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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

> Fortenberry & Ballard, PC Certified Public Accountants

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## FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT

## FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Superintendent and School Board Clinton Public School District

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clinton Public School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clinton Public School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clinton Public School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Clinton Public School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Emphasis-of-Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the school district implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and

1048 Gluckstadt Road, Suite B Madison, Mississippi 39110 Telephone 601-992-5292 Fax 601-992-2033 for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clinton Public School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinton Public School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clinton Public School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clinton Public School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 21, 2023, on our consideration of the Clinton Public School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinton Public School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Clinton Public School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

## FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC March 21, 2023

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following discussion and analysis of Clinton Public School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2022 increased \$6,538,129, including a prior period adjustment of \$27,000, which represents a 39% increase from fiscal year 2021. Total net position for 2021 decreased \$3,792,716, including a prior period adjustment of \$65,917, which represents a 29% decrease from fiscal year 2020.
- General revenues amounted to \$44,985,829 and \$43,497,352, or 79% and 82% of all revenues for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$11,930,642, or 21% of total revenues for 2022, and \$9,791,584, or 18% of total revenues for 2021.
- The District had \$50,405,342 and \$57,147,569 in expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021; only \$11,930,642 for 2022 and only \$9,791,584 for 2021 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$44,985,829, for 2022 were adequate to provide for these programs. However, general revenues of \$43,497,352, for 2021 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among the major funds, the General Fund had \$41,832,588 in revenues and \$39,136,938 in expenditures for 2022, and \$39,866,871 in revenues and \$40,417,908 in expenditures for 2021. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$1,692,149, from 2021 to 2022, and increased by \$1,844,968, including a prior period adjustment of \$82,868, from 2020 to 2021.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$3,949,426 for 2022 and increased by \$4,580,199, including a prior period adjustment of (\$16,951), for 2021. The increase for 2022 was due primarily to the additions to construction in progress, improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment and furniture and equipment.
- Long-term debt, excluding compensated absences and premium, decreased by \$3,265,325 for 2022 and increased by \$4,563,613 for 2021. This decrease for 2022 was due primarily to the principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$10,354 for 2022 and increased by \$38,775 for 2021.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information,

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

supplementary information, and other information.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional services, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are categorized as governmental funds.

**Governmental funds** - All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of between governmental funds and governmental funds.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

### **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

### **Clinton Public School District** Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

### **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

### **Other Information**

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

### Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$10,145,406 as of June 30, 2022.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

# Table 1Condensed Statement of Net Position

		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Current assets	\$	21,881,132	17,894,206	22%
Restricted assets		5,660,725	10,408,145	(46)%
Capital assets, net		81,288,977	77,339,551	5%
Total assets	_	108,830,834	105,641,902	3%
Deferred outflows of resources		16,166,454	10,907,881	48%
Current liabilities		2,950,881	2,996,107	(2)%
Long-term debt outstanding		49,077,300	52,698,585	(7)%
Net OPEB liability		3,257,656	3,804,529	(14)%
Net pension liability		56,880,590	72,784,778	(22)%
Total liabilities	_	112,166,427	132,283,999	(15)%
Deferred inflows of resources		22,976,267	949,319	2,320%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		32,611,129	27,171,335	20%
Restricted		10,780,981	8,793,402	23%
Unrestricted		(53,537,516)	(52,648,272)	(2)%
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(10,145,406)	(16,683,535)	39%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (53,537,516)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows	65,838,194
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net	
OPEB liability effect	\$ 12,300,678

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position:

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$3,949,426.
- The principal retirement of \$3,446,325 of long-term debt.

### **Changes in net position**

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 were \$56,916,471 and \$53,288,936, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$50,405,342 for 2022 and \$57,147,569 for 2021.

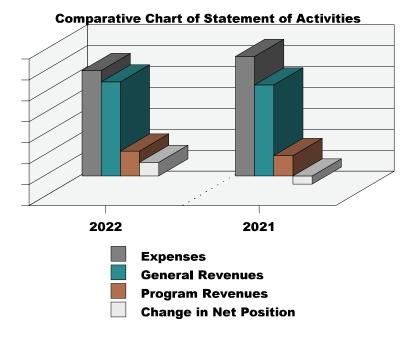
Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Table 2Changes in Net Position

	_	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Year Ended June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	905,637	684,720	32%
Operating grants and contributions		11,025,005	9,106,864	21%
General Revenues:				
Property taxes		18,189,018	17,462,261	4%
Grants and contributions not restricted		25,868,456	25,131,697	3%
Unrestricted investment earnings		408,494	454,759	(10)%
Sixteenth section sources		212,768	250,460	(15)%
Other	_	307,093	198,175	55%
Total revenues	_	56,916,471	53,288,936	7%
Expenses:				
Instruction		28,703,889	30,910,335	(7)%
Support services		14,088,126	14,192,450	(1)%
Non-instructional		2,286,762	2,259,004	1%
Sixteenth section		70,394	82,055	(14)%
Pension expense		4,083,369	7,749,726	(47)%
OPEB expense		(110,490)	129,292	(185)%
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	1,283,292	1,824,707	(30)%
Total expenses	-	50,405,342	57,147,569	(12)%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	-	6,511,129	(3,858,633)	269%
Net Position (Deficit), July 1, as previously reported		(16,683,535)	(12,890,819)	(29)%
Prior period adjustment		27,000	65,917	(59)%
Net Position (Deficit), July 1, as restated	-	(16,656,535)	(12,824,902)	(30)%
Net Position (Deficit), June 30	\$ _	(10,145,406)	(16,683,535)	39%

**Clinton Public School District** Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



#### **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

	 Total Ex		
	 2022	2021	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$ 28,703,889	30,910,335	(7)%
Support services	14,088,126	14,192,450	(1)%
Non-instructional	2,286,762	2,259,004	1%
Sixteenth section	70,394	82,055	(14)%
Pension expense	4,083,369	7,749,726	(47)%
OPEB expense	(110,490)	129,292	(185)%
Interest on long-term liabilities	1,283,292	1,824,707	(30)%
Total expenses	\$ 50,405,342	57,147,569	(12)%

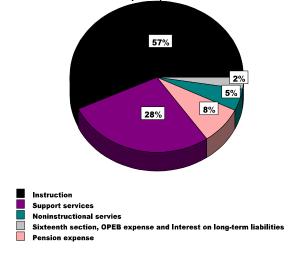
## Table 3Net Cost of Governmental Activities

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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-	Net (Expense		
_	2022	2021	Percentage Change
\$	(21,783,310)	(24,934,073)	13%
	(12,349,885)	(12,277,230)	(1)%
	985,047	(358,902)	374%
	(70,381)	(82,055)	14%
	(4,083,369)	(7,749,726)	47%
	110,490	(129,292)	185%
_	(1,283,292)	(1,824,707)	30%
\$	(38,474,700)	(47,355,985)	19%
	- \$ \$ =	<b>2022</b> \$ (21,783,310) (12,349,885) 985,047 (70,381) (4,083,369) 110,490 (1,283,292)	\$       (21,783,310)       (24,934,073)         (12,349,885)       (12,277,230)         985,047       (358,902)         (70,381)       (82,055)         (4,083,369)       (7,749,726)         110,490       (129,292)         (1,283,292)       (1,824,707)

Chart of Expenses per Statement of Activities



- Net cost of governmental activities (\$38,474,700 for 2022 and \$47,355,985 for 2021) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$18,189,018 for 2022 and \$17,462,261 for 2021) and state and federal revenues (\$25,868,456 for 2022 and \$25,131,697 for 2021). In addition, there was \$212,768 and \$250,460 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$408,494 for 2022 and \$454,759 for 2021.

### **Clinton Public School District** Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$23,807,570, a decrease of \$1,871,157, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$8,892. \$10,004,881 or 42% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$13,802,689 or 58% is either nonspendable, restricted or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,692,149. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$1,517,201, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$8,892. The increase (decrease) in the fund balance for the other major funds was as follows:

Major Fund		Increase (Decrease)
ARP ESSER Fund		no increase or decrease
IDEA Fund		no increase or decrease
Building Project Fund	\$	(2,120,563)
QSCB Retirement Fund	\$	403,302
16 <sup>th</sup> Section Principal Fund	\$	21,052

### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2022, the District's total capital assets were \$117,614,309, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$6,838,898 from 2021. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022, was \$36,325,332, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$2,947,443, resulting in total net capital assets of \$81,288,977.

	-	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Land	\$	4,333,367	4,333,367	0%
Construction in progress	*	421,929	2,885,971	(85)%
Buildings		59,535,816	58,404,063	2%
Building improvements		115,976	128,408	(10)%
Improvements other than buildings		14,279,646	9,130,016	56%
Mobile equipment		1,924,150	2,122,867	(9)%
Furniture and equipment	_	678,093	334,859	103%
Total	\$	81,288,977	77,339,551	5%

## Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2022, the District had \$49,077,300 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$3,964,692 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$10,354 from the prior year.

# Table 5Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	June 30, 20	122 June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
General obligation bonds payable	5 36,817	,000 38,990,000	(6)%
Premiums	4,284	,294 4,629,900	(7)%
Three mill notes payable	6,000	,000 6,000,000	0%
Obligations under capital leases		2,668,879	(100)%
Installment purchase loans payable	1,576	,554	N/A
Compensated absences payable	399	,452 409,806	(3)%
Total	49,077	,300 52,698,585	(7)%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 included in this report.

### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Clinton Public School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

Enrollment for the 2021 - 2022 year decreased by 0.46% to 5,172 students.

### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have questions about this report, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Clinton Public School District, P.O. Box 300, Clinton, MS 39060.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## CLINTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agents Due from other governments Other receivables, net Lease receivables Inventories Prepaid items Restricted assets Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Total Assets	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - OPEB Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	15,246,075 920,379 16,166,454
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Interest payable on long-term liabilities	2,615,648 8,774 326,459
Long-term liabilities (due within one year): Capital related liabilities Net OPEB liability	3,964,692 127,688
Long-term liabilities (due beyond one year): Capital related liabilities Non-capital related liabilities Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total Liabilities	44,713,156 399,452 56,880,590 3,129,968 112,166,427
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred inflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - leases Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	20,690,712 1,175,690 1,109,865 22,976,267
<b>Net Position</b> Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted For: Expendable:	32,611,129
School-based activites Debt service Unemployment benefits Forestry improvements Nonexpendable:	1,869,301 7,547,139 100,142 50,046
Sixteenth section principal Unrestricted Total Net Position (Deficit)	1,214,353 (53,537,516) \$(10,145,406)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			Operating	
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction	28,703,889	759,863	6,160,716	(21,783,310)
Support services	14,088,126		1,738,241	(12,349,885)
Noninstructional services	2,286,762	145,761	3,126,048	985,047
Sixteenth section	70,394	13		(70,381)
Pension expense	4,083,369			(4,083,369)
OPEB expense	(110,490)			110,490
Interest on long-term liabilities	1,283,292			(1,283,292)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 50,405,342	\$ 905,637	\$ 11,025,005	(38,474,700)
	General Revenues: Taxes: General purpose levies Unrestricted grants an State Federal Unrestricted investme Sixteenth section sour Other Total General Revenu Change in Net Pos Net Position (Deficit) - Prior Period Adjustme Net Position (Deficit) - Net Position (Deficit) -	nd contributions: Int earnings rces les sition Beginning, as pr ent Beginning, as re	stated	13,934,341 4,254,677 25,798,927 69,529 408,494 212,768 307,093 44,985,829 6,511,129 (16,683,535) 27,000 (16,656,535) \$_(10,145,406)

## CLINTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

Assets	General Fund	I	ARP ESSER Fund		IDEA Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,871	,626 \$		\$	
Cash with fiscal agents		,913		Ψ	
Investments		,010			
Due from other governments	883	445	652,134		909,725
Other receivables, net	000	338			
Lease receivable	50	,498			
Due from other funds	2,199		325		
Inventories		,007			
Prepaid items	23	,094			
Total Assets	\$ 15,038		652,459	\$	909,725
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances:	+	· <u>···</u> ····		*	
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,332	,986 \$	67,287	\$	17,299
Due to other funds		,115	585,172	Ŧ	892,426
Unearned revenue		,490			
Total Liabilities	2,338		652,459		909,725
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Lease					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	23.	,094			
Permanent fund principal					
Inventory					
Restricted:					
Unemployment benefits					
Forestry improvements					
Debt service					
Food service					
Assigned:					
Additional projects	2,000				
Activity funds	610				
Targeted support		,237			
Unassigned	10,004				
Total Fund Balances	12,700			<u> </u>	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 15,038	,721 \$	652,459	\$	909,725

Building Project Fund	QSCB Retirement Fund	16th Section Principal Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$    	\$ 447,571 3,998,801  	\$ 1,214,353     	\$       5,538,951	\$ 18,624,930 495,848 3,998,801 3,194,145 338
   \$	   \$	1,109,865    \$\$	 1,790 44,338  \$	1,160,363 2,201,922 44,338 23,094 \$29,743,779
\$   	\$  	\$   	\$ 198,076 722,209 5,284 925,569	\$ 2,615,648 2,201,922 8,774 4,826,344
		1,109,865 1,109,865		<u>1,109,865</u> <u>1,109,865</u>
	 	 1,214,353 	  44,338	23,094 1,214,353 44,338
  	 4,446,372 	  	100,142 50,046 3,427,226 1,824,963	100,142 50,046 7,873,598 1,824,963
   	   4,446,372	   1,214,353	   5,446,715	2,000,000 610,918 61,237 10,004,881 23,807,570
\$	\$4,446,372	\$2,324,218	\$6,372,284	\$ 29,743,779

#### CLINTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	23,807,570
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Liabilities due in one year are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond principal, including premium, which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for installment purchase loans which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for notes which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.		81,288,977 (4,092,380) (38,234,688) (478,468) (326,459) (6,000,000) (399,452) (56,880,590) (20,690,712) 15,246,075 (3,129,968)
Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		(1,175,690) 920,379
Net position of governmental activities	ъ <u></u>	(10,145,406)

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### CLINTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

ARP ESSER IDEA General Fund Fund Fund **Revenues:** Local sources \$ \$ \$ 15,262,918 -----State sources 26,233,137 ----Federal sources 69,529 2,198,546 1,092,200 Sixteenth section sources 267,004 Total Revenues 41,832,588 2,198,546 1,092,200 Expenditures: Instruction 756,670 24,420,611 1,425,595 Support services 13,473,885 92,582 335,530 Noninstructional services 194,052 21,109 --Sixteenth section 53,176 --Facilities acquisition and construction 44,581 377,347 --Debt service: Principal 1,092,325 ----Interest 31,251 -----Other \_\_\_ ---1,092,200 Total Expenditures 39,136,938 2.089.576 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 2,695,650 108,970 --OtherFinancing Sources (Uses): Insurance recovery 4,600 ----Refinancing bonds issued \_--Refinanced bonds paid --\_\_\_ Payment from QSCB escrow agent ------Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent ----Sale of other property 2,500 ----Operating transfers in 315.619 -----Operating transfers out (108, 970)(4,710,518)---Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (4,387,799)(108, 970)--Net Change in Fund Balances (1,692,149)----Fund Balances: July 1, 2021 14,392,279 Increase (decrease) in inventory -----June 30, 2022 12,700,130 ---\$ \$ --

	Building Project Fund	F	QSCB Retirement Fund		6th Section Principal Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	10,470	\$	88,829	\$		\$	4,392,045	\$	19,754,262
Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	1,117,370	Ψ	27,350,507
							6,158,026		9,518,301
					21,052		745		288,801
	10,470		88,829		21,052		11,668,186		56,911,871
							3,213,033		29,815,909
	102,176						1,306,891		15,311,064
							2,158,217		2,373,378
							17,218		70,394
	5,848,314						2		6,270,244
							2,354,000		3,446,325
							1,529,667		1,560,918
							114,004		114,004
_	5,950,490						10,693,032		58,962,236
	(5,940,020)		88,829		21,052		975,154		(2,050,365)
									4,600
							 5,756,000		5,756,000
							(5,575,000)		5,756,000 (5,575,000)
			 314,473				(5,575,000)		(5,575,000) 314,473
			314,473				 (314,473)		(314,473)
							(314,473)		2,500
	 3,819,457						 891,061		5,026,137
	5,015,457						(206,649)		(5,026,137)
	3,819,457		314,473				550,939		188,100
	3,013,437		514,475						100,100
	(2,120,563)		403,302		21,052		1,526,093		(1,862,265)
	2,120,563		4,043,070		1,193,301		3,929,514		25,678,727
							(8,892)		(8,892)
\$		\$	4,446,372	\$	1,214,353	\$	5,446,715	\$	23,807,570

**CLINTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT** RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (1,862,265)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	6,904,483
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(2,947,443)
Trade-in or disposal of capital assets decrease net position in the SOA but not in the funds.	(5,114)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.	(2,500)
Repayment of bond principal, including premium, is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	2,354,000
Repayment of installment purchase loans principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	1,092,325
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	46,024
Payment of refinanced debt is an other financing uses in the funds but not in the SOA.	5,575,000
Change in inventory affects fund balance in the funds but affects expense in the SOA.	(8,892)
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds.	10,354
Proceeds of bonds do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds.	(5,756,000)
Bond premiums are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	345,606
Implicit rate subsidy fluctuation from one year to the next.	(41)
Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL.	4,638,027
Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	(4,083,369)
OPEB contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL.	100,444
OPEB expense relating to GASB 75 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	 110,490
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,511,129

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Clinton since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have a financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Clinton Public School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

ARP ESSER Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Program funds for COVID-19, authorized by the CARES Act.

IDEA Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the Special Education - Grants to States federal award program.

Building Project Fund - This is a fund used to account for the resources and other financing resources to service the building project.

QSCB Retirement Fund - This is a debt retirement fund that accounts for the payments of the Qualified School Construction Bonds when the bonds and the interest becomes due.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal Fund - This is permanent fund used to account for the nonexpendable resources generated from the sale of non-renewable resources on sixteenth section lands.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting*, issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems*, 2014, issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

# D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

# E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the firstin, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable for future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

		Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building Improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than build	dings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Intangible assets		**	**

(\*) Intangible assets for the district represent right-to-use leased assets and are capitalized as a group for reporting purposes. The estimated useful life is the term of the lease agreement. There is no mandated maximum amortization period. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives should

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

not be amortized.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows for pension and OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows for pension, leases and OPEB.

See Note 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Leases

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87) to establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. GASB 87 was implemented during fiscal year 2022.

The school district uses 4.00% to calculate the present value of lease payments when the school district is the lessor in leases involving  $16^{\text{th}}$  Section lands. See Note 6 for details.

#### 10. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 7 for details.

#### 11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 12. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

13. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

*Nonspendable fund balance* includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

*Restricted fund balance* includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance* includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the policy adopted by the school district.

*Unassigned fund balance* is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

> When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

> It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 15% of actual revenues.

# 14. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 87, Leases, was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments.

#### Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school districts' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

> Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$18,624,930.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits*. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Institution Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2022, none of the district's bank balance of \$20,051,725 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$495,848.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the district had the following investments.

Investment	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
BankPlus Sinking Fund Fiscal Agent for QSCB		More than	
Loan	N/A	1 year \$	3,998,801

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

Level 1 type of investments of \$3,998,801 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

*Interest Rate Risk.* The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Investments.* Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

*Concentration of Credit Risk.* Disclosures of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

# A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	ARP ESSER Fund	\$ 585,172
	IDEA Fund	892,426
	Other Governmental Funds	722,209
ARP ESSER Fund	General Fund	325
Other Governmental Fund	General Fund	1,790
Total		\$ 2,201,922

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows.

# **B.** Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 206,649
	ARP ESSER Fund	108,970
Building Project Fund	General Fund	3,819,457
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	 891,061
Total		\$ 5,026,137

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, the transfer of expendable sixteenth section sources, unemployment compensation transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

#### **Note 4 - Restricted Assets**

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$1,214,353, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

The restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents and investment balances, totaling \$447,571 and \$3,998,801, respectively, of the QSCB Retirement Fund which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7-1-2021	Additions	Deletions	Completed Construction	Balance 6-30-2022
Non-depreciable capital assets:	-					
Land	\$	4,333,367				4,333,367
Construction in progress		2,885,971	5,487,836		(7,951,878)	421,929
Total non-depreciable capital assets	_	7,219,338	5,487,836	0	(7,951,878)	4,755,296
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings		80,217,970			2,712,218	82,930,188
Building improvements		310,793			,. , -	310,793
Improvements other than buildings		15,788,874	782,408		5,239,660	21,810,942
Mobile equipment		5,398,742	141,215	49,501	, , ,	5,490,456
Furniture and equipment	_	1,839,694	493,024	16,084		2,316,634
Total depreciable capital assets	_	103,556,073	1,416,647	65,585	7,951,878	112,859,013
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		21,813,907	1,580,465			23,394,372
Building improvements		182,385	12,432			194,817
Improvements other than buildings		6,658,858	872,438			7,531,296
Mobile equipment		3,275,875	334,982	44,551		3,566,306
Furniture and equipment		1,504,835	147,126	13,420		1,638,541
Total accumulated depreciation	_	33,435,860	2,947,443	57,971	0	36,325,332
	_					
Total depreciable capital assets, net	_	70,120,213	(1,530,796)	7,614	7,951,878	76,533,681
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	77,339,551	3,957,040	7,614	0_	81,288,977

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Instruction	\$ 2,336,017
Support services	592,200
Non-instructional	19,226
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,947,443

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Spent to June 30, 2022	Remaining Commitments
Clinton Jr. High	\$	377,348	1,317,544
Central Office	_	44,581	251,009
Total Construction in Progress	\$ _	421,929	1,568,553

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with the District Maintenance and ARP ESSER Funds.

# Note 6 - Leases

# As Lessor:

# **Sixteenth Section Lands**

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools.

The school district uses the rate of 4.00% interest to calculate the present value of sixteenth section lease rental payments. The school district's financial statements have not been restated nor has a cumulative effect been reflected for the restatement of the beginning net position of the school district.

The school district, acting as lessor, has entered into 30 leases involving the leasing of the right to use Sixteenth Section school lands. Such leases are for a term that corresponds with state law in accordance with the type of lease executed. The total amount of inflows recognized in the reporting period from these leases is \$1,109,865. The school district has included in its financial statements at year end the net present value of future lease payments as a lease receivable and as deferred inflows of resources.

In fiscal year 2022, the school district recognized \$332,477 in revenue related to Sixteenth section land leases.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Note 7 - Long-term liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		-	Balance 7-1-2021	Additions	Refinance	Reductions	Adjustments	Balance 6-30-2022	Amounts due within one year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$	38,990,000	5,756,000	(5,575,000)	2,354,000		36,817,000	2,521,000
	Premiums		4,629,900			345,606		4,284,294	345,606
В.	Three mill notes payable		6,000,000					6,000,000	
C.	Obligations under capital leases		2,668,879				(2,668,879)	0	
D.	Installment purchase loans payable					1,092,325	2,668,879	1,576,554	1,098,086
E.	Compensated absences payable	_	409,806			10,354		399,452	
	Total	\$	52,698,585	5,756,000	(5,575,000)	3,802,285	0	49,077,300	3,964,692

Adjustments were made to correctly present long-term debt due to the implementation of GASB 87.

# A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
General obligation bonds, Series 2011	2.50 - 3.25%	04-01-12	10-01-28	\$ 9,000,000	0
General obligation bonds, Series 2012	2.00 -2.125%	09-15-12	03-15-22	8,490,000	0
General obligation bonds, Series 2019	4.00 - 5.00%	04-09-19	04-01-37	20,000,000	20,000,000
General obligation bonds, Series 2020	3.00 - 5.00%	09-08-20	04-01-37	5,000,000	5,000,000
General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2020	2.00-5.00%	10-26-20	06-01-30	7,690,000	6,135,000
General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2021	2.00-5.00%	07-07-21	10-01-28	5,756,000 \$ 55,936,000	5,682,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Series 2011:

This debt was refinanced and retired from the 2011 Bond Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Series 2012:

This debt was paid off and retired from the 2012 Bond Debt Service Fund.

3. Series 2019:

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 930,000	932,350	1,862,350
2024	980,000	885,850	1,865,850
2025	1,025,000	836,850	1,861,850
2026	1,080,000	785,600	1,865,600
2027	6,255,000	3,063,000	9,318,000
2028 - 2032	7,940,000	1,383,450	9,323,450
2033 - 2037	1,790,000	71,600	1,861,600
Total	\$ 20,000,000	7,958,700	27,958,700

This debt will be retired from the 2019 Bond Debt Service Fund.

4. Series 2020:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 265,000	176,450	441,450
2024	275,000	168,500	443,500
2025	280,000	160,250	440,250
2026	290,000	151,850	441,850
2027	1,580,000	623,650	2,203,650
2028 - 2032	1,885,000	317,200	2,202,200
2033 - 2037	425,000	17,000	442,000
Total	\$ 5,000,000	1,614,900	6,614,900

This debt will be retired from the 2020 Bond Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

5. Refunding Series 2020:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 695,000	262,950	957,950
2024	780,000	242,100	1,022,100
2025	815,000	210,900	1,025,900
2026	860,000	170,150	1,030,150
2027	910,000	127,150	1,037,150
2028 - 2030	2,075,000	155,050	2,230,050
Total	\$ 6,135,000	1,168,300	7,303,300

This debt will be retired from the 2020 Refunding Bonds Debt Service Fund.

6. Refunding Series 2021:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
Julie 50	 Filicipal	Interest	10181
2023	\$ 631,000	45,309	676,309
2024	695,000	41,994	736,994
2025	731,000	38,064	769,064
2026	767,000	33,187	800,187
2027	802,000	27,094	829,094
2028 - 2029	2,056,000	24,670	2,080,670
Total	\$ 5,682,000	210,318	5,892,318

This debt will be retired from the 2011 Bond Debt Service Fund.

The total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 2,521,000	1,417,059	3,938,059
2024	2,730,000	1,338,444	4,068,444
2025	2,851,000	1,246,064	4,097,064
2026	2,997,000	1,140,787	4,137,787
2027	9,547,000	3,840,894	13,387,894
2028 - 2032	13,956,000	1,880,370	15,836,370
2033 - 2037	2,215,000	88,600	2,303,600
Total	\$ 36,817,000	10,952,218	47,769,218

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2022, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 12% of property assessments as of October 1, 2021.

# **B.** Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Limited tax note, series 2010	0.00%	12-16-10	12-01-25	\$6,000,000	6,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

NOTE: This is a Qualified School Construction Bond but was recorded in the books as Three Mills Note according to the financial institution's repayment agreement. This debt will be retired from the Debt Service Fund (Debt Service - 2010 Note Fund), which will be financed by local millage.

See Note 15 for required sinking fund payments.

Year Ending June 30	Principal
June 50	
2023	\$ 0
2024	0
2025	0
2026	6,000,000
Total	\$ 6,000,000

# C. Obligation under capital leases

As a result of the implementation of GASB 87, leases that were formerly classified as capital leases, where ownership of the asset conveys to the lessee at maturity, are no longer considered leases. These agreements are now considered financed purchases. As such, we have reclassed the beginning obligations under capital assets to installment purchase loans payable.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# D. Installment purchases loans payable

The school district has entered into an installment purchases agreement as listed below. Property under these installment purchases agreements are composed of the following:

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Buses, August 2018 Issue	4.00%	08-28-18	08-28-25	\$ 1,205,250	625,637
Ipads and computers, September 2020 Issue	0.00%	09-09-20	10-15-22	2,852,753	950,917
			:	\$ <u>4,058,003</u>	1,576,554

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Buses issue of August 2018:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 147,169	25,489	172,658
2024	153,164	19,494	172,658
2025	159,405	13,253	172,658
2026	 165,899	6,759	172,658
Total	\$ 625,637	64,995	690,632

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

2. Ipads and computers issue of September 2020:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 950,917	0	950,917

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total installment purchase loans payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 1,098,086	25,489	1,123,575
2024	153,164	19,494	172,658
2025	159,405	13,253	172,658
2026	 165,899	6,759	172,658
Total	\$ 1,576,554	64,995	1,641,549

#### E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### **Note 8 - Other Commitments**

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

#### Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

*Plan Description*. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

*Benefits provided.* Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school district. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

> PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

> *Contributions*. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2020 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, were \$4,638,027, \$4,452,271, and \$4,356,159, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the school district reported a liability of \$56,880,590 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2022 net pension liability was 0.384837 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021. This was an increase of 0.008860 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,083,369. At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows f Resources	Ι	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 900,505	\$	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	3,213,745		
Change in assumptions	4,196,965		
Changes in proportion and differences between	2,296,833		
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions			20,690,712
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,638,027		
Total	\$ 15,246,075	\$	20,690,712

\$4,638,027 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (1,184,191)
2024	(1,471,063)
2025	(2,322,761)
2026	(5,104,649)
Total	\$ (10,082,664)

*Actuarial assumptions*. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, by the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65 – 17.90 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	27.00%	4.60%
International Equity	22.00	4.50%
Global Equity	12.00	4.80%
Fixed Income	20.00	-0.25%
Real Estate	10.00	3.75%
Private Equity	8.00	6.00%
Cash	1.00	-1.00%
Total	100.00%	-

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

using a discount rate that is 1-percentage lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (6.55%)	Current Discount Rate (7.55%)	1% Increase (8.55%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$_	80,556,251	56,880,590	37,369,962

*Pension plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

# Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

# General Information about the OPEB Plan.

*Plan description*. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et. seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/ junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State,

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

> then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$100,444 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# **OPEB** Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$3,257,656 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.50609711 percent. This was an increase of 0.01721386 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$110,490). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,543	\$ 1,018,627
Changes of assumptions	527,601	110,177
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	152	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	288,639	46,886
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	100,444	
Total	\$ 920,379	\$ 1,175,690

\$100,444 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (73,585)
2024	(66,121)
2025	(56,088)
2026	(103,342)
2027	 (56,619)
Total	\$ (355,755)

*Actuarial assumptions*. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation

2.40 percent

Salary increases

2.65 - 17.90 percent, including wage inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.13% 2.19%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date	2021
Prior Measurement Date	2020
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Maggurament Date	2.13%
Prior Measurement Date	2.19%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent for 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50 percent by 2030

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.13 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.19% to 2.13%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2021, the trust has \$1,044,424. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.13 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.13 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.13%)	Discount Rate (2.13%)	1% Increase (3.13%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 3,605,760 \$	3,257,656	\$ 2,960,845

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 3,017,432 \$	3,257,656	\$ 3,529,511

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

#### Note 11 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 12 - Contingencies

Federal Grants - The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation - The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

# Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$53,537,516) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to pension in the amount of \$4,638,027 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$10,608,048 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$53,537,516) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$20,690,712 balance of deferred inflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$53,537,516) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$100,444 resulting from the amount paid by the school district as benefits come due subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$819,935 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$53,537,516) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$1,175,690 balance of deferred inflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

#### Note 14 - Insurance Loss Recoveries

The Clinton Public School District received \$4,600 in insurance loss recoveries related to

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

bus accident damage during the 2021 - 2022 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and allocated to the expense function noninstructional services.

# Note 15 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2022 was \$4,446,372. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending June 30,	_	Amount
2023	\$	416,000
2024		416,000
2025		416,000
2026		415,000
Total	\$	1,663,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 16 - Other Matters

The onset of the recent COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in a volatile investment market currently. The resulting impact of this pandemic upon the operations of the District is uncertain at this time.

#### **Note 17 - Prior Period Adjustments**

A summary of significant Net Position adjustment is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation(s)	_	Amount
To correctly present OPEB DOR for prior year.	\$	27,000

#### Note 18 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Clinton Public School District evaluated the activity of the district through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statement.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### CLINTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the Tear Ended Julie 30, 2022					Variances Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$	14,645,104	16,066,819	15,262,918	1,421,715	(803,901)	
State sources		26,564,499	26,359,284	26,233,137	(205,215)	(126,147)	
Federal sources		65,000	266,655	69,529	201,655	(197,126)	
Sixteenth section sources	-	275,000	275,000	267,004	-	(7,996)	
Total Revenues	-	41,549,603	42,967,758	41,832,588	1,418,155	(1,135,170)	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		29,073,593	25,090,692	24,420,611	3,982,901	670,081	
Support services		13,884,355	13,752,070	13,473,885	132,285	278,185	
Noninstructional services		15,000	34,845	21,109	(19,845)	13,736	
Sixteenth section		50,500	63,676	53,176	(13,176)	10,500	
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	44,581	44,581	(44,581)	-	
Debt service:							
Principal		1,108,656	1,092,325	1,092,325	16,331	-	
Interest	_	31,251	31,251	31,251	-		
Total Expenditures	-	44,163,355	40,109,440	39,136,938	4,053,915	972,502	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(2,613,752)	2,858,318	2,695,650	5,472,070	(162,668)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Insurance recovery		-	-	4,600	-	4,600	
Sale of other property		-	2,500	2,500	2,500	-	
Sale of transportation equipment		2,000	4,600	-	2,600	(4,600)	
Operating transfers in		8,145,024	4,531,941	315,619	(3,613,083)	(4,216,322)	
Operating transfers out		(9,281,030)	(8,758,103)	(4,710,518)	522,927	4,047,585	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(1,134,006)	(4,219,062)	(4,387,799)	(3,085,056)	(168,737)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(3,747,758)	(1,360,744)	(1,692,149)	2,387,014	(331,405)	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2021	_	12,547,312	12,547,312	14,392,279	-	1,844,967	
June 30, 2022	\$	8,799,554	11,186,568	12,700,130	2,387,014	1,513,562	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Exhibit 1

#### CLINTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule ARP ESSER Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final	
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:							
Federal sources	\$	5,991,977	6,133,802	2,198,546	141,825	(3,935,256)	
Total Revenues	_	5,991,977	6,133,802	2,198,546	141,825	(3,935,256)	
Expenditures:							
Instructional		1,198,395	3,847,407	1,425,595	(2,649,012)	2,421,812	
Support services		0	331,787	92,582	(331,787)	239,205	
Noninstructional services		0	233,171	194,052	(233,171)	39,119	
Facilities acquisition and construction		4,718,582	1,521,437	377,347	3,197,145	1,144,090	
Total Expenditures	_	5,916,977	5,933,802	2,089,576	(16,825)	3,844,226	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	_	75,000	200,000	108,970	125,000	(91,030)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers out		(75,000)	(200,000)	(108,970)	(125,000)	91,030	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(75,000)	(200,000)	(108,970)	(125,000)	91,030	
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	0	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2021		0	0	0	0	0	
June 30, 2022	\$_	0	0	0	0	0	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### Exhibit 2

Variances

#### CLINTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Variances Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:	_						
Federal sources	\$	1,301,356	1,696,821	1,092,200	395,465	(604,621)	
Total Revenues	_	1,301,356	1,696,821	1,092,200	395,465	(604,621)	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		935,098	1,237,795	756,670	(302,697)	481,125	
Support services		366,258	447,172	335,530	(80,914)	111,642	
Noninstructional services		-	11,854	-	(11,854)	11,854	
Total Expenditures	_	1,301,356	1,696,821	1,092,200	(395,465)	604,621	
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-		
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2021		-	-	-	-	-	
June 30, 2022	\$	-	-		-	-	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2022 56,880,590	2021 72,784,778	2020 65,239,832	2019 60,509,584	2018 59,482,992	2017 63,182,510	2016 51,722,253	2015 37,202,153
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.384837%	0.375977%	0.370850%	0.363793%	0.357827%	0.353716%	0.334598%	0.306489%
District's covered payroll	25,587,753	25,035,397	21,862,161	23,231,651	22,954,813	22,628,038	20,903,784	18,728,070
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	222.30%	290.73%	298.41%	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of District Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contractually required contribution	\$ <u>2022</u> \$ 4,638,027	2021 4,452,269	2020 4,356,159	2019 3,804,016	2018 3,658,985	2017 3,615,383	2016 3,563,916	2015 3,292,346
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	4,638,027	4,452,269	4,356,159	3,804,016	3,658,985	3,615,383	3,563,916	3,292,346
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$				-	-	-	
District's covered payroll	26,655,328	25,587,753	25,035,397	24,152,483	23,231,651	22,954,813	22,628,038	20,903,784
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2022 3,257,656	2021 3,804,529	2020 4,219,407	2019 3,711,103	2018 3,571,669
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.50609711%	0.48888325%	0.49725439%	0.47974964%	0.45521654%
District's covered-employee payroll	24,060,859	23,561,024	22,771,397	21,698,750	20,451,627 **
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	13.54%	16.15%	18.53%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

\*\* The amount used to calculate this figure was based on the Implicit Rate Subsidy at measurement date as it relates to contributions.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2022 100,444	2021 130,937 x	2020 151,724	2019	2018 152,266 **
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		100,444	130,937	151,724	169,127	152,266 **
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _			-	·	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	19,994,871	25,587,764	23,269,305	21,299,353	21,888,442
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.50%	0.51%	0.65%	0.79%	0.70%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

\*\* The amounts reflected above only deal with the Implicit Rate Subsidy as it relates to contributions.

x A correction was made from prior year to correctly present the amount that should have been recognized.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **Budgetary Comparison Schedules**

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Pension Schedules

(1) *Changes of assumptions* 

### <u>2015</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

### <u>2016</u>:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

### <u>2017</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

### <u>2019</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

### <u>2021</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were

also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

(2) *Changes in benefit provisions* 

<u>2016</u>:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) *Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions*. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2019 valuation for the June 30, 2021 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	28.8 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increase	3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including
	inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **OPEB** Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

### <u>2017</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

### <u>2018</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

### <u>2019</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

### <u>2020</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2021</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2017</u>: None

<u>2018</u>: None

<u>2019</u>: None

### <u>2020</u>:

The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

### <u>2021</u>:

The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculation of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% to 18.25%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2028
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	2.19%

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### CLINTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title/	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Assistance Listing Number		Federal Expenditures
		Tumber		Experientites
U. S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
School Breakfast Program	225MS326N1099	10.553	\$	360,544
National School Lunch Program	225MS326N1099	10.555		2,926,855
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				3,287,399
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education				3,287,399
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				3,287,399
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	S010A210024	84.010		856,632
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	V048A210024	84.048		34,699
English Language Acquisition State Grants	S365A210024	84.365		20,483
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	S367A210023	84.367		18,551
School Improvement Grants	S010A210024	84.377		196,728
Subtotal				1,127,093
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States	H027A210108	84.027A		1,103,329
COVID-19 - IDEA, Part B ARP Grant	H027X210108	84.027X		115,779
Special Education - Preschool Grants	H173A210113	84.173A		30,443
Total Special Education Cluster				1,249,551
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER II)	S425D210031	84.425D		1,496,278
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ARP III)	S425U210031	84.425U		2,198,546
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal				3,694,824
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education				6,071,468
Total U.S. Department of Education				6,071,468
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:				
Medical Assistance Program	1805MS5ADM	93.778		10,514
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education				10,514
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				10,514
U. S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed-through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency:				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disaster)	049-006AA-00	97.036		101,034
Total passed-through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency	0+7-000AA-00	97.030		101,034
				101,034
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				101,034
Total for All Federal Awards			\$	9,470,415
			ψ	2,770,713

The notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the school district under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the school district, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the school district.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The school district has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities of \$145,654 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

#### CLINTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Expenditures		Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other Total	\$ \$	36,440,767 22,521,469 58,962,236	28,479,851 3,996,704 32,476,555	1,329,269 258,548 1,587,817	2,792,051 32,497 2,824,548	3,839,596 18,233,720 22,073,316
Total number of students *		5,172				
Cost per student	\$	11,400	6,279	307	546	4,268

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration categories.

\* Includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

## OTHER INFORMATION

### CLINTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years

		2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:	-				
Local sources	\$	15,262,918	14,439,620	14,309,623	13,898,193
State sources		26,233,137	25,047,667	25,349,588	24,119,824
Federal sources		69,529	77,084	134,636	63,476
Sixteenth section sources		267,004	302,500	281,989	276,329
Total Revenues		41,832,588	39,866,871	40,075,836	38,357,822
Expenditures:					
Instruction		24,420,611	26,298,825	23,160,125	22,398,721
Support services		13,473,885	12,907,846	13,576,028	14,437,938
Noninstructional services		21,109	12,518	7,843	9,741
Sixteenth section		53,176	75,143	110,266	60,955
Facilities acquisition and construction		44,581	-	-	148,992
Debt service:					
Principal		1,092,325	1,086,790	1,655,306	1,694,721
Interest		31,251	36,786	43,852	3,560
Total Expenditures		39,136,938	40,417,908	38,553,420	38,754,628
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		2,695,650	(551,037)	1,522,416	(396,806)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Inception of capital leases		-	2,852,753	-	1,205,250
Insurance recovery		4,600	-	5,935	-
Sale of transportation equipment		-	-	-	14,480
Sale of other property		2,500	-	-	153,055
Operating transfers in		315,619	80,979	80,070	101,557
Other financing sources		-	17,859	-	-
Operating transfers out		(4,710,518)	(638,454)	(626,756)	(711,798)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(4,387,799)	2,313,137	(540,751)	762,544
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,692,149)	1,762,100	981,665	365,738
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		14,392,279	12,547,311	11,564,992	11,199,254
Prior period adjustments		-	82,868	654	-
Beginning of period, as restated	•	14,392,279	12,630,179	11,565,646	11,199,254
End of period	\$	12,700,130	14,392,279	12,547,311	11,564,992

\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

"UNAUDITED"

#### CLINTON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years

	2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:				
	\$ 19,754,262	18,702,738	19,261,240	18,636,822
State sources	27,350,507	26,612,475	26,885,867	25,581,983
Federal sources	9,518,301	7,626,087	4,125,469	4,290,173
Sixteenth section sources	288,801	325,214	304,129	302,894
Total Revenues	56,911,871	53,266,514	50,576,705	48,811,872
Expenditures:				
Instruction	29,815,909	32,102,799	26,968,369	26,061,120
Support services	15,311,064	14,912,771	14,633,612	15,334,397
Noninstructional services	2,373,378	2,389,102	1,758,333	1,810,988
Sixteenth section	70,394	82,055	129,539	67,436
Facilities acquisition and construction	6,270,244	6,995,623	14,699,008	2,551,617
Debt service:				
Principal	3,446,325	4,016,790	4,636,306	4,878,721
Interest	1,560,918	1,575,284	1,503,129	631,553
Other	114,004	286,956	10,472	384,302
Total Expenditures	58,962,236	62,361,380	64,338,768	51,720,134
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(2,050,365)	(9,094,866)	(13,762,063)	(2,908,262)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued	_	5,000,000	_	20,000,000
Inception of capital leases		2,852,753	_	1,205,250
Insurance recovery	4,600	2,052,755	5,935	1,205,250
Premium on debt issued	4,000	2,107,256	5,955	3,036,971
Refunding bond issued	-	7,690,000	-	5,050,971
Refinancing bonds issued	5 756 000	7,090,000	-	-
-	5,756,000	-	-	-
Refinanced bonds paid	(5,575,000)	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(8,724,000)	-	-
Payment from QSCB escrow agent	314,473	276,496	362,688	343,511
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(314,473)	(276,496)	(362,688)	(343,511)
Sale of transportation equipment	-	-	-	14,480
Sale of other property	2,500	-	-	153,055
Operating transfers in	5,026,137	728,832	873,418	813,355
Other financing sources	-	22,422	-	-
Operating transfers out	(5,026,137)	(728,832)	(873,418)	(813,355)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	188,100	8,948,431	5,935	24,409,756
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,862,265)	(146,435)	(13,756,128)	21,501,494
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	25,678,727	25,818,371	39,510,105	18,023,931
Prior period adjustments		82,868	654	-
Beginning of period, as restated	25,678,727	25,901,239	39,510,759	18,023,931
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory	(8,892)	(76,077)	63,740	(15,320)
	\$ 23,807,570	25,678,727	25,818,371	39,510,105

\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

# FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Clinton Public School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clinton Public School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clinton Public School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 21, 2023.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clinton Public School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC March 21, 2023 Certified Public Accountants

# FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Clinton Public School District

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Clinton Public School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Clinton Public School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Clinton Public School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Clinton Public School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### **Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal *Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Clinton Public School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for its major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Clinton Public School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Clinton Public School District's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Clinton Public School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Clinton Public School District's compliance with the requirements of its major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Clinton Public School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Clinton Public School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Clinton Public School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies and corrected, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC March 21, 2023

**Certified Public Accountants** 

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

# FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Clinton Public School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clinton Public School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, which collectively comprise Clinton Public School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 21, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

1048 Gluckstadt Road, Suite B Madison, Mississippi 39110 Telephone 601-992-5292 Fax 601-992-2033 This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

# FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC March 21, 2023

Certified Public Accountants

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
  - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
  - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No.

### Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major programs:
  - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
  - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No.
- 7. Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Numbers:	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553, 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster
*84.425D	COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER II)
*84.425U	COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ARP III)

\* These two programs were audited as one major program - Education Stabilization Fund.

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes.

10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b). No.

### Section II: Financial Statements Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.