented during fiscal year 2022.

10. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

13. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

The goal of the District is to maintain an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund of at least 7% at fiscal year end of its actual revenues.

14. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 87, Leases, was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$8,761,007.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2022, none of the district's bank balance of \$9,105,798 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	ESSER II Fund	\$ 435,512
	Other governmental funds	658,375
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	 3,194
Total		\$ 1,097,081

The primary purpose of the inter-fund balances is to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows. All balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 1,550,292
Other governmental funds	General Fund	172,053
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	 3,728
Total		\$ 1,726,073

Operating transfers were primarily for vocational and special education expenditure transfers and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2021	Increases	Decreases	Completed Construction	Adjustments	Balance 6/30/2022
Governmental Activities:	 1/ 1/2021	IIICIEdSES	Decreases	CONSTRUCTION	Aujustments	 0/30/2022
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 600,512 \$	\$		\$	\$	\$ 600,512
Construction in progress	 229,282	1,131,654		(339,546)		1,021,390
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 829,794	1,131,654	-	(339,546)	-	1,621,902
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	56,136,912					56,136,912
Building improvements	3,800,631	72,726		339,546	(8,200)	4,204,703
Improvements other than buildings	2,614,894	225,062			(55,944)	2,784,012
Mobile equipment	1,077,553					1,077,553
Furniture and equipment	2,144,854	24,579	125,002		(21,028)	2,023,403
Total depreciable capital assets	 65,774,844	322,367	125,002	339,546	(85,172)	66,226,583
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	14,591,335	1,122,738			390	15,714,463
Building improvements	1,161,602	154,607			(2,109)	1,314,100
Improvements other than buildings	914,034	101,356			(21,110)	994,280
Mobile equipment	710,680	62,021			-	772,701
Furniture and equipment	 1,899,496	68,856	123,752		(26,827)	1,817,773
Total accumulated depreciation	 19,277,147	1,509,578	123,752	-	(49,656)	 20,613,317
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 46,497,697	(1,187,211)	1,250	339,546	(35,516)	45,613,266
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 47,327,491 \$	(55,557) \$	1,250	\$-	\$ (35,516)	\$ 47,235,168

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 986,949
Support services	424,514
Non-instructional	 98,115
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 1,509,578

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	 Spent to June 30, 2022	Remaining Commitment
Governmental Activities		
Bay High Renovations	\$ 664,069	\$ 178,629
BWSD Flooring Replacements	78,081	23,152
BWSD School Clinic Renovations	 279,240	211,737
Total governmental activities	 1,021,390	413,518
Total construction in progress	\$ 1,021,390	\$ 413,518

Construction projects included in the governmental activities are funded with the Local Capital Improvement fund.

Note 5 – Leases

As Lessor:

Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools.

The school district uses the rate of 4% minimum interest required by Mississippi statute for sixteenth section loans to calculate the present value of sixteenth section lease rental payments since a rate implicit in the sixteenth section leases is not a part of the lease contract.

The school district, acting as lessor, has entered into 200 leases involving the leasing of the right to use Sixteenth Section school lands. Such leases are let for a term that corresponds with state law in accordance with the type of lease executed. The district's financial statements have not been restated nor has a cumulative effect been reflected for the restatement of the beginning net position of the district as part of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87. The school district has, however, included in its financial statements at year end the net present value of future lease payments of \$50,868 as a lease receivable and \$52,203 as deferred inflows of resources. The deferred inflows of resources for leases are being amortized using the straight-line method of amortization.

The total amount of inflows of resources recognized during the current fiscal year is \$1,065.

The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total Payments
2023	\$ 366 \$	2,035 \$	2,401
2024	380	2,020	2,400
2025	395	2,005	2,400
2026	411	1,989	2,400
2027	427	1,973	2,400
2028 – 2032	2,407	9,593	12,000
2033 – 2037	2,929	9,071	12,000
2038 – 2042	3,563	8,437	12,000
2043 – 2047	4,335	7,665	12,000
2048 – 2052	5,274	6,726	12,000
2053 – 2057	6,417	5,583	12,000
2058 – 2062	7,807	4,193	12,000
2063 - 2067	9,498	2,502	12,000
2068 - 2072	 6,659	540	7,199
Total	\$ 50,868 \$	64,332 \$	115,200

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts due within
	 7/1/2021	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2022	one year
A. Three mill notes payable	\$ 2,272,000		230,000	2,042,000	232,000
B. Compensated absences payable	 232,890	-	11,358	221,532	11,077
Total	\$ 2,504,890 \$	- \$	241,358 \$	2,263,532 \$	243,077

A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amoun Issued	
Limited Tax Refunding 1. notes, Series 2017	2.00-3.00%	6/14/2017	6/1/2030	\$ 2,781,000) \$ 2,042,000
Total				\$ 2,781,000) \$ 2,042,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Three mill note, series 2017

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total Payments
2023	\$ 232,000 \$	55,421 \$	287,421
2024	239,000	49,621	288,621
2025	246,000	43,646	289,646
2026	253,000	37,496	290,496
2027	258,000	30,855	288,855
2028 - 2030	814,000	48,660	862,660
Total	\$ 2,042,000 \$	265,699 \$	2,307,699

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Fund (Debt Service Fund).

B. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who gualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2022 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$2,316,071, \$2,123,845, and \$2,009,135, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the school district reported a liability of \$27,133,483 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2022 net pension liability was 0.183577 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021. This was an increase of 0.010170 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,295,138. At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 423,514	\$	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			8,263,940
Changes of assumptions	3,522,858		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions	818,464		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,316,071	_	
Total	\$ 7,080,907	\$	8,263,940

\$2,316,071 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ 18,168
2024	(219,941)
2025	(862,284)
2026	(2,435,047)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, by the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65-17.90 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	22.00		4.50	
Global Equity	12.00		4.80	
Fixed Income	20.00		(0.25)	
Real Estate	10.00		3.75	
Private Equity	8.00		6.00	
Cash Equivalents	1.00		(1.00)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.55%)	Rate (7.55%)	(8.55%)
District's proportionate share of	 <u> </u>	 · · ·	 <u> </u>
the net pension liability	\$ 38,427,373	\$ 27,133,483	\$ 17,826,419

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$71,133 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,418,293 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.22034056 percent. This was an increase of 0.01555738 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$46,454). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,542	\$ 443,482
Changes of assumptions	229,703	47,969
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	66	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	143,429	6,773
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	46,511	
Total	\$ 421,251	\$ 498,224

\$46,511 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (30,405)
2024	(29,064)
2025	(20,768)
2026	(28,741)
2027	(14,505)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65-17.90 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.13% 2.19%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2021 2020
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.13% 2.19%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	6.50% for 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.13 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.19% to 2.13%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2021, the trust has \$1,044,424. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately; therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.13 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.13 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	urrent	
	1	1% Decrease	D	liscount	1% Increase
		(1.13%)	R	ate (2.13%)	(3.13%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,569,847	\$	1,418,293	\$ 1,289,069

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
			Rates	
	1	% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,313,706	\$ 1,418,293	\$ 1,536,651

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

Note 9 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 10 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi Municipal Workers' Compensation Group (MMWCG). The group is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. MMWCG covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the school district's employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of the MMWCG contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust. The funds in the trust

account are used to pay any claim up to \$500,000. For a claim exceeding \$500,000, MMWCG has insurance which will pay the excess up to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the pool members would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Property Trust (MSBAPT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 43 school districts and covers losses associated with property damage to the physical assets owned by the member districts. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Casualty Trust (MSBACT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 43 school districts and covers liability related losses the member may be responsible for through General Liability, Automobile Liability and School Board Legal Liability. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

Note 11 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
 To correct a revenue or an expenditure from a prior period To correct assets and depreciation from a prior period 	\$ (62,789) (35,516)
Total	\$ (98,305)

Fund	Explanation	 Amount
General Fund	To correct a revenue or expenditure from a prior period	\$ (8,642)
Other governmental funds	To correct a revenue or expenditure from a prior period	(54,147)
Total		\$ (62,789)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Note 12 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$23,297,075) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$2,316,071 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$4,764,836 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2022, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$23,297,075) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$8,263,940 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2022, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$23,297,075) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$46,511 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$374,740 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2022, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$23,297,075) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$498,224 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2022, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$23,297,075) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from leases. The \$52,203 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to leases at June 30, 2022, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 59 years.

Note 13 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District received \$1,024,637 in insurance loss recoveries related to property damage during the 2021-2022 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services within support services.

Note 14 - Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated June 11, 2018 creating the Career Technical Education Center. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The consortium includes the Pass Christian School District and the Hancock County School District. Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students. The Hancock County School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Career Technical Education Center, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District evaluated the activity of the district through February 2, 2024, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BAY ST. LOUIS-WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Vari Positive	ance (Neg	
	 Budget	ed Ar	nounts	Actual	 Original		Final
	Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final		to Actual
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$ 9,465,755	\$	9,966,158	\$ 9,966,210	\$ 500,403	\$	52
State sources	8,889,000		9,300,813	9,300,659	411,813		(154)
Federal sources	62,000		101,947	102,101	39,947		154
Sixteenth section sources	 4,900		2,400	1,929	(2,500)		(471)
Total Revenues	 18,421,655		19,371,318	19,370,899	949,663		(419)
Expenditures:							
Instruction	10,557,500		10,801,617	10,760,190	(244,117)		41,427
Support services	8,735,938		9,284,092	9,145,564	(548,154)		138,528
Sixteenth section	1,300		-		1,300		-
Facilities acquisition and construction	276,800		462,793	428,195	(185,993)		34,598
Total Expenditures	19,571,538		20,548,502	20,333,949	(976,964)		214,553
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	 (1,149,883)		(1,177,184)	(963,050)	(27,301)		214,134
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Insurance recovery	1,400,000		1,024,636	1,024,637	(375,364)		1
Operating transfers in	2,347,625		3,907,032	1,550,292	1,559,407		(2,356,740)
Operating transfers out	(2,699,000)		(2,528,793)	(172,053)	170,207		2,356,740
Other financing uses	(1,000)		-		1,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,047,625		2,402,875	2,402,876	1,355,250		1
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (102,258)		1,225,691	1,439,826	1,327,949		214,135
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2021, as previously reported	5,912,957		5,912,957	5,993,078	-		80,121
Prior period adjustments				(8,642)	-		(8,642)
July 1, 2021, as restated	 5,912,957		5,912,957	5,984,436	-		71,479
Increase (Decrease) in inventory					-		-
June 30, 2022	\$ 5,810,699	\$	7,138,648	\$ 7,424,262	\$ 1,327,949	\$	285,614

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

BAY ST. LOUIS-WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule ESSER II Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					١	/aria	nces
					Posit	ive (l	Vegative)
	 Budgete	ed A	Amounts	Actual	Original		Final
	 Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final		to Actual
Revenues:							
Federal sources	\$ 2,951,743	\$	2,951,743	\$ 1,983,062	\$ -	\$	(968,681)
Total Revenues	 2,951,743		2,951,743	1,983,062	-		(968,681)
Expenditures:							
Instruction	849,376		817,730	486,871	31,646		330,859
Support services	919,034		896,847	468,580	22,187		428,267
Noninstructional services	74,100		74,100	331,014	-		(256,914)
Facilities acquisition and construction	 1,101,500		1,089,200	696,597	12,300		392,603
Total Expenditures	 2,944,010		2,877,877	1,983,062	66,133		894,815
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	 7,733		73,866	-	66,133		(73,866)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers out	(6,500)		(6,500)		-		6,500
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,500)		(6,500)	-	-		6,500
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,233		67,366	-	66,133		(67,366)
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2021					-		-
June 30, 2022	\$ 1,233	\$	67,366	\$ -	\$ 66,133	\$	(67,366)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS

Last	10	Fiscal	Years*
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District's proportion of the net pension liability	2022 0.183577%	2021 0.173407%	2020 0.164250%	2019 0.161207%	2018 0.164854%	2017 0.164854%	2016 0.167684%	2015 0.170167%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 27,133,483 \$	33,569,580 \$	28,894,815 \$	26,813,514 \$	27,404,330 \$	29,276,096 \$	25,920,639 \$	20,655,157
District's covered payroll	12,206,006	11,546,753	9,682,810	10,294,610	10,575,492	10,484,876	10,475,917	10,398,089
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	222.30%	290.73%	298.41%	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10 year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,316,071 \$	2,123,845 \$	2,009,135 \$	1,684,809 \$	1,621,401 \$	1,665,640 \$	1,651,368 \$	1,649,957
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,316,071	2,123,845	2,009,135	1,684,809	1,621,401	1,665,640	1,651,368	1,649,957
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	<u> </u>
District's covered payroll	13,310,753	12,206,006	11,546,753	10,697,200	10,294,610	10,575,492	10,484,876	10,475,917
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022		2021	2020	2019	2018*
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.22034056%	0.20478318%	0.20153273%	0.20294510%	0.20312828%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,418,293 \$	1,593,639 \$	1,710,088 \$	1,569,882 \$	1,593,763
District's covered-employee payroll		10,475,426	9,869,230	9,229,042	9,179,069	9,125,995
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		13.54%	16.15%	18.53%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 46,511 \$	57,006 \$	63,554 \$	68,546 \$	67,944	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	46,511	57,006	63,554	68,546	67,944	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	
District's covered-employee payroll	13,310,753	12,206,006	9,984,612	9,452,359	9,367,815	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.35%	0.47%	0.64%	0.73%	0.73%	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit reports.

BAY ST. LOUIS - WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

<u>2019:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

<u>2021:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u> 2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2019 valuation for the June 30, 2021 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	28.8 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increase	3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

 $\underline{2018}$: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2020</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2021</u>: The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

<u>2020</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

<u>2021</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

BAY ST. LOUIS - WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age				
Amortization method	Level dollar				
Amortization period	30 years, open				
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets				
Price inflation	2.75%				
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% to 18.25%				
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00%				
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%				
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2028				
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	2.19%				

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022			
	Federal	Pass-through	
Foderal Cronter/Dece through Creater/Dreason Title	Assistance	Entity Identifying Number	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Listing Number.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster:			
National school lunch program	10.555	216MS326N10	\$ 216,750
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	216MS326N10	1,275,788
Total child nutrition cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			1,492,538
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>1,492,538</u> 1,492,538
U.S. Department of Defense			1,402,000
Direct Program:			
Reserve Officers' Training Corps	12.XXX	N/A	64,369
Total U.S. Department of Defense			64,369
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	S010A200024	1,190,392
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A200024	5,484
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.367 84.424A	S367A200023 S424A200025	191,200 39,176
Subtotal	04.424A	3424A200023	1,426,252
Special education cluster:			1,420,202
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A200108	599,954
IDEA, Part B ARP Grant	84.027X	H027X200108	79,637
Subtotal			679,591
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A200113	16,807
IDEA, Preschool ARP Grant	84.173X	H173X200113	7,517
Subtotal			24,324
Total special education cluster COVID - 19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER)			703,915
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I	84.425D	S425D200031	31,444
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II	84.425D	S425D210031	1,983,062
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund ARP III	84.425U	S425U210031	1,867,148
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I - Healthy Schools	84.425D	S425D210031	54,521
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal			3,936,175
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			6,066,342
Total U.S. Department of Education			6,066,342
U.S. Department of of Homeland Security (DHS)			
Direct Program: Disaster Grants- Public Assistance	97.036	N/A	141,562
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	N/A	24,934
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS)	011001		166,496
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	2005MS5ADM	37,579
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			37,579
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			37,579
Social Security Administration			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:			
Social Security disability insurance	96.001	04-19-04MSD100	154
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services			154
Total Social Security Administration			154
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 7,827,478

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

BAY ST. LOUIS – WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

BAY ST. LOUIS - WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 18,189,200 9,016,379	13,500,076 1,809,597	1,211,657 194,654	1,329,181 42,747	2,148,286 6,969,381
Total	\$ 27,205,579	15,309,673	1,406,311	1,371,928	9,117,667
Total number of students *	 1,670				
Cost per student	\$ 16,291	9,167	842	822	5,460

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

BAY ST. LOUIS - WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 9,966,210	\$ 9,837,653	\$ 8,851,977 \$	8,739,042
State sources	9,300,659	9,064,047	9,321,361	8,737,346
Federal sources	102,101	84,738	78,035	90,769
Sixteenth section sources	 1,929	3,247	2,400	4,921
Total Revenues	 19,370,899	18,989,685	18,253,773	17,572,078
Expenditures:				
Instruction	10,760,190	10,512,493	9,998,644	9,006,729
Support services	9,145,564	8,471,312	7,783,944	7,340,546
Facilities acquisition and construction	 428,195	752,651	1,469,586	881,003
Total Expenditures	 20,333,949	19,736,456	19,252,174	17,228,278
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (963,050)	(746,771)	(998,401)	343,800
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	1,024,637	750,000		
Other financing sources				2,592
Operating transfers in	1,550,292			
Operating transfers out	(172,053)	(303,606)	(333,211)	(322,965)
Other financing uses		(2,244)	(51,832)	(4,167)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 2,402,876	444,150	(385,043)	(324,540)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,439,826	(302,621)	(1,383,444)	19,260
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	5,993,078	6,223,815	7,607,259	7,587,999
Fund reclassification		72,530		
Prior period adjustments	(8,642)	(646)		
Beginning of period, as restated	 5,984,436	6,295,699	7,607,259	7,587,999
End of Period	\$ 7,424,262	\$ 5,993,078	\$ 6,223,815 \$	7,607,259

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

BAY ST. LOUIS - WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 10,322,816 \$	10,243,828 \$	9,264,897 \$	9,212,330
State sources	9,701,560	9,429,496	9,690,532	9,127,490
Federal sources	8,246,973	4,904,630	2,980,394	3,107,614
Sixteenth section sources	 1,929	3,247	2,400	4,921
Total Revenues	 28,273,278	24,581,201	21,938,223	21,452,355
Expenditures:				
Instruction	13,129,218	13,339,413	11,553,852	10,426,630
Support services	10,889,486	9,706,166	8,750,337	8,503,107
Noninstructional services	1,764,450	1,203,370	1,207,656	1,201,121
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,131,654	773,325	1,469,586	881,003
Debt service:				
Principal	230,000	223,000	222,000	298,602
Interest	60,021	64,481	68,033	137,045
Other	 750	1,500	750	2,250
Total Expenditures	 27,205,579	25,311,255	23,272,214	21,449,758
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 1,067,699	(730,054)	(1,333,991)	2,597
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	1,024,637	750,000		
Other financing sources	1,02 1,001	100,000		2,592
Operating transfers in	1,726,073	322,606	453,689	353,748
Operating transfers out	(1,726,073)	(322,606)	(453,689)	(353,748)
Other financing uses	(:,:=0,0:0)	(2,244)	(51,832)	(4,167)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,024,637	747,756	(51,832)	(1,575)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 2,092,336	17,702	(1,385,823)	1,022
0	 2,092,330	17,702	(1,305,023)	1,022
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	7,403,978	7,338,937	8,696,365	8,697,613
Fund reclassification	<i></i>	72,530		<i>.</i>
Prior period adjustments	 (62,789)	285		(1,515)
Beginning of period, as restated	 7,341,189	7,411,752	8,696,365	8,696,098
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 18,516	(25,476)	28,395	(755)
End of Period	\$ 9,452,041 \$	7,403,978 \$	7,338,937 \$	8,696,365

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Superintendent and School Board Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 2, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bay St. Louis of Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi February 2, 2024

McKenzie CPA, PLIC



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and

the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Bay St. Louis Waveland School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance to ver compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi February 2, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, which collectively comprise Bay St. Louis - Waveland School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 2, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Madison, Mississippi February 2, 2024

McKenzie CPA, PLIC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

BAY ST. LOUIS – WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fina	Financial Statements:						
1.	1. Type of auditor's report issued:						
0							
2.	Interna	No					
	a.						
	b.	None reported					
3.	3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			No			
Federal Awards:							
4.	Internal control over major programs:						
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No			
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?		None reported			
5.	5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:						
6.	Any au with 2	No					
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:					
	<u>ALNs I</u>	Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>			
	10.555	; 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster				
	84.425	D	Education Stabilization Fund (ESSE	R I)			
	84.425	ъD	Education Stabilization Fund (ESSE	R II)			
	84.425	SU .	Education Stabilization Fund (ESSE	R III - ARP)			
	84.425	D	Education Stabilization Fund (Health	ny Schools)			
8.	8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:			\$750,000			
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			Yes			
10.	0. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).						

BAY ST. LOUIS – WAVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.